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Church Directory

ST. ANN'S CHURCH-Catholic -- Services every other Sunday at 9 a. m.-REV. FATHER J. F. CLANCEY, pastor.

CHURCH.-Sunday School 9:30 home before everybody went to her home, where both will follow a. m. Sunday morning service bed. Take our advice, Fred. and their respective professions. 10:30 o'clock. - Rev. E. RAHN, pas- fix your wagon,

FIRST BARTIST CHURCH-Services Sunday morning 10:30 a. m. Sabbath School 12 m. Evening service 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7:30 p. m. REV. R. BAILEY, pastor.

CHURCH.-Sunday School 9:15 Girls, we never thought it was so a. m. Sunday morning service hard to make a mash. Buy one 15:30 a. m. Sunday evening ser- of Herman Swemm's elegant new Aice 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, road wagons, Way Back, and you Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.-REV. J. will have three girls to one fellow. B. ELFRINK, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE SALEM CHURCH. Sunday School 9:15 a, m. Sunday morning service 10:30 a. m. Sunday evening service 7:30 p. m. Young Peoples' meeting, Tuesday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening. 7:30. - KEY, M. L. SCHUSTER, pastor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 11:45 a. m. Junior League 3 p. m. Epworth League 6:15 p. m. Bible Study to have been a surprise party in the Thursday evening at 7,30. Prayer neighborhood last Wednesday, but W. WARD, Pastor.

The Election.

The village election passed off very smoothly, and a large vote was cast. The following is the result: President-F. E. Hawley 96. Village Trustees-John Hatje, roi; John Collen, 96, Wm. Grunau,

Village Clerk Miles T. Lamey,

For a Practical System of Water Works-For, 46 votes; against; 57 Miss Emma Robertson Married

There was no opposition. The gentlemen chosen are enterprising and honest, and the city will no doubt profit by their guidance.

BARRINGTON CENTER. Rather lengthy April showers we're having.

O. D. Richardson of Elgin was a pleasant caller on Sunday.

Mrs. Tom Kee and children o Elgin are wisiting Mr. and Mis. E N. Miller this week.

Lost -Between the M. E. Church and Mayor Grote's place, a pice of Oil-finishing land about five feet square; right in the road, appears to have gone and all kinds of down. Where are our road commissioners? This place is Ganger-

Miss Nora Houghtelling of Barrington, visited friends here last to reside. Mr. Reymond is a prom-

Miss Anna Tinker of Elgin spent

LEWEL!

SPRING LAKE.

Spring Lake was well represented at Algonquin last Friday and Saturday evening in attending the Godfrey Theatrical troupe, and all Potestant Episcopal Church, Chicame away very much pleased. 'May they come again.

The Modern Woodmen of this section turned out enmasse Sunday to attend the funeral of Mr. Heim of Algonquin.

Messrs. f. and A. Deworak attended the Woodmen's meeting in the Barrington Public schools. Dundee Monday evening

If Way Back was the young man that drives that bobtailed horse he would put some rubbers on our axles so the wheels would not make til the end of the present term, af-EVANGELISCHEST PAUL'S so much noise, or else we would go ter which she will make Chicago

What is the matter with Spring Lake when there are three young gentlemen to one young lady? We started out last Sunday afternoon to find a young lady to go to church with us in the evening, but they were scarcer than hens teeth. so we had to take up with a gentle-THE EVANGELISCHE man in the same boat as ourselves. parlors of the M. E. Church pres He sells them at \$35 and \$38. Go gramme was rendered. and see them. - Ed.

Clayt, Anton says he has a good receipe to make that mustache

grow. You had better try it. Forn Bros. delivered a fine Holstein bull to Algonquin parties

Tuesday. Farmers have very nearly completed sowing their small grain.

School meeting Saturday evening should be well attended as it is quite a serious question to keep up our school to its present high

standard. Dame rumor has it that there was meeting, Friday, 7:30 p .m.-E. the rain kept the young folks at WAY BACK. home.

WEDDINGS.

Two of Tarrington's Prominent Young Ladies Change Their Names.

CONGRATULATIONS DUE

to A. J. Redmond of Chicago and Miss Marie E. Mc-Kee is Married to Wallace D. Teeple of Chicago.

ROBERTSON-REDMOND.

Married, Wednesday, April 18, at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. John Robertson of this city, Miss Emma Robertson to A. J. Redmond, Rev. R. Bailey officiating. Prof. J. I. Sears of Cary turnished some choice sefec tions, after which the guests sat down to an elaborate spread.

The happy couple took the train in the afternoon to spena their honeymoon at the home of Mr. Redmond in DeKab, III., after which they will return to this city ment member of the Chicago bar.

A number of trandsor e presents Saturday and Sunday with her were received, among which were tained a gnest from Chicago Suncousins, Misses Laura and Addie the following: S40 in gold, Mr. and day. Mrs. Jno. Robertson; silver cake Died At her home in DeSuet, basket, Lydia Robertson; silver business Wednesday. Dakota, Mrs. Chas. Dunklee, on butter dish, Frank Robertson; one daily paper Friday, April 13th. She was an dozen silver tea spoons, A. L. Ro-old resident of this place, remov. bertson; one set silver fruit knives. old resident of this place, remov. bertson; one set silver fruit knives, ing to Dakota about eight years Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Allen; clock, A. V. Hayes, silver cream pitcher and sugar bowl, Miss Lizzie Red-W. H. Heath visited Elgin Mon- mond, silver fruit dish, Ar. and Mrs. A. J. Leonard.

MCKEE TEEPLE.

April 15th, at the St. James cago, Miss Marie E. McKee of this city was married to Wallace D. Teeple of Chicago, Rev. Percival McIntire, officiating. Mr. Teeple is a prominent architect of Chicago and Mrs. Teeble is a teacher in

Their future movements have not Teeple will continue her school un-

The News wishes them a long, happy and prosperous life.

RECEPTION.

A reception was tendered the new members of the Epworth League last Monday evening. The sented a cheerful scene about 8 o'clock, when President E. W. Ward called the happy assemblage to order and an entertaining pro-

The quartette, consisting of Mrs. H. T. Pixley, Mrs. Hartman and Mr. Fred Lines and Mr. Hiser sang some choice selections. The solos by Mrs. Pixley, Miss Carrie tine visited with J. C. Meyer Sun-E. Kingsley and Mrs. Hartman deserved the applause that followed. Miss Alvina Myers read a splendid scnger accommodation to Chicago. selection entitled "Patsy." which was listened to with keen interest. After a few remarks by Rev. Mr. Ward the meeting was turned into a social. The officers of the society exerted themselves to make everybody feel at home, and they of the saw is heard on all sides. succeeded, too.

LAKE ZURICH.

Pleasant weather.

The farmers are busy sowing their grain.

The carpenters are at work on H. Hillman's new dwelling house.

J. Bromelkamp moved a large building last week for Al. R. Ficke

John McCormick of Libertyville was in town Tuesday.

George Harden of Rockefeller was here Wednesday.

C. L. Hokevmeyer and H. Loli na : transacted business in Chicago Wednesday.

Frank Clark is taking treatment t Dwight.

Town meeting last Tuesday.

James Dymond was here Monday.

George Fasse and wife visited the parents of Mrs. Fasse at Plum Grove Sunday.

Fred Grever has received the unber for a new barn.

We would suggest to certain pases that our beautiful lake is not a lumping place for refuge or car

Clifford Bros. & Packard will work the 40 acre tract for Lawyer Woon this year.

P. A. Nimskey and family enter:

John Dickson went to Joliet on

Band meeting Saturday night. All members are requested to be present.

Sunday last many of our town people went to see the gypsies, and were foolish enough to have their fortune told for \$2.00.

Who will report the first garden

Fred Fischer expects a new bi-

Chris Hakeymeyer has invested Tonsorial Parlor in a fine two seated surrey.

The C. W. Wood summer residence is nearing completion.

E. A. Ficke attended to busi ness in Chicago Monday.

Editor Coykendall of the Newe yet been fully decided, but Mrs. was a pleasant caller in Zurich

Wm. Hillman is having a stone foundation put under his building.

Our young people tripped the light fantastic on Ficke's pavilion for the first time.

Miss Mary Schaefer will go to Chicago next week for an extended

Subscribe for the News. Only

\$1.50 a year in advance. Herman Harmening of Palatine was on our streets Wednesday.

Everybody is busy nowadays and there is no change for idle regrets

from Park Ridge.

Fred Wilke will build an extension to his barn.

John Stable and friend of Pala-

Sign the petition for better pas-

The Znrich Club will give a grand social hop in the near future. Look

Look for rich developments in our growing town this year. The stroke of the hammer and the buzz

HUSTLER.



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ING, TO

M. THRASHER. In the Barrington Post Office.

WALLACE WOOD

I Guarantee Good First class Work in Every Particular and Best Material.

Next door to Postcffice.

LADIES HAIR-DRESSING a/specialty.

Laundry ()ffice in connection.

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First-class conveyences always on hand. Horses boarded by day or week. BARRINGTON, ILL

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CIGARS TOBACCO, PIPES, and a Fine Line of FRUITS AND CANDIES always in stock.

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LAUNDRY OFFICE in connection. -c- Give hima call.

I have at all times a Fine Line of Millinery, Wedding and Mourning Goods.

Also a Nice Assortment of Ribbons, Trimmings,

Flowers; etc. PRESSED, CLEANED AND DYED TO ORDER. My prices are as low as the owest. Call and judge for yourself.

Chas. Seip entertained guests Nas Dina Bauman, BARRINGTON, ILL.

> ABBOTT BARRINGION, ILL

CHEMICALS. FINE TOILET SOAPS, BRUSHES, COMBS, ETC. fumery and Fancy 'oilet rticles

in a great variety. igars and Tobacco PURE BRANDY, WINES and LIQUORS for

Medicinal Purposes. Prescriptions Accurately Compoundd.e.

THE NEWS

Compiled From Late Dispatches. CONGRESSIONAL. Regular Session

IN the senate on the 9th Senator Hill (N. Y.) spoke in opposition to the tariff bill and attacked the Hawaiian policy of the president and Secretary Gresham. Mr. Walsh was sworn in as senator from Georgia. A resolu-tion repealing all laws which authorize the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds was referred to the finance committee In the house the time was occupied in discussing District of (Columbia affairs.

THE resolution for the coinage of Mexican dollars at the United States mints was agreed to in the senate on the 10th. A resolution to limit the general debate on the tariff bill to June 4 and to take the final vote on June 5 was referred to the judiciary committee. A resolution for the coinage of Mexican dollars at the United States mints was agreed to ... In the house the time was occupied in discussing the post office appropriation bill.

On the 11th the tariff bill was discussed in the senate, but only a few senators were present In the house a bill designed to establish a banking system which would supplant the present one as bonds mature was intro-duced. Lack of a quorum prevented the transaction of business.

In the senate a joint resolution was introduced on the 12th proposing a constitutional amendment relative to marriage and divorce. A bill was introduced providing that no one shall perform any labor or engage in any amusement on Sunday to the disturbance of others in any territory, district, vessel or place subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States. The tariff bill was further discussed In the house a rule which the committee on rules brought in, imposing a fine of \$10 for every refusal of a member to vote, caused a long wrangle. A resolution was adopted revoking all leaves of absence, except on account

In the senate on the 13th the urgent deficiency bill and the tariff measure were further discussed. A bill introduced by Senator Peffer requires the secretary of the treasury to issue \$250,000,000 of treasury notes, to be used to meet all the expenses of the government and to be lent to states, counties, towns and individ-uals on proper security and without interest ... In the house no business was transacted owing to lack of a quorum. In caucus the democrats, by a vote of 80 to 44, instructed the committee on rules to report a new rule to ascertain and record the presence of a quorum, whether voting or not.

DOMESTIC.

J. W. Wood, state treasurer of the A. O. U. W. lodge with headquarters at Marshall, Mich., was said to be a defaulter to the grand lodge to the amount of \$5,612.73.

Escaping steam caused a panic in the Humboldt school in Chicago in which Daniel Gunstein was trampled to death and nearly a score of other pupils in-

MALE ticket sellers at all the suburwere replaced by young women.

BANDITS who held up a Rock Island train near Pond Creek, O. T., met with determined resistance from the guards, who killed one and wounded another.

A FEMALE keeper of a toll gate near Brownsville, Pa., refused to permit passage of Coxey's army until \$1.89 had been paid.

In a runaway at Shelbyville, Ind., Mrs. Charles Tanner and daughter were thrown from their vehicle and re-

ceived fatal injuries. Two PERSONS were killed and eight injured by the crumbling of the brick support of a frame house in Williams-

burg, N. Y. AT a caucus of house democrats in Washington a resolution declaring for repeal of the state bank tax was

adopted. THE New Haven (Conn.) chamber of commerce celebrated its one hundredth

anniversary. A BILL giving women the right to vote in school elections was passed by the Ohio senate by a vote of 20 to 6

FARMER URIAH SCANLAN Was flogged by white caps near Bourbon, Ind., because he had ill treated his wife.

. An attempt to wreck the Lake Shore flyer at Huron, O., was discovered just in time to prevent a terrible catas-

THE discovery was made at Protivin. Ia., that the 15-year-old daughter of J Tuckish was buried alive.

THE region about Durango, Col., was in feverish excitement over unparalleled gold findings in the La Plata moun

tains. THE Aspen national bank of Aspen,

Col., went into liquidation. THE Frothingham arcade, one of the finest business blocks in Scranton, Pa., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

EXTENSIVE preparations were being made in the rural districts of Utah for a large Mormon immigration to Mexico.

ALEXANDER WATSON was arrested at Omaha for having four wives. No. 1 lives at Grand Rapids, Mich.; No. 2 at Coldwater, Mich.; No. 3 was Miss Marian Corey, of Hammond, Ind., and No. 4 was Miss Fannie Dixon, of Chi-

EDWARD CASH, aged 21, while attending the sick bed of his young wife at Gatesville, Tex., was called out by a mob and hanged. No cause was known.

JUDGE WILLY declared the Indiana fee and salary law unconstitutional because Shelby county was excluded from its provisions.

OVER a foot of snow fell in western New York and western Pennsylvania. A GENERAL strike, to begin April 21, was ordered by the United Mine Workers of America in convention at Columbus, O. The strike will involve over 200,000 men and will cover the whole States in 1893 was valued at \$35,950,000. territory between eastern Pennsylvania an increase of \$1,578,423 over the preand Colorado.

A NORTHERN PACIFIC sand train was wrecked near Chicago by collision with horse and switchmen William An-

drews and James Donohue were killed. WHILE pouring molten metal in a steel mill at Middleport, O., ten men were horribly burned, four fatally, by the hydraulic apparatus giving way.

ONE man was killed and two fatally injured in a freight wreck near Hartford City, Ind.

GREAT damage was done by a storm along the Atlantic coast from Boston to Baltimore and many vessels were wrecked and more than a score of lives were lost.

A MOB of Hungarians attacked the Friek works at Youngstown, Pa., and compelled the guards to surrender fifty

employes. MRS. Louis Larson and her 1-yearold baby were burned to death in a fire at their home in Wild Rice, N. D.

THE sight of Ollie Roberts, of Sedalia, Mo., aged 12, was ruined by the explosion of a cigarette loaded with powder by another boy.

W. G. LIVINGSTON'S stable and storage warehouse in Chicago was burned and twenty-two horses were suffocated. THE incendiary who has been causing so many fires in Springfield, O., turns out to be an unknown man who parades

in woman's attire. POSTMASTER GENERAL BISSELL has issued an order providing that hereafter only names of one word shall be accepted for newly established post

COL. BRECKINRIDGE announces that he will run for congress regardless of the result of his present trial.

THE old guard house in the United States jail yard at Fort Smith, Ark., was destroyed by fire. The building was noted as having held many famous union and confederate prisoners during the late war.

Long distance telephonic communication between Washington and the Chicago post office has been established. A SNEAK thief stole \$3,500 from the Wailace exchange bank at Beaver

An explosion of natural gas at Mc-Keesport, Pa, wrecked a house and fatally hurt Mrs. William Malseed and her 12-year-old daughter.

JACK REDDING and David Harper, owners of the celebrated Dos Cabazos mine in Old Mexico, shot and killed each other in a quarrel at Deming N. M. DAVID G. ACKERMAN, superintendent

of a jewelry factory in Newark, N. J., was accused of robbing his firm of thread manufacturing firm of Paisley, \$25,000 in gold.

'THE plant of the American Glucose company burned at Buffalo, N. Y., the loss being about \$1,000.000.

RICHARD B. GIRARD, a discarded lover, fatally shot Miss Laura B. Martin on a train at Charlottesville, Va., and then shot himself.

AT Chadron, Neb., a bandit stole \$2,500 from a bank and locked the president of the institution in the vault.

CALIFORNIA commonwealers, 1,300 strong, seized a train, of twenty Union Pacific coal cars at Uinta and were coming east.

FRANK CREWS, a farm hand near Col linsburg, Tex., killed his employer, Thomas Murrell, Mrs. Murrell and a son in a quarrel over wages.

THE total number of hogs packed in the west the past winter was 4,884,000, an increase of 250,000 compared with

last year. EDWARD WRIGHT and John Miller, aged respectively 15 and 13, of Mc-Millan, quarreled at Guthrie, O. T., and the Miller boy plunged a pocketknife

into Wright, killing him. WILLIAM BUCK, a manufacturer of La Porte, Ind., was killed by a train while

crossing the Lake Shore tracks. THERE were 218 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 13th, against 238 the week previous and 187 in the corre-

sponding time in 1893 ALL classes of employes on the Great Northern railway between Larimore, N. D., and Spokane, Wash., were on a

strike. THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 13th aggregated \$890,769,077, against \$948,662,181 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 26.1.

Does raided a flock of seventy-five sheep near Alliance, O., and killed sixty-five of them.

THE total production of coal in the United States for the year 1893 was 179,326,612 tons with a valuation of \$205, 256, 479.

WILLIAM LEWIS (colored) was hanged by a mob near Lamison, Ala., for murdering Robert Shields, a white planter. GEORGE ASHWORTH, who mortally wounded a woman near Indianola, Ia., killed himself to avoid arrest.

NEARLY 100,000,000 bushels of available wheat in the United States and Canada was reported by Bradstreet's Dr. James A. Hutchinson, Thomas G. Knight and Frank White were drowned while duck shooting near

Rockville Center, L. I. THE Massachusetts legislature defeated the bill prohibiting treating in places where liquor is sold.

JUDGE DUNDY ordered the Union Pacific receivers to restore the wages of employes which were cut last Septem-

CHARLES WISDOM (colored), aged 22 years, was hanged infthe jail yard in St. Louis for the murder of Edward A. Brexler, a tobacconist, on the night of April 24, 1892.

THE gold production in the United

STRIKING coke workers drove employes from their work at Uniontown. Pa. Gov. Pattison was asked for troops.

THIRTEEN persons were said to have lost their lives in the fire at Buffalo, N. Y., that destroyed the glucose works.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

OREGON republicans nominated Chief Justice W. P. Lord, of the state supreme court, for governor.

THE people's party in Tennessee nominated A. L. Mimms, of Davidson county, for governor and A. E. Garrett, of Smith county, for judge of the supreme

Ex-Congressman Grange Ferris died at Glens Falls, N. Y., of apoplexy. From 1867 to 1871 he represented the Sixteenth district of New York in con-

THE republicans of the Sixth congressional district of Indiana renominated Henry U. Johnson, of Richmond, to succeed himself in congress.

THE republicans of the Second district of Oregon renominated W. It. Ellis for congress.

GEN. HENRY W. SLOCUM died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., of pneumonia. aged 67 years.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, famous as a lawyer and a writer on legal topics, died of pneumonia at the residence of his brother, Rev. Henry M. Field, in New York, aged 90 years.

JOHN T. DAVIS, the richest man in Missouri, died in St. Louis, aged 52. His wealth was estimated at \$25,000,-

FOREIGN.

THE Mexican government is willing to allow the coinage of Mexican dollars in the United States mints, provided Mexico be permitted to coin American dollars in Mexican mints.

A MOB burned the French missions at Hsianfu, China, and maltreated the priests. France has demanded redress. SAN DOMINGO has adopted a new monetary system with gold as a basis.

THE steamer Faraday left London with a portion of the new cable to be laid from Waterville, Ireland, to Nova

THE Dutch general elections resulted in an overwhelming defeat of the government. KABBA REGA, king of Unyor, has

been defeated by the British, and his territory will probably soon be annexed to Uganda. JOHN CLARK, of the well-known

Scotland, died at the age of 67 years. DAVID WIENER & Sons, merchants at

Vienna, Austria, failed, with liabilities amounting to \$2,500,000. WILLIE WILDE, at one time the husband of Mrs. Frank Leslie, was mar-

ried in London to Miss Sophia Lees, an Irish girl of wealth. RESTORATION of the queen was still cherished by royalists at Hawaii, who refused to take the oath of allegiance

to the new government. Civil war has again broken out in Samoa and many natives have been butchered.

LATER.

In a speech on the tariff bill in the United States senate on the 14th Senator Quay said it was framed in the interest of foreign pauper labor. Severai amendments to the rules intended to prevent filibustering were offered by Senator Hill. After a vain attempt to approve the journal the house adjourned. The new quorum counting rule would be reported immediately.

DURING the year ended March 1 the city of New York expended over \$15,-

000,000 upon its needy population. THE schooner Jennie Carter went ashore at Salisbury Beach, Mass., and the captain and his niece and six sail-

ors were drowned. JACK CREWS, the murderer of four persons at Gainesville, Tex., was lynched by a mob.

SEYMOUR NEWLAND (colored) was hanged by a mob at Rushsylvania, O, for assaulting Mrs. Jane Knowles, a respectable white woman 81 years of age. SENATOR MORRILL, of Vermont, celebrated his 84th birthday with a recep-

tion at his home in Washington. MADELINE POLLARD was awarded \$15-000 in her damage suit in Washington against Congressman W. C. P. Breckin-

THE West End Land company at Nashville, Tenn., owning about 500 acres of suburban property, failed for

ADMIRAL DE MELLO surrendered his troops to the Uruguayan authorities and the rebellion in Brazil was at an

ZEBULON B. VANCE, aged 64 years, senator from North Carolina, was stricken with apoplexy in Washington and died within a few hours. He had been three times governor of his state and a member of the senate since 1879.

TWENTY-FOUR buildings in the heart of Santa Cruz, Cal., were destroyed by an incendiary blaze, the loss being

THE jury in the case of ex-Secretary of State Joachim, of Michigan, charged with falsifying public records, was unable to agree and was discharged.

THE residence of August Krinkie near Janesville, Minn., was burned and three of his daughters, aged respectively 10, 8 and 6 years, perished in the

MANY houses were washed away and much stock drowned by a cloudburst at Troy, Tex. J. W. WATKINS, a well-to-do farmer

living near Hiawatha, Kan., fatally shot his wife and then committed suicide by taking poison. Domestic trouble was the cause

At Death's Door

The snow came softly, silently down

Into the streets of the dark old town;

On the sleeping form of a beggar child

And lo! by the wind it was swept and piled,

It kissed her cheek, and it filled her hair With crystals that looked like diamonds there:

And she dreamed that she was a fair young

In a pure white dress by her husband's side.

A blush crept over her pale young face, And her thin lips smiled with a girlish grace;

But the old storm king made his boast aloud

That his work that night was weaving a shroud

-Tom Hall, from "When Hearts Are Trumps."

Which Road.

Back the long miles you have carried the load;

By this way or that through your life to abide; Back of the sorrow and back of the care,

O, sister or brother, which road would you

Then suppose that again to the forks you went

That the road you first traveled with sighs and

Though dreary and rough was most graciously

With balm for each bruise and a charm for

O, brother or sister, which road would you

The Prison Pansies.

[The fact, says the Woman's Standard, that

pansy plants, especially young plants, are very small and will live and thrive on less light and heat than almost any other flower known ren-

ders them peculiarly adapted, as a small pot-

ted plant, to this beautiful flower mission

which is destined to do the world a larger and

more helpful service than even the sweetly ten-

der spirit of its founder, Jennie Cassady, could

What potted plant is that which still preserve

I scarce could see it, first, in that dark cell,

Why, even our night-blooming cereus needs

These pansies bloom and smile as graciously

Ah, sweet hearts and sweet heartsease, bloom

And comfort every heart with love's own touch.

Be heartsease true, and tender, gentle thought

Of childhood days and home and mother's love,

This prison world and all the world, the light

Of Christ's good will to all the breathing earth

The Way with 'Em.

Not much! When the dollars have weighted

THERE is more Catarrh in this section of

the country than all other diseases put to-

the country than all other diseases put to-gether, and until the last few years was sup posed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by con-stantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only con-stitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a tea-

internally in doses from 10 drops to a tea-spoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to

Address, F. J. Chener & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

"APPEARANCES are very deceptive," remarked the tenor. "Yes," replied the prima donna; "especially farewell appearances."

False Guides

Are they who recommend the use of mercury to the bilious, and gullible indeed are those who follow such advice. Blue pill and calo-mel poison the system. Hostetter's Stomach

Bitters is a safe substitute for such danger-

ons drugs. They arouse the liver when in-active most effectually, and promote, not im-peril, general health. Constipation, malaria, dyspepsia, rheumatism yield to the Bitters.

The dollar you throw away when you are young will be worth three dollars when you are old and need it most.

McVicker's, Chicago. Saturday, April 28, ends a 3 weeks' engagement of "Darkest Russia." April 30 "Africa

ica," the great world's fair spectacle, begins.

THE Public Awards the Palmeto Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar for coughs. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

"Your face is burning." "Yes, that beast Gauly has just been making light of me Boston Gazette.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Hoarseness, Coughs and Throat troubles.

Seats by mail.

When the editor strikes a streak of gold

Does he work it for all it is wort

And get a good share of the earth?

And he faces presperity's gales;

He enlarges the paper and-fails!

And here, in this foul cell,

-Albert C. Hopkins.

The light of day to live and bud although

Its vivid green in this dim prison light

It's like a miracle that it should flower,

And sweet as pity's tender sympathy.

For every inmate of these noisome cells,

And lead them back and upward out of sin

And misery. Be bright evangel of

But now I see it and it even blooms

-Nixon Waterman, in Chicago Journal.

If you could go back to the forks of the road,

Back to the place where you had to decide

Back to the time when the future was fair,

If you were there now a decision to make

After you'd trodden the other long track;

Were but a delusion, a dream and a snare:

After you found that its promises fair

blest.

have conceived.]

It flow'rs by night

for aye,

And put up a sign:

his till.

"I am running this mine!"

When he hears the cash talk,

And he's king of the walk.

each ache,

Blood Poisoned After Typhoid Fever

A Marvelous Cure by Hood's After All Else Failed.



Twenty-five years ago I had a bilious fever, and later it turned into typhoid fever, and for five weeks I lay like one dead, but at last I pulled through and got up around. I soon discovered on my left leg just above the knee a small brown spot about as big as a three cent piece. I did not pay any attention to it until two years after, when it commenced to spread and have the appearance of a ring worm. It itched and burned and I commenced doctoring,

Hood's spile Cures

but to no avail Last February I tried an herb for the blood and it broke out in the worst form of a rash all over my body. Finally my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I had not taken more than half of it before I began to feel better. I have had four bottles,

Now I Am All Well.

I can now sleep and eat well and work all the time." Mrs. Phebe L. Hall, Galva, Kansas.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Fresh Air and Exercise.

Getallthat's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve

force. There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to sci-

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods FAIL. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All drugs

Positively you have the genuine De Long PATENT HOOK AND EYE if you see on the face and back of every card

the words: hump

& De Long Bros.



WANT TO MAKE An article which will make any pen a fountain pen. Sample by mail, 5 cents

THEO. S. MEYER, 142 Nassau Street, NEW YORK. Ely's Cream Balm Mrs. S—"Well, here we are in another boarding-house. We are regular Arabs." Mr. S—"Yes; folding Bed-ouins!"—Life. IN HEAD Price 50 Cents.



HOW TO BUY KEFRIGERATORS Send for our new free

WHO ARE FOR THE FIRST TIME TO UNDERGO WOMAN'S SEVEREST TRIAL, WE OFFER

"Mothers' Friend A remedy which, if used as directed a few weeks before con-

finement, robs it of its Pain, Horror and Risk to Life of both mother and child, as thousands who have used it testify.

"I used two bottles of 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' with MARVELOUS RESULTS, and wish every woman who has to pass through the ordeal of child-birth to know if they use 'MOTHERS' FRIEND' for a few weeks it will rob confinement of pain and suffering and insure safety to life of mother and child.—MRS. SAM HAMILTON, Eureka Springs, Ark. Book to Mothers mailed free containing voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express, charges prepaid on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle.

Sold by all Druggists.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA

WHEN MEMORY DIES.

"Forget" thee, mother? What? forget— The eyes that gazed first into mine? That watched me, when my life was young. With watchfulness almost divine?

"Forget" thee? What? forget the lips That to mine own so oft were pressed? That moved for me in many a prayer While sweet I slumbered on thy breast?

"Forget" thee, mother? What? forget The tender pathos of that voice, That made, as never other could. My tears depart, and soul rejoice?

"Forget" thee? Yes, I shall forget Thy face, thy voice, thy lips, thy eyes! But not till death's unsparing hand Upon me falls, and memory dies! -James Rewe, in Good Housekeeping.

ELEANOR'S TRIUMPH.

Profitable Lesson for Many Young Graduates.

"A carriage, and white satin slippers pearl-colored kid gloves above the elbow, a fan and a bouquet-I must have all those, mother, if I am to be graduated with the other girls. The gown won't be such a dreadful expense, for my last summer's cashmere can be made over, if I can get a few yards of surah, and Aunt Millie's old point will come in splendidly for trimming. But," and pretty Eleanor heaved a deep sigh, "I must have a sash, an elegant one, of broad white moire; fifty dollars would about cover the whole expense, moth-

Mother lifted a tired face from her sewing: Eleanor was too self-absorbed to notice it, but mother was looking ill as well as tired. She had been under a great strain lately, and this dear young daughter was now bringing her weight to add to the burden. How blind a girl's eyes can sometimes be!

"Mother," said Eleanor, pleadingly, 'you will manage it somehow, won't you, dear?"

All through her eighteen years Eleanor had been used to seeing mother contrive to bring order out of confusion, straighten tangled skeins, perform what looked almost impossible. That there might be a limit to mother's ability in this direction, the girl did not dream.

"I asked father last evening if he would fill my order for any reasonable amount," Eleanor proceeded, "and he laughed and told me to go to you, mother. He said: 'Of course I want my little girl to look as nice as the others, after she has worked so hard.' And, mother, you know in the autumn I'll be sure to have a position myself, and money will be coming in then every month, so that I can pay you back.

Still mother was silent. An inscrutable expression, hardening and aging the quiet face, had stolen over it at the allusion to father, the easy-going, amiable, impecunious man, whom thanks to his wife's tact, did not suspect his weakness. He always left it to mother to say no. She must always do the denying and reproving.

A conflict was going on in the mother's mind, such a conflict as only mothers similarly situated can understand. To deny Eleanor, at the culmination of her school career, the pretty dress and the other luxurious indulgences which her class were to have, was inexpressibly painful. But never had it been so difficult to gratify her, for never had needful wants so heaped themselves up. And the load of debt in the background had never pressed so heavily. Mr. Hylton's business was a fluctuating one at best; returns were slow and often every cent was anticipated before it came. There was the interest on the loan a rich cousin had made, there was the fire insurance to be renewed, the boys were too large to wear home-made clothes, evolved from cast-off suits of their father's, and they had to be fitted out anew. And now, when mother was harassed half to death, to have Eleanor so sweetly and naively present her petition of wants, it was more than the poor wearied woman could endere. She almost gasped for breath as Eleanor went serenely on.

"A carriage a fan, white satin shoes long, pearl-colored gloves, a bouquet!" The items ticked themselves off in the mother's mind, as she desperately wondered how they were to be gotten honestly. They seemed such must-haves to the child that it did not occur to her tos ay no at once. For a little while there was silence, and "Please, mother!" began Eleanor again.

But she went no further, for a very alarming thing took place; mother had quietly fainted away. Nothing more could be said on the subject that day.

"Fleanor Hylton," exclaimed Puss, her younger sister, as that evening. late, the two were preparing for bed. "I don't know whether you have nosiced it, but mother is just dying by inches of worry over money. We all go to her; and she wears herself out trying to satisfy our demands, wretches that we are. Common sense, to say nothing of love, shows that we must stop spending if we are to keep our mother Father doesn't see it, but I do. Are nobody else's eyes to be opened in time?"

Bow is it that you know so much more than the rest of us, Puss?" quer-

ied Eleanor ironically. Puss Hylton was fifteen, and a oripple. She had stayed at home for the last year, studying by herself with a little help from Eleanor, and sharing more of her mother's life than the others. Bit by bit she had penetrated the secret of the pinching economy in some details, offset by the lavishness in oth- torpedo.

ers. Little by little it had come home to her that things could not go on at their present pace.

"Eleanor," she said, "there is nobody else to whom we car go for a loan, and the butcher looks cross when he sends in his bill. Dan goes around three squares, sooner than pass the grocer's, he's so ashamed that we owe for the last barrel of flour. And now your graduation is coming to finish the work. If I were you, dear, I would wear my old gown just as it is, and my old shoes, and walk to school; but I'd get my diploma, and take it with independence, not feeling like a sham and a cruel, cruel girl into the bargain. There!"

"Don't say any more, Puss; I'll think about it."

And Eleanor, with a pale face and a quivering lip, took up her Everyday Text Book, to read, through a mist of gathering tears, this verse, which seemed to speak to her with an angel's voice: "A good name is rather to be chosen than great riches, and loving favor rather than silver and gold."

The color came into Eleanor's cheek, for the thought in her heart had been: "Oh! why are we not rich? Why must we always be poor, and kept down by having to count every penny?" Here was God's answer: "A good name is better than riches."

Well, nobody could have a good name who built up her daily life on false pretences as a foundation, and loving favor would not lead a girl to add a feather's weight of care to the load of an anxious mother. But, being no braver than you are, Molly and Frances, and as fond of a dainty, pretty new outfit as you, Caroline and Sophy, you may imagine that Eleanor's battle was not gained in a breath.

She lay awake a long time, the silent tears stealing down her cheek until her pillow was quite wet. But she was so still that Puss slept peacefully, never suspecting Eleanor's tumult of feeling.

Eleanor went to school the next morning with her mind made up, and she was not one to change it, once she had arrived at a decision. At recess, when the girls talked over the momentous affairs of commencement day and commencement dress, several of them appealed to her. What was their surprise when she said, in low tones, which yet were audible to everybody: You will have to put me in the back row, girls. I find that it is not convenient for my father and mother to spend anything extraordinary at present, so I am going to wear my last summer's white dress, just as it is, and I shall have nothing at all new."

Contrary to Eleanor's anticipations, this statement produced no effect whatever. Two or three of the more fashionable girls looked annoyed, and one or two of Eleanor's intimate friends glanced at her with sympathy. Daisy Dean stole a little hand into hers with a cordial clasp, whispering: "You brave thing! I love you!"

The bell sounded, and recess was over. Tasks were taken up as usual. Eleanor did not know it, but her quiet courage had been a real relief to several timid girls, who had been dreading the expense of commencement, without daring to stem what they supposed to be public opinion and take an independent course. If somebody will only lead in this world there are always plenty to follow.

And Eleanor was repaid for her sacrifice of personal vanity, when she saw the mother face light up, and felt the dear arms around her that evening. "Has it been hard for you, dearie?"

said the mother, anxiously. "It would not have been, mother

darling, if I hadn't been a selfish creature, who is ashamed of herself for being such a baby," was Eleanor's reply. But, now that I have settled the thing, I shall just go on studying, and think no more about it."

A few weeks later, at the close of the commencement exercises, a very elegant and distinguished-looking woman, who had recently returned from abroad, approached the president of Eleanor's

"Can you tell me," she inquired, "the name, and give me some account of, a young girl who was dressed very simply, and sat modestly in the background. although she bore off a half dozen prizes? There was nothing to indicate poverty in her very appropriate school dress, but her face had a look of purpose, and I am in search of a girl to act as visiting governess to my little daughters."

So from the root of Eleanor's selfdenial blossomed the fragrant flower of her success. Her duties at Mrs. Armstrong's proved to be very congenial while brief hours and frequent holidays left her much time to devote to the assistance of the dear ones at home. In the eyes of the traveled and cultured woman her simple gown had been a positive recommendation, and it was to it she owed the enthusiastic testimonial to her scholarship and of them will hang. worth which the president, having opportunity, was glad to give.

"A good name is better than riches, and loving favor rather to be desired than silver and gold."-Congrega-

tionalist.

Rather Tough. Gummey-There is nothing thinskinned about Bloobumper. Glanders-I should say not. Paresis vaccinated him the other day

the edge off his instrument. -Judge. -The English evening primrose is night flower, and opens its petals at sunset with a snap like a vegetable

and told me that the operation took

LOCKOUT IN CHICAGO. It Fails to Throw as Many Out of Work

as Was Anticipated.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The big lockout ordered by the Central Building league for yesterday was inaugurated. It was said that from 75,000 to 100,000 members of the building trades would be thrown out of employment. The reports at the headquarters of the unions failed to show even 1,000 men out of work in consequence

of the orders of the employers. The men placed the figures at about 700. On the other hand, the bosses claim that something like 10,000 men were locked out. There is vague talk of a movement to bring about arbitration, but no names are given. COLUMBUS, O., April 14.—President

John C. McBride, of the United Mine Workers of America, was interviewed on the question of what assurance the executive board had that the order to strike April 21 would be obeyed by the men. He answered in substance that the matter had been carefully canvassed by the districts, previous to the present meeting of the national body. and that there was no reason to doubt but what every member of the miners' union would be bound by the edict of the convention. He said that beyond the membership of the union thousands of miners in Maryland, Michigan and other states where there was no state organization the men would strike from sympathy, and the executive board already had assurance to that effect.

At Thursday's session of the United Mine Workers' convention the scale committee recommended that when the strike should be inaugurated the purpose should be to restore the old scale in existence at the beginning of the present year; that is to say, Ohio miners will demand 70 cents a ton, Indiana 70 cents, Illinois miners 50 to 60 cents and Pennsylvania miners, Pittsburgh district, 79 cents. The scale in all the other states is based on the prices of these states and is governed by competitive and mining conditions in each of the several districts. The resolution also provided for the restoration of all the conditions that existed between employer and employes at the beginning of the present year. The report of the committee was received with cheers and unanimously adopted.

John McBride introduced a resolution pledging the miners to obey the law during the forthcoming strike, to commit no depredations, and if necessary to assist in protecting property. The resolution was received with cheers and adopted.

SWEPT OUT TO SEA.

Sailing Craft Driven from Shore by the Atlantic Gale.

NEW YORK, April 14.- The storm which began to level things along the Atlantic coast Tuesday night is gradually losing its cyclonic nature, although the wind is still sweeping down the coast with considerable force. In this city and on the direct coast line the fury of the storm was spent by dawn, but in the wake of the cyclone, which is slowly passing out to sea, the weather continues sufficiently rough to cause well-founded apprehension for any unfortunate vessels which may be in its track. It will be days before the full extent of the loss of life and property can be determined. Perhaps the fate of some of the smaller craft, which were off the coast during the height of the gale, will never be known. Certain it is, from the meager number of arrivals at this port since the storm began, that a fleet of sailing craft has been driven out to sea or forced to fly before the tempest under bare poles and to be tossed about at the mercy of the waves. All that is known now is that two more vessels, in addition to the two which were wrecked Wednesday, have been reported cast ap on the coast, and that more lives have probably been crushed out during the night.

Reports from places on the Long Island coast say that eight persons who were at sea in three yachts are missing and are believed to be lost. This increases the number of victims from the storm to more than twenty-five.

READY TO BE HANGED.

Eight Alabama Murderers Waiting for the Noose, with Six More in Jail.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 14.-The four negroes who murdered Mr. Grant, a prominent citizen of this county, have been found guilty. Alex, Joe and Wilson Woodley are sentenced to hang and Jack Gabriel to the penitentiary for life. Jim Calloway, another, was sentenced to be hanged several days ago. There are now eight condemned prisoners in the jail here to be hanged within three months. There are six other murderers to be tried and it is thought at least three

ROBBED OF \$2,500. A Cowboy Makes a Raise in a Banking House at Crawford, Neb.

CHADRON, Neb., April 14.-At 3:40 Thursday afternoon, while Albert Whipple, cashier of the Crawford Banking company of Crawford, Neb., was alone in the bank a stranger attired in cowboy garb entered, and shoving a six-shooter in Whipple's face demanded money. Whipple gave up all the cash on the counter, amounting to about \$2,500. The robber then compelled Whipple to enter the vault and then locked him in where he was found twenty minutes later by the president.

LYNCHED IN OHIO.

A Mob Fools the Militia and Hangs a

Colored Brute. CLEVELAND, O., April 17.—Seymour Newlin, a negro with a bad reputation. committed a criminal assault Saturday night upon an aged woman named Mrs. Knowles, living at Rushsylvania, Logan county, O. He was captured Sunday morning, but when the sheriff arrived from Bellefontaine to take charge of the prisoner a mob which had collected refused to give him up. The sheriff summoned a posse, but the mob would not yield. A call was then made upon the militia, and a company left Bellefontaine late in the afternoon for the scene of trouble.

The crowd of infuriated citizens at Rushsylvania were apprised of the departure of the mintary, and long before their arrival were armed and massed around the calaboose to receive them, and when the company arrived at the building 100 voices warned them the citizens were determined that blood would flow before the prisoner would be surrendered. The sheriff, who remained on the ground, was informed that only the life of the negro would satisfy their vengeance. The mob swore that the entire state militia could not take him away. The sheriff parleyed with the leaders, who declared that if the soldiers were ordered back to Bellefontaine they would try to protect the prisoner until morning and give him a hearing in Rushsylvania. They also told the sheriff that he must promise that no attempt should be made to get the man away until after the preliminary examination.

Sheriff Sullivan, who was in command of the soldiers, was informed that there were six dynamite cartridges under the calaboose and if any attempt was made to fire a gun or fix a bayonet the building and the prisoner would be blown into eternity. After parleying for a time the sheriff decided that he could do nothing and the troops were ordered to return to Bellefontaine on a promise from the citizens that they would care for the prisoner and see that no harm came to him. The troops left at 8 o'clock. The dynamite talk was supposed to be a bluff, but after the soldiers left six bombs were hauled from beneath the calaboose.

As soon as the soldiers were out of sight preparations were made to string up the prisoner. It was asserted that he was an old-time malefactor and had been in the Ohio penitentiar, three times. The advice of their leaders was disregarded by the great mass of the citizens, who shouted: "Hang him!" Then a rush was made for the place of confinement, which was a small pooden structure that was not able to resist the onslaught. The frightened rells of the negro could be heard above the noise of the lynchers. It was first 8:50 o'clock when a determined onslaught

was made. The building was overturned and the struggling negro quickly taker from it. A rope had been procured. A noose was put about the neck of the trembling wretch and he was dragged to a cottonwood tree about 100 yards distant. Very little was said and no opportuni-ty was given to the prisoner to make a confession or statement. A dozen willing hands grasped the rope and the negro was swung into the air. As his body rose above the mobile air was rent with the shouts of the men and women who had assembled to witness the lynching. As soon is the work was finished the mob dispersed and quiet was restored.

GAINESVILLE, Tex, April 12 Jack Crews, murderer of four persons here, was taken toward Fort Worth Saturday for safe keeping. On the way he was taken from his guards and lynched.

BRAZIL REBELLION ENDED. De Mello and His Troops Surrender to Uruguay and Are Disarmed

Montevideo, April 17.-Admiral de Mello and the 1,500 insurgent groops who disembarked on the from er of Uruguay, after having been driven out of the state of Rio Grande do Sulley the troops of President Peixoto have surrendered to the Uruguayan a thorities, and the rebellion in Braze may be said to have completely collapsed. The authorities of Uruguay have disarmed the Brazilian insurgent. The state of siege at Rio de Jane o has been extended to June 13, but it is believed that in view of the surrender of Admiral de Mello and the intergent forces the Brazilian government will shortly be able to raise the state of siege.

THREE CHILDREN BURNED.

They Perish in a Fire Near Janesville. Minn.-Dynamite in the House.

JANESVILLE, Minn., April 17 .- At 6 a. m. Sunday the residence of Dr. Krinks, 3 miles west of here, was burned and his three children, Martha, Augusta and Edith, aged respectively 10. 8 and 6, perished in the fire. Their charred bones were found in the ruins of the house. The fire originated from a defective chimney. The father was away and the fire half consumed the building before it was discovered. In her efforts to rescue the children the mother was severely burned. A quantity of dynamite stored in the house exploded during the fire and was heard for miles around.

The Big Museum Almost Ready. CHICAGO, April 17.-Installation of the treasures in the Field Columbian museum is about completed and the doors will be opened May 1. The able that the removal of the debris museum is located in the Art building at Jackson park.

THE CAUCUS ACTS.

House Democrats Take Important Action on the Querum Question.

WASHINGTON, April 16 The struggle over the adoption of the new rule to secure a voting quorum was resumed when the house met. The republicans made a preliminary stand against the approval of the journal. As soon as it had been read Mr. Boutelle jumped to his feet and objected, and when Mr. Dockery moved its approval, the republicans sat silent in their seats. Upon the announcement of the vote, 105-0, Mr. Boutelle made the point of no quorum and the roll was called. The republicans refrained from voting, and the result, 155 to 1, showed that the democrats were twenty-three short of a quorum.

Mr. Dockery then moved a call of the house, instructing his side to vote down the motion, in the hope of developing a democratic quorum. But again the democrats failed to get a quorum. The motion for a call was defeated, 140-14. The democrats were still twenty-five short.

The prospect of a quorum was hopeless, and, as it had been decided to call a democratic caucus to consider the rules, Mr. Dockery moved an adjournment, and at 1 o'clock the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON, April 16. - After a heated session of two hours and a half the democratic caucus Friday afternoon decided by a vote of 80 to 44 to instruct the committee on rules to report a new rule to ascertain and record the presence of a quorum, whether voting or not. Practically all the democratic members ol the house attended the caucus.

Mr. Bland (Mo.) presented a resolution directing the sergeant-at-arms to carry out the provision of section 40, chapter 2, of the revised statues by which deductions from the salaries of members should be made for every day's absence, except on account of sickness. This was in accordance with the action of the judiciary committee earlier in the day. It was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Springer (Ill.) brought forward the rule which he introduced some time ago, framed on the lines of the old rule drawn some twelve years ago by J. Randolph Tucker, of Virginia, which provided that members who declined to vote when their names were called should be brought to the bar of the house, and after being given an opportunity to vote upon the pending proposition, in case of refusal should be recorded as "present but not vot-

Mr. Pendleton (W. Va.) offered a resolution directing the committee on rules to formulate and present a rule to ascertain and record the presence of a quorum, whether voting or not. Mr. Outhwaite (0.) suggested a different method of accomplishing the same pur-

Speaker Crisp took the floor and made a vigorous speech, pointing out the deplorable position in which the house found itself on account of continued and persistent absenteeism.

Quite a number of speeches were made in opposition to any and all rules looking to the counting of members who refused to vote. Messrs. Kilgore (Tex.), Bryan (Neb.), McMillin (Tenn.), Wheeler (Ala.) and Williams (Ill.) led the opposition.

Mr. Cummings (N. Y.) made a speech against the proposition to count a quorum, at the conclusion of which he sent up to the desk an amendment to the title of any new rule which should be reported for this purpose so as to make it read: "A rule to nominate Thomas Brackett Reed for president of the United States."

Mr. DeArmond (Mo.) offered a resolution expressing it as the sense of the caucus that the committee on rules should prepare a new rule for ascertaining the presence of a quorum and also some method for compelling the attendance of absent members. Mr. McCreary (Ky.) moved to refer all the resolutions to the committee on rules.

The motion was lost-59 to 65. Mr. DeArmond's resolution was adopted by a two-thirds majority-80 to 44. This completed the work of the caucus.

TO THE OLD RATE.

Judge Dundy Restores Former Wages of Union Pacific Men.

OMAHA, Neb., April 16.-Judge Dundy has ordered the wages of Union Pacific employes restored to the old rate. This applies to all the employes of the Union Pacific whose salaries were cut last September. The order directs the receiver to restore the old wage schedule so far as it relates to the men represented by the petitioners and others similarly situated; and in cases where the men receive less than \$60 per month, the increased pay shall commence on the first day of March last, and in all cases where the men receive \$60 per month or over the increased pay shall commence on the first of the present month

The opinion rendered in connection with the order is a very extensive one, covering the entire history of the wage troubles on the Union Pacific road and the hearing before Judge Caldwell. Judge Dundy declares that Judge Caldwell, in his famous order, misstated facts, and did so maliciously.

Sixtern Miners Killed.

BELGRADE, April 16 -An explosion caused by fire-lamp occurred in a coal mine at Czuprija Thursday. It is known that sixteen were killed and it is probpiled up by the explosion will disclose the bodies of others.

THE BARRINGTON NEWS

By THE NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

J. B. COYKENDALL, EDITOR.

SUBSCI	21	Œ	2	r	1	01	N	4	R	A	V	Y	0	S		
One Year								*							81	50
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SATURDAY, APRIL 2:.

We have at last received our press, which we have long waited for, and are now prepared to do all kinds of work in the printing line-from a visiting card to a 1000 page book. We will do good work at reasonable price.

We wish to say to those who have been waiting for us to get a press before they subscribed for the News to call and see us. Come and subscribe for a first-class local newspaper, one that is printed and edited all at home and one that we will do all in our power to improve as we grow older.

infrigement of his patent.

Station is the name of a street that runs by the News office. The mud never is cleaned up.

If Breckinrilge don't get back into Congress he need not be idle. There are half a dozen dime museums in Chicago that will hire him.

Speaker Crisp with good Reed rules can take life easy, go a fishing, and be happy. He has lost a great deal of time and much wind by not surrendering earlier.

The New York World says editorially: "Senator Hill owns Governor Fiower." But the World did not assert that President Cleveland owned Senator Hill. What a happy party it is, anyway!

in Congress would be to make a rule Thursday in April, 1895, in the compelling every Senator or Congressman to be in his place and listen to every speech of a regular, "eighthour" day's work.

Gov. Tillman's dispensary law in South Carolina has been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. The law has caused several riots between state constables and citizens, at which blood has flowed.

Gov. Waite's appointees in Denver, Colo., took possesion of their respective offices, all the old members of the police and fire boards giving in to the governor and turning over their offices peacefully. This ends the trouble in Colorado.

The mysterious South Bend, Ind., postoffice robberies have at last been solved. Letter Carrier on good basis, and the ministers Boone has confessed to them. He would burn up the money orders. His peculations amounts way up in the thousands.

In John Jacob Astor's new novel he rides a comet, tells of his great sport on Jupiter, and preforms all kinds of odd antics, but in New York he doesn't offer to move that new stable he is building close to a church and among fine residences near by. John Jacob seems to think New Yorkers should be proud of the fumes of an Astor stable.

The war in Brazil is ended, the European war scare has fizzled out and the Breckinridge-Pollard case is ended, and the newspapers of churches of Chicago. Both added Chicago seem to be "short" on greatly to the success of the evensensation. Last Saturday they de- ings programme. The orators of voted two pages to "Is Altge!t Dy- the evening were Bishop Wm. Horn, ing?" Of course. Every day that Rev. H. A. Kramer, Rev. C. A. passes brings him a day nearer to Thomas and Mr. J. J. Ainold of the life's journey. He is as much hu- First, National Bank of Chicago. man as the editor of the Herald or The College Quartette rendered two Inter-Oeean.

ILDINOIS CONFERENCE OF THE EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

NAPERVILLE, Ill., April 12 .-Special Correspondence for the Barrington News.]-The Illinois Conference of the Evangelical Association met in the Zion Church at Naperville to-day to hold their 50th annual session.

At 9 a. m. Bishop Wm. Horn of Cleveland, Ohio, opened the meeting with the usual devotional exercises, after which he delivered a very able and timely address to Conference. Bishop J. J. Esher of Chicago being present was also called on by the chairman to speak. He spoke very touchingly concerning his connection with this Conterence from the very beginning, he having been the first applicant at the first session of this Conference for license.

After the usual examination of the ministers the standing committees were appointed. Seven young men were licensed to preach, and to seven of the brethren deacon order's were voted.

The election and stationing o the Presiding Elders resulted as follows: Wm. Schmus, Chicago Reed will not sue Crisp for an District; Wm. Neitz, Freport-Mendota District; J. Wellaur, Peoria District, and Wm. Goessele, Naperville District.

After a masterly address by Rev. T. C. Me kel on the subject of mission the session of the first day adjourned.

Among the visiting ministers present were: Rev. S. P. Spreng, editor of the Evangelical Messenger; Rev. C. A. Thomas, publishing agent; Rev. T. C. Meckel, corresponding secretary of the Missionary Society; Rev. J. G. Lamb, presiding elder of Cleveland District. Ohio Conference; all of Cleveland. Ohio.

The meeting was opened with devotional exercises. It was decided that the annual Conference The quickest way to reach a vote shall be held on the second Sheffield Avenue Church, Chicago.

> W. B. Billing, P. C. Koch and F. Beucher were voted the orders of

> Rev. C. A. Thomas of Cleveland, thio, addressed Conference in the interest of our publishing house. The afternoon was mostly spent in receiving committee reports.

> Rev. S. P. Spreng preached in the evening in the German language to a large congregation., Text: St. Matth. 5:8.

SATURDAY.

After the usual devotional exercises the report of committees was again resumed, which took up the entire forenoon. The Conference appropriations were about \$8000.

The Cenference finances are uphave been well paid. Bishop J. I. Esher is again present and gives valuable information and advice.

Rev. S. P. Spreng, editor of the Evangelische Messenger, addressed Conference in a very eloquent manner in behalf of the paper which he

A banquet was given in the even ing to the members of Conference and visiting friends in the College under the auspices of the Young People's Alliance. A special train was run from Chicago which brought nearly 200 people, among whom were notably the choirs of the Noble St. and Twelfth St. very fine selections.

SUNDAY.

Sunday being a beautiful day the people from near and far wended their way to Naperville. The church was filled to its utmost capacity. An overflow meeting was held in the College chapel, which was also well filled. Rev. S. P. Spreng breaking the bread of life. The Bishop preached in the power of the Spirit, taking for his text St. Matth. 28:18-20. In the afternoon the ordination service was held. Ten brtehren were ordained. This service was followed by a missionary meeting led by Bishop Esher, at which \$26.83 was secured. Communion services were held in the evening, in which 293 participated.

MONDAY.

Conference opened by devotional exercises at 8.30 o'clock by Bishop Horn. Committees reported and the reports were adopted after their consideration.

It was resolved to organize a national fire insurance association for the churches and parsonages. The following were elected as a Board of Directors for three years: Revs. J. C. Kiest, Wm. Goessele, W. Schmus, Geo. Husser. G. C. Knobel. W. H. Messerschmitt, H. Hintze.

Rev. J. B. Elfrink was re-elected Conference treasurer for the ensuing year.

TUESDAY.

On Tuesday morning the Conference again met to dispose of a few miscellaneous matters, after which the following appointments were made:

CHICAGO DISTRICT. Noble St. - J. Zepperer. Wisconsin St.-M. Heohn. Twelfth St. H. Hintze. Dearborn St. - J. C. Veogelein. Englewood-F. Stierli. Harrison St.-G. C. Knobel. Sheffield Ave. - J. C. Kiest. Lane Park - J. A. Giese. Oak Park-Theo. Alberding. Niles M. Gronewald. Desplaines-Leo. Schmitt. Barrington-J. B. Elfrink. Bensonville-G. A. Lippert. South Chicago-W. A. Schlutz. Naperville (English)-H. A. Kramer.

Plainfield—H. Pope. Sheridan-M. Sheonleben. C. Augenstein, member of Lane Park Quarterly Conference. H. J. Kickhoefer, Naperville Quarterly Conference.

F.W. Heidner, Naperville Quarterly Conference. H. Kletzing, Naperville Quar-

terly Conference. I. Lerch, Naperville Quarterly Conference.

NAPERVILLE DIST. Naperville-W. C. Frey. Joliet-D. E. Fehr. Downers Grove-W. Klingbeil. Manhatten-F. Richert. Kankakee-F. Benschee. Grand Prairie—G. Schwartz and Marth. Oswego-W. C. Werner.

Aurora-G. Husser. Bata na-F. Finkbeiner. Elgin-C. Vauhel. Belvadere-L. Willman Hampshire—C. Hauser. Peotone—A. Egli. Crown Point-W. Starkman. C. Hummel, member Elgin Quarterly Conference.

H. Bucks, member Plainfield Quarterly Conference. J. Lutz, member foliet Quarterly Conference.

A. Wagner, member Grand Prairie Quarterly Conference. G. Vetter, member Kankakee Quarterly Conrerence.

FREEPORT DIST.

Freeport (German) - E. R. Troyer. Freeport (English)-W. R. Rill-

Cedarville-C. Nauman. Orangeville-C. A. Heisler. Rush Creek-J. C. Gasser. Yellow Creek-P. C. Koch. Forreston-J. H. Blaser and F

Mendota—J. G. Kleinkuecht. Genoseo—F. Theiss. Hooppole-W. Schutte. Red Oak-S. C. Leuhring.

Perkins Grove-J. Buente. Ashton-C. Dauner. Rochelle-To be supplied. Sterling-J. J. Lintner. Fair Haven-J. C. Zimmerman.

PEORIA DIST. Peoria-G. M. Palwachs. Washington-E. V. Freeden. Mason-F. Schwartz. Holland's Grove-H. Schleicher. El Paso-G. Eichenlaub. Tonica-J. Alber. Streator-W. H. Messerschmitt and C. Bauerle.

Ottawa-C. Ott. Pontiac-Theo. Steege. Chatsworth-I. Haller. Gilman-I. Marth. Mt. Pulaski-J. J. Jordan. Preemption-W. G. Vetter.

CUCBA STANION Spring is here at last.

The dance at Cary was well at near future. tended from Cuba. They report having a good time. How is fishing boys?

Mrs. E. Riley made a business call

on Mrs. C. Kraus.

We had the pleasure of seeing J. Donlea pass through Cuba, on a freight train Wednesday.

We are glad to hear that Bertha Langenham will soon be able to re-

sume her labor again. Mr. Kraus made a business trip to Chicago Monday.

Time to plant potatues. Bob, what is the matter with your

Mrs. Meyer made Mrs. C. Kraus a call Wednesday.

Four very rough boys made a gaeat disturbance in the town of Cuba a short time ago. They went to E. Riley's and kept the family up untill after 12 o'clock. The clothes they had on were a trifle too large. Nice looking boys, don't you think so Bob?

Look out for a wedding in the

What's the matter with Cooney? Are you dried up? Or did you scrub the soloon with beer.

Muggins.

The Home Question:



"What shall we do with our Walls?"

IS EASILY ANSWERED IF YOU CALL AND EXAMINE THE LATEST THINGS IN

ARTISTIC

TALL PARER

= AT=

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Beautiful Papers, suitable for Halls, Parlors, Dining Rooms at 4, 5. 6, 8, 9, 10 and 12 1-2 cents per roll and upwards.

We are in a position to take care of the Wall Paper trade, and can save you from 10 to 25 per cent.

WINDOW SHADES.__C

We handle ONLY the Best Quality and Makes of the different grades of shade material.

WE make a specialty of making shades in special sizes for residences.

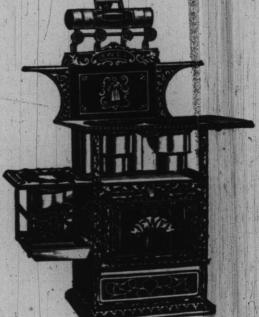
We believe in small profits and Large Sales.

WE STUDY YOUR INTERESTS AT ALL TIMES.

RESPECTFULLY YOURS.

A.W. MEYER&CO.

In asking you to purchase a "Jewel Stove" we offer the following pertinent returns for



your money: A Stove that has a horizontal tank with a seperate flow into each valve and the most necessary improvement in connection with a Process Stovea tank valve that is easily and quickly removed for cleaning.

The needles are made of German silver; a sight feed, so that the gasoline may be seen as it drips. Furthermore, it is the handsomest and most perfect stove made. Call and examine at

H. D. A. GREBE, Barrington, Ill. HARDWARE.

Cutting Prices

Right and Left for the Cash Trade of This and Other Sections at the Dundee Cash Store of C. F. Hall Co.

Goods at Unheard of Low Prices-Suburb Stock and Immense Variety Now the Attraction Prices Actnally Cut in Two.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

With the opening of spring we show all the leading styles in trimmed and untrimmed hats at credit rates. This department is November 3, 1893. in charge of Miss Macomber. Will December 22, 1894. make prices lower than the lowest, March 16, 1894... giving you advanced styles and attractive merchandise.

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Best blue prints 4 cents a yard; yard wide heavy sheeting 4 cents a yard; best standard ginghams 4 and 6 cents a yard; best bleached muslin 71/2 cents, Londsdale and fruit bleached; Domet flannel 5 cents a yard; beautiful dress plaids 121/2 cents; satines 10 and 13 cents, worth 15 and 20 cents. Full line of dress goods at 19, 29, 39 and 49 cents; every grade of black satines from 121/2 to 35 cents; outing flannel 5 cents a yard; extra heavy sheeting 6 cents: men's unlaundried shirts, extra weight, 50 cents; fine cashimeres for boys pants 19 M and 25 cents. Complete new stock all thro!.

PRICES ON STAPLE NOTIONS. All silk ribbon & cents a yard; extra widths, Nos. 9 to 16, 8 cents a yard, all colors; fancy flowers at 5, 9, 12, 16 and 19 cents a bunch,

less than half value; 1200 matches 10 cents; lead pencils 3 cents a dozen; all elastic web 4 cents a yard; 12 yards torchon lace 6 cents; ladies vests, long sleeves, ribbed, 11 cents; buttons, 2 dozen on a card, 5 cents; fancy dress buttons, 2 dozen on a card 8 cents; big lot men's ties, special purchase, sold at 4, 9, 13 and 11 cents; 12 cakes soap 15 cents; fancy hair pins 1 cent each steel shears, all sizes, 25 cents each; spool thread 2 cents; safety pins 3 cents a dozen; pins 1 cent a paper; childrens bibs 5 cents cents; mens \$3.00 shoes, cordovan each; childrens and misses ribbed and calf, \$1.29. Immense variety vests, short sleeves, 8 cents.

GREAT BARGAINS IN HOSIERY. Mens full seamless hose 5 cents; mens Rockford hose 6 cents a pair; ladies hose 6 and 8 cents; misses hose, full seamless, 6, 9 and 12 cents; boys bicycle hose 19 cents a pair; ladies tan colored hose. 35 95 cent value for 19 cents; misses tan 23 pounds granulated sugar for and black hose, no seams, all ages, \$1.00; \$ Lars of soap for 25 cents; 12 cents a pair.

LADIES AND GENTS HANDKER- 25 cents; crackers 5 cents a pound;

chiefs 13 cents; fine embroidered pound pail of jelly 48 cents; canned handerchiefs 8 cents each; ladies corn 8 cents a can. Our stock is handkerchiefs 2, 3 and 5 cents; complete and we are cutting prices gents Turkey red handkerchiefs, to induce each purchases. full size 5 cents each.

LADIES WAISTS.

25 dozen ladies waists, mainly samples, 25 and 29 cents. Less than half price.

LADIES AND MISSES CAPES AND

JACKETS. Our stock is unsurpassed in this line—all sizes and particularly all prices much lower than former styles. Our facilities for handling years. A special bankrupt purthese goods are unequalled, and our chase enables us to offer boys knee bargains go as they come, cheap pant suits at 50, 69 and 98 cents; jackets at 98 cents, \$1.26, \$1.48, full line boys knee pant suits at the transMississippi department during of the material. All of these are mens suits at \$6.00, 7.75, 8.50, superior garments. We offer ladies 9.00, 10.50, 12.52, 13.00, 16.00 up capes and jackets at 98 cents, \$1.29, to 18.25. No such values ever 1.69, 1.79, 1.98, 2.29, 2.69, 2.97, 4.29, 5.48, 6.45, 7.48 and 8.98. Do not fail to give this department a

call. SHOES FOR ALL AGES.

entire stock of the Philip Bass Shoe Co., consisting of over 5,000 pairs of mens, misses, childrens and other dealer can approach, and your infants shoes and slippers. We interest lies most emphatically with bought this stock at less than one the Dundee Cash Store of C. F. half manufacturers cost, and are Hall. prepared, if price will do it, to do the shoe business for 25 miles

State of Illinois, Cook County.

D., 1894.

TOWN OF BARRINGTON. Office of Treasurer of Commissioners of Highways.

The following is a statement by E. D. Prouty, Treasurer of the Commissioners of Highways of the Town of Barrington, in the County and State aforesaid, of amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 27th day of March, 1894, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year; the amount of public funds received, and from what sources received; the amount of public funds expended, and for what purposes expended, during said fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said E. D. Prouty being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the following statement, by him subscribed, is a true and correct statement of the amount of public funds received, and the sources from which received and the amount expended and purposes for which expended as set forth in the following statement.

I. W. KINGSLEY, Justice of the Peace.

E. D. PROUTY. Subscribed and Sworn to before me, this 12th day of April, A.

Date.	Funds Received, and from What Sources Received.	Amount
	Amount of public tunds on hand at the com- mencement of the fiscal year, commenc- ing on the 28th day of March, 1893	

prices fully one-third less than November 3, 1893. Received from Road Dist. No. 8, poll tax ... 26.00 "Co. Treasurer, delinquent tax 320.03 " F. L. Waterman, Collector. 2218.89

Date	Funds Expended and for What Purposes Expended.	Amount.
	Paid Labor on Road	. \$1118.42
	Paid hauling gravel	
	Paid lumber and tile	
	Paid nails	
	Paid publishing Treasurers last report.	
	Paid Two 2-wheeled scrapers	65.00
	Paid Two small scrapers	
	Amount paid for gravel	
	Paid blanks	
	Paid interest on borrowed money	
	Paid Treasurer's 2 per cent. on \$2.582.6	7 51.65
	Total Amount Expended	\$2637.56
larch 27, 1803.	Balance on hand	1765.28

around. All solid goods, seasonable styles and just the right merchandise for you. Please note the prices: Infants shoes 16, 15 and 29 cents. childrens shoes 40, 59 and 69 cents: misses shoes 69, 79 and 87 cents, heel and spring heel; ladies shoes at 87, 98 cents and \$1.29. The ladies shoes are flexible, dongola, plain ann tipped toe, actually worth \$2 a pair. Oxford ties at 39, , 78 and 87 cents. We have them in full cases, 69 to 75 pairs in a case. Immense variety in tans and black. No such values ever offered in the history of the shoe trade. Mens satin calf shoes 98 vests, long sleeves, to cents; ladies at unneard of prices. Grain congress working shoes 98 cents; boys shoes, 13 to 2, at 87 cents, 21/2 to 5. 98 cents. We have these goods in to miss this great shoe sale.

GROCERIES.

We are still selling best flour at cents for 50 pounds; No. 1 roasted coffee 17 cents; extra bread biscuits, cakes and pies con-Ladies silk embroidered handker- stantly on hand-fresh baked, 20

HATS AND CAPS.

New stock, full line, seasonable styles, suitable for all ages. We have a special table of low prices for every day wear at 25 cents each. MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING.

Our spring stock is now in and for cash. Misses and childrens boys long pants 50 cents a pair: 1.69 and 1.48—less than the cost \$1.19, 1.69, 1.98, 2.59 and 3.29; the civil war

IN CONCLUSION,

We say come and see us and we will more than satisfy you. We have the merchandise, a big place We have recently purchased the to show it in, lots of it, right prices, cut prices and prices which no Yours truly,

C. F. HALL Co.

LOCALS.

\$4402.84

A memorial window to "Stonewall" Jackson is to be placed in the Presbyterian Church at Lexington, Va., of which he was a member.

Sir Charles Ross, who is the first married man to row in English university boat races, rowed in one of the crews this year. He was married two years ago.

J. J. Williams, editor of the Grenada Sentinel, is entitled to be called the Nestor of the Mississippi press. having been continually in the Journalistic harness in that state since 1847.

Miss Harriet Adams, a daughter of Judge F. G. Adams, of Kansas has been graduat d in surgery from the state Medical College. She took the first prize for the best commencement examination.

Mrs. Hannah Henry, of Hartford, Conn., declares that she is 104 years old. abundance and you cannot afford She is deaf and blind. and has lost the seuse of t ste and power of memory. She lives with Mrs Freeman, her daughter, who is 80 years of age.

> Archdeacon Farrar has been for some time engaged on a book to be called "The Life of Chirst in Art,, illustrating the manner in which art reflects and BARRINGTON, expresses the everchanging phases of Christian opinion on religious subjects

George Meredith, the English novelist, who is 60 years old, lives in a little house in the Surrey Hill, a mile away from a rangoad station. He is a great worker, but has found that he cannot toil except in complete quiet and so.i

Attorney General Olny is seldom to Lord Rowton, jr., sire be found at the department of justice Lord Rowton (2976) nowadays. He is rarely at his desk more by Corswell (1420), than two days out of the week, and Vol. 4. then he usually gives the doorkeepers instructions to abmit nobody whatever.

Gener I William R. Boggs, of Mississippi who bears a strong resemblance to the late General Kirby Smith, was a classmate of the latter at west point and served as his chief of stad in

Charles Reid, of Norfolk, Va., who has been in active business in the city for seventythree years celebrated his 94th birthday on the 4th inst. Fifteen grandchildren were present at a reception in his honor.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, C. P. Huntington, W. C. Whitney and Mrs. Paran Stevens own the four corners at Fifth avenue and Fifty-seventh street, New York, and their palaces cost \$31,000.000. The locality is appropriately called Millionaires' Four Corners.

Miss Ada Rehan is having her portrait done in oils by the London artist, Mouat Loudan. There is a rumor that some ardent English admirer of Miss Rehan,s talents has bequeathed to her a considerable sum of money in recognition of such admiration.

FRANK J. MEIER

DEALER IN

resh and Smoked Meats,

HIDES, POULTRY AND FURS,

FISH, OYSTERS, ETC.

Orders Taken and

Promptly Delivered...

BARRINGTON.

- H. S. MEIER, -

Practical Carpet Weaver.

.....I DO ALL KINDS OF

CARPET AND RUG WEAVING.

Call and Examine Work.

Guarantee First-class Work at Low Prices.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

rom Zimmerman's Removed

Old Stand to the Old Plagge Store, south of the Railroad Track. Come and see me.

GEO. W. FOREMAN,

DEADER IN-

Wines, Liquors

A Choice Lot of First-class Bottle Goods Alwayson Hand.

THE BEST LINE OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO IN THE MARKET.

POOL ROOM IN CONNECTION.

ILLINOIS.

PEDIGREE OF

Stands 16 hands high; weight, 1,600; bright bay; white face; 7 years old; one white hind foot.

Dam Maida 2d (755) vol. 4, by Conqueror (196) vol. 41, grand dam Maida (1245) by Ivenhoe (399) vol. 2, g. gr. dam Billy vol. 1, by sir Collin Campwell(778) vol. 2, g. gr. dam Maggie by Stantly Jack (1313) vol. 2.

Dam of Lord Rowton, ir. dam Maud, sired by Lord Dufferin (imp't'd) grand dam by Sir Wm. Wallace, imported.

TERMS: \$8.00.

Schwemm, Barrington, Ill. At H.

DEALER IN

Farm Implements, Buggies, Wagons. Etc. HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

A BIG PLANT BURNED.

The American Glucose Works in Buffalo Destroyed

The Loss Is Estimated at More Than \$1,000,000 - Several Men Are Badly Injured, and It Is Feared Some Have Perished.

IN ASHES.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 14. - The great plant of the American Glucose compamy, which also has extensive works at Peoria, Ill., and which is controlled by C. J. Hamlin, the famous trotting horse man, and his sons, burned Thursday night. The loss is considerably over \$1,000,000; insurance, \$585,006.

The plant of this company was situated on the Hamburg canal, Scott, East and West Market and Perry streets. There were four immense buildings of brick, ranging in height from eight to eleven stories. The fire started in the main building, which was used for making the glucose. The buildings burned were the power and feed house, the refinery and the storehouse. The Buffalo city fish market was also burned.

The fire was discovered in the dynamo-room of the main building shortly after 7 o'clock by the engineer. He gave the alarm and he and his fireman rushed out. In ten minutes the whole eleven floors were on fire and flames were bursting through the windows and darting from the roof.

There were perhaps 125 men at work Thursday night. It will not be known until a census of employes is taken today whether one man or fifty were cremated. It is known that some of the men escaped by a fire-escape, and some of them on the lower stories jumped into the canal. A great many of the men at work on the upper floors were ignorant Poles and Germans. They may have been burned and they may not. It is impossible to tell now. The chances are, however, that several men were burned to death.

So far as known four workmen and three firemen are injured. These are: John Young, a workman, hurt about the head and face; two Poles, cannot speak English, names unknown, both severely injured, one has both legs broken: John Stein, workman, severely burned: Chris Lang, fireman, leg broken by a fall: Louis H. Schrader, a fireman, badly burned; Joseph Webber, a fireman burned and injured.

The fire was one of incredible swiftness. The building was full of inflammable materials, acids and the like used in the making of glucose and starch, and the fire spread from top to bottom in a few minutes. In fifteen minutes the entire main building was a mass of flames. In twenty minutes the walls began to fall, and they fell at frequent intervals until inside of fortyfive minutes there was but one corner standing. The main building was connected with the power and feed house by an elevated bridge over Scott street. The flames crept across this and ignited the feed house.

Meanwhile the city fish market just across the street caught fire. Five firemen were sent inside to fight the flames, and a number of streams were turned on the roof. The building was a long, low brick structure, and the firemen made a good fight to save it, but a portion of a blazing wall fell on it and started the roof to burning fiercely. The firemen inside did not know of this and no one told them. The consequences were that in a few minutes the roof fell in and buried the five firemen. Two of them escaped with no other injuries than a few bruises.

The feed house was completely destroyed, the walls all having fallen by 10 o'clock. The refinery and the storehouse went next and by 11 o'clock there was nothing left of the mammoth establishment but a few tottering walls.

For a great many years the Hamlins held among themselves the secrets of the processes and made millions. Then they were sued by a man named Williams, who claimed to have discovered the process, and the secrets all came out. Since that time there have been many glucose works started.

GOLD GOING ABROAD.

Treasury Officials, However, Are Not

Alarmed by the Shipments. WASHINGTON, April 14. - The secretary of the treasury has received notice that sbout \$2,000,000 in gold coin would be required for export next Saturday, about half of which would be drawn from the treasury and an equal smount from the New York banks. It is the opinion of the treasury officials that this shipment is the beginning of the usual spring exportation and that shipments are likely to continue for some time. This fact, however, is not regarded as a cause for alarm. The net gold in the treasury at the close of business Thursday was \$105,963,539. Last year at this time the gold exportations were abnormally heavy, reaching \$19,148,964 during April and \$16,914,317 in May. In June they had dropped to \$2,711,226 and in July to \$174,212.

For a Bureau of Interstate Banks. WASHINGTON, April 14. - Representative Sherry (Conn.) has introduced in the house a bill to establish a bureau of interstate banks. The bill is a modification, in some important respects, of the national banking act and is designed to meet the demand for local currency in the south and west by affording a more profitable and accessible basis of circulation than United States bonds.

OAKES MUST EXPLAIN. The Northern Pacific Receiver Ordered to

Face Charges of Fraud. MILWAUKEE, April 17 .- Judge Jenk. ins has denied the petition for the removal of the Northern Pacific receiv-

The days of Thomas F. Oakes as one of the receivers of the Northern Pacific railroad are numbered unless he can disprove three serious charges brought against him by Brayton Ives, and which Judge Jenkins Saturday said had not been answered to the satisfaction of the court in Mr. Oakes' reply to the petition for his removal, In the words of the court the denials of. Mr. Oakes were not substantial denials. The charges that Receiver Oakes must prove false in order to retain his position are that he allowed deals to be made whereby certain directors made great profits, and which resulted in looting the treasury and wrecking the corporation. Here they are:

The purchase of the Chicago terminals for Ex,000,000 in excess of their cost and the pocketing of the profit by Villard, Colby, Abbott

The purchase of the Rocky Fork & Cooke City railroad. This road was built by a syndicate of Northern Pacific directors at a cost of \$18,000 per mile and was sold to the Northern Pacific for \$30,000 a mile, giving the directors' syndicate, of which Villard was president, a profit of \$600,000.

The purchase of the Northern Pacific & Manitoba railroad for \$20,000 a mile. It was built at a cost of \$12,000 per mile by the directors' syndicate, which netted \$500,000 by the

Judge Jenkins said explanations regarding these shady transactions must be forthcoming, and, in order to get the. necessary light, will refer this portion of the petition to a special examiner for the purpose of taking testimony.

Concerning the charges against Receivers Payne and Rouse, Judge Jenkins said they had done nothing to merit their removal. The only mistake they had made was in joining with Mr. Oakes in having separate receivers appointed for the various branch lines and thus creating heavy and unnecessary expenses. The court said that while in this matter they had acted hastily and were ill-advised he did not deem their action sufficient ground to warrant their removal.

DEATH OF SENATOR VANCE.

Expires Suddenly at His Residence in Washington-Sketch of His Life.

WASHINGTON, April 17. - Senator Zebulon B. Vance, of North Carolina, died at 11:40 o'clock Saturday night at his residence in this city. Paralysis and a complication of diseases resulted in a stroke of apoplexy while he was supposed to be in a fair way to recover. He had been in Florida during the winter, seeking health, but came back to Washington to take part in the tariff legislation.

[Zebulon B. Vance was born in Buncombe county, N. C., May 13, 1830. He received his education at Washington college and at the University of North Carolina. He chose the law as his profession and early drifted into politics. In 1854 he was elected a member of the North Carolina legislature and in 1858 he was chosen to represent his district in congress. Although opposed to secession when the war broke out he continued to represent his North Carolina constituency by taking his place at the head of a company of confederate volunteers. Soon he was appointed colonel of the famous Twenty-fifth North Carolina regi-

ment. In 1862, while he was still serving the cause of secession in the field, he was elected governor of North Carolina. His most noted achievement while in the office of governor was the securing of foreign aid for the confederate cause. He sent agents to Europe who purchased a fine steamboat, which subsequently ran the blockade, bringing in clothing arms and stores for the confederate govern-

As early as December, 1863, Gov. Vance urged President Davis to take advantage of every opportunity to negotiate with the United States government. At that time Vance realized the hopelessness of the cause he was supporting. When the national troops occupied North Carolina Gov. Vance was arrested and held a prisoner at Washington for several weeks.

Upon the election of Thomas L. Clingman. then representing North Carolina in the lower house of congress, to the senate, Vance was chosen to serve out the unexpired term. He was chosen as a state rights American, and served again in the Thirty-sixth congress. He was chosen governor of North Carolina in 1862 and 1864. In 1868 he attended as a delegate the democratic national convention which nominated Horatio Seymour for the presidency. In November, 1870, he was elected United States senator, but was not allowed to take

his seat, his political disabilities not having been removed. He therefore resigned in January, 1872, and in 1876 was chosen governor of his state for the third time In 1879 he was given a seat in the senate chamber and has been since reelected without opposition.]

SANTA CRUZ SCORCHED.

Twenty-Four Buildings in the Heart of the City Burned—Loss, \$255,000.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., April 17 .- A fire Saturday night and Sunday morning reduced to ashes twenty-four buildings in the heart of this city and caused a loss of over \$255,000, with little less than \$100,000 insurance One block reduced to ashes is bounded by Pacific avenue, Cooper and Grant streets and contained some of the finest buildings in the city, occupied by lawyers, bankers and merchants. The fire was of incendiary origin, and was first discovered at 10:40 o'clock Saturday evening, but the firemen could not obtain a supply of water from the hydrants. The city's mains had broken Saturday afternoon and the water had been shut off at the reservoir, 3 miles from town. It was not until 12 o'clock that the mains were once more opened. The water supply was then sufficient, but as Santa Cruz had not a fire engine to force the water through the hose the

streams were weak and ineffectual. The mayor, fearing that the whole business part of the town would be destroyed, telegraphed to San Jose for assistance. Although San Jose is 75 miles away a steamer arrived in one hour and lent valuable assistance. Watsonville also sent a steamer.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD.

The Famous Jurist Expires Somewhat Unexpectedly.

He Succumbs to an Attack of Pneumonia After a Brief Tilness-A Sketch of His Career and Service in the Cause of Law Reform.

A JURIST GONE.

NEW YORK, April 16 .- David Dudley Field, the distinguished jurist, died Friday at his home, 2 Grammercy place, of pneumonia. Mr. Field arrived from Italy only last Wednesday on the Columbia. He had gone abroad to take Christmas dinner with his only child lady Musgrave, and to attend the twenty first birthday celebration of her eldest son, Dudley Field Musgrave. His daughter is the widow of Sir Antheny Musgrave, who was governor of Queensland, Australia, when he died. She is living in East Grinstead in Sussex, about 20 miles from London. He then traveled about on the continent and took the steamer from Genoa for

He had been at his home at 2 Grammercy place since his return, and was thought to be in good health for a man of his age-89 years. He was taken with pneumonia Wednesday night. He



DAVID DUDLEY FIELD.

had expected to spend his summer among the Berkshire hills, where he was born. He was engaged in writing his autobiography. Only last Wednesday he remarked: "My one great ambition is to have my codes adopted all over the world. They are written and published. It is only a question of time when they will be accepted."

in part 1 of the court of common pleas, Judge Bookstaver, holding a special term of the court of common pleas, and Judge Giererich in part 3 of the court of common pleas, adjourned court of common pleas, adjourned court when they heard of Mr. Field's death. in part 1 of the court of common pleas, when they heard of Mr. Field's death.

[Mr. Field was born at Haddam, Conn, and was educated at Williams college. He studied law, was admitted to practice when 23 years old and began his legal career in this city. He was chiefly known as a public man for his labors in the cause of law reform. Having been appointed in 1847 by the legislature of his state a commissioner on practice and pleading, he took an active part in the preparation of a new code of procedule. He was intrusted by the state in 1857, as president of a commission, with the task of preparing a political code, a penal code, and a civic code, containing the entire body of the law. Mr. Noyes undertook the penal code and Mr. Field the analysis of the political and civil. After many drafts and eight successive reports had been made the ninth and final report was submitted to the legislature in February, 1865. Mr. Field rewrote the civil code eighteen times. All these law reforms occupied most of his time for eighteen years.

Other states followed the example of New York. These codes have been adopted by nearly all the states and, in substance, by England and her colonies. An international code was next drawn up. Working with the Law society in England, he drafted a code which was afterward published.

Mr. Field made his first public speech in 1842 at Tammany hall. Two years later he began to rally the anti-slavery remnant of his party to oppose the annexation of Texas. None was more active on the side of freedom during the Missouri compromise and the Kansas-Nebraska difficulty. He attended many conventions and always spoke against that portion of his party which upheld the slave trade. Mr. Field was a delegate to the peace convention during the last months of the Buchanan administration. his influence and that of Horace Greely, at the Chicago convention in ,186), the nomination of Lincoln was largely ascribed. After the war he objected to military rule in the south and argued many celebrated cases against the constitutionality of military commissions.

In 1873 he attended a meeting at Brussels, which resulted in the formation of an associatien of economists, legislators and law-yers from all parts of the world for the reform and codification of the laws of nations, the object being to substitute arbitration for war in the settlement of disputes. Of this association he was chosen president. In the latter part of 1873 Mr. Field made a tour around the world, being received everywhere with the highest honors permissible to a civilian.

In 1876 he voted for Mr. Hayes, but being convinced that Mr. Tilden was duly chosen by the people he acted as counsel on the democratic side before the electoral commission. That same year Mr. Field was sent to congress. After that he gave little time to public affairs.

Mr. Field was a member of one of the most neted families of this country. Justice Field of the United States supreme court and Cyrus Field, father of the ocean cable, were his

She Wants a Pension.

LONDON, April 16.-The Chronicle says that ex-Queen Liliuokalani has become convinced of the hopelessness of her case and is said to be willing to advocate the annexation of the Hawalian islands to the United States with a view of obtaining the pension which President Harrison advised. A petition to that effect is being prepared for submission to President Cleveland,



If your nearest, best and most esteemed neighbors had written the following letters they could be no more worthy of your confidence than they now are, coming, as they do, from well known, intelligent and trustworthy citizens who, in their several neighborhoods, enjoy the fullest confidence and respect of all.

Mrs. F. L. Inman, of Manton, Wexford Co., Mich., whose portrait heads this article, writes as follows: "I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription about a year ago. For years I have suffered with falling and ulceration of the wemb, but to-day, I am enjoying perfect health."

I took four bottles of the 'Prescription' and two of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Every lady suffering from female weakness should try the 'Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

Miss Mary J. Tanner, North Lawrence, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., writes: "I was sick for four years. For two years I could do no work. I had five different physicians, cepted."

Mr. Field's estate is valued at between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. The property is unimcumbered Mr. Henry M. Field, his brother, said that the bulk of his estate will be held in trust for the grandchildren until they become of age.

When the news of Mr. Field's death became known Mayor Gilroy ordered the flags on the city hall displayed at half mast, and the flag over the Lawyer's club in the Equitable building was also lowered. Judge Prior, sitting in part 1 of the court of common pleas,

mary J. Jan mer

Mrs. Alex. Robertson, of Half Rock, Mercer Co., Mo., writes: "For twenty years, I suffered with womb disease and most of the time I was in constant pain which rendered life a great burden. I cannot express what I suffered. I had eight doctors and all the medicine I had from them failed—the one

medicine I had from them failed—the one after the other.

I was nervous, cold hands and feet, palpitation, headache, backache, constipation, leucorrhea and no appetite, with bearing-down pains. I got so weak I could not walk around. I had to keep my bed, thinking I would never get any better.

One day my husband got one of your little books and read it to me. He said there was nothing doing me any good. I said I would try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did try it. After the first few weeks my appetite was better; I was able to sit up in bed. I wrote to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffale, N. Y., and described my case; they sent me a book on woman's diseases. I read carefully and followed the directions as near as I could and took the medicine for two years. With the blessing medicine for two years. With the blessing of God and your medicines, I am entirely cured. That was three years ago." Yours truly,

Mrs Ala Robertion

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful men-struation, unnatural suppressions, and irreg-ularities, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chron-ic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in overies accommand with "internal head". in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

The Book (168 pages, Illustrated) referred to above, is sent sealed secure from observation in plain envelope for ten cents in stamps, to pay postage. Write for it. The Book points out the means of successful Home Treatment for all the peculiar weaknesses and distressing diseases incident to women. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.



TOTAL BEST PUREST AND MOST ETO

sold everywhere THEN KFAIRKANN COMPANY CHICAGO.



"To Remove Paint.

"Sit down on it before it is dry."—(Texas Siftings.) That's a good way—easy, too. And another way is to do your cleaning in the oldfashioned way with soap; the necessary rubbing takes off the paint along with the dirt, but this is very tiresome work. You ought to do your house-cleaning with

Pearline; that's the modern way-easiest and most economical way-takes away the dirt easily and leaves the paint. Saves rubbing, saves work, saves time, saves whatever is cleaned. Use Pearline (with-

out soap) on anything that water doesn't hurt.

lions now Pearline

WON HER CASE.

Verdict of the Jury in the Pollard-Breckinridge Trial

The Kentucky Congressman Is Assessed Damages in the Sum of \$15,000—He Asks for a New Trial-Washington Women Take Action.

THE COLONEL MUST PAY.

WASHINGTON, April 17 .- The Pollard-Breckinridge trial is ended at last and Madeline Pollard has a verdict for \$15,-000 against the silver-tongued congressman from the blue grass region. The jury rendered its verdict Saturday after having been out a little over an hour.

There was no expression of approval or disapproval from the crowd. Col. Breckinridge himself rose to make a motion for a new trial and the court adjourned. There was nothing but expressions of approval and regrets that the amount was not larger among the few senators in the senate chamber when the bulletin was announced to them and rapidly passed around the

The jury took fifteen ballots before reaching a conclusion. The difference was mainly over the amount of damages to be granted, and there was but one man on the jury who favored the defendant. On the first ballot one juror voted for the defense and hung out for a time, but his colleagues thought he did it more for the sake of argument than because he was strongly in favor of Col. Breckinridge. A number of ballots were required to reach a compromise on the amount of damage to be awarded. Two or three jurors wanted to give the full amount of \$50,000, while the others thought that merely nominal damages would serve to express their opinion that the congressman had treated Miss Pollard shabbily.

Col. Breckinridge was very cool after the verdict had been rendered. He declined to speak at that time for publication, as did his attorneys. Miss Pollard was somewhat excited, but not hysterical, while awaiting the result and broke into tears when she heard it. She declined to be interviewed, and her attorneys said that she was anxious to efface herself from public sight as far as possible, now that the case had

As might have been expected with a woman of her temperament, the long strain of the trial culminated in a nervous collapse, and Miss Pollard is suffering from nervous prostration. She was taken Saturday night to Providence hospital, a Catholic institution in a quiet part of the city on Capitol hill, where she is attended by the sisters of charity. The attending physicians do not anticipate any serious effects from her illness.

During the trial several communica tions came to Miss Pollard and to her lawyers from managers of theatrical and opera companies offering high salaries if she would appear in almost any capacity under their auspices.

Hardly had the verdict been rendered when a meeting of prominent Washington women was called to take action regarding the case of Col. Breckinridge. Representatives of several feminine organizations met at Willard's hotel Saturday night, and, after an interesting conference, adopted resolutions calling upon congress to consider the qualifications of Representative Breckinridge for membership in that body.

Some of the organizations whose representatives took part in the meeting were the Woman's Suffrage association, the Woman's Christian Temperance union and the Pro-Ra-Nata. 'Mrs. Sarah La Fetre, the president of the local Woman's Christian Temperance union, and Mrs. Ellen S. Mussey, the widow of the late Gen. Mussey, who is herself a practicing lawyer and is prominent in movements for the advancement of women, were among the leading spirits of the meeting.

The resolutions adopted were:

"To the House of Representatives, Washington D. C.: We, representatives of the women of Washington, aiming toward the establishment of a higher code of morals and against the atrocious double standard which has cursed society, so long, declare that we do not believe masculinity to be a license for uncleanliness. but that, holding the same high standard for womanhood which men demand, one equally high shall be required of manhood, therefore

"Resolved. That we must have chasity for chasity, under one rule of right bearing as rigidly in its application upon one sex as upon the other. From this standpoint we ask congress to consider the case of W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, regarding his conduct so unbecoming a legislator. Be it further

rResolved, that we daughters wives and mothers of the commonwealth, express our belief that types of the highest manhood are to be found in congress; therefore, we ask in full confidence that the house of representatives join in the sentiment now presented by us and take some definite action to insure the high character of our country's administration, and help the future national councils to present a clean and unchallenged body of legislators."

A prominent lady and leader in social events in Washington said Saturday

"The Washington women have been quietly holding many indignation meetings and after the trial they will be heard. The notorious conduct of congressmen and public men at Washington is a national disgrace, and the women are now thoroughly awakened on the subject and are determined to demand a better

order of things. "It is an open secret in Washington that there are women, beautiful, brilliant and fascinating, whose relations with congressmen or other public men high in the councils of the nation are either perfectly understood or sus pected, who are met at every turn at the most fashionable functions, often in the receiving line, or, elegantly dressed as usual, presiding in the tea room or acting as assistant hostesses. Society knows all this, but so powerful
has been the influence of the names back of
has been the influence of the names back of
them that no one has had the courage to drop
them that no one has had the men."

list, has privately indicated that he would be
compelled to vote against the bill for the reasons indicated by Mr. Peffer. Mr. Peffer, in
face, mintains that the pending bill discriminates against the farming interests.

THE TARIFF BILL

Merits of the Measure Discussed by the Senators.

On the 9th, Senator Hill (dem., N.Y.) opened his speech by criticising the Hawaiian policy of the administration, and scoring the president with this "blunder" as "the natural conse quence which might well have been anticipated from that other mistake in placing the depart-ment of state in charge of a republican states-man, distinguished and estimable though he may be, whose public services have always been identified in opposition to the democratic party, who was without sympathy for its traditions and purposes and whose political convictions upon the disputed public questions of the day, if changed at all, are carefully concentrated.

"It was to be regretted," he said, "that the president should not have been able to find in his own party some safe and honored states-man who would have reflected credit upon the country and would have avoided the promulga-tion of the un-American policy—a departure-from democratic precedents—which was sought to be foreed upon an unwilling people. In this view of the situation our opponents must accept some share of the responsibility for the blunders committed in our foreign affairs. In other respects the present administration of our government affords scant grounds for just

The senator spoke of the repeal of the federal election law as a fulfillment of the party's pledges and a triumph for the just doctrine of state's rights, and indorsed the repeal of the Sherman law. Coming then to the main question-tariff reform-he said:

"Revision should be approached with circumspection and with a realizing sense of the changed condition of the country since 1837 and 1890. An extreme reduction of tariff duties at a time when the treasury was swollen with a surplus of \$100,000,000, when the country was reasonably prosperous, when all our industries were in operation and when all our workingmen were employed, assumed a different aspect and presented a different question when proposed now, with a large and growing treasury deficit instead of a surplus staring us in the face, with our industries paralyzed, our manufactories closed, our workingmen idle and following upon the heels of one of the most disastrous financial panics in our history. What was safe and prudent and wise then it would be criminal folly to attempt now.

"In the face of the prostration of private in dustries and in the presence of such a paralysis of general business as the treasury deficit attests and prolongs, this bill, as framed by its authors and as passed by the house, sought to double the deficit by discarding customs rev-enue and to fill the void with an income tax."

He intimated that the tariff bill was constructed on lines laid down by the administration: that it was an anomalous state of affairs when the president should be able to give con-gress information as to what had occurred in a

committee of the house. Senator Hill said that for his part, as a democrat, he preferred indirect taxation and tariff reforms above direct taxation and tariff extension. He preferred taxing foreign products rather than taxing home products. He followed Jefferson in regarding even the species of indirect taxation on home products, by international revenue war taxes, as not good to be extended, and the first to be rid of when their need is past.

"I stand ready," he said in conclusion, "to sup port any reasonable measure for tariff reform framed within the lines and based upon the principles which I have here partially indicated, and which were fully set forth in my speech in opening the political campaign in Brooklyn on September 19, 1892. I stand to day where I stood then. I have nothing to add and nothing to retract. I will cheerfully vote for the Mills bill, and join with you in making many material reductions of duties therein. I am ready to waive all minor differences of details which do not involve a question of principle."

On the 10th Senator Lodge (rep., Mass.) speaking in opposition to the measure observed that it would be best were we to recognize "that by itself and of itself the tariff is a business question and that protection and free trade only take on a different and far deeper meaning when they are considered as parts of a question between far-reaching principles, which I believe involve the future of our race and the existence and progress of the highest civiliza-

"If the American manufacturer does not make money it is quite certain that he will not employ labor, and therefore the workingmen will not make money, either. Our manufacturers believe that, under free trade, they must either go out of business or reduce labor costs. They naturally do not care to do the former, for that is ruin, and they are very unwilling to try the lat-ter, because reducing labor costs means lowering wages, which means in turn vast industrial disturbances, and that is ruin, too, or something very near it. How widely different is our situation to-day from that of England fifty years ago, so far as the manufacturers are concerned. Most striking of all these differences, moreover, is the fact that, while the English parliament listened to English manufacturers, a majority of the American congress not only turns a deaf ear to American manufacturers, but treats them as if they were enemies of their country.

"Has English agriculture been benefited by free trade, as Cobden and others of his school predicted? It is a matter of public notoriety that the record of agriculture in England of late years is little but a record of disaster.'

There was nothing left them of the boasted superiority of free trade over protection, but the promise to increase trade, and to refute this claim he gave the percentage of increase by decades of England and the United States, which showed that in the decade 1870-1880 the trade of the United States under protection had increased nearly four times as much as that of England, while from 1880 to 1890 it was more than seven times greater.

He touched lightly upon the question of reciprocity and showed with perspiculty the advantages which had flowed from it, and the growth of trade which followed the adoption of reciprocity treaties. The wealth of a country is in production and the strength of a county 1 sin its producers.

On the 12th Senator Peffer continued his argument announcing his purpose of offering at the proper time a substitute for the pending bill, based on the principle of taxing the articles used by the rich, while exempting those articles of prime necessity used by the poor, whether manufactured abroad or not. He would relieve the poor of all taxation and put the tax on articles used by the rich, so that the burden of tariff taxation would rest chiefly on those who are best able to bear it

On the 13th Mr. Peffer concluded his long tariff speech in the senate making it clear what the attitude of one of the populists is. He will not vote for the tar ff bill as it now stands, notwithstanding it contains the income tax provision. His chief objection is to the provisions of the revised Wilson bill as to wool and sugar. Mr. Peffer thinks that the sugar-beet industry of his section should be protected, if the refiners are to be protected, and he cannot understand why wool should be made free and duties be retained on woolen manufactures. There are a great many who share Mr. Peffer's views. Mr. Allen, another populist has privately indicated that he would be



All other powders are cheaper made and inferior, and leave either acid or alkali in the food

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

CHOLLE—"I smoked two extra cigarettes last night and I've been thinking ever since
—" Belle—"Well, that is the most improbable cigarette story I ever heard."—Inter

OLD FRIEND OF THE FAMILY—"And is it true that you are engaged to be married?" Miss. Fin-de-Siecle (promptly)—"No; only engaged."—Buffalo Courier.

An Irish lawyer said to a witness: "You're a nice fellow, ain't you?" Witness replied: "I am, sir, and if I was not on my oath I'd say the same of you."—Oakland Enquirer.

HIS MOTHER—"You ought to feel ashamed of yourself, fighting little Johnny Naybors!"
Tommy—"I do mamma, he licked me."—
Chicago Record.

CALLER—"I suppose you want Robbie to follow in his father's footsteps, and—" Mother—"Well, I should hope not. He is horribly pigeon-toed!"

"YES, he's my dog. He answers to the name of Jowler." "How can he answer to it? You've cut his tail clear off."—Chicago

"Thomas, I see that the D. L. & W. railroad had an accident yesterday. What does D. L. and W. stand for?" "Dead, living and wounded, sir."—Hallo.

LET him take heart who does advance, even in the smallest degree.—Plato.

WHENEVER you want invisible blue, just try to find a policeman.

SIGHT draft on a blind man is good when the blind man sees it that way.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 16.

NEW YO			16.
LIVE STOCK-Cattle			
Sheep	3 6		121/2
Hogs	5.2		5 75
FLOUR-Winter Patents	3 3		3 50
Minnesota Patents	3 50	0 0	1 00
WHEAT-No 2 red	6	3%60	6514
Ungraded Red	60	0 0	65
CORN-No 2	43	31/20	44%
Ungraded Mixed	4	140	451/4
OATS-Track Mixed Western	31	8 0	39
RYE-Western	5!	0	571%
PORK-Mess. New	14 OK	@14	1 25
RYE—Western. PORK—Mess, NewLARD—Western.	7 90		7 95
BUTTER-Western Creamery	17		25
Western Dairy	1		16
CHICAGO.			
DEFUEC Chiming Stone			. 70
BEEVES-Shipping Steers	1 5		1 70 3 20
Cows	2 70	0 @	
Stockers			3 20
Feeders	3 20		3 65
Butchers Steers	3 10		3 45
Bulls		4000400	3 50
HOGS	4 93		5 30
SHEEP	2 7		20
BUTTER-Creamery	. 11	4000	23
Dairy	11	OCHO 480	21
EGGS-Fresb	16	140	11
BROOM CORN-		1	
Western (per ton)	30 00		00 -
Western Dwarf	50 U		00 0
Illinois Good to Choice	45 00		0 00.
POTATOES (per bu.)	6:		
PORK-Mess	12 75		97%
LARD-Steam.) . (LA ?	
FLOUR-Spring Patents	3 20		
Spring Straights	2 30	0 0 2	
Winter Patents	2 80		3 15
Winter Straights	2 60		2 70
GRAIN-Wheat, Cash	58		59%
GRAIN—Wheat, Cash Corn, No. 2	30	6 0	
Oats. No. 3	31	1%0	32
Rye, No. 2	41		501/6
Barley, Good to Choice	51	10	58
Siding	16 00		
Flooring			00
Common Boards	14 50		
Fencing	13 00		
Lath Dry	2 40	0 0 2	2 50
Fencing. Lath Dry	2 6	0 3	3 15
KANSAS CITY.	F.	V 1 44 WO	
CATTLE-Shipping Steers	83 00	0 0 4	45
Stockers and Feeders	2 8		
HOGS	4 8		
SHEEP	3 50		
OMAHA.			
		PERSONAL PROPERTY.	But State of Land

CATTLE—Steers 275 @ 4 15
Feeders 275 @ 3 80
HOGS 490 @ 5 074
SHEEP 3 50 @ 4 75

LENA-"Fred didn't blow his brains because you jilted him the other night; came and proposed to me." Maud—"Be he must have got rid of them; some other way."—St. Louis Humorist.

"What have you decided to give Tom his birthday?" Mrs. Tom—"A nice-coller and cuff box. It will be so convenient keep buttons and thread and scissors in. Inter Ocean.

JOHNNIE—"Mamma, I heard the preacher say to-day that matches were made theaven. Is it so?" Mamma—"Of court. Why not?" Johnnie—"Well, I don't see an use for matches. There's no night there

"What dis country wants," said Uncomose, "is some sort ob patent contraption where a man can drop a nickel in de slot angit religion."—Indianapolis Journal.

Boreser—"See old Snobson's wife in box K putting on airs?" Snoreley—"I'm glad to see that she has put on something!"—Hallo.

"How po you like my dress?" "You look positively handsome in it. Without doubt, tailoring is a great art."—N. Y. Press.

Your Gas Bill—"Charge of the Light Brigade."—Brooklyn Life.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will a test the value to health of the pure I juid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and i leasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and avers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and most with the approval of the medical met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drug-gists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

MAKES A OIL Perfect Cure of BURNS, BRUISES, SCALDS, CUTS AND WOUNDS.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S BreakfastCocoa It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more exponential, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and BASILY Sold by Grocers everywhere. W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass. From Factory To Farm. ANTI-TRUST Binder Twine. No Jobbers, Retailers or Middlemen. Quality Guaranteed in every respect. Lowest Prices Ever Made. PLANET MILLS, 17 W. Lake St., Chicagol Our 1894 Perkins' Steel GALVANIZED POWER - AND PERKINS With GRAPHITE BOXES and STEEL TOWER Prices satisfactory, Warrans
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before buying, Catalogue free.
PERKINS WIND MILL Co.,
5 Bridge St., Mishawaka, Ind. W. L. DOUGLAS 83 SHOE W. I. DOUGLAS 33 SHOE equals custom work, costing from \$4 to \$6, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitute. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladie: and gentlemen or send for Illustrated Catalogue giving instructions how to or.

der by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push or shoes. RUBBER CO.'S .

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PREJUDICE Si blind from bir'h.—Ram's 1,000,000 ACRES OF LAND for sale by the SAINT PAUL COMPANY in Minnesota. Send for Maps and Circulars. They will be sent to you

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TRACTION AND PORTABLE Threshers and Horse Powers. M. RUMELY CO., LAPORTE, IND.

THOUSANDS HAVE SAVED DEALRES' BIG PROFITS BY BUTING BIRECT PROFITS PROFITS all objects of the control of the co

FOR SALE ACRES OF THE FINEST

VANTED Men or Ladies to sell SASH LOCKS and estab-lish agencies. Big MONEY rhustlers. Samples free; by mail 10c for post-e. Columbian Sash Lock Co., Memphis, Tenn. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

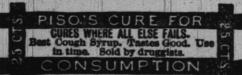
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By WM. T. STRAD, the most sensational work of the 19th century.

SAGO AGENTS WANTED.

DUBLISHING CO., Chicago, Ill.

CANCER permanently cured. No knife.
No poison. No plaster. John
B. HARRIS, Fort Payre, Ala.



A. N. K.-A WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE

LOCAL NEWS.

Gus Generous was here Sunday.

Ladies stylish dress shoes at A. W. Meyer & Co.'s.

Mr. F. Peck is able to attend to business again.

Lou H. Bennett made a business trip to Wauconda Monday

M. C. McIntosh will be an excellent School Director. Vote for him.

H. T. Abbott put his awning up Monday.

school director. Vote for him.

at J. C. Plagge's. Mr. S. E. Runyan.

Mr. Diekman made a pleasure trip to Lombard Sunday.

Calling and business cards at this office.

Mr. Todd of Elgin was on our streets Tuesday.

Geo. Seatles made a trip to Chi-

cago Wednesday. Four cans of Corn for 25 cents,

at Landwer & Hobein's. Attend the school meeting to

night and vote for M. C. McIntosh. G. H. Landwer made a business

trip to Chicago Wednesday.

ler Wednesday. II. Schwemm visited Wauconda call.

Wednesday.

money, at A. W. Meyer & Co.'s. Mr. Wallace Wood and wife.

spent Sunday in Elgin. Don't fail to vote for M. C. Me Intosh for school director at to

nights meeting.

E. M. Blocks had his building painted the first of the week.

Minneapolis best flour \$1 a sack at J. C. Plagge's.

and builder of Elgin, is constructing Mr. H. M. Hawl y's new barn, hours.

Mr. Baribain, of Baribain Bros., cigar manufacturers of McHenry, Ill., was on our streets Monday.

How do you like M. C. McIn-

conda; passed through Barrington cause and Rcv. Rahn deserves it. Monday on her way to Chicago.

Mrs. Dr. W. T. Sherwood of Carpenterville was visiting friends in Barrington the first of the week.

ties at A. W. Meyer & Co.'s.

Mrs. E. M. Blocks left Thursday for Beechwood, Wis., to attend the the lead. Fresh every day. At J. bedside of her father who is ill.

It is rumored that some of the saloonkeepers will not take out license next month, but will close up

him to-night.

There is talk of building on the club now has fifteen members. land west of the property owned by W. T. Sherwood.

for \$1.00 at Landwer & Hobein's.

Messrs. Lawrence Church and George Searls made a pleasure trip to Elgin Sunday.

Rev. J. B Elfrink returned to the city Tuesday from Naperville, where he has been attending Con-

Try those Golden egg noodles at I. C. Plagge's.

M. J. Rauh, who has been con-May 1st. Mike has an interest in in 1844 instead of 1864. a job office on the South Side, near Jackson Park, and will take charge the office. He was connected with the same office during the Fair and it did an excellent business, but seeing that the South Side must necessarily experience a few months look for employment, which he obtained in Chicago and Wauconde until the News was launched. The South Side is now being rapidly push d to the front and good business houses are springing up all around consequently the job office M. C. McIntosh will make a good demands more attention. He is well known on the South and West A No. 1 creamery butter on ice Sides and commands a good t ade.

Who do you want for School Di-W. E. Gilman spent Sanday with rector? How would M. C. McIntosh suit vou?

> LOST, STAYED or STOLEN. A reward of \$10 will be paid any person finding a passage of Scripwater by sprinkling or pouring in baptism. Aey person giving chapter and verses before the 1st day of June, 1894, will receive the above reward. D. A. PIERCE, Barring. ton, Ill.

IUSTOPENED. -In the Lager. schulte block with a line of fancy groceries, confectionery, bakery goods and also a full line of candies, fresh fruits, vegetables, O. Winter's new house arrived moked and dried meats. Ice I. M. Mallory was a pleasant cal cream and lemonade on hand. For a first-class bakery lunch give me a F. L. WATERMAN.

The best shoes for the least ten Social Club in Stotts Hall was Rickmann's. well attended last Friday evening and every body enjoyed themselves. Quite a number were present from the neighboring towns. Vermilya House f rnished supper.

HOUSE and LOT FOR SALE in the village of Barrington, price \$1.500, with liberal discount for eash. Dr. W. T. Sherwood, the owner of the property will be at the office of M. C. McIntosh in Bar-Mr. J. C. Appelbee a contractor rington during the coming week, and may be seen during business-

> A. W. Meyer & Co. have just received another large line of pretty spring dress goods.

The congregation and friends of tosh for school director? Vote for Rev. Mr. Rahn of the St. Paul's passed through the city Tuesday on church are talking of building a Miss Laura Harrison, of Wau- new! parsonage. This is a good

There will be gospel meetings every night next week at 7 o'clock in front of the bank; also Sunday afternoon from 3 to 4 o'clock. See the new line of gents neck- These meetings will be conducted by three Moody Institute students.

> Colven's home-made bread takes C. Plagge's.

Mrs. Clark McIntosh entertained the Woman's Thursday Club at her residence Thursday afternoon, The M. C. McIntosh will make a subject was "Merchant of Venice." good school director. Vote for The next meeting will be at the residence of Miss Gora Higley. The

Messers. Gilmer and Brooks of Wauconda were on our streets Mon-Twenty pounds of Good Raisins day. They had been putting in ground wires ou the telephone line between Barrington and Wauconda.

> Twenty-two pounds of Granulated Sugar for \$1.00 at Landwer & Hobein's.

Barber Church made a business trip to Chicago Wednesday.

School meeting to night. Don't fail to attend and vote for M. C. McIntosh for school director.

In our last issue we made a misnected with the News since its take in the sketch of Mr. Harrower. founding, will remove to Chicago We should have said he was born

Do you want to vote for a good man for school director? Vote for of the outside work connected with M. C. McIntosh at to nights meeting. Dont forget him.

Mr. H. M. Hawley is building a barn on his farm, north of Barrington. It is a two story, 30 by 84 of hard times he left last fall to feet, and will add greatly to the appearance of his farm.

Ladies spring capes and jackets cheap at A. 'V. Meyer & Co.'s.

Mr. Wiggins of Bloomington, Mich., was the guest of Mr. S. Peck Thursday. Mr. Wiggins purchassd a farm from Mr. Peck some time ago.

Prof. Ben Barker of Wauconda passed through the city Thursday on his way to Chicago, where he will seek employment

Corn bran \$9.50 per ton by the car load at Plagge & Co.'s.

There will be a special meeting of Barrington Camp No. 800 M ture that teaches the application of W. A. Monday evening. April 23rd, All members are requested to

> Mr. H. A. Dyke, special agent for the Fire Association of Philadelphia, called on M. T. Lamey Thursday.

> Turn out to school meeting tonight and vote for M, C. McIn-

> The building material for Mr. C. Monday, and the carpenters are busy preparing to erect the frame.

Messrs. Wm. Schering, Henry Wineke and Mr. Obrien from Pala-The dance given by the Barring- tine were spending Sunday at Mr.

> Mrs. Geo. Poncett went to Elgin Tans. Tuesday. She will return to Wauconda to reside, her husband run ning a jewelry store at that place.

Call and see the bargains A. W. Meyer & Co. are offering in dress goods this week.

The K. O. T. M. team visited the Palatine tent Thursday night. They report a grand time and a pleasant ride.

How will M. C. McIntosh suit you for School Director? Vote for

Bring in your job printing. We are prepared to print you a small card or a 500 page painphlet.

her way to Chicago.

Plagge & Co. have received a car load of Western seed corn. 65c per bushel.

FOR SALE CHEAP-A good Universal cook stove. baker. For particulars inquire at the News office.

Kirmse & Searles done the painting on E. M. Blocks store building. which ands greatly to the appear. ance of the corner.

The thrifty housewife uses A. W Meyer & Co.'s best Minnesota flour. \$1 a sack.

Owing to lack of space we will publish last week's and this week's honor rolls next week. Mr. Frank Plagge attended the

funeral of his cousin at Rockford Furniture Friday. Vote for M. C. McIntosh for

ing. Don't forget it. Mr. Earlie Harrison of Wauconda was a pleasant caller last

Monday, A fine line of wall paper at J. C Plagge's, Prices as cheap as the cheapest.

M. J. Rauh visited friends in Wauconda Sunday.



JOHN C. PLAGGE.

General Merchandise

DEALER IN

BARRINGTON.



For the Best

MENS, BOYS. LADIES ..

> MISSES and CHILDREN'S SHOES.

IN LACE; CONGRESS AND BUTTONS

Chocolates,

Patent Leathers

or Plain

SELZ

B. H. SODT & SON.

-GO TO

Boots and Shoes, Clothing

AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BARRINGTON. ILL.

E. M. BLOCK,

BARRINGTON, ILL.

Furniture & Upholstering.

Repairing

School Director at to-night's meet- PROMETIN

AND NEATLY DONE.



UNDERTAKING **EMBALMING**

All goods positively sold at Chicago prices. My line consists of BED-ROOM SETS, MATTRESSES, WAVEN WIRE SPRINGS, all kinds of PICTURE FRAMES, CHAIRS, TOILETTE and CENTER TABLES and the celebrated household SEWING MACHINES. E. M. BLOCK,