

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 11. No. 20.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, 1896.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

Fred Kirschner is moving into his new house.

Henry Reese of Chicago is visiting his parents.

The new tailor will arrive next Monday.

Miss Olga Waller was a Chicago visitor Thursday.

Wm. Hill transacted business in Chicago Thursday.

Mrs. Charlotte Strobach was a Chicago caller Thursday.

Julius Carmel spent the past few days in Wisconsin.

You can buy window glass in all sizes, at J. D. Lamey & Co's.

A game of football will be played on the local grounds this afternoon.

Frank Sadt visited at home a few days the past week.

Frank Gieske of Libertyville was here Thursday.

The members of the W. F. M. society of the Salem church visited Lincoln Park Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Townsend and Mrs. Covey of Elgin visited friends here Wednesday.

A leap year party was given in honor of Miss Paulina Klinge Thursday evening.

A surprise party was given to Mr. William Horn at Spring Lake Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kirschner and family entertained a number of their friends at a party last evening.

H. Maiman and Prof. Koch of Wauconda were here on business Wednesday.

Peter Wendell of Chicago was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wagner. Mr. Wendell is a cousin of Mrs. Wagner.

Mrs. Dr. Clausius left Thursday for Oshkosh, Wis., where she will visit friends.

Mrs. Ed Dufendach of Huntington, Ind., is visiting at the home of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Troyer.

Prof. John N. Adey, principal of the Summit, Ill., school, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bohmer.

Mrs. H. Schaefer, who has been on the sick list for the past week, is improving.

Mrs. R. R. DeWitt of Hampshire is visiting at the home of Prof. F. E. Smith.

Mabel, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benson died Friday, Sept. 18th. The funeral services were held in the M. E. church Sunday, Rev. T. E. Ream officiating.

A surprise party was given to Master Willie Sadt at the home of his mother Wednesday evening.

It will pay any one who is interested in the welfare of our town to visit the departments of our really flourishing school.

Miss Minnie Mackey of Lancaster, Wis., is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Starck.

H. D. A. Grebe handles the "Banner" and "Barler" oil stoves. Take one home on trial. If not satisfactory return same. He asks you to try them. No charge unless stove is satisfactory.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wolthausen, accompanied by their little daughter, visited in Elgin Thursday. Mrs. Wolthausen and daughter will visit with relatives at Elgin for a few days.

Mrs. S. Gieske has just received her stock of fall and winter millinery. Ladies should give her a call before purchasing elsewhere, for nowhere will they find a more complete stock to select from or lower prices.

Wallace Kenyon moved into the Eli Abbs' house. THE REVIEW welcomes Mr. and Mrs. Kenyon to Barrington.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Grunau, accompanied by their son, Willie, spent Sunday and Monday visiting relatives in Chicago.

Mrs. Charles Flint of Chicago visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sizer a few days this week.

"Rally Round the Flag" by attending the Republican rally at Barrington next Thursday afternoon, Oct. 1st. Entertaining speakers will address the meeting.

Among those who attended the I. A. H. convention, held at Elgin Saturday, were: Chas. Mansfield, Wilbur and Floyd Harnden and Fred Stott.

A trip through Iowa and Dakota, which we stated in our last week's issue would appear this week, was unavoidably crowded out this week but will positively appear next week.

The beautiful carpets and elegant draperies with which the new residence of Mr. Albert Robertson is furnished with, were furnished by Wolthausen & Landwer. Frank Wolthausen was the artist.

A. Katz, our jeweler, is fast gaining a reputation as a first-class workman. The work that he has turned out so far has proven entirely satisfactorily. He deserves your patronage.

Samuel Lipofsky sold out his interest in the firm of Carmel & Lipofsky to his brother, Joseph Lipofsky, who will make his home in Barrington in the future. Samuel is engaged in a store at Crystal Lake.

Messrs. John C. Plagge, Leroy Powers, Dr. C. H. Kendall, Frank Plagge and M. A. Bennett attended the Republican rally at Wauconda Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bohmer entertained a number of friends Sunday, among whom were Fred Brehn of S. R. Udell & Co., Chicago; Alexander McAdams of Manitowoc, Wis., Misses Edna and Celia, Jesse and Frank Hausman of Wheeling and the Misses Hausman of Chicago.

Don't forget to furnish your bedroom with one of H. D. A. Grebe's oil heaters. They are just the thing you want. No smell. No smoke, and they don't cost much. Take one on trial.

FOR RENT OR SALE.—The Barrington house, containing 11 comfortable furnished rooms. Ill health on the part of the owner necessitates this move. For particulars call on or address C. C. Hennings, Prop., Barrington, Ill.

Prof. Alexander M. Koch of Wauconda will be here today, (Saturday) and Monday Sept. 26 and 28th for the purpose of organizing a class in German. Prof. Koch's terms are \$20 for a 5 months course. He guarantees his scholars to be able to speak and write the language at the conclusion of one term or money refunded.

H. Marten will sell at public auction next Friday, Oct. 2d, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the J. F. Marten's place, three miles south of Barrington, 18 choice cows, a 2-year-old bull, 2 horses, 1 colt, a full-blooded Chester White boar, sheep, corn in shock, farm implements, etc. Wm. Peters is the auctioneer.

The following letters remain unclaimed at the Barrington postoffice September 25: Charles Ahlgrim, Geo. Alburts, Joseph Baumel, Miss Charlatta Elg, R. C. Kent, Mrs. Kennicott, W. H. Meany, Miss Sarah Miller, T. E. Norm, J. A. North, John Plote, Mrs. George Reeck, Mrs. Susie Smith, Miss Minnie Toppel, Robert Vogelien, Frank Veselik. M. B. McIntosh, Postmaster.

Miss Susie M. Bryant was married to Mr. Herman Clute of Barrington at McHenry Saturday evening September 19, at 8:30 o'clock. The marriage ceremony took place at the residence of Mr. John Evanson, mayor of McHenry, the Rev. V. Cook officiating. The bride was formerly a resident of Nunda. Mr. and Mrs. Clute will make their home in Barrington.

Attend the Republican rally at Barrington next Thursday, at 2 o'clock, Hon. George Edmund Foss will explain the money question. He is a fluent speaker, and one of the best-posted men on the financial situation of our country that can be found anywhere. Turn out.

M. C. McIntosh has \$6000 to loan in amounts to suit. Call at his Barrington office.

Next Sunday evening Rev. T. E. Ream will preach his farewell sermon for the Conference year. Mr. Ream has served the M. E. church for two years and in his last sermon for this year will give a full account of the church work. Next week Monday, he will start for Conference which meets at Freeport, Ill. There he will take his final examinations and be ordained "an Elder" in the ministry. All are invited to attend the service next Sunday.

If you are going to do painting don't forget that J. D. Lamey & Co's is the cheapest place in this section to buy first-class material.

H. D. A. Grebe, the up-to-date hardware man, has in stock a full line of the "Banner" and also the "Barler" oil stoves. These stoves are just the thing for these cold days. They burn common kerosene oil and heat your room without any smell. The expense is very small. He agrees to put them out on trial, and if they don't suit you can return them without it costing you anything. Try one.

Those from abroad who attended the Otis-Robertson wedding, Wednesday, were: Chicago—Mr. and Mrs. J. Healy, Mr. and Mrs. Swanson, Mrs. S. Hunter and son, Samuel; Mrs. W. Kitson and daughter, Genevieve; Mrs. Rhoda Otis; George Otis, Mrs. Chas. Flint, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Snyder, Mr. and Mrs. Gilette and Mrs. D. Loomis. Palatine—Mrs. Chas. Patten, Mr. and Mrs. Hicks and Mrs. Bryan. Elgin—Mr. and Mrs. T. Plant and children, Beryl, Mabel and Florence, and Mr. and Mrs. L. Stevens; Mr. and Mrs. Albert Leonard of Grays Lake; Mr. and Mrs. Barrows of Dundee; Mrs. Richards and daughter, Vera, of Glen View; Mrs. Sarah Oates, C. B. Abbott and Mrs. H. Walker of Iowa.

Chautauquans to the number of twenty met by invitation at the pleasant, hospitable home of Mrs. Winter Monday evening to arrange a course of entertainment and instruction for the coming year. It was decided to drop one book from the course and substitute miscellaneous exercises consisting of recitations, essays, etc., including a political debate, for the members of the circle are all of a political complexion ranging from the gold democrat to the silver republican. Such a debate ought to be highly instructive to the female members, for women are usually lamentably ignorant in politics. Among other things the committee secured from Mr. and Mrs. Albert Robertson a promise to give the circle a detailed account of the historical points they will visit on their eastern trip. Studies will not be neglected as thirty dollars worth of books have been ordered for the first quarter. E. J. L.

On Friday of last week a number of Barringtonians left here for Chicago to join the excursion of railroad men to Canton, Ohio, to hear and see William McKinley. A big parade had been planned to take place before the boys left Chicago, but on account of rain was not as large as it would have been, only about 3,000 voters being in line. Five thousand railroad boys left in ten sections for Canton. After arriving in Canton the Grand Army boys escorted the boys to headquarters. When the visitors had refreshed themselves by partaking liberally of the Canton hospitality they assembled on the Public Square and then marched in a procession to the home of McKinley, where they listened to a speech that was patriotic to the core. In the parade the Chicago Zuyes, under the command of Captain Lott of the C. B. & Q., were the best appearing lot of boys that attended the excursion. The trip was a most pleasant one for our boys, as every detail for their comfort and pleasure was carefully looked after by H. A. Stuart of the C. B. & Q. road, and who is also national organizer of the McKinley clubs, and in consequence our boys think next to McKinley there is no one like Stuart. Among those who attended from here were: A. Ulitsch, J. Graybill, Wm. Wilmer, G. Barnes, M. T. Lamey, Dr. Clausius, C. B. Abbott, Fred Beinhoff, S. Snyder, and L. A. Andrews of Harvard.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

New Dress Goods

NOVELTY DRESS GOODS

HENRIETTAS

NEW PRINTS

SERGES

Most every day new novelties in Dress Goods are arriving, making a very complete assortment from which to make your selection. Prices were never known to be so low on Dress Goods as they are now. There never was a better time than now to do your fall buying, as prices must advance. It will be a great pleasure to us to show you these bargains.

CORSETS

We sell all the popular makes of Corsets, but wish to call your particular attention to the celebrated F. P. Corset. For wear, fit and durability this corset has no equal, and it imparts to the wearer the most graceful figure. It would please us very much to have every lady call and take a pair home, and after a two week's trial if it is not the most satisfactory corset you have ever worn we will gladly refund to you your purchase money.

Price is but \$1.00 a pair.

The Busy Big Store.

A. W. MEYER & CO., Barrington

A. KATZ, Expert Watchmaker and Jeweler

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

advises you not to pay \$1.50 for having your watches cleaned. He will clean your watch in a first-class manner for \$1.00; Main Springs 75 cents; Crystals 10 cents. All work warranted for one year.

Fine Selection of Eye Glasses to Fit Your Eyes.
NEW JEWELRY MANUFACTURED.

Repairing Done in the Most Thorough Manner.

For the Next 60 Days Only

A SPECIAL SALE BY ORDER.



Elgin or Waltham movement in silverine, screw, dust-proof case, \$6.50; in solid silver case, open face, 8.50; in solid hunting case \$9.50; G. M. Wheeler or H. H. Taylor 15-jeweled movement in 10-k gold-filled case, hunting or open face, \$12.00; same in 14-k case \$13.50; B. W. Raymond movement in a 14k case, warranted for 20 years, \$18.00; Hampden 17-jewelled movement in 14k case \$20.00; 15-jeweled movement in 14k case \$16.00; Hampden movement in 10k case \$13.00; mantelpiece clocks, latest style \$6.00. bronze trimmed \$7.00; Alarm clocks 90c. All goods worth double. Orders filled out immediately. Great reduction in chains, charms, and rings. P. S.—All the movements sold in my place are warranted to keep time for three years. Call and give me a trial. Respectfully, A. KATZ.

Sound Money Hats

McKinley & Hobart Hats, 50c each.

JOHN C. PLAGGE,
BARRINGTON, ILL.

GEO. M. WAGNER,

—DEALER IN—

Fresh and Salt Meats

Vegetables, Poultry and Fish in Season.

I respectfully solicit a trial order from the residents of Barrington and vicinity

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BARRINGTON, ILLS.

Barrington Review.

M. T. LANEY, Ed. and Pub.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Citizens of Matawan, N. J., report a distinct earthquake there at 5:15 Monday afternoon. No damage is reported. A dispatch from Manila, Philippine Islands, says that Governor-General Blanco has decreed the confiscation of the property of the insurgents in those islands.

Gov. Hastings of Pennsylvania has signed a pardon for John Bardsley, former city treasurer of Philadelphia, who, on July 2, 1891, was sentenced to fifteen years in the eastern penitentiary for misappropriating over a half million dollars of city and state moneys while occupying his official position.

A dispatch from Athens to the London Daily Telegraph says that 200 insurgents have defeated a battalion of Turkish troops near Groveni in Macedonia, and that 100 Turks were killed, the rest being completely routed.

Francis A. Coffin, found guilty of complicity in the wrecking of the Indianapolis National Bank and refused a new trial by the United States supreme court, was taken to the penitentiary at Michigan City to serve out his sentence of eight years Monday.

Work has begun on the Central Union telephone line to be put up between Quincy and Springfield and Quincy Ill., at a cost of \$10,000.

Eugene V. Debs addressed the locomotive firemen's convention at Galveston, Texas, with reference to certain charges. He invited investigation from the delegates, and was subjected to a running fire of questions. At the conclusion of his remarks a resolution was offered exonerating Debs, which was passed unanimously.

In the Illinois Methodist conference at Tuscola Monday the constitutional question of the eligibility of the election of women to the annual conference came up, and the gentler sex won by a vote of 202 to 18.

Joel N. Sheppard, agent of the Pacific and United States Express companies at Washington, Ill., committed suicide in his office. The act is attributed to temporary insanity.

James Egan, a well-to-do farmer of Shields, Dodge County, Iowa, hanged himself in his barn. He was 60 years old.

Milton E. Garland and Edward Harris of Englewood, Ill., were killed at Meadville, Pa., by a collision of engines. They were en route home from Boston, and were stealing a ride on the pilot of one of the engines.

Joseph N. Wolfson, a lawyer, was arrested Monday night for aiding in fleeing the Union National Bank out of \$36,000. The system pursued in this robbery was different from the others, checks being drawn for large amounts and much smaller sums being charged up by the individual bookkeeper.

The Hodgman Rubber Company, at Broadway and Grand streets, New York, has passed into the hands of R. W. Todd, as receiver. The stringency of the money market is the cause assigned. The assets are about \$350,000; liabilities not known.

The first commission, just appointed by King Leopold of Belgium for the protection of the natives of the Congo State, includes Dr. Sims, of the American Baptist Mission.

Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, has been arrested at New York on an indictment found by the grand jury last week, accusing him of agreeing to engage in a prize fight with James J. Corbett. Fitzsimmons pleaded not guilty and was held in \$1,000 bail.

Details received at Constantinople regarding the massacre at Egin, in the vilayet of Karpoot, show that it occurred on the 15th and 16th of the present month.

Miss Jennie Wycoff aged 30, was killed by a team running away while returning to her home, five miles north of Albion Iowa, Monday. She was well known throughout Iowa.

The Natchez and Atchafalaya River packet Lulu Prince, struck an obstruction at Merrick's landing, Miss., and sank in a few minutes. No lives were lost. The boat and cargo are a total loss. The boat was valued at \$10,000 and no insurance was carried.

Benjamin Rodman, a resident of Fond du Lac, Wis., was killed by the cars at Quincy, Ill.

Rollin White was caught in a sorghum roller at Wenona, Ill., and had his right hand torn off.

John Nutter of Riffeburg, Ind., is under arrest at Fort Wayne for trying to cut his wife's throat.

James Kramer, aged 55 years, who is supposed to have a daughter in Chicago, was killed by the cars near La Porte, Ind.

CASUALTIES.

Hasley Pettit and Charles Walters, children of Bonner Springs, Kan., were suffocated by gasoline.

Daniel McLeod and Frank Ledbetter were killed by an explosion in the Independence mine at Victor, Col.

Two small children of Mr. and Mrs. John Edwards of Shanner, Ok., were burned to death while locked alone in the house.

George Rohrer and Alvin Steffey, boys living near New Roe, Ky., fell from a tree into a sink hole and had their necks broken.

James Feenan, a well borer of Oakland, Cal., was all but cremated during a fire in his cabin. His pet dog dragged him out.

Vest Newton, aged 15 years, son of Frank Newton, and named in honor of Senator Vest, was fatally injured while riding a race at Association park, Sedalia, Mo. The saddle turned, throwing him to the ground, injuring his brain and spine.

A large unknown vessel, bottom up, is reported to be drifting about Placentia Bay, Newfoundland.

At a prearranged railway collision near Crush, Texas, nine of the spectators were badly injured by falling wreckage, two probably fatally. Fifty thousand persons witnessed the collision.

The Little Rock cotton compress, stored with 5,000 bales of cotton, took fire and was totally destroyed. The Lesser Cotton company of St. Louis is a large owner of the stock of the company. The loss is estimated to be \$300,000.

FOREIGN.

A dispatch to the London Times from Fort Salisbury, Matabeleland, dated Saturday, says that Major Janner has completely beaten Umtigeza's tribe, numbering 5,000 men, at Fort Charter, and has captured all his strongholds. Umtigeza has surrendered.

Lady Henry Somerset writes from Marseilles an appeal to the London Daily News to collect the funds to send the refugee Armenians to America.

A Constantinople dispatch to the London Daily News: "The United States legation has received news from one of its consuls of a serious massacre at Ehin, in the vilayet of Kharput."

A Brussels dispatch to the London Chronicle says that the authorities of Rotterdam have received an anonymous letter threatening to destroy all of the public buildings there with explosives unless the Irish prisoners, Kearney and Haines, are liberated.

The Turkish authorities have put a stop to the deportation of Armenians which has been going on since the recent fatal riots in Constantinople.

The French Admiralty Office is making inquiries as to the time that would be occupied in fitting out three ironclads in view of the menacing situation in Turkey.

Advices from Manila, in the Philippine Islands, report the discovery of a fresh plot to surprise the garrison there, to seize the headquarters and to murder Captain-General Blanco. A hundred persons have been arrested for complicity in the plot.

The Bollingbroke Club of London offers a purse of \$8,000, and \$1,000 for expenses for each man, for the Corbett-Fitzsimmons match.

A semi-official announcement at Berlin justifies the belief that as an outcome of the Russian tariff measures, the German government will forbid the Reichsbank to lend money on the securities of Russian government bonds.

At a government caucus at Ottawa, Ont., it was decided to dismiss all officials of the public service who had taken an active and offensive part in politics.

CRIME.

Fire broke out in the char house of the Moncton sugar refinery at Moncton, N. B., 7 o'clock Sunday evening. Before the firemen could reach the place the upper stories were a mass of flames. It is said to be insured for \$300,000, but the loss will exceed that figure. About 150 men were employed. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Thomas E., alias "Snake," Kinney, a prominent Second Ward politician, a delegate to the Democratic city convention, Sunday shot and mortally wounded "Baldy" Higgins at St. Louis at an early hour Sunday morning.

George Walker of Columbus Junction, Iowa, while temporarily deranged, committed suicide by drowning.

Mrs. Eva Wilhelm, aged 67 years, of Traverse City, Mich., drowned herself in Silver lake. She was expecting to go to Chicago to undergo an operation for removal of cancer, from which she had long suffered.

Paul Olson, charged with forgery at Milwaukee, gave bail in \$500 at Manitowac, Wis., where he was arrested, and was immediately rearrested on a warrant from Green Bay on a similar charge.

Marshals arriving at Perry, O. T., from Osage County bring news of a fight between United States marshals and a robber gang near Ralston yesterday. Buck McGinty, leader of the gang, was fatally shot and four others were wounded.

Joseph Thatcher of Baraboo, Wis., committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Abe Drummond, a respected citizen of Deshler, Ohio, has mysteriously disappeared, and the town is considerably agitated over it. It is feared he has met with foul play or committed suicide.

The big Edgar Thomson steel works of the Carnegie Steel Company resumed operations in all departments Sunday. The plant gives employment to 3,000 men, who have been idle two weeks.

The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions has announced to the various Congregational churches throughout the country the heavy load of debt with which it was burdened at the beginning of the fiscal year has been lifted. There was on Aug. 31, 1895, a debt amounting to \$114,632.38. Aug. 31, 1896, there was a surplus of \$502.65.

Charles Carroll, a seventeen-year-old son of Henry Carroll, living near Breedsville, Mich., is slowly dying from cigarette smoking. For nearly two years he has smoked from three to five packages a day, and now, on his death bed, craves for them.

President Hubbard and Secretary Fleming of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society decided not to grant a concession for the sale of beer on the state fair grounds during the annual exhibit.

America's foreign trade balance is nearly five times as great as it was last year. Therefore a continued outflow of gold and a consequent rise in the bank rate is inevitable.

Bishop Foley welcomed the delegates to the conventions of the German Catholic National Association at Detroit Sunday. Bishop Richter spoke in German, emphasizing the greeting.

Past Commander H. B. Shively of the Department of Indiana, Grand Army of the Republic, was formally presented with the gold badge, which it is customary for the order to present to retiring commanders.

The banking house of S. H. Watson & Sons, at Vinton, Iowa, established some forty years ago, made a general assignment to Matt Gaasch for the benefit of all creditors. The liabilities are estimated at \$250,000 and assets at \$350,000. All depositors and other creditors will be paid in full.

John Murphy, who, under the name of George Albert Whitehead, served thirteen years in English prisons, having been convicted of having dynamite in his possession, and who was released some weeks ago, arrived at New York on the steamer Lucania Friday.

General Horace Porter has resigned as first vice-president of the Pullman Palace Car Company to accept the chairmanship of the St. Louis and San Francisco board of directors.

Vice-President Stevenson has informed Secretary Gardner of the Association of Bryan Clubs that he will accept the association's invitation to preside at the club convention at St. Louis on Oct. 3. The club officials now count upon an attendance of 10,000 delegates.

The long-expected transfer of troops has been ordered by the war department. The Fifteenth Infantry, now at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, is ordered to relieve the Twenty-fourth Infantry, now at Ft. Bayard and other points in New Mexico and Arizona. The Fourth goes to Chicago, taking the place of the Fifteenth Infantry.

Among the arrivals at New York from Europe Friday on the St. Louis were Postmaster-General William L. Wilson and Henry Watterson.

The farmers of Charles Mix County, South Dakota, have formed a co-operative association to conduct a dairy business in which each will have an interest proportionate to the amount of raw material he contributes.

The steam tug Sadie B., the first steamer to pass the Cascade locks, arrived at Portland, Oregon.

Twenty-five delegates from bookkeepers' and accountants organization met in Detroit and organized a national association designed for mutual improvement. M. S. Kuhns of Chicago was selected temporary chairman and M. W. Thorne, Chicago, secretary.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—Com. to prime.....	\$1.25	@5.10
Hogs—All grades.....	1.50	@3.30
Sheep and lambs.....	2.00	@4.00
Wheat—No. 2 red.....	.62	@.62½
Corn—No. 2.....	.21	@.21½
Oats—No. 3 new.....	.13½	@.14½
Rye—No. 2.....	.30½	
Eggs.....	.13½	@.14
Butter.....	.10	@.15
Potatoes.....	.18	@.30

ST. LOUIS.

Cattle—All grades.....	\$2.30	@4.80
Hogs.....	2.35	@3.25
Sheep.....	1.50	@5.00
Wheat—No. 2 red.....	.62	@.62½
Corn—Cash.....	.19½	@.19¾
Oats—Cash.....	.16½	

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—All grades.....	1.50	@4.85
Hogs—All grades.....	2.55	@3.05
Sheep and lambs.....	2.00	@3.90

PEORIA.

Rye—No. 2.....	.41	
Corn—No. 3.....	.20	
Oats—No. 2.....	.20½	

DETROIT.

Wheat—No. 1 white.....	.62½	
Corn—No. 2.....	.23	
Oats—No. 2 white.....	.19½	
Rye—No. 2.....	.32½	

NEWS OF ILLINOIS.

RECORD OF MINOR DOINGS OF THE WEEK.

Seven Days' Happenings Condensed—Social, Religious, Political, Criminal, Obituary and Miscellaneous Events from Every Section of the State.

A farmer near Alton exhibits a bean pod over a foot long.

William E. Mason stood in the rain and reviewed a republican parade of 5,000 at Paris.

The Champaign sewer is waiting on the election. Even that humble adjunct to municipal economy must be in style.

St. Clair county democrats and populists have agreed to disagree, and each party will have a bandwagon of its own.

Gov. Stone spoke two hours on silver at Peoria, but two minutes sufficed for his observations on the result in Maine.

The 15-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Tilson of Athens was three feet high, weighed 57 pounds and was able to walk. It died of cholera morbus.

The Aurora Baptist association at Joliet has decided it is better to pedal one's own way to church than to cause railroad employes to work to carry one there.

Woodford county farmers are protesting against the payment of rents in money, and it is probable the new contracts will be on the basis of shares of produce.

At the present stage of the war of charges and countercharges between Supt. Gapen and ex-Trustee Radtke the public is justified in believing some one is a liar.—Ex.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Beard returned this morning from their trip to Denver. They report a good time.—Aurora Beacon. If there is any such thing as a good time in Denver, the Beacon has a "scop."

Dr. Blodgett of Galesburg has just closed his course as universal denouncer. He has denounced everything in sight for the last four years, and having accepted a call to preach elsewhere, he arose in his pulpit Sunday and proceeded to denounce everything else, including the congregation.

Four residences were burglarized at Bement Monday night, suspicion resting upon local talent. A pair of bloodhounds were procured and placed on the track, which they followed to the residence of Mrs. Newcombs three different times. The house was searched, but none of the missing property located.

Thomas Stemons died at Paris the other evening and Benjamin McCalmont was placed in jail, charged with his murder. The two men had an altercation over the kidnapping of their grandchild Saturday evening and McCalmont shot Stemons in his own doorway, after Stemons had taken the child away from McCalmont.

The canning factories of this section are completing their season's packing, says a Bloomington paper. The corn has been found to be of the finest quality, though below the average in quantity. The tomato crop has been unprecedentedly large. Some of the factories will continue packing tomatoes until frost. The tomato crop at \$6 per ton, the contract price, has proved remunerative. The yield has averaged \$35 per acre, and some acres have yielded \$60 and \$70 worth.

Captain Ben Rick of Sterling, inspector of rifle practice of the Sixth regiment, was in Moline the other day to locate a state rifle range, which shall serve for Companies F of Moline, A of Rock Island and B of Geneseo, and also for the Second Battalion. Captain Rick's idea is to secure an 800-yard double target range. There are to be four of these ranges for the Sixth regiment, one at Freeport, one at Sterling, one at Monmouth and the one here.

Frank Mulba, 12 years old, reported to the Chicago police at the Lake street station last week that his parents, who live at No. 192 Augusta street, beat him unmercifully. He displayed a number of discolored bruises about the arms and body, which, he alleged, were inflicted by his father. When the boy appeared at the station he said he had not had anything to eat, and had been driven from the house. An officer was sent to the Mulba home to make an investigation. Mrs. Mulba explained to the officer that the boy had left the house of his own accord, and that he was incorrigible. The boy was taken back to his home.

The Merchants' Carnival association concluded its fall festivities at Alton with a magnificent display, in which there were sixty business floats and an attendance of 15,000 people. Professor Rosario Benansinga of Springfield, who opened the day's proceedings with a balloon ascension, almost lost his life. The air was heavy and the balloon went only 500 feet, after which it suddenly began to fall. The aeronaut had to quickly disengage his parachute and let go. There was not space for proper inflation and he fell heavily on a roof, sustaining bruises that will incapacitate him for professional work for some time.

The thirty-eighth anniversary of the Lincoln-Douglas debate will be celebrated at Galesburg on Oct. 7.

Hair has begun to grow long at Champaign. The coaches are just getting the foot ball team down to work.

The state board of health has drafted its bill providing that it be given control of the public water supply. It is to be hoped the board appreciates the magnitude of its contract.

The Rockford Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution observed the one hundredth anniversary of Washington's farewell address with a celebration, an excellent program being given. One of the features was the paper on Continental Hall, presented by the chairman of the committee, Mrs. Henry W. Sheppard of Chicago. A number of other Chicago ladies were also guests of the society.

Solemn and impressive services were held at the St. Francis hospital at Peoria Thursday morning, when three candidates received the white veil, seventeen the black veil, and took perpetual vows in the Order of St. Francis. The services were in charge of Rev. Father Philbert of the Sacred Heart church, assisted by Fathers Cornelius of Streator and Venantius of St. Boniface church, Peoria.

The annual reunion of the surviving members of the One Hundredth regiment, Illinois volunteers, was held at Joliet Thursday. Judge Garney presided. It was decided that the monument to be erected to the regiment on the battlefield of Chickamauga should be placed where the fierce struggle took place on Sunday morning, Sept. 20, 1863. The new officers elected were: President, Captain S. D. Lyons, Braidwood; secretary, Walter Griffith, Braidwood; treasurer, George Pickle, Plainfield. Speeches and music made up the afternoon program. Addresses were made by George Pickle of Plainfield, Major Sperry of Homer, D. F. Higgins, Colonel Bennett, John C. Lang, Rev. E. P. Savage of Minneapolis, Minn., and Francis E. Hill of Sycamore.

It has been years since Peoria has had a haunted house, but the residents of the neighborhood of Calvary Presbyterian church are ready and willing to swear they have one in their neighborhood. The building is a two-story structure and is located on a triangular piece of property at Prairie and Madison streets, in the rear of the church. The first intimation of its peculiar inhabitants came to light Tuesday night, when peculiar sounds emanated from the house, which was the object of a shower of brickbats and rocks. The neighbors, greatly alarmed, stood in their doorways and saw the bricks fall, but were unable to locate the source. The police were equally at sea, and Thursday night a squad of ten men, with Captain Charles, observed the mysterious charge of missiles. They examined the neighboring buildings and mounted the church steeple, but could not find the spooks. The haunted house is creating considerable talk.

Bloomington telegram: The arrangements are completed for a simultaneous joint debate of the free coinage question all over this county. The initiative was taken by the advocates of white metal through chairman and secretary of the Democratic county central committee. The Democrats named their champions and designated a list of speakers on the gold standard side whom their champions desired to meet. The list was as follows, the silver speakers being named first: At Chenoa, Rev. H. O. Hoffman, with Captain Jonathan H. Rowell; at Colfax, Professor David Holmloy, with John A. Sterling; at Keyworth, Charles M. Peirce, with Jacob P. Lindley; at Lexington, Ivory H. Pike, with S. L. Speer; at McLean, J. E. Alexander and Frank Gillespie, with Frank B. McKenan and Rolla D. Calkins; at Hudson, J. J. Thompson, with R. L. Fleming. The Republican county committee has accepted the challenge and fixed the date as Saturday evening, October 3. The speakers are the ablest in the ranks of both the parties.

The Illinois division of the United States department of agriculture reports as follows regarding the condition of the crops: The past week was one of frequent good showers over northern and western counties, but of very light rain or dryness over the southern half of the state, the extreme southern counties, especially, being very dry. The temperature averaged about normal and was generally favorable. In the northern section and the west counties of the central section farm work made good progress, but elsewhere the dryness retarded plowing and seeding. Corn cutting has been pushed rapidly and most of the cutting has been done, the work will generally be finished this week. The grain is drying quickly and much of the crop will be safe to husk and crib within two weeks. Plowing and seeding in the dryer portions of the state have been much delayed or entirely stopped, and rain is much needed, especially in southern counties, where stock water is scarce and wells, streams and ponds are very low. In these counties pastures are brown and bare, but become better as one progresses northward and are good in the northern section. Early sown rye is fine.

Dr. Talmage's Sermon.

Washington, Sept. 20, 1896.—If the clarion note of this sermon, delivered at the national capital, could sound through Christendom, it would give everything good a new start. Dr. Talmage's text was Romans, 13:12: "The day is at hand."

Back from the mountains and the seashore, and the springs, and the farmhouse, your cheeks bronzed, and your spirits lighted, I hail you home again with the words of Gehazi to the Shunammite: "Is it well with thee? is it well with thy husband? is it well with the child?" On some faces I see the mark of recent grief, but all along the track of tears I see the story of resurrection and reunion when all tears are done; the deep ploughing of the keel, followed by the flash of the phosphorescence. Now that I have asked you in regard to your welfare, you naturally ask how I am. Very well, thank you. Whether it was the bracing air of the mountains, or a bath in the surf of Long Island beach, or whether it is the joy of standing in this great group of warm-hearted friends, or whether it is a new appreciation of the goodness of God, I cannot tell. I simply know I am happy. It was said that John Moffatt, the great Methodist preacher, occasionally got fast in his sermon, and to extricate himself would cry "Hallelujah!" I am in no such predicament to-day, but I am full of the same rhapsodic ejaculation. Starting out this morning on a new ecclesiastical year, I want to give you the keynote of my next twelve months' ministry. I want to set it to the tunes of "Antioch," "Ariel," and "Coronation." I want to put a new trumpet stop into my sermons. We do wrong if we allow our personal sorrows to interfere with the glorious fact that the kingdom is coming. We are wicked if we allow apprehension of national disaster to put down our faith in God and in the mission of our American people. The God who hath been on the side of this nation since the Fourth of July, 1776, will see to it that this nation shall not commit suicide on November 3d, 1896. By the time the unparalleled harvests of this summer get down to the seaboard we shall be standing in a sunburst of national prosperity that will paralyze the pessimists who by their evil prophecies are blaspheming the God who hath blest this nation as he hath blest no other.

In all our Christian work you and I want more of the element of gladness. No man had a right to say that Christ never laughed. Do you suppose that he was glum at the wedding in Cana of Galilee? Do you suppose that Christ was unresponsive when the children clambered over his knee and shoulder at his own invitation? Do you suppose that the Evangelist meant nothing when he said of Christ: "He rejoiced in spirit?" Do you believe that the Divine Christ who pours all the waters over the rocks at Vernal Falls, Yosemite, does not believe in the sparkle and gallop and tumultuous joy and rousing raptures of human life? I believe not only that the morning laughs, and that the mountains laugh, and that the seas laugh, and that the cascades laugh, but that Christ laughed. Moreover, take a laugh and a tear into an alembic, and assay them, and test them, and analyze them, and you will often find as much of the pure gold of religion in a laugh as in a tear. Deep spiritual joy always shows itself in facial illumination. John Wesley said he was sure of a good religious impression being produced because of what he calls the great gladness he saw among the people. Godless merriment is blasphemy anywhere, but expression of Christian joy is appropriate everywhere.

Moreover, the outlook of the world ought to stir us to gladness. Astronomers disturbed many people by telling them that there was danger of stellar collision. We were told by these astronomers that there are worlds coming very near together, and that we shall have plagues, and wars, and tumults, and perhaps the world's destruction. Do not be scared. If you have ever stood at a railroad center, where ten, or twenty, or thirty rail tracks cross each other, and seen that by the movement of the switch one or two inches the train shoots this way and that, without colliding, then you may understand how fifty worlds may come within an inch of disaster, and that inch be as good as a million miles. If a human switch-tender can shoot the trains this way and that without harm, cannot the hand that for thousands of years has upheld the universe, keep our little world out of harm's way? Christian geologists tell us that this world was millions of years in building. Well, now, I do not think God would take millions of years to build a house which was to last only six thousand years. There is nothing in the world or outside the world, terrestrial or astronomical, to excite dismay. I wish that some stout gospel breeze might scatter all the malaria of human foreboding. The sun rose this morning at about six o'clock, and I

think that is just about the hour in the world's history. "The day is at hand."

The first ray of the dawn I see in the gradual substitution of diplomatic skill for human butchery. Within the last twenty-five years there have been international differences which would have brought a shock of arms in any other day, but which were peacefully adjusted, the pen taking the place of the sword. The Venezuelan controversy in any other age of the world would have brought shock of arms, but now is being so quietly adjusted that no one knows just how it is being settled.

I may be mistaken, but I hope that the last war between Christian nations is ended. Barbarians may mix their war-paint, and Chinese and Japanese go into wholesale massacres, and Afghan and Zulu hurl poisoned arrows, but I think Christian nations have gradually learned that war is disaster to victor as well as vanquished, and that almost anything bought by blood is bought at too dear a price. I wish to God this nation might be a model of willingness for arbitration. No need of killing another Indian. No need of sacrificing any more brave Gen. Custers. Stop exasperating the red man, and there will be no more arrows shot out from the ambushments. A general of the United States army in high repute throughout this land, and who, perhaps, had been in more Indian wars than any other officer, and who had been wounded again and again in behalf of our government in battle against the Indians, told me that all the wars that had ever occurred between Indians and white men had been provoked by white men, and that there was no exception to the rule. While we are arbitrating with Christian nations, let us toward barbarians carry ourselves in a manner unprovocative of contest.

I find another ray of dawn in the compression of the world's distances. What a slow, snail-like, almost impossible thing would have been the world's rectification with fourteen hundred millions of population and no facile means of communication; but now, through telegraphy for the eye and telephonic intimacy for the ear, and through steamboating and railroading, the twenty-five thousand miles of the world's circumference are shriveling up into insignificant brevity! Hong Kong is nearer to New York than a few years ago New Haven was; Bombay, Moscow, Madras, Melbourne within speaking distance. Purchase a telegraphic chart, and by blue lines see the telegraphs of the land, and by the red lines the cables under the ocean. You see what opportunity this is going to give for the final movements of Christianity.

One more ray of the dawn I see in facts chronological and mathematical. Come now, do not let us do another stroke of work until we have settled one matter. What is going to be the final issue of this great contest between sin and righteousness? Which is going to prove himself the stronger, God or Diabolus? Is this world going to be all garden or all desert? Now let us have that matter settled. If we believe Isaiah, and Ezekiel and Hosea, and Micah, and Malachi, and John, and Peter, and Paul, and the Lord himself, we believe that it is going to be all garden. But let us have it settled. Let us know whether we are working on toward a success or toward a dead failure. If there is a child in your house sick, and you are sure he is going to get well, you sympathize with present pains, but all the foreboding is gone. If you are in a cyclone off the Florida coast, and the captain assures you the vessel is staunch and the winds are changing for a better quarter, and he is sure he will bring you safe into the harbor, you patiently submit to present distress with the thought of safe arrival. Now I want to know whether we are coming on toward dismay, darkness and defeat, or on toward light and blessedness. You and I believe the latter, and if so, every year we spend is one year subtracted from the world's woe, and every event that passes, whether bright or dark, brings us one event nearer a happy consummation, and by all that is inexorable in chronology and mathematics I commend you to good cheer and courage. If there is anything in arithmetic, if you subtract two from five and leave three, then by every rolling sun we are coming on toward a magnificent terminus. Then every winter passed is one severity less for our poor world. Then every summer gone by brings us nearer unfading arborescence. Put your algebra down on the top of your Bible and rejoice.

If it is nearer morning at three o'clock than it is at two, if it is nearer morning at four o'clock than it is at three, then we are nearer the dawn of the world's deliverance. God's clock seems to go very slowly, but the pendulum swings, and the hands move, and it will yet strike noon. The sun and

the moon stood still once; they will never stand still again until they stop forever. If you believe arithmetic as well as your Bible, you must believe we are nearer the dawn. "The day is at hand."

Beloved people, I preach this sermon because I want you to toil with the sunlight in your faces. I want you old men to understand before you die that all the work you did for God while yet your ear was alert and your foot fleet is going to be counted up in the final victories. I want all these younger people to understand, that when they toil for God they always win the day; that all prayers are answered and all Christian work is in some way effectual, and that the tide is setting in the right direction, and that all heaven is on our side—saintly, cherubic, archangelic, omnipotent, chariot and throne, doxology and procession, principalities and dominion, he who hath the moon under his feet, and all the armies of heaven on white horses.

Brother! brother! all I am afraid of is, not that Christ will lose the battle, but that you and I will not get into it quick enough to do something worthy of our blood-bought immortality. O Christ, how shall I meet thee, thou of the scarred brow and the scarred back and the scarred hand and the scarred foot and the scarred breast, if I have no scars or wounds gotten in thy service? It shall not be so. I step out to-day in front of the battle. Come on, ye foes of God, I dare you to the combat! Come on, with pens dipped in malignancy. Come on, with tongues forked and viperine. Come on with types soaked in the scum of the eternal pit. I defy you! Come on! I bare my brow, I uncover my heart. Strike! I cannot see my Lord until I have been hurt for Christ. If we do not suffer with him on earth, we cannot be glorified with him in heaven. Take good heart. On! On! On! See! the skies have brightened! See! the hour is about to come. Pick out all the cheeriest of the anthems. Let the orchestra string their best instruments. "The night is far spent, the day is at hand."

World's Increasing Population.

The astonishing growth of European cities in the last twenty years is but part of a movement in population which is general throughout civilized countries. It is certainly unprecedented in history.

In this country the increase from 50,000,000 to 70,000,000 in less than two decades is paralleled by Germany, which has increased from 30,000,000 to 52,000,000 since the Franco-Prussian war. England shows a like increase, confined chiefly to the cities. While Ireland, Italy and Spain are not so responsive to the movement, it is for causes too well understood to make their cases seem exceptional to the rule that the great scientific and mechanical improvements of the century are making it possible for the world to produce and support a larger population than was dreamed of even by the most pronounced opponents of Malthusianism in their controversies with the ignorant theorists who believed that the limit of population had been or was about to be reached. According to Mulhall, the total population of the earth in the time of Augustus Caesar did not exceed 54,000,000, so that in the United States we have now more people than the earth contained when the empire of the Caesars was at its greatest. According to the same authority the population of Europe was only 50,000,000 in the fifteenth century, while now it is estimated at over 357,000,000 people, whose average of living is far higher than that of the age of Augustus or than that of the fifteenth century. It is becoming a more and more self-evident proposition that the increase of civilization is not only accompanied by, but is dependent on, an increase in population. And no fact in economic history is of more far-reaching importance.—New York Press.

Electric Fans for the Sick Room.

Such weather as Philadelphia has recently experienced while enervating enough to healthy people, is particularly prostrating to those in ill health, and some scheme of obtaining a cool draught of air in the sick room is, in many cases, a matter of great importance. Obviously one of the best ways to secure this is by means of an electric fan, but, unfortunately, an electric circuit with which to operate it is usually not available. To overcome this difficulty a Philadelphia company rents an outfit consisting of a storage battery and electric fan, which will run continuously for more than a week at a time without attention, and which may be then replaced by another and the discharged battery sent back to be recharged. Though this business of renting storage batteries for such purposes is a new one, it is undoubtedly destined to wide usage in this and other directions. For instance, many people would be glad to have a fan in the dining room during this extremely oppressive weather, and this company affords a means to secure this with slight expense and no trouble.—Philadelphia Record.

THE TRADE REVIEW.

DUN & CO. REPORT IMPROVEMENT SLOW.

Confidence Slowly Returning, but an Enormous Business Is Held Back Until the Future Is More Clear—The Week's Failures.

Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

There is still no distinct improvement in business, although conditions favor it. Confidence slowly rises, speculative buying of materials for future use continues, imports of gold do not cease, and the Bank of England has not tried to check them by further advance in rates, as the weight of the demand now falls upon France. But an enormous business is held back until the future is more clear.

In cotton, hides, wool, and pig iron buying openly speculative in character marks the current business. Resumption of work by a good part of the Fall river cotton mills and advances in some kinds of cotton goods helped to raise the price of middling uplands to 3½ cents again, although realizing sent it down to 8½. The favorite speculative estimate, which was about 400,000 bales in error a year ago, alarmed many by naming 7,800,000 bales as the minimum and 9,000,000 as the maximum, a range wide enough in itself to suggest doubt, and either quantity with stocks carried over is more than the world has ever consumed.

Wheat has risen 1½ cents, although western receipts of 6,626,830 bushels exceed last year's, and in three weeks have been 17,855,868 bushels, against 16,791,660 last year. Helped by purchases at present low prices, Atlantic exports were 1,821,819 bushels, flour included, and for three weeks 5,796,184, against 3,837,129 last year. Corn has scarcely advanced, as western receipts are still as large as a year ago, with exports smaller.

The one industry showing increase of working force is the cotton manufacturer, restriction of output having secured more healthy demand for some goods. Most of the mills have started or are about to start, though the uncertainty of the cotton market embarrasses.

The maturity of large wool notes is said to be the cause of selling, and prices do not rise, though quotations are more nearly maintained. There has been a fair week in dress goods and better demand for cloakings, but the heavy failure of a Philadelphia firm tends to restrict operations.

The iron and steel manufacture is still waiting for business, with nearly half its producing capacity idle, but hopefulness and the speculative buying of pig iron sustain prices. Sales said to amount to 25,000 tons have been made of Alabama iron for shipment to England, but the home demand does not enlarge at all, and the various associations still hold combination prices, though the demand is remarkably slender. The coke output is less than 50,000 tons weekly.

Failures for the last week have been 317 in the United States, against 213 last year, and 32 in Canada, against 32 last year.

Michigan Methodist Conference.

The Michigan Methodist conference Wednesday elected P. J. Maveety of Jackson secretary, Charles Nease of Lake Odessa statistical secretary, and John C. Newcomer of Evart treasurer. A check for \$2,759 was delivered as the conference's share of last year's earnings of the Methodist book concern. The Rev. C. L. Barnhart of Ballard was elected chairman of the conference trustees, to succeed the Rev. A. M. Gould, resigned.

Ontonagon's Correct Fire Loss.

Ever since the conflagration at Ontonagon, Mich., last month the underwriters have been trying to get a complete list of the losses. Owing to the fact that many original policies and agents' records were burned this was not possible until now. The companies are losers \$628,568. Of this \$257,900 was on general property. Just seventy insurance companies were losers.

Ten Hurt in a Wreck.

By a collision between the Union Pacific express from Salt Lake and the west, due at Butte, Mont., at 11:35 a. m. Sunday, and a mixed train on the Montana Union, bound for Anaconda, near Rocker, four miles west of here, at 11 o'clock Sunday morning, the engines of both trains and the express car and the smoker of the Union Pacific were wrecked, and ten persons seriously hurt.

Against Fusion in Indiana

The populists of Indiana Thursday took a stand against fusion with the democrats and placed a full electoral ticket in the field. Members of the democratic committee say many thousand populists will vote for Bryan and Sewall notwithstanding the action taken.

A SALTY TRANSACTION.

How the General Made a Most Narrow Escape.

"Of course I have been taken in occasionally," said the general to the Detroit Free Press man, "but I have been very fortunate considering the number of devices there are for getting the best of men who have a little money to invest once in awhile.

"About ten years ago I came uncomfortably near to being done up for all I was worth. After consultation with a few gentlemen of means I concluded to join them in a mining speculation. It was no trouble to find flattering accounts of mines that were on the market, but the boomers were not strictly accurate in their representations, and we concluded to send out an expert in order to act with certainty.

"When our man came back he gave a glowing account of a mine that was doing the most extravagant advertising. He had come to us highly recommended, but it struck me that he was too anxious that we should buy the stock. He had been paid for his services, but he was constantly urging us to invest, and each time he talked with me my suspicions were increased. One day, without consulting any one, I packed my valise and went out to look over the ground for myself.

"Reaching the mine unheralded I found a motley lot of men who were chiefly engaged in patronizing a bar establishment in a little tumbledown shanty. There was a big-bearded man addressed as the colonel, who was doing all the treating, and I had no sooner put in an appearance than he hustled a gang down the shaft with instructions to work the solid vein alone. Then he began sounding me, and I soon discovered that he was the 'syndicate' that had the mine for sale. It suddenly came to me as a good scheme to tell him that I was an expert acting for New York capitalists. After two or three turns at the bar I gave him to understand that I was on the make, and it was not long until he offered me \$10,000 if I would effect a sale of the mine.

"Is it well salted?" I asked. "Never was a slicker job. I salted it twice to make sure."

"I lost no time in telegraphing my friends to hold off, and we were saved a big sum of money. Meantime our expert had scented danger and vomited."

The Greeks in Egypt.

In every village and town the Greeks settle, living by usury and the vending of poisonous spirits. Every day their grip on the lower classes becomes tighter. Very little can be said in their favor. They work hard enough, but their labor is evil. They are vicious, shiftless, heartless. Some day their horrible influence will be realized by the governing powers and the problem that will face the dilatory politicians is unpleasant and dangerous. The fellahin have suffered considerably in times past, their backs sore from the lash, their feet weary from forced labor; Turkish pashas in the provinces and extravagant princes in Cairo have stolen their plasters, seized their crops, sold their daughters and their wives. The peasantry of no other country has a sadder history. For a time they have been unmolested and happy. But tyranny more terrible than any they or their fathers knew threatens their children if the army of tavern-keepers and money-lenders is not speedily defeated.—The Academy.

Li Hung Chang's Pipe.

Ordinarily the tobacco pipes used in China are made of common white metal but Li's is exquisitely chased in silver. Its most bulky part is a reservoir of water completely closed in, from the upper part of which rises a vertical silver tube with a horn mouthpiece. Let into the upper part of the reservoir is the pipe proper, which is adjusted in such a way that its lower extremity touches the water. It is not unlike a cigarette holder. In another part of the covering is an indentation for the reserve of tobacco. The operation of smoking would be more irritating than soothing to a western smoker, for the pipe has to be replenished every minute or so, and there is, moreover, the risk, if the tube gets ever so little awry, of sucking up not smoke, but water.—Birmingham Post.

A Thrifty Nobleman.

A Dutch nobleman who registered at a Broad street hotel last week gave a personal illustration of the business energy and thrift of the people of his country. Notwithstanding his nobility the Hollander is in this country buying fish. He has been following the run of shad up the Atlantic coast, not for the shad, but for the 'sturgeon', which follow in the wake of the shad. He purchases the sturgeon roe, sends it to Holland by the hoghead, prepares it, packs it in neat cans and sends it back to this country to tickle the palates of epicures as high-priced Russian caviar.—Philadelphia Record.

Nothing Like It.

His Wife—The music is intoxicating. He—Yes, but there is nothing like the good old stuff for an enjoyable jag.—Philadelphia North American.

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Li as an Interviewer.
A jolly good fellow is Li Hung Chang, which nobody can deny. But he's the very fiend for asking questions. He cannot understand, moreover, or pretend he cannot, why anybody should object to telling how old he is or what salary he gets. Even a Pennsylvania railroad official found the old Chinaman almost too many for him. Below is a specimen of Li's method of interviewing. The victim was Mr. Thomson of the Pennsylvania road:
"You are the president of the company?" he asked of Mr. Thomson.
"I am only the vice president," said Mr. Thomson.
"How old are you?"
"Fifty-five."
"How long have you been vice president?"
"Fourteen years."
"Have you raised yourself from a lower position?"
"Yes; from a mechanical engineer."
"Then your qualifications entitle you to your position, as you are an expert in railroads," was Li's comment. Then he went on:
"What salary do you receive?"
Mr. Thomson laughed, and to the interpreter said, "You tell his excellency that I will whisper that to him later."
"Will you accompany me to Buffalo?"
"I am sorry I cannot go farther than Washington," replied Mr. Thomson.
Li Hung Chang then exhibited a little uneasiness and said:
"Have accidents occurred on your road since you have been connected with it?"
"Oh, yes, several, but with little loss of life!"
"The presidents and vice presidents of the European railroads had no hesitation in telling me the salaries which were paid to them, but they also said they never had any accidents, as all the accidents occurred in America," remarked Li, with a laugh.

The death of Prince Lobanoff, Russian minister of foreign affairs, may make a great difference in the policy of the czar's government toward other nations. Lobanoff was for increasing the power of Russia by every means, war, swindling or purchase. It was Russia's secret backing, under the lead of Lobanoff that enabled the sultan to dare to permit the massacres of the Armenians and to stand out against the wishes of the civilized world. Russia drove the Japanese out of Korea and set herself up in their place. She was preparing to practically become the controller of China when Lobanoff died. The Japanese are having trouble subduing the Formosans. Russia would have laid her powerful hand on the island under plea of quelling the insurrection there. Russia's fleet in the orient is larger than that of England. "Political hypnotism" is the name that has been given to Russian methods of getting her way among other nations. She has done it now for many a year, always to her own gain and the loss of the others. Can she continue the policy now that Lobanoff has been cut off in the midst of his plottings? His death may have been the best thing that could have happened.

The assistant attorney general for the United States postoffice department has made a decision in reference to sending letters by other means than through the mails. It is to the effect that if a letter is sent by express or through any public carrier company it must be inclosed in a government stamped envelope. Moreover, a letter must not be sent in an express package if it is written on any subject except that of the contents of the package. The postoffice department does not propose to be tricked out of its dues.

If a farmer wants a berth in a sleeping car it costs him the price of two horse loads of wheat, when formerly it only cost the price of two bushels of wheat, according to Mayor Pingree. Sleeping car berths did not go down in price when wheat did.

Li Hung Chang was an embarrassing old heathen. Wherever he went he asked distinguished Americans questions concerning the resources, manufactures and history of their own country that they could not answer.

It would surprise many of the dead and gone English Tories to suddenly wake up and find the head of the Tory government in 1896, Lord Salisbury, not only warmly advocating a permanent arbitration commission between Great Britain and the United States for the settlement of all disputes between the two nations, but actually drawing up out of his own head a working plan for such a tribunal.

Street Railway Earnings.
The considerable recent flow of gold to this country has excited some surprise as to its cause. The fact is that a large proportion of it has come as installments on payment for street railway stocks and bonds which have been purchased abroad in quantity. The main buyers of these American securities have been, as always, the British people. Within the past two months \$25,000,000 worth of various traction companies' stock has been bought in Europe.
When everything else has been depressed to the very bottom in this country, the cable, electric and the few horse car roads that are left have continued steadily to pay dividends. These dividends have increased both from the gain in traffic and the decrease of operating expenses. The operating expenses have decreased with the decline of horse motive power and the cheapening of electrical appliances.
It is difficult to get at exactly the real ratio between operating expenses and earnings, because where earnings are large the capitalization is immediately increased on the plan so well known and popular among American financiers. The report of the street railways of Massachusetts shows, however, that in the past seven years expenses have fallen from 78.4 per cent net earnings to 68.9 per cent.
The business of these invaluable urban and suburban railways has doubled and in many cases tripled in three or four years. The building of a trolley or cable road from a city to a suburban district is immediately followed by the advent of the real estate agent and the construction of suburban homes. Families want to get into the country, where they can see the trees and sky and get some air as nature made it. Small blame to them too. New pleasure grounds and breathing spaces are evolved also.
On the whole, there is probably no property in which it is safer to invest than in a well managed American street railway. British investors will not be disappointed of their dividends.
Moreover, in Brooklyn you can ride 18 miles for 5 cents, in Chicago 15 miles, in St. Louis 15 miles, in Buffalo 13 1/2 miles, in Cincinnati 13.44 miles. Long may the people's carriages flourish!

Professor Sering of the Berlin academy of agriculture has been studying the depressed prices of farm products. The world over the same conditions prevail among farmers, that of extraordinarily low prices for all they raise. The cause of it is hard to find—a cause that will fit all nations alike, that is. Professor Sering, however, proposes what he believes will prove a remedy. It is that the agriculturists of all countries shall form an international alliance and fix their own prices. There shall be, Professor Sering proposes, a central bureau established in one of the principal cities, as Washington, London, Paris or Berlin. Through this center the agrarians of the world would be at all times in communication with one another. What would be for the good of one nation would thus be for the good of all. Wherever there was a scarcity of any one product the farmers would be made aware of it through their agencies and could forward such product to the spot. A close international alliance among the farmers of the world would also enable them to obtain needed legislation.

A comical feature of the formal processions in honor of Li Hung Chang is the big crimson plush chair which is loaded upon an empty open carriage and transported in state just behind the vehicles containing Li and his Chinese retinue. When he arrives at the point of destination, it appears to be contrary to Celestial etiquette for the viceroy to walk a step. Attendants hold the big red chair before him, and he is assisted into it. Then the attendants carry him bodily to the spot where he is to stand or sit while performing a ceremonial function. It must have been a sensation for the four big Irish policemen who were required to carry him thus in the red chair from his carriage to the tomb of Grant. Four stalwart sons of Ireland bearing upon their shoulders a heathen Chinese was a sight to make anybody roar with laughter. Nobody did, however, out of regard for the proprieties of the occasion. Still, many of them must have laughed in their sleeves.

M. Ribot, ex-prime minister of France, who is now visiting us, has an American wife. She is the daughter of Mr. Isaac N. Burch of Chicago. She has had two husbands, and the first one was also a Frenchman, the most intimate friend of M. Ribot.

In New York city alone there are 90 banks, more or less prosperous, some of them less so.

Russia's hypnotic political policy is seen in Persia no less than in Turkey and China. In the year 1890 Persia was about to enter on the construction of a system of railroads. The shah favored it. But Russia found it out. Railroads through Persia meant a quickening of trade that would help poor, weak Persia financially and might injure big, rich Russia somewhat, at least until certain railways of her own were finished. So Russia put the screws to the shah and forced him to promise that no railroads should be built in Persia before the year 1900, and the agreement stands.



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A good cistern pump at \$1.00; a good wood pump \$2.00; wood tubing, per foot, 6c; 1/2 gas pipe 4c.
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Good 1-blade pocket knife 10c; 2-blade 13c; good 2-blade, brass lined, 18c; the best brass lined 2-blade, a heavier knife, the same quality for which other dealers charge 65c, they can be bought at my store for 35c; set of 3 bread knives 30c, same quality some dealers sell for \$1.
Butcher and Table Knives, Forks and Tea Spoons at the same "UNDERSELL" PRICES
25c shoe polish for 8c; blueing and stove polish equally as low; 50 large size manilla envelopes for 5c; writing paper ditto; pens and pencils nearly given away; stove lifters 2c; slate sponges 1c; flat, round, 3-cornered and wood files that will astonish you; 1 or 5 gallons extra quality machine engine oil at 35c per gallon, generally sold at 55c; 15c zinc oiler for 5c; 15c brass back combs 5c; genuine rubber comb 8c; 2-foot rule 10c; 3 carpenters pencils for 5c; good hand saw for 20c; extra heavy high flat-back meat saw 50c, worth a dollar; cloths, chalk and fish lines **Very Cheap**, with loaded and unloaded cartridges in line; steel spiders, broilers, pie plates, sifters, etc., at very low prices; set of nick-eled sod irons with stand for 85c. Other bargains too numerous to mention.
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Stevens Corn Husker and Shredder
a machine that will husk 1,000 bushels per day if wanted and shred the fodder fine or coarse, as wanted, without leaving it in sharp-edged strips to make the cattle's mouth sore, like machines do that use the saw teeth to do the work.
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Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee to whom was referred compensation of County officers would beg leave to submit the following report on the matters before them.

We would recommend that the Circuit Clerk be allowed a salary of Two Thousand Dollars, and a yearly allowance for clerk hire of Twelve hundred dollars. We recommend that the State Attorney be allowed a yearly salary of Five Hundred dollars.

All of which is respectfully submitted. DAVID ADAMS, JR., Chairman. BENJAMIN H. HOLMES, DEPUTY CLERK. Supervisor Sawyer moved that Report of Committee be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

The Clerk submitted and read the several tax levies of the towns, within the County of Lake as certified to him by the several clerks of the different Towns showing the amount or rates required to be raised for purposes designated as follows:

Town Tax Rd & Bdg Thistle Benton 1200 00 1 25 Newport 250 00 40c on \$100 val Antioch 200 00 50c 00 Grant 200 00 50c on \$100 val Avon 250 00 30c 00 Warren 200 00 50c on \$100 val Waukegan 1200 00 40c 00 Shields 300 00 40c 00 Libertyville 300 00 60c on \$100 val Fremont 300 00 100c 00 Wauconda 300 00 60c on \$100 val Cuba 300 00 50c 00 Elia 300 00 50c 00 Vernon 400 00 2400 00 W. Deerfield 400 00 2400 00

E. Deerfield 400 00 2400 00 All for the several cities and villages for the purposes hereinafter designated, to-wit: Municipal Hospital Bldg Total Waukegan 2500 00 2000 00 4 00c on \$100 val North Chicago 1500 00 2310 00 Lake Forest 1500 00 2310 00 Lake Bluff 2400 00 2400 00 Libertyville 1200 00 1200 00 Barrington 1200 00 1200 00 P. Sheridan 1200 00 1200 00 High Park 1750 00 1750 00

Supervisor Dady moved that the County Clerk be instructed to extend on the tax books for the year 1898 the taxes for the respective amounts certified, and that he extend the District road tax returned by the several Overseers of Highways in the county as unpaid. Motion carried.

Supervisor Huntington moved that the Clerk be directed to issue orders to the several claimants in payment of all bills audited at this session of the Board. Carried. Supervisor Miller moved that the publisher of the Barrington Review be allowed Fifteen (\$15.00) Dollars for publishing proceedings of this Board the balance of the year. Ayes and nays being called, the following vote was taken: Ayes—Adams, Carman, Cooke, Dady, Easton, Fletcher, Holley, Lamey, Miller, Nevill, Sawyer, Wait, 15; nays—Anderson, Strang, 2.

Supervisors reported aid to poor as follows, to-wit: Geo. D. Paddock, Supervisor. 2 00 Williams Bros. 3 00 West Bros & Perkins. 3 38 Wheeler & Shaffill. 1 10 Total. 6 48 James Anderson, Supervisor. 4 99 Mr Kelly. 10 00 Edgar J. Mencham, Bill for attending on poor at North Chicago. 10 00 W. E. Miller, Supervisor. 74 99 James Bartlett. 3 50 Mary Fisher. 16 90 Total. 30 40 J. R. Dady, Supervisor. Alex Kane. 1 00 Mrs J. Shalinski. 1 00 Mrs Alexander. 4 00 Mrs Billings. 8 50 Mrs Mary Brown. 3 00 Mrs Nance. 2 00 Mrs Steible. 1 00 Mrs F. Wreckler. 9 50 Mrs Neesby. 11 00 Mrs G. King. 2 25 W. Anderson. 12 75 Mrs J. Dugan. 7 50 Mrs M. Ray. 8 00 Mrs Madder. 7 25 P. Ginty. 11 00 Wm Leimbach. 11 00 Transportation. 1 07 Walter Brown. 1 50 Henry Strubben. 1 50 Mrs Carlson. 4 00 Mrs Peter Anderson. 2 00 Total. \$116 02 Dennis Huntington, Supervisor. 821 95 R. H. Holte, Supervisor. 17 44 B. Murphy. 27 18 John Couda. 15 00 George Carstens. 15 00 Total. \$59 02 A. W. Fletcher, Supervisor. Mrs A. J. Nottelung. 3 17 Burial of Anton Nelson. 15 00 Transportation of Mrs McNamara and daughter. 12 00 Total. \$30 17 Moved by Supervisor Huntington that this board do now adjourn until November 4th next. Motion carried and board stood adjourned.

Seventeenth Century Superstitions. That it is a very unfortunate thing for a man to meet early in a morning an ill-favored man or woman, a rough footed Hen, a shagbald Dogge, or a blacke Cat. That it is a signe of death to some in that house where crickets have bin many years. If on a sudden they forsake their Chimney Corner. That if a man dream of eggs or fire, he shall have of anger. That to dreame of gold good lucke, but of silver ill. That if a man be born in the daytime, he shall be unfortunate. That if a child be born with a Caule on his head, he shall be very fortunate. That when the palme of the right hand fteeth, it is a shrewd sign he shall receive money. That it is a great signe of ill lucke, if Rats gnaw a mans cloathes. That it is naught for any man to give a paire of Knives to his sweetheart, for feare it cuts away all love that is between them. That it is ill lucke to have the saltseller fall toward you.—Notes and Queries.

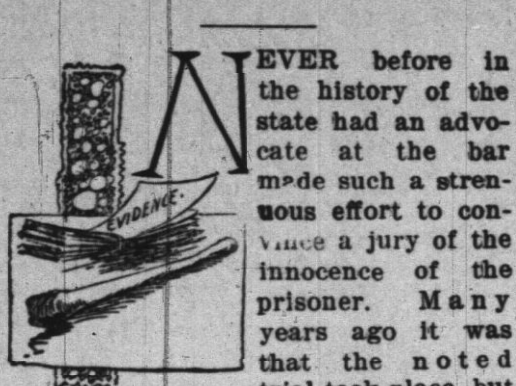
Takes Care of The Babies. A Germantown woman who is in reduced circumstances has hit upon a novel scheme for earning a livelihood which has worked very successfully. A number of her married female acquaintances who are anxious to pose as society women, but whose financial circumstances will not admit of the luxury of nurses, readily engage her services when they wish to attend teas and other social functions. She charges 60 cents an hour for looking after the children in the absence of their mothers, and it is said that her services are in demand to such an extent as to render necessary the booking in advance.

The Tank Drama in Paris. The "tank," which has become so important a factor in melodrama in the English and American theaters, has made its way to Paris, where it appears to be regarded as something of a novelty. In a new romantic drama by Mr. Decourcelle, in five tableaux, the scene of a canal lock will be constructed with "real water."

Change Off Once a Year. H. H. and R. B. Claiborne, brothers, issue the Oswego, Kan., Times-Standard. One acts as editor, the other as business manager, and every year they "shake the boys up" by changing places.

More Than Enough. "Do you think that two heads are better than one?" "Well, the one I had last night was quite sufficient."

THE JUDGE'S SECRET.



EVER before in the history of the state had an advocate at the bar made such a strenuous effort to convince a jury of the innocence of the prisoner. Many years ago it was that the noted trial took place, but the scene all comes back to me as vividly as at the time it occurred, now that a startling revelation has recently been made, after the death of the judge who sat upon the bench.

Although not more than a boy, I witnessed the trial of Andrew Hastings with more absorbing interest than anything else in my life has since awakened. I remember the gestures, the impassioned face of Hastings' attorney, Col. George Harvey Palmer, and I can almost repeat the very words he uttered when addressing the jury. It was a wonderful defense he made—wonderful how he fought every inch of ground, while a chain of strong circumstantial evidence was tightening the halter about his client's neck. His cross-examination of the state's witnesses was so exhaustive, his pleadings to the judge and to the jury so earnest as to arouse the sympathy of many in the packed courtroom. It was, as I remember, the first important case with which Col. Palmer had been connected in Monroe county courts. He had moved to Alabama from Virginia and had been in his new home but a few months before the Hastings murder case became the sensation of the hour.

Last week Judge James C. Garrow died in Monroe county, Alabama, and among his papers was found a statement, in connection with the statement written to be made public after his death. I have read that statement, and it, in connection with the trial of Andrew Hastings, makes such a remarkable chapter of court history that I have written it all down here.

It was in the days of the noted kluks klan, that organization which sprang into life in the south during the memorable days of "reconstruction." It is supposed that the organizers of the klan originally intended to control the suddenly freed slaves by appealing to their superstition, for the kluks gave birth to hobgoblins, ghosts and spooks, and was shrouded in the most profound secrecy and mystery. But the klan soon became chargeable with many inexcusable and outrageous crimes.

Some time in the spring of 1867 the judiciary began to take active measures for the suppression of violence attributable to the klan, or, rather, to the lawless bands calling themselves kluks, for the original organization had by that time ceased to exist.

On March 14, 1867, near the town of Claiborne, Monroe county, Alabama, Amos Bivins, a camp follower of the union army, who had opened a store in Claiborne, was found dead on the side of the public road. He had been beaten to death with a club or some other heavy weapon.

"Another kluks victim," was the public verdict, and with this the people were disposed to discard the matter from any further consideration, but Judge Garrow was one of the most earnest among officers of the law, who had decided the time had come in the south for the suppression of crime. He instructed the sheriff to make a most thorough investigation, and, if possible, to bring the murderer or murderers to justice.

It did not take long to fix the crime on Andrew Hastings, who clerked for Bivins. The evidence against Hastings, while circumstantial, was very strong. Having been raised in the south, Hastings had no love for his employer, who was regarded as one of the despised class of "carpet baggers" in those days. He finally quarreled with his employer when reproved for insulting the union soldiers and negroes who traded at the store. Witnesses testified to this quarrel, which resulted in Hastings being discharged, and there was an abundance of evidence to the fact that he left the store he was heard to remark: "I'll fix the d— Yankee."

It was only two nights after Hastings' discharge that Bivins was killed. Two witnesses swore that Hastings tried to borrow a shotgun from them on the day prior to the murder. It was also proven that Hastings was heard to say when speaking of the killing: "The people ought to give the man who did it a vote of thanks."

Added to all this was the fact that Hastings could not account for his whereabouts on the night of the killing between the hours of eight and twelve o'clock. Bivins left his store about ten o'clock to go to his home, and it was presumed, he was killed a few minutes after that hour.

When on trial Hastings stated that he had gone "possum hunting" alone, leaving home about eight o'clock and returning about one o'clock the next morning. It was for this purpose he attempted to borrow a gun. He proved that it was his custom to go on these night hunts by himself. With his previous good character, this was all there was for the defense.

But Col. Palmer made the most of it and fought the evidence of the prosecution at times with an impassioned manner that almost amounted to a madness. I remember an old lawyer in the courtroom remarking: "Well, I never have seen an attorney so thoroughly identified with his client's interests before." Col. Palmer's argument to the jury, as I said, was a most masterly effort. His face was pale when he arose and walked to the jury box. His voice, although stern and full, trembled as he cried out: "Gentlemen of the jury, God is my witness when I say to you that I am here to plead for the life of an innocent man."

He made but little effort to controvert the damaging evidence against his client. His address was mainly a passionate appeal for mercy for an innocent man who was the victim of peculiar circumstances. He ended his speech by holding the Bible high above his head and saying: "As true to the Holy Book I hold in my hand, so true is this man innocent. I say to you, I know it. You may call it intuition if you like, but so sure as you convict him you will have the

blood of an innocent man upon your heads."

The verdict was guilty and Hastings was sentenced to be hanged. The case was appealed to the Supreme court, and the decision of the lower court was affirmed. An application was made to the governor for clemency, and a petition bearing the names of many prominent citizens of Monroe county was sent to the chief executive, Col. Palmer was leaving no stone unturned to save his client. The strain and hard work was telling on him. He had grown emaciated, and more than once had been ill from nervous prostration.

The governor refused to interfere, but intimated that he might give the case a more favorable consideration if the presiding judge recommended a commutation of the sentence. This was regarded as a forlorn hope, the determination of Judge Garrow to suppress crime being so well known.

The day of the execution was near at hand and Monroe county was preparing to witness its first hanging in many years. Then, like a thunder clap came the news that the governor had pardoned Andrew Hastings. Not even a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment had been looked for, but here was an absolute pardon, and the murderer with a shadow of the gallows already over him was a free man.

It was some time before the people could be made to believe that the news was true, and many did not believe it until Hastings was allowed to walk from the prison unshackled.

The only reason the governor assigned was that Judge Garrow had requested it in a private letter, and the appeal was such as not to be disregarded.

But why did Judge Garrow make such a request? His honesty was above suspicion, his integrity was undoubted, and his firmness could not be questioned. Yet, after declaring his purpose to check the lawlessness then existing by the strong arm of the law, he deliberately used the power of his office to free a man convicted of a most foul murder. What could it mean? The judge would explain. But the judge did not explain and his silence through all these years has kept the Hastings case one of the strangest of the unexplained murder mysteries of Alabama. When questioned at the time the judge said: "I had just and sufficient reasons for acting as I did."

Time and time has this case and its strange denouement come before my mind, and often have I tried to reach a solution which would be satisfactory to myself and leave no suspicion upon the memory of a member of the judiciary, whose character had always been above reproach.

It is all clear now. Judge Garrow has passed to stand himself before a judge whose justice, it is to be hoped, will be tempered with exceeding great mercy for us all. I have before me this statement, published in a Monroe county paper, and I give it here as the sequel to what I have already recorded:

"To Those Who May Be Living When I Am Dead: I believe if any shall desire to look into my life history they will find nothing that posterity shall be ashamed to read upon my gravestone. Yet there is one trans-



I AM THE MURDERER. action of my career as criminal judge which demands of me an explanation. In truth, I should have been ready to meet that demand before I passed away, but I was so placed that my lips were sealed. The wrong (if wrong I did) was in allowing myself to be hampered, but justice to an innocent man weighed in the balance against unjust suspicion toward myself.

"This single act of mine for which I may have borne public condemnation was the part I took in securing a pardon for one Andrew Hastings, arraigned and convicted of the murder of Amos Bivins at the fall term of the Circuit court in Monroe county, Alabama, October, 1867.

"Without any attempt to criticize the motives of those who thought it wise amid scenes of desolation and lawlessness to hold in check the passions of suddenly freed slaves by an appeal to their superstitious fears, I, with others of the judiciary, determined that the time had come in the south to restore law and order. With the determination to make an example of the first case that came under my jurisdiction, I refused to interfere in the death sentence of Hastings. To this decision I clung, although daily importuned by Col. George H. Palmer, Hastings' attorney. Never in my experience on the bench had I seen such persistence and dogged perseverance as that lawyer displayed.

"He came to me one day—a week before Hastings was to be executed—and said:

"Judge Garrow, suppose I should give you proof that another man killed Bivins, would you recommend his pardon?"

"I replied that if the proof was such as to convince me of its reliability I would certainly feel called upon to interfere in the condemned man's behalf.

"But, judge," he continued, 'you will have to give me your solemn assurance not to divulge what I relate to you.'

"I demurred to entering into any such compact. 'Remember,' he cried vehemently, 'while you can wrong no man by your silence, yet if you do not listen to me you will allow an innocent person to die upon the gallows. I swear this before the living God.'

"His manner as such as anything else overcame my scruples, and I gave him my promise so long as I live not to reveal any statement he might make to me. Then he said: 'Judge Garrow, the man Amos Bivins met his death as an exclamation

to a crime he had himself committed. In Virginia just before the close of the war, with a squad of marauding soldiers, he entered the home of a man who was bearing arms in defense of the very fireside that was being ruthlessly invaded and desecrated. Mother and children had to flee in the night, and she, the mother, met her death from the exposure and fright. This man Bivins was the only one recognized, as he had sold goods about the community from a peddler's pack. The hand which laid the blows upon his head may not have intended to strike life away, but reason lost its sway, and there was naught to stay the avenger's hand but death.

"He paused a moment, and, letting his hand fall heavily upon my shoulder, he exclaimed huskily: 'Judge Garrow, I am the murderer!'

"He brought to me the hickory stick, dark in places with the stains of clotted blood. I reviewed his history, his conduct of the case, how he had expended money and devoted his time with no hope of any remuneration; I looked into his face, and I knew he had spoken the truth.

"I believe if it had not been for what he considered the justice of his cause and his little children, he would have surrendered at the first. It was undoubtedly his intention to have saved his client even if the last resource should have been to take the prisoner's place upon the gallows.

"There was nothing left for me to do but to urge the pardon of Hastings, and that I did. J. G. GARROW, 'Judge Monroe County Court.'

It is not often desired to resurrect unpleasant memories, but sometimes justice to the living and to the dead demands that the sepulchers of the past be invaded. So I have given this bit of history, believing that I am justified in doing so, even if I had to drag from its grave such a ghastly skeleton as the kluks klan.—Atlanta Constitution.

BEAUTIFUL HANDS.

Some Hints on How to Acquire and Keep Them.

We cannot all possess beautiful hands, nor can we alter the form or shape of them, but we can take care of them and preserve their skin and health generally. There are all sorts of hands—the long and short, the plump and thin—the white hand of the dainty lady and the more useful one of her working sister. It has been said that the hand expresses the nature of its owner more accurately than does the face; that he who knows how to read the language of the hand has the key to one's character. This, however, is a subject to be dealt with by the palmists. We are going to discuss how we can preserve and make the best of the surface of our hands, for it is the quality and texture of the skin that really makes or mars it. It is very strange how few women realize what an important part their hands play in their general appearance; others, especially men, notice our hands far more than we give them credit for, and it is most disillusionizing to see a dirty, ill-kept hand. It is against all rules of refinement and delicacy, and lace ruffles will become the wrist of a soiled hand, or one that is fringed with dirty finger nails or ragged quicks. A well-kept, white hand, is what every woman should desire and try to have, and most women can do so if they will only expend a short time daily on the care of them. A well-cared-for hand denotes refinement. Many of us are obliged to use our hands daily in the operation of household and other work, which tends to roughen and harden them. And so many women let their hands go, thinking that it is not only difficult, but impossible to attain or keep any degree of beauty on this account. This is a great mistake, for it is quite possible, and really not difficult, for even hard workers to have nice hands without any sacrifice of duty, if they only give a little time and thought to the subject. You will see women who otherwise might lay claim to great personal refinement with hands that could scarcely be called clean. Some women seem afraid to wash their hands often, on the plea that it makes them red and rough. Of course, too much washing has its drawbacks, but it is more often the carelessness in drying that does the mischief. Careful drying is absolutely necessary if we would wish to keep the skin smooth and white. A very good plan is to keep some dry oatmeal and rub them with a little of it after washing.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Brazil grows about half the coffee crop of the world.

A Case of Mild Envy. "I like to see a large man," said Fellaire—formerly Rusty Rufus—regarding with interest the athletic vagabond who had stopped him on the street to ask for a dime. "I like to see a big, husky man, even if he isn't worth enough powder to blow him up. For instance, I wish I had your six-foot frame. I wish I had a foot as big as yours."

"Do ye?" said the gratified hobo. "Yes," pleasantly rejoined Fellaire. "If I had I would kick you all over town, you greasy, slop-fed, hulking scoundrel! You've hung about this town till everybody knows you. If you had a particle of pride in your calling you'd be half way to San Francisco by this time and living on the fat of the land. Here's half a dollar, and if you're not out of town in two hours I'll turn you over to the police as a nuisance. Light out."—Chicago Tribune.

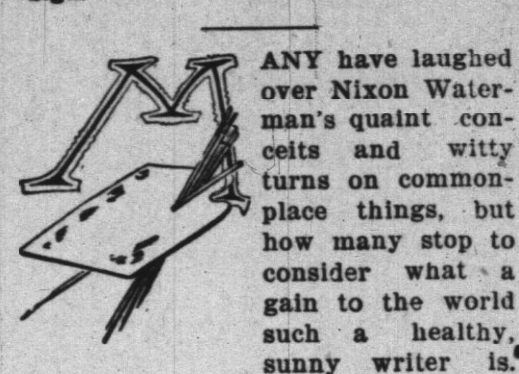
Gigantic Extinct Bird. By the falling of an overhanging cliff near Hastings, England, an interesting slab of stone was exposed. It bears on its surface the clear impression of the foot of some gigantic extinct bird having three toes. Each toe mark is nine and a half inches long and shows that the original of the imprint had claws two inches in length. The ball of the foot, where the three toes should meet as a center, does not appear, indicating that that portion of the foot did not reach the ground. From the tip of the middle claw to where the spur-toe mark is seen behind is exactly twenty-four inches.—New York Recorder.

Sentiment and Fact. Mrs. Languid—"Lovers never kneel to a woman any more. Jack Chatterly—"But why should they? Musing one's self up seems a poor way to gain favor."—Truth.

THE HAWKEYE POET.

MR. WATERMAN'S HIGH PLACE IN LITERATURE.

The Keynote of His Song Is Located Midway Between the Smile and the Tear, But Far Removed From the Sigh.



ANY have laughed over Nixon Waterman's quaint conceits and turns on commonplace things, but how many stop to consider what a gain to the world such a healthy, sunny writer is.

We need more of them, more sermons with the golden rule for a text so cunningly hidden away that one never suspects anything sermon-like until one is impelled to a kinder thought and act, and can trace the impulse to the reading of the poems so full of kindly feeling.

Mr. Waterman is not a fighter. He does not buckle on his literary armor and sally forth with a clarion call to arms. His is not a vitriolic pen, but the lesson is taught none the less effectively.

There is a gentle strength about the writings of this young western poet which indicates an undercurrent of thought, that does not lose itself in meanderings of poetical imagery, but goes straight to the understanding. There is a merciful tolerance in the tone of Mr. Waterman's writings, even when the lesson is pointed. The point is not dipped in gall. In short Mr. Waterman, while not being at all aggressive, has a way of making people want to be better, and ashamed of having done or thought anything mean. While his writings in the Bulletin have no distinctive flavor of the bicycle, they certainly have a tendency to make the paper more interesting.

We quote from the Midland Monthly, which in a recent article says of Mr. Waterman that he is "one of the three best known and widely quoted newspaper poets." * * * "The key-note of his song is located about midway between a smile and tear, and always immeasurably distant from a sigh. He is never pessimistic, and a line of satire was never formed by his pen."

The purity of his verse is exemplified in the following, which presents to the mind all that is sweetest and best of the "grande passion" without any of the besmirching thoughts and



NIXON WATERMAN. suggestions which sometimes dim the luster of the most beautiful poems.

"The Lily's lips are pure and white without a touch of fire. The rose's heart is warm and red and sweetened with desire; In earth's broad field of deathless bloom, the gladdest lives are those Whose thoughts are as the lily, and whose love is like the rose."

The law of compensation is most beautifully illustrated, in the following fragment: "The gifts that to our breasts we fold Are brightened by our losses. The sweetest joys a heart can hold Grow up between its crosses. And on life's pathway many a mile Is made more glad and cheery Because for just a little while 'The way seemed dark and dreary.'"

There is a peculiar characteristic of Mr. Waterman which for want of a better term we might call sunniness, that would disarm the most aggressive of mortals. As one might judge from his writings he is one of the most appreciative of friends and a genial companion.

Wm. Rosser Cobbe says of the poet-editor: "His is a nature that rolls away the clouds and pours in a stream of sunshine upon all with whom he comes in contact. Life is pleasant and glad to him, and the joy of his wisdom is that it would make everyone else happy."

Mr. Waterman is still a young man, and if the coming years fulfil their promise, for with such a nature life grows broader as it grows older, what may we not expect? But whatever the future may bring the world is richer and better for what he has already written, the sweet songs that will live in the loving memory of the people.

His poems have lately been printed in book form. Armenia is not a thoroughly Christian country, as is generally believed. Out of a population of 3,510,295 nearly five-sixths are Mohammedan, the exact number being 2,900,414 to only 609,701 Christians.

POPULATION OF FRANCE. France's population, according to the census taken last March, is 38,228,969, an increase of 133,819 in five years. The increase is confined to the cities, the rural communes all showing a decrease. The figures show that there has been only one birth in 1,500 inhabitants during this period.

There are now orders ahead in the shops of Paris and London for all the golden hair that can be purchased in the next five years.

SHE LIKES FRANCE BEST.

Lady Randolph Churchill to Quit England Forever.

Lady Randolph Churchill, whose engagement to William Waldorf Astor has just been announced, although the mother of two grown sons, looks almost as young and handsome as when she was one of the famous group of young American beauties whom Napoleon III. invited to Compiègne at the time of the celebration of the prince imperial's tenth birthday. It was during her visit at Compiègne that Miss Jennie Jerome gained the friendship of the prince and princess of Wales, who were among her fellow guests—a friendship that greatly aided her social career in England, and in turn increased her ability to promote her late husband's political success.

From Compiègne she went with her mother and her two sisters to Cowes, where she was introduced to Lord Randolph on board of the royal yacht. It was a case—on his side, at least—of love at first sight. Three days later he proposed to her. Mrs. Jerome saw in him only a younger son, with no prospects, and she took her daughter back



LADY CHURCHILL. to Paris. They were married, however, in 1874.

Lady Randolph Churchill has few interests in America, except as a small property owner. She is passionately attached to France and the French, and prefers Paris to London. This is indeed the only point on which she and Mr. Astor differ. He adores Germany, and dislikes France, and the French. Lady Randolph Churchill is the daughter of Leonard Jerome, of New York.

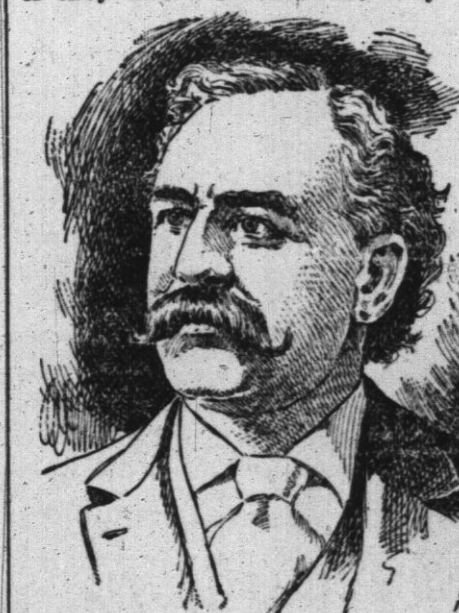
AN OLD "SALT."

Captain Hains Has Crossed the Atlantic 590 Times.

Captain W. H. Hains, commodore of the Cunard fleet, who has just retired from active service, was one of the oldest and ablest of the world's shipmasters. The old salt had been in the service of the great line of steamers since 1857 and made no fewer than 590 trips across the Atlantic. His last voyage was made in the Campania. It was his one desire to sail the sea un-

Democratic Sergeant-at-Arms.

Colonel John I. Martin, who will fill the important function of sergeant-at-arms of the democratic national convention, is a St. Louis lawyer who is widely known in Missouri. He was born in St. Louis in 1848, and early in life was of material assistance to his parents, who were in straitened circumstances. He was a driver of a levee dray when he went into politics, and was elected to the Missouri legislature. At that time he was the youngest man ever elected to the Missouri assembly. Colonel Martin then read law in the office of Colonel Robert S. McDonald, one of the leading lawyers in St. Louis, and for many years has been well known for his ability in criminal cases. He has great power with a jury. It was he who defended Maxwell in the famous murder case, and while the jury condemned the defendant, they afterward admitted that if they had a second vote they would



COL. JOHN I. MARTIN.

have acquitted him. Colonel Martin has been prominent in fraternal and benevolent orders, such as the Odd Fellows, A. O. U. W., Knights of Honor and other great organizations. As colonel of the Sixth regiment, S. K. A. O. U. W., he did much to improve the proficiency of that regiment. He was captain of the Shaw Guards, M. N. G., and won for his company much of its reputation. He is a whole-souled, generous, genial man, very popular in St. Louis and throughout his state.

God made some laws to show how much he hates idleness.

FAITH. Faith is the mainspring of all human endeavor in the material, as well as the spiritual kingdom. Faith in the integrity of our fellow men is at the foundation of business effort. Faith in the goodness, and mercy, and wise laws of an all powerful Creator is at the foundation of our religious belief.—Rev. Charles Morris.

A Dangerous Experiment.

Miss Antique (school-teacher)—"What does w-h-l-t-e spell?" Class (no answer). Miss Antique—"What is the color of my skin?" Class (in chorus)—"Yellow."—New York Weekly.

CROWS THAWED OUT.

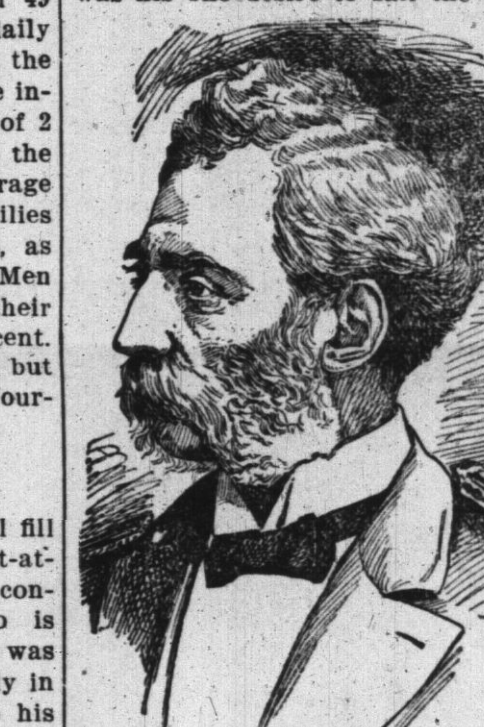
Frozen But Revived in the Heat of the Kitchen.

A very curious incident of the recent cold weather at Niagara Falls has come to light distancing all stories regarding the mercury freezing in thermometers and of the hen being frozen stiff on her nest just as she was about to lay her egg, says the New York Journal. This one is in regard to some crows. The Niagara gorge this winter has been infested with these birds in large numbers. They usually go south, but this winter they decided to hibernate in the gorge, where they fly about, picking up whatever they can, and at night roosting in the pine trees and evergreen. Their uncanny cries are heard at all times, and frequently they indulge in noisy and fierce fights, and not a few have been killed. It is estimated that there are close to a million of these black fellows up and down the length of the gorge, covering about three to four miles. On the night of the blizzard the cold in the gorge was intense. The wind swept down there with a fearful force. The severity of the weather may be understood when it is known that the running water over the mighty cataract actually froze, and when morning broke it was discovered that no water was flowing over the Luna island fall, and access to the Cave of the Wind could be had. Down on the ice bridge was witnessed a peculiar sight. Some of the old river men discerned a number of black objects, and on closer inspection with the field-glass these objects seemed to be birds. Jack McCloy and John Barlow made a trip down on the bridge and picked up a number of crows, for such the birds had proven to be, and concluded that they had frozen to death. The crows appeared to be lifeless, and the men brought up several frozen crows as proof of how cold it had been that night. Barlow left his crows in a warm place in his kitchen for a short time, and some time later was surprised to hear a lively cawing and fluttering of wings. He went out to the kitchen and there found that the crows had revived and were as lively as ever. Many other black beauties were found under the trees, where they had roosted during the night, and many, no doubt, dropped into the river and were swept down through the rapids to the lower river.

A Tame Crow.

Mrs. Eugene Daniels, of Canaan, N. H., has a tame crow that is a curiosity. It is about 18 months old and has been in captivity from the nest. It talks and seems to understand what is said to it and is fond of music. It goes to church every Sunday, and waits outside until the services are through.

How strangely do life's prizes go, Awarded by the crowd; Some triumph by the things they know And some by talking loud. —Washington Star.



CAPTAIN W. H. HAINS.

til he had made a record of 600 trips, but an accident caused his temporary retirement and his ambition has therefore been thwarted. Captain Hains was one of the most cautious of the skippers that command the great ocean liners. It is said of him that it was his invariable rule in approaching land in hazy weather, no matter what his temptation might have been to break a record, to stop the ship absolutely and to take "up and down" casts of the deep sea lead. He would never rely upon any patent apparatus without repeatedly verifying the results. Throughout his thirty-nine years' experience he has added his quota to the fine record for safety and speed now held by the big company of which he was one of the most faithful servants.

A Curious Legend.

In the researches he made while gathering statistics for his book on colonial furniture the late Dr. Lyon came across a curious mahogany legend about the introduction of mahogany into England. It seems that a Dr. Gibbon, who was a London physician early in the seventeenth century, had some mahogany planks imported from the West Indies with the idea of grinding them up for use as a substitute for Peruvian bark, which was just gaining vogue as a medicine. Finding the wood unserviceable as medicine, he had a cabinet maker construct a box of one of the planks, and the beautiful grain of the wood pleased him so that he had a bureau made of the same material. All London flocked to see it, and the wood came into immediate use among furniture makers.

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Miss Antique (school-teacher)—"What does w-h-l-t-e

LAKE ZURICH.

Buy your coal of Seip.

Chas. Hertel was here Monday.

Some rather chilly days of late.

Frank Sholz is erecting a new corn-crib.

Frank Barbian of McHenry was here on business Tuesday.

Wm. Prehm and wife rejoice over the arrival of a baby girl.

Chas. Seip of Palatine was in our town Tuesday.

Will Hall was in town on Wednesday.

Wm. Bierman drove to Chicago this week with a load of produce.

School commences on Monday next with Prof. Torrence as teacher.

Mrs. J. C. Meyer entertained guests from Long Grove Wednesday.

William Hockemeyer of Diamond Lake was here this week.

Look for the next grand ball at Ficke's Hall.

Ed Pederson and sister, Laura, of Cuba were here Sunday.

George Pratt of Wauconda was in town Tuesday.

Ben Serns and Wm. Herschlag were callers Sunday.

Wm. Bicknasse was out from Chicago Sunday.

The town officials qualified for office last Saturday.

Piano cheap for cash or on installments at Frank Clark's, Lake Zurich.

Arthur Jayne of Barrington was in town the first of the week.

Garret Horstman of Palatine was observed here Monday.

Chas. Steffen will quit farming. H. Tonne of Ivanhoe has rented the place.

Henry Schweerman is in Chicago this week.

The "hooting" and "hollering" on the streets of late should be stopped.

Mrs. L. Ficke returned this week from a several week's visit in Chicago and adjacent places.

Charles Kohl sold one of his horses this week to Raymond Kimberly for a "Tanner."

Dry or green wood for sale. For prices call or address.

James E. Gainer, Wauconda.

Henry Koelling and wife of Plum Grove were the guests of George Fasse Sunday.

Chas. Phillips of Waukegan was the guest of Denison Huntington Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Bicknasse of Chicago is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Seip.

Michael Hayes and wife of Chicago were pleasant visitors here on Saturday. They also visited the old home-stand, the old Hayes farm, 1 1/2 miles out of town. Mr. Hayes is now with the drug firm of Lord, Owen & Co.

We handle the Heath & Milligan paint, which is especially prepared for the following classes of work: House, barn, roof, wagon, buggy and floor painting. Remember, our paint is put up in large and small quantities, to meet the requirements of the trade.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.

CUBA.

"If we are marked to die, we are enough To do our country's loss; and if to live, The fewer men the greater share of honor."

—Henry V.

Mrs. J. Grace and daughter have returned from Chicago.

Mrs. J. Daily is convalescent.

Frank Courtney is assisting Mr. Given cut corn.

Mrs. Conroy of Chicago is a guest at the home of Henry Courtney.

Mike Donlea spent Sunday with friends in this vicinity.

V. E. Davlin spent Sunday in Elgin.

Miss Iza Platt is visiting friends in Elgin at present.

Mrs. P. Courtney is able to be around again.

Wm. Paddock and family were Cary visitors Sunday.

Arthur Powers was seen on our highways Sunday.

"Oh where and oh where has my poor heart gone."

Mrs. Felix Given returned from the city Thursday, where she has been

nursing her daughter, Mrs. Gilfoy, who has been ill with typhoid fever.

Ray Lamphere of Elgin made a business call in Cuba, Monday.

Miss Clara Bangs is the guest of Mrs. Leafy Platt.

"To some 'tis given to wait and yearn Till faith slow smolders into doubt, Till love and faith to ashes turn, And all life's fires have burned out."

WAUCONDA.

A number of hard frosts this week.

Jay W. Smith of Gurnee was on our streets Wednesday.

J. A. North transacted business in the city Tuesday.

Ed Curran is reported on the sick list.

Mat. Long and sister of Chicago spent Tuesday with Miss Sarah Geary.

Geo. Frye of Nunda was a pleasant caller in our village Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hapke and family spent the first of the week with relatives at Waukegan.

F. B. Wynkoop of Chicago visited with his parents Thursday of last week.

C. H. Smith of Libertyville transacted business in our village Wednesday.

Our N. Y. Life Insurance agents are still steadily at work. Everybody is not insured yet.

Messrs. James and Charles McMahon of Chicago spent the first of the week with friends in our village.

Mrs. Gieseler, who has been spending the past month with her daughter, Mrs. Meyers of McHenry, returned home Sunday.

J. Lawrence of Barrington is assisting at the plastering of Miss Glynn's new house.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Harrison and Mrs. Dixon were Waukegan visitors the first of the week.

Over 2,000 guests have registered at the "Lakeside" since April 22nd. This hotel is becoming more popular each year.

Mr. and Mrs. George Meyers of McHenry visited with Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman Sunday.

"The Life of Wm. McKinley" is the name of a new book which is much read.

Miss Cora Tidmarsh of Elgin, who has been spending the past four weeks with relatives and friends in our village and vicinity, returned home Saturday.

Last Thursday three emigrant wagons passed through our village on their way to Georgia and the Sunny South.

Miss Ruth Neville returned from the city Saturday, after a pleasant week's visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lamphere of Elgin are spending a few weeks with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Davlin.

Rev. Father Mechem of Chicago, conducted the services in the Catholic church Sunday. He also has charge of the McHenry and Richmond parishes, and will take charge of this parish hereafter.

Miss Maggie Kapper, who has been spending the past few weeks with friends in our village, returned to Waukegan Saturday, from where she left for Lena, Ill., where she will make her future home.

The cold spell we have been having this week has caused people to think of the winter blasts near at hand, and consequently they are filling their coal bins in good season.

The singing section of the Aurora Turner society of Chicago, stopped at the Lakeside hotel Sunday and Monday. The party consisted of 21 members, and although they were a little late to catch fish, they found something else as amusing. This was about the jolliest, orderly party we have had here this year, and we hope they will give us another call.

Rev. Mr. Clark and wife returned to Evanston Tuesday, where they will make their home this winter. Mr. and Mrs. Clark have made many friends during their short stay here and we hope that they will return in the near future.

The luckiest runaway that we have ever seen happened to a young man last Thursday on his way home from the fair. He stepped from his buggy and bid his lady good night when the

horse started off and left him. He didn't overtake it until it had arrived home safely.

Prof. Koch made a trip to Barrington Wednesday for the purpose of organizing a class in German at that place. He now has a class of eight students here and no doubt can organize even a larger class at Barrington.

Do you want to TRADE

for a first-class milch cow?

We have a few more good milchers left which we will sell cheap or trade for butcher's stock.

If you have any dry cows or stock of any kind that you would like to trade for a fresh milcher come in and tell us what you have and what you want.

Fresh Milchers from \$25 to \$50.

PETERS & COLLEN
AUCTIONEERS
BARRINGTON, - ILL.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST

Buy the Celebrated

Crown Piano

an instrument superior in every particular to other pianos.

Combines 13 instruments in one

and costs no more than the best pianos of other manufacturers.

Crown Organs

are the best made, elegantly finished and sweetest toned, suitable for church or the family circle.

The New Wheeler & Wilson No. 9 and Home Sewing Machines

sold on easy terms and at lowest living prices.

P. H. MAIMAN,
SOLE AGENT
WAUCONDA, ILLINOIS
and 224 N. Genesee street,
WAUKEGAN, ILL.

The Barrington Bank

...OF...
SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres.
A. L. Robertson, Cashier.
John C. Plagge, Vice-Prest.
.....H. G. F. Sandman.

A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on time deposits. First-class commercial paper for sale.

Barrington, - Illinois

In Writing.

A written guarantee of excellence goes with everyone of the



and it's a guarantee you can hold us to.

Quick Bakers,
Superior Cookers,
Powerful Heaters.

Ask for the Peninsular brand and be determined to get it.

SOLD BY L. F. SCHROEDER,
Barrington, Ill.

GEO. SCHAFER,

Dealer in

Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fish, Oysters, Etc.

Barrington, - Ills

HENRY BUTZOW,

BAKERY

—AND—
CONFECTIONERY.

Fruits, Gligars, Tobacco, Etc.

ICE CREAM AND OYSTER PARLOR IN CONNECTION.

H. BUTZOW,
Barrington, Ills.

When in Barrington stop at The Columbia Hotel

Is the place to make your home when in Barrington.

H. A. DREWES, MANAGER.

Everything First-class

Barrington, - Illinois

Protect Your Homes!

Insurance is a good investment. The expense is very small. To get insurance in the best companies at the Lowest Rate call on

M. T. LAMEY, BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

Linseed Oil Takes

a Drop

We wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that Linseed Oil has taken another fall in price, and we are now selling both the Best Linseed Oil and D. B. Shipman's White Lead at the

Lowest Prices on Record!

The large crop of flax seed just harvested has caused the linseed oil to drop another notch recently. We always follow the market, and therefor have dropped our prices accordingly. This places both white lead and linseed oil at astonishing low figures, in fact, they are so low that it would seem impossible for the market to hold at this point but for a short time. Parties who have been thinking of doing painting will, in our opinion, find no better and profitable time to do so than right now.

Our sales of Painter's Materials in Barrington and vicinity has been large, and is still growing. We cut the prices down close for the purpose of securing the trade in particular from the surrounding community, and we are pleased to say that we are getting a good part of it.

If you want anything in the paint line let us know. We want your trade and would like to talk with you.

Drain Tile

We also carry a large stock of the celebrated Gilberts' tile. They have been used in this community to such a large extent and have given such good satisfaction that they need no introduction. If you want tile, just let us know. We want to give you our figures.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.,

BUILDING MATERIAL,

BARRINGTON, - ILLINOIS.

FATAL LOVE.

BY CLARA AUGUSTA
INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER IV.—(CONTINUED).

He judged her by the majority of women he had met, and finding her indifferent, he sought to arouse her jealousy by flirting with Miss Lee, who was by no means adverse to his attentions. But Margie halted the transfer with relief which was so evident that Mr. Linnere, piqued and irritated, took up his hat to leave, in the midst of one of Miss Lee's most brilliant descriptions of what she had seen in Italy, from whence she had but just returned. He went over to the sofa where Margie was sitting.

"I hope to please you better next time," he said, lifting her hand. "Good-night, Margie, dear." And before she was aware, he touched his lips to her forehead. She tore the hand away from him, and a flush of anger sprang to her cheek. He surveyed her with admiration. He liked a little spirit in a woman, especially as he intended to be able to subdue it when it pleased him. Her anger made her a thousand times more beautiful. He stood looking at her a moment, then turned and withdrew.

Margie struck her forehead with her hand, as if she would wipe out the touch he had left there.

Alexandrine came and put her arm around Margie's waist.

"I almost envy you, Margie," she said, in that singularly purring voice of hers. "Ah, Linnere is magnificent! Such eyes, and hair, and such a voice! Well, Margie, you are a fortunate girl."

And Miss Lee sighed, and shook out the heavy folds of her violet silk, with the air of one who has been injured, but is determined to show a proper spirit of resignation.

CHAPTER V.

MARGIE hurried along through an unfrequented street to his suite of rooms at the St. Nicholas. He was very angry with everybody; he felt like an ill-treated individual. (He had expected Margie to fall at once. A man of his attraction to be snubbed as he had been, by a mere chit of a girl, too!

"I will find means to tame her, when once she is mine," he muttered. "By heaven! but it will be rare sport to break that fiery spirit! It will make me young again."

Something white and shadowy bound his path. A spectral hand was laid on his arm, chilling like ice, even through his clothing. The ghastly face of a woman—a face framed in jet black hair and lit up by great black eyes bright as stars, glanced through the mirk of the night.

The man gazed into the weird face, and shook like a leaf in the blast. His arm sank nerveless to his side, palsied by that frozen touch, his voice was so unnatural that he started at the sound.

"My God! Arabel Vere! Do the dead come back?"

The great unnaturally brilliant eyes seemed to burn into his brain. The cold hand tightened on his arm. A breath like wind freighted with snow crossed his face.

"Speak, for heaven's sake," he cried. "Am I dreaming?"

"Remember the banks of the Seine," said a singularly sweet voice, which sounded to Mr. Paul Linnere as if it came from leagues and leagues away. "When you sit by the side of the living love, remember the dead! Think of the dark rolling river, and of what its waters covered."

He started from the strange presence, and caught at a post for support. His self-possession was gone; he trembled like the most abject coward. Only for a moment—and then, when he looked again, the apparition had vanished.

"Good God!" he cried, putting his hand to his forehead. "Do the dead indeed come back? I saw them take her from the river—Oh, heaven! I saw her when she sank beneath the terrible waters! Is there a hereafter, and does a man sell his soul to damnation who commits what the world calls murder?"

He stopped under a lamp and drew out his pocketbook, taking therefrom a soiled scrap of paper.

"Yes, I have it here. Found drowned, the body of a woman. Her linen was marked with the name of Arabel Vere. Another unfortunate—No, I will not read the rest. I have read it too often, now, for my peace of mind. Yes, she is dead. There is no doubt. I have been dreaming tonight. Old Trevlyn's wine was too strong for me. Arabel Vere, indeed! Pshaw! Paul Linnere, you are an idiot!"

Not daring to cast a look behind him

he hurried home, and up to his spacious parlor on the second floor.

Linnere turned up the gas into a flare, and, throwing off his coat, flung himself into an armchair and wiped the perspiration from his forehead. He looked about the room with half frightened, searching eyes. He dreaded solitude, and he feared company, yet felt the necessity of speaking to some one. His eye lighted on the greyhound dozing on the hearth rug.

"Leo, Leo," he called, "come here, sir."

The dog opened his eyes, but gave no responsive wag of the tail. You saw at once that though Leo was Mr. Paul Linnere's property, and lived with him, he did not have any attachment for him.

"Come here, sir!" said Linnere, authoritatively.

Still the animal did not stir. Linnere was nervous enough to be excited to anger by the veriest trifle, and the dog's disobedience aroused his rage.

"Curse the brute!" he cried; and putting his foot against him, he sent him spinning across the room. Leo did not growl, or cry out, but his eyes gleamed like coals, and he showed his white teeth with savage but impotent hatred. It was easy to see that if he had been a bull dog instead of a greyhound he would have torn Mr. Paul Linnere limb from limb.

Linnere went back to his chair, and sat down with a sullen face, but he could not rest there. He rose, and going into an inner room, brought out an ebony box, which he opened, and from which he took a miniature in a golden case. He hesitated a moment before touching the spring, and when he did so the unclosing revealed the face of a young girl—a fair young girl in her early youth—not more than eighteen summers could have scattered their roses over her, when that beautiful impression was taken. A ripe southern face, with masses of jet black hair, and dark brilliant eyes. There was a dewy crimson on her lips, and her cheeks were red as damask roses. A bright, happy face, upon which no blight had fallen.

"She was beautiful—beautiful as an houri!" said Mr. Paul Linnere, speaking slowly, half unconsciously, it seemed, his thoughts aloud. "And when I first knew her she was sweet and innocent."

He sprang up and rang the bell violently. Directly his valet, Pietro, a sleepy-looking and swarthy Italian, appeared.

"Bring me a glass of brandy, Pietro; and look you, sir, you may sleep tonight on the lounge in my room. I am not feeling quite well, and may have need of you before morning."

The man looked surprised, but made no comment. He brought the stimulant, his master drank it off, and then threw himself, dressed as he was, on the bed.

CHAPTER VI.

UPPER tendom was ringing with the approaching nuptials of Miss Harrison and Mr. Linnere. The bride was so beautiful and wealthy, and so insensible to her good fortune in securing the most eligible man in her set. Half the ladies in the city were in joy with Mr. Linnere. He was so distingue, carried himself so loftily, and yet was so gallantly condescending, and so inimitably fascinating. He knew Europe like a book, sang like a professor, and knew just how to hand a lady her fan, adjust her shawl, and take her from her carriage. Accomplishments which make men popular, always.

Early in July Mr. Trevlyn and Margie, accompanied by a gay party, went down to Cape May. Mr. Trevlyn had long ago forsworn everything of the kind; but since Margie Harrison had come to reside with him he had given up his hermit habits, and been quite like other nice gouty old gentlemen.

The party went down on Thursday—Mr. Paul Linnere following on Saturday. Margie had hoped he would not come; in his absence she could have enjoyed the sojourn, but his presence destroyed for her all the charms of sea and sky. She grew frightened, sometimes, when she thought how intensely she hated him. And in October she was to become his wife.

Some way, Margie felt strangely at ease on the subject. She knew that arrangements were all made, that her wedding trousseau was being gotten up by a fashionable modiste, that Delmonico had received orders for the feast, and that the oranges were budded, which, when burst into flowers, were to

adorn her forehead on her bridal day. She despised Linnere with her whole soul, she dreaded him inexpressibly, yet she scarcely gave her approaching marriage with him a single thought. She wondered that she did not; when she thought of it at all, she was shocked to find herself so impassive.

Her party had been a week at Cape May, when Archer Trevlyn came down, with the wife of his employer, Mr. Belgrade. The lady was in delicate health and had been advised to try sea air and surf bathing. Mr. Belgrade's business would not allow of his absence at just that time, and he had shown his confidence in his head clerk by selecting him as his wife's escort.

Introduced into society by so well established an aristocrat as Mrs. Belgrade, Arch might at once have taken a prominent place among the fashionables; but his singularly handsome face and high bred manners made him an acquisition to any company. But he never forgot that he had been a street sweeper, and he would not submit to be patronized by the very people who had once, perhaps, grudged him the pennies they had thrown to him as they would have thrown bread to a starving dog. So he avoided society, and attended only on Mrs. Belgrade. But from Alexandrine Lee he could not escape. She fastened upon him at once. She had a habit of singling out gentlemen, and giving them the distinction of her attentions, and no one thought of noticing it now. Arch was ill at ease beneath the infliction, but he was a thorough gentleman and could not repulse her rudely.

A few days after the arrival of Mrs. Belgrade, Arch took her down to the beach to bathe. The beach was alive with the gorgeous grotesque figures of the bathers. The air was bracing, the surf splendid.

Mr. Trevlyn's carriage drove down soon after Mrs. Belgrade had finished her morning's "dip," and Margie and Mr. Linnere, accompanied by Alexandrine Lee, alighted. They were in bathing costume, and Miss Lee, spying Arch, fastened upon him without ceremony.

"Oh, Mr. Trevlyn," she said animatedly, "I am glad to have come across you. I was just telling Mr. Linnere that two ladies were hardly safe with only one gentleman, in such a surf as there is this morning. I shall have to depend on you to take care of me. Shall I?"

Of course, Arch could not refuse, and apologized to Mrs. Belgrade, who good naturedly urged him forward, he taking charge of Miss Lee.

Linnere offered Margie his hand to lead her in, but she declined. He kept close beside her, and when they stood waist deep in the water, and a huge breaker was approaching, he put his arm around her shoulders. With an impatient gesture she tore herself away. He made an effort to retain her, and in the struggle Margie lost her footing, and the receding wave bore her out to sea.

Linnere grew pale as death. He knew if Margie was drowned, he was a ruined man. His pictures and statuary would have to go under the hammer—his creditors were only kept from striking by his prospect of getting a rich wife to pay his debts. He cast an imploring eye on the swimmers around him, but he was too great a coward to risk his life among the swirling breakers.

Only one man struck bravely out to the rescue. Arch Trevlyn threw off the clinging hand of Miss Lee, and with a strong arm pressed his way through the white-capped billows. He came near to Margie, and saw the chestnut gleam of her hair on the bright treacherous water, and in an instant it was swept under a long line of snowy foam. She rose again at a little distance, and her eyes met his pleadingly. Her lips syllabled the words, "save me!"

He heard them, above all the deafening roar of the waters. They nerved him on to fresh exertions. Another stroke, and he caught her arm, drew her to him, held her closely to his breast, and touched her wet hair with his lips. Then he controlled himself, and spoke coolly:

"Take my hand, Miss Harrison, and I think I can tow you safely to the shore. Do not be afraid."

"I am not afraid," she said, quietly.

How his heart leaped at the sound of her voice! How happy he was that she was not afraid—that she trusted her life to him! Of how little value he would have reckoned his own existence, if he had purchased hers by its loss!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Whisky for All.

"For the life of me, colonel, I don't see why you persist in maintaining that whisky is of any value in the cure of snake bites. Why, all the modern scientists—"

"Young man," answered Colonel Bluegrass, turning purple, "it stands to reason, sah, that good whisky, being beneficial in every other complaint, must be of benefit in snake bites. When there is a universal law in nature, sah, it does not vary for a mere snake, sah."

—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Nothing grows so fast as trouble that is nursed.

After Years of Service.

In a lot of old paper stock received lately in a mill at Andover, Conn., was a bible, the inscription in which reads: "This bible was used in the pulpit by the Rev. Steven West, pastor in Stockbridge, Mass., from 1759 to 1818."—Exchange.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

"Henry, do you love me?" "Why, darling, what a question!" "Don't try to evade me, Henry! I'm no liquor law."—Puck.

I know that my life was saved by Pisco's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, An Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

Dr. Walsh, archbishop of Dublin, is regaining his health by riding a bicycle.

What you need is something to cure you. Get Dr. Kay's Renovator. See ad.

No matter how God warns the sinner he always does it in love.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Great

Sales naturally result from the great merit which makes the thousands of wonderful cures by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. 25c. Hood's Pills cure all Liver ills. 25 cents.

Hot Springs, Va.,

Via "Big Four" and "C. & O." Routes.

Perfect Fall Climate. 2,500 Feet Elevation. Magnificent Mountain Surroundings. Most Curative Baths Known.

From Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria and all points tributary, Indianapolis, Benton Harbor, Detroit, Toledo, Sandusky, Springfield, Dayton and intermediate points, the "Big Four Route" have through vestibuled trains daily to Cincinnati, magnificently equipped with Buffet Parlor Cars, Dining Cars and Wagner Sleeping Cars. Direct connection made in Central Union Station, Cincinnati, with the beautiful trains of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, without transfer across the city. Write any agent "Big Four" for full particulars, or address D. B. Martin, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, or E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager "Big Four Route," Cincinnati, O.

ITCHING, BLIND, and BLEEDING PILES

Piles and all Diseases of the Skin absolutely cured by the use of

ROSSMAN'S Pile Cure.

At all druggists or A. McKimstry & Sons, Hudson, N.Y.

25c Sample sent for 10c in stamps.

MORRIS PERFECTION WELL POINTS

THE BEST IN THE WORLD. AND YOURSELF TO PROVE IT.

EXTRA STRONG, GALVANIZED IRON AND STEEL. THREE TIMES MORE USEFUL FOR WATER TANKS AND OTHER HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK MANUFACTURING CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

STEADY WORK

WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and want men everywhere to sell STARK TREES millions to 6—absolutely best. Superb outfit, new system. STARK BROTHERS, LOUISIANA, MO., ROCKPORT, ILL.

PATENTS, TRADE MARKS

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide, or How to Get Patent." O'FARRELL & SON, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, Guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases. At druggists 25c & 50c. Send for free samples and booklet. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., New York, N.Y.

OPIUM Habit Cured. Est. in 1871. Thousands cured. Cheapest and best cure. FREE TRIAL. State cases. DR. MARSH, Quincy, Mich.



"Check it!"

Battle Ax PLUG

If he had bought a 5 cent piece he would have been able to take it with him.

There is no use buying more than a 5 cent piece of "Battle Ax." A 10 cent piece is most too big to carry, and the 5 cent piece is nearly as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade tobaccos.

RIOTS AT LEADVILLE.

COLORADO MILITIA ORDERED TO THE SCENE.

Striking Miners Attack the Coronado and Emmett Mines with Dynamite and Five Lives Are Lost in the Fighting That Follows.

Five dead bodies at the morgue and half a dozen wounded, with damage to property to the amount of \$25,000, are the visible effects of Sunday night's lawlessness at Leadville, Colo. It is believed that when all is known the list of dead and injured will considerably exceed these figures. Everything is quiet now, the camp being practically under military rule.

The following are the dead so far as known:

MICHAEL DAUGHERTY.
BERT MEIER.
JAMES BENSON.
JOHN MAHONEY.

In addition to these it is thought five others, who were wounded, will die.

The Coronado people had heard of the coming of trouble, but the supposition was that the attack was to be made at the Emmett. Soon after the destruction commenced many of the citizens responded quickly, armed with rifles and shotguns, but they could do little in fighting the fire and dynamite. Foreman O'Keefe was shot from behind just after he turned a stream on the fire at the Coronado. The first attack at the Coronado was made with dynamite near the oil tanks. The men within the inclosure returned the attack and a fusillade of bullets followed but the dynamite did its work well.

IN ANNUAL SESSION.

Odd Fellows' Grand Lodge Convenes at Dallas, Tex.

A grand public reception was tendered the sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which met at Dallas, Texas, Monday. Governor Charles A. Culberson, in behalf of the State of Texas, welcomed the visitors in a short but appropriate address. There were addresses of welcome by Grand Master W. S. Blanton, Barnett Gibbs, acting for Mayor Holland; C. A. Keller of San Antonio vice-patriarch militant; C. F. Hunter, department commander, and Mrs. M. L. McCracken, president of the state assembly Daughters of Rebekah. John W. Stebbins of New York grand sire of the order, responded in brief for the order. The officers' reports show the order to be in a very flourishing condition.

Honor the New Battleship.

Gov. Claud Matthews, ex-President Harrison and about seventy-five prominent citizens of Indiana went on board the United States battleship Indiana, lying on Tompkinsville, S. I., Monday. The purpose of the visit was to present to its officers the silver service and library that the citizens of Indiana

FOUR MEN KILLED.

Fatal Railroad Collision Near Indianapolis, Ind.

Four men were killed and a number of others injured Friday morning in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road near Connersville, Ind., about forty miles east of Indianapolis. The dead are:

CHRIST SWEETMAN, engine-man, Dayton.

KINSEY, fireman, Cincinnati.
GEORGE HOUSE, conductor, Indianapolis.

HUGHES, fireman, Hamilton.
The injured:

Flaback, porter of pay car, badly hurt.

Paymaster Janseng, badly hurt.

Assistant Paymaster Scallon, slightly injured.

E. Wysong, foreman of bridges and buildings, badly hurt.

J. M. Rourke, roadmaster, slightly injured.

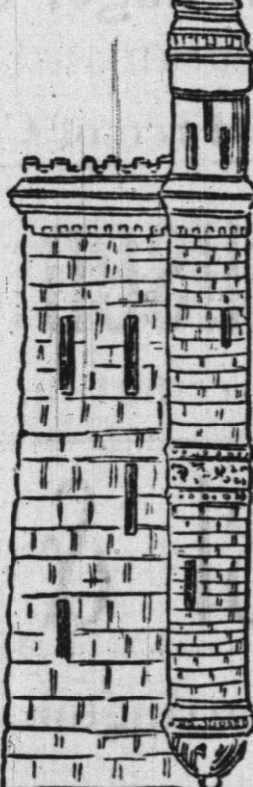
Conner, engine-man, Hamilton, supposed to be fatally hurt.

The accident was one of the worst that has happened in this part of the state for years. The pay car was following the regular freight train, No. 95, east bound. Both were running as extra trains.

Magnificent Gift for Peoria.

Mrs. Julia Bradley, an aged woman of Peoria, Ill., has bestowed all her immense fortune, estimated at more than \$2,200,000, upon a school to be built in Peoria. Active work already has been begun. The course of study is almost finished, and within a month a meeting of the trustees will be held in Peoria.

MEMORIAL TO UNION SOLDIERS AT KNOXVILLE.



Tennessee soldiers who fought for the union are to have a monument in the national cemetery in Knoxville. The design of the monument is pretty, and those who have seen the models are highly pleased with it. The ceremony of laying the corner stone for the foundation will take place next month. This occasion will be made

the most of. Old soldiers for hundreds of miles around Knoxville will be present at the ceremonies. Prominent speakers will address the meeting. Ed Maynard post, G. A. R., has charge of the preparations for the day. The foundation will be of McMullen gray marble and will be twenty-two feet square.

have provided for the craft named in honor of the state they represent. Gov. Matthews made the presentation speech. Ex-President Harrison also spoke.

Silver Men in Connecticut.

The free silver men controlled the Connecticut democratic state convention Wednesday. The platform adopted indorses the platform adopted at Chicago by the democratic national convention, and pledges earnest and faithful support to Bryan and Sewall.

Latest Figures from Maine.

Corrected returns from the country districts in Maine are apparently reducing the republican plurality slightly. The latest figures, based on careful estimates of the votes by counties, give Powers 46,138 plurality over Frank.

Reunion of the Iron Brigade.

Wednesday, on the anniversary of the battle of Antietam, the Iron Brigade, which figured conspicuously there, met at the Cliff house, Devil's Lake, Wis., for a two days' reunion. Among the speakers during the day and at the camp fire at night were General Edward S. Bragg, Governor Upham, C. B. Aubrey, the newsboy of the brigade, Colonel J. A. Watrous, Editor Raymond of Iowa, and Captain W. W. Ryan, Baraboo. General Bragg was unanimously re-elected president of the association.

Official Returns from Arkansas.

Complete official returns from the recent state election show the following vote for governor: Jones, dem., 91,124; Rummell, rep., 35,836; Files, pop., 13,989; Miller, pro., 742. Total votes 141,120.

Headache and Neuralgia.

From the Journal, Ottawa, Ill.

Fred Haerberlin, a shoe dealer, of Ottawa, Ill., can claim rather a unique distinction. He was the first man in Ottawa, Ill., to buy a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. That was three years ago and Mr. Haerberlin says he has never had cause for regretting that purchase. In a conversation held a few days ago Mr. Haerberlin said:

"My wife, for a long time was greatly troubled with neuralgia, headache and nervousness. About three years ago, a friend of mine, a traveling man told me to get some of Williams' Pink Pills and have my wife try them. Upon looking up the remedy I noticed that the Chicago papers contained some pretty strong statements in favor of it. 'I went to the drug stores but not a single one of them kept the article. Then I went to Graham & Yentzer's drug store and had George Yentzer send for some of the pills. Well, they came and I took them home to my wife. She started in to use them and the effect was marvelously favorable, and her condition began to improve steadily. It was but a short time until the headaches had almost wholly disappeared and the general state of her health was much helped. My wife kept on using the pills and likewise kept getting better. In a comparatively short time her condition was more healthy than for several years. Is it any wonder that we both became true friends of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills? My wife is a well woman now and we both ascribe that fact to Pink Pills. 'The remedy did so much for us that I have recommended it to ever so many since I got that first box and, if I do say it, I believe I am largely responsible for starting the large sale of the pills in Ottawa. There is not a drug store in the city now that does not sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.'"

John Hardin, who is engaged in the tailoring business in Ottawa, says: "Count me as one who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I have used them for several months for stomach troubles and feel that they have aided a slight attack of rheumatism. Since I took them and built up my system my trouble in that respect has been much bettered, as has also my indigestion. They are a great tonic, and I certainly endorse their use most heartily. I always recommend them to my friends."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. Pink Pills are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

16 to 1.

A Kansas City man gave his wife one dollar to buy a calico dress, and spent sixteen dollars himself on a second-hand wheel. This is a year of object lessons.

The worst cases of Rheumatism can be cured by Kidneykura. We guarantee it.

One newspaper for each of her birthdays is the odd collection which a young woman of Hiawatha, Mo., owns.

A MOTHER'S DUTY.

Your daughters are the most precious legacy possible in this life.

The responsibility for them, and their future, is largely with you.

The mysterious change that develops the thoughtful woman from the thoughtless girl, should find you on the watch day and night.

As you care for their physical well-being, so will the woman be, and so will her children be also.

Lydia E. Pinkham's "Vegetable



Compound" is the sure reliance in this hour of trial. Thousands have found it the never-failing power to correct all irregularities and start the woman on the sea of life with that physical health all should have.

Womb difficulties, displacements and the horrors cannot exist in company with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Featherbone Edge

S. H. & M. REGISTERED TRADE MARK

Ask for it the next time that you buy a

BIAS VELVETEEN SKIRT BINDING.

The featherbone flares and stiffens—the bias velveteen wears as only an S. H. & M. bias wear. Especially suited for silk or wool petticoats.

If your dealer WILL NOT supply you we will.

Samples showing tabs and materials mailed free. "Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72 page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, tells in plain words how to make dresses at home without previous training; mailed for 25c. S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, N. Y. City.

25 CENTS PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Cheap Excursions to the West and Northwest.

On September 1, 15, 29, October 6 and 20, 1896, the North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western Ry.) will sell Home Seekers' excursion tickets at very low rates to a large number of points in the West and Northwest. For full information apply to ticket agents of connecting lines or address W. B. Kniskern, G. P. & T. A., Chicago, Ill.

Curiosity in Language.

It is said that there are only two words in the English language that contain all the vowels in their order. They are "abstemious" and "facetious."

Iowa farms for sale on crop payments. 10 per cent cash balance & crop yearly until paid for. J. MULHALL, Waukegan, Ill.

A monument to President Carnot, which has cost nearly 75,000 francs, has been unveiled at Chalons-sur-Marne.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy. Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

The census of Kansas, as taken by the township assessors, show the total population to be 1,336,650.

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fee after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. KLINE, 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Frequent cutting or trimming of the hairs increases their thickness, but not their number.

No cough so bad that Dr. Kay's Lung Balm will not cure it. See ad.

There is no faith in the prayer that expects no answer.

Are you building your house on a poor foundation?

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE. At Druggists, 50c & \$1. Advice & Pamphlet free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

That Pleasing Paralyzing Pie!

How good it looks! How good it is!..... And how it hurts. Why not look into the question of PILL after Pie? Eat your pie and take Ayer's Pills after, and pie will please and not paralyze.

AYER'S Cathartic Pills CURE DYSPEPSIA.

AVOID BUCKET SHOPS! TRADE WITH A RESPONSIBLE FIRM.

E. S. MURRAY & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS, 122, 123 and 124 Route Building, Chicago, Ill. Members of the Chicago Board of Trade in good standing, who will furnish you with their latest Book on statistics and reliable information regarding the markets. Write for it and their Market Letter, both FREE. References: AM. EX. NATIONAL BANK, CHICAGO.

A specific for Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism, Gout, Malaria, etc.

kidneykura

Sold by druggists or sent by mail for \$1. Address Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send for booklet.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, VOL. XI, NO. 39.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.



GIVE GREATEST SATISFACTION.

The acme of cycling comfort and delight is in store for the purchaser of a Columbia Bicycle. It has no equal. Its speed on track and road has been proved.

\$100 TO ALL ALIKE.

Standard of the World.



The Columbia Catalogue free by calling on the Columbia agent, or by mail for two 2-cent stamps.

POPE MFG. CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

Branch Stores and Agencies in almost every city and town.

Burlington Route HARVEST EXCURSIONS

TO THE FARM LANDS AND PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE

West, Northwest and Southwest

The Burlington Route and many eastern railroads will sell Excursion Tickets at

VERY LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

August 4, 18, September 1, 15, 29 and October 6, 20

Take this opportunity to go and see the splendid crops that Nebraska, Northern Kansas and other Western sections have produced this year. Ask your nearest ticket agent for particulars, and see that your ticket reads via the BURLINGTON ROUTE. Send to the undersigned for a pamphlet (no charge) about Western Farm Lands.

P. S. EUSTIS, General Passenger Agent, CHICAGO, ILL.

OTIS-ROBERTSON NUPTIALS.

Two Prominent Young People of Barrington Link Their Fortunes.

Miss Maude E. Otis was united in marriage to Mr. A. L. Robertson on Wednesday, September 23d, at 2 o'clock, at the new residence of the groom in Main street.

As the guests arrived they were received at the entrance to the parlors by Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Otis, parents of the bride.

At 2 o'clock Prof. J. I. Sears played a wedding march (composed by himself and dedicated to the bride), during which the bridal procession made its appearance. The procession was headed by Mr. Frank Robertson and Miss Lydia Robertson and Mr. Roy Peck and Miss Belle Domire, followed by Mr. Charles Otis and the bride, and Rev. C. T. Everett and the groom brought up the rear. Rev. Everett performed the ceremony that united the happy couple.

After congratulations had been offered, the bride requested the unmarried ladies to form a circle of which she became the center. After this request had been complied with the circle marched around the bride, who had been blindfolded, until she threw a bouquet of flowers. The Legends have it that the lady over whose head the flowers are thrown, will be married within a year. The bouquet flew over the head of Miss Belle Domire.

An elaborate banquet was then served in the dining room. The first table was occupied by the bride and groom and near relatives, and the guests occupied three tables, all of which were tastefully decorated with simlax, rose buds and maiden hair ferns.

Bouquets of fragrant and choice flowers were placed in profusion in every nook and corner of the interior of the handsome residence. Upstairs two large tables were completely hidden under the load of magnificent and costly presents.

The bride was dressed in heavy white satin, trimmed with pearl lace trimmings, and carried a bouquet of white roses.

At five o'clock the bride and groom left for an extended trip to New York, after which they will visit Denver.

The groom is the cashier of the Barrington Bank, and is a gentleman who has the entire confidence of the business fraternity of this community.

The bride was for a number of years a teacher in our public schools, which position she filled with credit to herself and the school. At the depot a number of her former pupils literally drowned her with rice and good wishes.

We join with the legions of friends of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Robertson in wishing them a long, prosperous and happy life.

LANGENHEIM.

Mrs. Custer called on Mr. and Mrs. C. Kraus Friday.

Some of the young people from here attended the dance at Foreman's pavilion Saturday evening.

Misses Dora and Lizzie Lagenheim were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Kirmse, Thursday.

Mrs. Neuhaus and family spent Saturday at the home of L. Lagenheim.

Fred Schwemm was in town Saturday.

Misses Bieke and Ida Kuester of Chicago, are visiting at the pleasant home of F. Klein.

L. Schroeder was in town Monday.

Robert Eichler spent Wednesday at the home of Mr. Klein.

Mr. Coleman of Chicago passed through here Wednesday.

AN OFFER—We have made an arrangement with the Publishers of Demorest's Magazine whereby we are able to offer our readers De Longpre's water color study "Chrysanthemums," at the ridiculously low price of 10 cents per copy. The picture is 12x28 inches in size and is printed in twelve colors. The art publishers both of this country and Europe vie with each other every fall in producing elegant colored art studies but none of them has equalled De Longpre's "Chrysanthemums," which every reader of this paper can now have by cutting out this slip and sending it to the BARRINGTON REVIEW with ten cents.

A writer laments the decline of legislative bodies the world over. The decline is in manners, morals and statesmanship. So true is this of our state legislatures that he declares few measures passed by them originate among the members themselves. They are simply the tools or servants whose vote passes the laws concocted by individuals on the outside, sometimes in the public interest, but too often in their own interest and to the detriment of the public. Well, if this is true the remedy is easy enough. Legislative bodies reflect exactly the morality, the manners and the brain power of the people who elect them. There are plenty of honest men and brainy men even in these times. If the people wanted them as legislators, all the people would have to do would be to elect them. But voters apparently do not want legislators who are better than they themselves are.

Cardinal Satolli's successor as papal delegate, Archbishop Sebastian Martinelli, will assume the duties of his office at Washington about Oct. 1, when Satolli will sail away. Satolli has made many friends by his wise and moderate course during his stay in America.

A magnificent newspaper man was lost to the world when Li Hung Chang decided to become a statesman. He is the greatest interviewer of his time.

McKINLEY & HOBART CLUB.

A Strong Organization Effected by Citizens Who Believe in Sound Money.

When Barringtonians make up their minds it does not take them long to do business. In last week's issue a call for a meeting for Saturday evening was issued, and in response a good-sized house was present to lend their aid towards organizing a club to promote the welfare of sound money and national honor. L. D. Castle was elected president of the club by acclamation, and J. C. Plagge for vice-president and Leroy Powers for secretary were elected by the same procedure. The treasurer's office was bestowed on Dr. C. H. Kendall. The executive committee was appointed by the chair, and is composed of the following gentlemen: Dr. C. H. Kendall, Geo. Froelich, H. G. Willmarth, Frank Plagge and Chas. O. Winter.

Mr. Phil Hawley was appointed a committee to organize a quartette, and he performed his duties faithfully. The quartette, which is composed of Dr. Kendall, Geo. Stiefenhofer, Frank and Phil Hawley, received a great ovation at the Tuesday evening's meeting, where they rendered several pleasing selections. They were pronounced par excellence.

E. M. Blocks was appointed a committee to organize a marching club and the membership roll he presented to the Tuesday meeting proved that he was the right man in the right place.

At the Tuesday evening meeting it was decided to hold a public rally on next Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock at which Hon. Geo. Edmund Foss, candidate for re-election to Congress in the Seventh District, will be the principal speaker, and several other well-known speakers from Chicago will also address the meeting.

The membership roll of the club is steadily increasing, and every voter is earnestly invited to join.

ST. PAUL'S JUGENDVEREIN. The seating capacity of the St. Paul's Evangelical church was taxed to its entire capacity Sunday evening when the Jugendverein rendered a very interesting and instructive program, as follows:

Song by Society.
Recitation—Charles Schultz.
Reading—Herman Frick.
Solo—George Helmerding.
Dialogue—Charles and John Miller, Albert Schultz and Edward Rohlmeier.
Dialogue—Robert and Herman Frick, Wm. Tunne, Herman Koelling, Louis Gottschalk, Adolph Schultz, Emil Frick, and Misses Elizabeth Gilly, Edith Hager, Hannah Mueller, Minnie Hartz, Ida Reese and Anna Miller.

Each number of the program was rendered in an excellent manner.

The address by Rev. Rahn entitled "The First Christians in Europe," which preceded the program, was delivered in a pleasing and entertaining manner, and bristled with good and wholesome anecdotes.

Two new members were added to the membership roll of this flourishing society.

JUST WHAT YOU SHOULD HAVE

Not a New Fad, But a Legitimate Business Transaction. It Is a Good Thing.

Paid-up Insurance Is Protection

And such protection is a DUTIFUL NECESSITY, emphasized by the fact that little sympathy is shown by the world for the widow and orphans of the man who has neglected to provide for the CONTINGENCY OF DEATH, by securing and paying for such provision as he can and should make for those he would spare an appeal to the "little sympathy" of the world.

Perhaps you have done this by or through one or more of the insurance or benefit organizations. If so, it is well. But you have not, and probably are not, making any provision for the continuation of this protection when your earning powers are less than today. When the time comes that you cannot meet even the assessments called for in order to protect those dependent upon you, as it does sooner or later to almost all of us, then you will recall what has been said against this kind of protection, namely: "that you have to die to win."

Why not then embrace a plain, rational and businesslike plan for providing a reserve which will take care of this insurance-protection and make it absolutely paid up?

This plan is offered with the absolute certainty of success in the Reserve contract of THE AMERICAN CONTRACT COMPANY. With this contract you are enabled to carry this protection during the term of ten, or fifteen, or twenty years, and at the end of the term you will have returned to you the entire amount of your payments (for both the protection and the reserve), in cash. This amount, a nominal rate of interest, will meet the assessments, dues, and other charges, so long as the same may be called for, thus giving you paid-up membership, and thereby paid-for insurance-protection.

This company does not do a life insurance or benefit business. As the agent of persons carrying fraternal or natural premium insurance the comp'y undertakes to perform certain services for its contractholders in the payment of dues, assessments, premiums, or other charges, and in addition to this service agrees to mature, from such payments as are made to it, a reserve fund that will in a stipulated term of years, not less than ten, give to its contract-holders paid-up membership in such organizations or associations.

Suppose that you are a member of one or more of the insurance organizations or associations and are carrying insurance or protection to the amount of \$2,000, at a total average annual cost of \$25. At the end of ten years you will have paid out \$250, and will be no nearer paid-up membership than you are now. With one of our Reserve Contracts during these ten years, you would have paid this company \$7 per month (\$20.60 quarterly, \$40.35 semi-annually, \$78.95 annually, as you might have elected); we would out of this, have paid your assessments or insurance premiums as called for, and you would at the end of the term have a cash reserve of \$480, the total amount you would have paid during the ten years. Your profit at this point would be the \$250 we would have paid during the term for assessments, premiums, or other charges.

You then would have paid-up membership, and this absolutely without cost, as you could stop paying \$7 per month (or other payments) and THE AMERICAN CONTRACT COMPANY would continue to pay the assessments or premiums as long as called for. When no more assessments or premiums are called for, either through the cancellation of your membership or other causes, yourself or your beneficiary would receive in cash \$840, the full amount of the reserve you had accumulated for the special protection of your membership. This reserve fund, added to the \$2,000 insurance, would make a total of paid-up insurance or protection for those depending upon you amounting to \$2,840.

The same result can be accomplished in ten, fifteen, or twenty years, and on monthly payments of \$7, \$6, or \$5, respectively. The longer the term the less the monthly payment.

E. M. Blocks, the Barrington furniture dealer and undertaker, has secured the agency of the Contract company for this vicinity, and he will be pleased to give you further particulars. It will pay you to take advantage of the above. The company has a strong financial backing.

WM. HOBEIN

has purchased Wm. Hager's

CIDER MILL

and will be prepared to make cider on and after Wednesday, Aug. 12th, on the

Fred Pomeroy Farm.

PRICES REASONABLE.

M. C. McINTOSH, Estate and Commercial Lawyer

Office, Room 32 95 Washington St. - Chicago Residence, Barrington, Ill.

WOMEN

One month's treatment for one dollar. Sample box 35c. Try it and be convinced. **SAPPHO** For pains in the back and all female weaknesses. **PARKMAN CHEMICAL CO., Box 465, Station X, CHICAGO.**

DR. KUECHLER,

DENTIST

Graduate of the Royal University of Berlin, Germany, and of the North-Western University of Chicago. Office, 455 W. Belmont Avenue, one block from Avondale Station.

...Will be in...

Barrington

Every Thursday

at the office of the Columbia Hotel

Save Pain and Money

Teeth extracted without pain. Make no charge for extracting teeth when new set of teeth are ordered. PAINLESS FILLINGS.

Silver Fillings..... 50 cents Gold Fillings..... \$1 and up SET OF TEETH, fit and quality guaranteed..... \$5 and up GOLD CROWNS, and TEETH without plate..... \$5 CLEANING TEETH, my own method, 50 Cents to \$1.

It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do you first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

Remember

That we are

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

Carpets, Lace Curtains and Draperies, Shades, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Etc.

First-class Workmanship Guaranteed.

Carpets Laid Free of Charge.

Wolthausen & Landwer

Barrington, Illinois.

Garmel & Lipofsky

Barrington, Illinois.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

FRUITS, CANDIES,

CIGARS & TOBACCOS

The Place to Get Bargains

L. WENGEROFF

calls the attention of the public to the fact that he will open a

First-class Tailoring Establishment

IN THE LAMEY BLOCK, BARRINGTON,

about September 27, where he will be pleased to serve anyone in need of a first-class artistic tailor.

Tailor-made Suits.

Suits Cleaned and Pressed.

Dyeing in all its Branches.

Before going to Chicago to have your work done I would be pleased to have you call and get my figures and inspect my work, knowing that when you do so I will receive your order. Respectfully,

Terms Reasonable.

L. Wengeroff.