

# BARRINGTON REVIEW.

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Price, \$1.50 Per Year Advance.

## OUR CANDIDATES.

### MEN WHO WERE NOMINATED AT THE REGULAR REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

And Who Did Not Have to Steal Upon a Ticket Through the Subterfuge of "Petitions" Signed by Kickers, Bolters, Mugwumps, Soreheads and Democrats.

Reputable, Responsible, Faithful, Honest, Industrious, Tried and True, Popular and Well Known—Look at Their Pictures and Read Their Records.



For Alderman, Fred Haussen.

Mr. Fred Haussen, the Republican nominee for Alderman of the Twenty-Seventh ward, whose picture appears above and whose well known face is familiar to every citizen of Jefferson, was born in Germany in 1832, being now 60 years of age and hale, hearty and healthy as most men of 40.

Coming to this country in 1843, he found his way to Cook county in 1852, and cast his first vote for Long John Wentworth for Mayor. One of Jefferson's oldest citizens, having lived there thirty-one years, he has engaged in contracting and building profitably, and is now one of the heaviest taxpayers in the Town.

The first office to which he was elected was School Director, Kimball school, which position he has held for twenty-five years.

For nine years he was a member of the Board of Trustees under the old Village government, and at the time of annexation was High School Trustee.

In whatever position he has held, public or private, he has ever proved faithful to the trust reposed in him, and now that he has been nominated Alderman every Republican, and in fact, all citizens in favor of good government and ward improvements should cast their ballots for him April 5.

#### For Assessor, William Johnson.

For the past decade a gentleman has been elected and has been faithfully served as Assessor for the Town of Jefferson, treating all taxpayers alike, the rich and the poor, respecting partiality or favoritism to none, and that man's name is William Johnson, who is thoroughly known throughout the several precincts, and respected wherever known.

Mr. Johnson was born in Sweden in 1832, and is 60 years of age. He landed on the welcoming shores of the United States, Feb. 17, 1849, and became a citizen at the earliest possible moment.

Since 1855 he has been a resident of Jefferson, and most of the time has been engaged in the grocery business, his present occupation.

His first public office was that of Town Collector, to which he was elected in 1876, and to which office he was re-elected for seven successive years.

So well were his fellow citizens pleased with his faithful performance of duty that in 1882 he was unanimously elected to the Assessorship, and since then the taxpayers have shown their appreciation of his services by keeping him in the position ever since.

Once more he is before the people, nominated in the Republican ticket, and all those who desire fair, square, honest assessments will turn out and vote for him,—and that means about everybody.

#### For Collector, William Goodjohn.

A new man in Jefferson politics has been entered for the race for Collectors of the town, and his name is William Goodjohn, his home Alhira, where he has resided during the past six years. He is, however, not altogether initiated in the political arena, having for years been a consistent Republican, and an active worker in the ranks of the party while residing in the old Ninth and Sixteenth wards in Chicago.

Mr. Goodjohn was born in Chicago in 1854, being at present 38 years old. He is engaged in a large cabinet-making business at No. 285-289 South Canal street, where he employs some sixty men and during the busy season many more.

Mr. Goodjohn has never before run for any public office, but this year his fellow citizens have insisted upon his nomination on the Republican ticket for Town Collector, and there is not a possible doubt but what he will be elected by a large majority.

#### For Supervisor, Peter Youngquist.

Mr. Peter J. Youngquist is no stranger to the people of Jefferson, for the few who were not acquainted with him previous to last year, became familiar with his face and grasp of his honest hand during the first-class and successful campaign he then made for the Collectorship.

Mr. Youngquist was born in Sweden forty-six years ago, and came to America in 1866. In 1875 he settled in Jefferson, making the Second Precinct, Bowmanville, his home, where he has resided ever since.

Previous to 1891 he never held or sought any political office, and after serving his term as Collector, to which he was that year elected, he made up his mind never to run for anything again, but so well satisfied were the people of Jefferson with his stewardship that they determined to put him on the Republican ticket for Supervisor for this spring election.

It may be well to state right here that he was the first Collector ever elected in Jefferson on a straight Republican ticket, which is a sufficient guarantee as to his popularity.

In private life Mr. Youngquist has been honored by being elected four terms of three years each as Director of the Swedish Mercy Hospital at Bowmanville.

Peter J. is a Hustler, with a big H, and is sure to win.



For Town Clerk, Daniel Calhoun.

Last, but by no means least, in the list of candidates comes Dan Calhoun, the Republican nominee for Town Clerk.

Born in the good old State of New York, at Greenville, Green county, in 1824, he came West and settled in Jefferson in 1873, and in Irving Park—or in fact in any part of the township—there probably is not a better known or better liked man.

For years Mr. Calhoun has been a working Republican, one of those men who stick by the party in its downs as well as ups, and four years ago his long continued and faithful services were recognized by the people of the town and the Republicans nominated him by acclamation for Supervisor, an office he has most creditably filled ever since.

This year he appears in a new role, that of candidate for Town Clerk, but though the role is new his majority on Tuesday, April 5th, will be one of the old shined ones.

## By Over Five Hundred.

### THAT WILL BE THE REPUBLICAN MAJORITY AT THE COMING ALDERMANIC AND TOWN ELECTION.

The Prospects Never Better and Improving Every Day for the Success of Fred Haussen and the Entire Town Ticket in Jefferson.

With Good Men at the Front and Harmony in the Ranks Victory is Assured.

#### AVONDALE SOLID FOR FRED.

As the days pass by and election draws nigh the prospects of Republican success and victory in the Twenty-seventh ward and the Town of Jefferson grow brighter and brighter. Fred Haussen, William Johnson, William Goodjohn, Peter J. Youngquist and Daniel Calhoun are the standard bearers this year and better men could not have been chosen. Known in every precinct of the ward and town, respected by and popular with all classes and nationalities, their election is assured by a large majority. Even the Democrats concede this, and the so-called Independents who are endeavoring to cajole into their ranks all the renegades who can be assembled from the regular parties, the soreheads, the kickers, all of them are trembling in their boots at the sound of the Republican tocsin.

The well known Improvement club of Avondale has endorsed Fred Haussen, and it is well known that the club is confined to no particular party but composed of all, and that they are in favor of electing to the City council a reputable, responsible citizen who will best represent the interests of the ward and who will be in favor of obtaining all the possible improvements for the several precincts that he may be able to get.

Fred Haussen does not want to be Alderman to benefit other wards at the expense of his own, but will clasp hands with Alderman Conway and between them both sides of the ward will be properly attended to.

A prominent but very conservative Twenty-seventh ward Republican, while lately speaking of the coming election, said that in his opinion the Republican majority would be over 500, and below will be found his estimate by precincts:

MAJORITIES	
First precinct	150
Second precinct	25
Third precinct majority for Haussen and the ticket	—
Fourth precinct (notwithstanding Louck's money)	80
Fifth precinct	150
Sixth precinct	100
Seventh precinct	100
Total, not including a majority in the Third precinct	575

#### POLITICAL POINTERS.

What will the people think of a man who volunteers a declaration in a Republican club meeting that he will stand by the nominee of the party for Alderman, who ever he may be, and then, when sore at his own defeat in the convention, deliberately breaks his pledged word and attempts to run by petition as an Independent Republican (?) for the office?

Some of the Independents may find when the votes are counted election night that it isn't so easy to buy their way into the City council.

By the way, who is Mr. Sigwalt? Does he know the boundaries of the Town of Jefferson?

While some persons may possibly be persuaded to take \$25 for their vote there is no reason to believe that the same parties will take a second thought and go to the polls and cast their ballots for the right man after all.

Bobby Altting, the "Democratic Boss" is hustling around buying beer, but he will find that Republicans can not be

bought with even a "schooner," say nothing about a common ordinary grog.

Some of the Independents had better look out or they may be indicted by the grand jury before they have a chance to break into the City Council, for it is intimated that the Republican Campaign committee have in their possession affidavits from parties to the effect that attempts were made to bribe them for their votes for \$25 and \$50 both before and after the Convention. It is said that the Republican Campaign committee is now considering the matter and very seriously contemplate laying it before the grand jury.

Mr. Walter Saylor, the gentleman who nominated Mr. C. N. Loucks in the Alhira Convention, has announced himself heart and soul for the Republican ticket from top to bottom, and freely declares that he has no use for a man who gives his word of honor to support the ticket, let the nominee be who they may, and then breaks his pledge because politically disappointed.

#### IN JUSTICE TO MR. BICKERDIKE.

A Wrong and an Injustice Has Unintentionally Been Done to Mr. Frank Bickerdike of Avondale and the "Times" Company Desires to Make Amends.

In a late issue of this paper there appeared in its columns a somewhat sensational article descriptive of the strange experiences of an individual who signed himself "Frank Bickerdike," who, it would appear, saw or imagined he saw some rather unusual sights while journeying late one dark night between Park Ridge and Norwood Park, during which journey he became lost and strayed into the neighborhood of Niles, where, he asserted, he was met and was chased by what he believed to be uncanny spirits of the real old Scotch or Tam o' Shanter style.

This party who signed himself "Frank Bickerdike, Chicago," sent his letter to the local editor of the *Park Ridge Herald*, who carefully copied it and published it in perfect good faith, without any intention of doing harm.

An estimable young gentleman named Frank Bickerdike. This gentleman, reading the article, signed as it was, naturally was shocked and incensed, fearing lest his many friends and neighbors would, reading the same article, think it was he to whom the sensation referred, and consequently he interviewed the *Times* and indignantly demanded to know what it all meant and who had the temerity to sign his name unauthorized to such correspondence.

The *Times* Company here desires to set itself and Mr. Bickerdike right before its many readers. Whoever "Frank Bickerdike, Chicago," is THE *Times* Company cannot say, as no such name appears in the directory, but in one thing it takes pleasure in assuring its readers that Frank Bickerdike is another gentleman altogether and in no wise connected with or related to the man of sad experience or his strange story, and furthermore THE *Times* company takes this method of expressing its sincere regrets that ever the aforesaid article appeared in its columns or that Mr. Bickerdike's feelings should have been hurt, as they quite naturally were, and trust that he will overlook the matter, as in no possible way could he be identified with the Chicago Bickerdike. Hereafter, as long as the present management is in power, "ghost" stories sent in, matters not by whom, will go into the waste basket. Once more expressing its regrets that anything should appear in its columns which might in any way injure Mr. Bickerdike, for whom it has a high regard and respect, and believing that he and his numerous friends and acquaintances will be satisfied with this explanation, which certainly is due him and is cheerfully given as an act of justice to him, THE *Times* company has the honor of remaining his well wisher and obedient servant.

#### NATURE'S HANDIWORK.

Some flowers, fortunately few in number, have a livid red color, resembling that of dead meat, by which (and by their unpleasant odor), they attract the attention of flesh flies.

Housewives of New England have growing abundantly on the seaside rocks in their neighborhoods little living bottles of indelible ink, not to be excelled in beauty or durability by any manufactured product, since neither acid nor alcohol will affect this juice of the whelk.

The burrows which fiddler crabs live in are nearly or quite vertical holes for a foot or more in depth, after which they take a horizontal turn, each ending in a chamber, where the occupant stays most of the time when not looking about for food. These queer crustaceans are vegetable feeders.

If the shell of the purpura lapillus be broken there is seen on the back of the animal, just under the skin, a slender whitish vein, which contains a yellow liquor. When this liquor is applied to linen with a small brush and exposed to the sun it becomes successively green, blue and purple, and finally settles into a brilliant unchangeable condition.

## A Democratic Row.

### SIGWALT AND THOMAS TO BE KNIFE—THEIR OWN PARTY UP IN ARMS AGAINST THEM.

Prominent Democrats Petition for Independent Candidates for Both Assessor and Alderman—A Bitter Fight in Progress in Their Ranks.

#### Read the Names of the Principal Bolters.

There is trouble in the Democratic camp, and plenty of it. War has been declared by some of the principal Democrats in Jefferson against both Sigwalt, candidate for Assessor, and Thomas, candidate for Alderman, and they are to be knifed to the death.

The traditional Democratic hatchet has been dug up, the factions, painted and plumed for the fray, have already commenced battle, which is to be a finish, and the scalps of Sigwalt and Thomas will soon be dangling at the girdles of their relentless foes—and those foes their own brothers in political faith.

It may be thought by some that this is merely a cry raised by the Republicans on the eve of an election, but such is not the case by any means, as can be readily proved.

Since the nominations of Sigwalt and Thomas were made known

Petitions have been drawn up endorsing independent candidates for Assessor and Alderman and circulated in each and every precinct of the ward and town.

Below will be found the names of some of the principal Democrats who have signed the petitions re-

William N. Julian, William Florence, W. B. Race, C. F. Hunting, Clarence De Paul, Thomas Gleason, E. Milner, George M. Hayes, W. R. White, M. H. Kullgallon, A. M. Fourlett, F. C. Vanness, Dan Cameron, Ludwig Dergimally, John Hancock, William Meinking, C. E. Macey, W. J. Dobson, E. J. Tanner, William Stewart, W. J. O'Brien, Peter Kuhlman, George H. Whins, W. R. Kellogg, G. A. King, W. E. Walker, August Kirchoogel, John Erran, August Morrisziehly, A. B. Johnson, E. S. Hotchkiss, Patrick, Gleason, John J. Cegranz and many others too numerous to mention. And of such is the kingdom of—true Democracy.

## PARK RIDGE.

#### CHURCHES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. Chas. S. Leeper, Pastor; David P. Hanson, Supt. Sunday School. Sunday services, at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School, at noon. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening, at 8:00, in the Lecture room of the Church. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Sunday evening, at 7:00 o'clock.

METRODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. John O. Foster, Pastor; J. C. Johnson, Supt. of Sunday School. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School 11:45 a. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening. Epworth League meeting Sunday evening at 6:30.

#### VILLAGE OFFICERS.

W. P. Black, President. Frank Springer, Owen Stuart, A. J. Whitcomb, F. E. Glidden, C. M. Davis, and George H. Miller, Trustees. Geo. T. Stebbings, Clerk. S. H. Holbrook, Treasurer. Joseph A. Phelps, Village Attorney. C. B. Robinson, Supt. Water Works. C. B. Moore, Police Commissioner. Fred Hanson, Street Commissioner. G. H. Fricke, Health Officer.

The Town of Maine election on April 5, promises to be an exciting one. Mr. Nickelson is suffering from a severe attack of pneumonia.

The two little children of Mr. C. H. Marsh are sick with la grippe at the residence of their grandfather, Mr. Chapin, in Hyde Park.

Mrs. Germain of the city made a flying call on her aunt, Mrs. Farnsworth, on Saturday.

A new lot of Queen peas and Queen gooseberries and raspberries just received at Hendrickson & Co.'s, Dakin block.

The attendance at the caucus in Schlender's hall on Saturday evening was unusually large. The nominations for town officers were as follows: For Assessor, William Hammaral, Des Plaines; for Collector, Charles Paine, Park Ridge; for Supervisor, A. H. Jones, Town of Maine; for Township School Trustee, Cord Hulsman. All of these candidates are well known to the voters of the Town of Maine, consequently need no further introduction.

A large delegation from Des Plaines were present but were not permitted to cast their ballots as it was claimed that the caucus was purely a Second precinct caucus.

The high school question was ably discussed in all its bearings by Capt. Black, the Rev. John O. Foster and Col. Stuart, all of whom thought that it was a subject of the most vital importance, and should not be lightly cast aside.

Two questions are to be settled at the coming Town election. One is "Shall we build a high school building?" and if so shall it be at the expense of the Town of Maine or shall a union district be formed with the different townships, and a high school built at the expense of them all? Des Plaines favored the former method, and would probably so vote, but Capt. Black thought that by hard work on the part of our people here we should be able to carry the day and have the school located at Addison Park or some other place equally convenient.

Dr. Annette Bennett, homoeopathic physician, office and residence Park Ridge, opposite school house. Office hours until 9 a. m. and from 2 to 4 p. m. Calls will be answered promptly in city and country, night and day.

Houses to rent in Park Ridge. Apply to W. E. and G. A. Blackie.

Nice, fresh, canned oysters at Hendrickson & Co., Dakin block.

There was a large attendance at the auction sale at H. A. Deering's on Monday night and the bidding very spirited.

Rev. John O. Foster will preach next Sunday evening in the M. E. church on "The Higher Education." All voters are cordially invited. Seats free.

Mr. J. E. Berry will lead the Epworth League meetings at the M. E. church March 27. Subject: "Watch your feet." Prov. 4:26-27; 4:14; 2:20; Psa. 1:1; John 1:37.

Glazier's colored troupe of eight singers have secured the M. E. church for Tuesday evening, March 29. The people of Park Ridge will have a chance to hear the sweet strains of the grand old plantation melodies. Secure reserve tickets, as the house will doubtless be packed.

The subject for the Y. P. S. C. E. meeting, March 27: Preparing the way of the Lord, Isa. 40: 3-5; Luke 3: 10-14.

Any of our people wanting the services of an undertaker will do well to see J. M. Stott of Des Plaines. They will always find him sober, obliging and cheaper than the cheapest.

Nice Breakfast Mackerel only a nickel apiece at Hendrickson & Co. Dakin block.

We understand that Mr. Walter Burns has sold one of his new houses, also eight lots, in Park Ridge.

We look for a brisk sale in village property this season.

That new walk on the west side of the railroad track means a great deal for persons living in that vicinity, especially during the wet season.

#### Village Election.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 19th day of April next, at Schlender's hall, in the village of Park Ridge, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, an election will be held for the following village officers, viz: One (1) president of board, three (3) village trustees, one (1) village clerk, one (1) police magistrate.

Which election will be opened at 7 o'clock in the morning and will continue open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Given under my hand at Park Ridge the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892.

GEO. T. STEBBINGS, Village Clerk.

## IRVING PARK.

The Demorest Silver Medal contest was held last Monday evening at Irving Hall. The contestants were: Misses Ethel Holton, Jennie McDonald, Halberta Holten, Mary Bingham, Laura Monk, Flora Knowlen, Clara Porter and Grace Pickeral.

Miss Flora Knowlen was the winner of the silver medal which was awarded her at the close of the contest by the three impartial judges.

The "Old Folks" concert which was to have been held last Thursday evening under the auspices of the M. E. Church was postponed to Monday, March 28.

Our new shoe store has already proved a success for its owners. During the opening week the room has proved so small for the crowds that the syndicate which own it contemplate having Mr. Richard Race build for them an annex in the shape of another of those beautiful stores which he has lately been building just north of the boulevard.

Last Monday Mr. Jesse Snyder appeared in long trousers, much, (to his disgust,) to the delight of his friends. Mr. Snyder will exhibit at the depot every evening between 5:00 and 5:30 p. m.

The registration of voters was made at the depot Tuesday, March 22.

Mrs. Fred Smith, who lately journeyed to Bloomington to perform the sad duty of attending the funeral of her father, Capt. Abner Field, of that city, who died March 16 and was buried March 18, returned to her home Monday morning last.

#### Leyden.

An attempt was made last Saturday at the caucus to knock out Mr. William Kolze, candidate for Road Commissioner, but William was too many for the enemy and at the close of the meeting still retained his composure with a majority of 48.

The custom of having a court poet—one whose duty it is to write to order, as it were—is at present confined to Britain, among civilized nations. In ancient times the custom was well-nigh universal. Every court had its poet and painter, as well as its dwarf and buffoon.



# THE WORLD AT LARGE.

## A REVIEW OF THE WEEKS DOINGS.

The Bank of Portugal is arranging to assist several banks to the weakness of which the financial crisis is due.

The Revolution party in Paris celebrated the anniversary of the establishment of the commune. No disturbance occurred.

Three men were killed at Ivanhoe, Col., by a snowslide.

An avalanche is reported of the Reutte, by which five persons lost their lives.

Missouri deputy sheriffs have arrested the DeKalb rioters and Al and Dick Samson are held as ringleaders.

William Lown cut Mike Slattery's throat at a New York convivial party because the latter objected to his singing "Comrades."

Hoboken has a well-developed case of small-pox. The patient is a steamship steward and was sent back to quarantine before he could do any damage.

Representative Springer's physician reports him as gaining a little strength every day.

George Kipple, a bachelor who lived alone at Pilsen, Iowa, committed suicide by hanging himself to a door knob.

Reports that the German Government is in financial difficulties are declared to be without foundation.

Seventy-five deaths from yellow fever have occurred at Rio de Janeiro during the past fortnight.

Secretary Blaine continues to improve, and his physician hopes that he will be able to ride out early next week.

Indiana banks may resist the collection of assessments under the new law. The National State Bank of Logansport has already decided upon that course.

The T. J. Keith, who has been pastor of the Baptist church at Vincennes, Ind., for four years, tendered his resignation to accept a call from Greenwood, Ind.

Thomas W. Downey, one of the victims of Tuesday's tragedy at Tiffin, Ohio, began a series of hemorrhages from the lungs and is expected to die momentarily.

Washington Cottingham is on trial at Lebanon, Ind., on a charge of shooting with intent to kill. Cottingham recently rode through the village of Elizaville, Ind., firing a revolver at the people.

Business failures for the week number 240, compared with 256 last week and 245 in the corresponding week of 1891.

Max Strakosh, the famous musician, died Thursday in the home for incurables at Fordham, N. Y.

Nagle & Beecher, whisky and champagne commission merchants, made a voluntary assignment yesterday.

Peter Pitkin & Son, dealers in and manufacturers of cut stone at Rochester, N. Y., assigned Thursday.

Two cases of sudden blindness caused by the grip are reported from Vicksburg, Miss.

W. W. Lewis, of Lena, was elected president of the Illinois Press Association at Litchfield Thursday.

Michigan Knights of Pythias Thursday elected W. H. Loomis of Grand Rapids Grand Chancellor of the lodge.

A report antagonistic to the coal road combine was on Thursday presented by an investigating committee of the New York Senate.

Last week Minneapolis flour mills produced an average of 26,436 barrels a day. The daily output for the same period a year ago was 20,867. The flour market is dull.

Thursday the Folkething appropriated 250,000 kroner (about \$66,000) for the expenses of Denmark's participation in the World's Columbian Exposition.

Thomas Ryan and James Collins, tramps, both under 20, were put off a train near Gliden, Wis., Thursday. They then tried to kill the conductor, firing twenty shots at him but failed to hit him. They were arrested later.

The bill making it a felony to deal in lottery tickets was signed by the Governor of Kentucky.

Block and bituminous coal operators of the Brazil, Ind., district, met to regulate prices, but could not agree.

Several Roman newspapers have been seized for publishing the proceedings of the Republican congress.

The Legislature of Texas refused to invite Senator Hill to address both Houses in joint session.

William Wingar of Lincoln, Neb., was arrested for eloping with Laura Meehan and Minnie Lobough, aged 15 and 16 years, respectively.

Gen. Gourko asked permission of the Russian government to expel all the inhabitants of Warsaw except 50,000, but it was refused.

Returns of the French Board of Trade show that during the month of February imports decreased 740,000 francs and exports decreased 17,841,000 francs.

F. F. Ingram & Co.'s wholesale drug house at Detroit, Mich., was burned. Loss, \$50,000; insurance, \$20,000. Other losses in the vicinity aggregate \$20,000.

D. B. Gillham's Murderer.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 22.—There have been different claims to the reward offered for the burglars who murdered the Hon. D. B. Gillham of Alton two years ago. Mr. Gillham's son and son-in-law contested the right of E. F. Sherman of Kansas City, who claims that he only took the Gillhams into his confidence in working the case. The \$300 offered by Mrs. Gillham cut more figure in the matter than did the \$300 offered by the Governor. The case was heard by Governor Pifer yesterday and decided in favor of Mr. Sherman.

## STRANGE INFATUATION.

Two Women Bound by an Unnatural Love For Each Other.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 22.—Richmond, Ind., now furnishes a story of woman's strange infatuation for woman. Charles Worrall and his wife have separated because of Mrs. Worrall's unnatural love for her sister-in-law, Mrs. Marion Worrall, a widow. The women have heretofore been highly esteemed in the community. Mrs. Chas. Worrall is a woman of fine attainments and was at one time a teacher in Earlham College. Mr. Charles Worrall remonstrated with his wife and tried in every possible way to break off the unnatural alliance between the women, but without effect and finally an amicable division of the property was made and the husband and wife separated. The two women have gone to Lorain, Ohio, to live together. Both are handsome and about 35 years of age. They say they can not live apart.

## WITH A FALSE BRAND.

Trying to Stop the Branding of American Pork as Canadian.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 22.—The Commissioner of Customs has issued the following notification to collectors: "It has been represented to this department that the pork product of imported hogs, slaughtered or cured in bond and exported, have been branded as Canadian. I have to instruct you in no case to allow such pork to be branded. If it be the product of American hogs, it must be branded as such. Your prompt and decisive action is required."

The issue of this circular is due to representations which have been made to the Government that if the practice of branding, United States pork is allowed to continue, it may lead to the genuine Canadian product being shut out of France, Germany and other European countries.

## Unloading the Indiana's Cargo.

LIBAU, Russia, March 19.—The unloading of the cargo brought by the steamship Indiana from Philadelphia for the relief of the Russian famine sufferers was finished to-day. The last eight bags were carried by Count Brobrinski, the chief of the famine relief committee: the city prefect of Libau; Mr. Crawford, the United States Consul at St. Petersburg; Mrs. Bornholdt, the United States Consul at Riga; the railroad directors, and Dr. Dulan. Afterward the first train load of provisions was dispatched to the distressed districts. The departure of the train was made the occasion of great ceremony. The chief American and Russian officials toasted the health of the Czar and President.

## TWO MEN HANGED.

Murderers Lynched by a Mob at Warrenton, Va.

WARRENTON, Va., March 21.—"Lee" Hefflin and Joseph Dye, who last fall murdered the Kines family, were this morning at 2 o'clock lynched near Gainesville, Prince William county. The men were to have been hanged to-day, but a stay of proceedings had been secured. The Warrenton authorities, fearing violence last night, took the men from jail, placed them in a vehicle and started them for this city. A party of sixty men was hastily formed, who overtook the vehicle near Gainesville, overpowered the guard, hanged the murderers to a tree and riddled their bodies with bullets.

## Slain With a Shotgun.

CAMPBELLVILLE, Ky., March 21.—A quarrel among the coopers in J. E. Gedy's cooper shop this morning resulted in the murder of John A. Nurnberger by L. J. Hawkins. Nurnberger, while engaged at his bench, was approached by Hawkins, who had a double-barreled shotgun in his hands. When within about eight feet of Nurnberger he fired a charge of buckshot into his right side, Nurnberger exclaimed: "Don't, oh, don't!" and fell over and was a corpse in a few minutes. Hawkins at once surrendered.

## Mexican Defaulter Nabbed.

LAREDO, Tex., March 21.—Three days ago a man named Lubit, in a confidential position in the City of Mexico, decamped with \$26,000 of his employer's money. The north-bound trains have since been watched and he was captured at Nuevo Laredo, on the Mexican national train, and the money found in a valise in the baggage-car, the check for which was taken from him when he was captured. He is now in jail at New Laredo.

## Short in His Accounts.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 19.—Christian J. Sievers, of the Sievers & Carson Hardware company here, is \$25,000 short in his accounts with his company. He has turned over all his property to his associates. The company, with assets of \$200,000, has gone into liquidation. Sievers is 60 years old and has been a prominent business man for many years.

## Killed by a Keg of Gunpowder.

NEW BREMEN, Ohio, March 21.—At a fire at the village of Lock No. 2 yesterday Henry Hartwig, of the New Bremen Fire department, met his death by the explosion of a keg of powder while he was carrying it away from the burning building. The loss to property was \$25,000, and it fell chiefly on two persons.

## SUSTAINED THE LAW.

Michigan Supreme Court on the Mortgage Measure.

LANSING, Mich., March 21.—The Supreme court yesterday afternoon handed down a decision sustaining in its entirety the mortgage tax law passed by the Legislature. Each member of the court filed a separate opinion. Chief Justice Moore and Justice McGrath concurred in the main opinion, which was written by Justice Montgomery, while Justices Grant and Long dissented.

# CAPRIVI MAY REMAIN.

## THE KAISER MAY REFUSE HIS RESIGNATION.

The Political Situation Very Much Complicated—English Coal Owners Willing to Arbitrate—Chile and Argentina May Come to Blows.

BERLIN, March 21.—Both Caprivi and Minister Zedlitz are awaiting the action of the kaiser on their resignations and it is believed that the kaiser's sudden departure from the city was to avoid being forced to an immediate decision. The kaiser, it is said, will return next Wednesday. It is also stated that Chancellor Caprivi resigned because he felt bound to sustain Minister Zedlitz and not from any personal devotion of his own to the education bill, and that if the kaiser commands Caprivi to remain as chancellor the command will be willingly obeyed. Count Zedlitz, it is thought, will persist in resigning under any circumstances.

It is known that the kaiser is a sick man. He rallied a little under the excitement of the crisis, but a reaction came, and one reason given for his departure from Berlin is that he needs recuperation before again undertaking to confront the grave issue presented. The indications are, however, that the situation will be not less critical when he returns.

## Small Riot in Berlin.

BERLIN, March 21.—On the way back from Friedrichshain people in the procession shouted: "Long live anarchy. Down with government." The police, who were watching the procession in considerable force, at once made a rush for the shouters, who were mostly young men. The officers seized as many as they could lay hands on and proceeded to drag them away. The crowd became indignant and some of the young men appealed to their friends to rescue them. The people hustled the police and tried to compel them to release the captives. The police made a call for aid, and a large force which had been in reserve hurried to their assistance and the crowd dispersed.

## Identified One of the Victims.

LONDON, March 19.—There is intense excitement at Rainhill over the murders discovered to have been committed in Dinham Villa. The body of the woman found under the fireplace was to-day identified as that of Mrs. Denham, who formerly resided at Birkenhead with her family. Her relatives are positive in their identification. It is believed that Mrs. Denham was not married to the murderer Williams. It has also come to light that boxes containing bedding, which it is supposed bore evidence of the crimes, were forwarded to Plymouth by Williams. The police are now making efforts to ascertain what became of these boxes and their contents.

## Deacon Trial Set for May 16.

PARIS, March 19.—The trial of Mr. Edward Parker Deacon for the killing of Abelle, the Frenchman whom he discovered in his wife's bedroom at the Hotel Splendide, at Cannes, has been set down for May 16, at Nice. Notwithstanding the attacks made upon Mr. Deacon by a section of the French press, it is still the opinion of the Americans here, and also of a large number of Frenchmen, that the courts will justify Mr. Deacon in slaying Abelle.

## France May Have to Fight.

PARIS, March 19.—The French government is in serious apprehension of a war with Morocco. The Sultan of Morocco is not willing to yield to French claims of sovereignty over the oasis of Touat and other territory over which Morocco has exercised jurisdiction. If the Sultan persists in his present attitude the French will undoubtedly take forcible measures to assert their claims.

## Freedom of Speech in Germany.

BERLIN, March 19.—The Jesuit Father Grandrath, who has been delivering a series of lectures in Westphalia, has been ordered by the authorities to cease his addresses on the ground that they are causing disturbance of public peace. It is alleged that some of the priest's utterances in regard to the government's attitude toward the church were considered offensive.

## Arrests of Anarchists in Berlin.

BERLIN, March 19.—The police of this city to-day searched the lodgings of several anarchists who have made themselves conspicuous of late and seized a number of inflammatory pamphlets. They arrested two men—a compositor and a metal-turner.

## Colonel Mapleson Paralyzed.

LONDON, March 21.—Col. Mapleson, the well-known operatic manager, has been stricken with paralysis and is in Paris in a dangerous condition.

## Tipnape Company Incorporated.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 21.—The Anderson Tipnape company was incorporated under State laws to-day. The capital stock is \$50,000, and the incorporators are Charles B. Orris, Edward E. Hindie, Dixon C. Williams, Marcelus A. Chapman, and Francis A. Walker.

## Mitchell May Succeed Sawyer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22.—"It is my opinion that Millionaire John L. Mitchell of Milwaukee has his eye on Sawyer's seat in the senate," said Chairman Henry C. Payne of the Wisconsin Republican committee. Mr. Payne thinks Mitchell may possibly realize his ambitions. "Mr. Cleveland," said Chairman Payne, "is the most popular Democrat mentioned for the presidency. Our German voters like his views on coin and his general conservatism. We Republicans prefer to see any other Democrat nominated, as Wisconsin is a doubtful State."

# WASHINGTON.

## The Senate.

The House bill ratifying the act of the Arizona Legislature appropriating \$30,000 in aid of its exhibition at the World's Columbian exposition was reported and passed by the Senate. Mr. Pettigrew from the Quadra-Centennial committee reported an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill appropriating \$100,000 for expenses incurred and to be incurred in connection with the World's Columbian exposition. Referred. Mr. Hale from the committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill for the construction, by contract, of three battleships of from 7,500 to 10,000 tons displacement, two armored coast defense vessels, five gunboats of 800 to 1,200 tons displacement, and eight first-class torpedo boats. Referred. Mr. Peffer introduced by request a bill with the following comprehensive title: "Creating a fund for the payment of pensions and for setting out army of idle laborers at work on extensive public improvements, for the removal of the strongest incentive to crime among the poor and to vice among the rich, for protecting the American from the influx of undue alien competition; and for other purposes." The fund contemplated in the bill is to be furnished by a graduated tax on incomes and real estate. Referred. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

In the Senate Senator Manderson acted as President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice-President. The House bill making Council Bluffs, Iowa, a port of delivery under the New Orleans collection district was passed. Senator Peffer introduced a bill to establish an electrical experiment station for the purpose of investigating and determining whether electricity can be profitably applied as a propulsive power of farm machinery. Judge Woods of Indiana was at last confirmed as Justice of the new Appellate court in the executive session of the Senate yesterday by a vote of 24 to 22 after a four and one-half hour session. There were no affirmative votes from the Democratic Senators and Senator Peffer of Kansas voted with them against confirmation. However, if Woods had needed more votes he could have had them in an emergency. The other Appellate Justices were confirmed without opposition.

In relation to the subject of increasing the efficiency of the navy by the construction of new ships, the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs has recently considered the question of the comparative advantages of construction by the government and construction by outside contractors, and has decided in favor of continuing both systems within certain limits. Many ships will be built at once.

## The House.

Major McKinley is now out of Congress, but the principal speaker in the House on the tariff question was in person, features, voice and gestures so like him that an old-time member might have fancied that time had turned back in its flight and he was listening again to Major McKinley as a young man in Congress making one of his first tariff speeches. The comparison would have ended with the appearance of the speaker, however, for Mr. Bryan of Nebraska, the prototype of Major McKinley, attacked the law which the latter had framed, and took advanced ground against the protective policy which Ohio's Governor has always advocated in Congress. The speech of Mr. Bryan was the feature of the day. On motion of Mr. Richardson of Tennessee a concurrent resolution was agreed to for the printing of 45,000 additional copies of the special report on the diseases of the horse. Mr. Joseph of New Mexico from the Committee on Territories reported a bill for the admission of New Mexico as a State of the Union. House calendar. Mr. Smith of Arizona from the same committee, reported a bill for the admission of Arizona. Same order.

An effort will be made to get a favorable report from the House Committee on Public Buildings on the Senate bill for the construction of postoffice buildings. The bill authorizes the buildings in towns whose postoffice gross receipts have reached \$3,000 annually for a period of three years. In order that the measure might stand some show in the Holman House the Senate struck out an appropriation of \$500,000 which the bill carried for the current year. Should the law be enacted many towns in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, and Wisconsin would be entitled to public buildings.

## Notes.

Representative Tom Johnson, the single tax, free trade, free silver member from Cleveland, Ohio, made an argument before the district commissioners in favor of the Henry George principle of taxing land only. Representative John DeWitt Warner also spoke in favor of the bill, as did representatives of several labor associations.

The offers of silver to the Treasury Department Monday aggregated 585,000 ounces. The amount purchased was 355,000 ounces at figures ranging from \$0.9049 to \$0.9055.

Lord Salisbury has sent a communication to this government in reply to the note of Acting-Secretary Wharton of the State Department, requesting a renewal of the modus vivendi for the protection of seal life in the Bering Sea during the coming season. The communication was received by Mr. Wharton through Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister at Washington. The Acting Secretary took it over to the White House during the afternoon and submitted it. Mr. Wharton declined to indicate the nature of Lord Salisbury's reply.

# THEY WOULDN'T FUSE.

## MICHIGAN PROHIBITIONISTS STAND ALONE.

The Proposition to Co-operate With the People's Party Voted Down—The Convention Changed From St. Louis to Cincinnati.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 19.—Something less than 300 delegates were present when the State Prohibition convention assembled yesterday. Nearly the entire opening session was given over to a discussion of whether the Prohibitionists should endorse and support the new People's party. Temporary Chairman Albert Dodge of Grand Rapids held that as the new party in this State had adopted a prohibition plank, it merited the support and co-operation of the Prohibition party.

The convention sat down heavily upon the fusion scheme by adopting the following almost unanimously:

We declare that as yet we know of no good reason why we should yield our moral and political support to any other than the National Prohibition party. We affirm anew our loyalty to that organization and pledge it our united support during the political campaign of 1892 for every office in the gift of the people.

Chairman Dickie of the National committee gave out the following:

It having become necessary to change the location of the Prohibition National convention, after consultation with the members of the National Executive committee, it has been decided to hold the convention in the city of Cincinnati. The date remains unchanged, June 29 and 30. SAMUEL DICKIE, Chairman.

The cause of the change is said to be that St. Louis failed to make up the sum necessary for expenses.

## Senator Hill in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—Senator Hill has returned from his trip through the South. He is not prepared to discuss details, but says in a general way that he is very glad that he made the trip, and that it has given him new views of the South and brought him closer to the people. On the main issue, that of securing delegates to the Chicago convention, he does not talk for publication. But it is known that he claims privately to his friends that he thinks that he has won delegates, and that he is very hopeful that he will secure the delegates to the National convention from Virginia, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina.

## MICHIGAN ELECTORAL LAW.

Governor Winans Says the New Statute Will be Tried at the Coming Election.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 19.—Governor Winans frankly expresses himself on the Michigan plan of electing presidential electors by districts. He has no doubt of the constitutionality of the law, but the Michigan Supreme court, which is now a Republican tribunal, may decide otherwise when the case is brought up for a test. If the decision is against the law the Democrats will appeal to the United States Supreme court, and in the meantime will consider the law good and choose electors accordingly by districts instead of on a general State ticket.

## FOUR CROOKS CAPTURED.

Belief That They Robbed an Indianapolis Councillman Friday Night.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 22.—The police this morning raided a cheap boarding-house on Kentucky avenue and arrested Charles Fulton, Pat Fitzgerald, Pat Sullivan, and Frank Smith, all of Chicago. The charge against them is being known thieves, but it is believed they were implicated in the midnight robbery of Councillman-at-Large McEuff Friday night. "The clew to their identity was furnished by Richard Wallace, who was caught at the time of the robbery. Wallace claimed to be a Rand & McNally employe. Five local thieves were captured with the gang.

## RAILWAY CONDUCTORS MEET.

Representatives of Seventeen Divisions of the "Q." Elect Officers at Galesburg.

GALESBURG, Ill., March 22.—The general committee of the Order of Railway Conductors, representing seventeen divisions of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railway system, met here yesterday and organized by electing E. O. Williams of Galesburg, Chairman, W. E. Crane of Creston, Ia., Vice-Chairman, and T. J. Murphy of Aurora, Secretary. The committee claims that the meeting was simply for the purpose of organization and not for considering grievances or organizing a strike.

## Freight Train Jumped the Track.

TICO, Col., March 21.—A freight train on the Rio Grande Southern Road, while descending the mountain at a rapid rate last night, jumped the track. Engineer Joe Whistler was caught beneath the engine and so badly injured that he died shortly afterward. His fireman and a man who was riding on the engine, but whose names could not be learned, were injured. The engine was badly damaged.

## Collieries Shut Down.

MAHANODY CITY, Pa., March 21.—All the collieries in this district, including Mahanody Jig and Storage Yard, shut down to-day until further notice. How long the suspension will last is not known. All other mines throughout the valley received notice to stop work until Monday.

## Suicide of a Chicago Civil Engineer.

EL PASO, Texas, March 19.—W. H. G. Heinster, civil engineer of Chicago, aged 50 years, committed suicide here this morning by taking morphine. His wife resides in Baltimore.

# PLATFORM OF PROHIBITION.

Michigan Anti-Liquor People Want the Tariff Adjusted by Experts.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 21.—The State Prohibition convention finished its labors last evening after adopting the usual cold-water resolution. The platform upholds equal suffrage; the prohibition by law of trusts and monopolies; the State and national control of railroads, telegraphs, telephones, and revision of immigration laws. It also says that the adjustment of duties on imports should be fixed in a businesslike way by a national commission of experts and not made the football of political acrobats; that the amount of duties levied should not exceed the necessary expenses of the government economically administered, and that luxuries should be taxed and not food, clothing, and necessities of life. A resolution was also adopted protesting against the sale of liquor upon the grounds at the world's fair.

The following are the delegates chosen to attend the national convention: John Russell, Samuel Decker, Mary T. Lathrop, A. B. Bhencro, J. K. Johnston, Marion B. Baxter, Dr. Rena Medwolds, E. E. Bostwick, D. W. Gundon and Dr. H. A. Reynolds.

## WOULD EAT THE CAPTAIN.

The Crew of a Schooner Almost Driven to Cannibalism by Starvation.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., March 21.—Letters received here from Capt. Angus McNichie of the schooner Winnie Laury tell a tale of hardship rarely surpassed. The schooner sailed from Gohalves, Hayti, for New York, Jan. 4, with a cargo of logwood, and has been over two months in making the passage to Tarpaulin Cove, Vineyard Sound, where she now is. The vessel in a storm lost nearly all her sails, her boat, the deck load, deck houses and water tanks. Two small casks of water were saved and these were soon exhausted. The provisions gave out and the crew was nearly crazy with hunger and thirst. After the sailors had eaten a dog they concluded to kill and eat the captain. The captain loaded his firearms and barricaded the cabin, determined to sell his life dearly. Fortunately, just before the attack was made a vessel was sighted, which furnished the Laury with provisions.

## "BUCKSKIN JOE" JAILED.

Indicted for Frauds While Representing Himself as a Pension Officer.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 21.—"Buckskin Joe," whose right name is Joseph Green, and was a character in Southern Illinois three or four years ago, is now in jail here charged with violating the pension laws. He was arrested in Pennsylvania and arrived here in custody of deputy United States marshals late last night. He was indicted here in 1889, but was never located until a few days ago. His scheme was to secure a fee from an old soldier upon the promise of an increase of pension, representing himself as a pension officer. He found a good many victims in Southern Illinois.

## Fire in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, March 21.—Fire this morning on the fourth and fifth floors of the five-story building, corner of Holliday and Saratoga streets, caused a loss of about \$30,000 to the building and stock. The fifth floor was occupied by William H. Towels & Co., shirt manufacturers, and the fourth by Clement & Ball, shoe manufacturers. The stock of both firms was consumed.

## Convicted Murderer Breaks Jail.

YUBA CITY, Cal., March 21.—Ed Raymond, recently convicted of the murder of Thomas Brice in Marysville and sentenced to life imprisonment, who was awaiting a new trial, dug out of Yuba county jail last night. He came here to his home, secured his clothes and a loaf of bread, and disappeared.

## Chicago Board of Trade.

CHICAGO, March 21.—The opening price of May wheat was from 84 1/4 to 84 1/2, principally at the lower of these quotations, and it scarcely baited until it came down to 84. There was not over a 1/2 reaction then and that was followed by another slump to 83 1/2, a recovery to 84 and a further slump thereafter to 83 1/2, which was the ruling price about an hour from the close of the session.

Closing quotations were:

ARTICLES	High	Low	March 21	March 19
Wheat—2				
March.....	84 1/4	82 1/4	82 3/4	84 1/4
May.....	84 1/4	83 1/4	83 1/4	85 1/4
July.....	85 1/4	83 1/4	84	85 1/4
Corn—2				
March.....	37 1/4	37	37	37 1/4
May.....	38 1/4	38 1/4	38 1/4	38 1/4
June.....	38 1/4	37 1/4	37 1/4	37 1/4
July.....	38 1/4	38	38	38 1/4
Oats—2				
May.....	28 1/4	27 1/4	27 1/4	28 1/4
June.....	28	27 1/4	27 1/4	28 1/4
Port—				
March.....	10 1/2	9 80	9 85	9 95
May.....	10 1/2	9 95	10 00	10 00
July.....	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 25
Lard—				
March.....	6 20	6 10	6 10	6 20
May.....	6 25	6 15	6 15	6 25
July.....	6 30	6 25	6 25	6 35
Short Ribs—				
March.....	5 50	5 40	5 42 1/2	5 47 1/2
May.....	5 55	5 45	5 47 1/2	5 52 1/2
July.....	5 60	5 50 1/2	5 50	5 60

## Rich, but Died in Poverty.





**Soldiers' Memorial Hymn.**  
[This poem was written for the Logan Memorial Service at Washington and was selected for the Sherman Brooklyn Memorial Services, where it was sung by the Amphian Society with great effect.]

Patriot tried in hour of danger,  
Hero-like his duty done,  
He to fear forer a stranger,  
Victory, through death had won,  
We his loss with grief bewail.

Who upon the field of battle,  
Where the bullets swiftly sped,  
Bodily facing muskets' rattle,  
Marching at the column's head,  
He to victory always led.

Mourning soldiers of the nation,  
Comrades bowed in sorrow's gloom,  
Year by year bring love's ovation—  
Fragrant flowers of fairest bloom,  
Floral incense for the tomb.

Now his spirit hath departed,  
He hath laid life's scepter down;  
Though we mourn the lion-hearted,  
Soldier brave who won renown,  
Death hath brought to him a crown.

Soldier, rest; thy march is ended,  
Warrior, rest; peace is thine,  
Comrade, rest; our voices blended,  
Tender thought with music twine,  
Flowers of thought from memory's shrine.

Till, we, too, in death are sleeping,  
Till our march through life shall end,  
Grandest tide, worth the keeping,  
We accord thee, "soldiers' friend!"  
Warrior, comrade, soldier, friend.

**Daughters of Veterans.**  
The number of tents in the Ohio Department at present is eight. Perhaps a short report from each Tent would be acceptable to those interested. The reports not having come in in the order of organization, will be obliged to take them as returns were sent in.

The young ladies acting in the capacity of President of the Tents for the past year were as follows: Tent 1, Miona Brown, Massillon; 2, Gertrude Seacrest, Alliance; 3, Lou Marsh, Prairie Depot; 4, Mame Hall, Ada; 5, Mollie Walker, Kenton; 6, M. Emma Foote, Brooklyn Village; 7, Mrs. Eva Davis, Alger; 8, Flora Williams Canal Fulton.

Mrs. James A. Garfield Tent, 3, Prairie Depot, Ohio, organized Oct. 13, 1898, named in honor of the distinguished President's wife. The number of charter members, 25; number of present members, 12; number of orphans, 5. Several charity socials and benefits were given by these energetic young ladies, out of which they realized a good sum, the last being a Gypsy Carnival, which was a grand success. Present officers are: President, Lou Marsh; S. V. P., Ella Hamilton; J. V. P., Ida Deiter; secretary, Ida Hutchins; treasurer, Jessie Hutchins; chaplain, Lottie Hart; inside guard, Tena Stodinger; guard, Rose Stodinger; trustees, Anna Marsh, Lottie Hart, Clara Heminger.

Mrs. W. T. Sherman Tent 4, Ada, O., organized March 28, 1890, named in honor of Mrs. C. W. T. Sherman. Number of charter members, eighteen; number of present members, thirty-five; number of orphans, ten. They gave a public entertainment, assisted by the G. A. R., which they are requested to repeat, a Martha Washington Tea and several other entertainments, the proceeds being devoted to charitable purposes. Officers are: Pres., Mamie Hall; S. V. P., Emma Johnson; J. V. P., Ethel Park; Sec., Mattie Cratley; Treas., Mina Park; Chap., Mabel Bowers; L. G., Sadie Hall; G. Dora Fritz; Musician, Tracy Keckler; Trustees, Nellie Johnson, Allie Wilson, Lula Garret.

**Ex-Prisoners of War Pension Bill.**  
August Moesner, Fifty-second N. Y., and Sixteenth Connecticut, Veterans' Home, Yonville, Cal., says that the bill in favor of the ex-prisoners of war has again been presented, but will probably meet with the fate of all similar bills. The writer remembers very well when he returned from Andersonville, a sick and broken-down man, who was compelled to remain six months in a hospital to regain a shadow of his former health and strength, the indignation of the people was raised to the highest pitch on account of the horrible suffering the soldiers had endured in Southern prisons. There are 15,000 graves at Andersonville (where the writer was confined through the year 1864) to tell the tale of woe. During the summer of 1864 the prisoners sent a petition to Secretary Stanton begging for an exchange; with what little effect all know.

After 1865 sympathy with the surviving prisoners seemed to have died, and all bills in their favor have been ignored by Congress. They have never received consideration of patronage, as civilians have been employed in preference to ex-prisoners of war. This was the case at San Francisco. We have another election before us, which, to many, will be the last, as a large number will join the Grand Army above before they can cast another vote. Therefore, let us rally for a last attempt, and enlist the sympathy of old comrades and all good and true citizens, and get the loyal women of the country to assist only such candidates as will pledge themselves to our support, as our claim is a just one.

**Advice to Pensioners.**  
A veteran of Co. G, 1st N. J. Cav., having noticed that a resolution has been offered in Congress to publish a list of the pensioners, to be circulated

in the vicinity in which the pensioners reside, in order that those illegally drawing pensions might be reported to the Department, thinks that if the Department waits for reports of unlawful pensioners from such a source, they will have to wait until the millennium comes. The writer served thirty-seven months in the army, and would hesitate a long time before reporting a comrade, and he believes the majority of the veterans would think the same way. In his opinion, what hurts pensioners more than anything else is the fact that some of them as soon as they get their pension money spend a good deal of it for rum, thus injuring their families, and some who have no families spend every cent in this way. The Department should appoint a special agent for each congressional district, to have such pensioners promptly taken from the roll. He does not think that any true soldier would object to this kind of investigation, which would promote a more generous feeling toward the truly deserving.

**Number of Soldiers in the Rebel Army.**  
Mr. J. H. Rea, of Washington, having seen a statement made by a United States Senator recently, which was to the effect that there were but 600,000 men in the Confederate service during the rebellion, thought it would be interesting for some people to know the actual facts of the matter. He says:

There were in arms of Alabamians nearly 123,000, when at the Presidential election of 1860 only about 90,000 votes were cast, and North Carolina had over 108,000 in the Confederate service, without including senior and junior reserves and home guards. These two cases represent about the extremes of loyalty and disloyalty to the Confederacy on the part of the people of the South. And from the entire South 1,652,000 men or boys bore arms for a greater or lesser time during the rebellion, and, in fact, every male of sufficient age and strength did some military service, and some of the most promising expeditions of the Union Generals were defeated by the home guards of the Southern States; and about 500 young boys in 1864 left the Virginia Military Institute in a body and opposed Sigel and then Grant, and in 1864 a complete brigade of cavalry of young men was raised in South Carolina, who were in 1861 incapable of bearing the weight of arms. And for every 100 votes in 1860 in the South about 140 individuals appeared in the field under the banners of the Confederacy up to 1865.

**Indian Courage.**  
The annals of no country can show any savage foe so formidable for his numbers to trained regular troops of the white race as the American Indian. The tales of the Sepoy rebellion, replete as they are with heroic achievements of British soldiers, read like absurd fairy tales to Indian-fighters of our army. The spectacle, repeated again and again, of a score or so of these Englishmen riding through as many thousands of opposing Sepoys, disciplined, and thoroughly supplied with the best of fire-arms, would be a very novel one to those accustomed to the temper of the savage of our continent. Had Capt. Jack or Joseph, or Geronimo, with such warriors as they led, been the sort of foes to attack the English power in India, the history of Delhi and Lucknow would have been written in far darker characters on the pages of English history. Self-reliant, intelligent, fierce in battle, imitable horsemen, armed with the modern rifle, our own Indians have often waged successful battle with regular troops unsurpassed in quality, and far outnumbering them. It is doubtful if even the Cossack or Arab can be compared with them in partisan warfare.

**Peach Tree Creek.**  
E. D. Patterson, Sergeant, Co. C, 52d Ohio, Marion, Iowa, in writing of Peach Tree creek, says that at an early hour on the 20th of July, the Twentieth corps moved forward in line connecting with the Fourteenth corps. The writer says the Third brigade, Second division, Fourteenth corps, moved forward on the afternoon of the 19th, and the 52d Ohio crossed the creek on drift wood, and drove the Johnnies from their front. The rebels being reinforced returned and attempted to drive them from the hill, but the rest of the brigade crossed, as also did the 98th Ohio of the Second brigade, and they had as lively a fight as any one would wish to be engaged in; their loss was considerable, some companies being left without commissioned officers. The writer's attention being taken up with the affair in their front, did not know but what the whole army had crossed that afternoon. They held the hill that night, and Barnett's Battery (I, 2d Ill.) was brought over and placed on the hill, and were instrumental the next day in inducing Hood's army to retire from Peach Tree creek. The writer's brigade was composed of the Fifty-second Indiana, Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth, and One Hundred and twenty-fifth Illinois, and Battery I, Second Illinois, L. A., and they were the first troops to cross Peach Tree creek.

**Mending Lace.**  
The mending of lace is quite a fine art in itself, and many professional menders, who are usually French or German, earn handsome livings at this dainty task.

A knowledge of lace stitches is necessary in mending lace. If an ordinary piece should tear mend it with lace thread, which comes in small soft balls at 5 or 10 cents a ball. Imitate the ground-work mesh to the best of your ability. Before taking a stitch, however, baste the lace to be mended upon a piece of embroidery leather or stiff paper, otherwise it will be drawn out of shape. In pulling out the basting threads after mending be sure to cut or snip the threads into short lengths, draw out and lift from the leather when perfectly free.

## TABERNACLE PULPIT.

### THE SEVEN STARS OF ORION AND THEIR GOD.

Dr. Talmage Translates the Heavenly Realms for Truths Told by the Stars—Amos of Tekoa and His Interest in the Heavenly Bodies.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., March 20, 1892. In this sermon Dr. Talmage traverses wide realms of thought to teach useful lessons based on the text, Amos 5: 8: "Seek him that maketh the seven stars and Orion."

A country farmer wrote this text—Amos of Tekoa. He ploughed the earth and threshed the grain by a new threshing machine just invented, as formerly the cattle trod out the grain. He gathered the fruit of the sycamore tree, and scarified it with an iron comb just before it was getting ripe, as it was necessary and customary in that way to take from it the bitterness. He was the son of a poor shepherd and stammered; but before the stammering rustic the Philistines, and Syrians, and Phœnicians, and Moabites, and Ammonites, and Edomites, and Israelites trembled.

What a life of solitude, all alone with his herds! Poor Amos! And at 12 o'clock at night, hark to the wolf's bark, and the lion's roar, and the bear's growl, and the owl's te-whit-to-who, and the serpent's hiss, as he unwittingly steps too near while moving through the thickets! So Amos, like other herdsmen, got the habit of studying the map of the heavens, because it was so much of the time spread out before him. He noticed some stars advancing and others receding. He associated their dawn and setting with certain seasons of the year. He had a poetic nature, and he read night by night, and month by month, and year by year, the poem of the constellations, divinely rhythmic.

And there are some things which makes me think that it may not have been all superstition which connected the movements and appearance of the heavenly bodies with great moral events on earth. Did not a meteor run on evangelistic errand on the first Christmas night, and designate the rough cradle of our Lord? Did not the stars in their course fight against Siseria? Was it merely coincidental that before the destruction of Jerusalem the moon was eclipsed for twelve consecutive nights? Did it merely happen so that a new star appeared in constellation Cassiopeia, and then disappeared just before King Charles IX. of France, who was responsible for St. Bartholomew massacre, died? Was it without significance that in the days of the Roman Emperor Justinian war and famine were preached by the dimness of the sun, which for nearly a year gave no more light than the moon, although there were no clouds to obscure it?

In the first place Amos saw, as we must see, that the God who made the Pleiades and Orion must be the God of order. It was not so much a star here and a star there that impressed the inspired herdsman, but seven in one group, and seven in the other group. He saw that night after night and season after season and decade after decade, they had kept step of light, each one in its own place, a sisterhood never clashing and never contesting precedences. From the time Hesiod called the Pleiades the "seven daughters of Atlas," and Virgil wrote in his "Æneid" of "Stormy Orion" until now, they have observed the order established for their coming and going; order written not in manuscript but may be pigeon-holed, but with the hand of the Almighty on the dome of the sky, so that all nations may read it. Order. Persistent order. Sublime order. Omnipotent order.

Amos saw that God was not satisfied with making one star, or two or three stars, but he makes seven; and having finished that group of worlds, makes another group—group after group. To the Pleiades he adds Orion. It seems that God likes light so well that he keeps making it. Only one being in the universe knows the statistics of solar, lunar, stellar, meteoric creations, and that is the Creator himself. "And they have all been lovingly christened, each one a name as distinct as the names of your children." "He telleth the number of the stars; he calleth them all by their names." The seven Pleiades had names given to them, and they are Alcyone, Merope, Celano, Electra, Sterope, Taygete, and Maia.

But think of the billions and trillions of daughters of starry light that God calls by name as they sweep by him with beaming brow and lustrous robe! So fond is God of light—natural light. Again and again is light harnessed for symbolization—Christ, the bright and morning star; evangelization, the daybreak; the redemption of nations, Sun of Righteousness rising with healing in his wings. Oh, men and women, with so many sorrows and sins and perplexities, if you want light of comfort, light of pardon, light of goodness, in earnest prayer through Christ, "Seek him that maketh the Seven Stars and Orion."

Again, Amos saw, as we must see, that the God who made these two archipelagoes of stars must be an unchanging God. There had been no change in the stellar appearance in this herdsman's life-time, and his father, a shepherd, reported to him that there had been no change in his life-time. And these two clusters hang over the celestial arbor now just as they were the first night that they shone on the Edenic bowers, the same as when the Egyptians built the Pyramids from the top of which to watch them, the same as when the Chaldeans calculated the eclipses, the same as when Elihu, according to the Book of Job, went out to study the aurora borealis, the same under Ptolemaic system and Copernican system, the same from Calisthenes to Pythagoras, and from Pythagoras to Herschel.

Surely, a changeless God must have fashioned the Pleiades and Orion! Oh, what an anodyne amid the ups and downs of life, and the flux and reflux of the tides of prosperity, to know that we have a changeless God, the same yesterday, to-day, and forever.

Again, Amos saw, as we must see, that the God who made these two beacons of the Oriental night sky must be a God of love and kindly warning. The Pleiades rising in mid-sky said to all the herdsmen and shepherds and husbandmen: "Come out and enjoy the mild weather, and cultivate your gardens and fields." Orion, coming in winter, warned them to prepare for tempest. All navigation was regulated by these two constellations. The one said to shigmaster and crew: "Hoist sail for the sea, and gather merchandise from other lands." But Orion was the storm-signal, and said: "Reef sail, make things snug, or put into harbor, for the hurricanes are getting their wings out." As the Pleiades were the sweet evangelists of the spring, Orion was the warning prophet of the winter.

Oh, what a mercy it is that in the text and all up and down the Bible God induces us to look out toward other worlds! Bible astronomy in Genesis, in Joshua, in Job, in the Psalms, in the prophets, major and minor, in St. John's Apocalypse, practically saying, "Worlds! worlds! worlds! Get ready for them!" We have a nice little world here that we stick to, as though losing that we lose all. We are afraid of falling off this little raft of a world. We are afraid that some meteoric iconoclast will some night smash it, and we want everything to revolve around it, and are disappointed when we find that it revolves around the sun instead of the sun revolving around it. What a fuss we make about this little bit of a world, its existence only a short time between two spasms, the paroxysm by which it was hurled from chaos into order, and the paroxysm of its demolition.

And I am glad that so many texts call us to look off to other worlds, many of them larger and grander and more resplendent. "Look there," says Job, "at Mazaroth and Arcturus and his sons!" "Look there," says St. John, "at the moon under Christ's feet!" "Look there," says Joshua, "at the sun standing still above Gibeon!" "Look there," says Moses, "at the sparkling firmament!" "Look there," says Amos, the herdsman, "at the seven stars and Orion!" Don't let us be so sad about those who shove off from this world under Christly pilotage. Don't let us be so agitated about our own going off this little barge or sloop or canal-boat of a world to get on some "Great Eastern" of the heavens. Don't let us persist in wanting to stay in this barn, this shed, this out-house of a world, when all the King's palaces already-occupied by many of our best friends are swinging wide open their gates to let us in.

When I read, "In my Father's house are many mansions," I do not know but that each world is a room, and as many rooms as there are worlds, stellar stairs, stellar galleries, stellar hallways, stellar windows, stellar domes. How our departed friends must pity us shut up in these cramped apartments, tired if we walk fifteen miles, when they some morning, by one stroke of wing, can make circuit of the whole stellar system and be back in time for matins. Perhaps yonder twinkling constellation is the residence of the martyrs; that group of twelve luminaries is the celestial home of the Apostles. Perhaps that steep of light is the dwelling-place of angels cherubic, seraphic, archangelic. A mansion with as many rooms as worlds, and all their windows illuminated for festivity.

I had studied it before, but the Cathedral of Cologne, Germany, never impressed me as it did the last time I saw it. It is admittedly the grandest Gothic structure in the world, its foundation laid in 1548, only eight or nine years ago completed. More than 600 years in building. All Europe taxed for its construction. Its chapel of the Magi with precious stones enough to purchase a kingdom. Its chapel of St. Agnes with masterpieces of painting. Its spire springing 511 feet into the heavens. Its stained glass the chorus of all rich colors. Statues encircling the pillars and encircling all. Statues above statues, until sculpture can do no more, but faints and falls back against carved stalls and down on pavements over which the kings and queens of the earth have walked to confession. Nave and aisles and transept and portals combining the splendor of sunrise. Interlaced, interlaced, intercolumned grandeur. As I stood outside, looking at the double range of flying buttresses and the forest of pinnacles, higher and higher and higher, until I almost reeled from dizziness, I exclaimed: "Great doxology in stone! Frozen prayer of many nations!"

But while standing there I saw a poor man enter and put down his pack and kneel beside his burden on the hard floor of that cathedral. And tears of deep emotion came into my eyes, as I said to myself: "There is a soul worth more than all the material surroundings. That man will live after the last pinnacle has fallen, and not one stone of all that cathedral glory shall remain uncrumbled. He is now a Lazarus in rags and poverty and weariness, but immortal, and a son of the Lord God Almighty; and the prayer he now offers, though amid many superstitions, I believe God will hear; and among the apostles whose sculptured forms stand in the surrounding niches, he will at last be lifted, and into the presence of that Christ, whose sufferings are represented by the crucifix before which he bows; and be raised in due time out of all his poverties into the glorious home built for him and built for us by 'Him who maketh the Seven Stars and Orion.'"

The emotional insanity style of murder is making business for the florists. It requires a large number of bouquets to run a first class murder trial.—Washington Post.

## PEOPLE IN PRINT.

James Bryce, the author of the "American Commonwealth," is rightly regarded as the first authority in the house of commons on questions of fact concerning this country.

The Roman saying that "Cardinals die by threes" has been notably verified by the deaths of Cardinals Manning, Simeoni and Agostini within a few hours of each other.

Bayard Taylor's old home, "Cadarcroft," near Kennett Square, Pa., is now advertised for sale. It is now owned by the son and widow of Dr. Lewis, executors of the estate.

Ex-Governor Curtin, Pennsylvania's great executive in the war days, says that he proposes to pass the remainder of his life writing a "history of the events in which I took some small part."

Paul McCormick, a wealthy resident of Montana, who is called the big white chief of the Yellowstone country, declares that he will drive a four-in-hand team of elk through the streets and parks of Chicago during the world's fair.

Mrs. Rebecca Manlove, aged ninety-two, died at Cape May lately. She was the widow of Captain David Manlove, commander of a government vessel in the war of 1812, and later a merchantman captain, who perished at sea in a snow storm with all the crew in 1831.

George Du Maurier, society artist of Punch, has been lecturing on "Social Pictorial Satire." He declares that his favorite creation is the "pretty women," and that a plaster cast of the Venus de Milo has been the silent companion of his work for thirty years. The more he looked upon her the more he saw to worship and admire.

At times the desk of the president's door-keeper, Charles Loeffler, is piled high with albums left there to receive the presidential signature. Loeffler acts as a sort of middleman in this sentimental trade, and when the president has a few minutes of leisure the stock of albums is deftly and decorously placed before him for his attention.

The late Sir Morell Mackenzie was well known in Louisville where he once visited. One of his favorite patients was Mary Anderson Navarro, to whose house in London he was often attracted. His own home in London was one of the handsomest residences there and it was filled with treasures of art, of which Dr. Mackenzie was a great lover.

Dr. S. F. Smith, author of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," told the pupils of a Boston public school, at their Washington's birthday celebration that he wrote the well known song while he was a student at the theological seminary at Andover, at the request of William G. Woodbridge. He wrote the song and gave the manuscript to Lowell Mason in February, sixty years ago.

A recent prank of the little queen of Holland, Wilhelmina, is recorded. Having forgotten to prepare her geography lesson on a certain day, she was required by her governess to draw a map of Europe as a penalty. This governess, by the way, is an English woman. When the young sovereign had completed her task it appeared that the country of her instructor was represented by a minute dot, while Holland had been exaggerated into an immense kingdom.

## BLITHESOME BITS.

Every time a boy shows his hands, somebody suggests that he wash them.—Athenion Globe.

One of the most agreeable ways to visit Florida is at somebody else's expense.—Mail and Express.

The clergyman who ties the nuptial knot is usually summoned by the ringing of a bell.—Washington Star.

The married man who interrupts while his wife is giving him a curtain lecture only delays the time of his going to sleep.—Somerville Journal.

Butcher—"How much bologna sausage did you say?" Hungry Reporter—"Give me—give me about three-quarters of a column."—Chicago Tribune.

The Dean's Wife—"Is the dear bishop still living?" Episcopal Butler—"Oh, yes, ma'am. He's better to-day. We're all saying he's going to disappoint 'em yet!"—Punch.

Benedick—"When I lost my fortune then was nothing I regretted so much as that I could not afford to keep my excellent cook any longer." "And what did you do?" "I married her."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Some one speaks to Calino, man of science, of a friend who has eight brothers. "Eight brothers?" he exclaims; "then if he has eight brothers, each one of them will have eight brothers, too, which makes sixty-four." "Impossible!"—Le Gigaro.

A number of country neighbors are asking the wife of the village butcher what sort of a person is the squire's newly married wife. To these inquiries they receive the oracular, but none the less convincing, reply: "A puffed lady—she don't know one joint of meat from another."—Spectator.

The early fruit growers of Oregon had a wonderful market for a few years at San Francisco. In 1854 500 bushels of apples were shipped from Oregon to California and returned a net profit of from \$1.50 to \$2 per pound. In 1855 the shipments rose to 6,000 bushels, which sold at from \$20 to \$30 per bushel.



## PITH OF MANY PAPERS.

A man is lecturing in England on "Was Homer a Woman?" Jans Kammerhuth, of Copenhagen, has skated two miles on one foot.

Twelve out of the twenty-three presidents have had military training and experience.

A Montana man has invented a ranch snow plow for scraping the snow off the ranges so that the cattle can get at the grass.

There are said to be more divorces granted annually in the United States than in all the rest of the Christian world put together.

Peter Smith died in Trenton, N. J., lately, after living on diluted milk for fifty-three days. The sight of food during his illness threw the man into convulsions.

The scripture injunction to be fruitful and multiply was more than obeyed by Mrs. Mary Austin, of Washington, Ga., who died recently. Forty-four children called her mother, among them being six sets of triplets.

The old terms of "port" and "starboard" have been banished from the vocabulary of the officers and crews of the vessels of the Hamburg-American line and of the North German Lloyd, and replaced by "left" and "right."

Mendoza Cortez, a peer of the realm in Portugal, was recently sent to prison because he could not make good a deficit in the bank of which he is president, and the house of peers has since met and passed a resolution approving his arrest.

"The devil's to pay and no pitch hot" isn't profanity, but it is an incorrect expression. It should be "Hell's to pay," hell being the part of the hold of a smack left partly free of access to sea water, in which freshly caught fish are thrown and thus kept alive. It is necessary that the bulkheads should be kept water-tight, and this is done by calking with oakum and "paying" with hot pitch.

## MAKING LIGHT OF IT.

All liars ain't polotishuns, but thar ain't no visy verry to this.—Detroit Free Press.

Lieutenant—"Well my man, for what position would you like to enlist?" Recruit—"I should not mind, sir, being captain or commodore."—Harper's Bazar.

"I would like to get a muff." "What for?" demanded the clerk. "To keep my hands warm, you smirking idiot!" exclaimed the venerable female.—Texas Siftings.

She was worth a million, and when Herbert said: "Will you be mine?" she answered, "No, Herbert, I will not; but you may be mine if you wish."—Washington Star.

Doctor (to newly made father)—"Sir, you are to be congratulated. You are the father of twins." Happy Parent (doubtfully)—"That's so they might have been triplets."—Life.

Tom—"You say you expect to win Miss Fortune, but haven't begun to make love to her yet?" Jack—"Yes; keep your mind easy; I'm running as a dark horse."—New York Herald.

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MANKIND worships success, but  
thinks too little of the means by which  
it is attained. What days and nights  
of watching and weariness, how year  
after year has dragged on, and seen  
the end still far off; all that counts  
for little, if the long struggle do not  
close its victory.

If astronomers must talk and must  
disturb plain folk they should be held  
accountable for consoling suggestions.  
If they must prophesy a return to  
glacial conditions they should point to  
some method by which results may be  
better adapted for the use of future  
races of men.

To use kind language costs nothing  
at all; unkind costs always more, or  
less; oftentimes more to him who em-  
ploys it than even those to whom it is  
addressed. But every man is bound  
to anticipate that unkind language  
will produce the fruits of unkindness,  
that is, suffering in the bosom of oth-  
ers.

WHAT surgical science will, in the  
future, undertake, cannot be pre-  
dicted. The successful building up  
and reorganization of noses, eyelids  
and other features, is an every day  
occurrence. The latest achievement,  
however, is the insertion of frozen  
bone where the limb, joint or other  
bone has been injured or lost by frac-  
ture, shattered by shot and other  
causes. The time may yet come when,  
if we may not all be born beautiful,  
we may go to the surgeon and be  
made beautiful.

INTELLECTUAL men, as a rule, are  
not at all averse to lying in bed in the  
mornings. An intellectual man dif-  
fers from a mere business man in  
knowing when to stop thinking. A  
business man goes to bed for the  
purpose of making plans for scooping  
rivals; an intellectual man goes to  
bed for the purpose of enjoying  
nature's best gift. If in doing so he re-  
sembles the vacuous and foolish, so  
he also resembles the beasts of the  
field and the birds of the air, whose  
physical and mental habits have  
never been supposed to be bad or  
deleterious. The biggest fool in the  
world is the man who supposes that  
he can beat Nature at her own game.

## JEFFERSON PARK.

Subscribe!  
Vote a straight ticket.  
Our next alderman will be F.  
Hansen.  
Uncle Eph will take a trip to Cali-  
fornia soon.  
Wanted! A street sprinkler, to be  
in operation soon, by the residents of  
Jefferson Park.  
Albert Glander is clerking at George  
Minor's.  
George Brown is learning the butcher  
trade.  
Miss Martha Tesmer of Chicago was  
a visitor at Mrs. Zickerman's last Sun-  
day.  
H. Dietcher's new building is well  
under way.  
Albert Lieber of Chicago visited  
friends here last Sunday.  
Miss Hattie Appelton and Miss Perry  
of Chicago were guests at Mrs. Frank  
Wulff's last Saturday and Sunday.  
One of Butcher's teams came running  
through town last Saturday and would  
probably have caused some serious  
trouble had not Officer Clink stopped  
them.  
Mr. Aldelberg met with a serious ac-  
cident last Friday. As he was alight-  
ing from a moving train he made a  
mistake and had his hands cut in several  
places.  
The Anchors have reorganized for the  
season of 1892 and would like a game  
from the Irving Parks on Sunday, April  
24. Address all challenges to Charles  
Olson, Jefferson Park.

The masquerade given by the Fifteen  
Funny Fellows proved to be the most  
successful event ever given in Jeffer-  
son, about one hundred and fifty people  
being present from Chicago. Dunning  
and this place. The grand march was  
at 9 o'clock and was filled with many  
costly costumes. Among those who  
were masked: Misses N. Wulff, jockey;  
Maggie Finnegan, riding habit; R. Mil-  
ner, fairy; Dolly Wheaton, flower girl;  
S. West, Grecian lady; Martha Tesmer,  
shepherdess; E. Milner, M. Gronier,  
Mary West, L. Schoessling, Annie and  
Mary Finnegan, fancy dresses; Mrs. C.  
B. West, news girl; Mrs. C. C. Goven,  
fancy dress. Messrs. H. Schoessling,  
A. Peters and W. Peacock wore each a  
noble nose. Henry Wulff was the best,  
representing an Irish woman; A.  
Gronier, Mexican; C. B. West, Goddess  
of Liberty, and also F. F. F. were  
masked in different costumes. Mr.  
William Peacock deserves great credit  
in the way he conducted the affairs. It  
was designed that evening to have an-  
other one in the near future.

## BARRINGTON.

**CHURCH AND SOCIETY NOTICES.**  
S. of V.—Meet in Parker's hall, second and  
fourth Saturday of each month. W. H. Sel-  
lock, Com.; Frank Krahn, S. V. C.; J. L.  
Rutyan, J. V. C.

**BAPTIST CHURCH**—Mr. Bailey, Pastor. Ser-  
vices every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Evening  
services at 7 p. m. Sabbath school 12 m.

**ST. ANN'S CATHOLIC CHURCH**—Rev. J. F. Clancy,  
Pastor. Services every other Sunday at  
9 o'clock a. m.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH**—E. W. Ward,  
Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m.  
and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 12 m. Chil-  
dren's services 3 p. m. Class meeting 6:15 p.  
m. Bible study Tuesday 7:30 p. m. Prayer  
meeting Friday, 7 p. m.

**GERMAN EVANGELICAL CHURCH**—Rev. Wm.  
A. Schuster, Pastor. Services every Sun-  
day at 10:30 a. m. Evening service at 7:30 p.  
m. Sabbath school at 9 a. m.

**GERMAN EVANGELICAL ST. PAUL'S CHURCH**—  
Rev. E. Kahn, Pastor. Services every Sun-  
day at 10:30 a. m. Sabbath school at 9:30 a.  
m.

**LOUNSBURY LODGE** No. 734—Meets at their  
hall the second and fourth Saturdays of each  
month. C. H. Austin, W. M.; L. A. Powers,  
S. W.; F. W. Shipman, J. W.; H. T. Abbott,  
Treas.; F. O. Wilmarth, Sec.; W. S. Han-  
dover, S. D.; Wm. McCredie, J. D.; A. Glas-  
son, T.

**BARRINGTON POST** No. 275, G. A. R. Depart-  
ment of Ill.—Meet every second Friday in the  
month at Parker's Hall. E. R. Clark, Com-  
mander; L. F. Elvidge, S. V. C.; R. Percell,  
J. V. C.; A. Gleason, O. M.; A. S. Hend-  
erson, O. D.; C. G. Senn, O. G.; Henry Reuter,  
Sergt.; F. A. Lageschulte, Chap.

**W. R. C.** No. 85—Meets the second and fourth  
Wednesdays of each month. Mrs. Ada Sellock,  
Pres.; Miss Bertha Seebert, Sec.

**M. W. A. Camp** 809—Meets first Saturday of  
each month at Lamey's hall. E. R. Clark,  
Com.; John Robertson, W. M.; Fred Kirsch-  
ner, B. M.; T. Lamey, clerk; William  
Anholts, W. P.; A. Hawley, E.; H. S.  
Meier, S.

At a caucus held at L. H. Butte's office  
Friday, March 18, 1892, candidates  
for offices were nominated for the  
town of Cuba, to be voted for at the  
election Tuesday, April 5, 1892. The  
result was as follows: For Supervisor,  
G. H. Comstock received the nomina-  
tion by acclamation. For Town Clerk,  
Miles T. Lamey received 31 votes and  
Henry Kampert, Jr., 15 votes; Miles T.  
Lamey was thereby declared the regu-  
lar candidate. For Assessor, Charles Dav-  
lin was nominated by acclamation. For  
Collector, August Landwer received 31  
votes and John C. Meier 21 votes; Aug-  
ust Landwer was thereby given the  
regular nomination. For Road Com-  
missioner, Henry Gieske received 28  
votes and James Grace 27 votes on the  
second ballot, which gave Henry Gieske  
the nomination. For Justice of the  
Peace, Charles Davlin was nominated  
by acclamation. The new law will  
govern this election and every one  
should come out and get familiar with  
the mode of voting.

There was a prayer meeting at the  
residence of Mr. Golden Wednesday  
evening of this week, led by Mr. H. A.  
Harnden.

Mr. M. E. Bennett and wife of Chi-  
cago spent Sunday at Mr. A. S. Hend-  
erson's.

Misses Grace Bennett and Wood of  
Chicago were visitors here Sunday.

Mr. Lou Bennett is spending a few  
days with his mother and brothers this  
week.

Mr. Edward Wienecke is building a  
creamery at Butterfield, Minn.

Miss Tillie Krahn is sick with typh-  
oid fever.

Mr. Daniel Catlow of Gallion, Iowa,  
visited his parents here this week.

Mr. H. A. Harnden is excavating for  
the foundation of his new marble shop.

Messrs. James Jones and James  
Regan were here on business the first  
of the week.

Mr. John Flower is to go to Iowa the  
latter part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sinnott were in  
Chicago Wednesday.

Fred Meister met with a terrible  
accident last Friday. His team ran  
away, broke his jaw bone and knocked  
out several teeth. He is in a critical  
condition.

Mr. W. L. Harrower is at home spend-  
ing his vacation.

Mrs. George Mengerson is visiting at  
Mr. Charles Peters.

Mr. H. S. Vail of Highland Park,  
candidate for State Senator, called on  
numerous friends here Monday and  
Tuesday.

Messrs. Collen and Peters shipped two  
carloads of cattle last week.

Mr. Edward Peters met with an ac-  
cident a few days ago while moving a  
large stone. His arm is hurt quite  
badly.

Mrs. Congdon of Nunda visited with  
friends here Wednesday of last week.

The surveyors were at work last  
week laying out the new streets to be  
opened up this spring.

Mr. William Sherman started for  
Nebraska Wednesday on a hunting ex-  
cursion.

On last Wednesday, Mr. John C.  
Meier, town collector for the Town of  
Cuba, was in town and settled with the  
county treasurer. He collected all the  
taxes except \$80.80, which is very close  
collecting.—*Waukegan Gazette.*

Mr. Reuben W. Coon, editor of the  
Waukegan *Gazette*, was in town Mon-  
day and Tuesday. Mr. Coon is a can-  
didate for State Senator.

Mrs. C. H. Lines visited her sister at  
Woodstock last week.

Rev. J. O. Foster, formerly pastor of  
the M. E. church at this place, called  
on friends here last week.

A Chicago syndicate is trying to pur-  
chase 1,200 acres of land west of the  
village. Their object is to furnish  
sites for manufacturing establishments  
and sell the balance for residence  
property.

At the election to be held in the  
Town of Cuba, Tuesday, April 5, there  
will be two tickets in the field. The  
ticket which received the regular  
nomination of the caucus, March 18, is  
as follows: For Supervisor, G. H. Com-  
stock; for Assessor, Charles Davlin; for  
Collector, August Landwer; for Town  
Clerk, Miles T. Lamey; for Road Com-  
missioner, Henry Gieske; for Justice of  
the Peace, Charles Davlin; for Constable,  
August Landwer. The other ticket is  
as follows: For Supervisor, G. A. Com-  
stock; for Assessor, Charles Davlin; for  
Collector, John C. Meier; for Town  
Clerk, Henry Kampert, Jr.; for Road  
Commissioner, James Grace; for Justice  
of the Peace, Charles Davlin; for Con-  
stable, John C. Meier. This election  
will be held under the new law, and  
each voter should familiarize them-

selves with the law, so as to be pre-  
pared to mark their ballots on election  
day, as assistance in marking ballots  
can only be given to those that cannot  
read the English language.

**Wedding.**  
STENGER-NORDMEIER—Married, at the  
residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Stenger at  
Naperville, Ill., Tuesday, March 15th,  
at 7 o'clock p. m. Mr. Nicholas Stenger  
of Naperville, and Miss Alvina E. Nord-  
meier of Barrington, Rev. C. J. Frey  
officiating. Only the nearest relatives  
from Naperville and Barrington being  
present, numbering fifty guests.

The house was beautifully decorated.  
The announcement of the approach of  
the bridal party came to the expectant  
friends in the festal strains of Men-  
delsohn's wedding march rendered by  
Mrs. G. H. Ester, sister of the groom,  
followed by the Rev. C. G. Frey, preceded  
by Miss Grace Yost as flower girl. The  
groom entered the parlor escorted by  
his mother, the bride leaning upon the  
arm of her brother-in-law, J. C. Plagge,  
following, meeting under the mono-  
gram. The ceremony was very impres-  
sively performed by her brother-in-  
law, the Rev. C. J. Frey, pastor of Na-  
perville.

The bride was dressed in cream  
white, wore and carried a bouquet of  
cream and pink roses. The flower girl  
also appeared very sweet, being dressed  
in white. She carried a basket of flowers.  
The friends were very nicely enter-  
tained by singing and instrumental  
music. The presents were many and  
costly.

**THE RECEPTION.**  
Mr. and Mrs. Stenger left Naperville  
for Barrington, March 16th, accompa-  
nied by their friends: to attend the  
reception given them by Mr. and Mrs. J.  
C. Plagge that evening. The young  
friends of the bride which she made by  
her bright and cheerful disposition and  
long acquaintance gathered very nume-  
rously, and showed their respects to  
the happy couple, their number  
being eighty to ninety. At 7:30 music  
was rendered by Miss Mary Frye, dur-  
ing which Mr. and Mrs. Stenger ap-  
peared, preceded by Miss Grace Yost.  
Rev. W. Schuster made a few instruc-  
tive remarks, after which congratula-  
tions were given. The program passed  
off very smoothly, and much honor is  
due to the Barrington Military band  
for rendering some choice selections,  
which entertained the friends very  
highly. Many presents were received.  
The Review and their many friends ex-  
tend their hearty congratulations to  
the happy pair.

## PALATINE.

**CHURCH AND SOCIETY NOTICES.**  
**METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH**—Rev. M. H. Plum,  
Pastor; C. W. Farr, Superintendent, Mrs. M. D.  
Brown, Asst. Superintendent of Sunday School.  
Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and  
7 p. m. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock a. m.  
Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening, Epworth  
League meeting Sunday evening at 6:30. Every-  
body welcome.

**SAINT PAUL EVANGELICAL CHURCH**—Rev. Oscar  
Carpe, pastor. Services every Sunday morning  
at 10 o'clock. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

**EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN IMMANUEL'S CHURCH**—  
Rev. Adolf Fichtelberg, pastor. Services every  
Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

**PALATINE LODGE**, No. 314, A. F. & A. M.—Meets on  
the first and third Saturday of each month. Visi-  
tors always welcome. F. S. FULTON, W. M.;  
F. J. FILBERT, Sec'y.

**PALATINE LODGE**, No. 708, I. O. O. F.—Meets every  
Wednesday. Visiting brothers cordially invited.  
E. F. BAKER, N. G.; H. L. MERRILL, Sec'y.

**JOHN A. LOGAN LODGE**, No. 152, I. O. M. A.—Meets  
in Odd Fellows hall, second and fourth Sat-  
urday of each month. Members of the Order always  
welcome. M. A. STAPLES, Pres.; C. E. JULIAN, Sec'y.

**PERKINS LODGE**, No. 41, I. O. G. T.—Meets  
in Odd Fellows hall, on the first and third Tues-  
day of each month. MISS LENA ANDERMAN, C. T.  
MISS V. A. LAMBERT, Sec'y.  
E. F. BAKER, Lodge Deputy

**GLEANING'S ABOUT TOWN.**  
Mr. James Wilson and daughter, Lib-  
bie, returned home from Arizona on  
Tuesday, where they spent the winter.  
Mrs. George H. Clayton, formerly a re-  
sident of this place, but for the past  
six years a resident of Arizona, is visit-  
ing friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Nancy Sutherland has made  
quite an improvement at her residence  
by cutting down several large cotton-  
wood trees and quite a number of large  
maple trees.

F. J. Filbert, real estate agent, has  
had five different parties out here from  
Chicago looking at real estate with in-  
tention of buying. He made a good  
sale the latter part of last week on the  
North Side.

Rev. Mr. Congdon filled the pulpit at  
the M. E. church in the absence of the  
pastor, Rev. Plum.

At a meeting of Republicans of this  
town held last Monday a full ticket  
was nominated for town officers: the  
heading of the ticket will be "The  
People's Ticket."

At Elgin, Ill., Monday, butter was  
firm and a shade higher than last week.  
There were sold 8,820 pounds at 28  
cents and 3,000 pounds at 28 1-2.

Miss Harwood, one of our public  
school teachers, will accompany her  
father on a trip to Europe during the  
summer vacation.

The regular monthly examinations  
of the high school took place this week.

Miss June Bray spent Saturday and  
Sunday with her friend Miss Clara  
Skinner at Riverside, Ill.

Miss Hattie Reynolds has gone to  
Topeka, Kan., to live with her mother.

The principal, H. L. Merrill, and Miss  
Walker attended the grade meeting at  
LaGrange on Friday.

Mr. Willie Plum will enter Rush  
Medical college next fall. At present  
he is taking studies in the high school.

Mrs. Burlingame is, we are glad to  
say, slowly convalescing.

**AVONDALE.**  
Elston avenue is to be paved to  
Roscoe street next spring and probably  
to Warner avenue.

Mr. Taggart, the sidewalk contractor,  
is building a fine residence on Wallace  
street, also one on Hammond avenue,  
north of Warner avenue. Several other  
new residences are to be built in this  
rapidly improving section of Avondale.

About twenty-five houses will be  
built on both sides of Belmont avenue,  
between Elston avenue and River, as  
soon as work can be commenced.

Mr. Chute's house on Hammond ave-  
nue, near Roscoe street, is fast nearing  
completion. It will be a valuable ad-  
dition to that already popular district.

Prof. G. A. Wenisch fell on the slip-  
pery sidewalk one night last week and  
broke his ankle. Where are our  
promised street lights?

Contractor J. Enlberg is constructing  
a business building at the corner of  
Belmont and Linden avenues.

Vote for Fred Hausen for Alder-  
man.

Mrs. H. Maxted who has been ailing  
lately, is, we are pleased to state, now  
convalescent.

The Avondale Improvement club of  
the Fifth precinct of the Twenty-  
seventh ward is now fully organized,  
and is officered as follows: President,  
A. Ark; Vice-President, R. Hartley;  
Secretary, R. J. Bickerdike; Treasurer,  
C. Matmueller. Only legal voters or  
those who can vote at the next elec-  
tion are admitted to membership. The  
membership is rapidly increasing and,  
it is hoped, will soon include every  
voter in the precinct. The club is non-  
partisan, but may endorse candidate  
or candidates for aldermanic honors.

**DES PLAINES.**  
**METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH**—Rev. James Mal-  
ley, Pastor; B. F. Kinder, Supt. Sunday school.  
Sunday services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sun-  
day school at 12 m. Prayer meeting on Wednes-  
day evening. Young Peoples' meeting Sunday  
evening at 6:45.

**CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH**—Rev. Heber Gill, Pas-  
tor; Mrs. H. H. Talcott, Sunday school Supt.  
Preaching Sunday morning at 10:30, and in the  
evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at noon.  
Prayer meeting Wednesday evening.

**LUTHERAN CHURCH**—Rev. W. Lowerance, Pastor.  
Sunday services at 10 a. m., followed by Sunday  
school at 11:30.

**ST. MARY'S CHURCH**—Rev. J. F. Walsh, Pastor.  
Services at 10:30 Sunday morning. Sunday  
school at 12 m.

FOR RENT—A house near depot. In-  
quire of C. E. Bennett, Des Plaines.

The ladies of the Congregational  
society are preparing a novel and at-  
tractive entertainment called the "Milk  
Maid's Festival" to come off this week,  
Friday evening, at Parson's hall. The  
grand march commences at 8 o'clock.  
The supplementary part consists of re-  
freshments which will be served in the  
side room. Admission to the hall 10  
cents. Refreshments extra.

The courts have been drawing on  
Des Plaines quite freely for jurymen of  
late. Young men seem to be in most  
demand.

The ghost at Park Ridge seems to be  
like Banquo's ghost and won't go  
down. Spooks are troublesome when  
they materialize.

Last Sunday was Mission day at the  
Methodist church. The sum of \$50 was  
pledged for the support of foreign mis-  
sions. After the morning service six  
persons were admitted to full member-  
ship of the church. In the evening  
Dr. Curtis preached and administered  
the sacrament.

R. L. Gibbs of Palatine made a short  
call last Monday.

The Des Plaines Military Band have  
been engaged to play at the dedication  
services of the Columbian Exposition  
next October. Quite an honor.

At Park Ridge last Saturday evening  
there was another motley gathering,  
called by courtesy a caucus. Des  
Plaines local politicians, with their  
supporters, went down expecting to  
sweep the board, but after the meet-  
ing was called to order it was  
given out that no one outside the Sec-  
ond precinct would be allowed to vote.  
It was surprising to note, when the  
votes were counted, what a miraculous  
number of tickets got into the hat. It  
was like one of the "productive hats"  
often seen in legendland. Whether  
the ballots got in by "bunches of  
fives" or some other equally mysterious  
manner is a matter not yet explained.  
The candidates nominated at Des  
Plaines received the endorsement  
of the voters so that it turned out to  
be merely a ratification meeting. It  
is said that Michael Hoffman, can-  
didate for Assessor, and Louis Poyer,  
candidate for Supervisor, do not pro-  
pose to give up the battle and will run  
on a ticket of their own. There was  
not a large turn out and Park Ridge  
was rather slimly represented.

A caucus for the nomination of  
village officers is to be held at Wicke's  
hall next Saturday evening.

There is likely to be a change in  
pastors at the Congregational church  
before long. Word has been given out  
that Rev. H. Gill's early resignation  
will be acceptable to his congre-  
gation.

John Richardson was out with the  
village road scraper last Monday. Of  
course it rained the same night, but  
John says that he has not been ap-  
pointed clerk of the weather this year.

There is not much harmony of feeling  
in regard to establishing a township  
high school. Park Ridge is opposed to  
uniting with Des Plaines, and the peo-  
ple of this village very naturally recipi-  
rocate and are not very anxious to vote  
for a high school and have it located at  
Park Ridge. It looks very much as if  
the high school project will have to be  
deferred until Des Plaines is able to  
support one independent of neighbor-  
ing villages.

Curtis & Meyer have a stocking on  
exhibition big enough to hold Mother  
Goose and all her family. It ought to  
be sent to "Society's Simpson" for a  
Christmas present.

Mrs. Sol Garland has been sick a  
long time, and it is feared that she will  
not recover. Her daughter in Florida  
has been sent for.

John Hintz's farm was sold by the  
Sheriff last Tuesday to satisfy a judg-  
ment rendered against Hintz in the  
Moldenhaver lawsuit. It was sold for  
the low price of \$1,825 to a lawyer by  
the name of Wm. J. Manny. This falls  
far short of satisfying the demand, as  
the whole amount of judgment and  
costs is about \$3,000, consequently Mr.  
Moldenhaver will levy on other prop-  
erty to make up the amount. Mr. Hintz  
also has another lawsuit on his hands.  
Counselor Talcott has sued him for  
\$200 for attorney's fees.

Opals have been found in great num-  
bers of late in Oregon. A dredger at  
work pumping gravel from the bottom  
of the Willamette river has brought up  
quantities of the gems and several  
miles of considerable extent have re-  
cently been opened in Multnomah  
county. Most of the stones are cloudy,  
but a few of rare quality have been  
found. As high as \$60 has been ob-  
tained for one stone in the rough.

## E. GOETTSCHE.

Dealer in

# Hardware & Tinware

A Large Assortment of TOOLS.

Agent for the Celebrated

## JEWEL & RED CROSS

Stoves and Ranges.

1049 Milwaukee Avenue,

AND

Cor. North and Western Aves

WE SELL ONLY PURE GOODS.

# Genuine Imported Aquavit.

IMPORTED NORWEGIAN BEER.

Pure California Brandies and Wines at the very  
Lowest Prices.

SAM SCHULZ,

376 Milwaukee Av. 248 N. Curtis St. 826 W. North Av

OTTO LARSON,

# UNDERTAKER,

AND DEALER IN

Metallic, Rosewood and Mahogany

## CASKETS AND COFFINS.

HEARSES AND CARRIAGES FURNISHED.

Jefferson Park, Ill.



F. HEISS, Prop'r. W. H. ADDISON, Manager.  
**THE JEFFERSON**  
Marble, Granite & Stone Works.  
Monuments, Headstones,  
Tablets, Vaults  
And Cemetery Work of all kinds at  
Lowest Prices.  
Works and Yards on Crawford avenue,  
one mile North of Irving Park.  
IRVING PARK. ILL.

# Mosler, Bahmann & Co.,

Manufacturer of

Patent Fire and Burglar Proof

## SAFES AND VAULTS,

49 WABASH AVENUE.

# EMIL PITTMAN, Merchant Tailor,

SHERIDAN AVE.

Between Garden and Centre Aves.  
AVONDALE.

Is prepared to make gentlemen's clothing in the latest styles, and at the lowest  
prices. Come and see my stock of goods and samples.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

H. EHRHARDT,

Dealer in

# Groceries & Provisions,

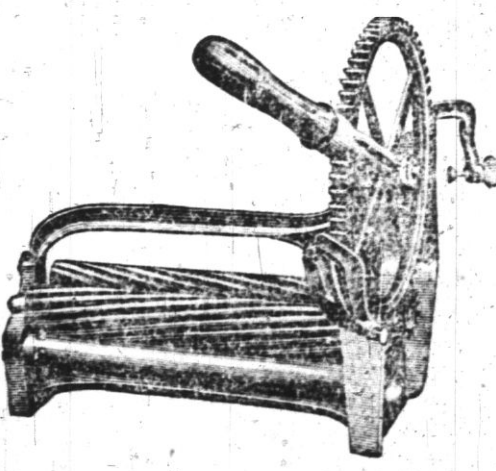
BEST TEAS AND COFFEES,

CANNED AND DRIED FRUITS.

Choice Brands of Flour.

New Store! Fresh Goods! Lowest Prices!

472 NORTH AVENUE, near Milwaukee Ave.



## Washing Machines.

Washing Made Easy.

Easiest Working Machine Made.  
Does not Tear Clothes, and Washes Clean.  
Lasts Longer than any other Machine made.  
Give it a trial and be convinced.

W. F. BACH,

103 S. Canal St., Chicago, Ill.



## NORWOOD PARK.

VILLAGE OFFICERS.—J. H. Brown, President; J. H. Brown, J. B. Foot, Geo. Cady, N. Sampson, G. B. Evans, G. Vandenberg, Trustees; E. H. Bishop, Clerk; James A. Low, Treasurer; D. M. Ball, Attorney; Albert C. Fierke, Collector; John Stockwell, Engineer; Henry Schinde, Street Commissioner; Chas. D. Mason, Sidewalk Inspector.

AMERICAN REFORMED CHURCH.—Rev. J. S. Jorland, Pastor, N. H. B. Supt. of Sunday school. Sabbath services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 1:30. Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 8 P. M. G. C. W. of Christian Endeavor, Sunday evening at 6:30.

ST. ALBANS EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Sunday Services at 10 A. M. Rev. Mr. Richmond, Pastor. G. H. Sucke, Supt. of Sunday school.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL CHURCH.—Services at 9:45 A. M. Sunday school at 11 A. M. Rev. Geo. Eichelschlag, Pastor. Henry Munn, Supt. of Sunday school.

BEACON LIGHT LODGE, F. A. & A. M.—B. Lawrence, W. M.; F. G. Harward, S. W.; A. Van Harlingen, J. M.; A. G. Low, Treas.; J. Walmsley, Sec'y; C. J. DeBerard, S. D.; F. B. Halladay, J. D.; F. A. Rich, S. S.; N. H. Bates, J. S.

POST OFFICE.—H. A. Donaldson & Co.'s store, H. A. Donaldson, P. M. Mail arrives, 8:15 and 9:30 A. M.; 6:35 P. M.; leaving at 7:45 and 9:30 A. M.; 8:30 P. M.

NORWOOD PARK HALL COMPANY.—Meeting of Board of Directors first Saturday of each month at Hall. FRANK A. CLEVELAND, Pres. JACOB ECKERT, Treas. JAS. WALMSLEY, Sec'y.

At last accounts Miss. Edith Glison was improving. Her illness has not been as dangerous as was expected.

Mrs. Turner and family have left Mrs. Fowler's house on Chestnut street and gone to live on the Grant place on Western avenue.

Mrs. Travis of Avondale visited friends here on Monday last.

Lowrie's subdivision is being rapidly laid out by a gang of laborers, and it bids fair to be a great improvement to the town.

Norwood is rejoicing at the prospect of the elegant new depot, which in their fancy is erected on the site of the large tool chest which is at present doing duty as a receptacle for the persons and the numerous bundles which are placed in it daily.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Norton of Dunning were visitors in the village for a few hours on Saturday last.

Our Village Board held a special meeting Monday night to consider the Electric Railway ordinance, which was passed with some slight changes.

Mrs. E. R. Harris and son Joseph are visiting relatives in Aurora.

The Reform party held a caucus Saturday night in the Town hall and placed in nomination for President, J. B. Foot; for Trustees, George Cady, A. C. Fierke, and Clifton Dunlap; for Village Clerk, Lincoln Cleveland. Mr. Cady is a present Trustee and has a good record. Mr. Fierke is one of the chief clerks in County Clerk's office and has also served the village as Collector, in which capacity he has made an excellent record. Mr. Dunlap is the son of one of our first settlers, and whose father served as Village Trustee when the village was first organized. We expect good results from him. With Mr. Cleveland for Clerk the ticket cannot be excelled.

Our genial station agent, Mr. O. W. Flanders, has tendered his resignation and in a few days "I" devote his entire time to his private business. This we regret to report, as he has been so fully identified with village interests during his long term of service here that we will miss him very much.

The tax collectors will turn their books in this week.

The dancing class will close its present term soon after a very successful season.

Rumor says the progressive party held a caucus under a tree on a dark corner the other night.

And it came to pass that the town of Norwood was at a standstill. The roads did roll in mud so deep that even the horse-cart and its gallant corps were deep in the mire. The improvements were no more. The village Aldermen walk up and down the streets and do not fro. Their voices wax loud in debate, but no deeds come forth. They grapple the roads whereon no Norwoodite walketh, and the heart of the citizen groweth angry within his breast.

The new citizen cometh and buildeth him a house, and the odor of the sawer pipe filth him with disgust. The spring approacheth and the Aldermen make merry. They gather together in solemn council 'neath the stately roof of the city hall and they do nominate certain people for office. But the vote of the people has not yet come, and the dark cloud of uncertainty lowers over the Norwood home, but the time draweth nigh when the mighty leader of a vast army shall lose his place, and a new reign shall begin. Then will the citizen grow merry and then will the banner of improvement, which has been dragged ignominiously in the wake of the last ruler, be raised on high and then will Norwood stand to the front, proud of her rulers and her people. Rise up all ye who are oppressed and proclaim your rights at that great meeting on election day when your rise or your fall will be made known. Respectfully, A CITIZEN.

An Important Question.

In this age of the world we gain or lose much by comparison. Competition has always been the life of trade; without it there is no comparison and therefore little effort toward greater achievement.

If this is true in business, certainly it is in education. The education of twenty years ago even does not meet the demands of to-day; there have been rapid strides in this direction as in all others. And the young man or woman now who presents himself for service must be a skilled workman in whatever line he chooses to follow. There are many demands for the trained mind, as well as for the trained hand.

Our close proximity to a great center which is rapidly preparing to take an educational stand second to none in the country—with its great university and royal endowment thereof, which enables it to draw to its doors the finest minds of the country—behooves us to look to ourselves to see if we are following in the same plan of advancement. Certainly we do not want to lose by comparison with other outlying districts. We want our share in the possibilities of this great university with its elevating and ennobling tone.

And education more extended than

that which our grammar schools can give is a demand of the time, no one can look around him and deny that. It seems the very spirit of the age, and we must accept it, it will not be rejected. If this is granted, then our duty is to obtain the very best within our power. The question of the High school does and should present itself to the mind of every right thinking, progressive person. The question comes to you: what will you do with it?

If our youth are to have their share in this right of higher education, it must come first through the High school; then the path to university training is a possibility within their grasp.

The question resolves itself into one of three things: We must refuse to our young people anything above that which the grammar school can give, thereby depriving them of the disciplined mind and the almost infinite possibilities now within the range of a truly educated person; or, by closing our eyes to the rapid growth and oft-repeated history of the city, continue to send our pupils to a city high school which in all probability by another year will have exhausted its capacity, and our pupils be turned away. Not even the tuition which all must pay, a tuition equal to that of a college course—can obtain admission when capacity fails. Certainly the growth of the city, which all know is westward, must point out the imminent danger of such a condition.

Or, thirdly, we shall grasp the situation with its necessities and possibilities and gain for this locality a High school of its own, well equipped, where our young people may compete with any other; and not suffer through our neglect, in comparison with those of other and more progressive suburbs. And it would seem that only a carelessness concerning the demands of a very immediate future could render any one unwilling to take decided action in this matter which concerns so many and so intimately.

## LIFE'S PANORAMA.

Male Chinese quails are being imported into California, it is said, for fighting purposes.

One of the scholars in a country school at Grayson, Ky., is a justice of the peace, aged forty-four years.

Minnesota furnished 18,554 three years' men during the war, and she now has 10,873 men on the pension roll.

A boy of twelve, in New York, has acquired Swedish, German and Italian by escorting immigrants to their trains.

There is said to be in the lunatic asylum at Milledgeville, Ga., a man fifty-two years old, who weighs 52 pounds, measures 36 inches in height and is perfectly developed.

A diary begun more than three centuries ago by the Hozaka family of Japan, has been kept up continuously by the heads of the families to whose charge it was committed until the volumes now fill eight large chests.

The Congregationalists think that a good many people might learn something from a Wellesley teacher who recently said: "I want to resign when people will say, 'What shall we do without her?' and not when they are saying, 'How can we get rid of her?'"

About 1887 a horseshoe was found under the ice of the glacier Theodul in Switzerland, which led geologists to the idea that this pass, 3,322 meters high, was formerly not imbedded in ice. This has been further confirmed by a recent find of coins bearing the likenesses of Augustus and Diocletian.

It seems that there is really a whistling language. A French traveler has written a work on the subject which has been occupying the attention of the Paris academy of sciences. It is on the Canary Islands that people whistle instead of speaking when they hold converse with each other.

A meteor which fell in Alabama recently ploughed up a furrow about as large as a flour barrel and three or four feet deep, then bounded and struck a large pine tree six feet from the ground, shivering the tree. It then exploded, scattering its fragments in every direction, cutting down small growth and tearing up the ground.

One day lately a neatly dressed, respectable-looking man appeared on the streets of Philadelphia with a pasteboard placard on his hat, on which were the words: "I have tried every means to get work. Will somebody please give me a situation?" Pretty soon a kind hearted Quaker gentleman noticed him and got him a situation.

## SNIPPED SCRAPS.

The first matches were pieces of wood about six inches long tipped with sulphur. They caught fire easily from a piece of flint.

A man in Harrisburg, Pa., claims to have invented an underground system for propelling street cars, which is really the trolley system reverse.

A man in Prospect, Me., has a rooster that is as good as any barometer. When a storm is approaching the rooster crows during the entire preceding night.

A resident of Thomaston, Ga., has a dining table that has been in the family for 130 years, and upon which his great-grandmother's wedding dinner was set.

Chloride of nitrogen is the most wonderful as well as the most powerful explosive known. For seventy-seven years, from 1811 to 1888, the secret of the composition of this terrible explosive was a mystery.

Mr. Gilman, formerly American counsel in Jerusalem, avers that the city is now growing toward the northwest, just as was predicted by the prophets Jeremiah and Zachariah. He says there are now over 25,000 Jews in Jerusalem.

The curator of the Colombo museum has discovered that carbolized oil is one of the most perfect preservatives of the colors of fish and other animal specimens. The most delicate frogs, snakes and geckos retain their evanescent tints when kept in it.

## AN ORDINANCE.

CHICAGO AND EDISON PARK ELECTRIC STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

## VILLAGE OF DESPLAINES.

An Ordinance Granting Certain Rights and Privileges to the Chicago and Edison Park Electric Street Railway Company.

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Village of DesPlaines, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois:

Sec. 1. That, in consideration of the acceptance hereof, and the undertaking by the Chicago and Edison Park Electric Light Company to comply with the provisions of this ordinance, authority and consent are hereby granted unto said company, its successors and assigns, to construct, lay down, operate and maintain a single track railway with all convenient and necessary side tracks, turn outs and switches, for the term of twenty (20) years from the passage hereof, upon and along the street hereinafter mentioned. Commencing on DesPlaines avenue or the River road at the south line of the Village of DesPlaines; thence northwesterly along said DesPlaines avenue or River road to the intersection of the tracks of Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company with said DesPlaines avenue or River road.

Sec. 2. Said track shall be laid on said DesPlaines avenue or River road for the whole length of line called for in this ordinance, within thirty-six (36) months from the time of the acceptance of this ordinance.

Sec. 3. Immediately upon the laying of the track as provided in Section two (2), passenger cars shall run upon said street for the accommodation of the public and shall make the minimum of six (6) trips the entire length of the line each way daily unless prevented by strikes, riots or the action of the elements.

Sec. 4. The track or tracks of said railway shall not at any time be elevated above the surface of the street, the top of the rails not to be above the grade of the street as it is or may be established and shall be laid with modern improved rails, and so laid that carriages and other vehicles can easily and freely cross said track or tracks at any and all points without obstruction; said railway tracks to occupy the eight feet commencing 2 feet from the east of the center line of said street, and on the east side of said street.

Sec. 5. Said Railway company, when laying its tracks, shall grade and macadamize the eight (8) feet of said street and shall hereafter keep the same in such manner as may be decided by said Board of Trustees. Provided, that if the said Board of Trustees shall order the foregoing street improved by paving before said company shall have laid its tracks, it shall proceed immediately to lay its tracks on such portion so to be improved and shall pave the eight (8) feet commencing two feet from the centerline thereof to conform to the paving so by the Board of Trustees ordered.

Sec. 6. Such railway may be operated by horse power, or electric or chemical motors, by compressed air, or by cables moved by stationary engine or engines not located upon the streets or on the tracks of the village, or by any other approved motive power for street railways.

Sec. 7. The rate of fare for each passenger shall not exceed the sum of Ten (10) cents for any continuous travel of one trip, provided that children under five (5) years of age, accompanied by an adult person, shall ride free of charge.

Sec. 8. The said Chicago & Edison Park Electric Railway company shall pay all damages to the owners of the property abutting on said part or parts of street upon or over which its road may be constructed, which said owners may sustain by reason of the construction or the location of said road and shall hold and save harmless the said village from any and all costs, charges, expenses, and damages resulting from its negligence or the negligence of its servants in exercising or attempting to exercise any rights under this ordinance given and from the construction or the location of property by reason of the passage of this ordinance, holding and keeping the said village as good financially as if this ordinance had never been passed.

Sec. 9. The said company shall, whenever ordered by the said board of trustees to build at its own expense, lay its tracks such culverts as the board may order, provided this section shall not be held to obligate said company to build any sewer or sewers under or along side its tracks.

Sec. 10. The said Chicago and Edison Park Electric Street Railway company shall do the work of laying its tracks, grading, macadamizing or paving the part of said street herein before provided and building any required culverts under the direction of and in the manner approved by the said board of trustees.

Sec. 11. The said railway company shall, before commencing any work upon the streets under this ordinance, file with the Village Clerk its bond in the penal sum of Twenty Thousand (\$20,000) Dollars with sureties approved by the board, conditioned that it will hold the said Village harmless on account of any injury or injuries occurring to any one during the construction of said tracks or culverts or on account of the acts or negligence of the said company under this ordinance.

Sec. 12. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Provided, that if the said Chicago and Edison Park Electric Street Railway company shall not file with the Village Clerk of said village within thirty (30) days from the passage of this ordinance, its written acceptance thereof, together with its bond in the penal sum of Twenty Thousand (\$20,000) Dollars with two or more sureties to be approved by the said Board of Trustees, conditioned that the said company shall hold the said village harmless on account of any claims for damages arising from the passage of this ordinance as well as from the constructing, maintaining and operating of its said road, then this ordinance shall be void and of no effect.

Passed this 9th day of March, 1892. Approved this 9th day of March, 1892. Published this 19th day of March, 1892.

AUGUST MOLDENHAUER, President of Board of Trustees of the Village of DesPlaines.

Attest: THOMAS KEATES, Village Clerk.

## ANNUAL TOWN MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, TO THE legal voters and electors of the Town of Maine, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, that the annual Town meeting for said Town will be held at Scharringhaus hall in said Town on Tuesday, the 5th day of April next, being the first Tuesday in said month, for the purposes following, to-wit:

First.—To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.

Second.—To elect one Supervisor, one Town Clerk, one Assessor, one Collector, one Commissioner of Highways, and as many Pound Masters as the electors may determine, and one Township Trustee of Schools. Voters of the Second precinct will vote at their usual polling place in Park Ridge.

And to act upon any additional subjects which may, in pursuance of law, come before said meeting when convened.

Which meeting will be called to order at the hour of seven o'clock in the forenoon, and kept open until five o'clock in the afternoon.

Given under my hand, at De-plaines, this 16th day of March, A. D. 1892.

THOMAS KEATES, Town Clerk.

## SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

A New York Judge cut down an attorney's fee from \$9,000 to \$3,500.

Poor persons are supplied with spectacles free of charge by a Boston society.

It is estimated that Europe is \$1,000,000 poorer every year by her system of armed peace.

An enterprising physician in California advertises: "I will pay half of the funeral expenses in cases where I am not successful."

In England when the government resigns an appeal is made to the people in France the cabinet merely undergoes a rearrangement.

A Fresno, Cal., man has obtained a divorce because his wife was in the habit of mixing dough without first washing her hands.

Ebony is said to be so abundant in some parts of Tamaulipas, Mexico, that it is used as firewood by the people, and the Monterey & Mexican Gulf railway uses it for fuel.

A man in San Francisco took a shot at another with a revolver in that city one day lately and the latter's life was saved through the bullet striking a button on his coat just over his heart.

Several young women in the South Jersey town of South Seaville have a wood-sawing club which has raised \$23 this winter for church purposes by reducing cord wood to kindling sizes at \$1 a cord.

The bell that will ring the hours from the steeple of the college church at Notre Dame, Ind., is the largest on the continent. Eight men can easily stand erect within it, and its tones can be distinctly heard a distance of twelve miles.

The California pioneer now having the best claim to long residence on the Pacific coast and old age is believed to be Alfred, or Don Alfredo, Robinson, who went out from Boston in July, 1828. He was one of the protectors of Richard Henry Dana while serving his "two years before the mast." In 1848 he entered the service of the Pacific Mail company, and the following year erected in San Francisco a wooden house, which cost \$500 in New York, and sold for \$10,000.

A romantic marriage has taken place in Montgomery county, N. C. A young man obtained the license, secured the preacher, took him immediately to the presence of his intended. He found her in the kitchen making up dough. The young fellow did not give her time to clean her hands and arms but had the preacher tie the knot at once. In Birmingham, England, there recently died a detective named Black who had in his life discovered over 3,000 criminals, and at a race near Rugby he once arrested eight pickpockets in thirty-five minutes.

## SMALL SHOT.

A man in a bank can make big mistakes, if he takes enough time at it.—Pica-yune.

The ability of the gas company to make both ends meet depends on the meter.—Chicago Times.

When you need a friend don't pick out the man whose dog never wants to follow him.—Ram's Horn.

"Are these eggs fresh, sir?" "No, madame," replied the grocer's boy, "them's theater eggs."—Elmira Gazette.

The more worthless a man is when he leaves a town, the greater probability that he will come back.—Atchison Globe.

If there is any danger lurking in the cigarette, the user thereof would naturally like to be permitted to smoke it out.—Philadelphia Times.

Boiling the water at present furnished by the city is likely to make the person doing so liable to prosecution for cruelty to animals.—Chicago Times.

Closest, Sr.—"When I was your age I wasn't a mule, as you seem to be." Closest, Jr.—"Evidently not: the father of a mule usually isn't."—New York Herald.

Mr. Flame (rejected)—"And am I to consider your 'no' positive and irrevocable?" Miss Icicle—"Well, I don't know. Try me next summer and see."—Harper's Bazar.

A street railway company in St. Paul has been sued for \$30,000 on a charge of slander. Next some company will be charged with highway robbery for standing up its passengers.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## THE BEST LAUNDRY WORK

In the city is done by the

MUTUAL LAUNDRY CO.,

Main Office:

133 1/2 N. CLARK STREET.

Our prices are not controlled by the Laundrymen's Association. Shirts, 5c; Cuffs, per pair, 2c; Underwear, 1c; Collars, 2c. 10 per cent discount for first 30 days.

L. FORSCHLER, Agent

BARBER SHOP, DES PLAINES.

Curtis & Meyer

DES PLAINES, ILL.,

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise,

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes. 1-1y

"White Lily" Flour, per bb. \$5.50

Little Crow Capital 5.00

2nd-Grade Minn. 4.25

Best Rye 3.75

4.00

## A Great Failure.

The London Fine Tailor-made Clothing Parlor of New York City, who have for many years been famous for handling the finest line of Tailor-made garments of any house in the East (their stock comprising exclusively the production of the most artistic merchant tailors), were closed by the sheriff and their entire stock was sold at auction to satisfy the claims of the creditors. Among the greatest purchasers at this sale was a representative of the firm of J. S. Mossler & Bro., proprietors of the Misfit Clothing Parlor, 121 Monroe street. They have these goods now on the counters of their parlor and present the grandest fine-made clothing that Chicago has ever witnessed, and are sold by them at one-third of what they were originally made for.

Chinchilla Overcoats and Ulsters, originally made for \$30 and \$35, shall be sold from \$10 to \$15. English Corduroy, Melton and Kersey Overcoats, in light, medium and heavy weights, with silk and Italian cloth linings, made originally for \$40 and \$45, will be sold for \$15.00. Also a few extra fine Overcoats, made for \$50 to \$75, we will sell for \$20. Tailor-made Suits of the best imported and domestic fabrics, comprising Clay and Martin Diagonals and Silk Finished Cassimeres, and made in the latest styles of Suits, Catwags and Trince Alberts made to order originally for \$30, \$35, \$40 and upwards, as high as \$65, will be sacrificed during this sale for \$10, \$12, \$15 and upwards to \$22. Pantalons in exquisite styles and patterns from \$3 to \$5, made to order for \$7 to \$15. Don't miss this sale, as you will never again get a similar opportunity. Go early and get first choice at the Mossler's Misfit Clothing Parlor, 121 Monroe. Established ten years.

PARK THEATRE

STATE STREET, (Near Harrison.)

VARIETY.

BURLESQUE.

FARCE COMEDY.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

Matinee Every Day.

10 cts ADMISSION 10 cts.

MOXIE

THE BEST SPRING REMEDY BLOOD AND LIVER PURIFIER TAKES THE PLACE OF MEDICINES

F. A. Cheney writes: Four years ago was an invalid from enlargement of the liver. Tried medicine to no purpose. Commenced to drink Moxie and it cured me, so I am able to do hard work with ease. Respectfully, F. A. CHENEY, 34 Wicland St., Chicago.

MOXIE CURES PILES

Another man writes this: For two years have been afflicted with piles. Tried the best doctors without being cured. As a last resort tried Moxie and am now completely cured. Respectfully, LOUIS GLUNS, S. E. Cor. Wells & Division Sts., Chicago.

BETTER THAN MEDICINE

D. S. Baldwin, Esq., 221 Euclid Ave., Oak Park, Chicago, says: An aged friend, completely exhausted, mentally and physically, suffering from indigestion, loss of assimilation, appetite and sleep, with a strong tendency to paralysis, with no expectation of living, having exhausted medical skill, Moxie cured and saved her life.

The following is from one of our best Chicago institutions, St. Mary's Seminary for Girls: We have found your "Moxie" an excellent restorative to the weak and debilitated, and for the benefit of those who read this we wish to express this fact. Respectfully, SERVITE SISTERS.

Many keep only bogus with some other name. The genuine always has the name "Moxie" and directions for taking on the bottle and label.

MOXIE

33 NORTH STATE ST.

Western Stove Repair and Tool Co.,

DEALERS IN

Stove Repairs, Tools

—AND—

HARDWARE,

1171 MILWAUKEE AV

All Kinds of

Stoves, Wringers and Lawn Mowers Repaired

AL BRABETS, Manager

Miss Lillie Ruud,

TEACHER OF

PIANO.

1142 Milwaukee Ave.

Graduate as Teacher of the Chicago Musical College, under Prof. Aug. Hyllested.

Instructions given at reasonable rates, either at home or residence of pupil.

PENSIONS

THE DISABILITY BILL IS A LAW.

Soldiers Disabled Since the War are Entitled Dependent widows and parents now dependent whose sons died from effects of army service are included. If you wish your claim speedily and successfully presented, address

JAMES TANNER, Late Commissioner Pensions, Washington, D.C.

WEAK, NERVOUS MEN.

YOU who have been humbugged by the "Electric Belts," "Fellow Sufferers," "Bolin's," "Crayon's," "Troches," "Vacuum," "Free Cure Quacks," and who have found yourself growing older and worse; who have given up in despair, saying, "I am doomed, there is no hope for me!" to get



It is said that it is reasonable to expect a headache when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are taken in fifteen minutes! It costs only fifty cents a bottle.

A mountain of onyx is reported to have been discovered in Mexico, not far from El Paso.

## "August Flower"

I have been troubled with dyspepsia, but after a fair trial of August Flower, am freed from the vexatious trouble—J. B. Young, Daughters College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I had headache one year steady. One bottle of August Flower cured me. It was positively worth one hundred dollars to me—J. W. Smith, P. M. and Gen. Merchant, Townsend, Ont. I have used it myself for constipation and dyspepsia and it cured me. It is the best seller I ever handled—C. Rugh, Druggist, Mechanicsburg, Pa.


### "A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills."

Thousands of women have been benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice, and cured by her remedies after all other treatment had failed. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is more successful in curing female complaints than any remedy the world has ever known, including Leucorrhoea, the various Womb and Uterus Troubles, Backache, and is invaluable to the Change of Life.

For Kidney Complaints the compound is unequalled.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of \$1.00. Large Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

**DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT**



**Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.**

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

**Disordered Liver.**

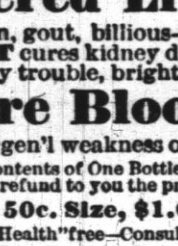
Impaired digestion, gout, biliousness, headache, constipation, indigestion, nervousness, depression, La Grippe, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

**Impure Blood.**

Scrofula, malaria, general weakness or debility. Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggist will refund to you the price paid. At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

**"MOTHERS' FRIEND"**

To Young Mothers



**Makes Child Birth Easy. Shortens Labor, Lessens Pain.**

Endorsed by the Leading Physicians. Book to "Mothers' Friend" FREE. BRADFIELD'S REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

**ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM**

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell.

**TRY THE CURE HAY-FEVER**

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren Street, New York.

**ELY'S CATARRH CURE**

THE CURE FOR CATARRH GOLD IN HEAD

HAY FEVER

ELY'S CATARRH CURE

50c

**GARFIELD TEA**

Over 100,000,000 bottles of this tea have been sold. It is a perfect image of the dog and from smoking the meerschaum has acquired a brownish red color which is exactly the color of the dog.

**WANTED! MEN TO TRAVEL.**

We pay \$50 to \$100 a month and expenses. STONE & WELLINGTON, Madison, Wis.

**D. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP**

THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY. PRICE 50c.

## CUSTOMS OF TIBET.

### MR. BONVALOT UNRAVELS LIFE IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Polyandry Flourishes Among the Paupers as Does Polygamy With the Princes—Women Who Have a Plurality of Husbands.

A little northeast of Lhasa, among the mountains that cover that part of the great plateau of Tibet, the explorer Bonvalot found a large population. It is in these valleys that some of the rivers of India have their headwaters. This region is peculiar as the part of Tibet where polyandry is the custom, and this feature of social life has given Tibet some notoriety, because there are very few parts of the world in which polyandry is practiced. Bonvalot thus describes the custom as it exists in Tibet.

A family has a daughter. A young man wishes to enter the family, to live under its roof, and become the husband of the daughter. He consults with the parents, and if they arrive at an agreement with regard to the amount of property he is to turn over to them, he takes up his abode in the hut and becomes the husband of the daughter. It may be that there are other young men desirous of partaking of the same good fortune. They are not at all deterred by the fact that the girl is already provided with a husband. They present themselves at the hut, make offers of certain property, and, unless the first husband has paid what is regarded in Tibet as a very large sum in order to secure the young woman as his exclusive possession, she becomes likewise the wife of these other claimants for her hand, and the whole family live together in the same hut and in the utmost harmony.

It rarely happens that a young man thinks so much of the girl he weds in this peculiar fashion as to be jealous of others who also desire to be her husband. Now and then, however, such a case arises, and then there is likely to be bloodshed. He is a happy young man who is wealthy enough to become the sole lord and master of his wife. It is a question entirely of money. If the young Tibetan is rich enough he buys a wife and remains the only master of the household. Sometimes, also, the husband acquires sufficient property to buy out the interests of the other husbands and then they retire from the field. They are generally content if they receive back a little more money than they paid for their interest in the young woman. The children are always regarded as belonging to the woman, and the fathers lay no claims upon them.

Polyandry is not established by law, but it is a custom which probably arose at some time when the female population was less numerous than the male, and it has been continued largely on account of the poverty of the people. Polygamy is practiced as well as polyandry.



MORE THAN ONE HUSBAND APPEARS.

dry. While the poorest men have only a fractional interest in one wife, the rich men of the community have several wives. The chiefs have as many as they can buy. Financial considerations, therefore, have all to do with questions of matrimony.

### SOME FANCY PIPES.

They Are Owned By a New York Sportsman.

N. C. Barney, a retired New York banker, has an interesting collection of pipes. One of them represents the trunk of an old tree, around which are grouped a party of sporting gentlemen with their gun and dogs, enjoying a hunter's meal. One of the members of the party is cleverly shown to be cutting with his jackknife the name N. C. Barney on the trunk of the tree—to commemorate, no doubt, the occasion. Each figure is a correct likeness of an individual member of the party. The owner's name is also carved on each of the game-bags and the delicate network around the game-bags is true to nature. In this collection are also a few pipes that came from Alaska. They were made of walrus tusks by the Eskimoes. Another remarkable piece is a cigar holder on which is carved a Gordon setter, a favorite dog belonging to the owner. It is a perfect image of the dog and from smoking the meerschaum has acquired a brownish red color which is exactly the color of the dog.

### A Step Backward.

A French officer has perfected a rifle which will throw a stream of vitrol a distance of, say, 100 feet, and has submitted it to the war office. He apologizes for the savagery of his proposition by saying that it should be used only against savages, but the people who would use such a weapon against any enemy are themselves the savages against whom it should be turned when they lift it.

## A Saratoga Co. Miracle

HELPLESS FOR YEARS AND EXCLUDED FROM HOSPITALS AS INCURABLE.

The Remarkable Experience of Chas. Quant as Investigated by an Albany (N. Y.) Journal Reporter—A Story of Surpassing Interest.



Albany, N. Y. Journal, March 4th. SARATOGA, March 4.—For some time past there have been reports here and elsewhere in Saratoga county of a most remarkable—indeed, so remarkable as to be miraculous—cure of a most severe case of locomotor ataxia, or creeping paralysis, simply by the use of a popular remedy known as "Pink Pills for Pale People," prepared and put up by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Morristown, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont. The story was to the effect that Mr. Charles A. Quant, of Galway, who for the last six or eight years has been a great sufferer from creeping paralysis and its attendant ills, and who had become utterly powerless of all self-help, had, by the use of a few boxes of the Pink Pills for Pale People, been so fully restored to health as to be able to walk about the street without the aid of crutches. The fame of this wonderful, miraculous cure was so great that the *Evening Journal* reporter thought it worth his while to go to Galway to call on Mr. Quant, to learn from his lips, and from the observation and testimony of his neighbors, if his alleged cure was a fact or only an unfounded rumor. And so he drove to Galway and spent a day and a night there in visiting Mr. Quant, getting his story and interviewing his neighbors and fellow-townsmen. It may be proper to say that Galway is a pretty little village of about 400 people, delightfully located near the center of the town of Galway, in Saratoga county, and about seventeen miles from Saratoga Springs. Upon inquiry, the residence of Mr. Charles A. Quant was easily found, for everybody seemed to know him, speak well of him and to be overflowing with surprise and satisfaction at his wonderful cure and restoration to the activities of enterprising citizenship. Mr. Quant was found at his pretty home, on a pleasant street nearly opposite the academy. In response to a knock at the door it was opened by a man who, in reply to an inquiry if Mr. Quant lived there and was at home, said: "I am Mr. Quant. Will you come in?" After a little general and preliminary conversation, and after he had been apprised of the object for which the *Journal* reporter had called upon him, he, at request, told the story of himself and of his sickness and terrible sufferings, and of the ineffectual treatment he had had, and of his final cure by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and cheerfully gave assent to its use for publication. He said: "My name is Charles A. Quant. I am 37 years old. I was born in the village of Galway, and, excepting while traveling on business and a little while in Amsterdam, have spent my whole life here. My wife is a native of Ontario. Up to about eight years ago I never had been sick, and was then in perfect health. I was fully six feet tall, weighed 180 pounds, and was very strong. For 12 years I was a traveling salesman for a piano and organ company and had to do, or at least did a great deal of heavy lifting, got my meals very irregularly and slept in enough spare beds in country houses to freeze any ordinary man to death, or at least give him the rheumatism. About eight years ago I began to feel distress in my stomach, and consulted several doctors about it. They all said it was dyspepsia, and for dyspepsia I was treated by various doctors in different places, and took all the patent medicines I could hear of that claimed to be a cure for dyspepsia. But I continued to grow gradually worse for four years. Then I began to have pain in my back and legs and became conscious that my legs were getting weak and my step unsteady, and then I staggered when I walked. Having received no benefit from the use of patent medicines, and feeling that I was constantly growing worse, I then, upon advice, began the use of electric belts, pads and all the many different kinds of electric appliances I could hear of, and spent hundreds of dollars for them, but they did me no good. (Here Mr. Quant showed the *Journal* reporter an electric suit of underwear for which he paid \$124.) In the fall of 1888 the doctors advised a change of climate, so I went to Atlanta, Ga., and acted as agent for the Estey Organ company. While there I took a thorough electric treatment, but it only seemed to aggravate my disease, and the only relief I could get from the sharp and distressing pains was to take morphine. The pain was so intense at times that it seemed as though I could not stand it, and I almost longed for death as the only certain relief. In September of 1888 my legs gave out entirely and my left eye was drawn to one side, so that I had double sight and was dizzy. My trouble so effected my whole nervous system that I had to give up business. Then I returned to New York and went to the Roosevelt hospital, where for four months I was treated by specialists, and they pronounced my case locomotor ataxia and incurable. After I had been under treatment by Prof. Starr and Dr. Ware for four months, they told me they had done all they could for me. Then I went to the New York hospital on Fifteenth street, where, upon examination, they said I was incurable and would not take me in. At the Presbyterian hospital they examined me and told me the same thing. In March, 1890, I was taken to St. Peter's hospital in Albany, where Prof. H. H. Hun frankly told my wife my case was hopeless; that he could do nothing for me and that she had better take me back home and save my money. But I wanted to make a trial of Prof. Hun's famous skill and I remained under his treatment, for, nine weeks, but secured no benefit. All this time I had been growing worse. I had become entirely paralyzed from my waist down and had partly lost control of my hands. The pain was terrible, my legs felt as though they were

### QUEER OPERATION.

The Broken Rib of a Horse Successfully Set in Rhode Island.

Four or five months ago one of the hostlers employed at the stable of Charles D. Nichols of Pawtucket, R. I., noticed that one of the handsome pair of cream geldings acted a little lame. A superficial examination of the shoulder resulted in not finding any cause for lameness. The next morning when the animal was taken out to be curried there was a swelling back of the shoulder, and a veterinary surgeon was consulted. It appeared to him like rheumatism, and with instructions to see if it could not be sweated out, he left, saying he would call the next day. The sweating process did not meet the desired results, and a thorough examination revealed the fact that the fifth rib was broken off very close to the backbone. The rib was set, and since that time the animal has done no work. The result of this piece of bone-setting has been watched with no small amount of interest by all veterinary surgeons hereabouts who have become acquainted with the peculiar circumstances of the case. How the rib was broken is yet a mystery, and it probably will remain so. The result of the operation was successful, and the animal is again all right.

### A Ball Room Check-Book.

The very latest fancy in the line of ball programs is a miniature check-book. Women carry them, tear out a leaf for every waltz, polka, etc., enter the name on their stubs in quite the form of a business transaction, and are expected to honor the engagement when they are presented. Only second to this in novelty and popularity is the glove garter, used to keep the long evening gloves in place on the arm. It is not elastic, but made of velvet ribbon the shade of the glove and fastened with a jewel buckle or clasp.

### A Girl at Seventy.

Mary A. Livermore, who has recently passed her 70th birthday, attended not long ago a little gathering of people where Drs. Holmes and Whittier were present. The conversation turned upon ages, and the two great poets having confessed to their 80 birthdays Mrs. Livermore announced her approaching 70th, when Mr. Whittier replied: "Get thee along, get thee along, thou art but a giddy girl."

### Brightest Spot on Earth.

Persons intending to take a journey in search of sunshine without going beyond the British islands must direct their steps to Jersey. It appears from the observations of the sunshine recorded for ten years that that little islet is the brightest spot within the limits of the four seas. Falmouth is the next and there are several stations on the south coast almost equally well off. It is hardly necessary to name the place which carries off the palm for sunlessness. In the city of London there was no registered sunshine at all in December, 1884; in January, 1885, or December, 1890. Seven years ago, therefore, London was without sunshine for two consecutive months.

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HELPLESS FOR YEARS AND EXCLUDED FROM HOSPITALS AS INCURABLE.

The Remarkable Experience of Chas. Quant as Investigated by an Albany (N. Y.) Journal Reporter—A Story of Surpassing Interest.

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Mr. Quant was found at his pretty home, on a pleasant street nearly opposite the academy. In response to a knock at the door it was opened by a man who, in reply to an inquiry if Mr. Quant lived there and was at home, said: "I am Mr. Quant. Will you come in?" After a little general and preliminary conversation, and after he had been apprised of the object for which the *Journal* reporter had called upon him, he, at request, told the story of himself and of his sickness and terrible sufferings, and of the ineffectual treatment he had had, and of his final cure by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and cheerfully gave assent to its use for publication. He said: "My name is Charles A. Quant. I am 37 years old. I was born in the village of Galway, and, excepting while traveling on business and a little while in Amsterdam, have spent my whole life here. My wife is a native of Ontario. Up to about eight years ago I never had been sick, and was then in perfect health. I was fully six feet tall, weighed 180 pounds, and was very strong. For 12 years I was a traveling salesman for a piano and organ company and had to do, or at least did a great deal of heavy lifting, got my meals very irregularly and slept in enough spare beds in country houses to freeze any ordinary man to death, or at least give him the rheumatism. About eight years ago I began to feel distress in my stomach, and consulted several doctors about it. They all said it was dyspepsia, and for dyspepsia I was treated by various doctors in different places, and took all the patent medicines I could hear of that claimed to be a cure for dyspepsia. But I continued to grow gradually worse for four years. Then I began to have pain in my back and legs and became conscious that my legs were getting weak and my step unsteady, and then I staggered when I walked. 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prezzing and my stomach would not retain food, and I fell away to 124 pounds. In the Albany hospital they put 17 red burns on my back one day with red hot irons and after a few days they put 14 more burns on and treated me with electricity, but I got worse rather than better; lost control of my bowels and water, and upon advice of the doctor, who said there was no hope for me, I was brought home, where it was thought that death would soon come to relieve me of my sufferings. Last September, while in this helpless and suffering condition, a friend of mine in Hamilton, Ont., called my attention to the statement of one John Marshall, whose case had been similar to my own, and who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. In this case Mr. Marshall, who is a prominent member of the Royal Templars of Temperance, had, after four years of constant treatment by the most eminent Canadian physicians, been pronounced incurable, and was paid the \$1,000 total disability claim allowed by the order in such cases. Some months after Mr. Marshall began a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and after taking some fifteen boxes was fully restored to health. I thought I would try them and my wife sent for two boxes of the pills and I took them according to the directions given on the wrapper on each box. For the first few days the cold baths were pretty severe, as I was so very weak, but I continued to follow instructions as to taking the pills and treatment, and even before I had used up the two boxes of pills I began to feel beneficial effects from them. My pains were not so bad; I felt warmer; my head felt better; my food began to relish and agree with me; I could straighten up; the feeling began to come back into my limbs; I began to be able to get about on crutches; my eye came back again as good as ever, and now, after the use of eight boxes of the pills—at a cost of only \$4.00—see! I can—with the help of a cane only, walk all about the house and yard, can saw wood, and on pleasant days I can walk down town. My stomach trouble is gone; I have gained 10 pounds; I feel like a new man, and when the spring opens I expect to be able to renew my organ and piano agency. I cannot speak in too high terms of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, as I know they saved my life after all the doctors had given me up as incurable.

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## A Saratoga Co. Miracle

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## SHORT-HAND CLASS.

The Pitman System in twelve easy lessons. Membership \$2.00. Every member receives twelve individual lessons by mail from Prof. Eldon Moran, the Class Conductor. Remittance should be made to Secretary University Extension, Box 322, St. Louis, Mo.

### The Fifth Lesson.

When the reporter writes with a pen,



Look out for counterfeits! See that you get the genuine Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup! Do not let the dealer sell you some "just as good," but insist upon getting the genuine with the Bull's Head trade mark on the wrapper.

Berthas, frills and sleeves of lace are the novelties for fall-dress gowns. When the berthas are very deep they are called the Anne of Austria berthas and are usually raised on the shoulders or have some sort of garniture forming epaulettes.

"Be happy and content!" You need not suffer any longer from pain brought on by gout or rheumatism, for all these ailments are now easily cured by Salivation Oil. It costs only 25 cents.

One of the spring novelties in crepon is woven to resemble fine tucking with bands of moire ribbon between the tucks.

**The New Route to Colorado.**  
First-class sleeping cars—electric lighted—run daily between Chicago, Omaha, Lincoln and Denver, via the Short Line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway—Chicago to Omaha—and the Burlington route—Omaha to Lincoln and Denver. Leave Chicago 6 p. m., arrive Omaha next morning, Denver second morning for breakfast, face and hands washed, ready for business or pleasure. Time and money saved. All coupon ticket agents in the United States and Canada sell tickets via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, or address George H. Headford, general passenger and ticket agent, Rand-McNally building, Chicago, Ill.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish the particulars of a remarkable cure that fairly outwits the celebrated case of John Marshall of Hamilton, which created such a sensation throughout the country. The particulars of the case are vouched for by the Albany Evening Journal, recognized as the leading newspaper at the New York State capital, and one of the leading papers of the United States. There is, therefore, no room to doubt that this particular case is accurately and carefully set forth, in every respect true, and must therefore prove of the deepest interest to our readers, we therefore commend the article to their careful perusal.

Shot silk and wool and moired goods come in all the pretty new spring-color schemes and promise to be very popular. Some of the color combinations of these goods are brown shot with gold, gray with blue, green with gold or silver and wine with black.

**Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.**  
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten times as great as any possible benefit from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co.

The soft, shaggy bourettes, chevrons and other rough fabrics are made up without trimming, with plain, reversed hems and stitched edges. They have close princess coats with full sleeves, sizable pocket clasps and are closed with pearl buttons.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

It is interesting to learn from a scientist who likes to delve into the minute that a quart of milk may contain as many as 600,000,000 bacteria.

**FITS.**—Epilepsy permanently cured by new system of treatment. TWO TRIAL BOTTLES FREE. Send for Treatise. Epileptic Remedy Co., 45 Broad St., New York.

A blacksmith's tools of the present day are almost identical with those used in the same trade over three hundred years ago.

**Learn shorthand by mail and get good position.** Write Chaffee's College, Oswego, N. Y.

There are 10,000 Chinese shoemakers in California.

**Every Young Man and Woman may secure a good start in business by taking a full business course by mail.** Bryant's College, Buffalo, N. Y.

During the past four months more than \$7,000,000 in gold has been brought to the United States from Australia.

**Borach,** Chicago's Scientific Optician Spectacles and Eye Glasses a specialty. Consult us about your eyes, improve your sight. 108 Adams St., opp. P. O.

The oldest liquor in any New York club cellar is supposed to be some Sayillac brandy of the vintage of 1803 at the Union club.

**FITS.**—All Fits stopped free by DR. KESSE'S GREAT Nerve Restorer. No pain after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free. Fits cured. Send to Dr. Kline, 381 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

**John Carney,** a Kanawha farmer, recently plowed up a gold ring which his daughter had lost seven years previous.

"Hansen's Magic Corn Salve." Warranted to cure corns money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Eagles measuring from 7 to 12 feet from tip to tip are common in the neighborhood of Albany, Oregon.

**ST. JACOBS OIL CURES SCIATICA Back Aches Neuralgia IT HAS NO EQUAL.**

**BUGGIES CARTS AND PRICES**

## FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

### CARELESS HANDLING OF HOME-MADE FERTILIZER.

**How It May Be Made Rich and Concentrated—Using Salt for Potatoes—Horticultural Notes and Household Hints.**

#### Home-Made Fertilizer.

Having read of the wonderful results from the use of chemical fertilizers, it is no wonder that farmers are so careless of the home-made product, when they should use all possible care in saving the same from waste. Experiments of many kinds have fully convinced me that it is folly to allow stable manure to be exposed to the elements of the weather without proper protection from drenching rains which will wash out valuable plant foods, which are important as a whole. The following plan is the one I have found best to make rich, concentrated, home-made fertilizer: Feed rich food, consisting of mixed hay, bran, oats, linseed and cotton-seed meal, with a small allowance of corn meal, with oat straw as bedding, and absorbents for the liquids; plaster, coal ashes and pine sawdust and the small part of tobacco stems. The covered stable manure is each day sprinkled with ground alum, salt and phosphate plaster, with the addition of one barrel of horse-hoof parings mixed with the pile each week well salted before mixing.

The manure made from this rich feeding would heat to a dangerous extent under the covered yard in which it is kept, but the heat is controlled by using salt in a good, large dose; a little salt would increase the heat to a dangerous extent; this salt is used also to act on the phosphate plaster to make soluble the 8 per cent of phosphoric acid it contains. This concentrated, home-made fertilizer is extra rich in nitrogen, phosphoric acid, potash, sulphate of lime, magnesia, chloride of sodium, and a complete saving of ammonia by the use of plaster and phosphate plaster, which is a waste product made up of sulphate of lime, phosphoric acid and sulphuric acid, and the best ammonia trap in existence. The tobacco stems are extra rich in potash. This concentrated home-made fertilizer is kept from all rains until ready for use, and would increase the production of any crop with proper cultivation. In the manufacture of home-made fertilizers, farmers should endeavor to add materials which contain some valuable chemical properties. Earth taken from cultivated fields and mixed with ordinary stable or barn-yard manure, is a useless waste of time and labor. Leaves from the woods, with the addition of the mold of the woods, would make a valuable addition, but, if used in large quantity, but one element of fertility would be added, and it would not make a complete manure; but if lime and salt were added to the compost of leaves and mold, they would improve it, and add some further elements of fertility; but no lime, except a sulphate, should be used in any fermenting stable manure. This compost would be rich if kept some time, turned over several times and kept under cover. It would contain a large per cent of nitrate of potash—containing nitrogen and potash—and with the purchase of a limited amount of South Carolina floats to be added to the leaves and mold, would make a complete manure. The salt would help to make soluble the phosphoric acid contained in the S. C. floats. The use of liquid manure in composting with earth and other rubbish, is frequently a loss of time, labor and the value of same, unless you can use a certain amount of plaster of some other chemical, to hold the ammonia of the liquid portion, and then be sure to keep under cover, to prevent the very loss which the chemicals were used for. It will have its full strength and be of the best quality when ready for use, and improve greatly with age.

A valuable, home-made, concentrated fertilizer could be made on every farm, says the Practical Farmer, with a little care and attention. With the addition of dry earth, ashes and plaster, added to a home-made earth closet, and the handling of same would prove less offensive than any other fertilizer on the farm. The time is coming, and not far distant when this waste of the farm will add considerable fertility to the land, and also to the health of the public.

**Salt for Potatoes.**  
At a farmers' meeting recently held in Ireland, a practical potato raiser speaking on the subject of the diseases of potatoes said: "We have often been led to inquire whether the growth of turnips has any connection with potato disease, as very little was known of the malady before the extensive cultivation of turnips and their consumption by sheep on the ground, by which, as we have attempted to show, the organic compounds of the soil are increased. What tends to convince us more on this point is that potatoes grown upon lands manured with, or in the West, the flavor is decidedly better, and the exemption from disease is greater. An application of 10 cwt. of salt per acre upon oat stubble toward the end of January once had a most surprising effect. Part of it was cultivated for mangolds which were a beautiful crop, part was planted white potatoes, which were free from disease; while on the adjoining plot of four acres unsalted, the potatoes were scarcely worth lifting. In further confirmation of these statements we have set forth, we give the following extract from an admirable report on salt published under the auspices of the Salt Chamber of Norwich. John

Lea of Stokeprior, stated that in a light gravelly soil all ridges manured alike, some were dressed with salt, some with lime and soot, and others without; at harvest the salted ones were quite free from disease, those with lime and soot partially so, and those without any dressing badly diseased. He believed in ten to twelve hundred pounds of salt per acre sown broadcast some weeks before planting. The potato is originally a native of Chili, a country the soil of which is full of saline material; it is natural enough to believe that it should expect a similar supply of food wherever planted elsewhere. Wm. Clark plowed in 300 pounds of salt, sown broadcast, a couple of weeks before planting, and had an excellent crop which kept the winter well. The year before, using no salt at all, his potatoes were badly diseased. The late Wm. Ormsby Gore, M. P. for Shropshire, had planted potatoes with farmyard manure and salt leaving now and then a ridge without salt, and in taking up the potatoes every one of the salted ones were sound, while those without were uniformly diseased. Dr. Strumpf considers seven to fourteen hundred pounds of salt per acre applied to land in winter intended for potatoes as likely not only to insure a large crop but to prevent disease.

**Keeping Eggs.**  
To keep eggs we know of no more simple and efficient way than the one we have always practiced, and which was successfully practiced by our father for the last thirty or forty years. This is by taking none but perfectly fresh and sound eggs and setting them in layers on the top or small end, in a box or basket or anything that will hold eggs. We do not put anything between them, nor do we put them up "air tight," but we always keep them in a cellar. Eggs that we have put away in this position were, after being kept six months, as good and fresh as the day they were laid, and we have never found one that was spoiled or stale among them, when thus served. We feel confident that they would keep good and fresh for one year.—Lancaster Farmer.

**Household Hints.**  
Don't live for yourself, and do not be afraid of diminishing your own happiness by promoting that of others.

To clean straw matting, boil three quarts of bran in one gallon of water and wash the matting with the water, drying it well.

In making a grape trellis, use wire instead of slats; the grape tendrils seem to get hold of the wire more readily than poles or slats; stretch tight, bracing the end post firmly.

Oil of winter green and olive oil mixed in equal parts and applied externally will give almost instant relief from pain. On account of its pleasant odor this liniment is very agreeable to use.

Mix one ounce of glycerine, one ounce of rosewater and ten drops of carbolic acid. Bathe the chapped parts occasionally, especially at night. It will cure and prevent chapping and whiten the skin.

The disagreeable flavor imparted to the contents of new wooden vessels may be avoided by washing them in a soda solution, quarter of a pound to four gallons of water, with a little lime added, and scalding with boiling water.

For creams and custards eggs should never be beaten in tin, but always in stone or earthenware, as there is some chemical influence about tin which prevents their attaining that creamy lightness so desirable.

To reduce your flesh live almost wholly upon lean meat, game, eggs, poultry, oysters and green vegetables. Drink tea or coffee without sugar and acid drinks. Avoid all sweets, butter, cream, rice, tapioca, potatoes, carrots, beets, parsnips and wines. Take long walks, particularly up hill, and sleep as little as possible. By persisting in this diet you will actually see the flesh melt from your bones as if by magic.

It is a great convenience to have a rubber article repaired without the trouble of sending it from the house. Five cents' worth of red rubber cut into bits and covered with chloroform will make a cement which will mend many rents. Apply it with a brush, working rapidly. If there is a large opening use a piece of "rubber dam," fastening it with a few stitches, and apply the cement. Label the bottle and keep it out of the reach of the children.

**Horticultural Notes.**  
It rarely pays to crop in an old orchard. Buckwheat is a good grain to grow in orchards.

An old-peach orchard can rarely be renovated to an advantage.

It is the vigor and not the size of the seed that determines its quality.

A well drained lime soil is the best for grapes; plant two year old vines.

Wood ashes contain the elements to make healthy trees and good fruit.

A seed drill and garden cultivator are labor-saving implements in the garden.

The best tree labels are made from strips of zinc written on with a lead pencil.

Poultry manure or wood ashes, make a splendid top dressing for the onion bed.

It is only in exceptional cases that it will pay to set out young peach trees in the same places where the old ones grew.

It is too often the case that new varieties of fruits and vegetables are put upon the market before they have been fully tested.

Fruit growers cannot understand any too soon that growing fruit is growing a crop, and the soil should be managed accordingly.

With quite a number of crops, both in the garden and truck patch, some commercial fertilizers can be used to a good advantage.

Corn, or corn fodder, with any kind of roots, are good crops to grow in a young orchard. Cultivated crops are better than small grain.

Prune trees early for growth and late for fruit; prune a little at a time and avoid the necessity for heavy pruning at any one time.

The best and the finest manure should be used in the garden. Coarse manure interferes not only with the preparations but with the cultivation.

The objection to using fresh manure with small fruits, is that it often has a tendency to burn the plants or to induce too strong a growth of wood.

**The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?**  
There is a 3-inch display advertisement in this paper this week which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from the Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house places a "Crescent" on everything they make and publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word, and they will return you BOOK, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS, or SAMPLES FREE.

A Biddeford, Me., fisherman caught a lobster that weighed twenty-eight pounds. He sent it to New York.

**THE TRUE LAXATIVE PRINCIPLE**  
Of the plants used in manufacturing the pleasant remedy, Syrup of Figs, has a permanently beneficial effect on the human system, while the cheap vegetable extracts and mineral solutions, usually sold as medicines, are permanently injurious. Being well-informed, you will use the true remedy only manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

A cat recently killed a five-foot alligator in Florida. It jumped on the reptile and bit through the tender hide of the neck until it reached the vital part.

"I have been afflicted with an affection of the Throat from childhood, caused by diphtheria, and have used various remedies, but have never found anything equal to BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES."—Rev. G. M. F. Hampton, Pikeston, Ky. Sold only in boxes.

It is said that the sale of the average novel does not exceed 1,000 copies, and publishers regard themselves as unusually fortunate when called on for a second edition.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup**, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. Sic. a bottle.

It takes an expenditure of nearly \$20,000 to carry a vessel like the Majestic across the Atlantic.

**BERKMAN'S PILLS** will cure constipation, keep the blood cool and the liver in good working order, price 25 cents a box.

A floor painted in various colors in gesso has been unearthed at Tebe Armarna, in the palace of Amenophis IV., the king of Egypt.

**WORN NIGHT AND DAY.**  
Holds the worst rupture with ease under all circumstances. Perfect Adjustment. Comfort and Cure. New Patent Improvements. Illustrated catalogue and rules for self-measurement sent securely sealed. G. V. HOUSE, 74 Broadway, New York City.

**FREE** Illustrated Publications, With Maps, describing Minnesota, N. Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. The Free Government and Cheap PACIFIC R. LANDS. Best Agricultural, Grazing and Timber lands now open to settlers. Mailed FREE. Address: CHAS. R. LEBLANC, Land Com. S. F. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

**HATCH CHICKENS BY STEAM.**  
IMPROVED EXCELSIOR Incubator. Will hatch 25. Thousands in Successful Operation. SIMPLE, PERFECT, and SELF-REGULATING. Guaranteed to hatch a larger percentage of fertile eggs, at less cost, than any other incubator. Send for full catalogue. GEO. H. STAHL, Pat. & Sole Mfr., Quincy, Ill.

**ADA G. SWEET** Formerly U. S. Agent for Paying Pensions. And all kinds of U. S. Pensions, Bounty war claims prosecuted. Call or address for information, ROOM 25, 175 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

**Kennedy's Medical Discovery**  
Takes hold in this order:  
**Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Inside Skin, Outside Skin,**  
Driving everything before it that ought to be out.

You know whether you need it or not.

Sold by every druggist, and manufactured by **DONALD KENNEDY, ROXBURY, MASS.**

**MAGIC 'O. K.' Clothes and Glove Cleaner**  
A preparation of Soap Tree Bark and other ingredients, products of South America. For removing grease, Paint, Oil, Tar, Varnish or Dirt from Silks, Woolen and Cotton goods or Carpets without injury to the finest fabrics. Agents are coin-ing money selling this valuable preparation. Write now, one box mailed for 5 cents. Order by express. **MAGIC 'O. K.' ERADICATOR CO.** 39 Bay St., N. Y.

**MOTHERS Use Frey's Vermifuge FOR WORMS.**  
Always Safe and Sure. Try it—in Use 25 years—Price 25c. For sale by all Druggists and E. S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

**Trotting-horse Breeder, F. R. MOORE.**  
Write him for catalogue. FOLKS: Oak or Land.

**80 FAT FOLKS REDUCED**  
Mrs. Allen Maple, Oregon, Mo., writes: "My weight was 225 pounds, now it is 115, a reduction of 110 lbs. For circular address, with E. C. W. P. Remy, 107 Madison St., Chicago, Ill."

**Dr. Remy's Catarrh Cure** is the Best, Quickest and Cheapest.

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, to E. C. W. P. Remy, 107 Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

**SEEDS** Northern Grown Best—100,000—FOR ALL COUNTRY CLIMES ROSES & PLANTS



MISS LETTIE HUNTLEY, Is the sister of Mr. W. S. Huntley, of Cortland, N. Y., a well known carpenter and builder. Her frank statement below gives only the truth concerning her illness and marvelous recovery by the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla:

"Twelve years ago I began to have hemorrhages and four years ago became so low that the physicians told me:

**There Was No Hope**  
and I should soon die. I could not be moved from my bed. Under my face were napkins continually reddened with blood from my mouth. I could eat nothing and had no action of the bowels for a week. The doctors said the cause was ulcers in the stomach. At this time my mother said she wanted to make one more trial, and asked if I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I told her it would be

**A Waste of Money**  
but finding it would comfort her, I began taking it. In a few days the bloating began to subside. I seemed to feel a little stronger, but thought it only fancy. I was so weak I could only take ten drops of Sarsaparilla at first. In two weeks I was able to sit up a few minutes every day. In a month I could walk across the room. One day I asked what they were to have for dinner, and said I wanted something hearty. My mother was so happy she cried. It was the

**First Time I had Felt Hungry for Two Years**  
I kept on with Hood's Sarsaparilla and in six months was as well as ever in my life. It is now four years since I recovered, and I have not had a day's sickness since, nor any hemorrhage. If ever a human being thanked the good Lord on bended knees it was I. I know that

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
and that alone, unquestionably saved my life."

**HOOD'S PILLS** cure Liver Ills.

**WORN NIGHT AND DAY.**  
Holds the worst rupture with ease under all circumstances. Perfect Adjustment. Comfort and Cure. New Patent Improvements. Illustrated catalogue and rules for self-measurement sent securely sealed. G. V. HOUSE, 74 Broadway, New York City.

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A preparation of Soap Tree Bark and other ingredients, products of South America. For removing grease, Paint, Oil, Tar, Varnish or Dirt from Silks, Woolen and Cotton goods or Carpets without injury to the finest fabrics. Agents are coin-ing money selling this valuable preparation. Write now, one box mailed for 5 cents. Order by express. **MAGIC 'O. K.' ERADICATOR CO.** 39 Bay St., N. Y.

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## Chicago Business Houses

The list below comprises some of the best business houses in Chicago, and they invite correspondence from out-of-town buyers. Blank references furnished when required.

**CATARRH** Successfully Treated and Cured. Distance no disadvantage. Dr. J. D. Brandon, 519 Inter Ocean Bldg.

**PENSION** Claims—Ada C. Sweet, 175 Dearborn. REAL ESTATE AND LOANS—Fulmer & Ziegler, Room 22, 92 La Salle Street.

**THE HONDURAS COMPANY—FRUIT LANDS.** Cheapest and Best. Write for maps and prices. 215 Dearborn street, Chicago.

**FIT CLASSES** to learn the Sight and Cure Headaches in all cases. H. L. De Zeng, 185 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

**The Saratoga** European Hotel, 155-161 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. Heart of city. All modern conveniences. Rates 50c and upwards.

**RUPTURE** Free Information how cured. Address with stamp THE SIV MUSE CO., 310 Chicago Opera House Building, Chicago, Ill.

**CATARRH** CURED for \$2 or money refunded. Send Stamp for particulars. E. C. CLAY & CO., 209 State St., Chicago.

**DR. HARTER'S** THE ONLY TRUE **IRON TONIC**

Will purify BLOOD, regulate KIDNEYS, remove LIVER disorder, build strength, renew Appetite, restore health and vigor of youth. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, that tired feeling, absolute weakness, nervousness, brain power increased, mind brightened, brain power increased, suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex, using it, find a safe, speedy cure. Returns Rose bloom on cheeks, beautifies Complexion.

**LADIES** Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Crescent" brand, 2-cent stamp for 32-page pamphlet. DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

**NEW PAPER, CORER AND SLICER.** This is the LATEST and Every housekeeper wants them for fruit and vegetables. Only half price. A cutting knife made. Cannot turn or throw the peels into the water. One gross 100 dozen. One gross 200 dozen. One gross 300 dozen. One gross 400 dozen. One gross 500 dozen. One gross 600 dozen. One gross 700 dozen. One gross 800 dozen. One gross 900 dozen. One gross 1000 dozen. One gross 1100 dozen. One gross 1200 dozen. One gross 1300 dozen. One gross 1400 dozen. One gross 1500 dozen. One gross 1600 dozen. One gross 1700 dozen. One gross 1800 dozen. One gross 1900 dozen. One gross 2000 dozen. One gross 2100 dozen. One gross 2200 dozen. One gross 2300 dozen. One gross 2400 dozen. One gross 2500 dozen. One gross 2600 dozen. One gross 2700 dozen. One gross 2800 dozen. One gross 2900 dozen. One gross 3000 dozen. One gross 3100 dozen. One gross 3200 dozen. One gross 3300 dozen. One gross 3400 dozen. One gross 3500 dozen. One gross 3600 dozen. One gross 3700 dozen. One gross 3800 dozen. One gross 3900 dozen. One gross 4000 dozen. One gross 4100 dozen. One gross 4200 dozen. One gross 4300 dozen. One gross 4400 dozen. One gross 4500 dozen. One gross 4600 dozen. One gross 4700 dozen. One gross 4800 dozen. One gross 4900 dozen. One gross 5000 dozen. One gross 5100 dozen. One gross 5200 dozen. One gross 5300 dozen. One gross 5400 dozen. One gross 5500 dozen. One gross 5600 dozen. One gross 5700 dozen. One gross 5800 dozen. One gross 5900 dozen. One gross 6000 dozen. One gross 6100 dozen. One gross 6200 dozen. One gross 6300 dozen. One gross 6400 dozen. One gross 6500 dozen. One gross 6600 dozen. One gross 6700 dozen. One gross 6800 dozen. One gross 6900 dozen. One gross 7000 dozen. One gross 7100 dozen. One gross 7200 dozen. One gross 7300 dozen. One gross 7400 dozen. One gross 7500 dozen. One gross 7600 dozen. One gross 7700 dozen. One gross 7800 dozen. One gross 7900 dozen. One gross 8000 dozen. One gross 8100 dozen. One gross 8200 dozen. One gross 8300 dozen. One gross 8400 dozen. One gross 8500 dozen. One gross 8600 dozen. One gross 8700 dozen. One gross 8800 dozen. One gross 8900 dozen. One gross 9000 dozen. One gross 9100 dozen. One gross 9200 dozen. One gross 9300 dozen. One gross 9400 dozen. One gross 9500 dozen. One gross 9600 dozen. One gross 9700 dozen. One gross 9800 dozen. One gross 9900 dozen. One gross 10000 dozen. One gross 10100 dozen. One gross 10200 dozen. One gross 10300 dozen. One gross 10400 dozen. One gross 10500 dozen. One gross 10600 dozen. One gross 10700 dozen. One gross 10800 dozen. One gross 10900 dozen. One gross 11000 dozen. One gross 11100 dozen. One gross 11200 dozen. One gross 11300 dozen. One gross 11400 dozen. One gross 11500 dozen. One gross 11600 dozen. One gross 11700 dozen. One gross 11800 dozen. One gross 11900 dozen. One gross 12000 dozen. One gross 12100 dozen. One gross 12200 dozen. One gross 12300 dozen. One gross 12400 dozen. One gross 12500 dozen. One gross 12600 dozen. One gross 12700 dozen. One gross 12800 dozen. One gross 12900 dozen. One gross 13000 dozen. One gross 13100 dozen. One gross 13200 dozen. One gross 13300 dozen. One gross 13400 dozen. One gross 13500 dozen. One gross 13600 dozen. One gross 13700 dozen. One gross 13800 dozen. One gross 13900 dozen. One gross 14000 dozen. One gross 14100 dozen. One gross 14200 dozen. One gross 14300 dozen. One gross 14400 dozen. One gross 14500 dozen. One gross 14600 dozen. One gross 14700 dozen. One gross 14800 dozen. One gross 14900 dozen. One gross 15000 dozen. One gross 15100 dozen. One gross 15200 dozen. One gross 15300 dozen. One gross 15400 dozen. One gross 15500 dozen. One gross 15600 dozen. One gross 15700 dozen. One gross 15800 dozen. One gross 15900 dozen. One gross 16000 dozen. One gross 16100 dozen. One gross 16200 dozen. One gross 16300 dozen. One gross 16400 dozen. One gross 16500 dozen. One gross 16600 dozen. One gross 16700 dozen. One gross 16800 dozen. One gross 16900 dozen. One gross 17000 dozen. One gross 17100 dozen. One gross 17200 dozen. One gross 17300 dozen. One gross 17400 dozen. One gross 17500 dozen. One gross 17600 dozen. One gross 17700 dozen. One gross 17800 dozen. One gross 17900 dozen. One gross 18000 dozen. One gross 18100 dozen. One gross 18200 dozen. One gross 18300 dozen. One gross 18400 dozen. One gross 18500 dozen. One gross 18600 dozen. One gross 18700 dozen. One gross 18800 dozen. One gross 18900 dozen. One gross 19000 dozen. One gross 19100 dozen. One gross 19200 dozen. One gross 19300 dozen. One gross 19400 dozen. One gross 19500 dozen. One gross 19600 dozen. One gross 19700 dozen. One gross 19800 dozen. One gross 19900 dozen. One gross 20000 dozen. One gross 20100 dozen. One gross 20200 dozen. One gross 20300 dozen. One gross



## CHICAGO AMUSEMENTS

### A List of Chicago's Most Popular Theaters.

#### CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE.

"The Tyrolean" is in which the famous and ever favorite Casino Opera company appeared for the first time at the Chicago opera-house last Sunday night, is a brilliant and sparkling opera bouffe by Carl Zeller, one of the foremost composers of light opera of the Viennese school which has supplied most of the good things which have tickled the ears of the American public for the past half a decade. "The Tyrolean" is not only replete with airy tuneful rhythmic and "whistable" music, but it is possessed of a remarkably clever plot which is elucidated in a manner which is none the less acceptable to American audiences because it smacks of the customs of the gay Austrian capital. "The Tyrolean" is a remarkably attractive entertainment. The opera is good and the people are good. But the bright particular star of the nebular hypothesis which Mr. Aronson, has succeeded in bringing into such fortunate conjunction is a pretty little English woman who has once before appeared as a candidate for the accolade of Chicago approval. Her name is Marie Tempest, and the Nightingale song which she sings in "The Tyrolean" has already proven nearly as great a magnet to Chicago audiences as the incomparable "Bogie Man" in "Sinbad." Miss Tempest has a clear, pure high soprano voice, flexible, well under control, and capable of the execution of the most florid numbers which can be allotted to a coloratura singer. Furthermore, she is a very pretty little woman both as regards face and figure, and is in addition a remarkably clever actress for an opera singer. "The Tyrolean" was given a most sumptuous mounting at the opera-house, every scene, costume and property being identical with that used in the New York production. A chorus of sixty voices of more than ordinary excellence if supplied with ample opportunities in the opera, and no feature of the performance is more praiseworthy than the chorus work.

Charlie Reed and Willie Collier will present their hilarious farce comedy "Hoss and Hoss" at the Chicago opera-house following the (casino company's engagement in comic opera. "Hoss and Hoss" is one of the most amusing farce comedies ever produced upon the American stage, and is illustrated by a company of particularly clever people.

#### AUDITORIUM.

There is enough of the popular element in the program that is to be given by the Theodore Thomas orchestra at the Auditorium concert the afternoon of March 25 and the evening of March 26, to satisfy the appetite for the lighter kind of music. Yet in the same program there is enough of the classical to suit the most ultra-classicist. It is a charming offering, one of the very best that Mr. Thomas has prepared for the delectation of the Chicago people. Only three compositions will be performed at this concert. Beethoven's "Eighth Symphony," Chopin's "Concerto" in F minor, and Goldmark's "Country Wedding."

The pianist in the Chopin "Concerto" will be Mme. Fanny Bloomfield Zeller, a performer whose brilliant accomplishments are recognized all over the country. She is no stranger to the musical public of this city, yet she never lacks the power to draw even among those who are best acquainted with her talent. The Chopin "Concerto" is so seldom performed that it will come as a genuine treat. It is an extremely practical work; perhaps not so showy as the concerto in F minor, but full of delightful effects. The larghetto is a revelation of exquisite tonal beauty. The whole work is a wonderful contrasting of delicacy and grace and sentiment with fire and strength. It is characteristically Chopin.

The Beethoven symphony is a magnificent specimen of the great master's art. It was written in 1812, at a time when Beethoven was laboring under great disadvantages; and a thought at the time he was suffering from ill health and in many other ways had much to sadden him, the symphony is extremely joyous in its spirit, cheerful and tinged with a delightful humor.

The allegretto movement is regarded as the most popular of all his writings. The melody which is its principal motive was extemporized by Beethoven as a vocal canon at a farewell supper given to the inventor of the metronome, and was set to the words "Ta-ta, ta, lieber Maltzel, lebe wohl, lebe wohl!" The eighth symphony may not be marked by such lofty heights of spirituality as his others, but it is one of the most charming works that Mr. Thomas could find in musical literature.

#### CASINO.

Haverly's Mastodon minstrel, are a recognized "Institution" in Chicago, and their daily performances at the casino, Eden Musee, are attended by large and fashionable audiences at all times. Novelty and variety is the constant aim of Col. Haverly and his efforts are meeting with a success far exceeding fondest anticipations. His endeavors are not confined to the management of the minstrel company. He is ever on the alert for improvements in the Eden Musee department, which is a source of much delight to out-town visitors, and vies with attractiveness the Eden-Musee of New York. The latest wax figure, a life size statue of the Irish patriot, Robert Emmett, the work of Miss C. A. Stevens, superintendent of the art department, attracts much attention. It is highly creditable. The minstrel program for the coming week is replete with good things. Messrs. Thomas and Wells, monarchs of musical refinement, will make their first appearance, performing with grace and skill on a collection of unique and costly instruments. Mr. Banks Winter, the celebrated tenor, will sing a new ballad, "My Darling's Face," written by Mr. Stephen Massett, the well known author and traveler, better known to the literary world as "Jeans Pipes of Pipersville." It is said to be an exquisite composition, and in the hands of Mr. Winter, will undoubtedly be well rendered. The wonderful soprano Ellwood will be heard in

new concert, and display his admirable taste in feminine toilettes. Billy Rice will astonish all by his famous operatic abilities and a new budget of funny sayings. E. M. Hall will make a specialty of his refined banjo playing, in which line he has no superior. A new overture and opening chorus from the opera of "La Fille du Tambour Major," arranged by Mr. E. M. Kayne, the indefatigable stage manager and dignified interlocutor of the company, will be a pleasing feature, and this, coupled with the superior vocalism of the Haverly quartet, the comicities of Harry Rudworth and Percy Denton, and the dancing of Messrs. Constantine, Swor and King, make up a "bill of fare" unexcelled in the annals of minstrelsy. Don't fail to see the minstrels.

#### M'VICKERS.

Mr. Denman Thompson and the "Old Homestead" have received many words of praise all over the country, and the following poem is by Eugene Fields, Chicago celebrated poet:

#### "THE OLD HOMESTEAD."

Just as between the awkward lines a hand we love has penned,  
Appears a man hid from other eyes.  
So, in your simple homespun art, old honest Yankee friend,  
A power of fearful, sweet suggestion lies.  
We see it all the picture that our men's hold so dear—  
The homestead in New England far away.  
An' the vision is so natural that we almost seem to hear  
The voices that were hushed but yesterday.  
Ah, who'd ha' thought the music of that distant childhood time  
Would sleep, through all the changeful, bitter years,  
To waken into melodies like Chris' mas bells—  
Chime, chime, chime, chime, chime, chime,  
An' to claim the ready tribute of our tears.  
Why, the robins in the maples an' the black-birds round the pond,  
The brook that chased the trout down the hill-side just beyond,  
An' the swallows in their nests beneath the eaves,  
They all come troopin' back with you dear Uncle Josh to-day.  
An' they seem to sing with all the joyous zest  
Of the days when we were Yankee boys, an'  
Yankee girls at play.  
With the thought of "in" "way out west,"  
God bless ye, Denman Thompson for the good ye do our hearts  
With this music an' these memories o' youth.  
God bless you for the faculty that tops all human arts.  
Good o' Yankee faculty of Truth.

"The Old Homestead" is at present in the third week of prosperity at M'Vicker's theater, and will stay a few weeks longer.

#### MADISON STREET OPERA-HOUSE.

This home of gayest burlesque still holds the lead and turns away its eager patrons by the hundreds, almost nightly. All this week the fifty tropical beauties in Manager Sam T. Jack's Creole Burlesque company will hold the board, and give a performance that is in every respect an excellent one. The singing of that standard, mellifluous and always welcome song, "Tom Moore's 'Last Rose of Summer,'" by Miss Nadia de Paur, is alone a treat worth twice the admission fee. There are many commendable features in the big show. Every one of the famous fifty "Brunettes of the Rayon" are artists, and the comedians and specialty artists of the organization have long since made themselves famous. There is no other organization in this country of any kind carrying two prima donnas who can reach high "E," and this is done by Miss Rohee in singing "Roll on, Silver Moon," and by De Paur in the "Last Rose of Summer."

The program as rendered by La Belle Creole and her famous bevy of rival beauties, is one which is full of life, spirit, and beauty. The songs are well sung and many of them are new, with new music, also; the dances are delightful, and range ever, where along the line from the sedate and stately movements of the ancient minuet to the modern quick and devilish divertissement. The costumes are fitting decorations for the lively forms they bedeck, and the scenery "right in it" with the whole. There is a grand ensemble opening entitled "Tropical Revelries," followed by an excellent Olio and Burlesque, the whole concluding with a challenge buck, ring and skip dancing contest, a la Creole cake walk, which is as amusing as can be and is a vehicle for displaying the proficiency of some of the best buckers in this country.

#### WINDSOR THEATER.

Next attraction, beginning Sunday matinee, March 27, W. C. Anderson's strong sensational melodrama, "Kidnapped," is the attraction at this house the coming week. The play had an extended run in New York city last season and played the large People's theater to a succession of crowded houses and was pronounced by the press and public as the very best sensational play ever produced on the boards of a New York theater. This season, the play has duplicated the New York success on tour, and is recognized to-day as one of the leading attractions in the country, catering more especially to the masses of the people. Contrary to the usual run of melodrama, the play is enlightened by very strong comedy characters who keep the audience in a continual roar of laughter. The many exciting incidents arising from the abduction of a young society heiress from her home and her subsequent adventures form one of the most interesting dramas of modern times. The play will be interpreted by a strong cast of players chosen for the different characters with great care. A number of novel realistic features are introduced, notably a coupe, hack and driver, in which a young lady is abducted, a very thrilling fire scene, and a police patrol wagon drawn by a span of blooded horses and containing a number of police.

#### HAVLIN'S.

It is with feelings of profound pleasure that Manager Havlin informs the residents of Chicago and its suburbs that he has engaged that very funny and natural Irish comedian, Bobby Gaylor, to entertain them at his (Havlin's) dainty theater during the week beginning with the matinee Sunday, March 27. Mr. Gaylor will be pleasantly remembered for his amusing performance in "An Irish Arab." He returns to this Home theater of the South Side with his new and immensely successful play, "Sport McAllister." The piece is a rollicking, roaring, side-splitting farce. It "takes off" one or two fads probably, but satire and sarcasm are never allowed to interfere with the fun. The piece is as invigorating as a bottle of champagne. The witticisms are generally new, the music is bright and catchy, the dancing is good, and the girls far from

homely—a good recommendation for a farce-comedy. Mr. Gaylor as "Sport McAllister," an Irish gentleman of sporting proclivities, is bright and humorous. His stump orations and his mode of story telling are irresistibly funny. He is well supported by Chas. W. Young, Miss Georgie Parker and other clever people.

#### CLARK STREET THEATER.

The patrons of this handsome and popular North Side theater are to be entertained next week, beginning with the matinee next Sunday, March 27, by the first appearance in Chicago of the versatile and charming actress, Miss Lillian Kennedy, and her superb company, who will produce their latest and greatest successful play, entitled "She Couldn't Marry Three." Wait for the big show. A manager who expends thousands of dollars in order that nothing will be neglected that might add to the enjoyment of his patrons certainly deserves success, and as a rule, he generally gets it, if the public would endeavor to discriminate between responsible companies and those who possess no stability.

#### GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

Last week of the famous Meininger company. Elaborate production of Schiller's celebrated drama, "The Robbers," with the original effects from the Meininger theater. Matinee Saturday only. Next Sunday—Sadie Martinot in "Pompador."

#### HOOLEY'S THEATER.

"Shaun Rhue." Last week in Chicago this season. Joseph Murphy, "Shaun Rhue," introducing his wonderful successful song, "A Handful of Earth." Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Next Sunday, Fanny Rice, "A Jolly Surprise."

#### PEOPLE'S.

The equestrian actress Kate Pursell in the romantic Western drama, "Queen of the Plains." Matinees, Sunday, Wednesday and Saturday at 2. Next Sunday matinee—"Alone in London."

Don't fail to visit Libby Prison, Wabash avenue between Fourteenth and Eighteenth streets. A wonderful exhibition of historic relics. Open from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m., Sundays included.

#### SNIPPED SCRAPS.

The first matches were pieces of wood about six inches long tipped with sulphur. They caught fire easily from a piece of flint.

A man in Harrisburg, Pa., claims to have invented an underground system for propelling street cars, which is really the trolley system reverse.

A man in Prospect, Me., has a rooster that is as good as any barometer. When a storm is approaching the rooster crows during the entire preceding night.

A resident of Thomaston, Ga., has a dining table that has been in the family for 130 years, and upon which his great-grandmother's wedding dinner was set.

Chloride of nitrogen is the most wonderful as well as the most powerful explosive known. For seventy-seven years, from 1811 to 1888, the secret of the composition of this terrible explosive was a mystery.

Mr. Gilman, formerly American consul in Jerusalem, avers that the city is now growing toward the northwest, just as was predicted by the prophets Jeremiah and Zachariah. He says there are now over 35,000 Jews in Jerusalem.

The curator of the Colombo museum has discovered that carbonized oil is one of the most perfect preservatives of the colors of fish and other animal specimens. The most delicate frogs, snakes and geckoes retain their evanescent tints when kept in it.

Ballie Macpherson, of Edinburgh, lately pronounced a verdict parallel to the famous "not guilty, but don't do it again." He said in a case of theft: "I find the charges not proven, but remember, if you are brought back this will stand against you as a conviction."

Col. William Sellick of Baton Rouge has a pet alligator that will turn up its nose at a sucking pig and scorn a crying puppy, but runs eagerly to catch an old shoe or a piece of supernatant harness that some charitable person from time to time throws toward the intelligent saurian.

#### LIFE'S PANORAMA.

Male Chinese quails are being imported into California, it is said, for fighting purposes.

One of the scholars in a country school at Grayson, Ky., is a justice of the peace, aged forty-four years.

Minnesota furnished 18,554 three years' men during the war, and she now has 10,873 men on the pension roll.

A boy of twelve, in New York, has acquired Swedish, German and Italian by escorting immigrants to their trains.

There is said to be in the lunatic asylum at Milledgeville, Ga., a man fifty-two years old, who weighs 52 pounds, measures 36 inches in height and is perfectly developed.

A diary begun more than three centuries ago by the Hozaka family of Japan, has been kept up continuously by the heads of the families to whose charge it was committed until the volumes now fill eight large chests.

The Congregationalists think that a good many people might learn something from a Wellesley teacher who recently said: "I want to resign when people will say, 'What shall we do without her?' and not when they are saying, 'How can we get rid of her?'"

About 1887 a horseshoe was found under the ice of the glacier Theodul in Switzerland, which led geologists to the idea that this pass, 3,322 meters high, was formerly not imbedded in ice. This has been further confirmed by a recent find of coins bearing the likenesses of Augustus and Diocletian. It seems that there is really a whistling language. A French traveler has written a work on the subject which has been occupying the attention of the Paris academy of sciences. It is on the Canary Islands that people whistle instead of speaking when they hold converse with each other.

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