

BARRINGTON NEWS.

VOL. 1. NO. 40.

BARRINGTON, COOK CO., ILL., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER, 3. 1894.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

Church Directory.

ST. ANN'S CHURCH.—Catholic.—Services every other Sunday at 9 a. m.—REV. FATHER J. F. CLANCEY, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:30 a. m.—Sunday morning service 10:30 o'clock.—REV. E. RAHN, pastor.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning 10:30 a. m. Sabbath School 12 m. Evening service 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Friday evening, 7:30 p. m.—REV. R. BAI EY, pastor.

THE EVANGELISCHE CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:15 a. m. Sunday morning service 10:30 a. m. Sunday evening service 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.—REV. J. B. ELFRINK, pastor.

EVANGELISCHE SALEM CHURCH.—Sunday School 9:15 a. m. Sunday morning service 10:30 a. m. Sunday evening service 7:30 p. m. Young Peoples' meeting, Tuesday, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7:30.—REV. THEODOR SUHR, pastor.


METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 11:45 a. m. Junior League 3 p. m. Epworth League 6:15 p. m. Bible Study Thursday evening at 7:30. Prayer meeting, Friday, 7:30 p. m.—E. W. WARD, Pastor.

W. H. Nelson, who is in the drug business at Kingville, Mo., has so much confidence in Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he warrants every bottle and offers to refund the money to any customer who is not satisfied after using it. Mr. Nelson takes no risk in doing this because the Remedy is a certain cure for the disease for which it is intended and he knows it. It is for sale by A. L. Waller, druggist.

F. D. Hayes' CELEBRATED HAIR - TONIC

A restorative and dressing for the hair, being composed of purely vegetable ingredients; promotes the growth of the hair by supplying to the roots of the same the natural nourishment which it needs and by its steady use prevents and cures baldness; removes dandruff and dis-eases of the scalp. The Celebrated is not a hair dye, which is always injurious, but restores the natural color of the hair and imparts lustre and beauty. F. D. Hayes, sole manufacturer, 13 River Street, Elgin. SOLD BY

Wallace Wood.



REID'S German COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE.
Contains no Poison.
Reid's German Pills cure Constipation and Malaria.
Sylvan Gum purifies the breath.

Gary.

—Miss Anna Sime spent Sunday at Hebron.

—Mr. H. Hill, of Nunda, was on our streets Tuesday.

—Mrs. Ross, of Janesville, spent last week with friends here.

—Mrs. Coss spent last week visiting Algonquin friends.

—Miss Ella Coss is visiting Harvard and Janesville friends.

—Miss Emma Baldwin returned to her school at Nunda, Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Comstock are spending the week at Madison, Wis.

—Miss Edna Smith has been visiting Elgin friends the past week.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lamka visited Woodstock friends Sunday.

—Miss Stella Jarvis, of Janesville, was the guest of Ella Coss, last week.

—Mrs. F. Thomas and daughter, Nettie, spent Tuesday with Algonquin friends.

—Mr. E. Dike is reported as slowly recovering from his severe spell of sickness.

—Miss Mable Osgood and Miss Julia Brown are spending the week at Woodstock.

—Mrs. H. Hamilton and Mrs. Clara McNett spent the first of the week at Huntley.

—L. F. Thomas is preparing to build a new house. He will rent his farm in the spring and live in town.

—Married: John Macmanaman and Miss Maggie Dazelle, at Elgin last week Wednesday. They returned home Tuesday.

—The Good Templers have changed their meeting night from Oct. 31, to Saturday eve. Nov. 3. All are invited. Ladies are requested to bring a basket.

What Makes a Town Grow

Is the energy of the citizens, therein. The growth and prosperity of a village depends entirely upon the class of men that compose the business circles, that is, so far as life, energy and responsibility is concerned. A man may be successful in business and be a good sort of a fellow and at the same time not a good citizen for the village in many ways. First, He don't like his competitor. Second, he is afraid some one is making more money than himself and he feels bad. Third, and worst of all things for a village to contend with is, the man who is opposed to new industries coming in. One who will not patronize them after they come, no matter how small it may be, every new enterprise is a help to any town. It not only makes a better showing but increases the valuation of property and bring more people in who will build and improve greatly their respective homes.

A Bargain.

—Do you want to add a heating stove for a first-class cook stove. If so, call at the News office and get a bargain.

A LESSON LEARNED.

The flour barrel is empty
And the lard is getting low,
And the folks with whom I've dealt
Demand the cash for bills I owe;
And many times I've blamed myself
For voting for "a change"—
While learning through my stomach
What I couldn't through my brains.

The factory hasn't started up
And times are mighty slow
And daily I am adding more
To the little bills I owe;
Each day I figure losses
While I used to count up gains,
While learning through my stomach
What I couldn't through my brains.

There's a day of judgement coming
For those who fooled me so;
There's a day of retribution
For those who made times slow;
I am going to vote to change times back
When I can count up gains,
For I've learned through my stomach
What I couldn't through my brains.
—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Waukegan.

—Politics, politics, nothing but politics.

—Mayor Partridge is to speak at Rockefeller Nov. 2.

—State's attorney, Hetdecker spoke at the political meeting at Lake Zurich Wednesday eve., and at Ivanhoe Friday eve.

—A certain worthy dominie of this city went to make a call on one of his parishioners one day last week. He hitched his horse, made his call, and on coming out, walked way home before he realized he had forgotten his horse.

—They seem to be having lots of excitement at the post office. Frank Smith has been suspended again. He was first discharged by Post Master McClanahan, and then reinstated by the department at Washington. He returned to work and stayed just one day when the post master suspended him on another charge, which will have to be decided upon by the Washington officials again.

—The bad weather has broken the trading considerable this week.

—The marriage of Mr. John Walters and Miss Emma Wolford was performed at the German Catholic Church, Wednesday eve. at 7:00 o'clock.

—Walter Harrower's house on Broad St is nearly completed.

—Indoor Base Ball will begin soon.

Henry Wilson, the postmaster at Welshton, Florida, says he cured a case of diarrhoea of long standing in six hours, with one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cephalic and Diarrhoea Remedy. What a pleasant surprise this must have been to the sufferer. Such cures are not unusual with this remedy. In many instances only one or two doses are required to give permanent relief. It can always be depended upon. When reduced with water is pleasant to take. For sale by A. L. Waller.

Geo. D. Unold For County Commissioner.

It is with great pleasure that we present to our readers and to the voters of this section Mr. Geo. D. Unold, of LaGrange, one of the Republican candidates for County Commissioner from the country towns. His portrait is indeed a speaking likeness and shows a clear-headed, resolute and energetic young man to whom important tasks can be confided without fear.

Nor does the story of his life belie the promise of the outward appearance of the man. It is the story of a typical American. He was born in Fullersburg, DuPage County, in 1859. When the war broke out his father enlisted as a private in the 105 Illinois and went to the front, leaving George, a boy of three, and a family of little brothers and sisters. He became distinguished for his activity and bravery and in Shermans famous march to the Sea, Co. I of the 105 Ill's was commanded by Capt. John Unold. Wounded several in one of the many skirmishes on that march, Capt Unold was honorably discharged and returned to his family. He moved in 1868 to the village of LaGrange, and here we resume the history of Geo. Unold. A boy of ten, he divided his time between the public school, where he acquired his education, and the grocery store which his father had started in LaGrange. In both places the boy gave evidence of those traits which have distinguished him as a man, and in the business rapidly mastered its details and made friends by the kindness and courtesy he displayed toward his father's customers. Leaving school he devoted himself entirely to the business, becoming first an indispensable assistant, then a partner, and finally in 1882, assumed the business on his father's retirement.

Reaching his majority in 1880, he immediately took an active part in the Presidential campaign of that year and cast his first vote for James A. Garfield. The business qualifications which he displayed in the conduct of his business and the active interest evinced in public affairs soon brought him to the notice of the people, and it is not therefore surprising that we find the young man called upon frequently to aid and assist in the hard work of the campaigns. Never shirking work of any kind and doing the work assigned to him uncomplainingly and in the most efficient manner, he was soon called upon to perform more responsible and public duties. In the spring of 1886 he was elected Highway Commissioner for a term of three years, and so satisfactory was his work that he was returned to office for a second three years by a practically unanimous vote. When first elected he found no sinecure before him. Roads and bridges were the special object of his attention; where there were roads they were often mere trails. The bridges were temporary structures, insufficient and falling into decay. Plunging energetically into the work he succeeded in arousing sufficient interest, not alone in his special district but throughout the entire county, to secure from the county large sums of money to executing much needed reforms. The extension of Ogden avenue and the wide, splendid macadamized road which prolongs Fifth avenue through what had been for years a hopeless swamp are among his works on the roads. A score or more of handsome iron bridges supplement these road improvements, and farmers and bicyclers alike testify to the thoroughness of the work. His accounts, rendered with business promptitude and accuracy, show how economically he performs his duties to the public.

WALLACE WOOD.

TONSORIAL PARLORS.

Under Bank Bldg.
I Guarantee Good First-class Work in Every Particular and Best Material.
LADIES HAIR-DRESSING a specialty.
Laundry Office in connection.

WHEN IN WANT OF A first-class livery team call onHANSEN & PETERS.....
First-class conveyances always on hand. Horses boarded by day or week.
BARRINGTON, ILL.

C. B. OTIS.
DENTAL PARLORS.
First-class Work Guaranteed At Reasonable Rates....
BARRINGTON, ILL.

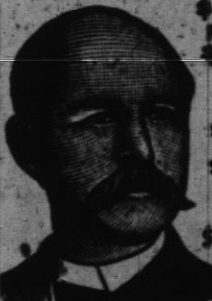
MILLINERY STORE

I have at all times a Fine Line of Millinery, Wedding and Mourning Goods.
Also a Nice Assortment of Ribbons, Trimmings, Flowers, etc.
HATS PRESSED, CLEANED AND DYED TO ORDER.
My prices are as low as the lowest. Call and judge for yourself.
Miss Dina Bauman, BARRINGTON, ILL.

H. T. ABBOTT BARRINGTON, ILL. DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, CHEMICALS, FINE TOILET SOAPS, BRUSHES, COMBS, ETC.
Perfumery and Fancy Toilet articles in a great variety.
Cigars and Tobacco. PURE BRANDY, WINES and LIQUORS for Medicinal Purposes.
Physicians' Prescriptions Accurately Compounded.

For Fall Trade. Advertise in the Barrington News



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE
IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.
\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELED CALF.
\$4. \$3.50 FINE CALF SKIN.
\$3.50 POLICE SHOES.
\$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN EXTRA FINE.
\$2. \$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
\$3.25 \$2.50 \$1.75
BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.
You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas shoes.
Because we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by
A. W. MEYER & CO.

CAPRIVI FALLS.

Resignation of the German Chancellor Accepted.

Feasibility of the Succession—Why Caprivi Quit—He Was Crushed Between the Emperor and the Federal Envoy.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—The report that Chancellor von Caprivi has handed his resignation to the emperor is confirmed. Count zu Eulenburg, president of the ministerial council, has also resigned. Dr. Miquel, Prussian finance minister, has been appointed president of the council.

The Succession.

Prince von Hohenlohe-Schillingsfurst, governor of Alsace-Lorraine, has been offered the chancellorship. Before offering the chancellorship to Prince Hohenlohe, Emperor William consulted with the envoy from Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Saxony and Baden. It is reported that Prince Hohenlohe declined the office owing to his age. The emperor has summoned Gen. Count Waldersee, the political soldier who was conspicuous in the final intrigues against Bismarck. The general inference is that he in-



CAPRIVI

agrarian and Bismarckian reactionist groups against Count von Caprivi. The socialists will rejoice because the dread of them, although they did not raise a finger, has been sufficient to plunge the empire into a crisis.

The Emperor Makes a Choice.

The Daily News' correspondent in Berlin says of Caprivi's fall:

"After the conference with the federal ministers the chancellor had an audience with the emperor, who is understood to have approved of his ministers' proposals in everything. It was settled that he should remain. The only difficulty was in bringing about tolerable relations between Caprivi and Eulenburg, whose antagonism was an open secret. The matter had assumed the character of a personal quarrel, which in the interest of the authority of the government had to be settled. This seems to have been the cause of Caprivi's fall. The emperor had the alternative—Caprivi or Eulenburg—and he decided in favor of the latter.

"It is not known whether the chancellor previously informed his majesty of his intention to provoke the federal ministers; if not, the reason of his fall is clear. It was an imperial reprimand. Bismarck's conference with Windthorst without the imperial knowledge really caused Bismarck's fall, and the present situation is somewhat similar to the one in the spring of 1890. Bismarck will enjoy a happy day. By his hand his successor has at last been overthrown, and under similar circumstances.

"Caprivi's fall is a purely domestic affair, and in no way affects Germany's foreign policy."

ROUTED THE CHINESE.

Details of the Japanese Victory at the Yalu River.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 29.—Later dispatches from the Yalu river show that in the battle fought Thursday between the Chinese and Japanese 3,500 Chinese troops of all arms were utterly routed.

VICTIMS OF FIRE.

They Perish in a Death-Trap at Seattle, Wash.

Fire Breaks Out in a Hotel While the Guests Are Asleep—Sixteen of Them Lose Their Lives in an Effort to Escape.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 29.—A fire, which resulted in the death of at least sixteen persons and the injury of three others, broke out in the West street hotel, at Columbia and West streets, about 1 o'clock Saturday morning. At 8 o'clock the fire was under control and an investigation of the ruins was made. Thirteen bodies have been identified. They are as follows:

John F. Anderson, aged 28; F. Ballman, C. Graham, laborer; Mrs. J. H. Hancock, of Boise, Id., and her three children, two girls, aged 6 and 2 years, and a boy aged 4; Mrs. J. W. Huffman, wife of a well-known farmer of Fall City, Wash.; Angus McDonald, M. McSorley, Andrew Otterman, aged 18; Mrs. Otterman, of California, his mother; C. Wilson.

A. G. Butler, brother of the proprietor, is missing. Richard Havin was badly injured about the head and back by jumping; D. B. Glass had a leg broken and his back injured, and C. B. Anderson was burned and badly bruised.

The fire was undoubtedly caused by the explosion of a lamp in the kitchen. The proprietor's son was aroused by the noise of the explosion about 1 o'clock, but before he could investigate the flames had spread all through the house. The corrugated iron sheeting kept the flames hid until nearly the whole interior was a furnace. The thin partitions were of resinous pine covered with cheesecloth and burned furiously. The sixty guests were aroused and the rush for life followed. At 3 a. m. the fire was under control and the firemen were able to enter the shell of iron. At the head of the stairs they found the body of a man pinned to the floor by the ruins of a bed. The body was terribly burned. One poor fellow was caught in the rush of the conflagration near the top of the West street stairway and sank down overcome with the smoke and flames. The firemen fought to keep the fire away from his body but were driven back.

In one of the hallways a body, charred, blackened and without a vestige of clothing, was found. A little farther on in the same passageway was another body, evidently that of a woman, face upwards and hands stretched as if fighting for her life and appealing for assistance which never came. There was little left of the woman's form, for part of the body was charred and the burned bones lay around it.

The saddest sight of all was found in the inside room off the passageway which led to West street. There calmly lying in a charred and blackened bed was evidently an entire family. The father lay on one side, the wife next to him and a little burned and blackened arm, the flesh falling in shreds from it, the small fingers clutched, showed that a child was among the victims.

In a corner of a small inside room two charred and naked skeletons met the gaze of the lookers. The clothing was burned from each, and the first, that of a man with blackened stumps of arms, seemed to be fighting an impending danger. Immediately beyond him, also bolt upright and clutching her waist, was the skeleton of a woman. Startled, they had risen from their couch, the smoke and flames had rushed in upon them, and before they had realized their awful danger they were overcome and met the most horrible of deaths.

The arrangement of the halls of the hotel made such a labyrinth in the daytime one unfamiliar with the place would have had difficulty in finding his way about without several attempts, and as the halls were filled with smoke there was little chance for any of the victims to make their way out before suffocating. Some of the lodgers were asleep and were overtaken in bed, while others rushed into the halls and were suffocated and burned.

A DUEL TO THE DEATH.

Old Friends Fight at Dayton, O., and One Is Killed.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 29.—Sunday afternoon Henry Meyer, imbued with the belief that his old friend and neighbor, John Grimme, had been criminally intimate with his wife, procured a revolver and started in search of Grimme. The latter was warned of Meyer's evident intention of shooting him and armed himself. Late in the evening he saw his enemy with his wife approaching, and suddenly appearing before him endeavored to shoot him. Mrs. Meyer sprang between the two men and received Grimme's bullet in her right arm. Meyer then drew his pistol and a fight began, with Mrs. Meyer between them. She caught hold of Grimme's pistol and Meyer fired two shots into Grimme's breast, near the heart. He died instantly. Seven shots were fired. Meyer claims he shot in self defense.

FIVE PERSONS KILLED.

A Big Four Engine Crashes Into a Loaded Wagon at Lebanon, Ind.

LEBANON, Ind., Oct. 29.—A wagon containing a party returning from a dance was struck by a Big Four train and five of the merry-makers were killed. The dead are Gertrude Davis, Grace Davis, Tenna Gurge, Carl Gowan, May McDaniel.

WHERE BISMARCK SAT.

Prince Hohenlohe Is Appointed Chancellor of the German Empire.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—Prince Hohenlohe von Schillingfurst, who was called by Emperor William to succeed Caprivi as chancellor, at first declined, but at 9 o'clock Saturday evening it was announced that he had accepted the position. He will fill also the office of Prussian premier, made vacant by Eulenburg's retirement.

The emperor's choice of Hohenlohe for chancellor is taken as evidence that his majesty does not intend to adopt the extreme view of the measures required to arrest the spread of socialism. Hohenlohe, although 73 years old, is very active physically and mentally.

Ex-Chancellor Caprivi in an interview says the leading question upon which he found it impossible to reconcile his own views with those of the emperor and Count Botho zu Eulenburg was the anti-revolutionary measure. The second bone of contention between the same parties, he added, was the proposed treatment of the Polish question.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—The article which annoyed the emperor more than all others in the Caprivi-Eulenburg press feud was published by the Koelnische Zeitung to remove the impression produced by the emperor's reception of the East Prussian agrarians. This article said: "Chancellor von Caprivi won a complete victory over Count Botho zu Eulenburg, and as the emperor stood behind Caprivi, nothing is left for Eulenburg but soumettre ou demettre." Eulenburg, who had already decided to resign, regarded this as an offensive notice to quit, and showed it the emperor.

The emperor sent Herr von Lucanus, chief of the civil cabinet, to ask Count von Caprivi whether he had inspired the article in the Gazette. Count von Caprivi replied in the negative, but expressed his sympathy with that paper's views. The emperor then summoned Count von Caprivi and demanded a public disavowal of the article. Count von Caprivi repeated that he had not inspired the article and would not publish a disclaimer, because he agreed with its views. He now had no alternative but to resign, which he did. It is now known as a fact that the emperor tried to reconcile the personal differences between the two men, but failed.

In summoning the federal envoys to another conference the emperor said that Caprivi's policy would be continued. This statement is taken with a grain of salt, as the emperor made a similar statement immediately after Bismarck's fall.

The envoys expressed their satisfaction with the choice of Prince Hohenlohe. The South Germans were especially complimentary to the new chancellor who, they said, enjoyed the full confidence of their governments.

[Clodwig Carl Victor Hohenlohe, Prince von Schillingfurst, who has been chosen to bear the burdens of state that have strained the shoulders of Bismarck and Caprivi, is 73 years old. He is a native of Bavaria. He entered the Prussian diplomatic service but resigned to enter the diplomatic service of Bavaria on becoming possessor of the family estates of Schillingfurst. In 1867 he became Bavarian prime minister, and also undertook to fill the office of minister for foreign affairs. He at once, in the latter capacity, became the opponent of Prince Bismarck's plans for German unity, and was even thought to be organizing a southern rival to the North German bund. His election in 1869 to the post of vice president of the customs parliament of the German confederacy was supposed to be a direct slight to Bismarck. Although a Roman Catholic Prince Hohenlohe was no ultramontane, and on account of his opposition to the decrees of the ecumenical council of the vatican, the influence of the priests was brought to bear against him in the Bavarian elections of 1870, and he was forced to resign. By this time Prince Hohenlohe had become a convert to the creation of a new empire and the incorporation in it of Bavaria, and the members of the first German parliament marked their appreciation of his services by electing him their vice president. After the recall of Count Arnim in 1874 Prince Hohenlohe was chosen to succeed him as German ambassador to Paris, an appointment which he resigned in September, 1885. His investigations were the cause of the famous Arnim trial. In 1878 he was one of the three German plenipotentiaries at the congress of Berlin. In 1885, having entered the Prussian service, he was appointed stadtholder of Alsace-Lorraine, which position he has held up to his present elevation.]

FOREST FIRES IN THE SOUTH.

Tennessee and Mississippi Suffer from Serious Blazes.

TRIMBLE, Tenn., Oct. 29.—Forest fires are spreading ruin in this section. The long drought has made the timber and grass as dry as tinder and the flames spread with lightning-like rapidity. The valuable range in the Obion river bottoms has been swept bare, causing a loss of thousands of dollars.

CORINTH, Miss., Oct. 29.—Forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Corinth and dense smoke overhangs the town. Several cotton fields have been destroyed in the outlying districts, valuable timber ruined, and the country laid waste. Hundreds of farmers are fighting the flames.

THE GUN EXPLODED.

A Distressing Accident to a Newton (Mass.) Family.

NEWTON, Oct. 29.—Philip Raymond was attempting to shoot a muskrat at West Newton Sunday afternoon when the gun exploded, mortally wounding his wife, probably fatally injuring his son Raphael, aged 9, and seriously injuring himself. Two younger children were in the room, but they escaped injury. The weapon was a cheap and poorly made double-barrelled shotgun, heavily charged. Mrs. Raymond is dead.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE.

Unknown Dastards Cause Three Deaths in Pennsylvania—Many Hurt.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.—A dastardly outrage was perpetrated at 5 o'clock Sunday morning wherein it was premeditated by the scoundrels to sacrifice fifty or sixty lives by sending them into eternity with a force of dynamite. The motive was undoubtedly robbery, and it resulted in the death of three Hungarians, while a large number were injured, eight of whom are in a serious condition.

The dead are Frank Novako, Mike Calletz and George Silatski. Calletz leaves a wife and four children in Hungary, and Silatski a wife and two children in Bohemia. Novako was single.

McDonald & Sayre, railroad contractors, are building a second track of 7 miles on the Lehigh Valley cut-off at a point 1 mile from Fairview in the wilds of Wilkesbarre mountain. A Hungarian camp was located which was presided over by Mike Urklowitz and wife. The camp consisted of a rough building 30 feet square constructed in the midst of a thicket of scrub oaks beside the track. During the night, as is always the custom, three of the sixty Hungarian boarders, men and women, sat up on watch and were whiling away the time playing cards.

Some time during the night a party of desperadoes secured a battery and brought it to the railroad track in front of the camp and connected it with a wire, completing a circuit to each corner of the camping house. A tool chest near by was broken open, from which were taken a number of dynamite sticks, which were distributed beneath the building. The circuit completed, it was but a moment's work to turn on the battery setting off the dynamite. However, in the haste with which the miscreants worked they made faulty connection at the battery, and when it was turned on but one and certainly not more than two of the dynamite sticks exploded.

Frank Novako, who was one of the party playing cards on the first floor was instantly killed, both legs being blown off at the knee. The building totally collapsed and was shivered into slivers, excepting one-half of the roof which sank in, partially covering the debris. The two other men at the card table were scarcely injured at all, while the others killed and injured met their fate from the collapse of the building. Occurring as it did before daybreak, the condition of the unfortunate foreigners was deplorable, and in their frenzied condition they knew not which way to turn or how to act. The force of the explosion was so great that the earth was torn up about the site of the camp, and their effects in the way of baggage, cooking utensils, etc. were scattered in every direction.

The boarding boss says he is at a loss as to what prompted the deed. So far as he knows, he has no enemies in the world. Some of the boarders think the motive was robbery, as several of them were known to have considerable money in their possession. If this was the object, it is plain why the villains placed so much of the explosive under the building. They wanted to kill every person in the place in order to get the plunder and then escape detection.

One of the wounded men says that immediately after the explosion he saw four strange men running down the roadway leading to the village of Miners' Mills. They carried lanterns. While he lay on the ground another stranger approached him and rifled his pockets. He also cut the belt which encircled his waist and carried it away.

ROUTED THE CHINESE.

Another Important Stronghold Captured by the Japanese.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The Japanese legation has received a dispatch which confirms the news published in dispatches from Shanghai of a second victory of the Japanese army under Marshal Yamagata. The telegram is dated Hiroshima, and reads as follows:

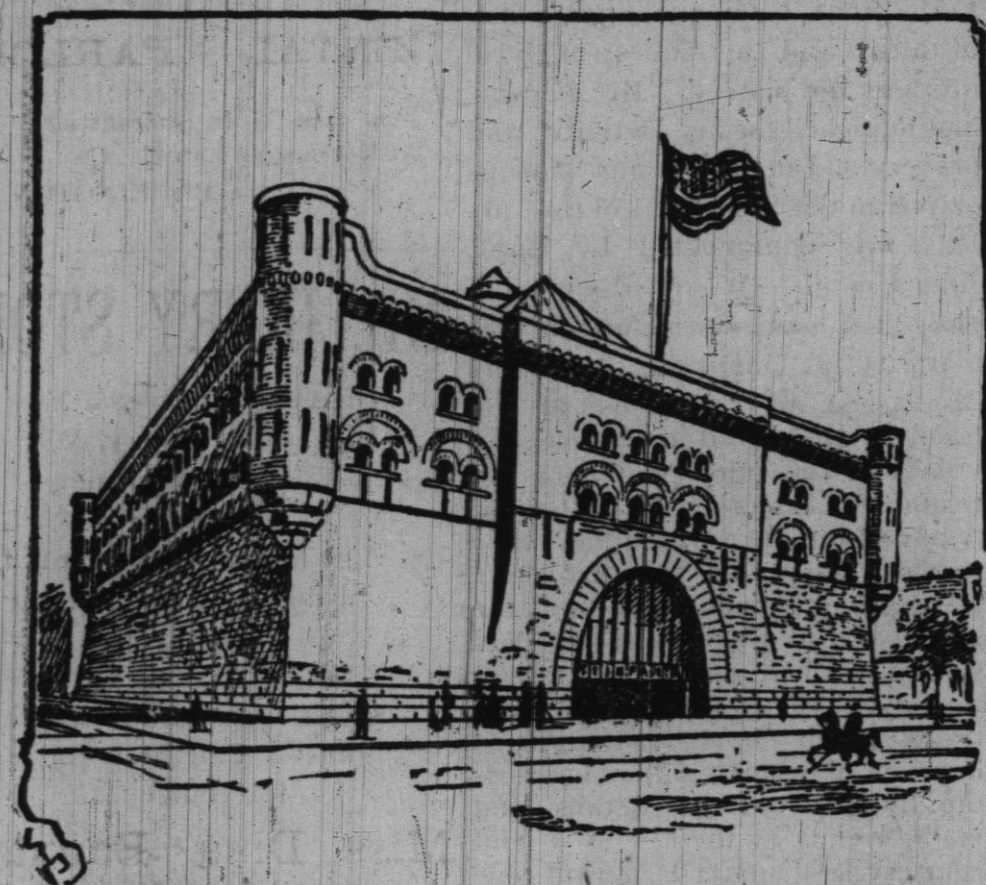
"Before dawn of October 26 our army under Marshal Yamagata attacked Kin-Len-Cheng, one of the important strongholds upon the Chinese frontier. The place was defended by 16,000 troops under Gens. Lin and Song. They fled after offering only a slight resistance, and the Japanese forces took possession of the fortifications and the city. They captured thirty large field guns, an immense quantity of rice, food of other kinds, etc., and more than 800 tents. The Japanese loss was twenty killed and eighty-three wounded. The Chinese lost more than 200 killed; the exact number of their wounded is not known."

LONDON, Oct. 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Shanghai says that the Chinese fleet has been ordered to protect Shanghai-Kuen. The dispatch adds that a Japanese fleet with thirty-four torpedo boats is threatening Wei-Hai-Wei.

PEWABIC MINERS SAVED.

Rescuing Party Reaches Them and Finds Them All Alive.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 29.—The entombed miners at Pewabic were all rescued alive Saturday morning at 5:30 o'clock. At 4 o'clock it was known they were all alive, as the workers were near enough to talk with them. They said they were all alive, but were suffering from chills. Hunger had not bothered them very much. In an interview with W. Oliver he said it was the longest forty-eight hours he ever put in. It was terribly dismal, but they all felt better when they heard the distant knocking and noise, for they knew it was a rescuing party.



ARMORY OF FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY, U. S. G., CHICAGO.

First built in 1886-90 at a cost of \$225,000, with an additional \$100,000 spent in furnishings. Destroyed by fire April 24, 1893, and rebuilt and just completed on practically the same plan. The building is 175,184 feet, inside measurement, and 90 feet high. It is built of brown granite and red pressed brick, the massive granite wall, ten feet thick, extending upward without a break, excepting the large doorway on Michigan avenue, to a height of forty-five feet. The main drill floor covers the entire building space, all of the rooms being on four balconies suspended from the roof. The basement contains twelve rifle ranges, twelve bathrooms, eight bowling alleys, an arsenal, and heating and lighting plant. The building is lighted in the daytime by an immense skylight, and at night by innumerable gas and electric lights. It was formally opened on Tuesday, October 9, by a grand military ball, at which distinguished civil and military guests from all parts of the country were present.

tends to make him Caprivi's successor. Should Waldersee become chancellor the office of Prussian premier probably would be given him shortly, and thus the division of the two posts which was effected at the time of the school bill crisis would be ended. There is a rumor that Gen. Bronsart von Schellendorf is a candidate for the Prussian premiership and the chancellorship. Either of these generals would be acceptable to the conservatives, who have become totally estranged from the government under the Caprivi regime.

Why He Resigned.

The immediate cause of Chancellor von Caprivi's resignation is not entirely clear. It is known, however, that the differences between him and Count Botho zu Eulenburg had grown too sharp to be ignored or compromised. Caprivi at first was strongly opposed to severe steps against the social democrats and anarchists, while Eulenburg favored extreme measures. Under pressure from the emperor the chancellor is said to have yielded several points early in the week, but his master only got him into trouble with the federal ministers, in whose council he presided Thursday. Several ministers opposed his proposal that the reichstag amend the penal code so as to deal more severely with the socialists. The individual states, they said, should be left to legislate within their own borders for the suppression of the social democracy and anarchy. The chancellor was equally embarrassed when the question of financial reforms was broached. The envoys made several demands for changes in the financial relations of the states to the empire, but the chancellor was manifestly out of sympathy with all of them.

Caprivi is believed to have been crushed between the emperor and the federal envoys, not going far enough to suit the former and going too far to suit the latter. The difficulties of his position were increased, moreover, by the intrigues of Miquel and Eulenburg, who for more than a year have spared no effort to discredit his policies and diminish his influence with the crown.

Socialists Will Rejoice.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Morning Post's Berlin correspondent says:

"Everybody with a sense of fair play decries the despicable intrigues of the

CHEMULPO, Oct. 29.—Dispatches from Wi-Ju give additional details of the battle fought between the Chinese and Japanese across the Yalu river. Gen. Nodzu, the Japanese chief of staff, it appears, succeeded in getting the main body of the Japanese army across the Yalu river without mishap before daylight on Thursday. Then Col. Sato was sent forward at the head of a flying column on a reconnoitering expedition. He discovered the enemy occupying a fortified position near the village Fushang on the right bank of the Yalu. In spite of the fact that he had no artillery at his disposal, Col. Sato immediately commenced an attack upon the Chinese and a fierce fight followed. The Chinese fought desperately and stubbornly. The attack began at 10 o'clock in the morning and lasted until noon, when the Chinese began wavering, broke, and eventually retired in great disorder, falling back upon Kulienchas.

The troops commanded by Col. Sato, after the Chinese had retired, set to work upon the demolition of the fortifications of Fushang. Inside the fortifications they found 200 Chinese dead. The Japanese also captured a number of prisoners, among whom was a Chinese officer who stated that the position was held by eighteen battalions of Chinese troops. The Japanese, escorting their prisoners, then marched in the direction of Gen. Nodzu's main body with the intention of rejoining it. The number of Chinese wounded is not known. The Japanese lost five officers and ninety men killed and wounded.

Later dispatches said that the Chinese outposts were falling back upon Kulienchas, where it is expected that the only really determined stand of the Chinese in Manchuria will be made.

Fastest Trip Across the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The Cunarder Lucania has again beaten herself, making the fastest trip across the Atlantic ever known, and lowered her own champion record by twenty-five minutes. The run was made in five days, seven hours and twenty-three minutes. The best previous record of the Lucania or of any other vessel coming west was five days, seven hours, forty-eight minutes. Her highest day's run was 549 knots. The average per hour, 21.31 knots.

BUSINESS INDICATIONS.

They Are More Favorable Than They Were a Week Ago.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"Engrossing political excitement in many of the states causes a natural slackening in some kinds of business. But on the whole business indications are rather more favorable than they were a week ago. Gold exports have ceased, quite a number of mills have gone into operation, and the demand for products, if not equal to that of prosperous years, is better than it has been most of the time this year. The prices of farm products do not improve much, and there are still some strikes to resist reduction of wages, so that the purchasing power of the people cannot have materially increased, but there is a more hopeful spirit which prompts greater activity. On the other hand, the record of past transactions is somewhat less favorable than of late. Payments through the principal clearing houses throughout the country show a decrease of 1.2 per cent. compared with last year, and a decrease of 21.9 per cent. compared with the same week in 1892, the decrease for four weeks being 23.8 per cent.

"Cotton has sold at 5.81 cents for middling uplands, and the large receipts at such low prices indicate clearly that the crop will at least be close to the largest, if not the largest ever produced. The anticipated settlement of difficulties at Fall River has not been realized, and at present a good many spindles and looms are idle. It is interesting that, in spite of the low price of the principal southern crop, manufacturers and wholesale dealers report rather more improvement in trade with the south than with any other section.

"The wheat market is a quarter lower, and nothing appears to justify any important change. Corn is higher, without any very clear reason, and it is noteworthy that at the same time pork is 75c lower—lard, 35c per 100 pounds, and hogs 40c lower. The contrast indicates how little the provision market depends at present on natural relations of supply and demand.

"Industrial accounts are on the whole encouraging. The boot and shoe industry leads in improvement, actual shipments from the east being larger than in any previous year. The demand for wool is not as large as it has been. Prices were put down before the new tariff took effect, so that results of foreign competition are felt mainly in reduced sales of some domestic wools. Almost nothing is doing in spring wools for men's wear, but manufacturers are more encouraged to believe that, as to a large share of the cheaper goods, they can meet any prices that foreign mills may make.

"It is still, as it has been for some months, a very encouraging fact that the volume of commercial failures is small. Reports for the three weeks of October cover liabilities of only \$5,639,741, of which \$2,629,671 were of manufacturing and \$2,957,567 of trading concerns. The failures for the week were 231 in the United States, against 352 last year and 52 in Canada, against 44 last year."

Bradstreet's says: "Merchants interviewed in various portions of the country report in some instances the condition of business as not having realized anticipations and at other points that the recent bright outlook for trade is modified. Such advice is based in part on the practical conclusion of the fall trade and delays in demand for holiday goods. General trade continues checked throughout some portions of the regions supplied by Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul, due to unseasonably warm weather."

OUT OF A JOB.

United States Marshal Bede's Resignation Is Accepted.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—The publication in St. Paul of J. Adam Bede's letter of resignation as United States marshal is regarded at the department of justice as a sufficient reason for the publication of the attorney general's letter of acceptance. In the course of his letter Marshal Bede, after unconditionally tendering his resignation because he cannot conscientiously obey the president's order forbidding federal appointees doing campaign work, says:

"I do this because the party to which I have ever given my allegiance and in the principles of which I have an abiding faith, is this year being maligned by know-nothings and mountebanks and by evils that come from others' crime."

"When I must choose between public office and my friends, I shall take my friends, and nothing shall stand between my best efforts and their interests."

The attorney general's letter accepting Marshal Bede's resignation is as follows:

"I have yours of the 16th inst., in which you tender your resignation of the office of United States marshal on the ground that you cannot consistently or conscientiously govern yourself by an order of President Cleveland of 1866, which forbids federal office-holders from engaging in political campaign work."

"I have just been obliged to call for the resignation of a United States marshal, who, beginning a political campaign with speech-making, ended by shooting, and is now under indictment for murder. From the tone and temper of your letter, it would not be surprising to find you in the like predicament should you undertake to be a political worker and a United States marshal at the same time. Undue excitement and recklessness are always most inevitable when the ordinary political partisanship is added to the personal interest inseparable from officeholding. Your resignation as marshal is accepted, to take effect upon the appointment and qualification of your successor."

DEATH OF DR. HELMBOLD.

Patent-Medicine Millionaire Dies in a New Jersey Insane Asylum.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 27.—Dr. H. T. Helmbold, of extract of buchu fame, died Wednesday in the state asylum for the insane in this city. He was 57 years of age and had been an inmate of the institution about three years. He was sent to the Pennsylvania asylum at Norristown and spent several years there, when his wife secured his release. He then resumed his patent medicine business and became a millionaire. For many years he conducted a drug store in the Continental hotel building in Philadelphia, and later in the Herald building, at Broadway and Ann street, New York. Several years ago he took up his residence in Long Branch, where he, at different times, entertained Gen. Grant and other dignitaries.

Will Resume Operations.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.—The Delaware & Hudson Coal company have given notice that on and after Monday next all their collieries will resume work on full time. They employ over 10,000 miners, laborers and outside hands.

MONUMENT TO M'CLELLAN.

Unveiling Ceremonies at Philadelphia, Pa.—Oration by Gen. Franklin.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—The ceremonies at the unveiling of the McClellan statue were opened by prayer by Rev. Dr. McCook. Gen. Smith then made an address, referring to the dead general as the creator of the army of the Potomac. A poem written for the occasion by Dr. S. W. Mitchell was read. As the flags fell from the



STATUE OF M'CLELLAN.

statue a salute of seventeen guns was fired by battery A of the national guard of Pennsylvania and the First regiment band played "Hail to the Chief." The programme was then resumed with orations by Gen. William B. Franklin, of Hartford, Conn., Gov. Pattison and others. The statue is 23 feet 9 inches from the ground to the top of the hat. The casting, after a model by Sculptor S. J. Elliott, of Washington, D. C., shows the general in full field uniform.

WHITE CAPS AND BLUEBILLS.

They Fight a Pitched Battle in Tennessee—Three Are Killed.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 29.—For two years there has existed in Sevier county a large organization of white caps. They have committed outrages on defenseless citizens especially women. Some weeks ago another gang was organized in opposition which is known as bluebills. It is said to be composed of a better element of citizens and was organized for the purpose of wiping out white caps.

Thursday night a body of white caps numbering twenty-five or thirty started out to whip a man who lives 5 miles from Sevierville. It happened that this man was a bluebill and he hastily summoned his gang together. About twenty of them went to a bluff on Pigeon river and secreted themselves in a dense thicket of laurel. Shortly before midnight they heard the approach of white caps who were passing up the road in the jolliest humor discussing plans for their midnight work. As they approached the thicket bluebills opened fire with Winchesters and a pitched battle raged for several minutes. Two white caps, Laban Latham and John Kibble, were killed and several others wounded. The bluebills lost one man, Elithman Allen, a prominent farmer. Two or three others of their clique were badly wounded.

NEW MEXICO.

Gov. Thornton Presents His Report on the Territory.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The annual report of Gov. Thornton, of New Mexico, has been submitted to the secretary of the interior. The governor says there has been no material change in population, but a healthy growth has set in of a desirable class of immigration in almost every county of the territory, especially in the agricultural portion. At the end of the last fiscal year there was a cash balance of \$139,899 in the treasury of the territory. "The traffic in whiskey," the governor says, "which has been the cause of so much poverty among the Navajos and has led to so much crime in the past, has, during the past year, largely decreased." The total school enrollment was 45,389. The governor says that the process of raising crops by the aid of irrigation ditches has been very beneficial in New Mexico, as without ditches or wells agriculture would be a failure in the territory.

GRAND LODGE WINS.

A Decision of Importance to Knights of Pythias Lodges.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 29.—Judge Brown, of the Marion county court, has decided a case of wide interest to Knights of Pythias. When Koerner lodge seceded soon after the biennial session at Washington on the German ritual question it claimed all its property. The grand lodge brought suit to recover. The court holds for the grand lodge, deciding that the property under such circumstances falls to the grand lodge in trust for one year and then in absolute ownership, if the year elapses without the reorganization of the lodge.

He Will Be Shot.

TUSKAHOMA, I. T., Oct. 29.—Both houses of the Choctaw council adjourned at noon Friday. The house passed the bill giving to the governor power to pardon Silon Lewis, sentenced to be shot November 5, and it was vetoed. There are no other steps to be taken and he will be shot according to the sentence.

A Disastrous Failure.

Not a financial one, but a failure of physical energy, of vital stamina. How can this be repaired? By a persistent course of the blood fertilizer and invigorant, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insures perfect digestion and assimilation, and a consequent gain in strength and flesh. It also remedies liver and malarial disorder, rheumatism, nervousness and constipation.

LUCY (single).—"Do you think it is wicked to smoke, dear?" FANNY (married).—"No, dear, I'm sure it isn't." LUCY.—"Why are you so sure?" FANNY.—"Because my husband doesn't smoke, and if it was wicked I'm sure he would do it."—Half-Holiday.

WIDOW.—"Well, Mr. Brief, have you read the will?" BRIEF.—"Yes, but I can't make anything out of it." HEIR.—"Let us have it patented. A will that a lawyer can't make anything out of is a blessing."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

For two weeks, beginning Oct. 23, "Rush City," the new musical farce by Gus Heege. Seats secured by mail.

"My wife is a wonderful woman," said Jarley. "Give her time and a shoe-button, and, by Jove, she'll make a bonnet out of it."—Harper's Bazar.

HE.—"You saw some old ruins while in England, I presume?" SHE.—"Yes, indeed! And one of them wanted to marry me."—Brooklyn Life.

IN a way the oyster is the Caesar of the molluscan world. It's the friends who love him who give him the knife.—N. Y. Mercury.

CHECK Colds and Bronchitis with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

HEALTH, comfort and happiness abound in homes where "Garland" Stoves and Ranges are used.

"HAVE you ever been to Europe?" "No; I have no relatives there."—Puck.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

A FUNNY way to make money—write jokes.—Texas Siftings.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

The best baking powder made is, as shown by analysis, the Royal.

Gives Edman

Com'r of Health, New-York City.

PRISONER (sentenced to ten days).—"What would ye do if Ol said ye was an oild fule?" JUDGE.—"You would get ten days more for contempt." PRISONER.—"Thin, begorra, O'll not say it—O'll only think it."—N. Y. Herald.

"THERE's one thing certain, Mrs. Flippy's grief is really genuine." "Mercy, yes; her husband was so much company for her new pet parrot."—Inter Ocean.

THE modern gown has one advantage—it gives a woman room to laugh in her sleeve.—Philadelphia Record.

"MRS. BANGLE is perfectly devoted to her children." Mrs. SLASHER.—"How very sad!" "Sad! How do you make that out?" Mrs. SLASHER.—"Why, her poor darling Fido must be dead."—Inter Ocean.

A SURE THING.—Young Lady.—"Doctor, can you recommend something that will make me pretty?" Doctor.—"Yes. Money. Two dollars, please."—Detroit Free Press.

THE real duty is neglected when we stop over one duty to perform another.—Ran's Horn.

St. Jacobs Oil is made to cure

RHEUMATISM

I TOLD YOU SO.

Mirandy Hanks and Betsy Swan, Talked on, and on, and on, and on:

"Mirandy, surely you're not through Your washing, and your scrubbing, too?"

"Yes! Mrs. Swan, two hours ago, And everything's as white as snow; But then, you see, it's all because I use the SOAP called SANTA CLAUS."

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. Made by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION

Comes Every Week. For all the Family. Finely Illustrated. \$1.75 a Year.

The Full Prospectus for 1895 (sent free to every applicant) gives abundant evidence of the variety, interest and value of the contents of the sixty-ninth volume of THE YOUTH'S COMPANION. The following titles of articles and names of Contributors suggest a few of its many attractions.

Contributors for 1895.

Mr. Gladstone has written a striking paper of reminiscences of his lifelong friend and physician, Sir Andrew Clark.

Two Daughters of Queen Victoria,

The Story of My First Voyage,

A School Revisited,

The Bold 'Prentice, The Story of a Locomotive Engineer,

How to Tell a Story,

An Editor's Relations with Young Authors,

And Articles and Stories by more than a hundred other well-known writers.

Serial Stories.

The Lottery Ticket,

The Young Boss,

A Girl of the Revolution,

By Harold Frederic, C. A. Stephens, W. J. Long,

C. M. Thompson, Warren L. Wattis, and others.

J. T. Trowbridge.

Edward W. Thomson.

Dorothy Nelson.

The Princess Christian, of Schleswig-Holstein,

The Princess Louise (Marchioness of Lorne),

W. Clark Russell,

James Matthew Barrie,

Rudyard Kipling,

Mark Twain,

William Dean Howells.

Health and Home Articles.

Self-Cure of Wakefulness, Dr. W. A. Hammond.

The Cellar, Dr. W. C. Braislin.

Dresses for Children, Louise Manville-Fenn.

Put the Children on Record, Pres. Stanley Hall.

Help for Consumptives, Dr. Harold Ernst.

Favorite Features for 1895.

Short Stories; Adventure Stories; Travellers' Tales; Anecdotes of Noted People; Life in Foreign Schools; Papers on Art and Artists; Articles on Science, Natural History and Hygiene; Papers by American Admirals; Opportunities for Boys; Football, Fishing and Camping; Editorials; Poems; Selections; Children's Page; Fine Illustrations; Most Wholesome Reading for all the Family.

THIS SLIP

FREE TO JANUARY 1, 1895.

New Subscribers who will cut out this slip and send it with name and address and \$1.75 at once, will receive The Youth's Companion FREE to January 1, 1895, and for a full year from that date. This special offer includes the Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year's and Easter Double Holiday Numbers.

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Entered at the Postoffice at Barrington, Ill., as second-class mail matter.

SATURDAY NOVEMBER, 3.

How it all happened will be the Democratic theme next week.

THEY are scarce now, but they will be hard to find after November 6th.

JAPAN is too much for China, but if it has to contend with earthquakes and China both it will weaken after while.

THE Interior Department at Washington has the smallpox, and has closed for repairs and vaccination.

Now, ALL together! Next Tuesday will be a decisive day, and upon its results the happiness and comforts of millions of homes will depend.

It's not much wonder that the President spends so much of his time at Buzzard's Bay. It is such a nice place for him to recall the past.

WHEN a man says: "I honestly hope the Democrats will get in power again in '96" certainly don't love his country, and its prosperity.

IF the State of Missouri wants a great boom she will wheel into the Republican column. It would be the greatest piece of work she ever done.

GIVE us a bright Indian summer day on Tuesday, and a scalp dance in the evening, and then settle down to business and get ready for Thanksgiving.

WHEN we get a Republican Congress in November you will see business rebound to prosperity at once. Why? Because there will be no more tinkering with the tariff.

GERMANY strikes the administration at home and German-Americans will strike it at the polls on Tuesday. The German people like fair dealing with the honest dollars.

THERE is good evidence that the people do not like the changed conditions of the past two years; but the important question is, will they vote to change them back to the old and better conditions?

SECRETARY Hoke Smith got scared and was vaccinated the other day. On next Tuesday the entire party will be vaccinated. The people don't want the disease to spread. One siege is enough.

For a pain in the side or chest is nothing so good as a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief and if used in time will often prevent a cold resulting in pneumonia. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by A. L. Waller.

The Next Congress.

In three days we shall know whether the people have repudiated the Democratic party and returned to their confidence in the Republican party as the representative of safe and sound principles in government. The campaign has been more general in its extent than any that has been known in this country for many years. For the first time since the day of reconstruction the Democratic party is not sure of the solid South, and the leaders confess that they will lose Congressmen in Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, and Louisiana. They also confess that they will lose two members in New York. These confessions show the general effect of the Democratic tariff tinkering, and that not even the solid South can longer be depended on to send Democrats to Congress to vote against the business interests of the State they represent.

The negro question has ceased to be the only living question in the South, and as Judge Collyar, of Nashville Ten., says, the people of this section are at last beginning to study the tariff question. Judge Collyar has all his life been a Democrat. He was a member of the Confederate Congress, but he is now supporting the Republicans because he believes that iron and coal must be protected to give permanent prosperity to the Southern States, especially to West Virginia, Alabama, and Tennessee.

The Thursday morning *Inter Ocean* presented a carefully prepared table of estimates made by both parties. They are widely different in the result, for the Democratic estimate claims the next Congress by a plurality of 34, while the Republican estimate claims it by a plurality of 43. The Democrats, however, concede a loss of thirty Congressmen from the present house, and they conceded that a number of them will be in the South, where the Republicans are making a vigorous campaign for protection.

The Republican estimate is a conservative one, at least so far as the West is concerned, and it does not claim from the East as large gains as are conceded by the *New York Times*, the free-trade organ of New York city. The *Times* says that the Democrats of Massachusetts have no hope of electing more than one Congressman, while the Republican gives them two.

All estimates made at this time must be largely guess work, but it is believed that the figures presented by the Republicans are in closer touch with the prevailing sentiment than are the Democratic figures. The people have repudiated the Democratic party and its administration of public affairs. The only question is as to whether the machine in the South and that in New York city and Chicago can succeed in counting Democratic majorities in face of the protest of the majority of voters.

W. A. McGuire, a well known citizen of McKay, Ohio, is of the opinion that there is nothing as good for children troubled with colds or croup as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He has used it in his family for many years with the best results and always keeps a bottle of it in the house. After having la grippe he was himself troubled with a severe cough. He used other remedies without benefit and then concluded to try the children's medicine and to his delight it soon effected a permanent cure. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. L. Waller.

Smiles.

Friend—Why do you send your husband's cloths to a tailor, when all they need is buttons? Mrs. Maniofem—Well, the fact is my husband married so young that he never learned how to sew on buttons.—*New York Weeky.*

She—Strange how a drowning person will clutch at a straw. He—Yes, especially when there is a nice, refreshing julep at the other end of it.

"What did the doctor say was the matter with you?"

"He said he didn't know."

"Well, what doctor are you going to next."

"None. When a doctor dares to make such an admission as that he must be about as high in his profession as he can get.—*Indianapolis Journal*

Editor—That fellow Scribbem aspires to be a humorist, but he'll never make it.

Assistant—Wen't eh? Why not?

Editor—Here's a whole batch of jokes on football players he has turned in and the word hair dosen't appear in one of them.—*Buffalo Courier.*

Mrs. McCauber—Here is a notice saying that if the gass bill is not paid the gass will be shut off.

Mr. McCauber—let them shut it off. Who cares?

"But what will we do?"

"Put in electric lights."

"But in time the bills for them will come in."

"Oh, Well, perhaps something else will be invented by that time."

The shoemaker's life is awl but fast.

And his sole waxes strong each day:

Each job depends upon his last,

And so he keeps pegging away.

Boston Courier,

"Sad is my fate," Cried the candidate.

"And sorrow fills my cup;

The opposition runs me down,

And the sheriff will wind me up."

Indianapolis Journal.

"No, he doesn't love me," she sighed, as she listened to the receding footsteps of the youth who had just parted from her. "No, he dosen't love me. He said good night only four times before going."—*New York Press.*

Begger—Please, sir, just a few pennies? I hain't had any dinner and am awful hungry.

Sir—Didn't you have any luncheon?

—Beggan—No, sir. No dinner, no luncheon, no breakfast, not a thing to eat all day.

Sir—My dear man, that's what makes you hungry.—*Truth.*

"They acquitted Bilken on that charge of jumping a board bill, I hear. Evidence of his innocence conclusive?"

"Yep; his attorney simply introduced the bill. It was from a summer hotel and the most stupid juryman could see that it was too blamed high for any one to jump."—*Buffalo Courier.*

Magistrate (to witness)—I understand that you overheard the quarrel between this defendend and his wife? Witness—Yes sor, Magistrate—tell the court, if you can, what he seemed to be doing. Witness—He seemed to be doin' the listenin'—*Judge.*

"I would rather trust that medicine than any doctor I know of," Says Mrs. Hattie Mason of Clinton Carter Co., Mo., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and diarrhoea Remedy For sale by A. L. Waller.

JUST OPENED!

The Washington House,

HENRY DIEKMANN, PROPRIETOR.

DEALER IN

Fine Wines, Liquors, Etc.

A Choice Lot of First-class Bottle Goods

Always on Hand.

THE BEST LINE OF CIGARS AND TOBACCO IN THE MARKET.

POOL ROOM IN CONNECTION

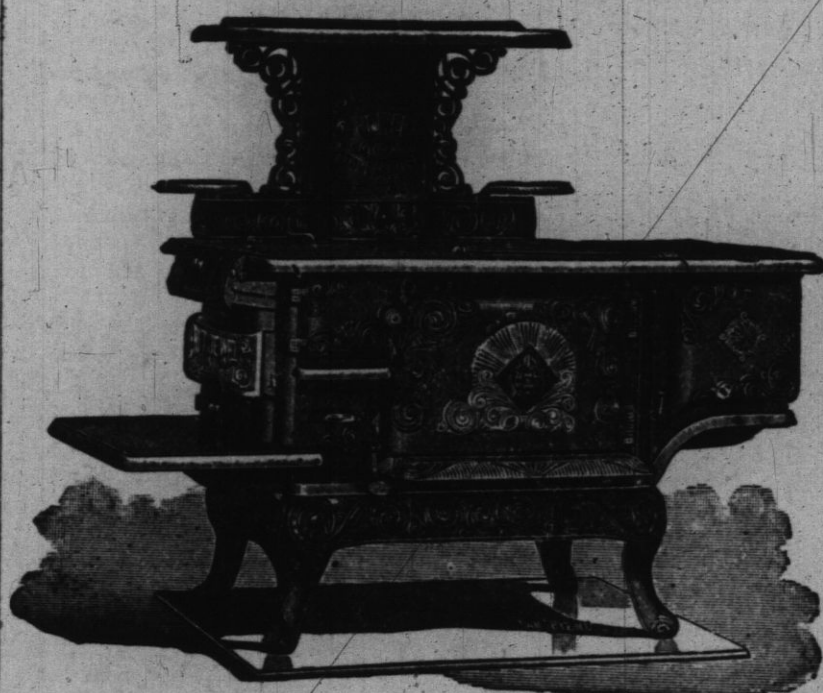
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ILLINOIS

BARGAINS!

IN

Cook Stoves, Heating Stoves, Oil Stoves, Furnaces, Etc,



JEWEL STOVE

My Stock Of

General Hardware

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Is easily the best all around home paper you have. This is not buncombe. Watch its columns closely and when you have any items of news send them in

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And that we have simply stated the fact. We get our greatest circulation among the thinking classes—those who, having tried all papers, take the best—which is THE BARRINGTON NEWS.

Are You Reading It Regularly?

Try it for a while, and if you read our advertisements carefully you can find where you can buy the best goods at the lowest prices. The man who is a liberal advertiser is sure to be a liberal business man.

Have Your Job Work Done At Home.

Dont send it away when you can get the same work done at home at a much less price. We are doing job work for all our leading men who have had their work done in the city until we came, and they are more than satisfied with our work. Give us a trial and be convinced that we do the best work, and of all kinds.

Send in your orders and receive a prompt and neat job at a low rate. Advertising rates reasonable, Subscription \$1.50 Per year.

At the meeting of the Barrington Fire Department, July 13, 1894 F. H. Frye was appointed general overseer to keep apparatus ready for use etc.

The following divisions were appointed to act in case of fire. Fire Marshal; J. C. Plagge. Hose Cart.

P. H. Miller, E. M. Blocks, F. J. Meier and H. A. Harnden. Engine.

A. Schauble, John Brinkampf, F. Johnholtz, Wm. Meier, Ed Peters and E. Naehér. Nozzel; Karl Naehér. Ladders.

G. H. Landwer, C. P. Hawley and F. H. Frye. Axes; Frank Plagge. Pails; B. H. Sodt. Chemical Engine's.

T. H. Creet, Wm. Howrath, A. W. Meyer, C. C. Henning, M. C. McIntosh and Phil Hawley. Lanterns,

Wm. Grunau, Hawley, W. T. Stott, Ed Hockmeister, M. B. McIntosh and J. E. Heise.

The first person in each division is the head of that division.

Moved seconded and carried that in case of fire the Fire Marshal have sole command, and the heads of the various divisions look to him for orders. and if the Fire Marshal be absent the head of the Hose Cart division act as marshal, and if he be absent the head of the Nozzel division act as Marshal.

D. H. Richardson Sec.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the post office at Barrington, Ill., September, 1st, as unclaimed

Mrs. Page Balkley.
Miss Hannah Bennett.
Rudolph Corgnic 2.
Edward Doane.
Joseph Givish.
Joachim Hertz.
Richard Johnson.
Prter Jacobson.
Miss. G. Knott.
Miss Bertha Lawrence.
Miss Anna McMahon 2.
Mrs. Henry J. Meyer.
Adolph Minllentien.
Mrs. Paulina Otto 2.
Mrs. Addie Sherman.
H. D. Watgen.
William Witchman.
Willie Williams.
Miss Amelia Waldhansen.
M. B. McIntosh,
P. M.

BARRINGTON POST No. 275, G. A. R., Department of Ill.—Meet every second Friday in the month at Abbott's Hall. L. E. Runyan, Com.; G. W. Johnson, S. V. C.; Wm. Humphery, J. V. C.; A. Gleason Q. M.; A. S. Henderson, O. D.; L. H. Bute O. G.; Henry Reuter, Sergt.; Chas Senn Chap.

M. W. A. CAMP 809.—Meets first and third Tuesdays in each month at A. Meyers' Hall. F. F. Hawley, V. C. P. A. Hawley, W. A.; John Robertson, B.; M. T. Lamey Clerk; Wm. Aatholts, W.; J. M. Thrasher, E.; H. P. Askew,

W. R. C. No. 85.—Meets the second and fourth Wednesdays in each month. Mrs. Lucy Townsend, Pres. Miss Allie Meyer, Sec.

LAUNSBURY LODGE No. 751.—Meets at their hall the second and fourth Saturdays of each month. L. A. Powers, W. M.; H. A. Sandman, S. W.; C. H. Kendall, J. W.; C. B. Otis, Treas.; A. T. Ullitsch, Sec.; F. B. Bennett, S. D.; J. P. Brown, J. D.; A. Gleason, Tyler.

FALL OPENING.

.....Of Fall and Winter.....

Millinery Goods.

Having purchased my FALL and WINTER stock I offer for sale, at prices and styles, that will suit every one.

Call and See

My fine stock of latest style Hats and Bonnets. Also a line of Feathers, Plumes, Buckles, Ribbons and everything in the trimming line.

....Particular attention paid to Hats trimmed to order....

Infant and Childrens

Hoods Made to Order.

MISS DINA BAUMAN, BARRINGTON, ILL.

REMOVED.

Chicago TAILORING Department

To The Old PARKER Stand.

Where I Will Keep a Fine Line Of Fall and Winter SAMPLES.

Also a Choice Line Of

Ready-made Clothing.

I Request ALL To Call and Inspect These GOODS.

Respectfully Yours.

H. Walter, Barrington, Ill.

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the Oldest and Largest manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way—ship with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. Why pay an agent \$10 to \$20 to order for you? Write your own order. Nozing free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.
Spring Wagons, \$31 to \$50. Guaranteed same as sell for \$60 to \$85. Surreys, \$65 to \$100 same as sell for \$100 to \$130. Top Buggies, \$37.50, as fine as sold for \$65. Phaetons, \$66 to \$100. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. BOTTLES FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

Our Harness are sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

KIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.
3 percent. off for cash with order. Send 4c. in pneumatic tires, weldless steel tubing, drop forgings.

Address **W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.**

 No. 37, Surrey Harness. \$11.00	 No. 731, Surrey. \$75
 No. 118 1/2, Top Buggy. \$37.50	 No. 127, Road Wagon. \$26
 No. 3, Farm Wagon. \$43.00	 Elkhart Bicycle, 28 in. wheels. \$55

JUST OPENED!

A FIRST CLASS

Bakery and Lunch Room,

IN THE LAGESCHULTE BLOCK.

Where I will have at all times on hand a Fresh Line of Bread, Pies, Cakes, Bunns and everything in the Bakery Line.

Ice Cream & Oysters In Season.

FIRST CLASS LUNCH AT ALL HOURS.

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

H. Butzow, - - Barrington, Ill.

Barrington News.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

SANFORD BALDWIN, of Hannibal, Mo., ended an unhappy marital existence by killing his wife and himself.

CHAUNCEY WHEATON, a wealthy farmer of Athens, Pa., was bunkoed out of \$5,000 by two sharpers.

THE visible supply of grain in the United States on the 23d was: Wheat, 76,650,000 bushels; corn, 3,399,000 bushels; oats, 9,145,000 bushels; rye, 408,000 bushels; barley 3,068,000 bushels.

A NATIONAL organization to be known as the Federated Metal Trades of America was formed in Indianapolis with Lee Johnson, of Kansas City, as president.

SHARP earthquake shocks were felt at Los Angeles, San Diego and Campo, Cal.

THE president and his family left Buzzard's Bay, Mass., for Washington.

THE outlaws in Harlan county, Ky., have become so lawless and defiant that the authorities decided to suppress them at once.

JOHN H. DODD, for thirty years business manager of the Courier, dropped dead at his home in Zanesville, O., of apoplexy.

AN explosion from an unknown cause wrecked a St. Louis grocery store and injured five persons, one fatally.

A COLLISION between Southern Pacific trains near Walker Station, Tex., resulted in the death of two persons and the injury of four others.

IN an action for damages Judge Field, of Louisville, Ky., decided the Pullman company was not a common carrier.

JAMES K. EDGERLY, returning to Fort Henry, N. Y., from Oklahoma, paid \$1,000 for a worthless bond to two confidence men in Chicago.

RUNS on the Pittsburgh (Pa.) "discretionary pools" continued, and George M. Irwin & Co., one of the principal concerns, suspended, with liabilities of over \$1,000,000.

A MYSTERIOUS disease has broken out among Arizona miners in the Cour d'Alene district. Several hundred persons have been stricken.

HELEN GRIER, of Spokane, Wash., convicted of poisoning her sixth husband, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

IN his annual report Gen. Otis urges the acquirement by the government of strategic points on Puget sound.

THE national convention of German Epworth leagues met at St. Paul with a large attendance.

CAPT. HENRY A. FORD, an educator and newspaper writer of state reputation, fell dead on a street car in Detroit.

THE Big Four railway shops at Wabash, Ind., were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of over \$100,000.

CYCLIST SEARLES completed his ride from Chicago to New York in 6 days, 7 hours and 30 minutes, lowering the previous record an hour.

EBENEZER S. REEVE, a shoe dealer at Philadelphia, Pa., failed for \$100,000.

THE Central hotel at Baton, N. M. burned and James La Point, James McCoot and Al Kennedy, railroad men, perished in the flames.

ALONZO P. EDDY and his wife and two children were killed by the cars while driving across the Erie tracks at Watts Flats, N. Y.

ALBERT G. HARDING rode 100 miles on a bicycle at St. Louis in 4:37 4-5, a cut in the record of twenty-three minutes.

THE fishing schooner Dora A. Lawson arrived at Gloucester, Mass., from the banks and reported the loss of four of her crew.

ON a straight course at Buffalo, N. Y., John S. Johnson rode a mile on a bicycle in 1:35 2-5.

AN explosion from an unknown cause wrecked a Marion (Ind.) photograph gallery and three persons were seriously injured.

S. P. TEADES & SONS, merchants at Salt Lake City, made an assignment with liabilities of over \$200,000.

STEEL men from all parts of the country met in New York to form a trust.

FRED COGHALL killed his wife at Attleboro, Mass., during a quarrel and then killed himself.

TO PUT an end to lawlessness in Indian territory Secretary Smith will recommend abrogation of the treaties and establishment of a territorial government.

CONNECTICUT savings banks notified depositors to withdraw all sums over \$10,000, so as to be relieved of the income tax.

AN equestrian statue of Maj. Gen. George B. McClellan was unveiled at Philadelphia with imposing ceremony.

STERN & Co., New York shirt manufacturers, failed for \$350,000 and Louis S. Stern, one of the partners, drowned himself.

THOMAS PURDY, Dayton, O., had for nearly a week been in a cataleptic trance, his body being as stiff as a poker.

TWO MEN lost their lives in a prairie fire which swept through portions of Cherry and Grant counties, Neb., burning over a strip of country 50 miles in width and destroying hay stacks, homes, and in some instances stock.

Gov. WILLIAM C. RENFROW, of Oklahoma territory, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior says the territory has a population of 250,000. The taxable valuation of the territory is \$19,947,922. The governor recommends the admission of Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state.

A NEW counterfeit \$5 treasury note with the Thomas head was in circulation in Rochester, N. Y.

THE eastern anthracite coal sales agents decided to advance prices twenty-five cents on stove and fifteen cents on other sizes.

FLYING JIM paced an exhibition mile in 2:03 1/2 at Louisville, Ky.

FRED DOUGLASS addressed the American Missionary association at Lowell, Mass. He said the negro still needed a helping hand.

A UNION COUNTY (N. J.) grand jury brought in a presentment against churches and societies which run lotteries at festivals.

A DAUGHTER of Squire Hulse, of Jeffersonville, Ind., who has married 3,000 eloping couples, eloped with Roy Howard and was married.

THE statistician of the United States department of agriculture has made the following cotton crop estimate: Acres planted in 1893, 19,525,000; number of bales harvested, 7,493,000.

THE sudden extinguishment of the lights caused a panic in Noble's opera house at Tiffin, O., and a number of persons were badly injured.

J. J. REITHMAN and J. J. Reithman & Co., wholesale druggists in Denver, failed for \$500,000.

A TEN-ACRE tract of hone stone, a valuable mineral, has been discovered in Hardin county, Ia.

A DECREASE of \$14,281,506, of which \$10,000,000 is in the item of pensions, is shown by Secretary Smith's estimate of appropriations for the next fiscal year.

IT was announced that foreign officials would cooperate with the United States in keeping criminals from emigrating to this country.

ELI KROUSE and Edward Wardneese, mill-owners, were run over and killed by a train at Reelsville, Ind.

ONE man was killed and eleven others entombed by a cave-in in the Pewabic mine at Iron Mountain, Mich.

SEVEN officials of justice's courts were indicted at Denver, Col., for forging names on witness certificates and defrauding the county out of thousands of dollars.

ACCORDING to a decision rendered at Kansas City, Mo., by Assistant United States District Attorney Draffen, all laws for punishing repeaters at the polls have been repealed.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 26th aggregated \$911,918,325, against \$950,045,906 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 8.

MISS AGNES JONES, who took a claim in Oklahoma, fatally shot Sam Bartell, who had jumped the claim during her absence.

AN unknown man started prairie fires in Nebraska which destroyed several lives and a vast amount of property.

STIRRED to action by a recent murder, people of Milwaukee will close the saloons in the vicinity of the soldiers' home.

JAMES J. WOOD, a poor carpenter of Springfield, O., returned from Ireland with \$200,000, his share of the estate of ancestors.

JUDGE WILLIAM BROOKS, 80 years old, one of the south's most eminent jurists, dropped dead at his home in Birmingham, Ala.

OFFICERS of the Omaha (Neb.) national bank were endeavoring to ferret out a thief who had stolen large amounts from its safety vaults.

THE post office at Boaring Springs, Pa., was robbed by unknown men, who secured 13,000 stamps and \$400 cash.

THE Cunarder Lucania has again beaten herself, making a trip across the Atlantic in 5 days, 7 hours and 23 minutes, the fastest ever made.

YOUNG HAMMETT, 14 years of age, committed suicide at Columbia, S. C. Punishment by his father for excessive cigarette smoking was the cause.

LABE LATHAM and Isaac Keebler, white caps, and Elijah Helton, their intended victim, were killed in a fight in Sevier county, Tenn.

OWING to the increase of smallpox Secretary Hoke Smith closed the entire interior department in Washington.

FIRE destroyed a warehouse of the Deering company's harvesting machine plant in Chicago, entailing a loss of \$200,000.

THERE were 231 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 26th, against 253 the week previous and 353 in the corresponding time in 1893.

DANIEL MCCLINTOC, trustee of Clifty township, Ind., worried over a shortage in his accounts until death ensued.

CAPT. J. A. MANNING, inspector of life-saving stations, dropped dead in a train at Grand Rapids, Mich.

THE annual report of Gov. Thornton, of New Mexico, submitted to the secretary of the interior, says there has been no material change in population, but a healthy growth has set in of a desirable class of immigration in almost every county of the territory, especially in the agricultural portion.

DURING a quarrel over family matters and politics at Jeffersonville, Ind., Harvey Stone fatally stabbed his brother.

ROBBERS at Malvern, Ia., wrecked the Farmers' national bank with dynamite and stole about \$8,000 in cash.

ATTORNEY GENERAL OLNEY, speaking of the statement of the assistant district attorney at Kansas City that there was no law by which election frauds could be punished in United States courts, said state laws were in existence by virtue of which election frauds, whether of registration or of voting, could be punished by state courts.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

MRS. HANNAH CHAFFEE, widow of Fay Chaffee, died at Adrian, Kan., aged 102 years.

J. C. DAHLMAN, democratic candidate for auditor of Nebraska, withdrew to aid in the election of his populist opponent.

MRS. MARY A. WOOLBRIDGE, general corresponding secretary of the International W. C. T. U., died at her home in Chicago.

DR. H. T. HELMBOLD, of patent medicine fame, died suddenly of apoplexy in the asylum for the insane at Trenton, N. J., aged 57 years.

COL. GARRICK MALLEY, U. S. A., retired, died in Washington. He was in charge of the signal service bureau from 1870 to 1876.

COL. CHARLES N. PINE, formerly editor of the Democrat at Princeton, Ill., died at Fort Jarvis, N. Y., aged 61 years.

MRS. CHRISTIAN BOWEN celebrated her 105th birthday at Lewiston, Ill. She was 10 years old when Washington died. She is in fair health.

FOREIGN.

BRIGANDS visited the ranch of Francisco Perez, near Jalosiltan, Mex., and killed Mr. Perez and four of his employees. Three of the bandits were captured and shot.

A BATTLE occurred near Yi Chow and the Japanese were repulsed with a loss of 3,000 men on each side.

THE Swedish schooner Alene, loaded with gunpowder, was blown up off Peterhead, Scotland, and all her crew perished.

TWO WOMEN and three children were killed and twenty-seven others injured during a panic in a church at Trokh, Russia, caused by a lamp upsetting.

THREE THOUSAND houses were destroyed and 260 persons killed and many injured by an earthquake in Japan.

SIX men were killed and twenty injured by an explosion on the French cruiser Arethuse while her engines were being tested.

THE sultan of Morocco ordered Muley Amin to go to Melilia with a force of soldiers to delimit the Spanish and Moorish frontier.

CHANCELLOR VON CAPRIVI and Count Botho zu Eulenberg, of the German cabinet, tendered their resignations to Emperor William.

DISPATCHES from Wi Ju state that Japanese troops routed the Chinese with heavy loss near Fushang, on the Yalu river.

LATER.

DYNAMITERS destroyed a Hungarian boarding-house at Laurel Run, Pa., killing three men and wounding four others fatally.

SIXTEEN persons lost their lives by the destruction by fire of the West Street hotel at Seattle, Wash.

A CYCLOPE did great damage in the vicinity of Tonkawa, O. T. Twenty houses were wrecked and their contents scattered.

CAPT. JOHN ADAM KOCH, a retired capitalist and veteran of the Mexican war, died at his home in Dubuque, Ia.

A WAGON containing a party returning from a dance was struck by a Big Four train near Lebanon, Ind., and five of the merry-makers were killed.

CLARENCE H. BLACKALL, a Boston architect, filed insolvency papers. His liabilities were estimated at \$390,000.

PRINCE HOHENLOHE-SCHILLINGSFURST has accepted the German chancellorship. He will also be premier of Prussia.

A FORCE of 17,000 Chinese was routed by the Japanese at Kiurenn, and 200 were killed and many captured.

AT East St. Louis, Ill., the Bridge and Terminal company's warehouse and 200 cars were burned at a loss of \$500,000.

THE Methodists of New York celebrated the founding of the first Methodist Episcopal church in America.

THREE men were killed and nine others injured by a train collision on the Pennsylvania railroad at Corydon, Pa.

DISPATCHES from Paris announce the death at Tours of Leon Palustre, the famous archaeologist.

HENRY W. MEYER, of Dayton, O., killed John J. Grimme, a neighbor and former friend, in a quarrel over a woman.

MRS. MARGARET E. EASTER, author of many popular poems, died at her home in Baltimore, aged 55 years.

PHILIP RAYMOND, of West Newton, Mass., attempted to shoot a muskrat when the gun exploded, instantly killing his wife.

FOREST fires did great damage in portions of Tennessee and Mississippi.

BY a vote of 94 to 63 the lower house of the Georgia assembly refused to consider a resolution declaring for free silver.

FIRE at Asheville, N. C., destroyed the Southern railway's freight house, the loss being \$100,000.

THE home of J. S. Coxey, of commonwealth fame, near Massillon, O., was destroyed by fire with all its contents, the loss being \$10,000.

PILLSBURY'S ALWAYS THE BEST.

Attacks on the Celebrated Brands of Flour of the Pillsbury-Washburn Company Fall Flat.

The National Pure Food Exposition, now being held at Battery D, is a financial and artistic success. There is an interesting rivalry between the exhibitors that furnishes both profit and amusement to the visitors. The only thing to be regretted is that the representative of a brand of flour appears to think it necessary to make absurd and unreliable statements about the well-known Pillsbury brand of flour in order to call attention to the merits of the product which he represents. His statements, probably unauthorized and made without the knowledge of his employers, are not only absurd, but are offensive to the thousands of visitors who know that Pillsbury's Best is without a rival in the flour markets of the world. For twenty-four years it has maintained its supremacy, being the first patent process flour to be placed upon this market. It has established itself in the affections of nearly every housewife in the land. There is not a baker or bread-maker that does not know that Pillsbury's Best is the best. Other flours are often used because retailers find it more profitable, for the time being, to sell flour which cost them less and consequently give them a larger profit. The Pillsbury Mills are the largest in the world and the Pillsbury flour is universally conceded to be the brand par excellence. Consumers say that manufacturers of other patent flours have never yet succeeded in maintaining the high standard without variation for a series of years, which appears to be a secret known only to the makers of Pillsbury's Best.

There is a market for flours of all grades and makes, and it is to be regretted that the representative of any firm should have the mistaken idea that sales can be made by misrepresenting a flour of international reputation. This representative also attacks the celebrated brand of Washburn's Best, also made by the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills company, as an imitation of some of the brands of flour made by the Washburn-Crosby company. This is very amusing, and simply shows dense ignorance when the fact is known that the brand of Washburn's Best has been on the markets of this country twenty years, while the present brand of Washburn-Crosby's superlative is only three years old.



MOTHERS

and those about to become mothers, should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription robs childbirth of its torture, terrors and dangers to both mother and child, by aiding Nature in preparing the system for parturition. Thereby "labor" and also the period of confinement are greatly shortened. It also promotes an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child. During pregnancy, it prevents "morning sickness" and those distressing nervous symptoms from which so many suffer.

Tanks, Cattle Co., Texas.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—I took your "Favorite Prescription" previous to confinement and never did so well in my life. It is only two weeks since my confinement and I am able to do my work. I feel stronger than I ever did in six weeks before.

Yours truly,

Bosda, C. C. C. C.

A MOTHER'S EXPERIENCE.

South Bend, Pacific Co., Wash. DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: Dear Sir—I began taking your "Favorite Prescription" the first month of pregnancy, and have continued taking it since confinement. I did not experience the nausea or any of the ailments due to pregnancy, after I began taking your "Prescription." I was only in labor a short time, and the physician said I got along unusually well.

We think it saved me a great deal of suffering. I was troubled a great deal with leucorrhoea also, and it has done a world of good for me.

Yours truly,

Mrs. W. C. BAKER.



THE "KNICKERBOCKER SPECIAL," A NEW DAILY TRAIN BETWEEN

ST. LOUIS, PEORIA, Indianapolis, Cincinnati,

New York & Boston.

"Through the beautiful Mohawk Valley and down the Hudson."

Lv. St. Louis, 12:00 Noon. Lv. Peoria, 12:30 p. m. Lv. Indianapolis, 7:00 p. m. Ar. Cincinnati, 10:45 p. m. Ar. Cleveland, 2:10 a. m. Ar. Buffalo, 6:50 a. m. Ar. New York, 6:30 p. m. Ar. Boston, 9:05 p. m.

SUPERB EQUIPMENT, WAGNER SLEEPING CARS, and DINING CARS, VIA

BIG FOUR ROUTE

Lake Shore, New York Central and Boston and Albany Railroads.

M. E. INGALLS, E. O. MCCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, President, Passenger Traffic Manager, Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CINCINNATI

BE IN TIME FOR CHRISTMAS. A BEAUTIFUL WREATH OF HOLLY AND MISTLETOE on Cloth That Can Be Tacked on the Wall.

Ask your local dealer to procure some of the Windsor Christmas Wreaths. Do not send to us as we have none at retail.

WINDSOR CO., North Adams, Mass.

"MERRY CHRISTMAS" "HAPPY NEW YEAR" "CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S GREETINGS"

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

A Low Water Level

In Rivers, Ponds, Wells, and other sources of drinking water threatens danger from malarial germs. This condition is usually found in the Fall, and it points to Hood's Sarsaparilla as a safeguard against attacks of disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and thus guards the system from all these perils. It creates an appetite and gives sound and robust health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

"I have been using Hood's Sarsaparilla occasionally for the last three years. I have suffered from malaria fever for five years, and have tried many kinds of medicine, but found no relief till I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have all confidence in it, and believe it to be far superior to any other tonic." P. J. Fitzgerald, 121 Ninth St., So. Boston, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great

Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. \$5. CORDOYAN. FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF. \$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.99 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.15 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. \$3.25 \$2.15 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

ILLINOIS I. C. R. R. CENTRAL ROUTE

CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS

SOLID VESTIBULE TRAIN.

Daily at 9:00 p. m. from Chicago. New and elegant equipment, built expressly for this service. Train lighted throughout by gas. Tickets and further information of your local ticket agent, or by address A. H. HANSON, G. P. & A. Ill. Cent. R. R. Chicago, Ill.

DR. R. V. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE SUNPASTE STOVE POLISH

FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH MAKES NO DUST, IN 5/10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE.

MORSE BROS. PROP'S. CANTON, MASS.

A NEW \$900 UPRIGHT STEINWAY PIANO FREE

Is offered as a premium to agents selling most CHRISTY KNIVES by Dec. 31, '04. Write for particulars. CHRISTY KNIFE CO., Fremont, Ohio, Box B.

Ely's Cream Balm QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY BROS., 54 Warren St., N. Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD

Price 50 Cents.

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ELY'S CREAM BALM

QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD

Price 50 Cents.

Barrington News.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

OUR TOWN IMPROVEMENT CLUB

We've got the prettiest little town I guess you ever saw; In fact, it is a rural gem without a single flaw; It gives a poet pleasure of the highest kind to gaze At its exquisite beauty and its neat and thrifty ways.

A while ago it only was an ordinary town Of dirty streets and houses with a look of tumble down; Old cans, sticks, ashes, papers, weeds and rubbish everywhere Gave to it and its people a dilapidated air.

The men, you see, were running it by spending all their time Discussing peanut politics with dignity sublime. And finding fault with everyone—except themselves, of course. With all the indignation that a lazy man can force.

This made the women tired; without asking any "hub," They formed themselves in what they call a Town Improvement club, Appointed their committees, raised some money—all their own—And went to work like women, while the men sat down to groan.

You scarcely would believe it. Spite of manly jeers and jokes These females soon awakened all the Rip Van Winkle folks; They got a polish on the streets; the littered lots they cleaned, And then from throwing rubbish over fences all were weaned.

They grassed the weedy places and they planted trees around; They started pretty parklets on the bits of public ground; The town's unsightly buildings, where the noble men would meet, With paint, broom, soap and water, were, for once, made bright and sweet.

When folks saw the improvements they had formerly decried They suddenly took in their town a patriotic pride; They took down useless fences, painted houses, barns and sheds, And cleaned their lawns and graced them with artistic flower beds.

Nor did they only stop at that. In keeping with the rest They made their persons tidy and their manners were their best; And real estate went up in price, for strangers of renown Were glad to dwell in such a neat and healthful, handsome town.

"God bless the women for it," say the men who used to sneer; "They've given us a pleasure that we never knew before; Health, wealth and wondrous beauty they have given to our town And if we do the work ourselves—'twill ne'er again run down."

Yes, every country village needs a woman's club to make Its homes a joy forever and to keep the men awake; For they, superior creatures, haven't woman's eyes to see The discord in disorder, or just how such things should be.

—H. C. Dodge, in Goodall's Sun.

HESTER SANDS' BACK STOOP.



UPPER was all ready at the big Walgrave house; the first plate of brown muffins, and the lightly turned omelet had disappeared with the dining-room girl, while Hester came from the warm kitchen and dropped into a chair on the cool back porch. Hester Sand always spoke of it as "the stoop," or rather as "my stoop," for with the exception of an occasional service as playhouse by the Walgrave children, it was used only as a passageway, or for Hester's resting place.

Vines of cinnamon climbed the lattice straight to the eavestrough on one side, while over the other drooped the sweet wild honeysuckle. The path down the yard and the steps were always swept clean, not a weed daring to be willful on Hester's domain.

For many years she had been head cook and housekeeper at the Walgraves. They all thought a great deal of Hester. Mrs. Walgrave often asserted—which meant that they appreciated her worth—as a faithful servant, and finding she needed neither vigilance, nor much direction, gladly shirked responsibility, leaving Hester complete mistress over the back part of the house.

The evening air, sweet with the breath of honeysuckle, played gratefully about the cool retreat. Upon a shelf within reach lay a little box with wool and crochet hook, but she did not take it. Her hands, usually so busy, lay idle in her lap, while she looked out toward the crimson western sky. She was thinking, in her simple way, first, that she was thankful for that nice porch, where she might knit or rest when at leisure—surely a back porch was a blessing. Then she thought sprang into her mind that she had never in her life known what it was to sit on a front porch.

To lounge at leisure with a family,

gowned daintily and richly, what a luxury! But such things were not for her—neither the first nor last. The few whom she could in any sense designate as family were her nephews, his wife and children, who managed to make way with many of her hard-earned dollars with the most matter-of-course serenity. Sometimes she thought they did not appreciate what she did for them, but then, she reasoned, one could not be selfish with one's own relations, and it was a comfort to think that some one would be sorry when she was gone.

That brought her to the sermon of last Sunday on the importance of individual life. Hester was conscientious in her attendance at church at least once a week. She had had her girlhood ambitions, but hard fortune had driven her from one place to another, until years ago she thought herself lucky to secure a home with Mrs. Walgrave.

If one, seeing upon Hester's table a copy of Harper's Monthly or of the Ladies' Home Journal, uttered an exclamation of surprise, she would remark: "Well, one doesn't need to dry up and blow away because one happens to work for a living."

The minister on that Sunday had sought to impress upon his hearers the necessity of a helpful spirit and a high endeavor, no matter where their lines were cast. Hester turned the subject over and over as she slowly rocked, her eyes on the painted west, and herself no uncomely picture among her vines, with the sunset glow lighting up her gray-streaked hair and plain features. What had she done, what was she



"WHAT DO YOU WANT?"

doing to benefit a soul in this world? She could think of nothing outside of the humdrum, patient bearing of everyday toil, unless it was some little kindly deed for the meatman, iceman, grocery boy—those who came and went at the back door to supply the Walgrave family.

Then, too, there were the beggars and tramps who always halted at Hester Sand's back stoop; they sat upon her steps; if ill and downcast, were offered the rocking-chair, and always went away fed, not unfrequently treading with lighter steps because a pocket was heavier.

To her mistress she said once in self-justification: "I don't eat much myself, and I know you don't miss the victuals; as for the money, that's my own."

"Yes, Hester; I'm not finding fault at all, only I'm afraid you are encouraging beggars, and they are a growing nuisance," commented Mrs. Walgrave.

"Well, ma'am, the abating of the nuisance belongs to some one besides me, and as this is about all the good Lord sends me to do, I can't sleep well at night if I don't do it," was the reply, and there the matter dropped. The clouds, one by one, lost their bright hues; lower and lower dropped the sun. Hester's eyes came down to scrutinize a figure leaning heavily upon the back fence.

She waited for a time expectantly, but as the man neither spoke nor stirred, and she thought his face was white and wan, she rose and went down the path.

"What do you want?" she asked, directly. "Is anything the matter?"

His reply was almost inaudible, so she went nearer and again put her question.

"I'm very ill. I—I have nowhere to go."

"Come right in, then; I'll give you some supper and a good cup of tea; then you'll feel better," was Hester's hearty invitation.

The man seemed relieved and tottered weakly up the path, Hester holding open the gate, and waiting for him to pass. She eyed him keenly, though with commiseration. He was evidently not a tramp of the common kind—his speech, tone and manner told that, though his dress was very shabby. He ate what she brought him voraciously, but she noticed that he knew how to use his knife and fork. Then with murmured thanks, like one totally overcome with fatigue, he crept up into the corner of the porch with almost the whispered words: "If you'll let me rest just a little, please," and immediately he fell into a sound sleep.

"Poor thing," said Hester, as she gently placed her chair cushion beneath his head, "how dreadfully tired he must be."

When she was ready to go to her room she found her tramp still lying where he had fallen, snoring hoarsely, and there she left him, after carefully locking him into the latticed porch.

When she opened the kitchen door early the next morning he was still there, asleep, though he had changed his position and was breathing more lightly. She unlocked the outer door, and turning met the eyes of the man as he raised himself weakly on his elbow, saying:

"I—why, it's morning. You were very kind to let me stay all night—'tish't the way most people treat tramps," and he struggled to his feet. "But I'm not most people," she said, kindly, then added: "Just keep still till I get some breakfast."

While the kitchen girl washed the dishes, Hester drew another chair out on the porch.

The man sat with his head in his hands in a very unconvivial mood, but Hester was determined to draw some information out of him.

"Now," she began, in a kind, business-like tone, "I want to know something about you, if you will tell—it seems a great pity to see such a young man as you going about this way."

He started and looked up; he opened his mouth as if to speak, then closed it again and sat, dreamily gazing into the cinnamon vines. Hester waited expectantly. Finally, drawing a long breath and straightening up, he began: "Well, madam; I will tell you—"

"Don't call me madam, I am only a servant, and my name is Hester Sand," interrupted Hester.

He scrutinized her questioningly, then said without change of manner: "My name is Arthur Boran, and I have but recently been dismissed from the penitentiary."

His listener started; not more on account of the information than because of the sharp, bitter tone with which it was given.

"You see I am a young man, and I am really much younger than I look; trouble and confinement don't tend to make a man young or cheerful—or anything else that's good, I fear—"

A long pause ensued, when Hester said: "Please tell me how it happened."

"How it happened? Yes—well—I belonged to a good family; my father had a splendid salary; my mother and sisters were very extravagant, and we always lived—at least ever since I can remember—away ahead of our income. Before I was twenty my father got me a good situation with a business friend, and, to make a long story short, I was fond of high living. I soon got deeply in debt. At first I went to my father with my trouble; he gave me a good raking over and helped me out. The next time he stormed and raged, and told me I had to depend on myself, that he had his hands full. Well, he had, and I had no business to blame him. The fault was my own, but I really did not know how to manage—I had very little practical knowledge, and no business training, so I borrowed money of my employer on the sly, fully intending to pay back every dollar but I couldn't make ends meet. Things kept getting worse and worse, and I grew utterly miserable, knowing that discovery must come. It was actually a relief at first, though my father stormed and declared that he would never own me again. Mother cried herself sick, and the girls said I had disgraced the family forever. It seemed there was nothing to do with me but to shut me away from the world."

He paused, then resumed, in the same tone of bitter hopelessness: "But now I am free again; I have been wandering about for three weeks, trying to get work of any kind, and barely able to pick up enough to keep me alive. I had had scarcely a morsel for two days when I stopped to watch you sitting here on the porch."

"But," said Hester, "don't you mean to go back to your friends?"

"Never!—so long as I live!" was the fierce reply. "You—you may be mistaken about your mother, at least. A mother loves through everything," pleaded Hester. He shook his head. "Not now; not in this plight. If I should ever be successful and prosperous I might, in that case, make myself known to mother."

"Hester," he said, suddenly, turning to her, with a frank tone of good comradeship, which made her smile in a pleasant way, "I've had plenty to read, and plenty of time to think lately, and, I tell you, I've learned my lesson, and as sure as there is a God I mean to succeed."

"If you grow to be a good, earnest man, that will be success; besides, young man, there is no doubt about God and His love for each of us. Trust Him and obey Him, for He is certainly leading you. What do you propose to do?"

"To keep traveling on—working my way west—I ought to be on the road now," he said, straightening up; "and I certainly feel like a new man, thanks to your kindness."

"No," said Hester, detaining him, "you are hardly able; wait till tomorrow, and you shall go."

He looked at her questioningly. She understood it and replied: "I am undisciplined mistress in this part of the house; nevertheless I will speak to Mrs. Walgrave. There is a little back room up here, where you must rest to-day and to-night. In the morning you may go."

The next morning Hester watched her tramp down the path and out the back gate as he disappeared with a good-sized lunch basket on his arm.

"Hester Sand," he had said as he took her hand, "you are the first mortal for many a month who has done a

kind thing or spoken a kind word to me. I will never forget it, Hester; and if I live, and you live, you shall hear from me."

Years passed, as years do, leaving the impress of time and toil on Hester Sand. Of late she had been afflicted with rheumatism, and Mrs. Walgrave one day remarked to her daughter, who had grown into young ladyhood: "I'm afraid poor old Hester is not going to last much longer, and I don't see what we shall do without her, nor do I see what she is going to do without us."

"Oh, I suppose she must have saved up a good deal of money," was the careless reply. "I doubt it; she has been too generous; what with that nephew's family running to her, her church affairs, and giving to everyone who touched her heart, I fear she has not enough to keep her decently comfortable even a few years."

That evening as Hester sat in her back stoop she saw the big Maltese pounce upon a little chicken. She started to her feet and down the steps, but upon the first step her ankle turned and she fell heavily down the remaining four to the ground, where she lay moaning. The kitchen girl sprang to her assistance, and, finding her unable to rise, called to her mistress.

"Why, Hester! What is the matter? Are you hurt; can't you rise? Minnie, call Sam to come and help us," said Mrs. Walgrave, tenderly raising Hester's head to her knee.

She looked up at the sound of a quick step, expecting to see Sam, the coachman, but instead, a fine-looking man, hardly more than thirty, raised his hat to her, saying: "Good evening, Mrs. Walgrave."

He knelt immediately beside the prostrate figure, gently turned her face to him, while he asked with some solicitude: "Did you hurt yourself much, Hester? I saw her when she fell"—aside to Mrs. Walgrave. "Sprained your ankle, I'll bet a hat! I'm just in time to tender my professional skill. Hester, don't you know me?" with a bright look into her face.

Know him? She thought she did, and in spite of her suffering her heart bounded with pride. He saw it; he understood.

"We will just put her here in the porch for the present," he said to Mrs. Walgrave, "and now another chair, please, on which to rest her foot while I examine it," and he went briskly, even merrily, to work, Mrs. Walgrave wondering the while.

When Hester had been made comfortable in her room, her mistress, unable longer to control her curiosity, asked: "Hester, who is that fine-looking young man? I had no idea you owned so distinguished a looking relative."

"Oh, he is not related in any way; he is just an acquaintance, for whom I was once able to do a little kindness. Suppose he was about, and thought he'd come and see how I was getting on."

The next morning when the doctor called upon his patient he began cheerfully: "Well, Hester, I'm glad to



"DON'T YOU KNOW ME, HESTER?"

see you so much better. I was in the nick of time, wasn't I? Changed slightly, though, since I was a tramp upon your mercy, some years ago, haven't I?"

She looked at him through prideful tears, as she replied: "I'm so glad; so glad, Mr.—Dr. Boran—but—but I didn't ever dream that this would happen."

"Nor I; not just this."

He dexterously unwrapped and rewrapped the hurt ankle, then he said, merrily: "Well, I think, with my assistance, you will be able to travel right away."

She looked up with a little gasp of surprise.

He continued earnestly: "Yes, Hester, I mean it. I've got a dear little home and plenty of work out where I live, and, what is better, just one of the best of wives, who is waiting to give you a cordial welcome to a home with us, as long as you live."

Poor old Hester's heart bounded with grateful love. In all her life she had never known such a feeling of satisfied peace.

To-day, if you happen to pass a certain suburban residence in a certain western city, you may see on pleasant evenings, upon the front porch, a white-haired woman, her face shining with benediction. Not far away may sit the doctor and his wife, while close about the old lady's chair play two children, who delightedly call her "Grandma Sand."—Springfield Republican.

RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL.

—He who loves God most, loves God's creatures most, and them for God's sake, and God for their sake.—C. Kingsley.

—The heart that departs from God is lost, not merely to that which is good, but to that which is great.—Matthew Henry.

—Every day brings its own cares and duties; every day, like Paul himself, we must serve God "with many distractions;" but amid them all, like him, we must be able to say: "This one thing I do . . . I press toward the mark."—E. W. Warren.

—Of recent years Methodist missions in India have been meeting with a wonderful ingathering. Bishop Thoburn sums it up by saying that for the last three years the Indian converts received by the Methodist missions have averaged fifty every day.

—Hon. Cecil Rhodes, premier of Cape Colony, has given to the Baptist church of South Africa 9,000 acres of land in Mashonaland and Matabeleland for missionary purposes. It is to be divided into three farms of 3,000 acres each; with two sites for churches and parsonages connected with each farm.

—By the will of the late N. P. Coburn, of Newton, Mass., the sum of \$20,000 is left to the Massachusetts Home Missionary society, \$15,000 to the Newton Cottage hospital, \$10,000 to the library of Colorado college at Colorado Springs and \$20,000 to the American College and Education society of Massachusetts.

—I can earn and I can eat my own dinner, if that be all (I speak after the manner of men); but if I am to reach God, if I am to attain the strength and chastity of an immortal spirit, if I am to conquer sin and vanquish death, and pass through blinding chaos into life eternal, I must have help, guidance, compassion.—Rev. Chas. A. Berry.

—At Tarnopol, in Galicia, a secret society was recently discovered, composed of some seventy high school boys, of which the object was the separation of Galicia from the Austrian empire and the establishment of an independent Polish kingdom. The boys met regularly an hour before school, to deliver speeches attacking the emperor and the pope. The government has actually prosecuted eighteen of them for high treason.

—A hitherto unknown work of Maimonides, the greatest Jewish theologian and philosopher of the middle ages, has been discovered by Prof. Gaster among a number of Hebrew manuscripts which he acquired from the East, and is soon to be published by him, with a translation and notes. It is a short treatise written in Hebrew, entitled "Commentary on the Sacred and Profane names of God in the Pentateuch," by Rabbi Moses ben Maimon, intended as a guide to the scribes of the Sacred Scroll, who, if they made a mistake, could erase and rewrite the profane names of strange deities, but might not erase the sacred names of God, and so must copy over the whole column.

WIT AND WISDOM.

—It is fit for a man to know his own abilities and weaknesses, and not think himself obliged to imitate all that he thinks fit to praise.—Boyle.

—My errors, I hope, are only those of charity to mankind; and such as my own charity has caused me to commit, that of others may more easily excuse.—Dryden.

—A Pleasant Prospect.—Young Solicitor—Make yourself easy, my dear sir; the successful management of your case shall be the task of my life.—Fliegende Blatter.

—A little girl's father had a round bald spot. Kissing him at bed time not long ago, she said: "Stoop down, popsy; I want to kiss the place where the lining shows."—Tit Bits.

In Training.—"Your husband is a prize fighter, I believe?" "He is." "Is he in training just now?" "Yes. He is up stairs studying 'The Complete Letter Writer.'"—N. Y. Press.

—The jealous man is not angry if you dislike another, but if you find those faults which are in his own character, you discover not only your dislike of another, but of himself.—Addison.

—Do you think Skinner can make a living out there?" "Make a living? Why, he'd make a living on a rock in the middle of the ocean—if there was another man on the rock."—Philadelphia Record.

—Putting is unprofitable as soon as it causes no misery or sorrow to others. So long as it is an affliction to others, it will live and thrive; it is social, requires society for its growth and perfection.—Baptist Courier.

—Ah, well, let the summer girl laugh and giggle and have a good time. In a few years from now she will be married and will wear her winter dress in summer, putting on a white starched tie to make it look cooler.—Athenian Globe.

—Well, Edith, how do you like going to school? Is your teacher nice?" "No, I don't like her one bit! She put me in a chair, and told me to sit there for the present; and I sat, and sat, and sat, and she never gave me a present."—Evangelist.

—I think my boy is going to be a great mathematician," said Lemonby. "He's wonderful at it. He can multiply five by three and make twenty out of it every time. I don't see how he does it, but it seems as simple as can be to him."—Harper's Bazar.

THE BARRINGTON NEWS.

J. B. COYKENDALL, EDITOR.

LOCAL NEWS.

—Rain! Rain!! Rain!!!

—Don't forget to vote the 6th.

—J. C. Dobler visited the city Monday.

—Otto Sadt returned home Tuesday eve.

—Mr. C. N. Decker and family have exited.

—M. B. McIntosh visited Chicago Wednesday.

—H. D. A. Grebe visited Chicago Thursday.

—Mrs. Wallace Wood spent Thursday in the city.

—Mr. Miller has had his house painted recently.

—H. Schwab and wife visited Wauconda, Tuesday.

—Peters and Collins sold a load of cows Wednesday.

—Be careful what you do at the ballot box Tuesday.

—E. W. Shipman returned from Wisconsin, Friday.

—Al Hawley is laying off with a lame foot.

—Mrs. W. F. McIntosh visited at M. B. McIntosh's recently.

—A. W. Meyer has added in addition to his barn recently.

—Leroy Powers made a business trip to Chicago, Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Waterman visited Chicago Thursday.

—22 pounds of unskinned sugar for \$1.00 at A. W. Meyer & Co's.

—Ed Miller, of Barrington Center, was on our streets Tuesday.

—A. W. Meyer & Co., have cut the price on dress goods for next week.

—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Frye, of Chicago, spent Sunday with relatives here.

—Mrs. E. Abbs and Mrs. Langdon, of Chicago, were the guests of W. Collins Sunday.

—Hon. Judge Burrett, of Wauconda, spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. C. E. Lines.

—In the neighborhood of 402 male voters, and 12 women registered in Barrington this year.

—Our citizens took good care of their wheelbarrows and other loose articles Wednesday eve.

—Large line of Ladies and Children's woolens at A. W. Meyer & Co's.

—M. E. Henderson, of Greeley, Colorado, spent part of the week with his brother, A. S. Henderson.

—Another big drop in price of flour. A. W. Meyer & Co., are selling their Best Patent Flour at \$3.50 per barrel.

—Attend the Democratic Rally at Stott's Hall to night. A number of good orators will address the audience.

—Cheap Charley, of Elgin, sold a number of fur overcoats and robes at auction, Tuesday morning, at a nice round price.

—G. H. Comstock returned from an extended trip in the West, Tuesday morning. He reports a pleasant journey.

—F. L. Waterman's new house is fast being completed, and when finished will be one of the finest homes in Barrington.

—The latest styles in Ladies and Misses jackets marked at way down prices at A. W. Meyer & Co.

EXECUTORS SALE.

We the Executors of the estate of G. A. APPLEBEE having had the property of said estate, lying in the Village of Barrington, Surveyed and laid off into Lots and caused the same to be Platted and Recorded under the title of APPLEBEE'S SUBDIVISION in the Village of Barrington, Lake Co., Ill. We most respectfully announce and offer for sale any and all of said lots including the one where Mr. Townsend now lives, also 76 acres of timber land. And will with pleasure show, any and all parties who may call on either of us, the premises for sale.

J. W. KINGSLEY and A. K. TOWNSEND, Executors.

Barrington, Ill., August 1st. 1894

Every mother should know that croup can be prevented. The first symptom of croup is hoarseness. This is followed by a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough remedy is given freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the cough has developed it will prevent the attack. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. L. Waller.

—At a special meeting of the village board Tuesday eve., the village Trustees decided to have a street and sidewalk grade established on all streets in Barrington. J. S. E. Lee, surveyor of Lake Co., will do the work which is to be began at once. This is what has long been needed and will in time show for its self.

—The Rally at Stott's hall Friday night was given under the auspices of Lake County Republicans. A rousing good meeting was held and the Republicans on the Cuba side feel as though they can stand their grounds in good shape.

\$10 REWARD.

Is offered for any information leading to the arrest of the party who pulled up the fence, at the Zion church, Friday evening, Oct. 12, 1894.—By order of Trustees.

—When in want of any TILE go to Plagge & Co's., and examine the celebrated Joliet tile. The best in the market. Size from 3 to 12 inches. The best is always the cheapest.

—Miss Lyda Pomeroy received first prize and Mr. Gleason Jr., second at the colweb social, Wednesday evening, at the Baptist Church.

The Republican Rally at Stott's hall, Thursday night was largely attended and a number of good speeches were delivered by office seekers.

—A. W. Meyer & Co., are offering special bargains in mens' and boys' clothing this week.

—Geo. Reeder who has been employed on the Wauconda Leader for the past six months passed through Tuesday on his way to Chicago. He says he will quit the printing business.

—The social given under the auspices of the Jolly Wonder Workers at the Baptist Church, Wednesday eve., was an enjoyable affair and well attended.

—The remains of Mrs. Welch, of Chicago arrived here Tuesday noon and was taken to Wauconda where she was laid to rest in the Catholic Cemetery.

—Don't scratch your ticket, but vote it straight and return the country and business to prosperity.

—Peters and Collins returned Saturday from Waterman, Ill., with car load of cows. They report sales slow there.

WE ARE ALL GOING TO



JOHN C. DOBLER'S

For First Class Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

C. & N. W. R. R. BARRINGTON STATION.

North Bound Trains.

Barrington Acc. ar. 8:20 a.m., Sunday Ex.
Minnesota Pa. " 9:13 a.m., "
Menowine Pa. " 10:30 a.m., Daily.
Barrington Acc. ar. 12:10 p.m., Sun'y Ex.
" " 3 p.m., Sunday only.
Woodstock " 5:02 p.m., Sunday Ex.
" " 6:12 p.m., " only
Watertown Pa. 6:12 p.m., " Ex.
Barrington Acc. ar. 7:25 p.m., " Ex.
" " 7:55 p.m., Daily.
Dakota Pa. 8 K p.m., Sunday Ex.
Barrington Acc. ar. 12:50 a.m. Daily.

South Bound Trains.

Barrington Acc. Lv's 6:10 a.m., Sun'y Ex.
" " 6:45 a.m., "
" " 7 K a.m., "
Dakota " 6:55 a.m., " only
Woodstock Acc. " 7:56 a.m., Daily.
Barrington Acc. Lv's 9 M. Sunday Ex.
Watertown " 10.08 a.m., "
Barrington Acc. " 12.25 p.m., Daily.
Menowine " 3.08 p.m., Sun'y Ex.
Barrington Acc. " 4.25 p.m., " only
Dakota " 5.02 p.m., Daily.
St Paul " 8.30 p.m., Sun'y only
Barrington Lv's 8.45 p.m. Sun'y only.
L. A. POWERS, Agent.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME

Seed your orders in grain and provisions to us. We execute orders in grain in 1000 bushells and upwards on margin of ONE CENT per bushel. Prompt service. Low commission. Market letter free. Write us for instructions.

"How To Trade."
PERKINS & CO.
214 Railto Bldg. Chicago.

—FOR SALE.—80 cords of best second growth full 4 ft. cord wood. Will deliver in quantities to suit at once. Inquire of, J. W. Bennett, Lake Zurich, or M. C. McIntosh, Barrington. 35

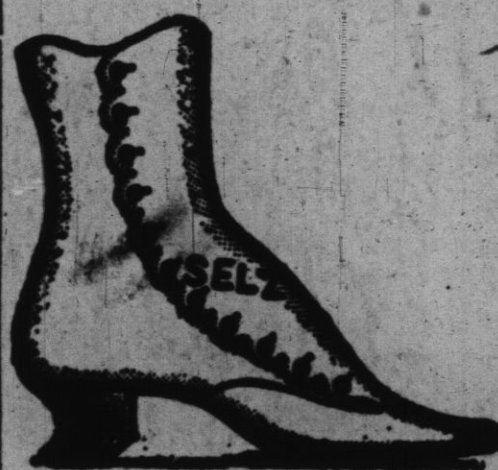
—For Sale: Cheap for cash, a first class cook stove, in good order good baker and heater. For particulars inquire at News office.

—To advertise in the News is sure to bring trade, for constant advertising will create a sensation through the country, and bargain seekers are bound to go where advertising is done.

—The editor of the Cary Enterprise says we "looked a little sleepy." We may look so, but it don't take us a half-day to get up an 8 by 12 sale bill, as it does some of the "bright lookers."

F. Johnholtz moved into his house recently purchased of Mr.

—The Union bible meeting held at the Salem church Sunday eve., was well attended.



For the Best
MENS, BOYS,
LADIES,
MISSES and
CHILDREN'S
SHOES.

IN LACE; CONGRESS AND BUTTONS.



Tans,
Chocoolates,
Patent Leathers
or Plain

GO TO

B. H. SODT & SONS.

DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes, Clothing
AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BARRINGTON, ILL.

E. M. BLOCK,

BARRINGTON, ILL.

Furniture & Upholstering.

Furniture
Repairing

PROMPTLY
AND NEATLY
DONE.



UNDERTAKING
and
EMBALMING

All goods positively sold at Chicago prices. My line consists of
BED-ROOM SETS, MATTRESSES, WOVEN WIRE SPRINGS, all kinds of
PICTURE FRAMES, CHAIRS, TOILETTE and CENTER TABLES and the
celebrated household SEWING MACHINES.

E. M. BLOCK,