

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 13. No. 14.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1898.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

PALATINE LOCALS.

A. G. SMITH, LOCAL EDITOR

The primary election passed off quietly last Tuesday.

Mr. Smith of Diamond Lake was a visitor in town Sunday.

Henry Kreiter of Chicago visited friends here last Friday.

New crossings are being put in throughout the village.

Frank McCabe of Sioux City visited his folks here the first of this week.

Mrs. Vitts of Kansas City has been a guest of Mrs. J. W. Smith this week.

Gus Matthei and lady friend from Chicago visited relatives here Thursday.

Prof. W. L. Smyser has again been selected to take the school census this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Richmond and daughters went to Elgin Monday to visit friends.

Hosea Sawyer is home on his summer vacation from Northwestern University.

The proper pronunciation of Admiral Schley's name is as though it were spelled "Shly."

Mrs. Will Dahms of Chicago, accompanied by a lady friend, visited her relatives over Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet in the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

J. W. Freeman, H. W. Harmening and Chas. Bogart are serving on jury in the Superior court.

Chas. Wehrenberg spent a few pleasant days with friends in Chicago the first of the week.

Mr. Purdy, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Frank Keyes, has gone to Elgin to visit friends.

Miss Tillie Schultz will teach the 6th and 7th grades in the Arlington Heights school next year.

Mr. and Mrs. Zachlow entertained their nephews, Henry and John Jacobsen, from Chicago, over Sunday.

The fire company will meet to-night to discuss whether they will get up a celebration for the Fourth.

Louis Schoppe started for Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday morning, where he will spend a number of days sight-seeing.

John Wilson shipped his string of running horses to Buffalo Thursday night, where they will be entered in the coming races.

Miss Cornelia Smith of Richmond was a guest of Fred Smith and wife over Sunday. She left Monday for Pittsburg to visit a brother.

A friend of Mr. Clark's, successor to Elmer Robertson, is looking up purchasable property in this place with a view to locating here.

Herman Dierker, H. J. Stroker, C. E. Julian, I. O. Clay, H. P. K. Bicknase and Henry Schroder attended the Republican County convention in Chicago Wednesday.

F. J. Filbert, H. C. Matthei, A. G. Sutherland, A. R. Baldwin and C. D. Taylor attended the Republican Congressional convention in Chicago Thursday.

Water pipes are being put into business houses and residences as fast as they can be laid. Quite a revenue will be obtained from private use of the water.

Anyone having any notes or sketches of any old settler or the early history of Palatine, or can relate anything in regard to same will confer a great favor by sending or bringing same to me.

A. G. SMITH.

The Village Board has passed an ordinance licensing the dogs at \$1.00 each. Perhaps this will put a stop to so many curs running on the streets.

Mr. Henry Wolf and Miss Caroline Koch were united in marriage at the German Evangelical Church by Rev. Drogemuller, Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A large reception followed at the groom's home in Plum Grove.

Mr. John Linneman and Miss Carrie Glade of Crystal Lake were united in marriage at the German Evangelical Church, Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. Drogemuller officiating. A large number of friends attended the reception at the home of the groom's parents, two miles northeast of town. The Palatine band serenaded the happy couple in the evening.

Mrs. Wesley R. Comfort died at her home in this place last Thursday night

at 11 o'clock. A little child born the night before is alive and doing well. The funeral services will be held next Tuesday at 2 o'clock. Two boys and three girls, besides the infant are left motherless. Mr. Comfort has the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community in his sad loss.

The class day exercises by the junior class of the High school will be held in the school yard next Friday evening, or at the Methodist Church if weather is bad. The following program will be given: Song by class, "Lovely, Silent Night;" Essay, "Progress," Herman Wildhagen; Select Oration, "The True Use of Wealth;" Song by class, "Woman's Right;" "History," Herman Bicknase; "Prophecy," Clara Harrison; Poem, Mattie Hodgkins; Oration, Raymond Beutler; Paper, George Zimmer; Class song.

The school board met last Tuesday evening and the following instructors have been engaged to teach the next school year: Prof. W. L. Smyser, Miss Avelie Hopkins and Miss Lula F. Abbott will teach their rooms as usual. Miss Louisa Whipple of Wisconsin teaches the 5th and 6th grades, Miss Alpha Banta of Niles the primary grade and Miss Anna M. Salzer of Oberlin College, Ohio, has been engaged as assistant principal. If the new selections prove as good as the former ones made by the board our school will continue to keep up the high standard it has obtained.

Board Proceedings.

PALATINE, June 6, 1898.

Board met in regular session with President Batterman in chair and the following trustees were present: Meyer, Kemmit, Ost, Taylor, Putnam and Stroker.

Minutes of May 2d and May 28th were approved as read.

Treasurer's report for May showing a balance of \$4,062.38 was received, accepted and ordered placed on file.

Village Collector's report for assessment No. 2, showing collection of \$2,479.50, was received, accepted and ordered placed on file.

Village Collector's report, showing connections and fees collected during May, was received, accepted and placed on file.

Annual appropriation ordinance, known as ordinance No. 156, was introduced, passed, approved and ordered published.

The following resolutions were passed:

RESOLVED, That the money already collected and now in the hands of the Village Collector to the credit of special assessment No. 2, be turned over to the Village Treasurer.

RESOLVED, That a warrant for \$2,000.00 be drawn on Village Treasurer, payable out of special assessment fund No. 2, in favor of Chas. H. Patten, to apply on his contract.

Resolved, That special assessment bonds in special assessment No. 2 be issued according to law, in accordance with contract in payment for the system of cast iron water mains, etc., provided for in such assessments, and that the President and Clerk, be, and they are hereby directed to sign, seal and deliver said bonds.

The following motion prevailed: That warrant for \$219.34, for extra hydrants, pipe and connections, be drawn in favor of Chas. H. Patten.

The following motion prevailed: That a warrant for \$2.00 be drawn on Village Treasurer in favor of Wm. H. Brockway for typewritten work on ordinance No. 155.

The following Resolution was passed: Resolved, That the Village Clerk be, and he is hereby instructed to give notice to all persons whose fences, buildings and other improvements that project, or are over the lot line of the village street, to remove such fences, buildings or obstructions from such streets within thirty (30) days from service of this notice, and that the clerk be further instructed, upon application of any citizen to point out and locate the street lines to such applicant, according to plats and survey in his office.

The following motion prevailed: That the Committee on Sidewalks, be, and they are hereby instructed to build temporary sidewalk at Collier property on Chicago avenue.

The following motion prevailed: That the purchase of a car of coal be left in the hands of Water Works Committee, with power to act.

An ordinance establishing dog tax, collection of same, be known as ordinance No. 157, was introduced, passed, approved and ordered published.

The following motion prevailed: That the Clerk, be, and is hereby authorized to have blank bonds printed for special assessment No. 2.

The following motion prevailed: That a sewer be laid on Slade street from Hanover to Smith, in accordance with plans and specifications now on file.

The Palatine High School Alumni were granted the use of Village Hall, on June 24, 1898.

The bonds of Reynolds & Zimmer, and H. W. Meyer for plumbers' license were approved.

The bond of John Bergman, as

superintendent of water works was approved.

The following motion prevailed: That John Bergman receive a salary of \$40.00 per month, from May 1, 1898, as engineer of water works plant.

Upon motion board adjourned.

H. A. W. ENGELKING,
Village Clerk.

To Our Brother Odd Fellows of Seattle, Wash.:

There are events in human life, which would be unbearable, were it not for the assistance and sympathy of friends and brothers.

We, the members of Palatine Lodge of Odd Fellows, were blessed with friends, who extended the helping hand to us in our sorrow. They proved to us that the links of Oddfellowship are strong and far reaching. They returned to us the remains of our beloved Brother A. D. Bissell, who had perished in the snowfields of Alaska, thereby soothing the agonies of a mother and brother, and the anxiety of friends.

To the Oddfellows of Seattle, the Relief Committee of the Order, and to Bro. E. P. Edson, president of such committee, we feel forever indebted for their prompt response to our prayer for aid and for the kind sympathy and assistance.

We, the members of Palatine Lodge, No. 708, I. O. O. F., of Palatine, Cook Co., Illinois, through our officers, do hereby publicly thank the Oddfellows of Seattle, assuring them that their memory will always be cherished by us with grateful hearts.

Dated at Palatine Lodge, No. 708, I. O. O. F., Palatine, Ill., this 11th day of May, 1898.

Fraternally yours,
ALFRED HANNS,
Noble Grand.

Attest:

GUSTAV H. ARPS, Secretary.
—Seattle Times.

Delegates Selected.

The following is a list of the delegates to the various conventions, which were elected Tuesday at the Republican primary election held in the town of Barrington:

Delegate to the state convention—A. H. Boehmer.

Alternate delegate to state convention—L. D. Castle.

Delegates to county convention—F. H. Frye, F. O. Willmarth.

Alternate delegates to county convention—A. L. Robertson, L. A. Powers.

Delegates to congressional convention, seventh district—F. A. Lage-schulte, H. K. Brockway.

Alternate delegates to congressional convention, seventh district—L. F. Elvydige, A. W. Landwer.

Delegates to senatorial convention, seventh district—C. H. Kendall, R. Nightingale.

Alternate delegates to senatorial convention, seventh district—J. L. Meiners, August Rohlmeier.

A Great Success.

The largest crowd of people that turned out to a country school entertainment the past season was the one which the pupils of the Donlea district entertained on Friday evening of last week. The literary program was a good one, and the pupils acquitted themselves with great credit to themselves, and their popular instructor, Miss Nellie Dawson. After the program ice cream and cake was served, \$19.20 being realized, which will be used to defray the expenses of repairing the school house. Following was the program as rendered:

Prologue—Ella Homuth and Eddie Miller.

Song, "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean"—School.

Welcome—Leo Smith.

Recitation, "Wash Dolly Up Like That"—Jennie Homuth.

Song, "Little Chica-dees"—Five little girls.

Recitation, "Blue and the Grey"—E. dna Homuth.

Solo, "Blue Eyes"—Maude Cowden.

Recitation, "Railroad Crossing"—Henry Neuhaus.

Dialogue, "A Terrible Threat"—Freddie Schwemm and Elsie Miller.

Duet, "Happy and Cheerful"—Jennie Homuth and Alma Wolthausen.

Recitation, "The Dead Kitten"—Selma Neuhaus.

Recitation, "The Northern and Southern Brothers"—Eddie Miller and Henry Neuhaus.

Song, "Angel of Peace"—School.

Recitation, "Babies and Kittens"—Alma Wolthausen.

Solo, "Here We Are"—Seven boys.

Recitation, "The Flying Squadron"—Lillie Smith.

Duet, "Sweeter Than All the Roses"—Florence and Myrtle Miller.

Dialogue, "Brave Little Mary"—Jennie Homuth, Selma Neuhaus and Alma Wolthausen.

Recitation—Gus Neuhaus.

Solo, "Break the News to Mother"—Florence Miller.

Recitation, "Brown's Mistake"—Leo Smith.

Solo, "Flowers, Flowers"—Jennie Homuth.

Recitation, "The Dead Doll"—Elsie Miller.

Recitation, "The Puzzled Dutchman"—Henry Neuhaus.

Solo, "Quitting Party"—Myrtle Miller.

Recitation, "Mother's Fool"—Fred Schwemm.

Song, "America"—School.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters at the Barrington postoffice June 3, 1898:

J. A. Jesner, Ella Ricketts, J. Menzel, A. J. Pettjohn, C. H. Peters, F. W. Gough and Eugene Walsh.

H. K. BROCKWAY, Postmaster.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Ladies' Fine Shoes

Ladies' Fine Slippers

Our store is the place to buy Ladies' Fine Shoes and Slippers. We sell only the latest styles. Buy your Children's School Shoes from us. We sell shoes that not only wear but have style, too.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS

LADIES' WRAPPERS

WASH GOODS

We are showing a very pretty line of wash goods. Very pretty patterns for dresses and shirt waists that are very cheap, some as low as 5 cents per yard.

WHITE GOODS

In this line we are showing handsome patterns in Mulls, Linens and Figured goods for children's dresses.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS

You will find the latest styles here in Ladies' Shirt-Waists. We are offering a very stylish waist at 50 cents.

LADIES' WRAPPERS

A very nice assortment of Ladies' Wrappers, in all sizes, at 75 cents up to \$1.35.

DRESS TRIMMINGS

We carry a complete stock of Dress Trimmings, Silks, Novelty Braids, Jet Trimmings and Fancy Ribbons. Come to our store for dress trimmings and lipings. We save you money.

NOTIONS

A large stock of Notions, Jewelry, Cuff Buttons, Chains, Waist Belts, Stick Pins, Flag Pieces, Hat Pins, Flag Badges.

UNDERWEAR

Our store is the cheapest place to buy Underwear. A complete stock of Men's, Ladies' and Children's summer underwear.

SHEETINGS

We are selling good Sheetings at 5 cents per yard. A full line of bleached and unbleached sheetings, in all widths, for sheets and pillow cases.

WALL PAPER

If you want to buy wall paper cheap come to our new wall paper store in the Lamey Block. We undersell them all.

WALL PAPER 2 1-2 CENTS PER ROLL

upwards. You need not go to Chicago, as we give you a better assortment at home and at less than city prices. We show only the best shades and patterns out this season. Don't buy old-style paper when you can come to our store and select the latest designs in wall paper out of our new stock.

Bring the sizes of your rooms and let us show you how cheap we sell wall paper.

GROCERIES

FIVE GALLONS BEST KEROSENE, — — 40 cents

TWO POUNDS XXXX COFFEE, — — 25 cents

Our store is the cheapest place to buy Fancy Groceries.

A. W. MEYER & CO., - - Barrington.

Summer Dress Goods

If you want to see a pretty assortment of Summer Dress Goods just call at my store. I have just received another large consignment. Come and see these goods. I know the ladies of Barrington and vicinity will be delighted with my large stock of Pretty Summer Dress Goods, and they will be satisfied with the prices, too.

SHOES

If you want a good wearing, stylish shoe, and want a bargain it will be to your advantage to call at my store. I will guarantee to give you a good fit and a genuine bargain.

Special Bargains in Children's Shoes.

I offer especial inducements for you to come to my store and buy children's shoes. If you want a shoe that will last a long time you can't do better than by buying at my store.

F. A. Wolthausen,

Largest selection of Wall Paper, Carpets, Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries in town.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

FROM GLOOM TO SUNLIGHT

OR THE USURER'S DAUGHTER.

BY CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER XXXVII.—(Continued.)
She looked at her husband; he had not joined Lady Hamilton's circle of admirers, and she felt all the happier on seeing that.

Later on in the evening Sir Raoul came to her.

"Hildred," he said, in a low voice, "how do you like our new acquisition?" "She is just what I thought she would be," replied the young countess. "Raoul, hers is the kind of beauty that the earl loves."

"How do you know that?" he asked. "I have heard him say so very often. Do you think he will admire her?"

"Yes," said Sir Raoul, frankly. "Every one must admire her. She is like a picture by Greuze. But if you ask me she is worth any expenditure of jealousy, I answer just as frankly, 'No.'"

"I am not jealous," returned Hildred, quickly. "Why should you imagine such a thing?"

"I do not say that I imagine it, Hildred; I merely warn you against it," answered Sir Raoul.

"Of all people," cried Hildred, "those that are logical are the most difficult to talk with."

"Let us be thankful then," said Sir Raoul, "that they are rare."

She looked up at him with a quiet smile.

"Raoul," she said, "there is one thing that I have remarked about Lady Hamilton."

"What is that?" he asked.

"She has been here nearly six hours; but I have not seen her talk to any of the ladies. When we went into the drawing-room, she sought the most comfortable chair, and she leaned back in it with a smile at me. 'Traveling always fatigues me,' she said, as she closed those lovely blue eyes of hers; and do you know that she never opened them again until the gentlemen came in."

"She did not want to waste her words and smiles on ladies," said Sir Raoul.

"I know I am very ignorant; but do you call that good breeding, Sir Raoul?"

"My dear Hildred, a woman may be very elegant, coquettish and fascinating without being quite what you call well bred."

"If I had my choice," said Hildred, "I would rather be well bred than beautiful."

"What would you say if I told you that you were both?" he asked.

She laughed a rich, musical, joyous laugh that caused Lady Hamilton to raise her blue eyes to see what was going on. She smiled sweetly, as though sympathizing with the happy



"TRAVELING FATIGUES ME," laughter. Then she thought to herself that Sir Raoul was a very distinguished-looking man. Could it be possible that he was flirting with Lady Caraven?

There must be no encroaching on her privileges. No one must monopolize distinguished men like Sir Raoul when she was present. She must give the dark-eyed young countess a lesson, and the best way in which to achieve her end would be to monopolize the attention of the handsome earl.

While the earl enjoyed the presence of his beautiful guest—enjoyed her coquettish, laughed and was amused at her flirtations, all in sheer idleness and good-humor—his dark-eyed, beautiful wife was building up a theory of her own, and it was that her husband loved Lady Hamilton.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.

THE grand ball in honor of Lady Hamilton was to be given at Ravensmere on the last day of September. The summer weather still lingered; flowers that should have died before were still living, birds that should long since have sought a sunnier clime were still singing. On the

evening of the ball a bright moon was shining in a clear sky, and the wind was sweet as in summer. There had been royal entertainments at Ravensmere, but none had ever been on a grander or more magnificent scale than this ball. All that flowers, lights and superb decorations could effect was effected. There was tier after tier of brilliant bloom; the light of a thousand tapers made a brightness greater than that of day; tiny-scented fountains rippled amongst the flowers. It was a superb spectacle; and of that magnificent fete there were two queens.

At the opening of the ball they stood for a few moments side by side; and then opinion varied as to which was the more beautiful. The Countess Caraven was a woman of stately loveliness, Lady Hamilton of fairy-like beauty.

The ball was a marvelous success. Lord Damers, who had come to Ravensmere purposely for it, said that he had never seen anything like it. He went up to the earl, who, looking very handsome in his evening dress, was watching the dancers.

"Do you know, Caraven," he asked, "who is the handsomest woman here?"

The earl looked round with a smile.

"Amidst so many how can I decide?"

"The decision does not require a minute's hesitation," said Lord Damers.

"Look round and you will see that there is no one to compare with your wife. She is by far the most beautiful woman I have ever seen in my life."

The earl looked up wonderingly. "Is she? Do you know that I have never thought so much of her appearance?"

"Then you have been blind. Look at her now."

Lord Caraven looked up. He saw a tall, beautiful figure and a magnificent face, with dark, proud, brilliant eyes and a lovely mouth, round which played a half-grave, sweet, timorous smile. He seemed to be impressed.

"You are right," he said; "she is very beautiful."

"I should imagine so," returned Lord Damers, emphatically. "Why, by her side even the brilliant Lady Hamilton looks faded. Every one is talking about your wife; you do not know how many envy you."

Lord Caraven laughed aloud. Perhaps if the world knew all, he told himself, there would be little cause for envy.

"She is beautiful," he repeated to himself. He had suddenly awakened to the knowledge of the fact. He said to himself that he must have been blind. Had this woman been any other than his wife, he would have thought her perfection. As he looked at her he wondered that he had ever boasted of his preference for blondes. What could compare with the splendor of those dark eyes, the exquisite coloring of that noble southern face? He must have been blind. He crossed the room to where the young countess stood talking to Lady Hamilton.

"Hildred," he said, simply, "will you save one dance for me?"

She looked at the pretty tablets and then smiled at him.

"I am not engaged for the next waltz," she said.

"Then give it to me," requested the earl; and the dark eyes were raised to his.

"If I had been engaged I should have felt inclined to break my engagement," she said.

Lady Hamilton was not quite pleased. Two suns could not shine in one hemisphere; and if Lady Caraven had any idea of outshining her, the sooner that idea was abandoned the better.

"It is rather odd," she said, with one of her brightest smiles, "to see husband and wife waltz together—one would imagine you were still lovers."

Hildred was on the point of retorting that they had never yet been that, but prudence restrained her.

"You will not forget your promise?" said the earl.

And Lady Caraven took up the pretty tablets again.

They held many names. Against the waltz she wrote, "My husband."

He was watching her intently, and when she had finished writing he took the tablets from her hand. How strange the words looked! There were noble names above them, noble names below them. "My husband." He wondered why she had not written "Lord Caraven" instead, or his initials. As he returned the tablets to her, their eyes met in a long, lingering glance. Suddenly she turned from him with her face on fire; and Lord Caraven, with

a strange sensation at his heart, began talking to Lady Hamilton.

"This is my waltz," said Lord Caraven, shortly afterward, as he came up to his wife. She did not raise her eyes to his; she was afraid to do so. What if they should tell him her secret? What if he should read love for himself shining in their depths.

The earl half smiled, half sighed at the piquant strangeness of the situation. This noble woman, to the knowledge of whose beauty he had suddenly awakened, was his own wife. They had spent much time together, both sang and worked together, yet he never remembered to have embraced her; now his arm was around the supple, graceful figure—the lovely face was close to his own. He saw before him the whole time, standing out clear and distinct from the others, the two words, "My husband."

Lord Damers had told him that he was a subject of envy. The past had all been a sorry mistake. How beautifully this neglected, unloved wife of his danced! It was the very poetry of motion. But—how strange it was!—she never looked at him; she did not talk or laugh; she seemed rather to avoid him, as it were.

"She does not like me," thought the earl; "and she has little reason to." He was frank enough to own that.

The dance ended, he led his wife to a seat, and then left her with a bow.

She was never quite the same again. As it needs but a small match to fire a train of gunpowder, so it needed but little to awaken her love into keen, quick, passionate life. That one dance with him had done it. She loved him with her whole heart, and the suddenness with which that conviction flashed over her bewildered her. She sat quite still, the soft, sweet music, the ripple of the little fountain, the subdued murmur, all mingling in her ears—flowers, lights, jewels, fair faces, all dazzling her eyes—and she said to herself: "I love my husband." The whole world seemed changed to her. Shyly, timidly, she looked at him. He was talking to a group of ladies, his handsome face all animation, his tall,



HAD SOME GENTLE EXCUSE.

well-built figure all grace. He was a man to be proud of—a man to love. But he must never know about this love of hers—this newly-found precious treasure. He despised her for her want of noble birth; she must keep her love as secret as the grave.

That increased the distance between them. She was so fearful that he should think her unwomanly, so afraid that he should imagine she wanted his love, that she took refuge in cold, shy proud avoidance. There were no more rides or drives to see the buildings and improvements; there was no more quiet letter-writing in the library. When Lord Caraven wanted Hildred, she had some gentle, ready excuse, and with a house full of visitors it was difficult to determine whether those excuses were genuine or not. But from the night of the ball everything was altered between them. Hildred was no longer the devoted, unselfish wife, who studied him and his interests above everything else—she was the proud, passionate, tender woman, who would rather have died than let him know that she loved him in spite of his neglect.

In consequence of this the earl was thrown more and more into the society of Lady Hamilton. His wife declined to ride with him; Lady Hamilton assured him there was nothing she liked better than overlooking another person's correspondence. His wife never asked him to sing; Lady Hamilton did so, and sat listening, and looking unutterable things. Lady Caraven's shyness was her opportunity. Not that she for a moment intended to make any mischief between husband and wife, or that she was in love with Lord Caraven; but she acted as she did simply because it was her practice to absorb the attention and engross the interest of every man who came within the sphere of her attractions. The deeper nature of the nobler woman did not recognize this. The young countess hid her love as she had hidden her jealousy. But it was hard to bear.

(To be continued.)

Sea Serpent's New Scheme.

First Sea Serpent—Say, it looks as if we were going to have a pretty dull time along the coast this summer. Second Ditto Ditto—You may have a dull time, but I expect to scare more people than ever. "How are you going to work it?" "I'm going to tie a yellow Spanish flag to the tip of my tail."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

Condensed Report of the Doings in Senate and House.

MEASURE FOR WAR REVENUE.

Senate Passes the Bill with an Amendment Providing for a Tax on Tea—Vote Was 48 to 28—The House Sends the Bill to Conference.

Friday, June 3.

In the house Mr. Dingley stated that the war revenue bill would not reach the house before next Monday. In view of that fact he moved that when the house adjourns it will be until Monday. This was agreed to.

A vote was reached in the senate on the last of the finance committee amendments to the war revenue bill, and the democratic-populist provision for the issue of \$150,000,000 of greenbacks and the coinage of the silver seigniorage in the treasury was displaced by the amendment of the republican minority for an issue of \$300,000,000 of 3 per cent bonds and \$100,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness. A modified form of the seigniorage proposition was also adopted, on motion of Mr. Wolcott, by a vote of 48 to 31. It now provides for the coinage of the seigniorage at the rate of \$4,000,000 per month until \$42,000,000 is coined.

Saturday, June 4.

The war revenue measure was passed by the senate. An amendment was adopted, placing a duty of 10 cents a pound on all tea imported into the United States.

By parties the vote in favor of the measure was as follows: Republicans, 39; democrats, 7; populists, 1; silver republican, 1; total, 48. Against the bill the vote was: Democrats, 20; populists, 7; silver republican, 1; total, 28.

Mr. Morgan (dem., Ala.) offered an amendment, requiring the secretary of the treasury to proceed with the collection of taxes under the provisions of the income tax law of 1894 not directly repealed by the Dingley bill. The amendment was rejected, 35 to 38.

Monday, June 6.

The house refused to concur in the senate amendments to the war revenue bill, and sent the bill to conference without instructions.

In the senate Mr. Hale (rep., Me.) reported from the committee on appropriations the house bill making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in the appropriations for the support of the military and naval establishments for the fiscal year 1898. The bill was immediately considered and passed, with a few unimportant amendments.

Tuesday, June 7.

The house bill was passed directing the secretary of war to return to the states, upon application of the governors thereof, federal flags now at Washington.

The senate passed the bill for the protection of the Indians after some amendments were added.

Another Charnley Suicide.

Charles M. Charnley, Jr., of Chicago, aged about 24, committed suicide at Los Angeles, Cal. The suicide was the son of Charles M. Charnley, Sr., who fled from Chicago a year or so ago, a defaulter in the sum of \$100,000 to a college aid society of the Presbyterian church, of which he was treasurer. The eldest son J. B. Charnley killed himself in Milwaukee last winter.

Republicans Sweep Oregon.

Oregon has gone republican by the largest majority ever given any party at a state election. Gear (rep.) is elected governor by at least 10,000 majority. Both congressional districts are overwhelmingly republican.

Good Showing for Trade.

In the ten months of the fiscal year the exports of manufactures exceeds by over \$40,000,000 the value of the manufactures imported and it is probable that for the full year this excess will reach \$50,000,000.

Fire Loss of \$400,000.

The entire rolling mill and steel works of the Burgess Steel and Iron company at Portsmouth, Ohio, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss will aggregate \$400,000, and the insurance is about \$200,000.

Swedish Lutheran Synod.

At the session of the Augustana Swedish Lutheran synod Dr. Sward, the president, made his annual report, showing that in the synod there are now 187,314 members, representing 847 churches.

Will Not Have White Officers.

There is a hitch in the plans for forming a battalion of colored immunes in Indiana. The colored men say they will not volunteer unless they are permitted officers of their own race.

Wisconsin Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F.

The annual session of the grand lodge of I. O. O. F. of Wisconsin convened at Portage. Oshkosh was selected as the place for the next annual convention, the first Tuesday in June, 1899.

Nervous and Tired

Was Not Able to do Her Work Until Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

"I was troubled with headaches, nervousness and that tired feeling. I read in the papers about Hood's Sarsaparilla and began taking it. I am now able to do my work, as Hood's Sarsaparilla has relieved me." MRS. T. F. RICH, Hampshire, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5. Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

Governmental Red Tape.

A nonagenarian citizen of Belfast, Maine, has just received permission to remove from the custom house there a desk which he bought and put there for his personal use when he was collector of customs, over thirty years ago. The desk had been listed on the inventory of the office furniture by mistake, and when the collector's term expired he was not allowed to remove it. He has put in an application for it annually since 1868.

Inviting Ostracism.

Mabel—I wonder what's come between Myrtle Seymour and Tom Sedgwick? Mildred—Oh, haven't you heard? He openly declares that he doesn't intend to get a chainless wheel this year.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Alaskan demand has caused dealers in evaporated fruit and vegetables at Portland, Ore., to double their plants and the number of their employees.

In London one policeman is required for every 312 of the population; in the boroughs one for every 697, and in rural districts one for every 1,150.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Some clubs cause scolding wives and some scolding wives cause clubs.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at $\frac{1}{4}$ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." MRS. SALLIE M. SELLARS, Latrell, Tenn.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c. 50c. 50c. CURE CONSTIPATION. ... Harding Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 219

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Columbia

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890

The Combined Experience of 21 Years.

Columbia

Best of Gear Chainless Bicycles, \$125.

Columbia Chain Wheels, - \$75
Hartford Bicycles, - - - 50
Vulcan Bicycles, - \$40 and 35

Machines and Prices Guaranteed.

Symbol of the Sunflower.
Speaking of yellow, the sunflower, in flower language, is symbolical of false riches, for the following reason: The Spaniards, when they invaded Peru, beheld gold on every hand, and when they saw the country covered with golden colored flowers they imagined they, too, must be pure gold—not the only case where appearances have been deceitful. But by a perverse contradiction of this story the Spaniards themselves adopt the flower as a symbol of faith, and one of their poets says: "Real faith is like the sun's fair flowers, which, 'midst the clouds that shroud it and the winds that wave it to and fro, and all the change of air and earth and sky, doth rear its head and looketh up, still steadfast, to its God." So, if you want to grow sunflowers you can take your choice of meanings, but to me it will suggest that the Spaniards were disappointed once upon a time, and will be again.—Boston Traveler.

Hot Weather Cautions for Bathers.
Never enter the water when overheated; rest a little first, and cool off, but not enough to feel cold. Bathers should enter the water when the body is at a glow, not when it is in active or violent perspiration. Never enter the water with a headache; never do so with a full stomach. Nothing can be more dangerous to the system than to contravene these rules, and many have lost their lives by neglecting them. No one should enter the water immediately after dinner; none who wish to avoid the swimmer's bugbear, cramps, should enter it when suffering from acidity of the stomach. The best time for bathing is either before breakfast or between eleven and twelve in the forenoon. All who suffer from delicate constitutions should avoid bathing in the early morning.

Shake Into Your Shoes.
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, nervous, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Bismarck's Confession.
Of the neuralgic pains in his face, which were so severe that he sometimes had to press the points of his fingers on his cheek bones for several minutes for a little relief, Bismarck was reported as saying: "This is quite natural. I have sinned in my life the most with my mouth, in eating, drinking and talking."—London Daily News.

To the Front Again, Chicago to New York
The Michigan Central, "The Niagara Falls Route," now leaves Chicago at 4 p. m., arriving at Grand Central Station, New York City, at 5 o'clock the next afternoon; in advance of all other limited trains. It also carries a through sleeper to Boston, arriving there the next morning. It connects with all through trains from the west.

Like Spain's.
"Look here, Benny," said Mr. Bloomer to his son, "I am told that you and Freddy Fangle were fighting today, and that Freddy nearly thrashed the life out of you. Is that true?" "Pa-pa," replied Benny, "it was a sad but glorious day."

To Niagara Falls, the Thousand Islands, the St. Lawrence River, the Adirondacks, the Green and White Mountains, the Berkshire Hills, the valley of the Hudson, the Catskills, and the Atlantic Coast, the Michigan Central is the direct and favorite Summer Tourist Route. Send 3 cents, postage for Summer Tours.
City Ticket Office, 119 Adams Street. O. W. Ruggles, G. P. & T. Agent, Chicago.

The right hand, which is more sensitive to the touch than the left, is less sensitive than the latter to the effect of heat or cold.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

The following case was printed originally in *The Monitor*, a newspaper published at Meadford, Ontario. Doubts were raised as to its truthfulness, consequently a close watch was kept on the case for two years and the original statement has now been completely verified.

Mr. Petch had been a hopeless paralytic for five years. His case has had wide attention. He was confined to his bed, was bloated almost beyond recognition, and could not take solid food. Doctors called the disease spinal sclerosis, and all said he could not live. The Canadian Mutual Life Association, after a thorough examination, paid him his total disability claim of \$1,660, regarding him as forever incurable.

For three years he lingered in this condition. After taking some of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People there was a slight change, a tendency to sweat freely. Next came a little feeling in his limbs. This extended, followed by a pricking sensation, until at last the blood began to course freely and vigorously through his body. Soon he was restored to his old time health.

A reporter for *The Monitor* recently called on Mr. Petch again and was told: "You may say there is no doubt as to my cure being permanent. I am in better health than when I gave you the first interview, and certainly attribute my cure to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. To these pills I owe my release from the living death, and I shall always bless the day I was induced to take them."

Such is the history of one of the most remarkable cases in modern times. In the face of such testimony, can anyone say that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not entitled to the careful consideration of every sufferer—man, woman or child? Is not the case, in truth, a miracle in modern medicine?

These pills are sold by all druggists and are considered by them to be one of the most valuable remedial agents known to science.

Begonia Culture.
Begonias of all kinds grow best in a soil that is quite rich, somewhat sandy and porous. A soil that is heavy, soggy and apt to become sour cannot be used with good results. The matter of drainage is also an item in the culture of begonias not to be overlooked. In potting the plants provide ample drainage by placing broken pottery, cinders or some such matter in the bottom of the pots. Flowering begonias can be bedded out in the summer with success, if plenty of water is given and a fairly sunny, warm location selected for the bed. Those of the Rex type will do best if plunged in a partially shaded location. Both classes should be protected from hot, drying winds, and should never be allowed to suffer for want of water.—June Woman's Home Companion.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

Without Conditions.
A California congregation has agreed to fit out its pastor for a two years' trip in the Klondike on the understanding that if he makes a strike he shall pay off the church debt. There have been cases in which such an arrangement would be made willingly, even without the condition.

Helping Spain.
A St. Louis firm presented the Missouri volunteers with 50,000 cigarettes. What grudge has St. Louis against the volunteers, anyhow?

If you want to make your white dresses, skirts, shirt waists, collars and cuffs look white and glossy ask your grocer for Keith's Enamel Starch, and take no other. Insist on getting the genuine article.

If your grocer does not handle it send his name and address to Keith Enamel Starch Co., Chicago, Ill., and get book of recipes for fine laundry work for your trouble.

There are five comets foretold by astronomers for the year 1898.

OUR TROOPS HAVE LANDED.

Investment of Santiago de Cuba Has Begun.

UNITED WITH INSURGENTS.

Gen. Calixto Garcia's Army of Patriots Joins the Invaders—More United States Soldiers Being Landed Daily, Protected by the Guns of the Fleet.

The investment of Santiago by the American troops has begun. The latest dispatches tell of the landing of 5,000 soldiers of the United States army at Punta Cabrera, six miles to the westward of Santiago harbor, and the massing of Gen. Linares' army to oppose them.

The Americans have united with Gen. Calixto Garcia's 3,000 Cuban patriots, as arranged for by Lieut. Rowan and other American scouts.

More United States soldiers are coming daily. Their landing is perfectly protected by the guns of the American fleet.

American Ship Sunk at Santiago
The American squadron has again bombarded the fortifications at Santiago de Cuba, and silenced the Spanish batteries. An American vessel, the Merrimac, was sunk while entering the harbor, it is believed for the purpose of more effectually bottling up the Spaniards. The ship is described as a collier, with a small crew, who were taken prisoners.

Warning from a Russian Newspaper.
The St. Petersburg Novosti says: "It is full time to end a senseless and criminal war. America must voluntarily submit her pretensions to a tribunal of the powers. America cannot avoid doing this, as her position, with two long and exposed coast lines, is not such as could withstand the combined fleets of two or three European powers."

Praise Hobson's Bravery.
Washington rings with praise for the gallantry of Lieut. Richmond P. Hobson and the seven seamen who joined him in facing death at Santiago de Cuba while sinking the collier Merrimac in the channel.

Admiral Cervera's offer to exchange the prisoners will be availed of as soon as possible.

Death of Capt. Gridley.
The navy department has received a cablegram announcing the death at Kobe, Japan, of Capt. Charles V. Gridley of the cruiser Olympia, Admiral Dewey's flagship. Capt. Gridley was wounded in the battle of Manila.

Recruits for Fifth Illinois.
To fill up the Fifth Illinois regiment men are to be furnished from counties as follows: Christian, 100; Macon, 100; Menard, 30; Logan, 20; Dewitt, 20, and Sangamon, 50. The men will rendezvous at Springfield for enlistment.

To Fill Wisconsin Regiments.
Wisconsin is to send twenty-five men under the new call to each of the companies, to bring them up to 106 men each. Any new companies needed will be taken from places that have not already sent men to the front.

Santiago Expedition Starts.
The Santiago expedition, part of which started from Mobile last week, has left Tampa. It went in strong enough force to crush the Spaniards at Santiago, probably with 20,000 or more troops.

Will Keep the Colored Officers.
Governor Tyler announces that he will turn the two battalions of negro infantry, called for from Virginia, over to the government, with their present colored officers.

Fighting in the Philippines.
Admiral Dewey reports that fifty Spanish officers and 1,800 Spanish soldiers were captured by the Philippine insurgents in several victorious battles.

Last Cable Is Cut.
The cable from Santiago de Cuba to Jamaica has been cut. This severs Blanco's last remaining communication with Madrid, and he is now thoroughly isolated.

Anticipate Peace Overtures.
At the white house and the department of state they are anticipating overtures for peace, and are already discussing how they should be met.

Gen. Greene Will Command.
Gen. Francis V. Greene, recently appointed brigadier-general and assigned to Gen. Merritt's staff, will command the second expedition to Manila.

Don't Want Another Regiment.
Under the new call for volunteers Indiana will not be asked to furnish another regiment; the government is after men and not organizations.

National Government Will Pay.
It is officially announced that the government and not the states will pay all volunteer troops for the time between dates of enlistment and muster.

Blanco Bars Correspondents.
Capt. Gen. Blanco has issued a decree prohibiting the stay in Cuba of foreign correspondents.

The gross earnings of the Chicago Great Western Railway for the second week of May show an increase of \$16,861.36 over corresponding week last year. This makes the increase for the first two weeks of May \$44,377.33 over last year, \$11,435.04 of which increase is from passenger traffic. The increase on the fiscal year to date is \$608,401.45 over corresponding period last year.

No person enjoys drinking in a conversation of the extra dry brand.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

When pride turns a man's head he is sure to look the wrong way.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure. makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

Much of the experience a man gets comes too late to benefit him.

Coe's Cough Balsam
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

One-twelfth of the people of England suffer more or less from gout.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Down in front—a young man's first attempt at mustache culture.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me large doctor bills.—C. L. Baker, 429th Regent Sq., Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 8, '95.

A new spring dress causes a woman to walk with an elastic step.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic cures constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

It is hard for a man under a cloud to see the silver lining.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia Cured to stay cured only by using Ath-lo-pho-ros. \$1.00 per bottle of all druggists.

Of two evils it is best to choose neither.

STRONG STATEMENTS.

Three Women Relieved of Female Troubles by Mrs. Pinkham.

From Mrs. A. W. SMITH, 59 Summer St., Biddeford, Me.:

"For several years I suffered with various diseases peculiar to my sex. Was troubled with a burning sensation across the small of my back, that all-gone feeling, was despondent, fretful and discouraged; the least exertion tired me. I tried several doctors but received little benefit. At last I decided to give your Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. The effect of the first bottle was magical. Those symptoms of weakness that I was afflicted with, vanished like vapor before the sun. I cannot speak too highly of your valuable remedy. It is truly a boon to woman."

From Mrs. MELISSA PHILLIPS, Lexington, Ind., to Mrs. Pinkham:

"Before I began taking your medicine I had suffered for two years with that tired feeling, headache, backache, no appetite, and a run-down condition of the system. I could not walk across the room. I have taken four bottles of the Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills and used one package of Sanative Wash, and now feel like a new woman, and am able to do my work."

From Mrs. MOLLIE E. HERREL, Powell Station, Tenn.:

"For three years I suffered with such a weakness of the back, I could not perform my household duties. I also had falling of the womb, terrible bearing-down pains and headache. I have taken two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and feel like a new woman. I recommend your medicine to every woman I know."

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds, and throat disease



IRONING MADE EASY.

HAS MANY IMITATORS, BUT NO EQUAL.

This Starch is prepared on scientific principles, by men who have had years of experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. The only starch that is perfectly harmless. Contains no arsenic, alum or other injurious substance. Can be used even for a baby powder.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT AND TAKE NO OTHER.



"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS." BE WISE AND USE

SAPOLIO

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.
JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs. in last war, adjudicating claims, army pension.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, Guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, biliousness, headache, etc. At druggists 25c & \$1.

TAPE-WORM expelled alive, head guaranteed. 20-page pamphlet free. PROF. E. FIELD & CO., 135 State Street, Chicago.

PISO'S CURE FOR GUINER WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 day treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S HOME, Atlantic City.

PATENTS No charge for opinion as to patentability. Send sketch. Guide and Hints FREE. Patents negotiated. Edgar Tate & Co., 24 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED in every town for the best selling "Far and Household Specialties." It will pay you to write us. Golden Mt. Co., Chicago, Ill.

It afflicted with sore eyes, use

Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. O. CHICAGO, NO. 24, 1898.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Your Liver

needs coaxing, not crowding. Dr. Ayer's Pills stand without a rival as a reliable medicine for liver complaint. They cure constipation, and they cure its consequences, piles, biliousness, indigestion, sick headache, nausea, coated tongue, foul breath, bad taste, palpitation, nervousness, irritability, and many other maladies that have their root in constipation. They are a specific for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, and keep the body in a condition of sound health.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—JAMES QUINN, 90 Middle Street, Hartford, Conn.

Take Ayer's Pills

The Barrington Review

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.

Entered at the postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1898.

Explanations Needed.

Half hearted Americans who write for newspapers in Europe are able to do this country much harm at present by their misrepresentations of our people and their toryish attitude toward their fellow countrymen. Such a creature is Mr. George W. Smalley, so called American correspondent of the London Times. He lived in London too long, did Smalley, and that was the trouble with him. He is no American.

The nations of Europe do not understand us or our motive in making war in behalf of Cuba. Even the governments of the continental nations are disposed to be fair where their own interests are not concerned. It is reasonable to suppose, therefore, that they would look on us at least as favorably as on Spain if they knew the truth. Not knowing our language, it is hard for them to find out the truth. The emissaries of Spain have worked industriously to poison them against us. It is part of the high minded and chivalrous system of Spanish state policy.

It would be worth while if the United States government were to secure in each country of Europe the services of accomplished newspaper men who understand both our cause and our language and have them speak for us through the columns of leading European journals. Well written, patriotic articles might be sent to them for translation, and it would not be beneath the dignity of the United States government itself to attend to the matter. It would be justice, and it would be good diplomacy.

Governing the Philippines.

The United States is face to face with a new problem—that of governing a distant dependency peopled by a different race. Great Britain has succeeded better than any other country in that task, except indeed in case of that dependency nearer home and inhabited by white people like her own, Ireland. There England has made illustrious mistakes.

There is no reason to doubt that the United States can govern a foreign dependency as well as it has done everything else, although it will be trying our hand at something altogether new to undertake the administration of the Philippines. Reports of the people of those islands are so conflicting that we cannot yet tell whether to consider them a race of fierce barbarians or a gentle, half civilized people. We do not know, therefore, whether we shall have to hold them in hand with troops or simply govern them according to our laws in force in other United States territories. We shall find out soon.

One thing the United States government will at once look out for, and that a most important one—the revenues of the Philippines. Even with her familiar methods of cruelty and extortion, Spain drew large profits from these islands. Under the humane and enlightened administration of Uncle Sam they will increase rapidly in productiveness, population and civilization.

Those old ladies of both sexes in Boston and elsewhere who are whining and scolding about the iniquity of this war and our meddling with what does not concern us are the Levites who pass by on the other side while highwaymen beat and rob the stranger. There are times when war is justifiable and necessary. To oppose a tyrant who is taking away the liberties of a people; to defend, in the name of humanity and Christianity, the weak when they are being starved and butchered, whoever and wherever they are—for these ends it is right to go to war and give the party that is in the wrong a good sound thrashing. The United States could not have maintained its own self respect or its prestige in the eyes of the nations had it refrained from intervening in Cuba. It would have shown itself like those Americans who are opposing the stand the people of this country have taken for Cuba.

The Spaniards, having exhausted the common vocabulary in calling us Yankees, have now discovered that the "Yankees are naturally heavy, like all Anglo-Saxon soldiers." They take comfort in believing that our boys will make a poor out at marching through Cuba incumbered with baggage and artillery. These "naturally heavy" Yankee soldiers may astonish the degenerate little Spaniard.

Returning Confederate Flags.

When there is a family quarrel, a bitter one even, the members of that family after they have made friends do not preserve in their records any traces of the dispute for strangers to obtain possession of and make sneering comment on. They destroy everything which reminds them of the former enmity and are more devoted to one another than they were before to make up for the temporary alienation.

It is in this spirit that Lieutenant Colonel Theodore F. Allen of the Seventh Ohio cavalry during the civil war and now a prominent business man of Cincinnati makes the recommendation that at the coming reunion of the G. A. R. action be taken to return to their original owners the Confederate flags captured in 1861-5. These flags are held as trophies of victory in some of the northern state capitals and elsewhere. The G. A. R. meets in Cincinnati in September. Colonel Allen is of opinion that it will be the last large reunion of the veterans of 1861, because they are dying so rapidly. He believes the ceremony of returning the old Confederate battleflags will mark the final and complete reconciliation of "Yank" and "Johnny" and destroy, so far as the north is concerned, all trace of the difference.

Colonel Allen himself was a brave and honored officer in Wilson's cavalry corps and had his share of hard fighting. It is a graceful act on the part of an officer like this to inaugurate the move to send back the southern flags to those who first possessed them. It will be still more graceful if the Grand Army of the Republic indorses the action and unanimously votes to restore the captured banners. The cause they represent is only a memory now, but a memory which not even a northerner would lose, for from the civil war dates America's real greatness as a nation.

Colonel Allen bases the restitution of the southern flags on the fact that we all are one now and there is only one flag, Old Glory—may she wave forever! Fitz-Hugh Lee and Joseph Wheeler are major generals in the United States army, appointed and commissioned by a Republican president, who knows their worth. There are 50,000 Confederates and sons of Confederates at present in the United States army. We are one, one and inseparable, now and forever. So, says Colonel Allen, give back the flags of the lost cause to fair southland.

In the house committee on election of president, vice president and members of congress there slumbers, waiting a convenient moment to wake up, a bill to extend to four years the term of the representatives. This would be a good plan perhaps, as most representatives require a considerable portion of the first term to learn the business. Then, too, most representatives are honored by a re-election, which virtually gives them a term of four years. It would save trouble and expense to elect them for four years in the first place. Somebody solemnly declares, however, that if representatives be elected for four years then the term of a senator should be extended to eight years. Well, no; not if we know it. More than once in the history of this country after the people had declared by a heavy vote that they desired certain legislation by congress the senate has sat in the way and blocked it month after month, an immovable obstacle. Senators for eight years? No, thank you. If they are useful and popular during the six years' term, each man of them has opportunity to be chosen again.

Real estate belongs in the country in which it is situated. It cannot be taken away. That is the reason why a citizen of one country cannot inherit real estate in another unless he goes to the country where the estate is and becomes a citizen there. This is the law of nations, although there are ways of getting around it. Citizens of Spain who own property here may by international usage have their property confiscated, but it is not at all likely this would be done under ordinary circumstances. It would open the door for violent reprisals. Citizens of Spain who on the outbreak of the war declared their intention of becoming American citizens would be entitled to protection for their property the same as other citizens.

Bravery the Spanish troops show everywhere. But bravery without steady, trained nerves and a cool head is useless, and in these rests the advantage our soldiers and seamen have over those of Spain.

Still it continues. A newly laid out town in Kansas has been named Deweyville. They say there is a great real estate boom there in consequence of the name.

We note that members of one of the regiments in camp regard it as a mark of high living that they are able to get "fresh bread" every day. There speaks the true American. Nobody on this round earth but a native Yankee would wad his stomach full of fermenting dough and expect Providence to digest it for him. A lump of putty would be as wholesome. Germans are famous for their perfect cookery of substantial, nourishing food, and a German would almost as soon swallow a mouthful of shot as chunks of soft, doughy, fermenting bread. There is a city ordinance in Berlin that no bread shall be sold until it is a day old. The person who eats warm dough takes his life in his hand.

In round numbers 13,000 miles was the distance traveled by the Oregon in her journey round Cape Horn to the West Indies. Counting out stops, she made the trip in two months. That she made it in such time without a break to her machinery is a splendid tribute to American shipbuilding, particularly that of the Pacific coast, where her keel was laid. The fact shows that a vessel of the heavy battleship type can be constructed so as to make very fair speed.

No state can now forbid the sale of intoxicating liquors within its borders or the transportation of such liquors through its territory. The United States supreme court has decided that such a law would be an interference with a citizen's right to earn his living in any way he chose that is not forbidden by generally recognized law and custom.

The Spanish government professes not to like our blockade because it is ineffective. Spain wants the powers, therefore, to intervene and stop us because our blockade does not block. How odd it is that the Madrid government should protest against its ports being only half blockaded! If such were really the case, it would be exactly what they would like.

There were two unpardonable sins in Tennyson's estimation—to wrong a woman and to tell a lie.

Will Hon. W. J. Bryan, too, come out at the end of this war a brigadier general?

Whatever must be done always can be done.

The result of the combustion of smokeless powder, which our navy uses, is gases which are almost colorless. A slight vapor is seen immediately after a charge is fired, but it quickly disappears.

Dr. T. H. Rath DENTIST Zahnarzt

....OVER....

WALLER'S DRUG STORE.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

W. H. Hartman, Boots and Shoes

MADE TO ORDER.

Repairing neatly done. A line of ready-made Boots and Shoes kept in stock.

PALATINE, - ILLINOIS

A. S. OLMS Druggist and Pharmacist.....

A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.

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HENRY BUTZOW BAKERY

-AND-

CONFECTIONERY.
Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, Etc.

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Fresh Fish Fridays.

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M. F. Clausius

Physician
AND Surgeon

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OVER WALLER'S DRUG STORE.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

Office Hours: 8 to 10 a. m. 7 to 8 p. m.

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All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water colors and crayon at prices to suit.

Palatine, Ill.

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Successor to George A. Lytle, M. D. C

Veterinary Surgeon and
Dentist

Three years assistant to Prof. A. S. Alexander, of Chicago Veterinary College.

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Office Room 617

Ashland Block

- Chicago

Residence, Barrington, Ill.

Louis Todd

First-class
Carriage Painter

Give him a call. His prices are right, and a good job is assured.

SHOP AT

Dodge Farm, 1½ miles west of Barrington.

CUTTING, CASTLE & WILLIAMS

Attorneys-at-Law.

812-13 Chamber of Commerce Building,
Chicago.

The Barrington Bank

....OF....

SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres.

A. L. Robertson, Cashier.

John C. Plagge, Vice-Prest.

.....H. C. P. Sandman.

A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. First-class commercial paper for sale.

Barrington, - Illinois

PALATINE BANK OF CHARLES H. PATTEN.

A General Banking

Business Transacted....

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
Loans on Real Estate.

Insurance.

F. J. FILBERT, - - Cashier

NOTICE!

Please read this and note that I am still with you, and have on my Sales Grounds in Barrington, a large stock of fruit trees, consisting of Apple, Cherry, Plum, Peach and Pear trees; also Currant, Raspberry, Gooseberry, Grape, etc. Come early and get some choice trees cheap. Apple Trees, 15c; Cherry, 25c; Plum, 25c; Pear, 50c; Mulberry, 50c; Peach, 25c.

I have also something new in the way of a spraying pump which it will be to your interest to examine—the New Perfection Brass Spraying Pump. This force pump will throw, when in operation, a continuous stream 50 to 75 feet, or a fine, mist-like spray, as desired. It sprays all kinds of trees and shrubs, and destroys Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worm, Chinch Bugs, Squash Bugs, Plant Lice, Aphid Bark Lice, etc.

I also want fifty old or new orchards to trim, clean and put in good shape and condition for bearing fruit this season.

C. WEAVER,
MAIN STREET. BARYINGTON

GEO. SCHAFER,

Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Barrington, - Ills

FRANK SPITZER,

Attorney-at-Law.

WOODSTOCK, - ILLINOIS.

Will be in Barrington Every
Tuesday.

where he can be consulted on
legal matters....

DR. KUECHLER, DENTIST

Graduate of the Royal University of Berlin, Germany, and of the North-Western University of Chicago.

163 Lincoln Ave., cor. Garfield, CHICAGO

....Will be in....

Barrington

At his office in the

Howarth Building.

Every Thursday

9 O'clock A. M.

Reliable Work at the Lowest
Prices.

TEETH EXTRACTED ABSOLUTELY WITH-

OUT PAIN by an application to the gums. No charge when teeth are ordered. Fillings, painlessly, at half the usual rates. Set of Teeth \$5 and up.

Crowns and Teeth Without Plates

a Specialty.

It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do you first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

DR. E. W. OLCOTT

Will be at his
Dental Rooms in

BATTERMAN'S BLOCK,

PALATINE,

ON

Friday of Each Week

Chicago office:

65 E. RANDOLPH ST.

Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Miles T. Lamey,

FIRE INSURANCE.

Represents the Best Companies of America.

Barrington, - - - Illinois.

LAKE ZURICH.

Wedding bells are ringing in Zurich.

Fred Hapke is now working on the section.

Fred Seip of Wheeling visited here this week.

Henry Krop will build an extension to his barn.

Sheep washing has begun with the farmers.

George Zimmer of Long Grove was here Tuesday.

Franklin Roney shipped hogs as usual this week.

How about the glorious Fourth? Is Zurich to celebrate.

The Sunday School will be discontinued until September.

Wm. Tash of Arlington Heights was a Tuesday caller.

H. Hillman is meeting with great success in disposing of vehicles.

Leave orders for bicycles, bicycle repairing, etc., with Al R. Ficke.

George Lintelman has added to his household furniture a new organ.

Hermah Snider's barn raising this afternoon, and a dance in the evening.

H. Luersen and family of Palatine were guests of Wm. Eichman last Sabbath.

Miss Mamie Prouty has returned from Michigan, where she has been on a prolonged visit.

Messrs. M. T. Lamey and Chas. Beinhoff of Barrington were in Zurich on insurance business.

C. L. Hockemeyer and family of Diamond Lake were guests of Wm. Eichman last Saturday.

A horse belonging to a gang of horse traders was killed by an engine of the E., J. & E. R. R. last week.

Bruce Bros. have been on the rush these days shipping the congealed water from their ice houses.

George Spinner is now working in the Zurich creamery, and expects to be a full-fledged cheese and butter maker.

The Star Circle Grinder, with Ed. Knigge as agent for same, is meeting with great success. It is the farmers' friend.

They say that every one will miss it if they do not take in the entertainment at the school house. Remember the date.

The Liberty pole was taken down and a new rope attached so that the stars and stripes would float again on the corner.

H. Tonne and Frank Meyer were at Waukegan Monday, and are now members of the volunteer army for Uncle Sam.

F. P. Clark has rented the Kohl cottage on the banks of the lake, and will conduct a boarding house to accommodate the city folks who drift out from the Windy City.

The Chicago Telephone Company have their poles all in place and the wires are strung, and as soon as the instrument is put in place H. Seip will talk with the outside world on the long distance.

WAUCONDA.

Show at Oakland to-night.

C. W. Sowles was a Rockefeller visitor-Sunday.

H. Malman transacted business in city Tuesday.

Louis Cole of Waukegan was a caller in our village Sunday.

Mrs. H. H. Ruggles transacted business in the city Monday.

M. W. Hughes transacted business in the city Wednesday.

Ben Sherman of McHenry was a caller in our village Monday.

Walter Stanley of Chicago spent Sunday with friends in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Glynn spent a few days with relatives last week.

Clarence Wells of McHenry called on friends in our village Tuesday.

Miss Lulu Hill of Chicago is spending a few days with her sister, Sadie.

A show will be given at the Oakland Hall, Saturday evening, June 11th, by a home dramatic company.

The plays will last about two hours, after which the hall will be cleared

and dancing will be indulged in. Everybody come and enjoy a royal good time.

Geo. Freye and friend of Nunda were pleasant callers in our village Saturday.

Messrs. Russell and McAlister of Chicago were guests at the Oakland Sunday.

A. R. Johnson and Will Wragg of Chicago are spending a few days in our village this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Harrison, accompanied by Miss McMahon, made a trip to Waukegan Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Johns of Detroit, Mich., are the guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. H. H. Ruggles.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker and daughter of Hyde Park are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. F. Hammond.

Mr. and Mrs. Post of Chicago are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. and Mrs. H. Werden at present writing.

Mrs. L. H. Todd returned home Saturday, after spending a few days in the city with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Henry Golding returned home Saturday after spending a few days in the city with relatives and friends.

C. A. Golding returned home Saturday after having spent three terms at the Northern Indiana Normal school.

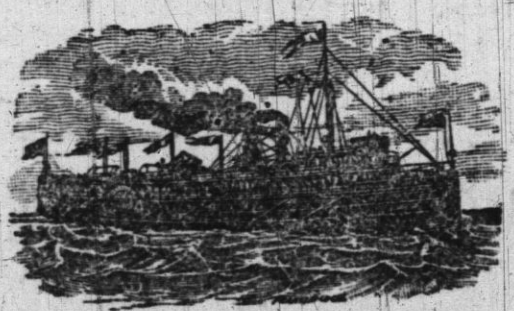
Commencement exercises will be held at the Oakland next Friday evening, June 11th. There are but three graduates this year, the same as for the past two years.

Andrew Blanck, who has been at work in Wisconsin for the past two months, returned home Saturday. It was rumored that Andrew had joined the navy but he said it must have been a serious mistake.

Why not have a celebration here this year on July 4th? It has been six years since we have celebrated. What is the trouble? Is our little "burg" sleeping so that every year it lies still and lets other villages reap the benefit which belongs to us? Let us rouse ourselves this year and have an old-time celebration, one which shall be remembered for years to come.

The Cincinnati manufacturing firm that found a way to suddenly turn the sympathy of the French nation over to our side are entitled to the thanks of the American people. Their reply to the French business men in New York, who wrote asking them to exhibit at the French exposition of 1900, settled the matter. They said they would not have anything to do with the Paris exposition while the French people were so unfriendly to us in the war with Spain. The fire of a fine patriotism flashed in those few words. Immediately Frenchmen saw a great light. Straightway the French minister at Washington visited the state department, telling the officials how much France had always loved us and how she had helped us during the revolution. "France always remembers," said the minister. Maybe France has always loved us, but here lately she has taken a queer way of showing it. However, we accept her assurances of friendship in the future and thank her.

ST. & JOE BENTON HARBOR ... ROUTE ...



GRAHAM & MORTON TRANSPORTATION CO.

Operating the Superb Side-wheel Steamers.

CITY OF CHICAGO AND CITY OF MILWAUKEE

and the new and popular propellers.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE & J. C. FORD

Between Chicago, St. Joseph and Benton Harbor, Mich., and Milwaukee, Wis.

\$1 DAILY EXCURSIONS

Leaving dock, foot of Wabash Avenue, Chicago, every morning at 9:30 and 12:30 noon. Sunday excepted: the 9:30 run arrive resorts at 1:30, the 12:30 run arrive at 4:30 p. m. Leave resorts at 5:00 p. m., arrive Chicago on return at 9:00 p. m. daily.

Regular steamer also leaves at 11:30 p. m. daily and 2:00 p. m. Saturdays only.

By this route the tourist reaches direct the heart of the Michigan Fruit Belt and also the most charming summer resort region adjacent to Chicago.

Try the recently discovered Excelsior Mineral Water and Baths. Elegant new bath house at Benton Harbor.

CHICAGO OFFICE:

48 River Street.....Foot of Wabash Avenue

J. H. GRAHAM, President,

BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

C. & N. W. R. R.

WEEK DAY TRAINS--NORTH.

LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'TN.
7 30 A. M.	8 32 A. M.	8 50 A. M.
8 30	9 25	9 45
9 10	10 19	10 30
10 50	11 58	12 10 P. M.
1 30	2 45	3 10
3 50 P. M.	4 47 P. M.	5 02
5 00	5 57	6 09
6 01	7 08	7 20
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

* Saturday only.

WEEK DAY TRAINS--SOUTH.

LV. BARR'TN.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
6 10 A. M.	6 19 A. M.	7 25 A. M.
6 30	6 40	7 50
7 00	7 10	8 25
7 56	8 09	9 15
9 08	9 18	10 20
9 45	9 56	10 55
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
3 08	3 19	4 30
5 02	5 12	6 20

SUNDAY TRAINS--NORTH.

LV. CHICAGO.	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BARR'TN.
4 00 A. M.	5 02 A. M.	5 10 A. M.
9 10	10 19 A. M.	10 30
1 30 P. M.	2 45 P. M.	3 00 P. M.
4 45	6 00	6 12
6 35	7 42	7 55
11 35	12 42	12 55

SUNDAY TRAINS--SOUTH.

LV. BARR'TN.	LV. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
6 45 A. M.	6 53 A. M.	7 45 A. M.
7 56	8 09	9 15
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
5 02	5 12	6 20
8 57	9 12	9 55
9 10	9 23	10 25

E. J. & E. R. R.

NORTH. SOUTH.

Joliet.....	2:30am	8:40am	4:10pm	10:15pm
Barrington...	7:00am	2:00pm	10:35am	6:15pm
Lake Zurich...	7:15am	2:35pm	10:15am	5:55pm
Leitham.....	7:45am	3:05pm	9:30am	5:05pm
Rondout.....	8:00am	3:25pm	9:00am	4:45pm
Waukegan.....	8:30am	4:10pm	7:30am	3:00pm

Excursion Tickets to the Omaha Exposition.

Via the North-Western Line will be on sale daily, beginning June 1, limits of tickets providing for longer or shorter sojourn, according to rate. This exposition will be well worth seeing. For further information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

General Jacob Sleicher Coxe is thinking it over.

The White is King.

We call your especial attention to those features which have ever characterized the White, i. e. grace, beauty, simplicity and great strength of frame. We believe our crank-hanger to be the most servicable and yet the simplest and most compact of any on the market. Our handle bars and seat post are both adjustable and are our own patent. We have a few '97 Models at \$35, to \$45. '98 Models \$65 and \$75. White Sewing Machine Company, 295 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Why wouldn't a range-finder be a good thing in a prize ring?

WANTED.—Boys and girls to do light writing and represent us at home. Easy employment, with moderate income assured. Send 2-cent stamp for full particulars to THE HUNT-LEE REMEDY Co., Bowling Green building, 11 Broadway, New York city.

Evidence multiplies that Roosevelt's rough riders are pretty smooth citizens.

Mr. P. Ketcham of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by A. L. Waller Brrington and A. S. Olms Palatine.

Admiral Camara evidently understands his business; he doesn't believe in wasting coal needlessly.

I was seriously afflicted with a cough for several years, and last fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, by a friend, who, knowing me to be a poor widow, gave it to me. I tried it, and with the most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved me very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had as good health for twenty years. Respectfully, Mrs. Mary A. Beard, Claremore, Ark. Sold by A. L. Waller Barrington and A. S. Olms Palatine.

To guard against disappointments see that "Merrimac" is blown in the neck of the bottle.

Should you wish to improve the quality of your bread use the celebrated Yeast Foam. Nothing like it for producing a light, sweet, nutritious loaf of bread. It will retain its moisture and flavor longer than bread raised with any other yeast now on market. Try it.

Plagge & Co.

are the leading dealers in

Feed, Flour, Lumber, Coal, Mixed Paints, White Lead, Oils,

DRAIN AND GLAZED TILE, ROCK SALT, ETC.

Their warehouse and lumber yards will be found stocked with a complete assortment in the above lines, at the very lowest prices. An inspection and comparison of prices is solicited.

BARRINGTON,

ILLINOIS

E. W. PETERSON,

DEALER IN

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware.

All kinds of repairing in my line given prompt attention.

PRICES THE LOWEST.

.....BARRINGTON, ILL.

Do You Need Printing?

We print Noteheads,
Bill Heads and Statements
Letter Heads and Business Cards
Books
Dodgers and Visiting Cards
Pamphlets
Wedding Stationery

Review, Barrington

WM. BELL, ELGIN, ILL.

is prepared to build

CONCRETE WALKS

in Barrington and surrounding towns at reasonable rates.

FELT GRAVEL ROOFS MADE AND REPAIRED.

Only skilled workmen employed. Best of references furnished. Have had 16 years' practical experience. Address,

Wm. Bell, 509 Hill Ave., Elgin, and he will call and figure on your work.

Attracting Attention

The low price that we have placed on the celebrated brands of Shipman's White Lead and National Linseed Oil is what attracts the attention of close buyers.

It is business to seek the place where reliable goods can be purchased for the least amount of money. That kind of goods will always be found the cheapest in the end, and that is the kind we handle.

Heath & Milligan's Paint

Our stock of Heath & Milligan's Mixed Paint is large and contains a varied assortment of handsome colors. This paint is put up in quarts, half-gallons and gallons. We also have the same kind of paint put up—for small work—in pint and half-pint cans, very convenient sizes where but a small quantity is needed.

Heath & Milligan's Specially Prepared Paint

We also have in stock special prepared paint for the following kinds of work: Barns and Roofs, Buggies and Wagons, Floors, and Enamels for decorative purposes, etc.

.....

VARNISHES, HARD OILS, TURPENTINE, SANDPAPER, COLORS—DRY OR GROUND IN OIL. In fact, everything that a painter uses, can be found here, and at prices that are right, too.

GIVE US A CALL.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.

Headquarters for Lime, Cement, Brick, Stone, Tile, Glass.

Barrington

Barrington Review.

H. T. LANEY, Ed. and Pub

BARRINGTON, . . . ILLINOIS

NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Minor Happenings of the Past Week.

EVENTS OF LAST SEVEN DAYS.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Huntington, Ind.—Otto Newlove was robbed of over \$400. Newlove is a saloonkeeper.

Joliet, Ill.—Frederick Robinson, aged 28, is dead, the result of a revolver shot in the forehead.

Hot Springs, Ark.—J. W. Etting killed his wife and then committed suicide, a razor being used.

Sparta, Wis.—Grace Lennos took poison and died. She was a member of the high school graduating class.

Dayton, O.—Lee Vickers was found guilty of murder in the second degree for killing James Kelly April 28.

Lincoln, Neb.—The jury in the case against Frank Hilton has returned a verdict of \$6,946 in favor of the state.

San Francisco, Cal.—A party of scientists, headed by David Starr Jordan, have gone to Flagstaff, Ariz., to make investigations.

Washington.—The comptroller of the currency has received a telegram announcing the failure of the Delaware National bank of Delhi, N. Y.

Columbus, Ga.—The property of the Eagle and Phoenix Manufacturing company, valued at \$3,000,000, was sold by Commissioner Murphy for \$500,000.

Sturgis, Mich.—Burglars entered the house of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Clement and stole jewelry valued at \$500. Mr. and Mrs. Clement are visiting in Chicago.

Greenville, Pa.—The Rev. John Peate has completed the wonderful lens which he has been shaping and polishing for the American University at Washington.

Michigan City, Ind.—James Gray, night watchman for the Michigan Central railway, shot and fatally wounded John Kennel, who was stealing a ride on a freight train.

Crown Point, Ind.—Spontaneous combustion started a fire in C. E. Nichols' grain elevator at Lowell, and before it was checked did \$18,000 damage. Five buildings were burned.

Kingston, Ont.—A twelve-ton fly-wheel flew into pieces in D. F. Jones' shovel roller mills. One piece struck the petroleum tank, scattering the oil, which caught fire. The works were soon in ruins.

Cairo, W. Va.—The east-bound passenger train No. 4 on the Baltimore & Ohio road was wrecked near here. Engineer Hanway was fatally injured. Fireman Griffith slightly and two tramps, Dan Reardon and Thomas Peters, had broken legs.

Brussels.—The international conference on sugar bounties opened at the foreign office here under the presidency of Premier P. De Smet de Naeyer, adjourning until Friday next. The sessions will be held in secret.

Madison, Wis.—Former Governor G. W. Peck was robbed of his pocketbook containing \$20.

St. Louis, Mo.—While Jacob F. Smith, a jeweler, was at lunch, burglars broke open the back door of his establishment and looted it, taking eighteen trays of watches, diamonds and other jewelry valued at over \$3,000.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The seventy-eighth session of the general convention of the New Jerusalem Church (Swedenborgian) of the United States of America was held here.

New York.—Robert Dyer, a clerk for Everts, Choate & Beaman, lawyers, is under arrest accused of stealing a package containing \$7,500 worth of jewelry and a letter of credit for \$50,000.

London.—Representatives of the American, White Star, North German Lloyd and the other principal transatlantic steamship lines held a conference with a few to deciding upon a traffic agreement, but arrived at no understanding. Further meetings are expected.

Saratoga, N. Y.—The court of appeals has confirmed the verdict of murder in the first degree in the case of Martin Thorne, whom the Queens County criminal court found guilty of the killing of William Guildensuppe, a bath rubber, in Woodside, L. I., in July last.

Wheeling, W. Va.—J. P. Owens, indicted jointly with Mrs. Atkinson, wife of Gov. Atkinson of West Virginia, on the charge of complicity in alleged forgery, has been found not guilty. A demurrer was entered to the second indictment against Mrs. Atkinson and argument has begun.

Rock Island, Ill.—Congressman Geo. W. Prince was renominated on the eighty-fourth ballot in the Tenth district republican convention here.

CASUALTIES.

Caldwell, Kan.—While fishing at Bluff Creek Judge J. M. Thomas of this city was drowned. He was a pioneer and had held many important state positions.

Elwood, Ind.—Jacob Urban's 14-year-old daughter, Lizzie, was fearfully burned and died in a short time. Her clothing caught fire from a gas flame, and every shred was burned off.

Elwood, Iowa.—A young man, said to be the only son of D. A. Wynkoop of Maquoketa, was found near the railroad track with his skull crushed. He died soon afterward.

Jeffersonville, Ind.—The Heath-Morris Fruit Basket and Box company at New Albany was burned. The loss is \$30,000.

Pontiac, Ill.—The Central hotel was destroyed by fire.

Tiffin, O.—Anthony Kern, living west of this city, was killed by an enraged bull.

Caldwell, Kas.—While fishing at Bluff creek Judge J. M. Thomas of this city was drowned.

Delavan, Wis.—Thomas Fitzgerald, while rowing across Delavan lake, fell out of the boat and was drowned.

Elwood, Ind.—Elizabeth Erban was burned to death by her clothing catching fire from a gas flambeau.

Cincinnati, O.—Northern Kentucky experienced an earthquake shock June 6. The disturbance was felt principally at Paris, Maysville, Williamsburg, Owingsville and Cynthiana. No damage is reported.

Buffalo—William A. Thomas, aged 21; Joseph Talbot, 19, and Felix Gilmore, 18, were drowned while rowing in the harbor. In endeavoring to get out of the way of an approaching steamer the men overturned their boat and sank before assistance could reach them.

Butler, Ind.—Ray Chappel and son were killed at a grade crossing at Hamilton by a Wabash passenger train. Mrs. Chappel was terribly mangled.

Waterloo, Iowa.—Fire destroyed sash door and blind factory of Beck, Nauman & Watts company and the factory and foundry of the Waterloo Omnibus and Wagonette Manufacturing company. Loss, \$45,000; insurance, \$10,000.

FOREIGN.

Gibraltar.—The first-class armored Italian cruiser, Carlo Alberto, bound for Cuba, has arrived here.

London.—It is said the tsung-li-yamen (Chinese foreign office) has decided to make Sian Fu (capital of the province of Shen Si) the capital of the Chinese empire in place of Peking.

Berlin.—Julius Goldschmidt, the United States consul-general here, has been ill for three weeks, and his condition has now taken a serious turn.

Berlin.—An epidemic of girl murder has broken out in this city. There is much in the murders to suggest the work of "Jack the Ripper." The victims belong generally to the unfortunate class.

Madrid.—A dispatch from Havana says the Spanish gunboat Ajdilla and a steamship with 800 head of cattle have arrived there.

Paris.—The race for the Grand Prix de Paris was run at Longchamps and was won by Baron de Rothschild's Le Roi Soleil. M. J. de Bremond's Gardeau was second and M. Edmond Blanc's Cazabat third.

London.—The St. James' Gazette says it learns that a proposal made in influential circles and backed by the liberal leaders is afoot with the object of conferring a title on the widow of the late William F. Gladstone.

CRIME.

Clarksville, Mo.—City Marshal Walter Melan was murdered by negro excursionists, and the crime was avenged by the lynching of Curtis Young and Sam Young, two of the negroes, by a crowd of citizens.

Los Angeles, Cal.—The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of suicide in the case of C. M. Charnley, Jr., who shot himself here.

Memphis, Tenn.—William Jackson, planter of DeSoto county, Mississippi, was shot and killed by "Buck" Nuse, a discharged farm hand.

Waupun, Wis.—The sentence of Harry B. McMaster, the Eau Claire banker, will terminate Feb. 18, 1899, by a commutation received from Washington.

Omaha, Neb.—The jewelry store of J. L. Coombs & Co. was robbed of several thousand dollars' worth of its contents.

Jacksonville, Ill.—George Rentcheler of Concord township killed himself with a shotgun.

Brazil, Ind.—James Heck, aged 25, stabbed and fatally wounded George Thomas, aged 40, at Lena.

Seattle, Wash.—John P. Forde, a middle-aged man of Jamaica Plains, Mass., was found dead in his bed at a hotel. It is thought he committed suicide. Forde claimed to be a correspondent of a Boston paper.

Sandusky, O.—Thieves broke into the residence of Mrs. Moses Lebensburger in this city during the absence of the family and stole jewelry valued at over \$500.

Texarkana, Ark.—The negro, Bill Davis, alias Levi Hayden, recently apprehended for assaulting Jessie Scott, has been lynched. Hayden admitted his guilt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

London.—The race for the Hassocks plate, value 200 sovereigns, five furlongs, was won by Richard Croker's 2-year-old bay filly, Wantage Belle.

Topeka, Kan.—A summary of reports received by the state board of agriculture indicates a winter wheat prospect far ahead of any similar period in the history of Kansas.

Washington.—J. M. Guffey has been made the representative of the state of Pennsylvania on the national democratic committee to succeed William F. Harrity.

Boscobel, Wis.—Ed Curtis and James Welch were poisoned by eating hemlock, and died in a few minutes.

San Francisco, Cal.—Miss Katherine McKenna, sister of Associate Justice McKenna, of the United States supreme court, is dead. She was 57 years of age.

Kankakee, Ill.—Jesse Shreffler, wife and four children, of Bradley, were poisoned by eating strawberries which had been packed when damp. Shreffler may die.

New York.—Articles have been signed by Tom Sharkey and Gus Ruhlin to fight twenty-five rounds before the Greater New York Athletic Club at Coney Island June 22.

Davenport, Ia.—Adolph G. Weis, secretary of the Northwestern Saengerbund, one of the most widely known members of the German singing societies of the country, is dead.

New York.—George Dixon, the hardy colored boxer, gained a well-earned decision over Santry of Chicago at the Lenox Athletic Club, in twenty rounds.

Bloomington, Ill.—Judge Myers, in the McLean circuit court, appointed Edward Barry of Bloomington receiver for the Interstate Building and Loan association of this city, fixing the bond at \$100,000.

New York.—Bob Fitzsimmons has promised to meet "Kid" McCoy in the ring in a battle for the championship of the world.

Boston, Mass.—Jonathan A. Lane, probably the best known of Boston merchants, died of heart disease. He was at the head of the Allen Lane company, wooler, goods, and was a conspicuous member of the National Board of Trade.

Boston, Mass.—Elijah A. Morse, the originator of the Rising Sun stove polish, died at Canton after a lingering illness. His age was 57.

Aurora, Ill.—The body of an unknown man, apparently 35 years old, was found in Fox river at Montgomery. The clothing was marked "G. B."

Louisville, Ky.—John D. Taggart, president of the Fidelity Trust company, the largest trust company in the South, died after a long illness, aged 76 years.

San Francisco, Cal.—A great body of almost pure ore has been discovered in Alaska. The copper is located between the White and Copper rivers.

Guthrie.—Experts place the wheat yield of the territory of Oklahoma at 40,000,000 bushels—double that of last year. Oats, corn, kafir corn and cotton crops look promising.

Muncie, Ind.—The annual meeting of the Central Indiana association of the Universalist church closed a three days' session. Dr. S. O. Budd, Muncie, was chosen president.

Providence, R. I.—Benjamin Brayton Knight, the cotton manufacturer, is dead. He was the active head of the L. B. & R. Knight Company.

Springfield, Ill.—Six local camps of Modern Woodmen of America decorated the graves of deceased members of the order in Oak Ridge cemetery. Addresses were delivered by Head Consul W. A. Northcott and others.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Ten thousand people attended the funeral of Socialist Leader Paul Grottkau. The body was cremated and the ashes sent to Mrs. Grottkau at San Francisco.

Cleveland, O.—Sergt. J. D. Sullivan of the New York police force died on a Big Four train near Marion, O.

Washington.—Frederick . . . am, first secretary of the British embassy, accompanied by Mrs. Adam, has sailed for London, where he will be absent for two months on leave.

Moline, Ill.—Superintendent of Schools H. M. Slauson has resigned to go to Ann Arbor, Mich., to take a similar position. His successor is Prof. W. J. Cox.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle, all grades	.....	\$2.25	@ 5.35
Hogs, common to prime	.....	3.05	@ 4.25
Sheep and lambs	.....	3.00	@ 5.85
Corn, No. 2	.....	31 1/2	@ .32
Wheat, No. 3 spring	.....	1.00	@ 1.10
Oats, No. 3 white	.....		.27 1/2
Eggs	.....		.10 1/2
Butter	.....	.03	@ .15 1/2
Rye, No. 2	.....		.47

TOLEDO.

Wheat, No. 2 cash	.....	1.08
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.....	34 1/2
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.....	.26
Rye, No. 2 cash	.....	.45
Cloverseed, prime cash	.....	3.25

NEW YORK.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.....	1.10
Corn, No. 2	.....	33
Oats, No. 2	.....	30

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle, all grades	.....	2.50	@ 5.50
Hogs, all grades	.....	3.60	@ 4.70
Sheep and lambs	.....	3.00	@ 5.50

NEWS OF ILLINOIS.

MINOR HAPPENINGS THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Naval Reserves of Alton Are Happy—Decatur Patriots Are Disappointed—Chicago Tammany Society to Scold Carter Harrison for Being Untrue.

Naval Reserves Are Happy.

Alton, Ill.—The Alton naval reserves have been ordered to Chicago, where they will be joined by the Quincy naval reserves. Together they will go to the Norfolk navy yard, where they will be assigned to the auxiliary cruiser Newark. It is understood that the cruiser will then proceed to sea and be attached to the fleet before Havana, probably for scouting duty and carrying dispatches. The Alton reserves are enthusiastic, and today have been rushing the preparations for departure tomorrow morning. It was the intention of the reserves to leave tonight, but it was found impossible to get away. The United States officers, who have been here examining the boys, report that it is one of the finest bodies of men that they have ever seen, and complimented Lieutenant Crossman, commanding the reserves, very highly on their showing. The Alton reserves are made up of former members of the Illio Yacht club, at one time one of the best-known yacht clubs in the state. Sons of the wealthiest families in the city are numbered among the members of the reserves. Several of the members of the Alton reserves, wearied of waiting to be ordered out, left the city several weeks ago and enlisted in the regular army. They are now at Tampa. Their places were filled today, when it became known that the reserves must go to the front.

Sachems on the Warpath.

The slogan of the Chicago Tammany society of W. B. Hennessey at the coming primaries is to be "Down with the Administration." A council of war, attended by the sachems of the various wards, was held last week at the Tremont house, and a plan of action decided upon. One part of the plan will be to effect the organization of wigwams in the five wards which were captured bodily by the Tooten faction when the split occurred last winter. When this is done Hennessey will have his followers organized in nineteen wards, and considerable support is looked for in at least seven or eight of the wards having no wigwams, but in which are strong independent Democratic clubs. The legal proceedings in connection with the right to use the name of Tammany will probably be brought to a focus during the next few days.

Women Talk of Patriotism.

Peoria, Ill.—The culminating event of the club year in the Peoria Women's club is the annual breakfast, closing the formal work of the season. The most successful one of the series was held at noon today at the club house, with over 150 in attendance. The affair was a formal one, the costumes elaborate, and the decorations beautiful and patriotism furnished the theme in many of the toasts. Mrs. Clara Parsons Bourland, president of the club, presided. The list of toasts follows: "Our Club," Mrs. Hitchcock; "The Board of Directors," Miss White; "The New Member," Mrs. Keene; "The Absent Member," Mrs. Ebey; "The Men," Mrs. Couch; "The Old Woman," Mrs. Curran; "Our Country," Mrs. Hawley Smith; "The Press," Mrs. Marsters; "The Coming Century," Mrs. Edwards.

Decatur Men Disappointed.

Decatur, Ill.—Under the second call for volunteers the full companies have been formed, part of them colored men. It was announced today that none of the men would become a part of Colonel Wilson's regiment, and there is general disappointment and considerable disgust. Major Durfee, who was largely instrumental in getting the two white companies together, does not know what to do. Seventy-five of his men put down their names today to become a part of the Decatur company, now at Chickamauga, and they will go to Springfield as soon as they can get transportation. W. H. Tinscher will continue to recruit his company of picked men and be ready for the next call. Men have quit their jobs to go to the war, and now they are penniless.

Street Railway Men to Meet.

Springfield, Ill.—Colonel C. K. Minary, secretary of the Illinois Street Railway association, is sending out notices of a meeting to be held at the Great Northern hotel, Chicago. The following papers are to be read and discussed: "Rights of Street Railways Under Constitution," C. L. Bonney, Chicago; "Operation of Street Railways in Small Cities," E. X. Lesseure, Danville; "System of Collecting Fares and Checking of Employees," W. L. Ferguson, Decatur, and "Relations of Street Railways and Municipal Corporations," D. B. Sherwood, Elgin.

TWO COSTLY TRAINS.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Road Now Beats the World.

The two splendid new trains, happily named "The Pioneer Limited," which have been constructed for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company, are ready for service between Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis. A "private view" proves the assertion that they are the most magnificent product of the car-builder's art ever yet exhibited. These duplicate trains consist of the usual mail, express, and baggage cars (the latter furnished with bicycle racks, and carrying a Westinghouse engine and dynamo to furnish power for the electric lighting of the entire train), buffet smoking and library cars, standard sleepers, compartment sleepers, dining cars, parlor cars, day coaches, and reclining chair cars. Entrance to each car is by way of massive "flush" vestibules, finished in San Domingo mahogany, the elegance of which is but a hint of the superb display within. The buffet smoking cars are composed of a main apartment, a card room, and buffet. They are finished in St. Jago mahogany, carefully selected for its color and beauty, richly carved and inlaid with the most delicate and elaborate marquetry work. The style used in the ornamentation throughout the trains is the Empire, with a suggestion of the classic Greek, a combination peculiarly adapted to producing rich effects. The standard sleepers are massive structures constructed on a model to emphasize a lofty ideal, and displaying in detail the architectural perfection prevalent throughout the train. They contain sixteen sections, commodious smoking rooms and toilet rooms at either end. The compartment cars consist of seven double compartments and two drawing rooms, divided in the center by a corridor. The compartments, in suites of two or more rooms are finished in different woods—paddock, St. Jago mahogany, and Circassian walnut, and the colors of the draperies used in connection with the different woods are in perfect artistic harmony. The day coaches have some new features, contributing alike to comfort and elegance. They are finished in Mexican mahogany, handsomely decorated with carving and marquetry; the ceilings done in green, with effective geometrical designs. The main room of the dining car is a handsome apartment, finished in mahogany, richly carved, and decorated with marquetry. The exterior of these trains is unusually beautiful, all the cars being painted a deep rich yellow in different shades, and finished in gold. The panel decorations and stripings are noticeably elegant, including the Empire designs adapted to conventional figures. The actual cost of "The Pioneer Limited Trains" (two) is said to be \$250,000.

The Omaha Exposition of 1898 Beats the Centennial Exposition which occurred in Philadelphia in 1876 away out of sight and is next to the World's Fair at Chicago in importance to the whole country. All of the States in the Trans-Mississippi region are interested, and our Eastern friends will enjoy a visit to Omaha during the continuance of the Exposition, from June to October, inclusive. Buy your excursion tickets over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. An illustrated folder descriptive of the Exposition will be sent you on receipt of 2-cent stamp for postage. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

The Chicago Great Western Railway is ballasting its roadbed between Marshalltown and Des Moines at the rate of a mile per day. The same is being done between Des Moines and St. Joseph, Mo. The gravel used is taken from a pit near Berwick, Iowa. All the dirt between the ties is removed and carried to one side of the right of way. The gravel train then goes over this twice, putting on two coats, as it is called, of gravel. By the aid of jacks the track is now raised about five inches. Two more coats of gravel are spread over it by the gravel train. The raising and leveling of the track to the required height and putting on of the "smoothing" coat of gravel completes the job. The gravel cars of the Great Western are a great improvement over the old style yet in use on many roads. They were ordinary flat cars built low. The train would be run in where the gravel was wanted and the engine uncoupled and attached by means of a cable to a huge scraper on the cars which threw the gravel to either side of the track, and the gravel would then be put in place by hand. The Great Western uses patent gravel cars with a V-shaped hopper which can be opened at the bottom and the gravel dumped in the center of the track. A V-shaped scraper or plow fastened under a flat car and regulated by means of large screws, much as is the ordinary road scraper, follows and distributes the gravel evenly.

There has just been erected in the Mount Clare shops of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Baltimore a new high pressure steam boiler for the purpose of testing locomotive boilers under steam pressure. Heretofore a locomotive had to be hauled to the outside of the shop, fire built in the firebox and steam gotten up in order to make a test, this method consuming much valuable time. Under the new arrangement all this is done while the engine is standing in the shop, a system of steam pipes having been arranged so that the engines on any track in the erecting shop can be tested without being removed.

HISTORY OF THE WAR.

Important Events Reviewed and Condensed Into
Reliable Form for Our Readers.

Tuesday, May 31.

Spaniards are strengthening the fortifications on the Manila shores.—An expedition of 432 men under command of General Lacret was landed twenty-five miles east of Havana. They carried a large amount of arms and ammunition for the insurgents.—Lieutenant Almond, who died at Camp Thomas, was interred at Rockford, Ill., with military honors.—All preparatory work for the war has been finished at Washington and nothing remains but to put the campaign plans into execution.—News from General Calixto Garcia is that he has an army of 30,000 men who are well armed.—Fears are expressed for the safety of Vice President Capote, of the Cuban Republic. He was in a ship that was wrecked off Cape Maysi and may have perished or been captured by Spaniards.—A fierce fight was reported at Santiago, Schley's squadron forcing the harbor and then attacking the armada. Dispatches via Havana indicate an American victory. Should the report be verified the authorities at Washington are likely to send the first body of American military invaders to Porto Rico.—Spain's chamber of deputies passed the bill prohibiting the exportation of silver coin, but it is feared the measure will fail of its purpose, as the rush on the Bank of Spain to change the notes is continued.—Gov. Fingree of Michigan will furnish the entire 32d regiment of that state, now at Tampa, with shoes.—Seventh Illinois regiment arrives at Camp Alger in fine condition, having made the trip from Springfield, Ill., without a mishap or a breach of discipline. It was announced that Mrs. L. Z. Leiter of Chicago, had purchased the Crawford Springs Hotel at Chickamauga and will present it to the government to be used as a military hospital.—Governor Stephens, of Missouri, yesterday tendered to W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, the colonelcy of a regiment.—Forty-seven men of the Hospital Corps left Fort Sheridan for Chickamauga, expecting to be ordered to Tampa.—The steamer Florida, arrived at Key West yesterday after having delivered 310 men, 33,000 rifles, and a large quantity of ammunition to the Cuban insurgents.

News of the first engagement between Commodore Schley and the Spanish fleet commanded by Admiral Cervera received at Washington. Sunday night two torpedo boat destroyers slipped quietly out of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba bent on mischief. They crept along in the shadow of old Castle Morro and the mountain for two miles to the westward before they were discovered by the lookout on the Texas, where the men were sleeping by the guns so that the battleship could be quickly manned. An instant after the lookout gave the alarm the white stream of the Texas' searchlight flashed along the shadow under the mountain, revealing the desperate game of the imprisoned Spaniards. The torpedo boat destroyers, when they saw that they had been discovered, dashed toward the Texas, which, with the cruiser Brooklyn close beside it, was lying in shore. The Texas promptly opened fire with her port forward batteries and her crack six pounders, and the hiss of the armor-piercing shells thrown in the direction of the advancing torpedo boat destroyers startled the whole fleet. The Brooklyn also came into action, firing several rounds at the Spanish craft, but the bulk of the shooting was done by the Texas. The entire fleet went to general quarters, and soon their searchlights were playing around the narrow entrance of the harbor in the expectation that Admiral Cervera's whole fleet would emerge from its haven and fight it out. The torpedo boat destroyers made a plucky dash through the rain of shell from the battleship and the cruiser, but, foiled in their attempt to surprise the watchful Schley, turned and ran back into the harbor, under the shelter of the fort. No attempt at pursuit was made.

A Madrid correspondent, telegraphing Sunday by way of Bayonne, says: "The reserve squadron now undergoing speed trials and gun trials outside Cadiz is composed of the battleship Pelayo, with 621 men; the armored cruiser Emperor Carlos V., with 471 men; the cruiser Alfonso XII., with 361 men; the auxiliary cruisers Patriota and Rapido, each with 175 men, and four torpedo boat destroyers, each with 120 men. When these vessels

are ready to start Admiral Camara hopes to take with them seven trans-Atlantic steamers, now preparing at Cadiz. They are armed with Krupp and quick-firing guns and carry 250 men each. They will serve at the same time as carriers of coal and war stores for the squadron, which will also carry a strong force of marines and provisions for six months."

Wednesday, June 1.

There is a run on the Bank of Spain, at Madrid, to have its notes changed into silver, the people fearing the notes will soon be subject to discount. It is dreaded a resort will be had to an issue of forced currency. The government has asked the Bank of Spain to procure a loan of \$200,000,000.—Doubt no longer exists of a battle at Santiago de Cuba. The official reports sent to Madrid say the American squadron was repulsed, and that one of its auxiliary cruisers was damaged.—Officials at Washington believe Commodore Schley has ruined the forts at the entrance to Santiago Bay, and that thereby he has made more easy the capture or destruction of Cervera's fleet.—Senor Castellar, the noted Spanish republican, is to be prosecuted for publishing an article attacking the queen regent, comparing her conduct to that of Marie Antoinette during the French revolution.—Secretary Alger in a letter to Speaker Reed gives practical confirmation of the assertion that troops will be sent to Santiago de Cuba to aid Commodore Schley in his operations against the Spanish armada. It is further stated that 20,000 soldiers will leave for Cuba at once and 50,000 more will follow as soon as possible.—Rear Admiral Sampson is at Santiago and has assumed command of the combined squad-

sonville that a number of men of the Second Illinois regiment had been poisoned, none fatally, by eating tainted meat.—Information from Madrid yesterday was to the effect that Castillo, the Spanish ambassador to France, has been instructed to use all efforts to bring about intervention by the powers.

A Kingston, Jamaica, dispatch says: Commodore Schley has struck the first hard blow in the Atlantic. The outer fortifications of Santiago de Cuba are practically in ruins, the once formidable Morro fort being practically wrecked. Admiral Cervera's flagship, battered and charred, with some of its great plates broken and its machinery injured, is no longer the dangerous battle craft that crossed the Atlantic to lead the Spanish fleet against the American warships.—Rear Admiral Sampson arrived off Santiago de Cuba this afternoon, and, in accordance with instructions, he at once relieved Commodore Schley in command of the entire force of vessels operating against Santiago de Cuba and the Spanish fleet, assigning that officer to the command of a division comprising the ships formerly attached to the flying squadron. Fifteen warships are at Admiral Sampson's disposal to pit against the six men-of-war flying the Spanish flag. They include the first-class battle ships Iowa, the Oregon and Massachusetts, second-class battle ship Texas, armored cruisers New York and Brooklyn, protected cruisers New Orleans, Marblehead and Minneapolis, gunboat Nashville, torpedo boat destroyer Scorpion, dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, torpedo boat Porter, auxiliary cruisers Harvard and Yale and auxiliary gunboat Eagle.

Thursday, June 2.

General Fitzhugh Lee is likely to lead the army of invasion and occupation that will take Porto Rico. Events indicate that the army will form at Jacksonville, Fla., and embark on transports at that point.—Immediate annexation of Hawaii is indicated by the fact that the Philippines transports took on coal and supplies at Honolulu despite neutrality laws. The delay in the departure of the second expedition from San Francisco indicates that some of the troops will be left at Honolulu.—Congressman Cannon tells the house the cost of the war, should it con-



ENTRANCE TO HARBOR SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

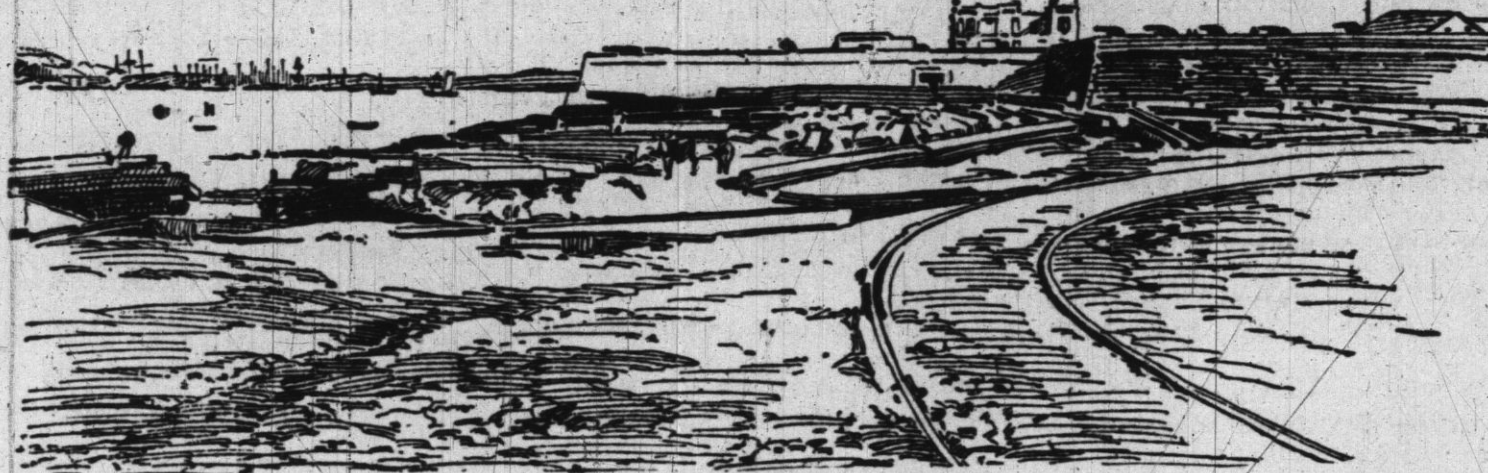
It was reported in Washington that 4,000 troops are on the way to take Santiago; that other forces will be immediately dispatched to the same point, and that General Fitzhugh Lee and 10,000 men will move against Puerto Rico.—Messrs. Whigham and Robinson, English newspaper correspondents and prisoners at Havana, were released yesterday upon request of the British consul.—A cablegram from Port au Prince, Hayti, says the insurgents under General Rabi attacked the City of Santiago Wednesday and a drawn battle resulted.—Two hundred and forty-three Spanish prisoners of war were formally paroled at Key West. They will be sent back to Spain on the two prize steamers recently released by the courts.—General _____ made public an appeal to troops to be zealous in discipline and in obedience and to do all in their power to maintain the honor and efficiency of the army.—Several bodies of regulars, rendezvoused at Mobile, boarded transports to sail, presumably, for Puerto Rico.—The Colorado and Pennsylvania troops at Camp Merritt received orders to be ready to sail on Tuesday for the Philippines.—New Jersey and Virginia regiments arrived at Jacksonville, Fla.—The senate amended the war revenue bill by providing for the coinage of \$4,000,000 of silver a month.—A Spanish torpedo sunk the collier Merrimac at the mouth of Santiago Bay. Eight men were made

this time. They say autumn is the season of the year in which to send unacclimated men to the islands.—Complete instructions for the preservation of the health of the American soldiers who will invade Cuba have been prepared by the surgeon of the Fifth army corps.—The Spanish spies are to be expelled from Canada by the authorities of that country, now that positive proof is at hand to make a case against them.—Madrid has received a dispatch from Havana that a Spanish gunboat and a steamer with 800 head of cattle have arrived there.—Fifty-four invalided men from the war ships operating in the blockade of Cuba, some suffering from wounds and others from disease, were conveyed to New York by the ambulance ship Solace and sent to the marine hospital.—Constructor Hobson's bravery has put Admiral Sampson in a position where he can await the arrival of the invading army. Troops are concentrating at Tampa as fast as they can reach that city. It is estimated that nearly 25,000 volunteers and regulars will be poured into Cuba to take Santiago from the rear, while Sampson attends to the armada.—The government has taken possession of the Chickamauga Park Hotel as a hospital for the troops at Camp Thomas.—Capt. Charles Vernon Gridley, formerly commander of the cruiser Olympia, Admiral Dewey's flagship, died at sea near Kobe, Japan, as a direct result of a wound received at the battle of Manila.—It was reported from Cape Haytien that 5,000 American troops have landed near Santiago.—The Eleventh infantry left Mobile for Port Tampa.—Six hundred recruits from Boston passed through Mobile en route to San Francisco.—A portion of Gen. Merritt's army for the Philippines was assigned to transports at San Francisco.—The Fifty-first Iowa regiment left for San Francisco and the Philippines.—Carranza, whose expulsion from Canada as a Spanish spy is threatened, flatly denied that he had expressed the sentiments contained in his incriminating letter, declaring that the missive had been tampered with.—The transport Resolute, conveyed by the United States torpedo destroyer Mayflower, arrived at Mole St. Nicholas Saturday with the van of the invading army, destined for Santiago.—A battle was reported from Mole St. Nicholas between four American and three Spanish ships. The fight is said to have occurred on Saturday off the coast of Hayti, and it is reported that the Americans retired.—A Spanish fleet was reported in the vicinity of St. Pierre, Martinique.—It was stated in a dispatch from Kingston that a Spanish torpedo boat had been sunk in the Santiago harbor.—The United States transport ship Resolute is said to be on the way to Santiago with soldiers and ammunition for the fleet.—Lieut. Hobson and seven men who took the big collier Merrimac into the channel leading into Santiago bay and there sunk it, thereby completely imprisoning the Spanish squadron under Admiral Cervera, have been promised their liberty in exchange for Spaniards.

Monday, June 6.

Admiral Dewey reports that fifty Spanish officers and 1,800 Spanish soldiers have been captured by the Philippine insurgents in several victorious battles near Cavite.—Admiral Dewey's plans are reported to be working admirably in Manila. He has placed upon the insurgents the burden of conducting military operations against the Spaniards.—The double turreted monitor Monadnock is to sail for Manila within ten days to re-enforce Admiral Dewey's squadron.—Reports come from Mole St. Nicholas that 5,000 troops have been landed near Santiago de Cuba, notwithstanding evidence in Washington that the invading army has not yet left Florida.—It is the belief in Washington that a combined military and naval attack will be made upon Santiago before the week is out.—President McKinley is reported to be impatient at the inactivity of the army, and to have begun an inquiry to place the responsibility. He desires action at Santiago that will compel Spain to sue for peace.—Major George H. Hopkins of Detroit has been sent to Tampa to straighten out the tangle that prevents the speedy embarkation of troops.—The fact that it is the intention of the government to pay the troops before they leave for Cuba, and that the Mobile contingent at Tampa has not yet been paid, indicates that no soldiers have yet started for Santiago.—Senor Du Bosc and Lieutenant Carranza, the Spanish representatives in Montreal, were arrested and later released on bail in a civil suit for \$25,000 damages brought by Detective Kellert, whose arrest they caused on a charge of having stolen a letter written by Carranza.—Colonel Culver and Colonel Bennett, now in camp at Chickamauga, have called for 600 volunteers from Illinois in order to make their regiments the same size as the regiments made up of regulars.—The Cadiz reserve squadron, which was supposed to be on its way across the Atlantic, was said to be held in the Spanish harbor. Admiral Camara has advised the Madrid government that it would be folly to send so small and weak a fleet to American waters.—The bombardment of the Santiago de Cuba forts was resumed, presumably to cover the landing of American troops.—The men of the Philippine expedition were paid, receiving pay for the month of June in advance.—Forty-six transports, carrying 26,000 troops, are on the way to Santiago de Cuba.—The last of the expedition are said to have started from Tampa and Mobile. The transports are to return at once and carry other troops to Puerto Rico.—Word has been received at Hongkong that a Spanish fleet and 10,000 troops are on the way to the Philippines.—Americans believe the New York and the New Orleans sunk a Spanish torpedo-boat destroyer—the Pluton or the Furor—last Friday night, as the supposed vessel disappeared during the bombardment.—Naval officials at Washington have decided upon promoting Constructor Hobson for his brave work at Santiago.

Vienna has a bicycling female monkey at the zoological gardens in the Prater. It is a trick rider and has learned everything by watching men.



FORT DE LA PUNTA, OPPOSITE MORRO CASTLE.

rons, numbering fifteen war vessels. Schley has been given command of a division.—American warships are reported again in line before the harbor of Santiago de Cuba, while insurgents are gathering on the hills and the Spanish naval and military forces seem preparing for action.—Fortifications at Portland Head, Me., fire upon a strange vessel and compel her to come to anchor. She was a Nova Scotia vessel.—Vice-President Capote of the Cuban republic and other passengers on the wrecked steamer Belvidere reach Philadelphia on the Norwegian steamer Kong Forde.—First Illinois cavalry arrives at Chickamauga and encamps on Lytle hill.—Illinois naval reserves reach Key West and go at once on board the Lancaster to await assignments.—The auxiliary cruiser St. Paul, Captain Sigbee, captured the Spanish troopship Alfonso XIII., with soldiers and coal. It is the most valuable prize taken since the war began.—The news of the attack on Santiago by the American fleet was confirmed. The fight lasted ninety minutes and resulted in serious damage to the Spanish forts and some loss of life. There is an unconfirmed report that a Spanish ship was sunk.—At Key West the cargo of coal of the British steamer Restormel, captured off Santiago, was condemned.—It was reported at Madrid that the Cristobal Colon was the only Spanish warship in Santiago Bay.—Four regiments of infantry left Chickamauga for Tampa.—Insubordination by a Maine negro private led to a threatening demonstration at Camp Thomas, the Kentucky men being prevented from lynching the offender.—It was announced at Jack-

sonville that a number of men of the Second Illinois regiment had been poisoned, none fatally, by eating tainted meat.—Information from Madrid yesterday was to the effect that Castillo, the Spanish ambassador to France, has been instructed to use all efforts to bring about intervention by the powers.

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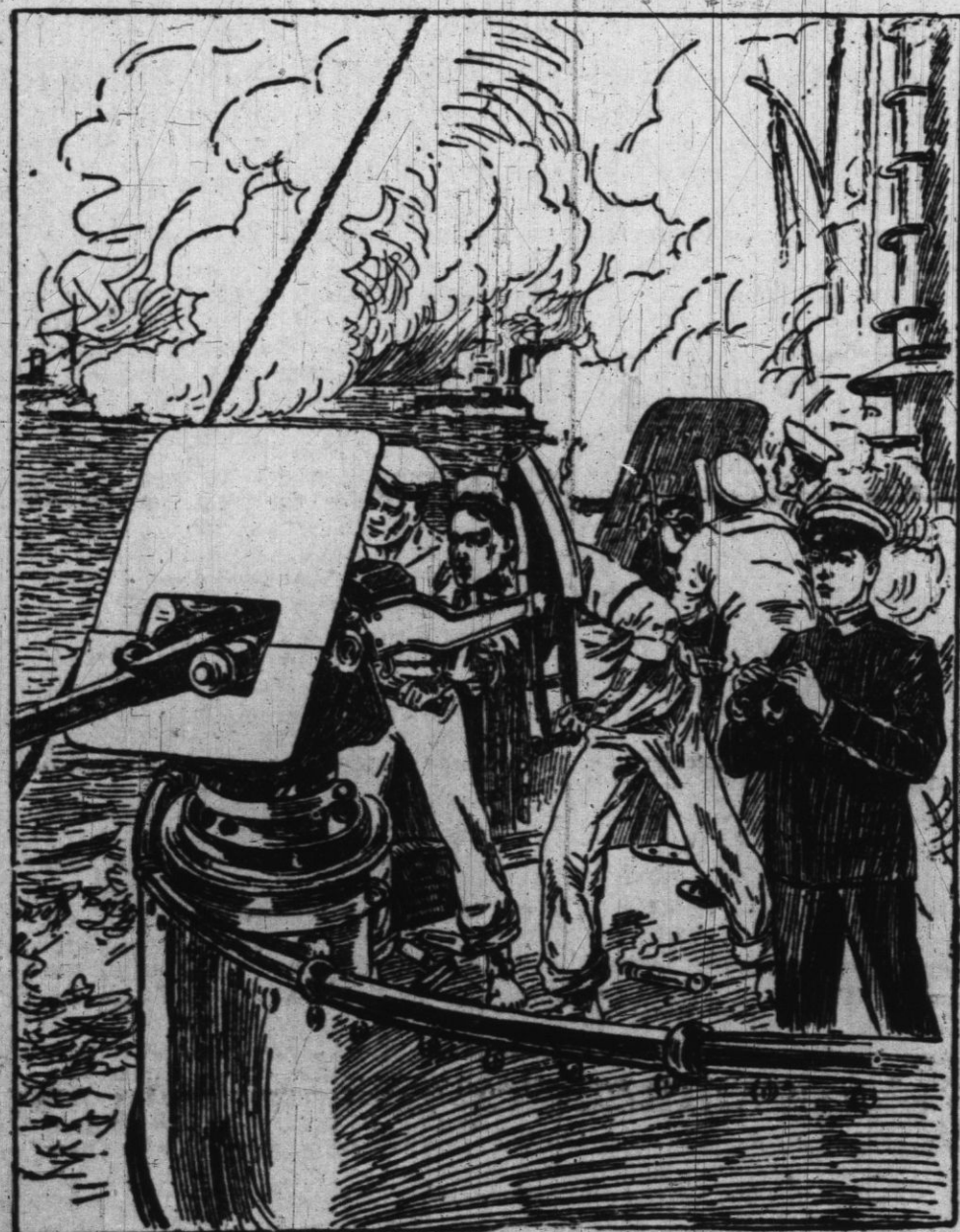
General Fitzhugh Lee is likely to lead the army of invasion and occupation that will take Porto Rico. Events indicate that the army will form at Jacksonville, Fla., and embark on transports at that point.—Immediate annexation of Hawaii is indicated by the fact that the Philippines transports took on coal and supplies at Honolulu despite neutrality laws. The delay in the departure of the second expedition from San Francisco indicates that some of the troops will be left at Honolulu.—Congressman Cannon tells the house the cost of the war, should it continue one year, will be \$600,000,000, making the statement before the passage of the urgent deficiency bill, which carries \$17,845,000 for the army and navy.—Admiral Cervera is on board the Cristobal Colon, at Santiago, says Spain's minister of marine, thus denying sensational stories to the contrary, and further denial that the armada is not there is given by the British ship Indefatigable, which on Tuesday sighted seventeen Spanish ships in Santiago harbor.—Financial crisis at Madrid is declared to be more serious than heretofore reported, and the suspension of payment by the Bank of Spain is regarded by close observers as highly probable.—Roosevelt's "Terrors" reach Camp De Soto at Tampa, Fla.—Congress takes action to remedy the conditions of the soldiers at Camp Alger.—Forty-five officers of Spain's naval reserve held at Key West as prisoners of war have been released on parole.—The British steamer Restormel, seized while trying to run the blockade at Santiago with a cargo of coal, has been ordered released by a decision of the prize court, but her cargo, being contraband of war, is confiscated.—Battleship Oregon joins Admiral Sampson's fleet in Cuban waters.

The war department chartered five more steamers for transporting troops to Cuba.—Governor Shaw of Iowa issued a proclamation asking for enlistments under the second call for volunteers.—The war department decided to make Chickamauga Park the rendezvous for the 75,000 troops asked for by President McKinley's second call.—The first Illinois broke camp at Chickamauga, marching nine miles to Ringgold, Ga., en route to Tampa.—It was announced that the second expedition to Manila, composed of 8,000 men, will sail from San Francisco on June 10.—General Coppinger left Mobile for Tampa to prepare for the reception of troops from Mobile at the Florida camp.—In New York a flag 120 feet in length, the largest ever made, was on exhibition. It is intended to raise it over the walls of Morro Castle when Havana is taken.—It was reported that large quantities of arms and ammunition are being sent across the Pyrenees from France to Spain.—A regiment of South Dakota volunteers arrived at San Francisco to join the Manila expedition.—The Fifty-first Iowa regiment was ordered to report at once to General Merritt at San Francisco.—In Madrid it was flatly denied that the troopship Alfonso XIII. had been captured by the Americans.—Washington officials stated that in accordance with orders and the plans of the squadron a decisive battle was probably being fought at Santiago. The insurgents were said to be co-operating with the naval forces.—The cruiser Cincinnati put into Hampton Roads to repair damages incurred during the shelling of Matanzas last month.

The President sent these nominations to the senate: For advancement for meritorious conduct in battle: Captain Frank Wildes, to be advanced five numbers; Captain Joseph B. Coghlan, to be advanced six numbers; Captain Charles V. Gridley, to be advanced six numbers; Captain Nehemiah M. Dyer, to be advanced seven numbers; Captain Benjamin P. Lamberton, to be advanced seven numbers; Commodore Asa Walker, to be advanced nine numbers; Commodore Edward F. Wood, to be advanced ten numbers. All of the officers in the list referred to in the foregoing took part in the battle of Manila Bay on May 1 and are all members of Admiral Dewey's staff.

Friday, June 3.

Dispatches from Cape Haytien say the American fleet renewed the bombardment of Santiago Friday morning at 3 o'clock and that one ship believed to be the Merrimac, was sunk in the channel while trying to force an entrance to the harbor.—A dispatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says the Cadiz fleet is reported to be nearing West Indian waters.—The monitor Monterey started from Mare Island for San Francisco en route to Manila.—



FIGHTING TOP-GUN IN ACTION.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

J. E. Heise and son, visited Palatine Sunday.

Charles Beinhoff was a Chicago visitor Saturday.

James McGraw is painting his house in Cuba.

Mr. and Mrs. William Grunau spent Sunday in Elgin.

H. K. Brockway was a Chicago caller Thursday.

Miss Delia Gleason was a Chicago visitor Wednesday.

The railroad work at Langenhelm is progressing rapidly.

John E. Catlow of Chicago, visited with friends here Sunday.

George Wagner on Thursday entertained Mr. Hassie of Wheaton.

William Hager and family were the guests of Palatine relatives Sunday.

F. A. Wolthausen is making large weekly shipments of eggs to Eyanston.

Mr. Berger of Arlington Heights was in Barrington on business Saturday.

Conrad Kraus, Langenhelm's popular merchant, was in Barrington Wednesday.

Miss Nora Houghtaling and Miss Rose Weise were Chicago visitors Thursday.

John Wesolowski of Algonquin visited with friends here Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. C. A. Wheeler, who has been visiting at Muskegon, returned home Monday.

Carl Ernst, accompanied by his sister, Miss Rose, visited in Chicago yesterday.

Mrs. E. Lamey is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Snyder, at Mayfair this week.

Mrs. N. W. Iversen of Webster City, Iowa, is making her mother, Mrs. Fletcher, a visit.

Mrs. Henry Pingle and sons, Roy and Herbert, are visiting at Des Plaines this week.

Wm. Peters and Fred Kirschner returned Wednesday morning with a carload of cows.

J. P. Lindstrom, the tailor, and J. G. Graybill of Barrington made a call at Cuba Wednesday.

Mrs. W. W. Kenyon of Wisconsin was a guest at the home of William Dawson this week.

Arrived at the home of Dr. and Mrs. D. H. Richardson, on Tuesday, a little daughter.

Mrs. Leroy Powers this week visited her nephew, Claude Lines, at Woodstock, who is very ill.

Ed Hachmeister after spending the week improving his property at Leigdon, returned home yesterday.

Mrs. Fred Kirschner and daughter, Estella, left Tuesday for Iowa, where they will spend a few weeks.

The B. S. A. C. is making arrangements to give a picnic at Lake Zurich some time during the month of July.

Game of base ball at Lake Zurich to-morrow afternoon. Libertyville vs. Lake County Unions. A good game is predicted.

Leroy Powers, who has been in Michigan the past month taking treatment at Mt. Clemens, is expected home today.

S. W. Kingsley of Barrington Center entertained his daughter, Mrs. Leroy Powers, and Miss Robie Brockway on Sunday.

MOLDERS—Good on light bench work. Good wages to right men. Chicago Hardware Foundry Co., North Chicago, Ill.

The commencement exercises of the Barrington High school will take place at the Salem church next Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Lloyd Robertson, who has been attending the Illinois University at Champaign, returned home Saturday to spend the summer vacation.

Mrs. Rhoda Lombard, sister of H. T. Abbott, died at her home yesterday morning. Funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at the house.

Mr. and Mrs. John O'Baggie and family and Mr. and Mrs. Sauerman of Roselle were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George M. Wagner Sunday.

Mrs. S. Domire went to Jacksonville, Ill., to attend the graduating exercises of the class of '98 of the Illinois Institute for the Blind which took place June 7th. Her son, Frank, was one of the graduates.

Prof. J. I. Sears and classes will give their ninth annual concert during the week commencing Monday, June 20th. Two concerts will be given at Palatine, three at Barrington, one at Cary and one at Nunda.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT!

Hans Westphal Loses His Life in Lake Zurich.

While out fishing on Lake Zurich, about 7:30 o'clock last evening the boat of Hans Westphal and Charles Wolf was capsized; and although about five or six row boats were on the lake at the time, the distance was too great for them to be of any great value. Charles Wolf was picked up by the gentlemen of the Golf club house, but Hans Westphal could not be found, although the water was not very deep, bottom being touched with a common, ordinary fish pole. At last accounts (11 o'clock), the body had not been recovered, although several parties from here were searching for it.

Children's Day will be observed at Zion's Evangelical church tomorrow evening, June 12th. A musical and literary program of unusual merit has been prepared for this occasion. All are cordially invited to attend this service.

The camp-meeting of the Salem church will commence next Friday evening, June 17th. It is the jubilee year. It is hoped that much good will be accomplished. The ministers to participate are too well and favorably known to our citizens to need any commendation from us.

The public is most cordially invited to attend the following services held at the Baptist church on Sunday, June 12th: Morning at 10:30, topic, "A Supreme Hindrance to Christianity." Evening sermon, topic, "Conditions of Success." The evening service will be valuable to the young especially. All are welcome.

The Barrington Social and Athletic club added two more members to their roster at their meeting Thursday evening. The membership of the club is not limited as yet, and anyone desiring to become a member should hand in their application at an early date. The membership fee is \$5; monthly dues \$1.

The Young People's Missionary Society of the Salem Church met Tuesday evening, and instead of the literary program, details for the young people's day of the coming camp meeting were discussed. A committee of three was appointed to secure badges for the occasion, as was also a reception committee of twelve, after which singing was indulged in.

The case of the Village of Barrington vs. J. Zimmermann, for selling Beer without first procuring a village license, which was to have been tried before Justice F. L. Waterman Saturday afternoon, was dismissed for want of prosecution. The first of the week a new suit was instituted by the village, which will come to trial next Tuesday.

Rev. T. E. Ream will preach the "Annual Sermon" before the graduating class of the "Barrington High school" to-morrow evening at the M. E. church. The topic of the sermon will be the motto of the class: "Non scholae sed vitae discimus." "Not for School But for Life We Learn." The text is from St. Math 11 ch. 29 v: "Learn of me." A cordial invitation is extended to all.

A petition is being circulated asking the Village Board not to allow the Electric Light Company to pump the water for the village. The main objection is said to come from those living in the vicinity of the new city hall who think the hum of the dynamo will be unbearable, disturbing their sleep, etc.

Barrington has some enterprising and humane little lads and lassies, as is shown by the following clipping from the Chicago Daily News of June 8th:

"Barrington, Ill., furnishes youthful contributors to the sick babies' fund in the persons of Maude Myers, Fern Hutchinson and Genevieve and Marie Dolan, who sold pop-corn and cracker-jack, thereby earning \$2. They intend to keep up the work of helping care for the Chicago babies."

The Village Board Puts in a Busy Week.

The Village Board met in regular session Monday evening and considered many subjects of interest to the tax payers of Barrington.

After the minutes of the previous meetings had been read by the clerk and on motion by Willmarth, seconded by Peck, had been approved, the bills were ordered read and judgement passed on them. Among the bills were several that were not read, but President Boehmer explained that they were for witness fees in the case of the Village vs. J. Zimmermann. He said that while some were entitled to their fees, others were not as they were in such a "nervous" state that they could not have testified if the case had come to trial. It was decided not to take any action on them. The following bills were then allowed, on motion of Trustee Robertson:

A. S. Henderson, night watch, \$35.
Barrington Review, publishing, \$15.28.
H. A. Sandman, marshal, and cash advanced for sundry purposes, \$36.90.
F. A. Willmarth, copy of Cook

County assessment roll, \$12.50.
Rudolph Staak, street labor, \$3.27.
James Sizer, street labor, \$7.20.
The next thing under consideration was the appropriation ordinance. President Boehmer said that he had talked with several members during the week, especially the finance committee, and the following was thought about the right estimate.

Streets, \$300.
Interest on bonds, \$450.
Street lighting, \$750.
Salary, \$1,000.
Fire hose, \$500.

Trustee Richardson discovered and convinced the Board that 2 per cent could be raised exclusive of the interest on bonds. Then came the information from Trustee Willmarth that the amount for salaries was insufficient, and Trustee Richardson said that the amount for streets was not enough. After a thorough discussion the appropriation was arranged as follows:

Salaries, \$1,600.
Streets, \$650.
Light, \$750.
Fire hose, \$500.
Interest on bonds, \$450.

The next matter to be considered was the question of whether the water works was to be run by meter, system or on the assessment plan. President Boehmer called on the old citizens present to tell where they stood on the question.

Mr. Castle favored the meter system. He thought it the most just and equitable of the two plans.

William Donlea said he was too young in the business to express an opinion.

W. T. Stott thought the meter system the most just way.

Dr. Kendall said he had given the matter a great deal of thought, and been around a great deal. He thought the assessment plan the best for the village, but said that the meter system (provided the meter was a correct one) was the most just to the citizens.

Charles Winter was of the same opinion as Dr. Kendall.

The whole trouble lay in the expense of purchasing meters. The village has no money to spare to buy them. Trustee Peck said that he started out with the idea that the meter was the most just, but owing to the stringency of the village's pocketbook he thought the village had better adopt the assessment plan.

Trustee Robertson thought the meter system the best.

Trustee Plagge thought the meter system the best, but as money was scarce the village had better adopt the assessment plan.

Trustee Richardson said that from the ten towns he had written to, nearly all were unanimously in favor of the meter system.

Trustee Willmarth was wondering how we were going to pay for the meters.

Mr. Castle asked how much water would cost; and he was informed that in Batavia the rates were as follows:

Private residences, \$4 per year; stores 22 front feet, \$4; livery and feed stable, \$11.50; private stable with one stall, \$1.50, each additional horse or cow, \$1.00; private baths \$2. Lawns, 6 cents per front foot, barber shop one chair, \$5, each additional chair, \$3.

A vote was then taken, Richardson and Robertson favoring the meter system; and Plagge, Willmarth and Peck voting for the assessment plan.

President Boehmer suggested that a committee be appointed to formulate rules to guide the Village Board in expediting business, and they will probably be appointed at the next meeting.

The Western Electric Company made a proposition to pump the water for the village for \$900 a year for 18,000,000 gallons (50,000 gallons a day,) and 7 cents for each additional 1000 gallons. They also made a proposition to pump the water (providing a meter system is adopted) for \$75 a month. The propositions demanded a contract for the term of the electric light franchise (13 years) to which President Boehmer objected.

Trustee Peck thought the people of Barrington would be better satisfied if the Board did its own pumping for a few months.

Applications for pumping, tapping, in fact to take care of the water works plant were received from William Hager and William Spriggs. The former wants \$45 per month, and the latter agrees to do it for \$30. No action was taken. A Mr. Smith also made application, but did not mention salary.

Contractor Patten asked for an estimate of \$10,000, on material and work done.

Mrs. Henry Kampert, Christ Hartz and John Landwer asked that the Board compel owners on the east side of Walnut street to build sidewalks, as they built new walks. No action was taken.

Trustee Richardson said the telephone poles of the Chicago Telephone Co. were not high enough. No action was taken.

The re-subdivision plat was also left over for the adjourned meeting. The treasurer's bond for \$5,000 was approved.

An adjournment was then taken to Friday evening.

Gone to Rest.

Martha Groff the daughter of Minnie, and the deceased John Groff, died at her home in Barrington on Monday, June 6th, at the age of 14 years and 4 months. The funeral was held in the Salem Evangelical church on Thursday, June 9th. Martha was a girl of sweet, gentle dis-

position, beloved by all who knew her. During her illness, which lasted several months, she was never heard to complain, always manifesting a patient spirit. She was a member of the Baptist S. S., and the Brownie Band to which she belonged will sadly miss her from their midst; but may they be reunited in that land to which she has gone and of which she loved to sing. "When the roll is called up yonder I'll be there"—where bands are never broken. The bereaved mother, sister and brother have the sympathy of all.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Col.,
Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets at exceptionally low rates to Denver and return (with stop-over privileges under certain liberal conditions at the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition, Omaha, Neb.,) will be sold June 16, 17 and 18, account of meeting of Federation of Women's Clubs, with favorable return limits. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

BARRINGTON'S HUSTLING MERCHANTS

What Lipofsky Bros.' Bargain Store is Offering the People of Barrington and Vicinity in Fine Dry Goods, Groceries, Summer Underwear, Men's and Boy's Clothing, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes, Etc.

Lawns worth 15 to 18 cents a yard, now marked down to 9 cents.
White Goods for ladies' shirt waists' something very handsome and easily worth from 9 to 10 cents, now 6 cents a yard.
Calicos worth 9 to 10 cents a yard reduced to 5 and 6 cents.
Ladies' Underwear in gauze and merino, at 8 cents and up. Who ever heard of such low prices before?
Men's Summer light-weight Underwear worth 50c, now sell for 25c.
Children's light-weight Summer Underwear from 4c up. It almost seems impossible, but we've got them at this price.
Boys like to wear sweaters. We are selling the 50 cent kind for 17 cents.
Men's Fancy Dress Shirts, the 50 cent value for 19c. We also have them a little higher priced, but they are the best when quality of goods is considered.
We are closing out our 40 and 50 cent men's flannel tennis shirts at 15 cents.
Gents', Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats have poured into our store at a tremendous rate the past week. We are selling them from 10 cents upwards.
We will give you the best bargains in men's and boy's clothing. Investigate. If you want good-wearing, stylish ladies', gents' or children's shoes don't forget that we have a large stock at prices that can't be duplicated.
In groceries we excel our competitors in the size of the stock carried, quality of goods and low prices. We are selling 25 cent coffee at 15c, molasses and syrup that other dealers charge you 40 and 50c a gallon for, goes at 25c.

Our Store Is Full of Bargains—Come and See Us.

LIPOFSKY BROS., - Howarth Building, - BARRINGTON

H. D. A. GREBE & BRO.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware

In this line we can fill your every want at prices that other dealers think ruinous. We have a large, complete stock. Come and see it.

Harness and Horse Clothing

You can find anything in this line in our store. There is nothing in the harness or horse clothing line that we can not furnish as cheap (and in most cases cheaper) as any dealer. We are also prepared to do all kinds of repairing on short notice.

Crescent Bicycles Are the Best.

If you want a good high-grade wheel at a small cost give us a call.

Hammocks for sale cheap. We have a big stock on hand.

DURING THE CAMP-MEETING

you want to make yourself as comfortable as possible, and to gain this you should call at my store and get one of those **Comfortable Chairs**.

Or one of those strong, durable and perfectly comfortable

8-Foot Wire Woven Hammocks, Guaranteed Not to Rust, for \$1.60.

Everything in my store is sold cheap. Yours for business,

E. M. BLOCKS, - - Barrington

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.

JOHN C. PLAGGE,

.....KEEPS THE.....

LARGEST STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES IN BARRINGTON.

HE IS ALSO THE LOWEST IN PRICE

HE ALSO DEALS IN

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Wall Paper, Etc.

Barrington

There's a Tenderness



About our meats that is appreciated by the cook.

It is not necessary to pound the steaks with a mallet to make them yield up their juiciness. Nor to use great care in broiling or roasting.

Our beef, lamb, veal, mutton and pork is so good in itself that the chances of spoiling them in bad cooking are small.

Every piece of meat we sell is cut from prime, well fed and carefully handled animals.

GEO. M. WAGNER, } Fresh Home-Made Sausages, Oysters and Vegetables in Season. Highest Price Paid for Hides and Tallow.