BARRINGTON REVIEW.

PALATINE LOCALS.

G. SMITH, LOCAL EDITOR

Lecture Friday night.

Bibles for Christmas at A. G. Smith's.

Mrs. Arps of Cary spent Sunday with her son, G. H. Arps.

Rev. F. B. Hardin has been away on business all week.

office.

in McHenry the guest of Miss Deborah Cooper.

Mrs. E. H. Hunt has returned from Terra Cotta, where she has been visiting her son. W. H. Young, proprietor of the

Woodstock steam laundry, was in town Saturday.

M. Muffat, Palatine. Mrs. James Wilson and Mrs. Arps

attended the funeral of Mrs. Vosberg at Des Plaines Wednesday.

afternoon. Election of officers. Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Cook of Libertyville were guests of R. H. Lytle and

family last Tuesday and Wednesday. Ray Fox is home again. He expects to go to work next week. By some mistake he has not yet been mustered out of service.

& Co. at their stockyards in Chicago, ceived, accepted and placed on file. He weighs the cattle before being placed in the coolers.

welcome.

Elmer Robertson will sell a car-load and 2 miles south of Lake Zurich next | H. Schrader, police service 10.00 Tuesday at 10 a. m.

A brother of Herman Tuppe of this place was badly used up in a fight at Schaumberg Saturday. His head was cut open and his nose badly dislocated. Dr. Muffat fixed him up.

prominent citizens will move to Chi- assured success. The next meeting cago soon. If the railroad company will be held at the home of Mrs. J. A. keeps up their accommodating service Burlingame, to which all are invited. there will be nothing left for our bus- The following program will be carried iness men in Chicago to do but move out;

H. C. Freise celebrated his fortythird birthday anniversary Thursday Solo Miss Tillie Schultz of last week at his home south of Palatine. He invited a few friends to spend the day with him and Charles Seip and Garret Horstman of this place were among the guests.

Walter E. Daniels lias resigned the secretaryship of the Palatine Athletic club and is now living in Chicago, where he expects to make his permanent home. He will be missed in Palatine, as he has held the position of president of the school board with order: entire satisfaction for two terms.

Rev. A. M. White of Austin gave his lecture on "Facts and Fancies of Prison Life" in the Methodist church last Friday night to a large audience.

Mr. White was chaplain at the state

Prayer.

Prayer

Praye penitentiary at Joliet for some time and his lecture was on incidents connected with his work at that time. The audience was interested throughout the address and much information was obtained as to the life led by the

A large audience listened to the graphaphone entertainment given by Miss Amabel Hardin last Monday night. The instrument used was a good one and nearly every production of the little machine was distinct and accurate. Rev. F. B. Hardin and Prof. W. L. Smyser spoke into the machine and their speeches were accurately reproduced, and a cornet solo by Miss Blanche Schirding was good. All present highly enjoyed the entertainment.

Mrs, Joiner visited friends in Arlington Heights Wednesday.

The telephone arrangement when completed will be fixed so that a fire breaking out in the north part of the village can be telephoned to the town hall and pumping station by breaking the glass front of the telephone box. The system will probably be extended to other districts far away from the business part of the town,

Fred Uetz, a saloon keeper at Wheeling, was showing a Yankee how the A light covered spring wagon for Germans drill in his saloon Saturday sale. Enquire at PALATINE REVIEW morning, and was calling off signals to one Fred Fpiffer, who handled a Mrs. G. H. Arps spent last Saturday gun given him by Uetz, who said it was not loaded. Uetz gave the order to fire and Fpiffer did so, filling Uetz's shoulder full of shot. The arm was amputated and Uetz died the same night.

W. S. Mize and Miss Nettie E. Lane were married at St. Mark's church in Chicago on Wednesday, November 30, at 5 o'clock. The bride was given WANTED .- A good team of road away by Earl M. Seitz. The bridal horses about 15 or 16 hands high. Dr. couple left for Los Angeles, California, the same evening and will be at home there after December 10. The wedding party was comprised of many of the relatives and friends of the bride and groom. Miss Lane is a grad-The Ladies' Aid society will meet uate of the Palatine High school of in the church parlors Wednesday the class of 1894.

Board Proceedings.

Board met in regular session December 5th with President Batterman in the chair and all members

Minutes of the meeting of November 7th were approved as read.

Treasurer's report for November, Walter Lytle is working for Swift showing a balance of \$1,546.98, was re-

The following bills were passed and

ordered pair: Rev. W. H. Smith of Nunda will C. N. Roberts, surveying 50.00 give a lecture on Friday night. Sub- H. W. Meyer, supplies 6.50 ject, "Up-To-Date." Every one turn J. Schrader, gravel...... 1.09 out and give our former pastor a warm | Payroll for labor 47.50 Lew G. Haase, pipe, etc..... 70.50 W. Schering, repairs..... 19:00 Batterman. Ablemann & Ost, supplies . 114.65

> Upon motion board adjourned. Literary Society a Success.

The Literary society met in the church parlors last Thursday evening and an interesting program was presented. Eight new members/signed We understand that another of our the constitution and the society is an

Song Semper Fidelis Society Quotations from Tolstoi at roll call. Reading from Tolstoi Rev. F. B. Hardin Egypt and the Nile....../Miss Anna M. Salzer Piano Solo...... Mrs. Nellie Smith Alexander in Egypt..........Mrs. Burlingame Pyramids and the Spynx.... Miss Lula Abbott Siglets in Alevander A. G. Smith Cornet solo Miss Blanche Schierding Humorous selection Mrs. Benson

Y. P. M. S. Program.

The program given by the Young Peoples' Missionary society at the Salem church last Tuesday evening was well rendered in the following

Reading. Miss Frye and Mrs. Stiefenhoefer Song by Society.

M. W. A. Elect Officers.

Barring Camp, No. 809, M. W. A., elected officers for the ensuing year at their regular meeting held last Tuesday evening as follows:

Venerable Consul, Prof. F. E. Smith. Worthy Advisor, D. F. Lamey. Excellent Banker, L. A. Powers. Clerk, Miles T. Lamey. Escort, Wm. B. Schales. Physician, Dr. C. H. Kendall. Watchman, E. F. Schaede.

Sentry, M. A. Bennett. Manager, John Robertson. Delegates, Miles T. Lamey and

Fred Kirschner. Alternates, Rev. T. E. Ream and M. C. McIntosh.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

GRAND DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY GOODS

HE BIG STORE this week received the largest consignment of Holiday Goods ever consigned to one single firm in this section of the state, and we sell them at prices ranging from 25 to 50 per cent lower than our competitors. Note some of our prices below. We extend a cordial invitation to the public to come and see our gorgeous display of Holiday Goods whether they buy or not.



Wagons, 25c to \$1.50.



Toilet Sets, 50c to \$4.98.



Manicure Sets, 75 to \$3.98.



Albums, \$75 to \$5.48.



Shoe Flies, 48, 69, 98c and \$1.20.



Trains, 10 to 98c.

Doll Carriages, 25c to \$2.85.



Kid Dolls, 25, 30, 50, 75, 98, \$1.25, \$1.48. Dressed Dolls, 10, 25, 30, 35, 50, 75, 98, \$1.19, \$1.35 to \$2.48.



Blackboards,

45 to 98c

Wheel Barrows, 10, 20, 25 to 69c





Drums, all sizes, 25 to 98c





See Our Large Line of Silverware.

HE BIG STORE Always in the Lead

A. W. Meyer & Co.,

MY POOR WIFE.

\$\$\$\$......

BY J. P. SMITH.

CHAPTER V.

I tried to follow at the same speed, but, after going a few yards, had to come to an ignominious halt, clinging. wilding to a clump of gorse. My hat went rolling steadily down to the shore, several hundred feet below, whilst my face and hands were scratched and bleeding, and my feet constantly slipping from under me. At last, jammed in between two bushes, I crouched cautiously forward to review my position. My sprightly guide had reached the sheep track, then, after looking hastily round for me, I saw her suddenly spring up the side of a block of granite, as bald as the palm of my hand, and disappear seawards over the summit.

"By Jove!" I exclaimed in utter astonishment. "Why, she's an antelope, a mountain cat, the old witch's granddaughter! I wish I had never come across either of them! I suppose I must get down somehow!"

Half kneeling, half sitting, I descended slowly, swinging myself from bush to bush, heedless of the stinging blows from furze and thistle, keeping my clumsy heels well off the treacherous soil, when suddenly, almost half-way down, from under a bed of bracken that covered her to the chin, Helen's face looked up at me full of eager, contrite concern, her strange dark eyes sweeping my disfigured, perspiring face with a look that thrilled me almost uncannily.

"I am so sorry," she panted; "oh, so sorry! I quite forgot you were a stranger and unaccustomed to the cliffs; they are dreadfully slippery this weather. I have to go after the sheep for Mike every day now-he can't hold on a bit, though he was born on the mountain. Ah, how you have hurt yourself, to be sure! Those dreadful furze bushes! Put your hand on my shoulder, I will guide you down the rest; we have only the ferns to work through now to the path. Here's your hat; it's not spoiled a bit-I picked it up on the beach before the water had time to reach it."

"It was after my hat you were scaling that cliff?"

"Yes, I had no time to go around by the path: the tide is on the turn and would have taken it off to America in two minutes more."

"You're not going away now, are you?" I asked eagerly, lifting my hand from her slender shoulder, "You'll see me beyond the first point, won't you?"

"Yes, yes-for sure, yes," she answered quickly: "I will go with you to the Goat's Back, if you like ay, and beyond it. Oh, Mr. Dennys, what a rude, wild, ill-mannered giri you must think me to fly off and leave you like that after you being so kind to come that long way-from London itselfjust to tell granny about poor Uncle Brian! Will you forgive me, please?"

I pressed the childish hand, saying smilingly-

"Yes, yes, I forgive you, Miss Helen."

"And you will let me wipe the blood from your poor face, won't you?" she pleaded, dipping a large cool leaf into a little crystal pool under a rockhandkerchief this child of nature had none, I suspected—and passing it over my hot and blood-stained face.

After this we marched on side by side and became fast friends. Long before we reached the ruined cabin, I knew the whole story of her lonely, neglected life. I knew that she had been born on the mountain-had lived there all the eighteen years of her uneventful life, never once having visited the post-town of Droomlague; that she had no father or mother, brothers nor sisters, but lived all alone with her grandmother and two servants, Mike Doolan and his wife Biddy; and finally, though the poor child made no complaint of her natural guardian or indeed seemed aware there was cause for any, yet I clearly saw that she was shamefully neglected by her, and no more concern paid to her bodily or her mental well-being than if she had been a goat browsing on the mountain-side, instead of a dead daughter's only child.

After helping for a couple of hours every morning in the dairy and farmward, she told me she was free to do what she pleased, wander whither she would the whole day long, make what chance acquaintance she liked, come in at any hour of the evening unquestioned, unrestrained-indeed, she had often spent the whole night lying on the cliff, when she found her ill-ventilated attic too hot and close to sleep in, and no one had been any the wiser: and even if they were, she argued-in answer to my dissenting look-Biddy myself and then aloud a rhymetic tale any farther.

****************************** wouldn't mind, and granny wouldn't care not she! And, besides, what harm was it? Sure nothing in the world made her feel so good and happy as lying there all alone in the great stillness, waiting for the first streak of dawn to wake up the sleeping sea, watching the white-winged sea-birds sailing in and out among the great dark rocks!

> "And now I must be going, Mr. Dennys," she said, when a cluster of thatched roofs lying close to the shore came within view." for there's Ballykillagan before you. How quickly we have walked, to be sure! I never thought I came so far. Good-by and thank you again and again for coming. I'm afraid you won't get the train from Droomleague tonight-it's too bad!"

"Tonight?" I repeated dreamily. "I-I am not going away tonight. I think I am going to stay in this neighborhood for a few days more."

"Yes? Why, what would keep you

"I don't know. What am I saying? Fishing-no, no, I mean sketching! You must know, Miss Helen, I'm a bit of an artist-a very little bit indeed, and from what I've seen of the coast today-"

"Oh, yes," she interrupted eagerly, "you're right! It's quite a familiar ground for marine artists. Two or three of them come every summer and put up at Murphy's farm at Ballykillagan, and you'll find it quite clean and comfortable. And fancy, Mr. Dennys, last year one of them put me in a picture just as I sat on a rock forninst him; only he painted my feet bare, my skirt red and my face quitequite pretty."

"You'll let me try my hand if I bring my easel this way tomorrow?' I asked quickly; to which she gave a pleased assent and promised to show me all the picturesque points within an' laive such as her in peace?" a radius of nine miles.

CHAPTER VI.

Helen sat at my feet and did the hon- in self-defense." ors of her native soil, her brown hands busy all the time mending old Daddy Griffin's tattered fish nets, bleaching for miles along the parched turf that covered the brow of the cliff.

"Well, yes, it is a bit of a job, sir," she admitted deprecatingly; "but, sure, if I did not do it for him, who would? His sons are away at sea, and Milly, his wife-she was my nurse when I daughter at Droomleague; and he's so old and blind-the creature! Who wouldn't give him a hand?"

She netted busily, while I daubed lazily and amused myself drawing out this impulsive child of nature, to whom all the artificial beauties and wonders of the great world beyond that lonely wall of rock were as unknown as to an inhabitant of the Caribbean islands in the last century.

The pastime began to grow upon me; I felt a daily increasing interest in watching her dark face glowing and brightening, her strange eyes sparkling, distending with wonder, horror or delight in obedience to my sybaritic fancy. Then, becoming more interested in my companion, I telegraphed up to town for specimens of magical modern art, then for books, pictures, photographs, hot-house flowers, bon-bons, all of which she believed I daily unearthed from my inexhaustible portmanteau at Murphy's farm. I stayed on, heedless of in' looks, what her poor little heart'll aught beyond the fact that I was clearly giving pleasure—to a savage, interesting waif, who seemed not to be worth any one's while to look after, much less amuse, and at the same time improving my own despairing condition, for the air of Donegal was certainly healing my wounded heart. Day after day the haunting image of my fair false love became fainter and less painful to my sight. I was gleefully looking forward to the time when I could cast her from me altogether and return free and whole in heart to the ancestral acres, when one morning a letter from a friend at Colworth, which commented casually on the "apparently successful innings Lord Sandmouth's son was making with the heiress," awoke my slumbering love and jealousy to life again.

Helen at once noticed my woe-begone appearance, and, accepting pitifully my explanation of a "beastly headache." begged me to lay aside my work and lie down quietly in the shade. I complied; but, soon tiring of inaction, began to read first to

of love, despair, and death told by a master-hand. The sea-stained nets soon dropped from Helen's fingers. the color dyed her clear cheek, her eyes filled, then drooped, and I had the selfish satisfaction of reducing her to the same dismal, unhappy state as myself.

Neither of us rallied again; and, when we parted that night, I stood on the hill carelessly watching her retreating figure, and saw her doga painfully sensitive little terrier; the only living thing she loved-apparently begging to be told the cause of her unusual preoccupation, crouching, wriggling at her feet, jumping up against her, challenging her attention by every art of dog, but in vain. She walked along with downcast head, her arms drooping by her sides. was moving after her unconsciously, to say, to do, for the life of me I did not know what. Perhaps to tell her not to mourn over imaginary woes, but to keep her real sighs or real sorrow, for the pain perhaps of love betrayed - wantonly betrayed - like mine, when a yellow hand clutched my shoulder, and a coarse voice exclaimed breathlessly-

"Stop, ye thief o' the wurrld-stop! What are ye after-eh?"

I turned indignantly and found myself confronted by an old woman in a long blue cloak, and a limp white cap framing an ugly face.

"What dy'e mean? What business is it of yours?" I asked, shaking off her hand.

"What business? Ye may well ask, ye dirty spalpeen," she retorted bitterly. "No, no; I tell ye, I won't get out o' yer way-ye'll have to knock me down first. I'm only an ould woman, and ye'll do it easy enough; but even then I'll hang onto ye, an' dig me nails into ye, until ye tell me what ye've said to that motherless itttle crayther that hasn't sowl in the wide wurrld to care whether she-"

"Oh!" I interrupted quickly, all the anger leaving my face and voice. "I understand. You are old Molly Griffin come home at last."

"Ay, ay, an' it's about time I did come home, I'm thinkin'. Ochone, ochone; but isn't this a cruel wurrld entirely! Oh, aren't ye ashamed of yerself, you that calls yerself a gentleman belikes, to-to play scoundrel like that? Wouldn't her very innocence, her folornness spake to yer black sowl and bid yer go yer way

"Molly, Molly," I said gently, for I felt a certain respect and liking for this uncouth old dame, the only friend I stayed on in Donegal, and during and protector poor Helen seemed to fourteen golden days caricatured the have, "don't let your tongue run so "royal walls of the Atlantic," while fast, if you please. Allow me a word

> Then I explained the cause of the girl's depressed appearance that particular evening. After a little hesitation a look of relief crossed her face, and I saw she believed me.

"Well, well, I beg your pardon, that's all I can say. I oughtn't to have been so hasty maybe. But I've had bitter cause, heaven knows, to suspect the likes o' you. Not, sir, was a baby has gone to see her that I've heerd anythin' but good of you, so far. How you've come all the way from London to tell the auld wan' bout poor Master Brian, an' give up his letters—the heavens be his bed this night. But-but," she went on anxiously, after a slight pause. "what I want to know is, yer kind work done, what on earth keeps ye loiterin' on here at the very back o' Godspeed?"

"I am doing no harm," I muttered doggedly.

"An' I say ye are. No harm to yerself, an' manin' none mayhap, ather ways; but harm all the same to her. She was happy, contented, at laist, poor child, in her lonesome, quiet ways, scampering about wid her dog, swimmin' and splashin' about in the say, until you came with yer soft voice, yer white hands, an' yer handsome face, givin' her what no wan ever give her before, flowers, an' books, sweeties, an' purty gimcracks; an' sweeter still, kind words an' smilmiss 'an hunger for sore when ye've gone yer ways an' forgotten her very name. But ye mane no harm of coorse, of coorse-ah, get away with ye, man alive; yer all the same the wurrld over, rich or poor, high or low-every mother's son of ye-self, self, self!"

"You're mistaken, you're mistaken indeed, old woman," I broke in earnestly: "she's a child, a mere child. I know her better than you. She'll forget me before I will her, you'll see."

"You know her better than me, who nursed her from the cradle an' her mother before her," retorted Molly contemptuously-"you! An' I tell ye to yer face, it's you that are mistaken, not me. I see a change in her the last month, a great change; I seen it at the first moment I looked at her last Tuesday, an' I've watched her close ever since."

"Well, what have you found out?" (To be Continued.)

The trouble with the charity that begins at home is that it seldom gets

COST OF SWELL WEDDINGS. Ten Thousand Dollars Each, Not Count-

ing the House Furnishings. An eastern society woman, who is unusually clever at figures, has been considering the cost of smart weddings, and after adding one expense with another has reached a staggering total figure. Her investigation took into account only what might be regarded as the average swell function of this sort, and she finds that \$10,000 is about what must be considered as the necessary figure. Of course, affairs such as the Marlborough wedding represent perhaps ten times that amount. These, however, are exceptional cases, although they also go to show the possibilities of expenditure in this direction. In ordinary swell weddings the outlay can hardly be kept inside of five figures. First, the bride must have a wedding gown. 'Inis may be worth anywhere from \$100 to-well, \$5,000. It depends upon the quality of the material, the kind of lace, and the standing of the coutouriere. Few gowns of fashionable brides cost less than \$500. Cut this price in half and you have \$250. Then, there must be a "goingaway" costume, and a half dozen changes, not to mention other articles, such as hats, gloves, shoes, etc. It is safe to assume that what the average bride wears will cost papa \$2,000. Then consider the gifts which the girl receives from relatives and friends. Sometimes a wealthy uncle or aunt gives her an exquisite bit of lewelry that will be worth from \$1,000 to \$5,000: mother always does the same, and perhaps father buys the couple a house for \$5,000 or \$10,000. Here we

purchase of the house or its furnishing. If they are included the amount, perhaps, might be doubled.

German-Speaking Negroes.

There is a German negro colony in Pennsylvania who speak nothing but German. The place is in Lebanon county, and the negroes went there twenty, thirty and forty years ago and settled among the quiet Pennsylvania German farmers of the Blue mountain districts. The colored children grew up on the farms, where they worked and heard nothing but German spoken. They soon forgot nearly all the English they knew, and now they rarely speak anything but German. Their children go to English country schools in winter, but as quickly as they are out of sight of their teachers they begin to talk German dialect, and nothing else.

Go South This Winter.

For the present winter season the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company has improved its already nearly perfect through service of Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars and elegant day coaches from Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and Chicago, to Mobile, New Orleans and the Gulf Coast, Thomasville, Ga., Pensacola, Jacksonville, Tampa, Palm Beach and other points in Florida. Perfect connection will be made with steamer lines for Cuba, ?orto Rico, Nassau and West Indian ports. Tourist and Home-Seekers excursion tickets on sale at low rates. Write C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., for particulars.

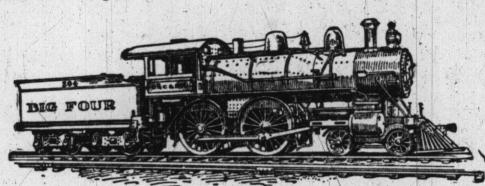
Feathers for Fashion.

Manufacturers of artificial birds buy directly from the farmers and make up their stock with no particular re-

BIG FOUR GIANT LOCOMOTIVES

received from the builders four 8wheel passenger locomotives to haul their fast trains. These engines are, in every respect, models of their kind, and are probably the largest, fastest, most powerful and best looking passenger engines in any part of the country, and are a credit to the management and their designer, Mr. Wm. Garstang, superintendent of motive power of the Big Four, and the Schebuilders. The engines are now in ser-

The Big Four railroad has recently unnecessary pipe or rod to mar their symmetry. The material used in the construction of these machines is the finest of its kind, and the greatest care was exercised in both the tests and workmanship to insure every part being perfect. The driving wheel centers, steam chest and covers, cylinder heads, foot plates, auxiliary dome, driving boxes and spring seats are all of cast steel, while the dome castings stack base, boiler front cylinder castnectady Locomotive Works, their ings and tender truck frames are pressed steel. The boiler is extended



ONE OF THE NEW LOCOMOTIVES.

vice between St. Louis and Cleveland, on the fastest and heaviest trains, making the time and doing it easier than was ever accomplished before on this run. In designing these engines it was necessary to make a machine combining great power with high speed and easy running avoiding all jerk to the train, an unnecessary strain on the track. This has been accomplished to such an extent that both engine and tender, while at the highest speed, ride with the greatest steadiness and so soft and easy a motion that the engineers claim not to be at all tired at the end of their run. These noble machines stand 15 feet high from top of rail to top of cab and 9 feet 91/2 inches to center of boiler, which, with driving wheels 78 inches and truck and tender wheels 36 inches in diameter, show trim and powerful, without an

wagon top with taber back, 62 inches diameter at smallest ring and 78 inches diameter at the throat built to carry a wagon pressure of 200 pounds per square inch. Among the special articles are Richardson's balance valves. Jerome metallic packing, Coale muffler, Kunkle open pops, air operated bell ringer, French springs, Leach pneumatic sanding device, gold steam heat, monitor injector, Janney couplers and Fox pressed steel tender truck frames. Some of the principal dimensions are as follows: Weight 130,000 pounds; cylinders 20x26 inches; boiler diameter 62 inches; tubes diameter 2 inches; tubes number of 320; fire box width 41 inches; fire box length 108 inches; working pressure 200 pounds; heating tender water capacity 5,000 gallons: tender coal capacity 10 tons; tender trucks, pressed steel.

······ have something like \$15,000 more, exclusive of the hundreds of other presents outside of the family. They may mean anywhere from \$3,000 to \$12,000. Now, consider the cost of the breakfast or reception, of the decoration of the church and the house, gifts to the maids of honor and bridesmaids, a luncheon to them, etc. These items may be regarded as incidentals, as they really are the least expensive features of weddings, as a rule. An average of \$1,000 is quite small. Unless the groom gives the wedding-that sometimes occurs, when the bride's family has very little of the world's goods-his end of the expense is considerably smaller. His gifts to the bride, the ushers, etc., his outfit and his fees to the clergymen, etc., and his expenditure in traveling will certainly average \$1,500. Even if the home is bought by the bride's family it is safe to assume that he will spend at least \$1,000 in furnishing it. Probably he might buy the home, but this will not be assumed in this estimate. Incidental expenses will be probably \$500 more. So here is an average that might be given:

Bride's trousseau, etc.....\$1,500 Breakfast, church decoration, etc. 2,000 Gifts from family..... 3,000 Gifts from friends 2,000 Groom's expenses 2,000

Total\$10,000 The above table does not include the

gard for the accurate representation of a species. Just at present the birds in fashion for mourning hats are small black parrots, and there are no such birds in nature. A fashion is in vogue to match the costume in the plumage of the bird trimmings, and manufacturers use their best art to supply the demand. Sooner or later this fashion will be the means of establishing regular farms for the production of feathers for millinery purposes.

Cupid Calendar for '99.

One of the most beautiful calenders ever issued is a series of pictures of beautiful women in war-like attire impersonating "Cupid in the Infantry," "Cupid Among the Rough Riders,"
"Cupid on Deck," and similar characters, all highly colored. As the supply is limited, they can only be secured by sending 15 cents to cover cost of mailing, etc., before January 1st, to C. B. Ryan, A. G. P. A. C. & O. Ry., Cincinnati, Ohio.

A True Christian

"You just bet I'm a Christian," declared little Willie Wellfed. "'Cos if there wuzn't any religion we wouldn't have any preachers, and if there wuzn't any preachers our mothers would never fix up any fine dinners."-New York Journal.

Six hundred thousand persons are employed in Italy in rearing silkworms,

They Are Reliable.

The American Farmer is sincere in what it says and whenever it endorses an article, be it machinery, proprietary medicine, or a man individually, we want our readers to believe that what we say we have good reason to understand is true. For a year or more there have been endorsements of the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Company, of 167 Dearborn street, Chicago, by this paper. People have written us to know if this company is responsible, and if its remarkable remedies, for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, catarrh, kidney troubles, etc., really had merit. We have therefore been at extra pains to investigate, and once again we add emphasis to our former endorsement of that company. There may be isolated cases here and there which, probably through neglect in following directions, or from exposure or some unexplainable reason, the wonderful Five Drops remedy does not do the work. But it is a case where the exception proves the rule. Mr. Swanson is a gentleman of character and personal integrity, and, we believe, would no more attempt to deceive the public than the writer of this article. They still offer to send a sample bottle of "5 Drops" for 25c or a large bottle, 300 doses, for \$1, prepaid by mail or express. Address as above.

Largest Military Society.

"What's that button you're wearing?" asked the Young Thing; "not Sons of the American Revolution?" "No," said the major, "I should think not. I'm proud of that button. It is the insignia, the outward and visible sign of the largest military society in the United States." "What's its name?" "Society of the First Man up San Juan Hill."-Philadelphia Press.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any ase of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's

Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J.

Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions

perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.: Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

One or the Other.

"Barkbee has borrowed another big sum of money. He must have great confidence in that scheme of his." "Or none."-Detroit Free Press.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys, Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Physicians are called upon to prescribe for the imagination oftener than anything else.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

A good wife maketh a good husband; the bad ones are all self-made.



Are you frequently hoarse? Do you have that annoying tickling in your throat? Would you feel relieved if you could raise something? Does your cough annoy you at night, and do you raise more mucus in the morning?

Then you should always keep on hand a bottle of

If you have a weak throat you cannot be too careful. You cannot begin treatment too early. Each cold makes you more liable to another, and the last one is always harder to cure than the one before it.

Dr. Ager's Cherry Pectoral Plaster protects the lungs from colds.

Help at Hand.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can pos-sibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt rep.y.

Address, LR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass

OPENING DAY OF CONGRESS.

Impressive Scenes at the National Capitol.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE READ

No Other Business of Importance Transacted in Either House or Senate During the First Day -- 179 Congressmen Form a Quorum.

The opening of congress Dec. 5 was a spectacular occasion, animated and brilliant. In the house the roll call developed the presence of 267 members, 179 being a quorum. The speaker appointed Mr. Dingley, Mr. Cannon and Mr. Bailey a committee to join a similar committee of the senate to wait upon the president and inform him that the house was ready to receive any communication he had to make. As soon as the reading of the president's message was concluded the house adjourned.

When the senate convened the chamber presented a notable and beautiful appearance. Promptly on the stroke of 12 o'clock Vice-President Hobart entered, and, ascending to his desk, rapped for order. The Rev. Mr. Milburn, the venerable blind chaplain, offered prayer. After the reading of the president's message, which occupied two hours and eighteen minutes, the senate adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec. 6.

The house was in session less than half an hour, when the deaths of Representatives Northway of Ohio and Love of Mississippi were announced and an adjournment was taken until to-morrow out of respect to their memory. The deficiency bill, carrying the appropriations for the extraordinary expenses of the army and navy from Jan. 1 to July 1, 1899, was reported. The report of the Hawaiian commission transmitted by the president was laid before the house and referred to the committee on territories.

A brief discussion of the navigation laws was precipitated in the senate by the consideration of a bill amending those laws by the addition of a provision that foreign built vessels wrecked in the United States purchased by citizens of this country and repaired to the extent of three-fourths of their value shall be subject to forfeiture if they engage subsequently in the coastwise trade of the United States.

William Wants More Soldiers.

At the opening session of the German reichstag the emperor emphasized especially the importance of the new bill for the increase of the army, which, he said, he regarded as essential to the interests of the empire.

Gen. Lee Making Preparations. Gen. Lee has issued an order instructing the commander of the Second division to prepare his command for immediate departure to Cuba as soon as the necessary transports arrive.

Sagasta Ready for Carlists.

Premier Sagasta is aware of the Carlist movement in a number of the provinces and said the government was prepared to energetically repress all attempts to disturb public order.

WISCONSIN VILLAGE BURNED. Weyauwega Almost Entirely Destroyed

-Loss Will Reach \$250,000.

It is reported from Waupaca that the village of Weyauwega, in Waupaca county, Wis., was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The village had a population of about 2,000. All the stores in the main street, Wood's hotel and five summer cottages and nearly all the residence portion of the village was completely swept away. The loss is probably \$250,000.

WILL BE RATIFIED.

Majority of the Senators Favor the Treaty with Spain.

Senators interested in the question of whether a treaty of peace with Spain can be ratified at the present session have made a careful and unbiased canvass of the senate, which shows that fifty of the ninety members are avowed advocates of ratification. In the new senate they will be eight or ten votes stronger.

Secretary Gage's Annual Estimates. Secretary Gage's estimates for the coming year, including permanent annual appropriations, aggregate \$593,-048,378, as against \$808,875,513, the amount of the appropriations, including deficiencies and miscellaneous, for the fiscal year 1899, and \$462,647,885 for the amount of the estimates for 1899.

French Embassy Wants Information.

The French embassy has submitted to the state department a request from the Spanish branch of the Red Cross Society for illustrations and explanations of all the surgical, medical and humane devices used by the United States to alleviate the horrors of war.

To Form Naval Squadrons.

There will be no winter evolution; of the North Atlantic squadron. As soon as it is possible to do so all menof-war will be assembled at Hampton Roads, where they will be divided into squadrons for duty on such stations as may be established.

Oppose Dr. Morrison's Election.

Dr. Morrison's election to be bishop of the diocese of Iowa, after Dr. Green had been formally recommended by the diocesan council, is opposed by many of the clergy of the Episcopal faith in Omaha.

House Wrecked by Dynamits.

At Augusta, Ill., the residence of Dr John Kelly, the leading physician cl the town, was wrecked by dynamite Mrs. Ringer, a discharged domestic, under arrest for the crime.

Three Coal Barges Sur

The coal barges Helicon, Quinnebaug and Corsica were lost off New York during the recent storm, with ten of the twelve men who composed their crews of four each:

Alleged Firebug Under Arrest.

B. Condon, suspected by the police of being a member of the gang of firebugs that has been firing barns in the vicinity of St. Joseph, Mich., has been arrested.

Entire Business Portion Burned.

Nearly the whole business portion of Eufaula, I. T., on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway, was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$150,000.

FORMER WOODCHOPPER SEEKING A SEAT IN THE UNITED STATES SENATE



A. W. McCune, who is a candidate for the United States senate to succeed United States Senator Frank J. Cannon, is one of the most successful men in the west. Years ago Mr. McCune used to chop wood for a living. Now he is a very wealthy railroad and mine owner. He is the president of the Utah and Pacific railroad and owner of the celebrated Payne gold mine in British Columbia. People estimate Mr. Mc-

Cune's income at from \$50,000 to \$10%,-000 a month. He is most generous and charitable with his wealth, and it is said he gives away more money in this way than any half-dozen men in the state. Mr. McCune lives in the palace which was built by Brigham Young for his favorite wife, Amelia. This candidate for senatorial honors was born in the Mormon church, but he is not a member of that body. Mrs. McCune. however, is a devoted Mormon.

Mispah Cancer Remedy. Perfect cure at your home. Never lost a single case! Write for circulars. Mispah Medicine Co., Monsey, N. Y.

Clubs drive some men to matrimony and matrimony drives others to clubs.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a God-send to me.—Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Florida, Sept. 17, 1895.

A drop of ink will make even a dude think-if he finds it on his trousers.

Lady canvassers find profitable employment selling Dr. Sennett's Enamel Cream for the Teeth, and "Soapura" for cleaning the hands and natia. Address Box 406, Bloomington, Ill.

Man glories in his strength and woman glories in her new bonnet.

Coe's Cough Balsam to the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicks than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Football makes demons of some men and angels of others.

Am delighted with DR. SETH ARNOLD'S COUGH KILLER: it cures every time. Rev. J. S. Cornish, Waynesville, Ill., 25c. a bottle. Narrow waists and narrow minds

often go together.

Write for free sample of Coat's Headache Capsules; cure a headache in 15 minutes; noth-ing injurious. H. H. Coat, Mason City, Ill. If you have been with Jesus, every

one will know it. When All Else Falls, Try Yi-KL It positively cures comp etely removes corns and bun ions. Try Yi-Ki and find comfort. 15c. all drug stores-

You need to watch yourself when you are alone.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain. cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Virtuous men alone possess friends.

-Voltaire.

lowa Farms for sale, \$2 per acre cash, ball so & crop satil paid. J. Mulhall, Sieus City, In-

Faith does not rest on the bed of

TUMOR EXPELLED.

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. ELIZABETH WHEELOCK, Magnolia, Iowa, in the following letter describes her recovery from a very critical condition:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-I have been taking your Vegetable Compound, and am now ready to sound its praises. It

has done wonders for me in relieving me of a tumor.

"My health has been poor for three years. Change of life was working upon me. I was very much bloated

and was a burden to myself. 'Was troubled with smothering spells, also palpitation of the heart and that bearing-down feeling, and could no be on my feet much.

"I was growing worse all the time, until I took your medicine. "After taking three boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Lozenges, the tumor passed from me.

"My health has been better ever since, can now walk quite a distance and am troubled no more with palpitation of the heart or bloating. I recommend your medicine to all sufferers from female troubles."

It is hardly reasonable to suppose that any one can doubt the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkbam's methods and medicine in the face of the tremendous volume of testimony.

Look for It. Here it is.

Now you know by this sign



St. Jacobs Oil Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises

\$10,000.00 GIVEN AWAY FREE



If so, and you count the correct number, you will receive \$50.00 in cash, If more than one sends correct number we will divide the amount. Every one sending within five of the exact number of stars will receive a handsome present. No one is forgotten. OUR CONTEST, You must carefully count the stars OUR CONTEST, and send the number to us, with 25 cts. for 3 months' trial subscription to our magazine. This is no chance scheme, every one gets cash or a present worth four times the amount. We will show the public that we are honest, and will spend thousands of dollars for new subscribers. Count carefully and you will get prize at once.

This was advertisement is perfectly plain, and you can't make a mistake. Every one send now. Enclose with your count 25 cents and address letter to

HOUSEHOLD JOURNAL. 36 NINTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA

FREE ADVICE by our Physician and a FREE SAMPLE redicine and a 68-page Free Book treating all diseases with 56 excellent recipes are some of the reasons why you should write us.

Dr. Kay's Renovator

Cures the very worst cases of Dyspepsia, Constitution, Headache, Liver and Kidney diseases. Send for proof of it. We Guarantee It. Write us about all of your symptoms. Dr. Kay's Renovator is sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 25 cents and \$1.00. Address Dr. B. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., (Western, Office) Omaha, Neb.

E. J. TOOZE & CO., 81 Fifth Ave., CHICAGO.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS." BE WISE AND USE

SAPOLIC

Finest Flavor. Buckwheat All Through

Get a Package From Your Grocer.

1000 NEWSPAPERS

"VAN'S" BUCKWHEAT

ALL-METAL TYPE-HIGH PLATES Sawed to

LABOR-SAVING LENGTHS.

They will save time in your composing room as they can be handled even quicker than type.

No extra charge is made for sawing plates to short lengths.
Send a trial order to this office and be

International Press Association 194-198 S. Clinton St., Chicago.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; give quick relief and cures wors cases. send for book of testimonials and 10 days treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREKS'S SONS, Atlanta, Re Or. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds

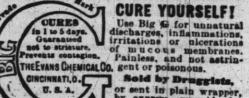
What's the Matter with KANSAS?

KANSAS OWNS (In round numbers) 900,000 horses and mules, 550,000 mflch) cows, 1,600,000 other cattle, 2,400,000 swine and 225,000 sheep.

ITS FARM PRODUCTS this year include 150,000,000 bushels of corn. 60,000,-000 bushels of wheat and millions upon millions of dollars in value of other grains, fruits, vegetables, etc.

In debts alone it has a shortag Send for a free copy of "What's the Matter with Kansas?"-a new book of 96 pages of facts.

General Passenger Office, The Atchison, Topeks & Santa Pe Rallway,



CURE YOURSELF!

or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request

PATENT secured or money all returned. Search free. Collamer & Co. 12345 F st., Wash. D. C.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 50, 1898 When Answering Advertisements Kindly

Mention This Paper.

The Barrington Review

T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.

tered at the postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class matter.

saturday December 10, 1898.

The Astianarchist Congress

The international congress at Rome, salled for Nov. 25, has for its aim the suppression of anarchism as a political and as a criminal force. The schedule for discussion will cover such questions as the proper definition of anarchical crime, suggestions for fresh legislation to be enacted in all civilized nations in common, the imperfections of existing extradition treaties, and the best means of preventing the active propaganda of the doctrine of anarchy through the press. Keenly as many in America will sympathize with the idea of suppressing the insane and murderous violence which anarchy has bred in so many forms, there are certain other grave questions complicated with the matters at issue. These will come home to the minds of the thoughtful American or Englishman with a good deal of force. It is impossible to separate the independent proposition from its legal and political correlation. In the first flush of horror which the assassination of the Austrian empress created scarcely any severity would have been objectionable as a preventive of such crimes. But sentiment, however righteous, must sometimes be kept in the background.

As far as the English speaking nations are concerned, two of the most radical maxims of political and civil liberty are the right of asylum and lib erty of opinion, whether expressed or not through the public press. To give these up on any consideration, or to modify them even, would be an unthinkable thing on the part of America or England. Yet the two most important theses before the Roman congress cover precisely these demands, if they are to be made practicable for the purposes proposed. Deeply as the soul revolts from the political rabies which wrought the murder of Carnot, of Canovas and of Elizabeth of Austria, Anglo-Saxon convictions would never stultify themselves by abrogating two most radical principles of belief. If anarchy can only be quelled in this fashion, it is better that anarchy should continue its mad protests.

It might be suggested specially to such nations as Germany and Italy that they might try a reform at home instead of seeking it in international action. When a joking word, even against the dignity of the kaiser, is punished by fine and imprisonment, one does not need to bunt far for a lush breeding ground of anarchy. When we see the savage repression of the bread riots in Italy, bow can we wonder at craze of opinion?

A prominent magazine has advertised one of its articles by the anyouncement that Mr. Joseph Leiter spent \$5,000,000 in acquiring the experience and ability to write it. It is scarcely necessary to say that the article was on the subject of wheat distribution, and the wisdom was that loss of illusions which comes to the unlucky speculator. He incidentally hints the opinion that trading in futures, whether or not good for the producer in general, in his special case was of great help to the farmer, and that his father helped to pay off a tremendous load of Kansas and Nebraska mortgages. A thought which is inevitably inspired by reading the article, however, is that it does not need a "Daniel come to judgment" to illustrate the truth that no man can hold up the top price of wheat with one hand while he is throwing millions of bushels on the market with the other. A dozen men have been ground to powder in trying the experiment.

The railroad companies have had a long and bitter fight with the cut ticket brokers, popularly known as scalpers. The latter named gentry have hitherto succeeded in winning the battle in spite of the most ingenious devices of the transportation companies. This is partly owing to the collusion of many of the minor officers of the companies with the brokers, it is believed. A bill is now on the congressional docket holding all official distributers of tickets to legal account for their sale except under the most severely planned restrictions. On the other hand, the companies are obligated to redeem all wholly or partly unused tickets promptly at their true value. The object is to cut off the sources of supply whereby the brokers secure their stock in trade.

Ancient Dentistry.

Some years ago it was discovered by

the prehistoric bones in the southwestern United States, found in certain localities on the Mexican border, that the art of trephining the skull was known and practiced by the ancient surgeons of a vanished race. The remains found in the tombs of Mitla, Mexico, furnish additional proofs of prehistoric skill in mending the ills of the body. In the teeth of many of the skulls are found incrustations and ornaments of gold. copper and iron. In some cases these appear to have served for ornament. In others the sole object must have been to preserve the teeth. The cavities where the filling has fallen away show as neat and skillful work as the most accomplished dentist could manage today with his delicate and perfect tools. Dentistry is supposed to be one of the most modern of the surgical branches. But here we perceive evidences of ancient knowledge and science in operating on the teeth quite equal to the trephining skill above noted. Except in Egypt, no other evidences of ancient dentistry, unless of the crudest and most barbarous kind, have ever been found. Many of the Mexican Indian skulls show by indisputable proof that the operations must have been performed on the living subject and not on the dead, as was at first suspected by the discoverer of the ancient tombs. One of Wendell Phillips' most famous lectures was called "The Lost Arts." To the remarkable instances drawn from olden civilizations. telling of the high intellectuality of man at a remote period, these striking anticipations of the known arts of today might have been added as interesting illustrations.

The interesting report of Special Commissioner Porter on commercial and industrial affairs in Cuba makes the point that with well directed labor the business reconstruction of Cuba would be effected in five years. Prior to this, however, the whole sanitary condition of the cities must be renovated by good sewerage and street cleaning methods or foreign capital will hold aloof from the island. Mr. Porter also declares that the illiteracy of the working classes is about 40 to 1, and that Cuba will never be fit for self government till a thoroughly extended public school system has had time to do its work. He recommends that the Spanish tariff schedule shall be reduced on an average about two-thirds. As nearly the whole of the import revenues went into tack of pneumonia. The same treatthe pockets of the Spanish officials, this reduced rate, with the great increase of importations, would yield a larger government revenue than before, not less, according to his estimate, than \$30,-000,000 This would be ample for administration and for the extended system of public works, which are so essential. He seems to find nothing difficult in an amply satisfactory Cuban budget, which would balance the two sides of the account under honest American management.

The resignation of President Maso and the standing secretaries of the Cuban provisional government indicates a better condition of affairs among the late insurgents in the removal of one great obstacle to a cordial acquiescence in the American management of the affairs of the island. This has been followed by the dispatch of a special delegation to Washington. The whilom attitude of the Cubans in refraining from disarmament and holding themselves in a position of sullen aloofness threatened unpleasant complications. Things would seem to indicate that the Cubans begin to perceive the responsibilities resting on this country to reconstruct the industrial and social affairs on a sound basis. It is to save the island from future chaos and misery that this country aims to do the pioneer work before turning the government over to the Cubans themselves.

It is the easiest thing in the world for the egotist to make generalizations. If things go to suit him, everything is going well. If anything goes against him, everything is going ill. His microcosm is bigger than the world's macrocosm.

In ordinary social experience the agreeable man without talent makes his way more surely than the talented man without agreeability. It is the difference between contact with a poultice and with a thistle.

The Russians are chasing the bubonic bacillus with furious zeal among the settlements of Turkestan, where the disease is rapidly advancing. It is another black mark against John Bull.

OUR OFFER ACCEPTED.

WONDERFUL. WONDERFUL.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 24, 1898. THE THOMPSON MUSIC Co., Chicago. Gentlemen: Your cash offer for 250 pianos is below the cost of production, but we have manufactured very heavy for fall trade and wish to close out for our spring business, so will give the Chicago public the benefit of these prices to get our pianos better known in Chicago, and make the sacrifice and accept your offer. Yours truly,

THE KRELL PIANO CO. The bargain we have in purchasing rom Krell Piano Co. of Cincinnati, O., 250 pianos at less than cost to manufacture we offer you. Pianos at lower prices than ever known. Terms to suit customers. New upright pianos from \$100 up. Come before stock is gone. THE THOMPSON MUSIC Co., 269 Wabash ayenue, near Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill.

To California.

Attention is called to the excellent service of the North-Western line to California and the favorable rates which have been made for single and round trip tickets for this season's travel. Best accommodations in firstclass or tourist sleeping cars, which run through every day in the year. Personally conducted tourist car parties every week to California and Oregon. Choice of a large number of different routes without extra charge.

Particulars cheerfully given upon application to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y., or connecting

Home Seekers' Cheap Excursions On October 18, November 1, 15, December 6 and 20, the North-Western ine will sell home seekers' excursion tickets, with favorable time limits, to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents & Chicago North-Western R'y.

Reliable Salesman Wanted.

We do not promise great riches but can make it an object to the right man to sell our lubricating oils and greases. Address us at once. The Euclid Oil Company, Cleveland, O.

Pains in the cliest when a person nas a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatening atment will cure a lame ba hours. Sold by A. L. Waller, Barrington, and A. S. Olms, Palatine.

For Sale.

10 Plymouth Rock Cockerels; pure blood; large, fine birds. Call at once or they will be gone. N. B. DUERS, Wauconda stage driver.

WANTED.

Reliable man in this vicinity to open small office and handle my goods. Position permanent and good pay. If your record is O. K. and you want steady employment, here is an opening for you. Kindly mention this paper when writing.

A. T. MORRIS, Cincinnati.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

C. &. N. W. R. R.

	DAY TRAINS	
	AR. PALATINE.	AR. BAR'T'N. 4 00 A. M
3 00 A. M. + 7 30	8 32 A. M.	
8 30	0 04 A. M.	9 25
9 10	10 19	10 30
+10 50	11 58	12 10 P. M
to 1 30	2 45	3 00
3 30 P. M. 5 00	4 30 P. M. 5 57	4 40 6 07
+ 6 01	7 08	7 20
+ 6 35	7 42	7 55
+11 35	12 42	# 12 55
	V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	1 1

V. BARR'T'N. L'	V. PALATINE.	AR. CHICAGO.
6 10 A. M.	6 19 A. M.	7 25 A. M.
6 30	6 40	7 45
7 00	7 10	8 15
7 36	7 46	8 45
9 11		10 00
9 20	9 36	10 30
12 25 P. M.	12 34 P. M.	1 40 P. M.
3 08	3 19	4 30
5 02	5 12	6 15

4 00 A. M.	AR. PALATINE.	5 02 A. 1
9 10 + 1 30 P. M.	10 19 A. M. 2 45 P. M.	10 30 3 00 P. 1
4 45 P. M.	5 50	6 01
+ 6 35	7 42	7 55 12 55
+11 35	12 42	12 55

				LV.						
6	45	A.	M.	0	6	53	A. N			7 45
7	40				7	51				8 45
12	25	P.	M.		12	34	P. M	l.		1 40
4	25				4	35				5 45
5	02			4	5	12				6 15
8	57			- 1			(5,00 kg	: 4		9 55
9	10				9	20			1	0 25

† Terminates at Barrington.

E. J. & E. R. R.

SOUTH. NORTH. | Soliet. | 2.30am | 8.40am | 4.10pm | 10.15pm |
Sarrington	7.00am	2.00pm	10.35am	8.15pm
Lake Zurich	7.15am	2.35pm	16.15am	5.55pm
eithton	7.45am	3.05pm	9.20am	5.05pm
Condout	8.00am	3.25pm	9.00am	4.45pm
Vaukegan	8.30am	4.10pm	7.30am	3.00pm

Attorneus

...at Law 1411-1412 Ashland Block,

Chicago. Telephone Main 3123.

In Barrington Monday evenings and WALLER'S DRUG STORE Tuesday until 5 p. m.

Office in Howarth Bldg.

Sorghum Molasses.

The Wauconda Mill is prepared to make the best Sorghum Molasses at 15 cents per gallon.

J Spencer, Wauconda

M. C. McINTOSH, Estate and

Commercial Lawyer

Office Room 617 Ashland Block Chicago Residence, Barrington, Ill.

W. H. Hartman,

MADE TO ORDER. Repairing neatly done. A line of ready-made Boots and Shoes kept in stock.

PALATINE, ILLINOIS

Louis Todd-First-class Carriage Painter

Give him a call. His prices are right, and a good job is assured.

DodgeFarm, 11 miles west Fresh and of Barrington.

The Barrington Bank

SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres. A. L. Robertson, Gashier. John G. Plagge, Vice-Prest.

..... H. G. P. Sandman. A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. First-class commercial

paper for sale. Illinois

Barrington,

OF CHARLES H. PATTEN.

A General Banking Business Transacted....

Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Loans on Real Estate.

· Insurance.

F. J. FILBERT, - - Cashier

HENRY BUTZOW

BAKERY

--AND-

CONFECTIONERY. Fruits, Gigars, Tobacco, Etc.

CE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

Barrington,

Cameron & Matson Dr. T. H. Rath DENTIST Zahnarzt

....OVER....

BARRINGTON. ILL.

A. S. OLMS Druggist and Pharmacist.....

A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Pre-scriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.

PALATINE, ILL.

CUTTING, CASTLE & WILLIAMS

Attorneys-at-Law.

812-13 Chamber of Commerce Building,

Chicago.

Lytle & Bennett,

Fruits and Vegetables. Fresh Fish Fridays.

PALATINE, ILL.

7 to 8 p. m.

M. F. Clausius

Physician AND SURGEON

Office in the Lageschulte Block.

OVER WALLER'S DRUG STORE. BARRINGTON, ILL

Office Hours:

8 to 10 a. m.

GEO. SCHAFER

Dealer in

Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc. Barrington, - Ills

FRANK SPITZER,

Attorney-at-Law. WOODSTOCK, - ILLINOIS.

Will be in Barrington Every Tuesday.

where he can be consulted on legal matters....

DR. E. W. OLCOTT

Dental Rooms in

BATTERMAN'S BLOCK. PALATINE,

Friday of Each Week Chicago office:

65 E. RANDOLPH ST. Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

H. C. KERSTING Photographic Art Studio.

West of Schoppe Bros. OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY.

All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water colors and crayon at prices to suit.

Palatine, Ill.

WAUCONDA.

E. W. Brooks was a Chicago visitor Thursday last.

Editor F. L. Carr was a Barrington visitor Tuesday.

H. E. Maiman transacted business in the city Thursday last.

B. G. Sherman of Woodstock spent Thursday and Friday of last week in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Freund and daughter, Celia, visited with relatives at Pistaque Bay Sunday.

Mrs. J. A. North of Barrington is spending a few days with Mrs. Alfred North, who has been quite sick for the past week.

M. W. Hughes, our photographer, will close his studio for the season on December 21. All desiring art work must engage same before the above

The Royal Neighbors are doing a lot of hustling nowadays endeavoring to increase their camp by the addition of 20 new members. Men are acceptable as well as ladies. We hope they will succeed in their undertaking.

All Mystic Workers are requested to be present at the next regular meeting, Wednesday evening, December 14, as a special program has been arranged for the occasion which will be most instructive and enjoyable. Don't forget, next Wednesday even-

A church bazar will be held in the M. E. church parlors on the afternoons and evenings of December 15, 16 and 17. The ladies solicit your patronage and will offer you an opportunity of selecting dainty and useful Christmas here, and that is that the fire comgifts. Supper will be served on Sat- pany appreciate the patronage of urday evening, December 17, from 5:30 their friends. Another dance will be to 9 p. m. There will also be an art given in Firemen's hall, December 24. gallery in connection with the bazar. Come. Don't fail to attend.

a business in our village for the past 31 years and who is one of our oldest and most succe sful business men, has decided to retire from active business life. He will close out his entire himself, and should not entertain the stock, consisting of clothing, gents' furnishing goods, hats and caps, boots and shoes, gloves and mittens, ladies,' misses' and children's capes and jackets, jewelry, etc. at cost and below. The closing out sale opens Monday, December 12. Watch for further announcement.

Last Tuesday evening Miss Priscilla Davlin entertained a number of her friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lamphere, it being the anniver-sayy of her birthday. The evening was most enjoyably spent by playing various social games, vocal and instru-mental music, etc. At 11:45 the guests repaired to the dining room where an elegant repast awaited them and to which, it is needless to say, all did ample justice. They were a jolly crowd and it was long past the mid-night hour before they dispersed, bidding their fair hostess good night and wishing her many returns of the happy event.

LAKE ZURICH. **3**

Good roads.

Grand ball on the 24th.

Quite cold Wednesday night. Skating is the order of the day.

John Forbes went to Chicago Mon-

Elmer Ford was here the first of the

The village board-met last Monday

night. Gottlieb Waltz went to Wisconsin

Tuesday. Henry Branding was in the city

last week. Frank Roney was here on business

Frank Roney shipped stock the first

of the week Lewis Harris of Wauconda spent

Sunday here. Dr. Clausius of Barrington was in

town Monday. Wm. Monahan called on friends in

town recently. Lew Wheelock of Wauconda was in

town Monday. The M. W. A. held a meeting last

Saturday night.

F. Bologna of Chicago is the guest of friends here. James Dymond of Chicago was in

town last week. Frank Meyer was a Barrington vis-

itor Wednesday.

Henry Seip was a Wauconda caller one day last week.

spend a few days.

Charles Givens was a Wauconda vis-

itor last Saturday. John Forbes was in Barrington last

Tuesday evening. Wm. Harris of Wauconda was in

town Wednesday.

Miss Mary Schaefer, who has been sick, is improving.

Charles Givens, was a Wauconda

caller last Saturday. Harris & Foley have a gang of men

at work cutting ice. H. L. Prelem returned from Wanke-

gan Monday evening. Frank Meyer and John Hodge were

in Wauconda recently.

The ice is about 12 inches thick and Mr. Foley has a gang of men at work making preparation for putting up

A dance will be given in the firemen's hall in the near future.

Dr. Muffat of Palatine made professional calls in this vicinity Saturday.

A gang of men are at work laying the railroad track leading to Bruce's ice house.

Mr. Niedert's horse ran away Tuesday, demolishing the buggy completely. Nobody injured.

We hear from worthy sources that Sanford Bennett expects to attend school at Evanston next year.

We hear that the school at Honey Lake is progressing nicely under the management of Miss Mitchell of Half

A pessimist, we take it, is a grownup man whose cause is to prove the wicked doctrine that there is no a son, November 25. Cigars, Ernest. Santa Claus.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Helland's infant child was christened Sunday. Wm. Schumaker's twins were christened the same day.

Messrs. Crist. Hapke, John Hironemous and George Husen of Wauconda were in town in the interest of the John Spencer grist mill.

Friday evening, December 23, our school will give an entertainment and have a Xmas. tree. Those who have not forgotten the good old-fashioned loaded. school exhibition can not afford to miss this one.

Those who attended the dance on Thanksgiving are loud in their praise of the treatment received and of the the company's interest here. supper served by Mrs. Schaefer. Another remark may not be out of place

A correspondent writes to know if Henry Maiman, who has conducted it is more dangerous to tie to a new club woman or the old-fashioned rolling pin and flat, iron woman. In our reply we stated that we believe the average man was still able to defend thought of refreat until she masters the mysteries of the boomerang.

Those who attended school every day that school was in session during November are: Jennie Seip, Robert Dickson, Emil Eichman, Chauncey Dickson, Gertrude Scholz, Walter Prelim, Marie L. Damoit and Alma Eichman. Those who were absent only one day are: Thomas Scully, Frank Scholz, Annie Schaefer, Bertha Pepper, Leroy Loomis and Emma Schaefer. Those absent two days are: Piano Solo, Sonatina op. 36...... Clementi Mamie Pepper, Cleavie Amis and Miss Louise Boehmer. Margaret Clark.

Two Pointed Questions Answered.

What is the use of making a better article than your competitor if you cannot get a better price for it?

the price the public will buy only the better, so that while our profits may be smaller on a single sale they will be much greater in the aggregate.

How can you get the public to know

your make is the best? If both articles are brought prominently before the public both are certain to be tried and the public will very quickly pass judgment on them and use only the better one.

This explains the large sale on Chamberlain's Cough Rethedy. The people have been using it for years and have found that it can always be depended upon. They may occasionally take up with some fashionable novelty put forth with exaggerated claims, but are certain to return to the one remedy that they know to be reliable, and for coughs, colds and croup there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by A. L. Waller, Barrington, and A. S. Olms, Palatine

A Well-Known Restaurant,

The popular dining rooms of The Mrs. Clark Co., 151-153 Wabash Ave. Chicago, which were recently destroyed by fire, are now open to the public. The place has been very much enlarged, refitted and improved.

For a good meal, in good company, in good quarters, at modest price, The Mrs. Clark Co. easily ranks among the very first. No one will make a mis-John Schulz has gone to Joliet to take in patronizing this restaurant.

Horse Powers for Sale.

I have five horse powers for saletwo 4-horse, two 8-horse and one 12horse power—and will sell them cheap. W. H. SANDMAN, Barrington.

For Sale Cheap.

The Warner house barber shop for sale cheap if taken at once; in good condition. Outfit consists of two chairs, barber pole, fixtures, etc. Call at or address Warnerhouse, Barring-

I have \$4,000 to loan on real estate security at low rate of interest. M. C. McIntosh.

Window glass, in all sizes, at J. D. Lamey & Co's, Barrington.

QUENTIN'S CORNERS.

***** Herman Junker was in Chicago with a load of ducks.

Mr. H. C. Paddock of Libertyville visited here recently.

Miss Bertha Sturm has gone to En-

glewood for the winter. Fred Grener went to Chicago with a load of dressed pork.

A. G. Smith of Palatine visited at the Corners one day last week.

Jacob Buhman and wife were in

Chicago last Monday on business. Charles Manzow was the first person out with his sled at this place.

Mr. Jacob Link, jr., made a pleasant call at the Corners last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nemeyer made a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Wm. Stockel this week.

Miss P. Lemker of Diamond Lake s visiting with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. F. Knigge.

Gottleib Ernsting has returned to his home in Kansas after several weeks' sojourn with friends and rela-It was the gun that was "not loaded"

would be better to first see that it is Quentin's Corners now has telephone service. Don't be backward in patronizing it as it works good. Wm. Quentin has been secured to look after

that did the killing at Wheeling. It

Piano and Violin Recitals.

Two recitals will be given by J. I. Sears' pupils of Barrington at his studio on Tuesday afternoon and evening, December 13, at 3:45 and 8 o'clock respectively.

AFTERNOON PROGRAM. Piano duet, "Philomel" Polka Kunkel Misses Gladys Lines and Berenice Hawley. Piano Solo, Mazurka. S. G. Pratt

Miss Virginia Purcell. Piano Solo, op. 37, No. 3...... Lemoine Miss Nora Plagge. Junior orehestra.

Piano Solo, Allegretto Nos. 1 and 2.... Kohler Miss Lillian Foreman. Piano Solo, "Slumber" Polka..... Bellak Miss Jeannette Thorpe.

Piano Solo, "Fairy" Schottische Streabbog Miss Madge Bennett. Violin Solo. (selected)

Master Eddie Kirby. Piano Solo, "Procession of the Big and Little" Master Walter Shipman. S. G. Pratt

Piano Solo, "Fairy" PolkaSpindler Miss Clara Lageschulte. Piano Solo," Murmuring Brooklet" S. G. Pratt

Master Verne Hawley: Piano Solo, "Favorite" Polka Sidus Miss Maude Meyer. Orchestra. Ans. As there is no difference in Piano Solo, Polka Sarah Heine Miss Lida Ford.

Piano Solo, "Guten Morgen".... ...: Lichner Miss Gladys Lines. Piano Solo, "The Carol of the Shepherdess Miss Lydia Sodt. Lemoine Piano Solo, "Faust"...... Gounod-Sidus

Miss Berenice Hawley. Piano Solo, "School Girl and the Bear". Pratt Master Roy Waterman.

EVENING PROGRAM. -PART 1. Piano duet, "To the Battle" K. Bohm J. I. Sears and Miss Myrtle Robertson.

Miss Clara Sodt. Piano Solo, Rondo from op. 26..... Beethoven Miss Luella Plagge.

Violin Solo 'a "Bereceuse" Hermann b "Simple Aveu" Thome Mr. Herman Maiman. Piano Solo, "Massa's in the Cold Ground" Mr. E. L. Wilmer.

PART 2. Piano Solo $\begin{cases} a \text{ "Cauzonette"} ... C. P. Lutkins \\ b Gavotte in E minor ... Silas \end{cases}$ Miss Myrtle Robertson. Violin Solo, "Air Varie" Daucla

Senior orchestra.

Mr. Joel Thomas. Miss Cora Thomas, piano acc. Piano Solo, "La Reggata".....Liszt

Miss Helen Waller. Piano Solo, Waltz..... Ambrois Miss Cora Thomas.

Orchestra. Piano Solo, Bereceuse op, 57. Chopin Miss Nellie Lines. Piano Solo, "Tocalelle"; Dupont

Master Chester Catlow. Orchestra.

The sale of pianos remaining from the Lyon & Potter stock now in progress at Lyon & Healy's affords close buyers an unparalleled opportunity to secure dependable instruments at almost nominal rates. In slightly used and second-hand uprights, they offer quite a choice at prices from \$85 upward, and in strictly new 1899 style instruments, including Steinway and Knabe pianos, they offer values equally as great. You cannot afford to neglect this occasion. Easy monthly payments may be arranged. Visitors welcome. Lyon & Healy, Wabash avenue and Adams street, Chicago. A copy of the Lyon & Healy Annual for 1898 contains new popular music. Free to callers.

THE REVIEW has on hand three new maps, size 51 feet square, which we will sell for \$2 each. They are made by Rand, McNally & Co. and are sold by them at \$5. On one side is a map of the world and on the reverse side is a map of the United States.

agge &

are the leading dealers in

Flour, Lumber, Coal, Mixed Paints, White Lead, Oils,

DRAIN AND GLAZED TILE, ROCK SALT, ETC.

Their warehouse and lumber yards will be found stocked with a come plete assortment in the above lines, at the very lowest prices. An inspection and comparison of prices is solicited.

BARRINGTON, -

ILLINOIS

THOMAS

AGENT FOR THE

There can be but one best. The fact that the O. I. C.'s are not

liable to contract cholera and other diseases is attracting widespread attention. I also sell Silver's Live Stock Powders. Located on the High Hawley Farm, 2 Miles North of Barrington

It Don't Pay to Buy Furniture in Chicago

When your can buy it as cheap right here at home. I have fully demonstrated to Barrington people time after time that such is a fact and in every case where prices have been asked on funniture, mine were always found to be the lowest and I received the order. This is my policy-to make the price low enough to make the sale. A majority of the best furniture in Barrington was furnished by me. That means something. I am selling.....

Morris Chair---oak, covered with green corderoy, \$7 up Wall Pockets---white enamel or oak. 556 up Iron Beds---white enamel...... \$2.75 up \$2 up Mattresses,

Elegant Pictures of the Asiatic Squadron, Bombardment of San Juan, Sinking of the Merrimac, The Battle of Manila-each 16x20 in a handsome frame of oak, white enamel or gold. Price only \$1.35. Land Scenery in white enamel or gold frame, size 20x28, each. \$1.75.

I we a large line of other Pictures equally as low in price.

We are well Stocked Up with

Rocking Chairs, Dining Chairs, Bedroom Sets, Couches, Center Tables, Dining Tables, High Chairs, Nurse Chairs, Bed Springs in all sizes, jardiners, Mirrors, odd Wash Stands-in fact, there is nothing in this line but what I have in stock or can furnish on short notice. It will pay you to see my stock:

Barrington, Illinois E. M. BLOCKS,



Holiday

are more importune than holiday pres-

Whether your family demands a whole ox or a small chicken, or a pound or two of nice steak, we can serve you in a satisfactory manner.

Our prices are only high enough to make it possible to sell the very best Meats and Poultry the markets afford, but you find them low enough to leave lets of change for many little presents.

Fresh Home-Made Sausages. Oysters and WAGNER, GEO. M.

Vegetables in Season. Highest Price I aid for Hides and Tallows.

The best place to buy

Toyc, Handkerchiefs, Rugs, Music Boxes,

Toilet Sets, Mufflers, Dolls, Jewelry, Etc.,

C. PLAGGE'S.

Barrington.

We also have a full line of-

Dress Goods, Fine Footwear, Gloves, Mittens, Etc.

NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS

Minor Happenings of the Past Week.

NEWS OF LAST SEVEN DAYS.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers-The Accident Record.

Germantown, O .- Dr. Michael Trout, aged 95 years, is dead at his home here. Findlay, Ill.—The postoffice here was robbed and all the money and stamps taken.

Portage, Wis.-John Van Wie is in jail here charged with defrauding farm-

West Superior, Wis.-Nels Edds fell from a South Shore train and was killed.

Warsaw. Ind.-Edward Evans has been arrested on a charge of robbing. M. S. Berkiey's store.

Three Oaks, Ind.—George Leeds, aged 70, was struck by a Michigan Central train and killed.

Michigan City, Ind.—Ernest Wills, member of the One Hundred and Sixty-first Indiana, was arrested for deser-

Dubuque, Iowa-The ice is now six inches thick on the Mississippi river and teams can cross with safety.

Saunemin, Ill.-The Middle Division elevator here burned and 30,000 bushels of grain was destroyed.

Goshen, Ind .- A. W. Wilden, the real-estate operator, has failed with assets of \$120,000 and \$80,000 liabilities. Jefferson City, Mo.-The supreme court has affirmed the death sentence

of O. H. Baker, of Shannon county. Fresno, Cal.-The raisin growers are preparing to protest against the free admission of Zante currants to this Country, as recommended in President

McKinley's message. Oakland, Cal.-Samuel P. Flint, assistant superintendent of the railway mail service, was struck by a locomotive and killed.

Wabash, Ind.-Mrs. Levi Phillips, aged 50, was accidentally shot and killed by her son William at the family home fifteen miles northeast of this

mutineer murderer, John Andersen, has gone to Washington to intercede with President McKinley for his

client's life. Maryville, Mo.-The jury in the case of Louis Cambron against the Omaha & St. Louis railway brought in a verdict giving the plaintiff \$15,000 dam-

New York-The steam yacht Oneida, having on board her owner, E. C. Benedict, and ex-President Grover Cieveland, was in a collision with a transfer float off the Battery wall in the upper New York bay. The yacht had her bowsprit carried away. No one was in-

jured. Janesville, Wis .- Doctors are holding a post-mortem examination in the case of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Wilcox, which leads to the belief that it was a case of murder and suicide.

San Francisco-The body of Judge Carter, the western racing judge, has been recovered from the ruins of the burned Baldwin hotel.

Providence, R. I.-Oliver Sumner Teall of New York, of anti-treating crusade fame, has been sued for divorce by Florence B. Teall.

Boston V. K., and A. H. Jones, boot and shoe manufacturers of Boston and Hogs, common to prime. 1.00 @3.45 Lynn, Mass., have assigned. Liabilities, \$130.000; assets unknown.

Emporia, Kas.-The comptroller of the currency has levied at assessment of 100 per cent on the stock of the recently failed First National bank.

New York-Max A. Lazar, a diamond dealer, arrested two weeks ago on a charge of smuggling gems, has settled with the government by paying \$38,000.

Cleveland, O.-The Bar association vill, it is claimed, table indefinitely the eport of the trial committee in the disoarment proceedings against State Senator Burke.

Washington-Thurlow Weed Barnes' suit for \$1,000,000 against the syndicate known as the American-China Development company may be settled out of court, the company's officials fearing publicity will harm their future plans.

London-The British foreign office has received news that Lieuts. Keating and Gale and twelve native soldiers were massacred in October last, while parleying with tribesmen of the Niger territory between Jobba and Ilo.

Dunkirk, N. Y .- President W. H. Newman of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad company has Wheat, No. 2 cash placed an order with the Brooks Locomotive works for forty-five locomo- Oats, No. 2 mixed tives. The total cost will be about Rye, No. 2 cash \$500,00^

MISCELLANEOUS.

Vancouver, B. C.—The socialistic community established near Vancouver three years ago has collapsed. It was started on the co-operative plan by Lord Rossmere, an English capitalist, with radical ideas.

New York-Pillsbury has challenged Lasker by cable for the chess championship of the world, and Lasker, who is now in London, has accepted.

Milwaukee, Wis.-William T. Palmer, an old resident of Milwaukee and for years an active business man, died in his eighty-fourth year.

Joliet, Ill.-The city council of Joliet has purchased two park sites, the culmination of an agitation in that direction extending over a period of several months.

San Francisco, Cal.—The steamship Australia has reached port with 600 men of the New York regiment from the Hawaiian islands.

New York-John Philip Sousa is ill with pneumonia.

Dubuque, Iowa-Dr. C. H. Whitwell of this city has been appointed assistant veterinary surgeon for Iowa.

Dubuque, Iowa-The second annual exhibition of the Mississippi Valley Poultry association was held here.

Springfield, O.—The Central Union Telephone company has been granted the right to establish an underground system here.

Oshkosh, Wis.-The saloon men of Oshkosh are combining to abandon free lunch counters.

Green Bay, Wis.-Henceforth women at the First Methodist church will remove their hats during service.

New York-The will of the late Charles P. Wilder of Wellesly Hills bequeaths \$102,000 to Mount Holyoke college.

Edwardsville, Ill.-Mrs. Sarah Ann Ballard died suddenly while on her way from her home in Troy, Ill., to Alabama.

Dover, N. H.-Notices have been posted in all the departments of the Sawyer woolen mills, announcing a 10 per cent wage reduction.

Galveston, Tex.-E. S. Easley, who killed W. B. Blythe, a reporter, on Nov. 11, was admitted to bail in the sum of \$7,500 in habeas corpus proceedings.

Mason City, Iowa-The Congregationalists of this city dedicated their new \$30,000 church here. Frederick E. Hopkins of Dubuque conducted the services.

Muskegon, Mich.-Attorney James Snow, dean of the Muskegon County Bar association, died as the result of a stroke of paralysis.

New York-James G. Lindsley, who represented the seventeenth New York listrict in the forty-ninth congres Norfolk, Va.-The counsel for the died at his home in Kingston, N. Y., aged 79 years.

> Pittsburg - Andrew Carnegie has gladdened thousands of workmen in all departments of the Carnegie company by an advance of 5 per cent in their wages.

New York-William H. Butler has been elected permanent president of the Union Tobacco company.

New York-The Venezuelan government has decided not to impose further duties on supplies sent to American consulates located in that country.

Norfolk, Va.-The safe taken from the Spanish cruiser, the Maria Teresa, contained about \$75,000 in Spanish and American money.

Chicago - The Western Baseball league stands secure in its circuit. Buffalo yesterday sent in articles binding it to that organization for next year.

Washington-The war department has decided to defer until February the removal of the bodies of American soldiers from Santiago as a precaution against yellow fever.

- LATEST MARKET REPORT.

CHICAGO. Cattle, all grades\$1.75 @5.80

	Sheep and lambs	2.00	@5.25
	Wheat, No. 2 red		.70
	Corn, No. 2	.33%	@ .34
	Oats, No. 3 white		
	Eggs		.22
	Butter	.121/2	@ .221/2
	Rye, No. 2		.52
	ST. LOUIS.	,	
	Wheat No. 2	.70	@ .70%
100	Oats No. 2 cash		.27
	Corn, No. 2 cash		.32
	Cattle all grades	2.25	@5.25
	Hogs		@3.35
	Sheep and lambs		@5.40
	MILWAUKEE	C.)	
	Wheat, No. 1 northern.	.671/2	@ :6734
	Oats, No. 2 white		
	D1 W- 0		5 4034

Wheat, No. 1 northern.	.671/2@ .673/4
Oats, No. 2 white	.28% @ .28%
Barley, No. 2	.48 0 .481/2
NEW YORK	
Wheat, No. 2 red	.76%
Corn, No. 2	. 40%
Oats, No. 2	.31
PEORIA.	17 17 17
Rye, No. 2	.49

Rye, No. 2	N. C.	.49
Oats, No. 3 white		@ .271/4
Corn, No. 2		.33%
KANSAS CIT		
Cattle, all grades	2.15	@5.20
Hogs, all grades		@3.35
Sheep and lambs		@5.40
TOLEDO.		

.70% Corn. No. 2 mixed26 Cloverseed, prime cash.

EVENTS IN ILLINOIS.

Seven Days' Doings in the Prairie State-Telegrams Received from Various Points.

Gov. Tanner Indicted.

Gov. Tanner of Illinois was yesterday indicted by the Macoupin county grand jury for alleged omission of duty in the Virden miners' riot and for malfeasance in office. The dereliction of duty charged is predicated upon the governor's alleged failure to respond to the appeals of citizens and officials of Virden to send troops there to prevent a riot that everyone realized was inevitable as soon as the imported Alabama negroes made their appearance to take the places of striking union miners. F. W. Lukens, manager of the coal company, and a number of detectives and others were indicted also. Lukens is indicted for manslaughter.

Bail in the governor's case was fixed at \$500; the other bonds required are heavy.

The governor, in an interview at Springfield, says he does not fear the result. He rather makes light of the whole affair. He claims that the money power is after him because he is trying to govern Illinois in the interest of the people. That the indictment is a good thing because it will show up the conspiracy to run this country in the interest of trusts and combines.

The state's attorney at Carlinville says the grand jury returning the indictments did its work conscientiously and its report was in consonance with the testimony adduced before that

Ten indictments, involving fifty-four men, were in all returned.

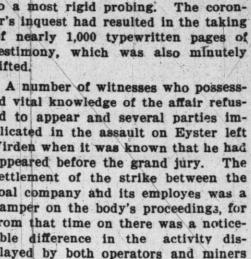
Fred W. Lukens, general manager of

tinuously at work since Nov. 9. During that time 200 witnesses were summoned, of which 175 were subjected to a most rigid probing. The coroner's inquest had resulted in the taking of nearly 1,000 typewritten pages of testimony, which was also minutely

A number of witnesses who possessed vital knowledge of the affair refused to appear and several parties implicated in the assault on Eyster left Virden when it was known that he had appeared before the grand jury. The settlement of the strike between the coal company and its employes was a damper on the body's proceedings, for from that time on there was a noticeable difference in the activity displayed by both operators and miners in pushing the investigation to completion.

When seen State's Attorney Vaughn said he had not sufficiently considered the legal phases of the cases against the governor to be willing to talk about the method of procedure. When asked if politics had anything to do with their indictment Mr. Vaughn said:

"It is true that the grand jury was largely Democratic, but it is also true that the men who were taking a leading part in this investigation and who took the strongest stand against Governor Tanner were Republicans. It is also true that there were prominent Democrats on the jury who believed it was not the proper thing to indict the governor and that he was not under the law guilty as charged in the inthe Chicago-Virden coal company, is dictment. The jury went cautiously



Try Grain-o! Try Grain-o!

of the municipality.

Make it a Point

To Get the Best Every Time, When

You Buy Medicine.

Do not experiment. Get Hood's Sarsapa-

rilla and you will have the best medicine

money can buy - the medicine that cures

when all others fail. You have every reason

to expect it will do for you what it has

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price \$1,

Mood's PHIs are the favorite cathartic.

Stockholm's Opera-House.

is said to be the finest in Europe, al-

though others have a larger seating

capacity. It took seven years to com-

plete it, and the cost was more than

\$1,600,000. Private enterprise made the

scheme possible, although the property

has already passed into the possession

Stockholm has an opera house which

Remember

done for others.

Health is too valuable to be trifled with,

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth the price of coffee, 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all

A Nice Distinction

Fuddy-So you consider Tuffiter a liar? Oh, dear, no; I wouldn't go so far as that, I wouldn't like to say more than that he is so fond of saying something new that he oftentimes has to say things that are not so.-Boston Tran-

The Diploma and Gold Medal.

Were awarded to the Chicago Scale Company of Chicago, Ill., at the Omaha exposition for the best stock and hay scales over all first-class makes, no cheap scales were considered. company sells more scales than any other, and their prices are lower than those of any reliable scale. They also handle hundreds of useful specialties for farmers and others. They send catalogue free.

In Family.

"See here, Sarah, you can't go out in that bicycle skirt. It's too confounded short. Where did you get it?" "Borrowed it from your mother."-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delavs are dangerous.

The man who gives to God will never have to complain of ingratitude.

There is nothing injurious in Coat's Headache Capsules, they have no equal. Your money back if they fail to cure your headache. 10 and 25c.

There are 17,000,000 comets.

A Perfect Type of the Highest Order of Excellence in Manufacture."



Breakfast

Absolutely Pure, Delicious, Nutritious.

Costs Less Than ONE CENT a Cup..

Be sure that you get the Genuine Article, made at DORCHESTER, MASS. by

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd. ESTABLISHED 1780.

WHISKERS DYED

A Natural Black by

Price 50 cents of all druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

ENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS, JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in lagt war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, Cuaranteed to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, billiousness, headache, etc. At druggists 25c & \$1.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

TENT secured or money returned. Exam. Free. S. H. Svans. 1010 F. Wash., D. C. If afficied with Thompson's Eye Water

charged with manslaughter on two; and I advised them as little as possible counts. With Lukens his deputies, Frank Wilder, J. E. Sickles and J. H. Smith, are indicted for the killing of Joseph Gitterele, a Mount Olive miner. Manager Lukens, with Detectives F. C. Gunney, Nelson Isaacson, B. B. Burton, John McKinney and J. E. Sickles, is indicted for manslaughter for the killing of Ellis Smith, a miner. John D. Knotts, an Auburn miner, is charged with assault to murder Jacob F. Eyster, manager of the Climax Trading company. The Thiel detective guards, who were on board the train in charge of the negroes for the Chicago-Virden shaft, are held for riot. Indictments for assault and battery were also returned against several miners. In the indictments against Governor

GOV. JOHN R. TANNER.

Tanner, charging him with palpable omission of duty and malfeasance in office, the complaining witnesses are John Graham, Will Mitchell, William Wilson, Clarence Ross and Charles Stewart, employes of the Chicago-Virden coal company. They testified that they were intimidated and prevented from following their legitimate employment by an armed body of men who unlawfully and feloniously were assembled in Virden; that the governor had been notified by the sheriff of Macoupin county and Manager Lukens that there was not protection to be had from the county, and was earnestly importuned for state assistance. The investigation was full of drama-

tic interest. The jurors were heartily

with reference to what they should do. I do not care to discuss the evidence in the case, nor the legal phases of the

Lukens and ten of the guards are under bonds to appear before the circuit court, and an order was entered in the circuit court that the recognizances taken in the justice courts shall stand. A number of other guards who were indicted are not under bonds, and their homes are not known. None of the miners indicted are under bonds and the one miner charged with the most serious offense is gone.

A. J. Roberts, foreman of the grand jury, is a police magistrate at Virden and a former employe of the Chicago-Virden Coal Company. After the jury had been discharged he made the following statement:

"I do not approve of the governor's indictment. The executive was not fully aware of the situation. He was not fully apprised. Had the sheriff gone to Springfield with a few of Virden's reputable citizens and seen the governor personally he would have sent state aid."

Troop B. Relleved.

Pana, Ill.-After fifty days continuous night and day riot duty in Pana, Troop B, of Bloomington, First Illinois cavalry squadron, were relieved last week by Company K, Fifth regitired of their task, having been con- ment, of Delavan.

THE PRESIDENT'S SECOND ANNUAL MESSAGE

Condensed Report of the Most Important Document Sent to Congress Since the Close of the Civil War.

The president's message this year contains some 60,000 words, far too much for publication in limited space at disposal. The president begins his annual report by reference to improved conditions, failure of autonomy in Cuba, destruction of the Maine, the failure of negotiations with Spain and the final recourse to arms. He then tells the story of the war practically as it is known. Then he says:

Independent Government for Cuba.

"As soon as we are in possession of Cuba and have pacified the island, it will be necessary to give aid and direction to its people to form a government for themselves. This should be undertaken at the earliest moment consistent with safety and assured success. It is important that our relations with these people shall be of the most friendly character, and our commercial relations close and reciprocal. It should be our duty to assist in every proper way to build up the waste places of the island, encourage the industry of the people and assist them to form a government which shall be free and independent, thus realizing the best aspirations of the Cuban people.

Spanish rule must be replaced by a just, benevolent and humane government, created by the people of Cuba, capable of performing all international obligations and which shall encourage thrift, industry and prosperity and promote peace and good will among all of the inhabitants, whatever may have been their relations in the past. Neither revenge nor passion should have a place in the new government. Until there is complete tranquility in the island and a stable government inaugurated military occupation will be continued.'

He then refers to our pleasant relations with foreign countries. Referring to the

Nicaraguan canal, he says:

Report of Nicaragua Canal Commission. "The Nicaragua canal commission, under the championship of Rear Admiral John G. Walker, appointed July 24, 1897, under the authority of a provision in the sundry civil act of June 4 of that year, has nearly completed its labors, and the results of its exhaustive inquiry into the proper route, the feasibility and the cost of construction of an interoceanic canal by a Nicaraguan route will be laid before you. In the performance of its task the commission received all possible courtesy and assistance from the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica, which thus testified their appreciation of the importance of giving a speedy and practical outcome to the great project that has for so many years engrossed the attention of the respective countries. As the scope of recent inquiry embraced the whole subject, with the aim of making plans and surveys for a canal by the most conven-ient route, it necessarily included a review of the results of previous surveys and plans, and in particular those adopted by the Maritime Canal Company under its existing concessions from Nicaragua and Costa Rica, so that to this extent those grants necessarily held an essential part in the deliberations and conclusions of the canal commission, as they have held and must needs hold in the discussion of the matter by the congress. Under these circumstances and in view of overtures made by the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica by other parties for a new canal concession predicated on the assumed approaching lapse of the contracts of the Maritime Canal Company with those states, I have not hesitated to express my conviction that considerations of expediency and international policy as between the several governments interested in the construction and control of an interoceanic canal by this route require the maintenance of the status quo until the canal commission shall have reported and the United States congress shall have had the opportunity to pass finally upon the whole matter during the present session, without prejudice by reason of any change in the existing conditions. Nevertheless, it appears that the government of Nicaragua as one of its last sovereign acts before merging its powers in those of the newly formed United States of Central America has granted an optional concession to another association, to become effective on the expiration of the present grant. It does not appear what surveys have been made or what route is proposed under this contingent granted, so that an examination of the feasibility of its plans is necessarily not embraced in the report of the canal commission. All these circumstances suggest the urgency of some definite action by the congress at this session if the labors of the past are to be utilized and the linking of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans by a practical water way is to be realized. That the construction of such a maritime highway is now more than ever indispensable to that intimate and ready intercommunication between our eastern and western seaboards demanded by the annexation of the Hawaiian islands and the prospective expansion of our influence and commerce in the Pacific, and that our national policy now more imperatively than ever calls for its control by this government, are propositions which I doubt not the congress will duly appreciate and wisely act

Chilian Claims.

"A convention providing for the revival of the late United States and Chilian claims commission and the consideration of claims, which were duly presented to the late commission but not considered because of the expiration of the time limited for the duration of the commission, was signed May 24, 1897, and has remained unacted upon by the senate. The term therein fixed for effecting the exchange of ratifications having elapsed, the convention fails unless the time be extended by amendment, which I am endeavoring to bring about, with the friendly concurrence of the Chilian government.

American Interests in the Orient. The United States has not been at indifferent spectator of the extraordinary events transpiring in the Chinese Empire, whereby portions of its maritime provinces are passing under the control of various European powers: but the prospect that the vast commerce which the energy of our citizens and the necessity of our staple productions for Chinese uses has built up in those regions may not be prejudiced through any exclusive treatment by the new occupants has ob-

viated the need of our country becoming an actor in the scene. Our position among nations having a large Pacific coast, and a constantly expanding direct trade with the farther orient, gives us the equitable claim to consideration and friendly treatment in this regard, and it will be my aim to subserve our large interests in that quarter by all means appropriate to the constant policy of our government, The territories of Kiao-Chow, of Wei-Hai-Wei and of Port Arthur and Talien-Wan, leased to Germany, Great Britain and Russia respectively for terms of years, will, it is announced, be open to international commerce during such alien occupation, and if no discriminating treatment of American citizens and their trade be found to exist or be hereafter developed the desire of this government would appear to be realized. In this relation, as showing the volume and value of our exchanges with China, and the peculiarly favorable conditions which exist for their expansion in the normal course of trade. I refer to the communication addressed to the speaker of the house of representatives by the secretary of the treasury on the 14th of last June, with its accompanying letter of the secretary of state, recommending an appropriation for a commission to study the commercial and industrial conditions in the Chinese Empire and report as to the opportunities for and obstacles to the enlargement of markets in China for the raw products and manufactures of the United States. Action was not taken thereon during the late session. I cordially urge that the recommendation receive at your hands the consideration which its importance and timeliness merit. Meanwhile, there may be just ground for disquietude in view of the unrest and revival of the old sentiment of opposition and prejudice to alien people, which pervades certain of the Chinese provinces. As in the case of the attacks upon our citizens in Szechuan and at Kutien in 1885, the United States minister has been instructed to secure the fullest measure of protection, both local and imperial, for any menaced American interests, and to demand, in case of lawless injury to person or property, instant reparation appropriate to the case. War ships have been stationed at Tien-Tsin for more ready observation of the disorders which have invaded even the Chinese capital, so as to be in a position to act should need arise, while a guard of marines has been

Annexation of Hawaiian Islands.

Referring to Hawaii the president has the following to say:

"Pending the consideration by the senate of the treaty signed June 16, 1897, by the plenipotentiaries of the United States and of the Repulbic of Hawaii, providing for the annexation of the islands, a joint resolution to accomplish the same purpose by accepting the offered cession and incorporating the ceded territory into the union was adopted by the congress and approved July 7, 1898. I thereupon directed the United States steamer Philadelphia to convey Rear Admiral Miller to Honolulu, and intrusted to his hands this important legislative act to be delivered to the president of the Republic of Hawaii, with whom the admiral and the United States minister were authorized to make appropriate arrangements for transferring the sovereignty of the islands to the United States. This was simply but impressively accomplished the 12th of August last by the delivery of a certified copy of the resolutions to President Dole, who thereupon yielded up to the representatives of the government of the United States the sovereignty and public property of the Hawalian islands. Pursuant to the terms of the joint resolution and in exercise of the authority thereby conferred upon me, I directed that the civil, judicial and military powers theretofore exercised by the officers of the government of the Republic of Hawaii should continue to be exercised by those officers until congress shall provide a government for the incorporated territory subject to my power to remove such officers and to fill vacancles. The president, officers and troops of the republic thereupon took the oath of allegiance to the United States, thus providing for the uninterrupted continuance of all the administrative and municipal functions of the annexed territory

until congress shall otherwise enact.

"Following the further provision of the joint resolution. I appointed Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois, John T. Morgan of Alabama, Robert R. Hitt of Illinois, Sanford B, Dole of Hawaii and Walter F. Grear Hawaii as commissioners to confer and recommend to congress such legislation concerning the Hawaiian islands as they should deem necessary or proper The commissioners having fulfilled the mission confided to them, their report will be laid before you at an early day. It is believed that their recommendations will have the earnest consideration due to the magnitude of the responsibility resting upon you to give such shape to the relationship of those mid-Pacific islands to our home union as will benefit both in the highest degree, realizing the aspirations of the community that has cast its lot with us and elected to share our political heritage, while, at the same time, justifying the foresight of those who for three-quarters of a century have looked to the assimilation of Hawaii as a natural and inevitable consummation. in harmony with our needs and in fulfillment of our cherished traditions. questions heretofore pending between Hawaii and Japan growing out of the alleged mistreatment of Japanese treaty immigrants were, I am pleased to say adjusted before the act of transfer by the payment of a reasonable indemnity to the government of Japan. Under the provisions of the joint resolution the existing customs relations of the Hawaiian islands with the United States and with other countries remain unchanged until legislation shall otherwise provide. The consuls of Hawaii here and in other countries, continue to fulfill their commercial agencies, while the United States consulate at Honolulu is maintained for all proper services pertaining to trade and the revenue. It would be desirable that all foreign consuls in the Hawaiian islands should receive new exequaturs from this government. The attention of congress is called to the fact that our

consular offices having ceased to exist

in Hawaii and being about to cease in

other countries, coming under the sover-

eignty of the United States, the provisions for the relief and transportation of destitute American seamen in these countries under our consular regulations will in consequence terminate. It is proper, therefore, that new legislation should be enacted upon this subject, in order to meet that changed condition." able facilities should be granted for its development."

The New Possessions.

"I do not discuss at this time the government or the future of the new possessions which will come to us as the result of the war with Spain. Such dis-cussion will be appropriate after the treaty of peace shall be ratified. In the meantime and until the congress has legislated otherwise it will be my duty to continue the military governments which have existed since our occupaton and government of the people, security in life and property, and encouragement under a just and beneficial rule."

Condition of the Treasury.

Referring to the condition of the na. tional treasury the message says:

"The secretary of the treasury reports that the receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, including \$84,751,223 received from sale of Pacific railroads, amounted to \$405,321,335, and its expenditures to \$443,368,582. There was collected from customs \$149,575,062 and from internal revenue \$170,900,641. Our dutiable imports amounted to \$324,735,479, a decrease of \$58,-156,690 over the preceding year, and importations free of duty amounted to \$291,414,175, a decrease from the preceding year of \$90,524,068. Internal revenue receipts exceeded those of the preceding year by \$24,212,068. The total tax collected on distilled spirits was \$92.546,999, on manufactured tobacco \$36,230,522 and on fermented liquors \$39,515,421. We exported merchandise during the year amounting to \$1,231,482,330, an increase of \$180,488,774 from the preceding year. It is estimated upon the basis of present revenue laws that the receipts of the government for the year ending June 30, 1899, will be \$577,874,607 and its expenditures \$689,874,647, resulting in a deficiency of \$112,000,000. On the 1st of December, 1898, there was held in the treasury gold amounting to \$138,441,547, gold bullion amounting to \$138,502,545, silver bullion amounting to \$93,359,250 and other forms of money amounting to \$451,963,981. On the same date the amount of money of all kinds in circulation or not included in treasury holdings was \$1,836,879,504, an increase for the year of \$165,794,966. Estimating our population at 75,194,000 at the time mentioned the per capita circulation was \$25.09. The provisions made for strengthening the resources of the treasury in connection with the war have given increased confidence in the purpose and power of the government to maintain the present standard and has established more firmly than ever the national credit at home and abroad. A marked evidence of this is found in the inflow of gold to the treasury. Its net gold holdings Nov. 1, 1898, were \$239,885,160, compared with \$153.573.147 Nov. 1, 1897, and an increase of net cash of \$207,756,100 Nov. 1, 1897, to \$300,238,275 Nov. 1, 1898. The present ratio of net treasury gold to outstanding government liabilities, including United States treasury notes of 1890, silver certificates, currency certificates, standard silver dollars and fractional silver coin. Nov. 1, 1898, was 25.35 per cent, as com-

pared with 16.96 per cent Nov. 1, 1897. Quotes Message of '97.

"I renew so much of my recommendation of December, 1897, as follows: 'That when any of the United States notes are presented for redemption in gold and are redeemed in gold, such notes shall be kept and set apart and only paid out in exchange for gold. This is an obvious duty. If the holder of the United States note prefers the gold and gets it from the government, he should not receive back from the government a United States note without paying gold in exchange. The reason for this is made all the more apparent when the government issues an nterest-bearing debt to provide gold for the redemption of United States notesa noninterest-bearing debt. Surely it should not pay them out again except on demand and for gold. If they are put out in any other way they may return again, to be followed by another bond issue to redeem them-another interestbearing debt to redeem a noninterestbearing debt.

'This recommendation was made in the helief that such provisions of law would insure to a greater degree the safety of the present standard and better protect our currency from the dangers to which it is subjected from a disturbance in the general business conditions of the coun-

To Gradually Retire Greenbacks.

"In my judgment the present condition of the treasury amply justifies the immediate enactment of the legislation recommended one year ago, under which a portion of the gold holdings should be placed in a trust fund from which greenbacks should be redeemed upon presentation, but when once redeemed should not thereafter be paid out except for gold. It is not to be inferred that other legislation relating to our currency is not required; on the contrary, there, is an obvious demand for it. The importance of adequate provision which will insure to our future a money standard related as our money standard now is to that of our commercial rivals is generally recognized. The companion proposition that our domestic paper currency shall be kept safe and yet be so related to the needs of our industries and internal commerce as to be adequate and responsive to such needs is a proposition carcely less important. The subject, in all its parts, is commended to the wise consideration of the congress.'

Increase of Regular Army Recommended.

Recommending an increase in the army, the president uses the following language: "Under the act of congress approved April 26, 1898, authorizing the president, in his discretion, 'upon a declaration of war by congress, or a declaration by congress that war exists,' I directed the increase of the regular army to the maximum of \$2,000, authorized by said act. "There are now in the regular army provided 'that at the end of any war in which the United States may become involved the army shall be reduced to a peace basis by the transfer in the same arm of the service or absorption by pro-motion or honorable discharge under such regulations as the secretary of war may establish of supernumerary commissioned officers and the honorable discharge or transfer of supernumerary enlisted men; and nothing contained in this act shall be construed as authorizing the permanent increase of the commissioned or enlisted force of the regular army beyond that now provided for by the law in force prior to the passage of this act, except as to the increase of twenty-five majors provided for in section 1 hereof.'

"The importance of legislation for the permanent increase of the army is therefore manifest, and the recommendation of the secretary of war for that purpose has my unqualified approval. There can be no question that at this time and probably for some time in the future 100,000 men will be none too many to meet the necessities of the situation. At all events, whether the number shall be required permanently or not, the power should be given to the President to enlist that force if in his discretion it should be necessary, and the further discretion should be given him to recruit within the above limit from the inhabitants of the islands with the government of which we are

"It is my purpose to muster out the entire volunteer army as soon as the congress shall provide for the increase of the regular establishment. This will be only an act of justice and will be much appreciated by the brave men who left their homes and employments to help the country in its emergency."

Union Pacific Railway.

In reference to sale of Union Pacific

railways, he says: "It is a gratifying fact that the result of these proceedings against the Union Pacific system and the Kansas Pacific Line is that the government has received on account of its subsidy claim the sum of \$64,751,223.75, an increase of \$18,997,163.75 over the sum which the reorganization committee originally agreed to bid for the joint property, the government receiving its whole claim, principal and interest, on the Union Pacific and the principal of its debt on the Kansas Pacific Railroad. Steps had been taken to foreclose the government's lien upon the Central Pacific Railroad Company, but before action was commenced congress passed an act, approved July 7, 1898, creating a commission, consisting of the secretary of the treasury, the attorney general and the secretary of the interior and their successors in office, with full power to settle the indebtedness to the government growing out of the issue of bonds in aid of construction of the Central Pacific and Western Pacific bond-aided railroads, subject to the approval of the president, No report has yet been made to me by the commission thus created. Whatever action is had looking to a settlement of the indebtedness in accordance with the act referred to will be duly submitted to

Growth of the Postal Service.

"The postal service of the country adrances with extraordinary growth, Within twenty years both the revenues and the expenditures of the postoffice department have multiplied threefold. In we nearly doue last ten years they h bled. Our postal business grows much more rapidly than our population. It now involves an expenditure of \$100,000,000 a year, numbers 73,000 postoffices, and enrolls 200,000 employes. This remarkable extension of a service, which is an accurate index of the public conditions, presents gratifying evidence of the advancement of education, of the increase of communication and business activity and of the improvement of mail facilities leading to their constantly augmenting use.

"The war with Spain laid new and exceptional labors in the postoffice department. The mustering of the military and naval forces of the United States required special mail arrangements for every camp and every campaign. The communication between home and camp was naturally eager and expectant. In some of the larger places of rendezvous as many as 50,000 letters a day required handling. This necessity was met by the prompt detail and dispatch of experienced men from the established force. and by directing all the instrumentalities of the railway mail and postoffice service so far as necessary to this new need. Congress passed an act empowering the postmaster general to establish offices or branches at every military camp or station, and under this authority the postal machinery was speedily put into effective operation.

"Under the same authority, when our forces moved upon Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, they were attended and followed by the postal service. Though the act of congress authorized the appointment of postmasters where necessary it was early determined that the public interests would be best subserved not by new designations, but by the detail of experienced men familiar with every branch of the service, and this policy was steadily followed. When the territory which was the theater of conflict came into our possession, it became necessary to re-establish mail facilities for the resident population, as well as to provide them for our forces of occupation, and the former requirement was met through the extension and application of the latter obligation. I gave the requisite authority and the same general principle was applied to this as to other branches of civil administration under military occupation. The details are more particularly given in the report of the postmaster general, and while the work is only just begun it is pleasing to be able to say that the service in the territory which has come under our control is already materially improved.

Indorses Plans for Increasing Navy.

The following recommendations of the secre tary of the navy relative to the increase navy have my sarnest approval: 1. Three sea-going, sheathed and coppered battle ships of about 13,500 tons trial displacement, carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ord-nance for vessels of their class, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of armament, \$3,600,000 each. 2. Three sheathed and coppered armored cruisers of about 12,000 tons trial displacement, carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for ves-sels of their class, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action. Estimated cost, exclusive of armor and armament. \$4,000,000 each. 3. Three sheathed and coppered protected cruisers of about 6,000 tons tital displacement; to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action ticable speed and great radius of action, and to carry the most powerful ordnance suitable for vessels of their class. Estimated cost, exclusive of armor and armament, \$2,150,000 each.

Six sheathed and coppered cruisers of about

2,500 tens trial displacement; to have the highest speed compatible with good cruising qualities, great radius of action and to carry the most powerful ordnance suited to vessels of their class. Estimated cost, exclusive of armament, \$1,141,800 each. I join with the secretary of the navy in recommending that the grades of admiral and vice admiral be temporarily revived, to be filled by officers who have specially distinguished themselves in the war with Spain. I earnestly urge upon congress the importance of early legislation providing for the taking of the twelfth census. This is necessary in view of the large amount of work which must be performed in the preparation of the schedules preparatory to the enumeration of the population.

Large Additions to the List of Pensioners.

"There were on the pension rolls June 30, 1898, 993,714 names, an increase of hearly 18,000 over the number on the rolls the same day of the preceding year. The amount appropriated by the act of Dec. 22, 1896, for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year 1898 was \$140,000,000. Eight million seventy thousand eight hundred and seventy-two dollars and forty-six cents was appropriated by the act of March 31, 1898, to cover deficiencies in army pensions and repayments in the sum of \$12,-020.33, making a total of \$148,082,892.79 available for the payment of pensions during the fiscal o20.33 making a total of \$148,082,892.79 available for the payment of pensions during the fiscal year 1898. The amount disbursed from that sum was \$144,651,879.80, leaving a balance of \$3,-431,012.99 unexpended June 30, 1898, which was covered into the treasury. There were 389 names added to the rolls during the year by special acts passed at the second session of the fifty-fifth congress, making a total of 6,486 pensioners by congressional enactments since 1861. The total receipts of the patent office during the last year were \$1.253,948.44. The expenditures were \$1,081,633.79, leaving a sus plus of \$172,314.65.

Report of Dawes Commission,

"While it has not yet been practicable to enforce all the provisions of the act of June 28, 1898. 'for the protection of the people of the Indian Territory and for other purposes,' it is having a salutary effect upon the nations composing the five tribes. The Dawes commission reports that the most gratifying results and greater advance toward the attainment of the objects of the governments have been secured. objects of the governments have been secured in the last year than in any previous year. I cannot too strongly indorse the recommendation of the commission and of the secretary of the interior for the necessity of providing for the education of the 30,000 white children resident in the Indian Territory.

"The department of agriculture has been active in the last year. Explorers have been sent to many of the countries of the eastern and western hemispheres for seeds and plants that may be useful to the United States and with the further view of opening up markets for our surplus products. The forestry division of the department is giving special, attention to the treeless regions of our country and is introducing species specially adapted to semi-arid regions. Forest fires, which seniously interfere with production, especially in irrigated regions, are being studied, that the losses from this cause may be avoided. The department is inquiring into the use and abuse of water in many states of the west and collecting information Work of the Department of Agriculture states of the west and collecting information regarding the laws of the states, the decisions of the courts and the customs of the people in this regard, so that uniformity may be secured. Experiment stations are becoming more effective every year. The annual appropriation of \$720,000 by congress is supplemented by \$400,000 from the states. Nation-wide experiments have been conducted to ascertain the suitableness as to soil and climate and states for growing suggest beets. The purples of suggest and states for growing sugar beets. The number of sugar fac-tories has been doubled in the last two years and the ability of the United States to produce its own sugar from this source has been clearly demonstrated. The weather bureau forecast and observation stations have been extended around the Caribbean Sea to give early warning of the approach of hurricanes from the south seas to

our fleets and merchant marine. Government Lands Disposed Of.

"The public lands disposed of by the govern-ment during the year reached 8,453,896.92 acres, an increase of 614,780.26 acres over the previous year. The total receipts from public lands during the fiscal year amounted to \$2,277,995.18, an increase of \$190,063.90 over the preceding year. The lands embraced in the eleven forest reservations which were suspended by the act of June 4, 1897, again became subject to the eperations of the proclamations of Feb. 22, 1897. creating them. which added an estimated amount of \$19,951,360 acres to the area embraced in the reserves previously created. In addition thereto two new reserves were created during the year-the Pine Mountain and Zaca Lake reserve in California, embracing 1,644,594 acres, and the Prescott reserve in Arizona, embracing 10,240 acres; while the Pecos River reserve in New Mexico has been changed and enlarged to include 120,000 additional acres. At the close of the year thirty forest reservations, not including those of the Afornac forest and the fish culture reserve in Alaska, had been created by executive proclamations, under sec-tion 24 of the act of March 3, 1891, embracing an estimated area of 40,719,474 acres. The department of the interior has inaugurated forest system, made possible by the act of July, 1898, for a graded force of officers in control of the reserves. This system has only been in full operation since August, but good results have already been secured in many sec-tions. The reports received indicate that the system of patrol has not only prevented destructive fires from gaining headway, but has diminished the number of fires. The special atten-tion of the congress is called to that part of the report of the secretary of the interior in re-lation to the five civilized tribes. It is noteworthy that the general condition of the Indians shows marked progress. But one outbreak of a serious character occurred during the year, and that among the Chippewa Indians Minnesota, which happily has been

Centennial Anniversary of Washington

"In the year 1900 will occur the centennial anniversary of the founding of the City of Washington for the permanent capital of the government of the United States by authority of an act of congress approved July 16, 1790. In May, 1800, the archives and general offices of the federal government were removed to this place. On the 17th of November 1800, the national congress met here for the first time and assumed exclusive control of the federal dis-trict and city. This interesting event as-sumes all the more significance when we recall the circumstances attending the choosing of the site, the naming of the capital in hoper of the father of his country and the interest taken by him in the adoption of plans for its future development on a magnificent scale. These original plans have been wrought out with beyond anything their frames could have fore-seen. The people of the country are justly proud of the distinctive beauty and government of the capital and of the rare instruments of science and education which here find their by the citizens to have the anniversary celehaps, the establishment of a handsome manent memorial to mark so historical an occasion and to give it more than local recogni-tion, has met with general favor on the part of the public. I recommend to the congress the granting of an appropriation for this pur-pose and the appointment of a committee from its respective bodies. It might also be advisable to authorize the president to appoint a com-mittee from the country at large, which, acting with the congressional and District of Colum-bia committees, can complete the plans for an appropriate national celebration. The alien contract law is shown by experience to need some amendment; a measure providing hetter protec-tion for seamen is proposed; the rightful appli-cation of the eight-hour law for the benefit of labor and of the principle of arbitration are suggested for consideration, and I commend these subjects to the careful attention of the these subjects to the careful attention of the congress. The several departmental reports will be laid before you. They give in great detail the conduct of the affairs of the government during the last year and discuss many questions upon which the congress may be called upon to set.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY. "Executive Mansion, Dec. 5, 1898

Watts-It has been well said that every man is a king in this country. Potts-And yet any of us is much taken with a ten.-Indianapolis Journal.

BARRINGTON LOCALS. ************

Mrs. F. E. Abbott is quite ill. E. M. Blocks is in Chicago this week

on jury. Mrs. Lou Collen's mother is visit-

ing here. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howarth entertained company Sunday and Monday. John Brommelkamp's son has sold his newspaper route to Geo. Anderson.

Editor F. L. Carr of Wauconda was a pleasant caller at this office yesterday Mrs. A. E. Hawley is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. See-

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Beinhoff, sr., visited relatives in the city Saturday and

Former Sheriff Brown has been appointed deputy by Sheriff Griffin of Lake county.

Geo. H. Barrows of Clinton Junction is visiting at the home of his son, Floyd Barrows.

Mrs. W. H. Snyder of Mayfair visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lamey, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Wheeler are happy over the arrival of a boy at their home Saturday evening.

The club boys are thinking seriously

f purchasing a billard table and have it placed in one of their rooms. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Frick returned home Tuesday after a week's visit

with relatives at Marseilles, Ill. Mrs. Warner and daughter, Miss Allie, of Clinton Junction, visited Wednesday with Floyd Barrows.

Mr. Ahlgrim of Quentin's Corners called at this office Tuesday and renewed his subscription for THE RE-

The Barrington Social and Athletic club will hold a business meeting Monday evening. All members are asked to attend.

Bishop J. J. Esher will preach at the Zion's Evangelical church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. All are welcome to hear this noted divine.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howarth attended the funeral of Mr. Vosberg at Des Plaines Wednesday. Mr. Vosberg was formerly a resident of this

Wednesday afternoon in Judge Jones' court at Wankegan, Charles Garland was adjudged insane. He was taken to Elgin on the 3 o'clock train the same day.

Charles Murrie, son of former County Treasurer James Murrie, died at his home in Milburn Sunday. The funeral was held Tuesday. He leaves a wife and one child.

John Elvidge, who has been visiting his brother, L. F. Elvidge, for several weeks, left Thursday for Dubuque, where he will spend two weeks before his return to his home at Amber,

Rev. S. S. Hageman will take for his topic at the Baptist church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock "Hungering after Righteousness." In the evening at 7 o'clock p. m. Peoples' Praise and Gospel service will be

The Barrington Steam Laundry opened up for business Wednesday. The several large baskets that were well-filled with clothes during that day indicate that the new laundry will be well patronized. Success to the boys.

F. A. Cady will sell at public auction on his farm two miles west of Barrington on Wednesday, December 14, cows, horses, cutter, harness, milk cans, stack of corn and household furniture. Sale commences promptly at 10 o'clock. Wm. Peters will be the auctioneer.

THE REVIEW placed a mail box in the public school building this week for the use of the scholars. Many good items are occasionally missed by our attention not being called to them. Write up any little item you may know, scholars, and they will be appreciated.

Joy," from the text in Acts 8 ch., 39 v., "And He Went on His Way Re-Services commence at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

WANTED. A home with a family by a middle-aged woman, who is well held by them in view. able to do general housework, as well as common sewing, etc. Will work for moderate wages. The lady is out of employment and practically alone in this world. Any help given her she will appreciate. Inquire at THE REVIEW office, Barrington.

A window in Lipofsky Bros', store was forced in some time Thursday night, and everything within arm's reach was relieved from the show win- in a critical condition. As near as dow. The articles missed by the firm are a pair each of lady's and gent's shoes, one dozen pairs of kid gloves and a dozen dolls. No trace could be obtained yesterday of the thief or

Wm. Hager has flooded nearly two acres of land with water on property at the corner of South Hawley and Cemetery streets and it is now turned into a glassy sheet of ice. Mr. Hager has made the rates very reasonable for those who care to indulge in such a pastime. His charges will be only five cents for each half day Mr. Hager and evening's skate. wishes it understood that he will in Joliet by special train. not be responsible for any injury met with by any person while on the pond. It is expected that the ice will be in excellent shape for skating today.

Miss Ethel Austin is quite ill with throat trouble.

Deputy Busse was in town yesterday on business.

Mrs. Pierce of Conn. is visiting her sister, Mrs. Peck. Mrs. Chris. Miller was a Chicago

visitor Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. N. Stenger spent

Wednesday in Chicago. Mrs. J. Kirmse returned home Wednesday after a visit in Chicago.

Henry Boehmer was at Wheeling on business Tuesday and Wednesday. L. F. Schroeder was at Elgin Monday to visit his sister, who is seriously

Mrs. Philip Starck of Chicago visited her father, Jacob Zimmerman, Monday,

Fred Vermilya left for Joliet the first of the week to accept a position with the E. J. & E. Ry.

The Baptist Sunday School will celbrate Christmas by giving a cantata entitled "Santa Entertained." All are welcome.

The Town of Cuba road commissioners were in session Saturday and audited bills and talked over matters pertaining to the improvements of roads.

Lost. - In Barrington, two flat keys with the number "20" on each of them, strung on a ring. Finder please return to THE REVIEW office, Barrington, and receive reward.

A. W. Meyer & Co. have had another piece of tasty show window dressing done in their store. The designs and general make-up of the artist's work is neat. It is above the displays usually found in towns of this

A surprise party was given Mrs. Geo. Stiefenhofer and her sister, Miss Mary Frye, at the home of the former on Thursday evening. Nearly fifty people were present and enjoyed a pleasant time at games, etc. A very nice lunch was served during the evening.

The village board of libertyville has granted a fifty-year franchise to the Chicago and Fox Lake Electric railway, to construct a trolley lipe through the place. The company contemplates the construction of a cross-country electric line from Lake Michigan to Fox Lake next/spring. Negotiations are in progress to make the line's eastern terminus, but nothing less than a fifty-year franchise is acceptable.

Mrs. S. G. Seebert entertained the Thursday club at her home Thursday discussion. afternoon. A short program consisting of quotations, readings, and a bilty of an ordinance being made and Mrs. Laura Hawley proved very interwere invited to the dining room fected with a contagious disease. It where a very elaborate luncheon was served by the hostess. A most delightful afternoon was spent by the

Another club is about as good as launched in Barrington. A good start has already been made toward the completion of the organization. participated in a dance at Diekman's bird's-eye view of that well bolted and hall. The affair proved to be one of protected room before the council went enjoyment from the commencement that of the last. It was there, it is was pushed to the front, the majority Tomorrow evening at the M. E. was pushed to the front, the majority the building from the outside, and the church Rev. T. E. Ream will preach of the 15 members who manifested lodger looked pleasantly upon his a sermon on the topic: "The Way of their willingness to join being brought in line there. An interview with one of the promoters of the club yesterday the windows. He looked as though revealed the fact that to make it a he might feel he was "king of all he it was possible to get the hall then after the jail doors were closed and

Conductor Robinson Injured.

Samuel Robinson, a freight conductor on the E. J. & E., met with a serious accident at 7:30 o'clock last evening while the train was moving certainly was obvious in the minds slowly out of the above road's yards, of many that such a building was At a late hour last night he was still could be learned last night Robinson them where they would be harmless was making his way over the train than to have them lodging in barns or and fell from the top of a furniture car in some mysterious way. One of the brakemen saw him fall and also noticed his lantern go out. He was severely injured about the back and it is thought that he might possibly have answer the purpose some distance sustained severe internal injuries as well. At about 11 o'clock last night the latter place out of danger. he was reported as not having fully regained his senses and arrangements was needed for the hose and the ap-

He is a single man about 35 years of age. It was thought last night that of tramps, but the storage of the fire he stood good chances of recovery.

WAS MISUSED.

Night Watchman Henderson Vents His Feelings Before the Barrington Village Board.

The Village Board met in regular session Monday night. All members of the Board answered to Clerk Pro Tem. J. C. Plagge's roll call, with the exception of Trustee Peck, who arrived shortly after.

The minutes of the last/meeting was read and approved.

Night Watchman Henderson was He said that granted a hearing. George Foreman's saloon/was not being promptly closed at Mo'clock, but was open on several nights from 20 to 25 minutes later than the time specified. He also made reference to one evening when he made the place a call and was not received with a very pleasant oyation. He said he was greeted with pop bottles and called vile names by parties who made their exit from the saloon. He left the matter to the Board to dispose of any way they saw fit. A general discussion of having saloons closed as required by ordinance followed. The matter was finally rested with the License committee, of which Alderman Peck is chairman. Mr. Peck being absent, Marshal Sandman was instructed to look him up and inform him that his presents was desired at the meeting. The marshal hardly got out of the building, when Mr. Peck was met on the way to the council chamber. Mr. Peck was made acquainted with the nature of the conplaint. The informal discussion that followed brought out different expressions from members of the board. There was talk of revoking license, etc, if the saloon be not conducted according to requirements of the ordinance. It was finally decided to have Marshal Sandman request Foreman to make his appearance before the Board for a talk on the matter. The effort proved futile, as Foreman was then at Wauconda. The marshal was instructed to notify him to appear be fore the License committee, which would be in session the following

evening. The following bills were read and approved by the entire board, with

the exception of Richardson,	who
voted "no."	
Elgin Mfg. Co., sewer trap	\$ 3.25
H. D. A. Grebe, supplies	
Plagge & Co., tile	24.84
J. D. Lamey & Co., material	
Electric Light Co., lights.	53.00
Plagge & Nacher, lowering tile	13.00
H. A. Sandman, marshal.	35.00
A. S. Henderson, night watchman	35.00
Wm. Hager, Engineer	40.00
For labor, hauling gravel	
For labor, ditching on Grove avenue	03,23

For labor, taping water mains. 13,0 A discussion of the financial condition of the village received some discussion.

Trustee Plagge asked if he would be entitled to some gravel in the street bordering on the curb in front of his store, M. B. McIntosh, who was present, said if gravel was granted to Mr. Plagge he would ask for a like favor

An argument arose as to the advisapaper on "Cuba and Her People" by put in force whereby a permit from the Board would be necessary before any public funeral could be conducted esting. After the program the guests over the remains of any person inis probable that a new ordinance will be soon drawn up in relation to contagious diseases, containing a clause touching on the above point.

Trustee Plagge called the attention of the Board to the need of a tramp house. The jail room now used, as far as size and comfort is concerned, is surely all that the "Weary Willies" could wish for, but the city building is placed in more or less danger of fire Last Saturday evening the majority in its use for such purpose. Repreof those listed as members of the club sentatives of The Review took a into session and found that the marshal already had one boarder confined of the first number on the program to therein, and he appeared to be quite at home. The coal stove in the corrisaid, that the formation of the club dor was doing its best to keep ahead of the frosty atmosphere that chilled the building from the outside, and the comfortable quarters at the headway that the well-filled stove was making in keeping the frost from forming on sure thing all depended on whether surveyed -anyway he certainly could bolted.

Through a conversation with Marshal Sandman we were told that they had as high as seven lodgers there one night recently, and that was not an uncommon occurance.

When Mr. Plagge called attention to the necessity of a tramp house, it needed. As was remarked, this class of people have to be taken care of anyway, and it would be better to have roaming around the village. The chief objection to having them lodged in the village ball building appears to be on account of that place being endangered by fire through carelessness of the tramp element. A tramp building could be cheaply constructed to from the city building, thus placing

Attention was called by Trustee Plagge to the fact that more room were being made for his return home paratus pertaining to the fire department. The impression was made that if a building be erected it should conform to the needs of not only the care company's paraphernalia. There is

an extremely small building now in use by the fire company, but it falls considerable short of its needs. The matter received but little consideration by the Board, as it is out of the question to make any more improvements in this line at present en ac-

count of a lack of funds. The village gravel pit came up for discussion. It was intimated that the pit was more or less open to the use of the public. Trustee Peters suggested that that parcel of land again be placed in charge of Wm. Gieske, he being in a position to keep good tab on the gravel, stone, etc. The matter was brought up for a vote and he was

given charge of the pit. An audience was granted Wm. Ha-ger. He stated that he had some thoughts of putting in a skating pond on property in the south-west part of the village, and wanted to know what the village would tax him for water needed for such purpose. The matter after some debate was referred to a committe consisting of Trustees Peters, Richardson and Willmarth with full power to act.

J. E. Heise, representing the fire department, stated that the village was in need of a hook and ladder outfit. He thought that the wagon necessary for the ladders could be built at home

for less money than elsewhere, and besides it might be possible to find a builder here who would be fenient on the village in the way of granting time for the payment of the same. The matter was referred to a com-

A motion was made and seconded to adjourn and was carried.

Window glass, in all sizes, at J. D. Lamey & Co's, Barrington.

TAKE YOUR WASHING TO THE.....

Barrington Steam Laundry.

Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable Only First-class Work Done.

J. F. GIESKE, Proprietor,

Opp. Grunau's barber shop.

LIPOFSKY BROS' THE PLACE TO

What to buy in the line of Christmas presents is easily answered after an inspection of our stock. A dollar goes farther at our store than elsewhere. We have a large

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Which will be found suitable for presents for your little friends or relatives, as well as the older ones. It consists of Toys, Silk Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Rugs, Fine Candies, nuts, etc. We cannot name all the articles we have in stock in this small space. Better come and see us.

We have a full line of.....



Hats, all kinds for Men and Boys,

GIOVES AND



SEE OUR BIG LINE OF

Dress Goods, Glothing, Shoes, Rubbers, Etc. BUY YOUR GROCERIES OF

LIPOFSKY BROS., Barrington,

The matter was dropped after a little discussion. Our Store is Recognized

By close buyers as the place in Barrington

Carpets and Smyrna Rugs,

Handkerchiefs,

Neckties in great Variety, Mittens, all Kinds and Prices, Woolen or Gotton Bed Blankets, Heavy Wool Underwear.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

F. A. Wolthausen.

The best place to buy

Groceries, Boots, Shoes, etc.

Dolls, Toys, and Holiday Goods.

By buying same of us you will be able to purchase your Holiday Goods with less money than you can elsewhere. Bargains on everything we handle, which will prove a saving to you from 25 to 33 per cent. on the dollar.

We have a complete line of Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Tinware, Cutlery, Toys, Etc., and it will pay you to give us a call.

D. Ticktin, Prop.

Sodt Building.

Barrington Fair.

Now Ready Pot-grown Strawberry Plants.

These plants if planted now will bring a fairly good crop next spring. Give them a trial in this nice moist season.

Klehm's Nurseries, Arlington Heights, Illinois