

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 17 NO. 14.

BARRINGTON ILL, SATURDAY APRIL 5, 1902.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE HAPPENINGS.

Events Past, Present and Future
of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A. G.
Smith, Local Editor.

Look out for the date of the Dees-
tric Skule.

Mrs. Starch has moved into the Es-
chenhorst flat.

Henry Mundhenke has rented Aug.
Wittle's house.

Roy Fenton has gone to South Da-
kota to live with relatives.

There are many people looking for
houses to rent in Palatine.

Mr. and Mrs. Fenton of Chicago were
in town on business Wednesday.

Clark Keyes has moved into Mrs.
Cooper's house on Benton street.

Mrs. Cooper has gone to Waukegan
to live with her daughter, Deborah.

Mr. and Mrs. Austin of Chicago vis-
ited Mr. and Mrs. D. Pahl this week.

Mrs. Eschenhorst has moved into
the upper flat of Wm. Linnemann's
house.

There is only one ticket in the field
for the village election, the caucus be-
ing virtually an election.

John Hirn will sell a car load of cat-
tle at his farm, 3 miles north-east of
Palatine on Saturday, April 12.

Mrs. F. L. Parsons and children of
Williams Bay, Wis., visited her broth-
er, A. G. Smith and family, over Sun-
day.

CARD—Mr. and Mrs. Fenton desire
to thank the Relief Corps for its many
acts of kindness during the illness and
after the death of their beloved
daughter.

The Easter day exercises in the M.
E. church was well attended and an
interesting program was carried out.
The Sunday school collection amount-
ed to over \$13.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Stroker gave a
party in honor of their son Harold's
sixth birthday anniversary Wednes-
day. A number of relatives attended
and a nice supper was served.

Wm. Schraeder and Miss Martha
Engelking will be united in marriage
after the preaching service in St. Paul's
church next Sunday morning. All are
welcome to attend the service.

C. D. Taylor states that he will not
act as president of the school board
for another year and Robert Mosser
will not serve another year. Both have
done good service on the board and we
regret to have them retire.

All persons interested in Memorial
day are requested to meet in the M.
E. church Sunday school room Mon-
day night at 8 o'clock. It is hoped
that a large number will be present
and assist in the preparations for Mem-
orial day.

Dr. F. E. Wadhams is suing Mr. and
Mrs. Thos. Catlow and daughter for
\$100,000 for alienating the affections
of his children. Mr. and Mrs. Catlow
have been guardians of the children.
The suit will probably not amount to
much as the parties are too well
known.

Settlers' low rates west via the
North-Western line. Colonist one-way
tickets at very low rates every day
during March and April to Colorado,
Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Ore-
gon, Washington, California, Victo-
ria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nel-
son Rossland and other points in Koo-
tenay District. Also special round
trip home-seekers tickets on first and
third Tuesday in March, April and
May. For full particulars apply to
agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Instead of it being a tame affair, as
was expected, the village caucus turn-
ed out to be one of the hottest fights
for a number of years. E. Prellberg
entered the field for trustee Saturday
morning and the biggest vote ever
polled in a village caucus resulted.
There were 196 ballots cast, resulting
as follows: A. S. Olms 178 for pres-
ident, A. G. Smith 162 for clerk, G. H.
Arps 34 for trustees, C. W. Ost 188,
W. R. Comfort 151, E. Prellberg 110,
C. D. Taylor 85, R. H. Lytle 51.

The town election drew one of the
largest votes ever polled in the town-
ship. There were 321 votes cast. The
only contest was for the collectorship.
Christian Kublank, who entered as an
independent candidate, won over Ly-
man Peck by 21 votes. The ballot
was as follows: For supervisor, J. G.
Horstman 211; clerk, Ira W. Frye 220;
collector, Christian Kublank 168, Ly-
man Peck 147; assessor, J. H. Schird-
ing 217; commissioner of highways, A.
R. Baldwin 209; school trustee, C. E.
Julian 210.

Obituary.

Phylla Fenton was born at Barr-
ington Center on August 12, 1856,
and came to Palatine to reside with
her parents. She was married to G.
B. Loomis on May 1, 1880, and three
sons were born to them, Arthur, Ray
and Ernest, whom are all living.

She died in Chicago of cancer March
18, 1902, aged 42 years, 7 months and
6 days. The body was brought to Pa-
latine and the funeral services were
held in the Methodist church Friday,
March 21st. A large number of friends
were present and many beautiful floral
pieces were sent as tributes to the
deceased. Interment in the Hillside
cemetery.

School Finances.

The following is a report of the fi-
nancial condition of school district
No. 15, being the public school in this
village and it is the best report that
ever been presented to the board. As
will be seen, there is a balance of over
\$3,000 in the treasury and no outstand-
ing bills. The delinquent taxes are
not included and the trustees will
have enough from that source to pay
the balance of this year's expenses.

We are glad to make this statement
as some have made false reports of the
condition of the funds:

Receipts.	
Balance at last reports.....	\$2961 24
Delinquent tax.....	1439 56
Tuition.....	184 45
Town collector.....	3361 47
Total.....	7946 72
Disbursements.	
Teachers' pay roll.....	3765 00
Janitor and secretary salaries.....	315 00
Fuel and other incidentals.....	636 49
Balance on hand.....	3230 23
Total.....	7946 72

Want Hitt to Enter the Field.

A Washington special to the Chi-
cago Daily News under date of April
2, says: "Efforts are being made by
men prominent in the Cullom-Dawes
wing of the Illinois republicans to in-
duce Representative Hitt to become
an active candidate for the senate.
According to the men who are making
this effort, the campaign has pro-
gressed far enough to convince them
that none of the men opposing the
candidacy of Representative Hopkins
is able to defeat him and that a can-
vass of the situation has resulted in
the selection of Mr. Hitt as the best
and strongest man to pit against Lor-
imer's candidate. Mr. Hitt refuses to
make a formal announcement of his
candidacy."

ROBERT HUDSON

Meets Instant Death in Runaway Ac-
cident at McHenry.

Friends and acquaintances of Robert
Hudson in this vicinity were more
than shocked when the news that he
was dead reached here Wednesday
morning. He had been heard from
the day previous and was said to be in
good health and doing well. Particu-
lars came later to the effect that
"Bob," as he was familiarly known,
was the victim of an accident.

The story of the accident is as fol-
lows: Dr. Wells of McHenry, was
called to Fox Lake early in the even-
ing and invited Robert Hudson to ac-
company him as company. Robert
went to his home, secured a heavy
overcoat and entered the carriage.
The horses started out on a brisk trot
but before they had proceeded a block
broke into a run. There was only one
chance to escape from plunging over
the embankment near the Riverside
hotel into Fox river, and that was to
turn the affrighted animals. In doing
so the carriage struck a post and the
occupants were thrown out. Dr. Wells
escaped serious injury but Mr. Hud-
son was instantly killed, his head com-
ing in contact with the steps leading
to the hotel veranda. His body was
carried to his home nearby which only
a few moments before he had left in
the best of spirits.

Robert Hudson was known to nearly
every resident hereabouts. He was
born on a farm in Cuba township near
Langenheim and the greater part of
his life was spent there. For several
years he followed the vocation of a
railway brakeman on the Chicago &
North-Western road. He would have
been 33 years of age the 12th of this
month. In January 1901 he married
Mrs. Annie Nichols of Cary, who with
a son four months old is left to
mourn his sudden taking away. Her
home is at present in McHenry.

The surviving relatives are Mrs. Jas.
McGraw and Mrs. Edward Riley of
Langenheim and Mrs. McGraw of Wau-
conda, sisters.

The remains were brought here from
McHenry Thursday morning and ser-
vices held at St. Ann's Catholic
church, Rev. Father Quinn conduct-
ing the same. Interment was in Ever-
green cemetery.

'T WAS AN EASY VICTORY

For the President and Trustees
Seeking Renomination.

There Was No Excitement and Very
Little Opposition Manifested.

The village caucus held last Satur-
day evening was a tame affair to what
some of those meetings have been. Of
course excitement was expected, but
whatever there was of that ingredient
considered necessary in a caucus, gave
out before the electors reached the
village hall. If there was a disposi-
tion to oppose the members of the
board who were candidates for another
term; if the people were dissatisfied
with the manner in which village
affairs had been conducted during the
year past, they made no charges or
did they seem to desire to make any
change in the personnel of the board.

As is general when the time rolls
around for the annual election, much
surface comment is heard relative to
the acts of the officers in power and
the qualifications of those who would
like to get in. Such was the case this
year, and that a pronounced opposition
did not develop, surprised more than
one. People don't always vote as they
talk.

The administration had been con-
servative, honest and progressive, and
the people believed in letting well
enough alone, that is why opposition
was unsupported. Now, that the pri-
mary has been held and the outgoing
members of the board renominated
and the administration endorsed, we
hear "the machine did it! They were
organized to stay in."

Nothing is accomplished without
organization, and if organization for
the purpose of getting what one de-
sires, political preferment, business
success or a clear title to a place in
heaven is "machine tactics" then
there are those who ought to purchase
a "machine" or an interest in one at
once.

That the people were satisfied with
the way the municipal affairs had been
conducted was evidenced in the re-
nomination by acclamation of Presi-
dent Lamey and the support given to
Trustees Plagge, Donlea and Hatje.

Work of The Caucus.

F. E. Smith acted as chairman, L.
H. Bennett as secretary, and Messrs.
T. H. Creet, Lyman Powers and W.
M. France as tellers. Nominations
being called for Miles T. Lamey was
renominated for president by accla-
mation. John C. Plagge and E. M.
Blocks were nominated for trustee,
the ballot resulting in the choice of
Mr. Plagge by the following vote:

Plagge.....109
Blocks.....21

Henry Donlea was placed in nomi-
nation and the name of Mr. Blocks
not having been withdrawn, he was
opposing candidate. The result was
Donlea.....112
Blocks.....19

When the name of J. H. Hatje was
presented, another candidate was
brought out in the person of J. F.
Gieske. Mr. Gieske was known to be
a candidate before the caucus assem-
bled, but his name was held back un-
til the last and thus the strength of
both Blocks and Gieske supporters
was centered on Mr. Hatje under the
impression that he (Hatje) would fail
to poll a majority of votes and that a
second ballot would be necessary.

Mr. Hatje's associates on the board
having been renominated there was no
reason why that gentleman should not
be accorded the same compliment.
The ballot showed how the voters re-
garded the matter.

Hatje.....85
Gieske.....44
Blocks.....15

L. H. Bennett was renominated for
village clerk by acclamation.

Monday, J. F. Gieske, although de-
feated in the caucus by a vote of 2 to
1, petitioned for a place on the ticket,
and having opposed Mr. Hatje in the
primary will, probably have his name
placed opposite that gentleman's on
the ballot, not wishing he says "to be
regarded as a candidate against either
Trustees Donlea or Plagge."

Mr. Hatje, like all other members
of the board, has made a good, clean
record and his chances will not, his
friends say, be in any great measure
jeopardized by having a petition can-
didate against him.

The Review commends the ticket as
nominated in the primary to all voters
for two special reasons. It represents
majority rule and is entitled to an en-
dorsement. During the year much
has been accomplished for the public
good as the board has worked in har-
mony, and by reflection of the mem-
bers the work outlined for the coming
year will not suffer by any delay of re-
organization of prominent commit-

tees. The goalhead, progressive policy
of the administration is assured for
another term at least. The year 1902
promises to bring several improve-
ments to the village which will de-
mand careful consideration. The pres-
ent board is familiar with village
affairs and especially its needs.
Election, Tuesday, April 15.

PROPOSED ELECTRIC ROAD

Will Give Barrington Transportation
North and South.

Last fall an article appeared in our
columns relative to a proposed elec-
tric railway from Dundee to Waucon-
da via Barrington. The information
upon which the article was based, was
extracted from the columns of the In-
vestor, a journal devoted to stocks and
securities, railways etc. It was said
that the syndicate controlling the El-
gin, Aurora & Chicago electric road
proposed extending their line to the
lake region. Now it seems there was
more in that article than guess work.

That an electric line is to be built
north from Elgin to Wauconda is a
certainty, but by what company has
not been made public.

That the line will pass through this
village there seems to be no doubt.
Edward W. Stees, of Chicago, right-of-
way agent and in charge of a crew of
surveyors, has been placing lines on
property in this vicinity the past few
days, and interviewing the owners of
lands between here and Wauconda.

Mr. Stees says the company he re-
presents is not the Elgin, Aurora &
Chicago, but a company of outside
capitalists, and that the road project-
ed by them is an air line from Elgin
to Wauconda, thence to Libertyville
and Waukegan. The proposed line is
to come down the section line divid-
ing sections 23 and 24, and come into
this village by the road leading to
Hollister's corners, coming down Wil-
liams street.

Mr. Stees informs us that it is the
intention of the company to build the
road without delay and have the track
in position by July 1. That the con-
tract calls for beginning of work April
15, and that 300 laborers will start to
prepare the roadbed on that date.

There will be six stations on the
line between Barrington and Waucon-
da for the convenience of milk ship-
pers and traveling public. The station
of the road in this village will, it is
said, be located at the corner of Wil-
liams and North Railroad streets, an
option on that property having been
secured. The company will ask for a
franchise to lay tracks on Cook or
Hough streets to Russel street, thence
to the village limits. It is the inten-
tion to run a spur to Chicago High-
lands.

In this proposed road Barrington is
offered what it has been asking for
these many years—a north and south
transportation line, and the company
should be given such rights and en-
couragement as is consistent with
good, sound business policy. Other
villages in this section are inviting,
even petitioning, railways to come to
them. Let Barrington embrace this
opportunity to join the progressive
and up-to-date villages of Northern
Illinois.

Something relative to the matter
will probably come before the board
at the next meeting. The people will
welcome increased transportation
facilities of any kind.

OLEO BILL PASSED.

Dairy People of Country Jubilant
Over Legislative Victory.

Dairy people who have been working
all winter for the passage of the bill
to increase the tax on oleomargarine
have driven the manufacturers of
that product to a point where they
will be handicapped in their business.
The senate, Thursday, passed the bill
which places the industry under the
care of the internal revenue bureau,
by a vote of 39 to 31.

The bill provides that every manu-
facturer must pay \$600 a year govern-
ment license, every boarding house
keeper, restaurant or hotel keeper who
buys uncolored oleo and injects color-
ing matter must also pay that sum,
and heavy penalty added if return is
not made to revenue collector. The
wholesale dealers must pay \$480 a year
to sell adulterated butter of any kind,
and retail dealers \$48.

It is a great victory for the dairy in-
terests though made a law by a nar-
row margin of votes.

Good for Rheumatism.

Last fall I was taken with a very
severe attack of muscular rheumatism
which caused me great pain and an-
noyance. After trying several pre-
scriptions and rheumatic cures, I de-
cided to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm
which I had seen advertised in the
South Jerseyman. After two applica-
tions of this remedy I was much bet-
ter, and after using one bottle was
completely cured.—SALLIE HARRIS,
Salem, N. J. For sale by all druggists.

New Spring and Summer GOODS

YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE MONEY.

OUR EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENTS, EX-
CLUSIVE LINES, LOW PRICES, MAKES
THE BIG STORE A BUYING CENTER NO
CLOSE BUYER CAN AFFORD TO OVER-
LOOK.

Wash Goods and Waist
Fabrics.

The largest, handsomest
and most varied stock of Cot-
ton Wash Goods is now open
and ready for inspection, well
assorted styles, 10, 12 1-2, 15
up to 25c per yard.

Black and Colored Dress
Fabrics.

We are now showing a
very desirable weave and
fabric from domestic and for-
eign markets. Special values
at 50, 55, 60, 75, 85, up to
\$1.50 per yard.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

We are offering
Ladies' Wrappers this week at a special drive
of \$1.00, \$1.15 and \$1.25. All the latest
styles, nicely trimmed and finished up in
first-class style.

New Stock of Wallpaper, Big Reduction in Prices.

The Big Store will sell you wallpaper at bed-rock
prices this season. There has been a big reduc-
tion in the price of wallpaper, which we were not
slow in taking advantage of. We can knock them
all out on prices and you need only buy what pa-
per you actually use; there is no waste or extra
charges with us. All our patterns are in stock at
about one-half the usual prices. Let us figure or
give an estimate on your work. We can send pa-
per hangers to measure up your rooms and do
your work on very short notice. Good papers at
3, 3 1-2, 5, 7, 7 1-2, 8, 9, 10c per roll.

CARPETS—The Big Store is now ready to sell you car-
pets as low as 35, 38, 43, 45, 48, 50, 60,
and 65c per yard. Our line this season is very large and we can
have them made up to lay on your floors at very short notice. If
you want to buy a carpet cheap come to The Big Store. STRAW
MATTING 15, 16, 20, 22, 25c per yard.

WINDOW SHADES—Any color you want,
made up to fit any size window.

A. W. MEYER & CO....

A large illustration of a ladder with various labels and a pointer. The ladder is tilted upwards from left to right. Labels on the rungs include: "Every advertise-", "ment well placed", "brings you one", "round nearer to", "the top of the", and "ladder of success." A pointer at the top right points to the top of the ladder. Text at the bottom left says "We do Job Printing." Text at the top right says "A POINTER: Try The Review."



The electric linemen of Pittsburg and Allegheny have struck for an increase of pay from \$2.50 to \$3 for a nine-hour day. About 500 men are out.

Four hundred and fifty carpenters have struck at St. Joseph, Mo., for a minimum wage scale of 37½ cents an hour instead of 30 cents, as at present.

One thousand men, representing the building trades at Niagara Falls, N. Y., struck for an advance of wages and an eight-hour working day.

The stationary engineers of the Amalgamated mines at Butte, Mont., struck. Nine properties are tied up and over 3,000 men thrown out of work.

The Pittsburg Coal and Iron company's miners met at Punxsutawney and Sykesville, Pa., and formally declared the threatened strike.

At Watseka, Ill., Burt A. Maggee was found guilty of wife murder, the jury fixing the penalty at fourteen years in prison.

Because his son Oscar bought a new pair of shoes for Easter, John Johnson, aged 69, committed suicide by hanging at St. Paul, Minn.

Returns from Arkansas primaries indicate that Senator Jones is hopelessly beaten for re-election by former Governor James P. Clarke.

The McNamee bill prohibiting contracts between employers and employees in regard to personal injuries in advance of such injuries has been favorably reported to the Ohio house of representatives.

Nearly 1,500 men employed in Boston breweries quit work, having been unable to reach an agreement with the master brewers on three disputed propositions—hours of labor, free beer and in the matter of discharges.

Rev. G. Campbell Morgan, the English evangelist who took up the work of D. L. Moody after the latter's death, closed a series of meetings at St. Louis and goes to St. Paul.

Fogs on the coast of England have resulted in a number of mishaps to shipping. The French brig *Russie*, bound for Newfoundland, was wrecked west of St. Catherine's, Isle of Wight. The crew was safely landed.

Samuel D. Smith, deputy sheriff, is reported to have been murdered near East Lynne, W. Va., by Walt Hite. Smith was endeavoring to arrest Hite.

Michael Fontinetta, a miner of Murphysboro, Ill., was murdered in the Italian section of the city by two Italians, who escaped.

The joint convention of Indiana and Kentucky miners and operators at Terre Haute, signed the scale submitted by their committee, which is practically the same as last year.

Miss Henrietta von Pein, aged 24 years, daughter of Matthew von Pein, a prominent citizen, was found dead in the lake at Richmond, Va. No motive for suicide is known.

Albert T. Patrick, convicted of murder of Millionaire Rice, and now awaiting the death sentence, and Mrs. Addie M. Francis became husband and wife in the matron's room of the Tombs at New York City.

Stephen A. Conklin, at Emporia, Kas., failing in a reconciliation, shot and fatally wounded his divorced wife, wounded her mother and committed suicide.

Congress of Disciples of Christ at Cleveland elected as president Professor James Hall of Butler College, Indianapolis, and decided to meet next year at Des Moines.

Jackson (Miss.) street railway motormen and conductors struck because the company sent out an extra car with negro motorman. The strike ended when the negro was discharged.

The pattern-house of the Barber Furnace Company at Ashtabula, O., whose molders are on a strike, was destroyed by a supposed incendiary fire, causing a loss in patterns of \$6,000.

The executive board of the National Association of Blast Furnace Workers, in session at Youngstown, Ohio, decided unanimously to demand an 8-hour day at the present wages, to take effect May 1.

Two men, giving their names as Thomas Murphy and Henry Watson of Chicago, are in jail at Waukegan, Ill., having been arrested near Wauconda, charged with having burglar's tools in their possession.

The Massachusetts board of arbitration has arranged a conference between operatives and mill agents at Lowell with a view of averting the threatened strike of operatives.

With \$6,000 more Barnard College, New York, will have the \$200,000 necessary to secure the gift of \$200,000 additional offered by John D. Rockefeller.

The floating dry docks at Havana will probably not be taken to the Philippines. The old Spanish dock will probably remain in Cuban waters.

The White Star line steamer *Celtic*, with a large party of American tourists on board, has arrived at Naples.

George W. Carter, aged 50, a farmer and stock buyer, committed suicide at Morristown, Ind., by exploding a stick of dynamite in his mouth.

Complete returns from the election at Des Moines give James Brenton, Republican, for mayor, 7,026 votes, against 6,026 for J. Hartbrower, Democrat.

Republicans carried every ward at Topeka. The result is understood to be a temperance victory.

In the Nebraska city elections license won at Lincoln, Lyons, Tobias, Elm Creek, David City, Ainsly and Indianola. No license was voted at Benkelman, Fullerton, Elgin, Rising City, Franklin, Shelton, Pender and Steller.

Fire at Georgetown, Ohio, destroyed several buildings in the business portion, causing a loss of over \$50,000.

The transport *Sheridan* sailed from San Francisco for the Philippines with 1,250 soldiers of the Twenty-ninth infantry.

Frederick Smith, Edward Smith and Miss Minnie Mainey were killed by a Union Pacific train near St. Mary's, Kan.

The Ohio house passed the Brannock bill to punish anarchy or assault upon the president or state officers with electrocution, followed by cremation.

The Langwood Hotel, purchased by Dr. C. H. Cogswell of Boston, to be used as a sanitarium, burned at Middlesex Falls, Mass., causing \$90,000 loss.

Manager Picard of the Owosso, Mich., Coal company, has offered to sign the scale of wages submitted to the mine owners to prevent the closing of his mine.

Joseph H. Brown, an employee of the Smithsonian Institution, was arrested at Washington, charged with the larceny of a gold ingot valued at \$380 kept on exhibition.

At Cincinnati Mrs. Frances Langworthy Taylor and her daughter, Miss Frances L. Taylor, were found guilty of stealing the former's granddaughter over three years ago.

The United Brewery Workmen of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport have rejected all propositions for ending the lockout arranged by Samuel Compers, and have renewed the boycott and fight on the engineers.

The brewers report that only 200 or 300 of the original 1,500 strikers are still out, and that the breweries are operating as usual.

A big break for re-employment is reported among the Terre Haute street railway strikers, but the Central Labor Union asserts that the boycott will continue if all the strikers return.

President Schultz of the Seelyeville miners has been fined \$10 and sent to jail for thirty days for throwing a stone at a car. He claims to be innocent and will appeal.

The street car strike at Norfolk, Va., is practically ended, ninety-seven of the 162 strikers having applied for reinstatement. The company's manager has agreed to give them work as soon as vacancies occur.

The carriage workers' strike at Cincinnati, which has lasted eight months and has cost manufacturers and workmen millions in lost business and wages, has been declared off. It is said that each side made concessions.

Seventeen men shipped from New York for service in the Dearmitt's mines in Belmont county, Ohio, were held at Benwood, W. Va., the miners declaring that they had been imported from Austria under contract.

Ethyl Blunt, the 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Blunt of Milford, Iowa, was poisoned by eating highly colored candy, dying in great agony.

A scratch by a rusty nail resulted in blood poisoning and lockjaw, causing the death of William Greenwald, the 7-year-old son of Albert Greenwald of Springdale, Wis.

Governor Stanley of Kansas, president of the Western Reciprocity League, has issued a call for a reciprocity convention at Chicago April 10 to consider the advisability of forming a national organization.

Mayor "Golden Rule" Jones of Toledo has returned from his Pacific coast trip looking worn and haggard, his condition causing his friends much uneasiness.

The scale committee of operators and miners of the eleventh (Indiana) district at Terre Haute has reached an agreement, the new scale being practically the same as last year, neither side winning a point.

The street car strike which has been on in Leavenworth, Kan., since Feb. 1 has been settled. The strikers conceded everything and gave up their union on condition that they be taken back.

King Cotton Mill operatives at Augusta, Ga., have decided to demand a 10 per cent increase in wages April 7. Operatives in other mills have agreed to support them should they strike.

The mill authorities say the demand will be refused and that a strike will be met by a lock-out in all the mills, including those at Bath, Warrenville, Langley and Graniteville, S. C.

Revised official estimate of the wheat crop of New South Wales is that 1,390,000 acres will yield 4,705,000 bu.

Fire at Boston caused \$60,000 loss, riddling two upper stories of the five-story building occupied by Redding, Baird & Co., artists and workers in leaded and stained glass.

The plant of the Wilson Sash and Blind company at Olean, N. Y., burned, causing \$100,000 loss.

Bertha Walman, the little quadroon, who reached New York as a stowaway from Bermuda some weeks ago, has been sent back to her home.

Citizens of Guthrie, O. T., at a mass meeting tendered Frank H. Greer \$50,000 to aid him in replacing the state capitol printing plant, totally destroyed by fire. Greer refused to accept the money as a donation, but said he would take it in the way of a loan.

WEEK'S DOINGS IN CONGRESS

Business Transacted by the House and Senate in the National Capital.

FLAYS THE NAVAL ARISTOCRACY

Referred to as One of the Worst Evils of the Department by Congressman Smith, Who Contends the Marine Corps Has Been Misused.

Thursday, March 27.

Mr. Harris and Mr. Quarles spoke at length in the senate on the oleomargarine bill. Mr. Harris supported the measure, but urged the adoption of an amendment placing a tax of 10 cents a pound on adulterated butter, and regulating the manufacture and sale of renovated butter.

Mr. Quarles vigorously denounced the oleomargarine industry, as at present conducted, as a fraud, and insisted that in the interest not only of the 5,000,000 of dairymen, but also in the interest of the whole American people, the pending bill ought to be enacted into law.

He said Wisconsin had \$177,000,000 invested in dairy interests and that 110,000,000 pounds of oleomargarine were manufactured every year in the United States, and he had no hesitancy in pronouncing it "the greatest fraud of the century."

Mr. Hawley, chairman of the committee on military affairs, favorably reported a bill to correct the military record of Charles H. Hawley. A joint resolution was adopted appointing H. F. Palmer (Neb.), G. W. Steele (Ind.), W. P. Brownlow (Tenn.), T. J. Henderson (Ill.), and J. M. Brown (Me.), as members of the board of managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers.

A message from the President recommending that provision be made for diplomatic and consular representatives in Cuba and announcing formally that the island would be turned over to the Cuban government on the 20th of May next was read and referred to the committee on foreign relations. Adjournment until Monday followed an executive session.

Most of the day in the House was devoted to discussion of charges of bribery in connection with the treaty for the purchase of the Danish West Indies. After the appointment of a committee of investigation the army appropriation bill was taken up and passed without material amendment.

A rule was adopted to make the bill to retire officers of the revenue cutter service a continuing order until disposed of. The President's message on the relinquishment of the control of Cuba was laid before the House just before adjournment.

Friday, March 28.

Most of the day in the house was occupied by discussion of the president's policy of vetoing bills to remove the charge of desertion from the records of soldiers. The subject came up with private pension bills, 215 of which were passed.

By unanimous consent a bill was passed to confer jurisdiction upon the court of claims to adjudicate the claims for duties collected on goods going into Porto Rico between April 11, 1899, and May 1, 1900. The bill provides that the claims found due shall bear interest at 6 per cent. The refund of these duties is made necessary by the decision of the supreme court.

Mr. Cannon, from the committee on appropriations, reported the sundry civil appropriation bill and gave notice that he would call it up Monday. Representative Goldfogle of New York introduced the following: "Resolved, That the secretary of state be and he is hereby directed to inform this house whether American citizens of the Jewish religious faith, holding passports issued by this government, are barred or excluded from entering the territory of the empire of Russia, and whether the Russian government has made or is making any discrimination between citizens of the United States of different religious faith or persuasion visiting or attempting to visit Russia, provided with American passports; and whether the Russian government has made regulations restricting or specially applying to American citizens, whether native or naturalized, of the Jewish religious denomination, holding United States passports, and if so to report the facts in relation thereto and what action concerning such exclusion, discrimination or restriction, if any, has been taken by any department of the government of the United States."

The senate was not in session.

Saturday, March 29.

Most of the day in the House was devoted to the bill increasing the efficiency of the revenue cutter service, but consideration of it was completed. The opening argument was made by Mr. Sherman (N. Y.). Speeches were made in its favor by Messrs. Minor (Wis.) and H. C. Smith (Mich.), and

Commissioner Evans Resigns.

Commissioner of Pensions Evans, it is officially announced, has placed his resignation in the hands of the president. It will not take effect until some important position in the diplomatic service is found for him.

Bill Passes Iowa Senate.

Des Moines, Ia., special: The compulsory education bill passed the senate, having previously passed the house, and will become a law upon being approved by Gov. Cummins.

Roosevelt to Give Diplomas.

It was announced that President Roosevelt will deliver the diplomas at the graduating exercises of the naval academy at Annapolis on May 2, the advance date set in order to relieve a dearth in commissioned officers.

Coffee Firm in Trouble.

The Hamburger Nachrichten, a financial authority, says the coffee importing firm of Neben, Schulz & Co. is in difficulties. The liabilities are estimated at 3,000,000 marks.

against it by Messrs. Richardson (Ala.), Little (Ark.), Cochran (Mo.) and Mann (Ill.). The general debate was limited to eight hours. Mr. Smith explained that its purpose was threefold, namely, to increase the rank and pay of the revenue cutter service, to regulate the status as to command when revenue cutter and naval officers were thrown together, and provide for the retirement of revenue cutter officers.

Mr. Smith declared the navy had snubbed and shamefully misused the marine corps. The social aristocracy of the navy, he said, was one of its worst evils. Comparing the perils of the navy and marine corps. Mr. Smith said about the safest place a person could occupy was that of a high bureau officer in the navy. The Chinese exclusion act was made a special order after the disposal of the revenue cutter bill. The Miles correspondence called by the Burleson resolution was laid before the house at the opening of the session. Adjournment was taken at 4:15 p. m.

The senate was not in session.

Monday, March 31.

During the entire session of the senate the oleomargarine bill was under consideration. Mr. Simmons (N. C.) said the enactment of the bill would seriously affect growers of cotton seed and cotton seed oil, and also the large growers of cattle and hogs.

Dr. Dillingham (Vt.) presented a legal argument in support of the measure, and vigorously arraigned the manufacturers of oleomargarine. Mr. McCumber (N. D.) expressed the belief that the farmers were entitled to the protection afforded by the bill.

Mr. Proctor (Vt.) said it was his purpose to accept the amendment placing a tax of 10 cents a pound on adulterated butter and regulating the sale and manufacture of renovated and process butter.

Mr. Lodge, chairman of the committee on Philippines, reported the bill temporarily to provide for the administration of the affairs of the civil government of the Philippine Islands. The customary executive session preceded adjournment.

Consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was begun in the house and general debate was ended before the close of the session. Little of the speechmaking was pertinent to the bill.

Mr. Cannon, in a brief preliminary statement, explained that the bill carried \$49,323,895, being \$12,455,542 less than the estimates and \$12,572,012 less than the current law. Last year \$41,000,000 of war taxes were removed and this year \$70,000,000 will go, making a grand total of reduction in revenue in two years of \$11,000,000.

Mr. Payne reported the Cuban reciprocity bill and gave notice that he would call it up Tuesday of next week.

Tuesday, April 1.

Debate on the oleomargarine measure was continued throughout the session of the senate. Mr. Heitfeld opposed the bill because he believed it proposed to drive the oleomargarine industry to the wall.

Mr. Gallinger advocated the bill "because it was a protest against fraud and against an industry which depended for its success upon duplicity and dishonesty."

Mr. Spooner made an extended legal and constitutional argument in support of the measure. Mr. Bailey began an argument in opposition to the bill, but had not concluded when adjournment came.

Following a brief executive session, Mr. Stewart reported the Indian appropriation bill and gave notice that he would call it up at an early date.

Rapid progress was made by the house with the sundry civil appropriation bill, ninety-three of the 139 pages of the measure being completed. Efforts to amend the bill were successfully resisted by Mr. Cannon.

Mr. Sulzer (N. Y.) offered an amendment to appropriate \$50,000 for lighting the torch of Bartholdi's statue of liberty in New York harbor. It was rejected by a vote of 61 to 67.

Mr. Small (N. C.) had the appropriation for topographic surveys increased from \$250,000 to \$300,000. Mr. Knox reported the bill for the admission of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Arizona. During the day Mr. Robinson (Ind.) discussed the "passing of the House" as a deliberative body.

Mr. Grow (Pa.) discussed the question of electing senators by popular vote. He favored a constitutional amendment for that purpose.

Wealthy Woman Kills Herself.

Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: Mrs. Mary E. Clement, a middle-aged woman of wealth and marked eccentricities, and a sister of former Gov. Boyd of Nebraska, was found dead with a gas tube in her mouth at 1917 North Broad street, where she had lived alone. The woman's fifth attempt to commit suicide had proved successful.

Kansas City Fire.

Kansas City dispatch: The fire which destroyed the building occupied by the National Paper Box company caused a loss of \$50,000. The building, which was owned by the Peet Brothers' Manufacturing company, was on the river front in the pioneer business district.

Filipino Rebel Surrenders.

The Filipino leader, Rufino, who spent \$30,000 in his efforts to incite rebellion in the province of Misamis, Island of Mindanao, now declares he is tired of rebellion and has offered to surrender, with seventy-five rifles, to the native constabulary.

Heavy Fire Loss at Memphis.

At Memphis, Tenn., the main mill building of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical company's plant was wrecked by fire caused by spontaneous combustion. The extent of the loss is not known, but it will be heavy.

Look for Trouble in Haiti.

Many Haitian refugees are arriving here in consequence of the political upheaval in Haiti. They say that the situation is serious and that trouble is certain to occur soon.

ROSE IS MAYOR OF MILWAUKEE

Selected to Preside Over the City's Destinies for a Third Term.

ELECTIONS IN OTHER TOWNS

Results in Illinois Leave Honors with Republicans, Although Democrats Make Gains in Springfield and Bloomington—Union Labor Candidate Wins.

Mayor Rose was elected mayor of Milwaukee for the third time after a hot campaign. Mayor Rose will run ahead of the rest of the city ticket by from 1,500 to 2,000.

Judge Warren D. Tarrant, who was appointed by Gov. La. Follette to fill the vacancy on the circuit bench caused by the death of Judge Elliott, was elected by a large majority.

The elections throughout Wisconsin passed off quietly. The Democrats made gains in a number of places which have heretofore been strongly Republican. One of the most novel features of the election was the voting by women at Racine and Kenosha on school questions.

The following cities elected Republican city tickets: Madison, Elkhorn, Bayfield, Beloit, Delavan, Grafton, Mazomanie, Mauston, West Salem, Hartland, Tomah, Mineral Point, Berlin, Osceola, Prairie du Sac, Monroe, Fox Lake, Merrill, Fond du Lac, Peshtigo, Fond du Lac, Racine, Palmyra, Medford, Durant, Black River Falls, Lodi, Sheboygan, Whitewater, Chilton, Edgerton, Stoughton, Seymour.

The Democrats elected their ticket in whole or part in the following cities: Muscoda, Trempealeau, Marinette, Plymouth, Beaver Dam, Turner, Manitowish, Waubesa, Waupaca, Sparta, Portage, Columbus, Appleton, Elroy, Neenah, West Superior, Darlington, Ripon, Eagle, Hudson, Kenosha, Jefferson, Chippewa Falls.

Citizens' tickets were elected in the following places: Lake Mills, Fennimore, Lancaster, Grantsburg, Viroqua, Deper, River Falls, New Lisbon, Brodhead, East Troy, Kilbourn, Green Bay, Hartford, Brillion, Mosine, Neenah, Plainfield, Richland Center, Walworth, Thorpe, Cedarburg.

Four circuit judges were elected outside of Milwaukee in the state, as follows: Third circuit—G. W. Burnell, Oshkosh. Seventh circuit—C. M. Webb, Grand Rapids. Eighth circuit—E. W. Helms, Hudson. Ninth district—R. G. Siebecker, Madison.

Township elections were held throughout Illinois Tuesday, and the returns indicate that the Republicans carried off a majority of the honors. In Peoria the Republicans elected all but one candidate, an assistant supervisor.

In Springfield the Democrats made decided gains, cutting the Republican majority in the city council from twelve to four and electing the supervisor-at-large, an assistant supervisor and the collector. In Bloomington, for the first time in years, the Democrats won three offices in the township contest. Union labor supported a candidate for assistant supervisor and brought about his election.

Republicans swept Joliet. At Waukegan the Dowdites succeeded in electing the town clerk. In Galesburg the citizens' ticket won. Republicans scored victories in the following towns: Bement, Charleston, Centralia, Clinton, Danville, Delevan, Fairbury, Gibson, Greenup, Harvard, Kanakake, Moline, Monmouth, Mount Pulaski, Nashville, Paris, Pawpaw, Princeton, Quincy, Rockford, Rock Island, Sycamore, Tuscola, Warren, Wenona.

The Democrats elected their tickets or made gains in the following towns: Benton, Chenoa, Eureka, Freeport, Havana, Pana, Ramsey, Salem, Taylorville, Toledo.

Honors were about evenly distributed in the following places: Assumption, Hillsboro, Litchfield, Mendota, Naperville, Olney, Pontiac, East St. Louis, Sycamore, Wheaton.

Oklahoma Cattle Winter Well.

Cattle conditions are first class in Oklahoma, and, despite the unusually cold winter, the cattle men say their loss will not exceed 3 per cent. Cattle are now feeding on the pastures made luxuriant by recent heavy rains and there are many shipments of stock cattle from Texas and other points into the two territories to take advantage of the pastures.

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CHURCHES FALL BEFORE STORM

Conflict of the Elements Does Damage in Pittsburg and Vicinity.

MANY STRICKEN AT WORSHIP

Several Are Dead and Others Are Injured and May Die as the Result of Being Crushed in Pews and Caught Beneath Falling Roofs.

Just at the close of Easter services Sunday a terrific wind, rain and hail storm burst upon Pittsburg and vicinity. One church was wrecked, the roof falling upon the congregation, starting a wild panic. More than a score were injured, and six of these probably will die. In another church the side was blown in, the stove overturned, and the cooler members of the congregation fought fire while trying to stop the panic. One boat was overturned in the river, more than forty houses were unroofed in Pittsburg and Allegheny, hundreds of factory chimneys were blown down and great loss resulted.

The following list shows the churches wrecked and the number killed or seriously injured: Knoxville (Pa.) Presbyterian, six fatally hurt; Wellsburg (W. Va.) U. P., two dead, four fatally hurt; Robinson's Run (Pa.) U. P., two fatally hurt; Greenville (Pa.) U. P., preacher fatally injured; McDonald (Pa.) U. P., Braddock (Pa.) First Lutheran and Bradford (Pa.) Park Avenue U. P.

The most serious result of the storm was in Knoxville Presbyterian church. Easter services were closing. The minister announced the closing anthem and the congregation arose. At that moment the storm struck. The chimney fell with a crash, the roof was torn loose, swayed a moment, and the panic-stricken worshippers struggled and fought in their efforts to reach the doors. Many were trampled under foot. An instant later the roof came crashing down into the auditorium, burying scores of men, women and children.

Reports from scores of churches tell of panic-stricken congregations in all parts of Pittsburg and surrounding towns.

Nine houses on Ophelia street were unroofed.

The windows in Whittier school were all blown in on the south and west sides, and the roof torn off. The roof was ripped off the Union bridge between Allegheny and Pittsburg.

The Duquesne forge plant at Rankin was badly wrecked. The smoke stack of the Diamond Ice company, seventy-five feet high, was blown down on the Monongahela river bank at Braddock. Windows in the Parker Avenue United Presbyterian church were blown in at Braddock during the service, creating a panic.

The storm wrecked a \$50,000 ore bridge in the plant at Mingo Junction, O. The window glass struck plant at Belle Vernon, Pa., was unroofed. The plant of the Griffith Tinplate company, the Catholic and United Presbyterian churches and nine houses were wrecked at Washington, Pa.

The United Presbyterian church at Jamestown was partly wrecked by a cyclone during Easter services. The Rev. J. M. Jamison was offering prayer. There was a terrific crash, and part of the south end of the church crashed in, burying the minister.

LATEST MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Wheat, No. 2 red, \$ @ .78½
Corn, No. 2, @ .58½
Oats, No. 2, @ .43
Cattle, @ 7.05
Hogs, @ 6.82½
Sheep and lambs, @ 5.70

NEW YORK.

Wheat, No. 2 red, @ .82½
Corn, No. 2, @ .66½
Oats, No. 2, @ .43

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat, No. 2 red, cash, @ .77
Corn, No. 2, cash, @ .58
Oats, No. 2, cash, @ .45

Son Issues Cards for Mother's Wedding.



"Mr. Thomas H. Grossmith requests the honor of Mr. ———'s presence at the marriage of his mother, Marie Louise, to Mr. Cyrus Mettler, on the evening of Thursday, the third day of April, at half-past eight o'clock, at No. 167 Summit avenue, Jersey City Heights."

This invitation, sent to many persons in Jersey City, N. J., and New York, caused surprise, because the son of the bride-to-be issued them. This is in accordance with a promise made when Mrs. Grossmith's first husband was on his death bed. She agreed that

in the event of her marriage a second time she would allow her son to make the announcement.

Mrs. Grossmith is well known in Jersey City society. She is wealthy and still conducts the large rose farms established by her first husband in France. The roses are raised for the manufacture of attar of roses, and the perfume is shipped to New York, where Mrs. Grossmith conducts a successful business. The wedding will certainly be one of the largest as well as the most interesting ever seen in Jersey City.

HETTY GREEN'S HUSBAND IS DEAD.

Only Known as Spouse of the Richest Woman in the World.

Edward H. Green, husband of Mrs. Hetty Green, died at his home at Bel-



lows Falls, Vt., recently. He had been confined to his bed for several months with a complication of kidney diseases, and for a week before his death had failed rapidly. For two days he had lain in a stupor and was unconscious to the end. Mr. Green was born Feb. 6, 1821, in Bel-lows Falls. When a young man he was a member of the firm of Deas & Co., Boston. The company failed, and Mr. Green went to London, and later to Manila, P. I., where he remained seventeen years, first as an employee and later as a partner in the firm of Russell Sturgis & Co. In 1867 he married Hetty Howland Robinson. Two children were born to them in London—E. H. R. Green, now president of the Texas Midland railroad, and Sylvia A. H. Green. Mr. Green returned to this country in 1875 and for a time was president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad.

Not So Bad a Place.
A noted crook who recently finished a sentence in the prison at Mounds-

ville, W. Va., told a friend a few nights ago that he need not dread being sent there for a few years.

"Why not?" inquired his friend. "Because it's not so much like a prison as most of the pens are," was the response. "To start with, the prison lockstep has been abandoned, and the men now go to their meals and workshops in files of four, and it's just like marching in files of four of any other procession."

"And is that what makes you think it's easy?" his friend interrupted.

"Of course not," said the man who recently released. "To tell the truth, it's less like a prison than any penitentiary I know of. You have your task and all over that is extra and you can blow your money as you please."

He explained that the prisoners are permitted to buy porterhouse steaks, chickens, smoking material and whatever they may desire in the line of confectionery.

"Then," concluded the ex-convict's friend, according to the Washington Star, "the prison is not as bad as it's painted."

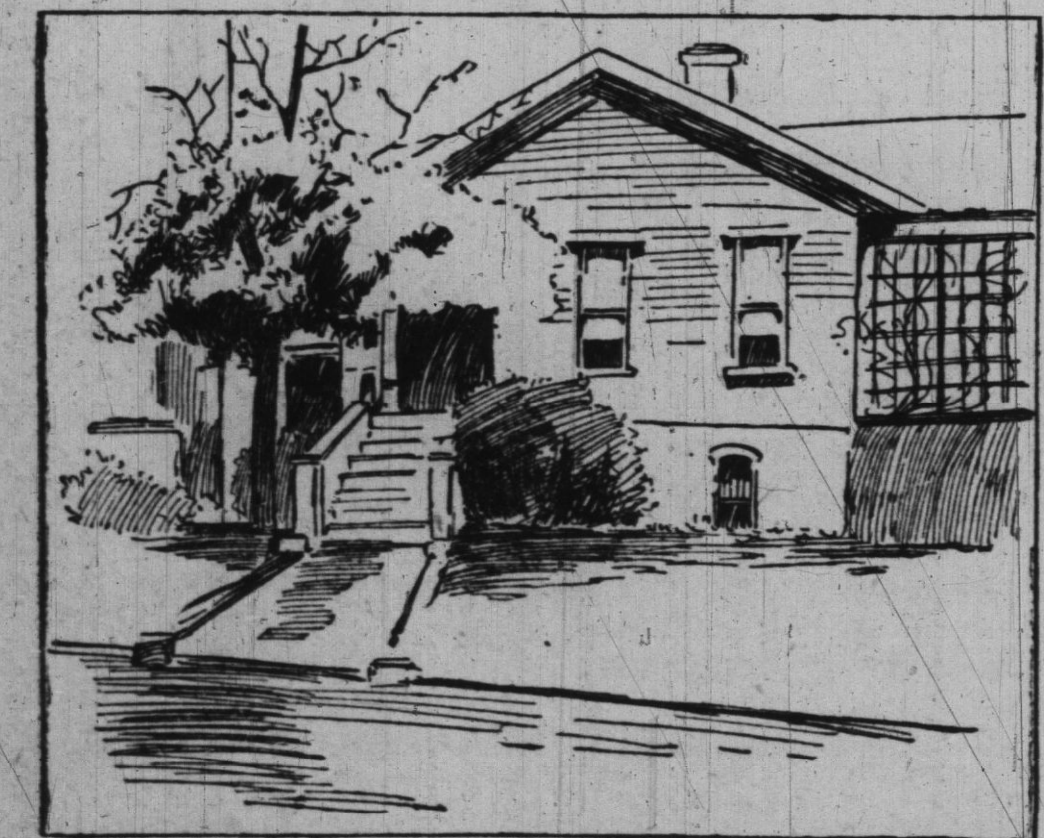
Penitential Pillar.

A superstitious man, Umataro Nagai, living at Akasaka-Ku, in Japan, lately built a stone pillar about twelve feet high and six feet wide, costing 1,000 yen, in the premises of the Shounji temple, at Tokio, in memory of the rats which were recently hunted and destroyed wholesale throughout the city in order to prevent the spreading of the pest. He was said to have been disturbed at night by horrible nightmares, in which he was chased and tortured by thousands of these rodents. He attributed these nightmares to the spirits of the rats. Hence the penitential pillar.

Work of Electric Plow.

At the electric congress just held in Moscow an electric motor plow was exhibited which turned a furrow 12 inches deep.

House Once Occupied by Stephen A. Douglas.



On Thirty-fifth street, Chicago, at the rear of Douglas Monument Park, stands a small frame house that attracts no attention except that it seems rather out of place among the fine residences and large apartment buildings. Few people except the very old timers are aware that this unpretentious cottage was once the

home of the great Stephen A. Douglas and occupied by him in his palmiest days. Gossip tells us that Abraham Lincoln had slept there, and the great men of that day had been guests under its lowly roof. At any rate, it is one of the few historic places still remaining of which Chicago can boast.

MINERS KILLED IN BLOWN BLAST

Gas Explosion Causes Great
Loss of Life in Tennes-
see Mine.

TEN BODIES ARE TAKEN OUT

Carelessness in the Handling of Fuse by the Firemen Believed to Have Resulted in a Premature Blast and Ignition of Dry Coal Dust.

Twenty-two lives are known to have been lost and eight men were injured, one fatally, as the result of an explosion of gas in the Nelson mine of the Dayton Coal and Iron company at Dayton, Tenn. Ten bodies have been taken from the works. Most of the victims were whites and left large families.

The dead: White—Lark Hunter, Alex Taffer, James Franklin, Tom Shaver, James Harris, P. G. Travis. Colored—George Griffiths, Ben Griffiths, Reese Dean, Norris Pearson, Morgan Smith, John Robinson, J. E. Hill, Bryant Smith, Mack Foust, six unidentified men.

Fatally injured: W. T. Head. Seriously injured: James Riley, Will Pressnell, Wm. Scarborough, Arthur Hughes, Tom Cummings, Henry Gonyon, all white, and George Wafford, colored.

The explosion occurred at about 5 o'clock. Gas was known to exist in the mine, and the men were required to use safety lamps. It is the rule of the company for the miners to place their fuses ready to be lighted for blasts just before quitting work each day, and there are workmen known as "firemen" who go through the mine after the miners are out and set off the blasts.

The miners quit work at 4:30 o'clock. It takes them about forty-five minutes to get out of the mine. Two "firemen," Lark Hunter and John Harney, are supposed to have caused the disaster by firing blasts before all the miners could get out of the mine. They were both killed. It is supposed that one of the fuses was defective and resulted in what is known as a "blown blast."

The flame shooting out from the blast ignited the gas, which in turn ignited the accumulation of dry coal dust in the mine. The explosion that followed was terrific. The sheds at the mine entrance were wrecked. Three men were killed while standing outside the mine and two seriously and one fatally injured.

The Nelson mine has been the scene of two serious explosions in the past. In 1889 two men were killed and eight seriously injured by an explosion of gas.

Dec. 20, 1895, an explosion of mine dust occurred in which twenty-eight lives were lost. This was caused by a miner carrying an open lamp contrary to regulations.

In May, 1901, an explosion of a similar nature occurred in the Shallday mine, operated by the same company, in which twenty-one lives were lost.

Clements Found Guilty of Murder.

Knox (Ind.) dispatch: The Clements murder trial jury returned a verdict finding Clements guilty of murder in the first degree and fixing his penalty at imprisonment for life. Clements eight weeks ago shot and killed Edith Holcom Davis, who promised to marry him, but on the day set for the wedding jilted him and wedded Edward Davis.

Three Injured in Collision.

Cumberland (Md.) special: A head-on collision occurred at Sand Patch between Baltimore & Ohio passenger train No. 9 and a freight train. Both engines were demolished. The injured: Thomas Burton, J. Hunter, J. H. Gates. The passengers were thrown from their seats and a number were cut by flying glass, but none was reported seriously injured.

British Meet Defeat.

London dispatch: A casualty list published here records a hitherto unreported fight in the Rhinoster valley, near Sutherland, Cape Colony, March 24, when the British were severely handled. They lost eight men killed, had ten men wounded and twenty-nine were captured. The latter have since been released.

Burn Negro at the Stake.

Augusta (Ga.) dispatch: Richard Young, one of the negroes accused by young Dover Fountain in his dying statement of having attacked himself and his mother on the Ogeechee road, three miles from Savannah, was caught by the residents of the Ogeechee district and burned at the stake.

Charged with Stealing Stamps.

Columbus (O.) dispatch: Julius Bernstein, a pawnbroker, was arrested by a deputy United States marshal. He is charged with receiving stolen postage stamps, some of which are suspected to have come from the Chicago robbery.

Boy Slayer Will Go Free.

Daniel Rosenbecker, the Toledo, Ohio, boy who confessed to having murdered his playmate, Arthur Shanteau, will never be tried for murder, as he is under the age of legal accountability, which is 14 years.

Swedish Laborers for Canada.

Christiania, Norway, special: Laborers to the number of 2,000 are being hired here for railroad work in Canada by Congressman Frank M. Eddy of Glenwood, Minn.

ILLINOIS ITEMS

Harriet Moore Elliott, aged 44 years, died of consumption at her home at Virginia. She was the wife of Alderman D. B. Elliott and was active in church work.

Hort Vail, aged 56, vice president of the Kewanee Boiler company and prominent in G. A. R. and Odd Fellow circles, died at Kewanee of pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Ulrey, residing near Martinsville, celebrated their 50th anniversary with a golden wedding. There were 300 invitations issued.

The pupils of the Decatur public schools have contributed \$35 to the McKinley monument fund. The Decatur banks collected \$38.72 for the same purpose.

Manager Fred Pfeffer has completed the list of players for the Decatur club in the Three-I baseball league. The players will be: McGill, Dornier and Bruce, pitchers; Smith and Schewbridge, catchers; Dickey, first base; Pfeffer, second; Ryan, short; Hankey, third; Burt, left; McQuaid, center; Schmidt, right.

Covered with snow and with a revolver clutched in the right hand, the body of Howard R. Miller, a student at the Keokuk college of physicians and surgeons at Keokuk, Ia., was found in Linton Park, Chicago. It is believed he ended his life while despondent on account of overstudy.

Attorney General H. J. Hamlin has furnished the means which will probably result in the extermination of the so-called "investment" companies that have recently begun to infest the state. Judge Hamlin has rendered an opinion, upon the request of Secretary of State Rose, holding that the concerns cannot be licensed in Illinois under the foreign corporation act.

Mrs. Albert Susanka died very suddenly at Cairo. Mrs. Susanka came to Cairo before the war and has resided there ever since. She leaves a husband, six daughters and three sons.

The Three States Buggy and Implement company have secured an option upon the Gallagher mill building at Cairo and propose to put machinery in it for the manufacture of buggies. It is probable that they will have the plant in operation by the first of May.

Rev. Charles H. Young of Omaha, Neb., has been called to the head of the Church of the Redeemer at Cairo, to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of Rev. F. A. De Rosset to Springfield. The matter was decided at a special meeting of the vestry of the church, held Friday evening.

During the past few days 200 trees have been planted at the state fair grounds at Springfield. The trees are planted in various parts of the grounds, so that they will not interfere in any way with the exhibits. They are of several varieties, including linden, sycamore, mountain ash and poplar.

Henry and James E. Cross, distillers near Carmi, Ill., have been lodged in jail at Springfield by the government authorities on the charge of making false returns of fruit purchased for the manufacture of brandy and of the sale of the manufactured article. Their still was raided and 100 gallons of brandy seized. Henry Cross was convicted several years ago of "boot-legging."

The ladies of Upper Alton are planning to form a village improvement association, the purpose of which will be to take active measures for the beautifying of the village.

The home of Dean Hamilton of Brighton was entered by burglars and the house was plundered of all the silverware, money and jewelry in it. The members of the family did not learn of the robbery until morning, not being disturbed by the burglars during their work.

At a meeting of the Democratic central committee at Chester it was decided to hold a convention at Red Bud on Tuesday, May 6, to nominate a county ticket and select delegates to the state, congressional and senatorial conventions. The precinct primaries were called for Saturday, May 3.

The St. Louis Valley railway has found it necessary to make an expenditure of about \$25,000 in constructing its bridge across the Kaskaskia river, just above the Okaw cutoff. It was the original intention to build only a small affair, but as the Kaskaskia river is a navigable stream at certain seasons of the year, a drawbridge was substituted. The bridge will be completed in a short time, when trains will be running.

Bricks are being hauled to the site of the proposed new Lutheran church on North Trout street, Nashville, the building of which will be commenced as soon as the weather breaks. The building is to be of frame, 66 feet long and 36 feet wide, with a steeple 94 feet high.

The state board of live stock commissioners elected Charles E. Miller of Ottawa, secretary of the board to succeed Homer F. Aspinwall of Freeport.

The North Alton brick plant has resumed work with an increased capacity making 100,000 bricks daily.

E. A. Schrader, formerly of Effingham was killed in the railroad yards of Decatur.

Civil Engineer E. F. Harper and assistants of St. Louis have commenced work of laying out the route for the Murphysboro and Carbondale electric railway.

Traffic on the St. Louis division of the Illinois Central was delayed many hours owing to a serious freight wreck at Pyatts, a small station northwest of Carbondale. It was the third wreck in the past few weeks.

The foundations for the new passenger station for the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis Railway company were started at Alton, and the contractor will make progress as rapidly as possible.

Lyman DeLand, a veteran of the civil war and a member of the G. A. R., died at St. Joseph's hospital, Alton, and was buried under the auspices of Alton post, G. A. R. Mr. DeLand had been a paralytic eighteen years, and was almost helpless.

The experts who are at work boring for oil near Peters, on the premises of the American Bottom Oil company at Edwardsville, have experienced considerable difficulty in getting a good start, owing to the fact that the surface of the earth in that vicinity is of a sandy nature for a considerable depth, and the sand fills up the pipe almost as rapidly as it can be drawn out.

William Leake of Decatur filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court. He schedules liabilities approximating \$7,000 with no assets.

The city library board of Springfield has approved the plans of the architect for the new Carnegie library. Bids for the construction of the building will be advertised for at once.

John W. Roth, sheriff of Adams county, has issued a proclamation requiring all of the saloons of Quincy to be closed on Sundays and election days. He concedes that the city should have taken the initiative, but as it has failed to do so, he has taken decided action in the case.

Leroy Dyer, formerly an elevator boy in the Tremont hotel at Quincy, has instituted suit against the Weber estate, claiming \$5,000 damages for injuries received while running the elevator.

The 2½-year-old daughter of G. Willers slipped from its father's arms at Quincy and fell twenty feet from a window to a brick sidewalk. The child's injuries are very severe and may prove fatal.

Amil E. Schrader, a Wabash engineer, was accidentally killed at the Jasper street crossing of the railroad in Decatur. He was 40 years of age, and leaves a widow and two children; also, \$2,000 life insurance.

The directors of the Illinois Bridge and Machine company at Jacksonville have elected the following new officers: President, Wilber E. Crane; vice president, Chas. Rabjohns; manager, T. A. Chapin; secretary-treasurer, Albert H. Rankin.

Rufus P. Brown, aged 85, died at his home at Hillsboro. He was a highly respected citizen and an elder in the Presbyterian church. He leaves a widow and two sons.

A diploma from the Paris exposition was received at the office of state superintendent of public instruction at Springfield. It is one of the awards made in the educational exhibit and testifies to the general excellence of the work exhibited by the Illinois schools.

A Cumberland Presbyterian church with forty members was organized at Charleston by Rev. C. E. Hayes, state missionary. Rev. Mr. Hayes was assisted by his wife in a series of successful meetings.

Charles W. Meyer, a prominent business man of O'Fallon, is dead. The deceased was a native of Germany, and had been a resident of O'Fallon for many years.

James McKinney, of Alton, member of the state railroad and warehouse commission, has tendered his resignation to Gov. Yates.

Mrs. Celia Ray-Laubmayer, wife of Charles Laubmayer, a prominent merchant of Tonti, died, aged 31 years.

County Treasurer John Tetherington has called a meeting of the assessors of the various townships of Madison county to be held at Edwardsville April 2, at which time the assessors' books will be delivered to them, and they may begin the work of making the annual assessment in their respective townships.

The section hands of the Wabash Railroad company in Edwardsville vicinity are elated over an order that is to go into effect April 1, increasing their wages to \$1.25 per day. The raise has come to them unsolicited.

John C. Richardson, of South Fork township, has announced his candidacy for the legislature from the 40th senatorial district, subject to the decision of the Democratic senatorial convention, to be held in Pana May 6.

After two weeks of the life of penniless tramps, Miss Louise Gauss and Miss Grace Fosland of Kenwood reached Omaha with the conviction that the round of aimless ease, which they abandoned in disgust for one of adventure, is far superior to what they have experienced since they left their home on March 12.

Days, weeks and months pass by, and the wheat bears on the Chicago board of trade continue to rake in the bull shekels. To the question, "Is there never to be a change?" the average trader pipes, "Never!"

The Peoria county Democratic convention will be held April 17.

Pana will entertain the fortieth senatorial Democratic convention May 6.

Marion county Republicans will meet in convention at Salem April 8.

Rev. John M. Browder, aged 53, died of pneumonia at his home in Mount Vernon, leaving a widow and five children. He was born at Nashville, Ill. For many years he was a minister in the M. E. church, but for the last seven or eight years has been identified with the United Brethren, as an evangelist. W. B. King of Rock Island has purchased 15,000 acres of pine land in Montgomery county, Texas. He will build a big sawmill.

Dr. Robert E. Gray of Garden City, Kas. was found not guilty by the jury in the Irma Brown murder case at Chicago.

The total sum raised by taxation in Illinois (exclusive of Cook county) for all purposes in 1901, according to a statement made public by the auditor of public accounts was \$26,326,382.54. The figures for Cook county are not yet obtainable.

Mrs. Jane Wilson, a widow, aged 76 years, while raking rubbish on a bonfire at Monmouth, had her clothing catch fire, burning her so badly as to cause death in a few hours.

At the Three M. works at Monmouth some miners were caught in a cave-in at a blasting and Erven Bigelow was instantly killed, while his brother-in-law, John J. Pople, had a leg broken.

A boiler in the saw mill of R. F. McAdams in Boulder, exploded. The mill was partially demolished. William Cosgrove, the engineer employed at the mill, was instantly killed. He is survived by a wife and several children.

Will Giggis, a well known business man of Bluffs, was drowned near Meredosia in the Illinois river, while duck hunting. He and a companion were in a boat, which capsized when they attempted to change positions.

Alexander Marion Robbins, aged 69, is dead. He was a native of New York, but had been a resident of Springfield for thirty-five years.

Rev. Henry Judge, a colored preacher of Springfield, and Miss Etha Finley of Virden were married by Justice Early.

Corwin Rasar of Taylorville suffered critical injuries from the explosion of a dynamite cap. The fingers on his right hand were blown off and the sight of one of her eyes was destroyed.

Alton business men have agreed to refuse to patronize the various fake advertising schemes which have been a continual drain on their bank accounts for many years. The Retail Merchants' association has agreed to refuse to buy tickets to dancing parties, benefit parties, etc.

All the trouble on the Standard elevator and the new mill contracts at Alton was brought to an end when the nonunion millwrights employed on the elevator, and who were put to work on the mill, which resulted in a suspension of work by the union men, joined the union, and hereafter none but union men will be employed on the contract.

The new passenger station of the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis railway company at Alton will be completed within five weeks.

John Whiteley, a pioneer citizen, died at his home in North Okaw township.

The grain elevator at Magnet, four miles south of Mattoon, burned. It is supposed that the fire originated from sparks from a passing engine.

The vestry of the church of the Redeemer at Cairo has extended a call to Rev. Charles H. Yong of Omaha, Neb., to become the rector of the church.

Robert McNutt, a prominent resident of Neoga, is dead. He was very active in religious and political circles. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church in Neoga and was largely attended.

The ardent longing of a philosophical mind to solve the solemn mysteries of death is believed to have been the impulse that led Howard Miller of Keokuk, Iowa, son of the assistant postmaster of that city, and a nephew of Rear Admiral Miller, U. S. N., to take his own life in Chicago.

Rumors have been circulating freely in railroad circles for some time past that Marvin Hughtitt would soon retire from the presidency of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company, and give up all active participation in railroad affairs. It is said that W. K. Vanderbilt will succeed him.

The high school principals of Galesburg, Alton, Moline, Macomb, Elmwood, Canton, Galva, Kewanee and Knoxville, representing the military tract, met at Galesburg and completed arrangements for the annual athletic and declamatory meet at Elmwood on May 2.

While plowing in a field John Torbeck, the 19-year-old son of Hermann Torbeck, of Augustburg was struck by lightning and killed instantly.

The coroner's jury in the case of the late Sylvan Snapp, who died from the result of wounds received while attempting to rob the store of Warden in Mattoon on the night of March 1, brought in a verdict declaring the death of young Snapp due to a conspiracy between L. Warden, Ebbert Hubbel, an employee of the store and John Chaplain. The three were held on the charge of manslaughter.

The Barrington Review

Entered at Barrington as Second-Class Matter

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising Rates made known on application.

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1902

DIAMOND BACK TERRAPIN.

Formerly Despised. They Are Now Considered a Delicacy.

Half a century or so ago diamond back terrapin were fed to slaves and hogs. Today they are the rarest delicacy known to the epicurean world, says the Philadelphia North American. Then they sold for \$1 a barrel, and laborers, when hiring out, specified that they must not be compelled to eat terrapin more than twice a week. Today a barrel is cheap at \$800, and millionaires travel hundreds of miles for a chance to feast on this most delicious of all meats.

Of course this means genuine diamond backs. There are many imitations.

Every first class restaurant in the country features "terrapin a la Maryland" on its menu, but in not one case out of a hundred is the real terrapin served. The diner regales himself on what he believes to be Maryland's choicest dish. Instead he is merely eating fresh water turtles, "sliders" or "North Carolina goldens."

The reason is simple. Restaurateurs don't serve real diamond backs because they can't get them. The world's total terrapin population does not exceed 25,000 of legal size, and these are confined to the shores of the Chesapeake bay, the only place that produces them.

Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York enjoy a monopoly. These three cities get practically the entire output, but few ever find their way across the Blue Ridge. The epicure unfortunate enough to be born in Chicago or St. Louis must either come east or forego the joys of terrapin.

To select a real diamond back amateurs should be guided by these distinguishing and characteristic markings:

It is of a greenish, dark olive color, sometimes running to spotted gray, yellow on the plate which surrounds the shell and has concentric dark stripes along the plate on both shells. The sides of the head are a dirty white, sprinkled with small black spots. The bottom shell is of whitish yellow.

The males are much larger than the females and have the concentric streaks much better defined. The female has the more delicate flesh. The male can be distinguished by his toe nails, which are much longer than those of the female.

PICKINGS FROM FICTION.

If you would have a noble son, be a noble father.—"144 New Epigrams."

Keep me from caring more for books than for folks, for art than for life.—"The Ruling Passion."

In some matrimonial waters are the kind of fish that swallow the bait, but leave the hook untouched.—"By Bread Alone."

Some people, like some shrubs, must be crushed in order to obtain the real value of their essence.—"By the Higher Law."

There are things which could never be imagined, but there is nothing which may not happen.—"China In Convulsion."

Independence is not synonymous with liberty. They are often confounded, but they are quite distinct.—"The Rights of Man."

Martyrdom, the apotheosis of resignation, comes more naturally to women than to men, more hardly to men than to women.—"Count Hannibal."

True self control is to be got in the midst of struggle. It is not mutilation in the midst of natural desires, but the subordination of each desire to the good of the whole man.—"Culture and Restraint."

The Poor Little Fellow.

The street Arab lives by his wits, if he lives at all. Two youngsters who peddle cough drops on Chestnut street have learned this thoroughly. One of these boys is much larger than the other, and a crowd was attracted to the corner of Ninth and Chestnut streets the other day to see the big boy pummeling the little boy. At the proper time the big one disappeared, leaving the little one surrounded by sympathetic onlookers. Several persons, pitying the "poor little fellow," gave him nickels and pennies.

The sequel showed that the "poor little fellow" was in league with his supposed tormentor. No sooner had the crowd dispersed than the big boy came along for his divvy. The scene was repeated several times, always with the same result.—Philadelphia Times.

Obliterating Smallpox Pittings.

Scientific treatment and much skill are required to remove smallpox pittings successfully. This treatment is given by a masseuse, but massage is not used, as it would never remove the pittings. The process requires a careful removing, little by little, of old encrustations. The new, which takes the place, is smoother than its predecessor and requires about ten days for treatment. Thus, after a couple of more treatments and in a comparatively short time, the deepest scars are replaced by a perfectly smooth skin.

Not to His Advantage.

"Hub!" grumbled Mr. Skinnay, who was being uncomfortably crowded by the jolly looking fat man. "These cars should charge by weight."

"Think so?" replied the fat man. "Why, they'd hardly think it worth while to stop for you."—Catholic Standard and Times.

HUMAN ALARM CLOCKS.

How Messenger Boys Are Utilized as Awakeners in New York.

At 1 o'clock the other morning a well dressed man strolled into one of the uptown messenger offices. He had been dining out and evidently, from the rakish tilt to his opera hat, the dinner had been a success.

"I want a messenger boy to come and waken me in the morning."

"What hour?" The clerk was all business, for the request was not unusual.

"Seven o'clock. I've got to catch a train," he explained.

"All right, sir; 7 o'clock," assured the clerk.

The man turned as he was going out of the door. "Have the boy hammer the door hard," he cautioned. "I'm a 'dead one' when I get to sleep, and I've got to catch that train." Then he went home and went to sleep with absolute confidence.

The whistles were blowing 7 o'clock. A small boy in uniform hammered with a club, his "waker," on the door of the man who had dined the night before. "Get up in there!" he cried. "Get up, you old sleepyhead!"

"You go away from my door," comes in sleepy tones from the room. "It's a mistake. I don't want to get up."

"Oh, yes, you do, my dodo bird," is the fresh reply. And the tattoo on the door goes on with redoubled strength.

"All right, boy; I'm awake now!" howls the man who has been sleeping. "You can go away now."

"Not till you've signed this receipt," the boy insists.

The man has to crawl out of bed and come to the door. The boy has a paper ready, and as he is a careful man he reads before signing. It certifies that he has been thoroughly awakened by Messenger No. 432 and that he is not going back to bed again that day.

"Is this a joke?" he asks the boy.

"Naw, 'tain't no joke," replied the messenger through his teeth. "If we've didn't make you're do this, you'd be down to de office about noon a-howlin' dat we didn't wake you're. Now, if you're goes back to your bag of feathers, we're got you'n in black an' white, an' no mistake."—New York Tribune.

COOKING FISH IN ENGLAND.

The Method Used There Renders the Flesh Flaky and Juicy.

John Bull certainly knows how to cook fish, to prove which fact one has only to notice the juiciness and good flavor of the first bit of fish, served perhaps at a little out of the way inn, that one tastes in England. We Americans have at command many fine varieties of fish, but too often find it sent to table in a "woolly," tasteless condition.

An American cousin visiting in an English family made bold to ask what method of cooking "sea food" was prevalent in England and found that there the importance of the thorough cooking of fish as a safeguard against ptomaines is as much regarded as with us. Our old country friends, however, assure us that there is not the slightest occasion to render fish dry and tasteless in order to insure thorough cooking if proper attention is given to basting. One cannot well imagine anything hotter than boiling fat, and laying plentifully with this is to make use of the surest ammunition possible for the routing of deadly bacteria.

Instead of warning amateurs against underdone fish, let copious basting with sweet boiling fat be insisted on, and in place of a woolly, flavorless result there will be the opposite—flakiness and juiciness. Overboiling will produce wooliness as surely as overfrying or baking. To insure tender, solid flakes in, for instance, boiled cod or halibut and to avoid dissipating the flavor make sure the water boils when the fish is put in; keep at a gentle boil; allow only ten minutes to the pound and the carefully in cheesecloth that has been washed and boiled before using. Cod well basted with hot olive oil or any good fat will be almost gummy in flavor, as will cod steaks cooked in deep fat.—Washington Star.

Unpoetical Poets.

Poets are not always poetical. A tale is told in a contemporary of Aubrey de Vere growing ecstatic before Newman over the "sweet pealing of the Oxford chimes" and asked why they rang with so inviting an insistence. "Only young men keeping themselves warm," replied Newman.

Tennyson gave several unexpected answers of the same character. He asked a young lady who had shown herself more enthusiastic than intelligent over the beauties of "Maud" what birds she supposed they were which called "Maud, Maud, Maud!" "Nightingales," said the enthusiast. "No; rooks you!" But the exact vocative is still a matter of discussion.—London Globe.

Naming the Baby.

"Have you named the baby?" asked the admiring neighbor.

"Not yet," said the proud young mother. "We're going to christen him Sunday."

"Dear me! What an odd name! I'd almost as soon call him after Robinson Crusoe's man Friday and be done with it."—Chicago Tribune.

An Untimely Call.

Minister—Is your father at home, Willie?

William—Yes, but he's got the rheumatism so bad he ain't safe to talk to.—Indianapolis News.

Sometimes a man's neighbors consider him ungrateful because he insists on managing his own affairs.—Chicago News.

Great Britain imports one-third of her food.

Treasurer Commissioners of Highways Report.

STATE OF ILLINOIS,
COUNTY OF LAKE,
TOWN OF CUBA.

Office of Treasurer of Commissioners of Highways:

The following is a statement by George J. Hager, treasurer of the commissioners of highways of the town of Cuba, in the county and state aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 25th day of March, 1902, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purposes expended, during said fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said George J. Hager, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received and the sources from which received, and the amount expended and purposes for which expended, as set forth in said statement.

GEORGE J. HAGER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of March, 1902.

MILES T. LAMEY, Notary Public
FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

Amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year, commencing the 25th day of March, 1901. \$ 104 35
George N. Gridley, county treasurer, road and bridge tax..... 424 97
L. E. Runyan, collector, road and bridge tax..... 1370 31
M. T. Lamey, dog tax..... 137 20

Total receipts..... 2036 80

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR WHAT PURPOSES EXPENDED.

Road labor..... \$863 17
Lumber and culvert pipe..... 153 94
Repairs..... 14 50
Hardware..... 7 81
Scraping roads..... 28 36
Ditching..... 2 25
Bridge work..... 205 34
Stone, cement, tile, etc..... 111 68
Gravel..... 101 04
Hauling gravel..... 40 21
Labor..... 39 10
Sign boards..... 27 75
Posts..... 5 08
Publishing report..... 8 87
Treasurer's commission..... 32 24
Balance on hand..... 392 40

Total..... 2036 80

GRAVEL TAX.

FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

Amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of fiscal year, commencing the 25th day of March, 1901. \$ 12 62
George N. Gridley, county treasurer, gravel tax..... 248 23
L. E. Runyan, collector, gravel tax..... 774 11

Total..... 1034 96

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR WHAT PURPOSES EXPENDED.

Hauling gravel..... \$858 87
Gravel..... 63 77
Treasurer's commission..... 18 45
Balance on hand..... 93 87

Total..... 1034 96

SUPERVISOR'S REPORT.

STATE OF ILLINOIS,
COUNTY OF LAKE,
TOWN OF CUBA.

Office of Town Supervisor.

The following is a statement by Miles T. Lamey, supervisor of the town of Cuba, in the county and state aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 25th day of March, 1902, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purposes expended, during said fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said Miles T. Lamey, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received, and from what sources received, and the amount expended and purposes for which expended, as set forth in said statement.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of March, 1902.

C. H. MORRISON,
Justice of the Peace.

FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

Amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year, commencing the 26th day of March, 1901. \$165 23
George N. Gridley, county treasurer, delinquent town tax..... 94 06
L. E. Runyan, collector, town tax..... 229 98
L. E. Runyan, collector, dog tax..... 137 20

Total received..... 696 46

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR WHAT PURPOSES EXPENDED.

J. F. Gieske, clerk of election..... \$ 3 00
M. D. Regan, clerk of election..... 3 00
F. L. Waterman, clerk of election..... 3 00
M. T. Lamey, judge of election..... 3 00
Fred Kirschner, judge of election..... 3 00
G. Heimerding, judge of election..... 3 00
Barrington Post, appropriation..... 25 00
L. E. Runyan, thistle commissioner..... 57 00
Fred Kirschner, assessor..... 126 00
Barrington Review, printing, etc..... 16 53
Legal Advisor Co., blanks..... 7 02
M. T. Lamey, supervisor and auditing..... 18 00
C. H. Morrison, auditing..... 3 00
R. R. Kimberly, road commissioner..... 18 00
John Jahnke, road commissioner..... 18 00
George J. Hager, road commissioner..... 18 00
J. F. Gieske, town clerk..... 47 00
Fred Kirschner, board of health..... 4 50
M. T. Lamey, board of health..... 3 00
Lamey & Co., office rent..... 10 00
E. Lamey, hall rent for election..... 7 00
George J. Hager, dog tax 1901..... 137 20
Balance on hand..... 167 71

Total..... 696 46

But for money and the need of it there would not be half the friendship that there is in the world. It is powerful for good if divinely used.—George MacDonald.

Investigation will reveal that every successful man gets down to work early.—Acheson Globe.

To the Electors of Lake County.

I have decided to allow my name to appear before the Republican Convention of Lake county for the nomination for the legislature. My record in the General Assembly is an open book, and I feel that I am qualified to protect the agricultural interests of the county as well as the interests of every individual citizen, and ask your support in the election of delegates.

GEO. R. LYON.

Waukegan, Feb. 17, 1902.

To the Electors of Lake County.

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of treasurer of Lake county, subject to the action of the Republican County convention soon to be held, and solicit the support of the voters of the county through their delegates to be chosen in the precinct caucuses.

LEWIS C. PRICE.

Waukegan, Feb. 17, 1902.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Methodist Episcopal.
Rev. W. H. Tuttle, Pastor. Services held each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12.

Salem Evangelical.
Rev. A. W. Strickfaden, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 9:15 o'clock.

Baptist.
Rev. Clinton D. Mahew, Pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:35 o'clock.

Zion Evangelical.
Rev. J. Haller, Pastor. Services each Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10 o'clock.

St. Ann's Catholic.
Rev. Father Quinn, Pastor. Regular service the first Sunday and third Saturday in each month. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran.
Rev. Alfred Menzel, Pastor. Services each Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:30.

Arrival and Departure of Trains

C. & N. W. Ry.

WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

NORTH. SOUTH.

L.V. Chicago 8:30am 8:25am 8:45am 5:25am 5:34am 6:35

8:05 9:00 9:12 5:50 5:58 6:55

10:50 11:49 12:00 m 6:35 6:45 7:35

*12:00pm 2:18 2:50 7:00 7:09 8:10

1:30 2:35pm 2:50 7:30 7:40 8:40

3:27 4:25 4:35 9:22 9:30 10:15

5:01 5:54 6:03 9:30 9:40 10:40

6:01 7:03 7:15 12:30pm 12:40pm 1:40

6:35 7:35 7:50 2:35 2:45 3:50

8:00 8:56 9:05 6:07 6:16 7:00

11:35 12:28 12:40 6:49 6:57 7:45

SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTH. SOUTH.

L.V. Chicago 4:00am 8:00 8:53 9:03 7:30am 7:40am 8:35pm

9:10 10:19 10:32 4:25 4:35 5:40

1:30pm 2:35pm 2:50pm 5:45 5:55 7:00

4:45 5:46 5:56 8:48 8:58 9:45

6:35 7:35 7:50 9:05 9:15 10:15

11:35 12:28 12:40 9:15 9:15 10:15

Saturday only.

C. H. MORRISON,

Justice of the Peace,

Collection Attended to
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SANDMAN & CO.

John Robertson, Pres.

R. L. Robertson, Cashier.

John G. Flagg, Vice-Prest.

—R. C. P. Sandman.

Barrington, Illinois

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who can furnish a horse and wagon to represent us

to such a man we can offer a

LIBERAL PROPOSITION

Applicants will please give references, also present occupation. Address

WHEELER & WILSON Mfg. Co

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Items of Interest Picked Up in Surrounding Towns for The Perusal of Review Readers.

WAUCONDA.

J. H. Forbes of Union called here Wednesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Stoen Monday, a baby girl.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Davlin are proud parents of little girl, born last Thursday.

Frank and Earl Harrison of Chicago spent Sunday with their parents in our village.

Frank Murray of Chicago spent Sunday and Monday with his parents in our village.

Mat Freund of Johnsbury spent Saturday at Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Freund.

Mrs. H. Golding and Miss Della Hammond visited with friends at Barrington the first of the week.

Homer Cooke and Mr. Wilmot of Waukegan called on friends in our village Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Zimmer and son Lee and Miss Emma Zimmer of Long Grove, called on Miss Sarah Geary Wednesday.

Now that we are to have the special gravel tax Wauconda may expect a great improvement in its town roads in the next year or two.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Waelti and family, who have occupied the R. C. Hill residence for the past two years, have moved into rooms in the rear of the old post office building.

Mrs. L. E. Golding returned to her home in Chicago Saturday, after visiting a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Neville. She was accompanied by Mrs. Etta Neville, who will spend a week with her in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Givens, who have conducted the Lakeside hotel and buffet for the past month, have resigned their position and moved into the Malmant tenement house on Maple avenue. Clint Griswold will now have charge of the buffet and Mrs. Mary Ladd has rented the hotel, which she will conduct the coming season.

The village caucus last Saturday afternoon was quite exciting and a hotly contested affair. The polls were open from 2 to 4 o'clock, which gave nearly all an opportunity to vote. 90 ballots were cast and the following candidates were nominated: For president, E. W. Brooks; for trustees, James Murray, J. M. Fuller and Frank Roney; for clerk, K. V. Werden. A petition ticket has been named with Arthur Cooke for president in opposition to E. W. Brooks.

The town election last Tuesday drew out but ninety-five ballots, little more than one-third of the votes in the town. There was but one ticket in the field, but the strife was on "for or against" a 75-cent special gravel tax. The officers elected were: Supervisor, J. Golding; clerk, Arthur Powers; assessor, Arthur Cooke; collector, Otto Waelti; commissioners of highways, Homer Fisher, Ray Padcock and James Monaghan. The special levy for gravel tax carried by a vote of 49 to 33.

NEW ELECTRIC ROAD.

The railroad mass meeting held at Oakland hall Wednesday evening was an interesting and encouraging affair. L. C. Price was appointed chairman of the meeting and Mr. Stees, one of the railroad promoters, delivered the opening address and stated the object of the meeting, desiring to know if the people were interested in the railroad, what support could be expected in the line of patronage, milk-shipping and general produce and if it would be a paying investment.

James Murray was called upon to state what he knew in regard to advantages of milk-shipping and responded, stating that he had found a third difference in shipping milk or taking it to local creameries and said nobody who could have shipping facilities would take their milk to a factory. Arthur Cooke, Edgan Green and Warren Powers were called upon for their opinion, after which Mr. Lageschulte of Barrington was introduced, who being largely interested in milk industry at Barrington, stated that although he owned a half interest in a creamery, he must admit that shipping would net at least a third more than a factory could. Mr. Stees then asked to know the opinion of the farmers in regard to supporting a condensing factory at Wauconda, which would net still more than the shipping industry and upon guarantee of 30,000 pounds of milk daily would secure the location of a condensing factory if we had the railroad facilities. He stated that the proposed road was to run from Barrington to Wauconda and to be operated by steam for freight and electricity for passenger service. Later the road was to be extended

from Wauconda to Waukegan and from Barrington to Elgin. From Barrington to Wauconda the road is to follow the section line, which makes a distance of eight miles and will cost about \$20,000 per mile to build and equip. Now in order to build, the following concessions are asked: That a 25-year lease on the lake be obtained, the right of way and a special donation of \$2,000 per mile towards the construction, whereupon the road is guaranteed to be completed and in running order by June 15th. Mr. Stees then asked Mr. Price to appoint a committee to confer with him on Thursday morning between 7:30 and 8 o'clock at the Oakland hotel to assist them in furthering the project, calling upon the property owners and getting their assistance towards forwarding the enterprise. The following were appointed: James Murray, A. L. Price, John Golding, J. Spencer and Warren Powers.

A Valuable Medicine

For coughs and colds in children. "I have not the slightest hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to all who are suffering from coughs of colds," says Chas. M. Cramer, a well known watchmaker of Colombo, Ceylon. "It has been some twenty years since the city dispensary called my attention to this valuable medicine and I have repeatedly used it and it has always been beneficial. It has cured me quickly of all chest colds. It is especially effective for children and seldom takes more than one bottle to cure them of hoarseness. I have persuaded many to try this valuable medicine, and they are all as well pleased as myself over the results." For sale by all druggists.

LANGENHEIM.

Miss Ethel McGraw returned home Thursday.

Joe Caveny has left Cuba tower and is in Barrington.

Joe Welch is spending a few days here with his brother.

Miss Mildred Kelsey visited her aunt at Cary this week.

Miss Lizzie Langenheim spend a few days with friends in Chicago.

Quite a few from here attended the dance at Lake Zurich Monday evening.

Mrs. O. Zimmerman is spending a few weeks with relatives and friends at Algonquin.

Paint, kalsomine or paint brushes. You will find a complete line at lowest prices at Lamey & Co's.

Mrs. J. McGraw was called to McHenry Tuesday evening by the death of her brother, Robert Hudson.

Mr. Tracy of Canada, brother of Mrs. Robert Hudson, attended the funeral of Robert Hudson at Barrington Thursday.

LAKE ZURICH.

FOR SALE OR RENT—The Lake Zurich house, known as the Ficke hotel. A first-class chance for the right party. For particulars inquire of E. A. Ficke.

CARPENTERSVILLE.

Wm. Capes and family of Elgin were late visitors.

Mrs. L. Milhuff spent several days in Chicago recently.

Mrs. Jackman of Crystal Lake visited at Mrs. Button's.

The Easter concert Sunday evening was a decided success.

The ladies guild will hold a basket social here Friday evening.

The Guild held a foreign missionary meeting Friday afternoon.

New members will be taken into the Congregational church here next Sunday.

Clarence Sawyer of Wisconsin spent the Easter vacation at home with his parents.

The village property of the late Mrs. Hawkins is being improved by an addition to the house.

Will Smith of Joliet spent his 50th birthday April 1st with his mother, Mrs. Rachael Smith.

Irving and Stuart Miller, who are in partnership, are doing considerable work here, Dundee and at Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hendrickson celebrated their 25th wedding anniversary Friday evening of last week.

Heath & Milligan's floor paint is the best on the market. Sold in gallon, half-gallon and quart cans by Lamey & Co.

Supervisor's Term of Office.

In relation to supervisors being elected every year hereafter, instead of every two years, because of the last legislature repealing the provisions of this act, it is well to state that Attorney General Hamlin has prepared an opinion on the questions and it covers the matter fully, says the Harvard Herald. It reviews the legislation that has been enacted at different times, and concerning the amendment which it has been claimed affects the act fixing the term, says:

"If the act of 1889 is in any way repealed or modified, it is wholly by implication. Repeals by implications are not favored and where the new law can be construed consistently with the old, the former law will not be held to be repealed." Concluding the opinion he sums up the matter in these words: "The act of 1901 can be construed that supervisors are to be selected at the annual town meetings and that the town clerk, assessor and collector shall hold their office for one year, but the act of 1889, referred to a specific subject, shall remain in force and the supervisors shall hold their office for two years. I am of the opinion that the act of 1901 does not change the length of time for which a supervisor should hold his office."

C. F. Hall Co., Dundee.

Fancy safeen petticoats, single flounce, 35c; 2,000 yards fancy braids, including black mohair braid, 1c per yard; special sale manufacturers' lot of French corsets, worth \$1; at 49c; 4 yard bundle of dress facing 1c; bankrupt and sample sales in linen laces 3, 4, 5 and 6c per yard; ladies' ribbed vests and pants, 25c grade, 19c, extra sizes at 21c; men's light weight ribbed 50c underwear at 35c; sale of embroideries from two bankrupt stocks, great saving values, 2, 3, 5, 6 and 9c per yd; ladies' wrappets, full size, well made, standard goods, 49 to 75c; gold dust 14c for 4-lb package; Wisdom washing powder 10c; Pillsbury's Best flour 95c; full width fancy silk velvets 39c. Seeing is believing; examine our values. Remember our inducement to out-of-town customers.

Village Election.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 15th day of April next, at the village hall in the village of Palatine, county of Cook and state of Illinois, an election will be held for the following village officers, viz:

One president of the board.
Three village trustees.
One village clerk.

Which election will be open from 7 o'clock in the morning and will continue open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Given under my hand at Palatine the 1st day of April, A. D., 1902.

HARRY H. SCHOPPE, Village clerk

The Same Tongue.

"Hi say, you know," said the cockney addressing the Bowery boy. "we cawn't be enemies; we 'ave to be brothers. We speak the same lyangwydge, you know."

"Wot t'ell. Holler fer an inturpreter. You're wuzzy. I seen you batten your eye. Git proper; git proper!"—Chicago Record-Herald.

Methods of Genius.

"Dr. Johnson could remember everything he wrote," said the literary man. "That is the difference between Dr. Johnson and myself," answered the composer of music. "I write everything I can remember."—Washington Star.

Inconsistency in Clocks.

Wigg—It's queer how time flies. Wagg—Yes; you would think that clocks ought to have wings instead of hands and feet.—Philadelphia Record.

Doves and Coronations.

At the ancient ceremonies of coronation of the French kings, after the anointing had been performed, some white doves were let loose in the church. This was supposed to symbolize the power of the Holy Ghost in directing the king's actions. A similar idea seems to have inspired all early kings, for among the English regalia is the rod of equity or the scepter with the dove. This is simply a golden rod with a mound at the top, which supports a cross. On this cross is a dove, fashioned of white enamel, with expanded wings. Some fine diamonds ornament the rod in various places.

No Excuse This Time.

"It was a new gun, your honor," protested the prisoner, "and I did not know it was loaded."

"But," argued the judge, "the dealer has just told us that you did not pay for the weapon."

"What has that to do with it?"

"Well, if you didn't pay for it the dealer must have charged it for you."

And the judge tried to look as much like the pictures of Solomon as he could.—Baltimore American.

Wrong Presumption.

Visitor—Am I right in presuming that it was your passion for strong drink that brought you here?

Prisoner—Say, boss, I guess yer don't know dis joint. It's de last place on eart' I'd come ter if I wuz lookin' fer booze.—Judge.

Still Looking.

Aunt Hannah—When I was here two years ago, Hulda was looking for a husband. She is married now.

Uncle George—Yes, but she is still looking for him—that is to say, a good deal of the time.—Boston Transcript.

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THAN ANY PAINT

EVER PUT ON...

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THIS PAINT has been on the market for over 50 years and has given the best of satisfaction wherever used. Everyone knows what they buy when they get Heath & Milligan's goods; you are not purchasing with your eyes closed. It has withstood every test. If used according to instructions, and not as represented, the material will cost you nothing. Put up in 52 popular colors.



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reolite

For Floor Painting, 10 colors to select from. Dries over night. This paint gives entire satisfaction and is best floor paint made.

Climax

BUGGY PAINT for painting buggies, carriages, etc. All the latest colors. This paint contains varnish and dries in 12 hours with a high lustre.

Wagon Paint

For painting wagons, farming machinery, etc. Made to stand the wear and tear. 8 colors to select from.

Family Prepared Paint,

32 colors for household purposes. Put up in pint and half-pint cans.

Satsuma

Interior Enamel. Neatest thing put up for decorative purposes. 22 popular shades. This enamel is just the thing to brighten up the home.

Hygienic

KALSOMINE is put up in 12 shades. It is a durable wall finish and can be put on by an inexperienced person with good results.

Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil, White Lead, Turpentine, Varnish Hard Oils, Dry Colors, Colors in Oil, etc. etc.

Headquarters for Brick, Drain Tile, Cement, Lime, Stucco, Rock Plaster, Plastering Hair, Stone, etc.

LAMEY & COMPANY,
BARRINGTON.

An American Nabob.

A Remarkable Story of Love, Gold and Adventure.

By ST. GEORGE RATHBORNE

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CHAPTER X (Continued.)

Not that shots were uncommon in San Jose by any means, for where men carry arms continually it is only natural that an occasional explosion occurs.

But there was something peculiar about this discharge—it came in the midst of silence, and seemed, as indeed it must be, a signal.

Jack struck a match and lit his pipe. It was none of his funeral, any way, and if on the morrow the good people of Gautarica woke up under another dynasty, why that was their lookout. The recollection of Barrajo gave Jack something of a shock, for he remembered the expressed determination of the general that he should be made a full-fledged citizen of the stormy little republic, with all the rights and privileges that citizenship implied.

Could that mean duties, too?

Would he be expected to sally forth and join in the game of hide and seek, of shooting at one who wore the rival colors, whether in arms or endeavoring to escape?

He guessed not. Still he dared not go to sleep—who would care to do so when a volcano was in eruption all around?—and the night gradually wore away.

The clamor died away a dozen times, only to break out afresh.

At last, dawn.

Jack Overton was jolly glad to see it arrive through the little window.

He devoutly prayed he might not pass another such night for a long time to come.

Somehow, he could not but speculate as to the complexion of the new dynasty, and what effect, if any, the change might have on his fortunes.

Then came a heavy rap on the door—a rap he knew full well could proceed from no other than Barrajo. So Overton, pipe still in hand, stepped over to the door and opened it.

He had no sooner done so than a mighty cheer went up from more than two score of throats.

Jack stared in amazement, for he realized that the whole army of the republic was represented in that double line of shouting and gesticulating troops, some of them barefooted, others most gorgeously apparelled, and all carrying arms.

General Barrajo stood there, smiling and bowing.

To say that Overton was surprised, would be expressing it mildly—he could not for the life of him understand why the general wanted to marshal his ragtag and bobtail army before his little domicile in order to tell him who was "in" and who was "out" at the palace. To Barrajo he must look for an explanation, and when a wave of that hero's sword again brought silence upon the scene, Jack hastened to ask:

"What does this mean, general?"

"They want a speech, Señor Overton—it is customary."

"Then why don't you give it to them?"

"Por Dios! It is not Barrajo they wish to hear. Every day I make them a speech and swear at them in six languages. It is you, señor, you alone, they clamor to hear."

"Good heavens! why should I address your old army?" demanded Jack, agitated and with growing uneasiness.

"Because, Señor Overton, you have been appointed to rule over us—last night you ceased to be a plain citizen and became the President of Gautarica Republic!"

CHAPTER XI

Jack Moves On the Palace.

You could almost have knocked Jack Overton down with a feather when he heard Barrajo make this astounding declaration—in fact he was tempted to pinch himself, in order to discover whether he were awake or sleeping.

It was not Jack's habit to appear distressed—whether the announcement were a huge canard, or given in dead earnest, he did not mean these men of Gautarica should see him staggered, so he quickly pulled himself together and, laughing, said:

"Ah! indeed! Thank you for the honor, but tell me, how did this little event transpire?"

"In the natural course of events, your excellency. The noble army had grown weary of Roblado, whose promises of reform were never kept. They liked Montejó no better, and, as usual, elected me dictator, with the power to choose their next President."

A wave of the sword brought out another blast of cheers and whistles and vivas—then silence.

It was wonderful.

"But, see here, I am an alien!" protested Jack, weakly.

"Not so—you have been a full-fledged citizen of the republic for two days, and, as such, as eligible to the presidency as any man among us," declared the general, smiling blandly.

"Then I can't decline?" dubiously.

"It is too late—presidents die and run away, but they never decline."

"Well, in that case, I might as well make the best of a bad bargain and go in. Only I warn you, general, I shall really be the president, and the reforms you have heard me speak of must engage our immediate attention."

Now, few men could have adapted themselves to the situation in that masterly manner!

"Are you ready to take the oath of office?"

"At any time," was the nonchalant reply.

Some people might have thought such a solemn ceremony necessitated pomp and full dress—they might even have been horrified at the sight of the new president standing in his shirt sleeves within the doorway of his adobe domicile, with his pipe between his teeth, holding up his right hand and repeating in Spanish the oath of office, which Barrajo uttered for perhaps the thirteenth time in his long-held capacity as dictator.

Thus it was done.

The general called for a farewell round of cheers, and they were given with as much good will as the husky and parched throats that had been in positive evidence all night could muster.

Then the rabble betook itself off, much to Jack's relief, the general not forgetting to give the highly entertaining military salute due to the exalted office his friend and protégé now occupied.

Having once embarked upon the sea of adventure, Jack had become quite reckless as to what port he brought up at.

There was at least a chance that this astonishing change in his fortunes might mean a material advance in the line of his dream, for he had never yet heard of a president of a Central American republic who had not managed by some means or other, fair or foul, to amass wealth by virtue of his position.

Book Two.

The Modern Argonauts.

Two years had flown since Señor Jack was duly installed in office as president of the republic—such a period Gautarica had never seen before, and would hardly witness again in the next decade. It would be impossible to narrate the many successes and failures Jack made during those two years, nor shall I attempt it, since more important events await our attention.

About the only cloud in Jack's sky was Dona Juanita, who had become passionately enamored of him. Barrajo, who dearly desired to see him settled down, advised him to marry her, and cast his fortunes for all time with the people of his adoption.

Whereupon Jack felt compelled to narrate the whole story of his past, and Barrajo was so affected by it that he fell upon his neck and wept tears of sympathy, generous old soul that he was.

But Barrajo was fearful of the revenge Dona Juanita might take if her love were openly repulsed, and finally confided to Jack the plan he had for the advancement of their fortunes. Briefly it was this:

When Cortez, with fire and sword, scourged the fair land of the Montezumas to the north, and his savage soldiers dealt out death with a lavish hand whenever the people failed to respond to their stern orders for more treasure, a reign of terror had swept over the whole of Mexico.

Then it was that thousands fled to the unknown southland, led by their priests, seeking new homes amid the forest-clad wilderness of Central America.

Since the object of Cortez's brutal soldiers' decree was to gain possession of what riches the country possessed, these guardians of the temples, before indulging in flight, despoiled them of the golden images and jewel-studded altars, which vast treasures they carried with them, determined that, come what might, these bearded barbarians from over the sea should not succeed in accomplishing their boasted object.

History tells of the wonderful booty secured by the Spanish conquistadors; indeed, the imagination is appalled at the extent of the riches they secured. In Peru, the people, hoping to ransom their captive Inca, Atahualpa, from the cruel hands of Pizarro, had readily filled a room seventeen feet square and as high as a man could reach with gold in the shape of ingots and statues from the temples and palaces, and history likewise declares that the quantity of treasure conveyed away and concealed forever from the covetous eyes of the Europeans "was said to have infinitely surpassed that which they had secured."

As in Peru, so it was also in Mexico, richest of all the native countries of the new world—there fugitive priests carried with them to the new land to the south probably the most astounding collection of treasure ever gathered together since the world began.

This was the bee that for years had buzzed in the bonnet of old General Barrajo—he had never let it get out of his mind day or night in all that time.

"And, Señor Jack," he now declared, triumphantly, slapping the president familiarly on the back, "success has crowned my long search. Yes, por Dios, señor, I believe I have found the treasure."

CHAPTER XII

A Sentinel of the Centuries.

When he heard what General Barrajo had to say Jack Overton found some difficulty in restraining his delight. Should this enormous fortune fall into their hands how his sanguine dreams would be realized, and what wonderful things he could accomplish.

Barrajo disclosed a rude parchment map, supposed to have been drawn by an Indian many scores of years before.

Overton, with that readiness characteristic of the enterprising American, at once made a duplicate copy of the same.

Then they talked over the wonderful matter in a most serious way, arranging their plans even down to the most minute details.

The crisis was coming none too soon, Jack concluded, for unless something happened to get him out of the country there must presently be an explosion.

He had feared it of late, for Dona Juanita was beaming love upon him every time they met, and from more than one quarter he found black looks bent upon him by the jealous-minded young gallants of San Juan.

Many a conqueror of kingdoms has met his fate finally through the vengeful hand of a woman whose love he has treated lightly.

Overton cursed the hour when he first saw this dark-eyed houri luring her two rivals to meet in deadly combat so that the public ball might wind up in its usual blaze of glory.

Here then came old Barrajo, just in the nick of time, it seemed, with a grand project which, if successful, would open up an avenue of escape.

Thus Overton was doubly anxious to make a start, having so much at stake.

The general declared two days would be quite sufficient to make all his preparations, for he believed in being adequately armed and equipped for any emergency.

It was a moonlight night when they set out, and as usual San Jose was given up to music and merry making.

Our two fortune hunters waited until near the noon of night, when the hot time in the old town had in a measure subsided, and then, suitably disguised so as to conceal their exalted personality from curious eyes, quitted the capital, where the electric lights still glowed and announced the presence of modern institutions.

When the two men left San Jose and plunged into the interior they did not know their movements had been closely watched, and that immediate pursuit was given, yet such was the case.

Evidently others there were who suspected Barrajo's wonderful plans for fortune's favors and meant to take a bid in the same quarter. Perhaps it would grow interesting before the end was reached, especially since the two adventurers carried plenty of arms and were grimly resolved to fight for the prize if it came to that point.

Barrajo soon left the main trail, and they were now traversing what had once been a path through the primeval forest, but was so overgrown with swinging vines that the keen machete of the general was kept swinging most of the time in order to hack out a passage.

Which would naturally make it an easy matter for those who followed to keep upon their trail.

Our two adventurers traveled all day, and at sunset camped for very necessary rest and refreshment. After a hasty meal, only carrying their arms and a pick and shovel between them, to be used in emergencies, they advanced in the direction Barrajo had marked out.

His reasoning was sound.

If Jack doubted it at first, he was presently convinced that the general had built wisely.

"Madre de Dios! Look, Señor Jack!" suddenly exclaimed the dictator, starting back, and pointing to some object beyond.

The white moonlight sifted through the tangled masses of tropical verdure above, and at that particular moment fell full upon what appeared to be a human form, bent partly over in a devotional attitude, and facing the rising moon.

Jack was startled at first, but, seeing no motion to the figure, which was partly covered by the wild undergrowth, he realized that it was a rude statue, carved to represent a sun-worshiper and placed there hundreds of years ago by those who fled from the Spanish reign of terror to the north.

They approached closer, and marveled to find this image apparently of silver.

(To Be Continued.)

INGENUITY OF THE FILIPINOS.

Natives Use a Clever Little Device for Striking Fire.

People who regard the natives of the Philippine Islands as an uncivilized and ignorant race would be surprised to see some of the very clever devices that they have invented to simplify matters of everyday life, says the St. Paul Globe.

For instance, Captain Darrah of the commissary branch of the department of the Dakotas, who recently returned from the islands, brought with him a little device for striking fire that makes the old steel and flint, that was used so long ago in this country, look clumsy and insufficient.

The natives take a caribou horn and bore a small hole in the small end of it. Into this hole they insert a plunger, wrapped so as to fit the hole, so no air may get into the horn, and made to slide smoothly up and down by greasing the wrapping with tallow.

The end of this plunger is hollowed out and when a Filipino wants to strike fire he simply places a small piece of ordinary "punk" in the concave at the end of the plunger, and strikes it a sharp blow, driving the plunger down into the horn.

The compressed air, by the force of the blow, ignites the punk and the plunger is pulled out, the punk flaming and ready for use. This is only one of the many seemingly simple devices that the uncivilized Filipino uses in everyday life.

If you make Sunday too brittle it is sure to be broken.

The saved soul is Christianity's unanswerable argument.

It is well to have your fuel before you buy your kettle.

AS THE WORLD REVOLVES

SAT ON THE THRONE OF A KING.

American Girl Has a Novel Experience in Turkestan.

Miss Mary Pangborn, daughter of Major and Mrs. Joseph G. Pangborn of Baltimore, has had many unique and some rather thrilling experiences as her father's companion on a tour he has just completed of Afghanistan, Turkestan, Persia and other Asiatic countries for the purpose of getting, specimens for the Field Columbian Museum. One of her adventures was to handle the throttle of the engine while the train was rushing across the desert of Persia. Miss Pangborn's friends are confident her experiences on the trip would make an entertaining tale of adventure under the title "From Moscow to Samarkand, in Central Afghanistan, and Return."

Major and Mrs. Pangborn and their daughter traveled in three private cars especially tendered by the czar of Russia. The party were entertained by the Russian officials at every point at which they touched.

At Bakhara, in the absence of the Ameer of Turkestan, Miss Pangborn



assumed his office for a temporary period by seating herself on his royal throne and having tea served.

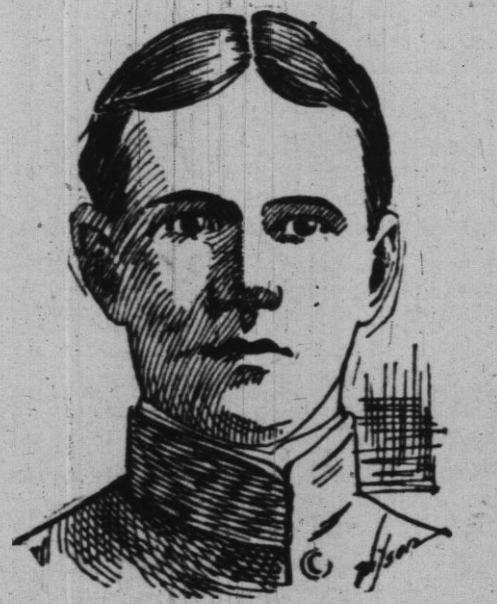
English Crime Statistics.

The British home office report for the year 1900, just issued, shows that out of a million Britons, seventy-four were guilty of crimes against the person, fifty-five were guilty of robbery with violence, 159 were convicted of stealing or defrauding, seven of maliciously injuring property, eight of forging or coining, and twelve of other offenses which brought them to the courts. The proportion of persons previously convicted continues to rise. In 1893 it was 550 per thousand, and now it is 612 per thousand, the total numbering 4,885. The increase in the arrests of previously convicted persons is said to be due chiefly to improved methods of identification.

HE PROVED HIMSELF A FIGHTER.

Not an Expert Mathematician, but a Real American Soldier.

Lieut. L. J. Van Schaick, who failed to pass his examination in mathematics at West Point in 1899 and was dropped from the academy, has just returned from the Philippines with a shattered arm and a mark for remarkable bravery in a single-handed fight with over a score of bolomen, of whom he killed three and held the others at bay until the arrival of reinforcements. A number of the bolomen were armed with rifles. Lieut. Schaick's arm was nearly severed by



a blow from a bolo, and he was sent home to have an operation performed.

Lieut. Van Schaick is the son of State Senator John Van Schaick of Nobleskill, N. Y. After he left West Point he obtained a commission as second lieutenant. His classmates signed a petition asking that he receive the appointment, for if he did not show mathematical genius they were positive that he had the qualifications of a good officer.

Illustrated the Doctrine.

There is a certain small girl who illustrated very clearly the advantages of augmenting the efficacy of prayer by uniting her faith with works. She was pained to find that her brother was setting traps to catch birds. Questioned as to what she had done in the matter she replied: "I prayed that the traps might not catch the birds." "Anything else?" "Yes," she said, "I then prayed that God would prevent the birds getting into the traps, and," as if to illustrate the doctrine of faith and works, "I went and kicked the traps all to pieces."

A Noted Knight Templar Owes His Health to Peruna.

Colonel T. P. Moody, a prominent Knight Templar, is well known in every city in the United States west of Buffalo, N. Y., as a Jeweler's Auctioneer. In the city of Chicago as a prominent lodge man, being a member of the K. T.'s and also of the Masons. The cut shows Colonel Moody in the costume of the Oriental Consistory Masons, 32nd degree.

In a recent letter from 5900 Michigan avenue, Chicago, Ill., Mr. Moody says the following:

"For over twenty-five years I suffered from catarrh, and for over ten years I suffered from catarrh of the stomach terribly."

"I have taken all kinds of medicines and have been treated by all kinds of doctors, as thousands of my acquaintances are aware in different parts of the United States, where I have traveled, but my relief was only temporary, until a little over a year ago I started to take Peruna, and at the present time I am better than I have been for twenty years."

"The soreness has left my stomach entirely and I am free from indigestion and dyspepsia and will say to all who are troubled with catarrh or stomach trouble of any kind, don't put it off and suffer, but begin to take Peruna right away, and keep it up until you are cured, as you surely will be if you persevere."

"My wife, as many in the southwest can say, was troubled with a bad cough and bronchial trouble, and doctors all over the country gave her up to die, as they could do nothing more for her. She began taking Peruna with the result that she is better now than she has been in years, and her cough has almost left her entirely. The soreness has left her lungs and she is as well as she ever was in her life, with thanks, as she says, to Peruna. Yours very truly, T. P. Moody."

Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a general curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hartman. This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past forty years. Prominent men have come to know of its virtues and are making public utterances on the subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we must protect them from disease. The disease that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh.

If one were to make a list of the different names that have been applied to catarrh in different locations and organs, the result would be astonishing. We have often published a partial list of these names, and the surprise caused by the first publication of it to all people, both professional and non-professional, was amusing. And yet we have never enumerated all of the diseases which are classed as catarrh. It must be



Col. T. P. Moody, of Chicago, Had Catarrh Twenty-Five Years and Was Cured by Peruna.

confessed, however, to see even this partial list drawn up in battle array is rather appalling. If the reader desires to see this list, together with a short exposition of each one, send for our free catarrh book. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

BACO-CURO

Suddenly, it injures the nervous system to do so. Use BACO-CURO and it will tell you when to stop as it takes away the desire for tobacco. You have no right to ruin your health, spoil your digestion and poison your breath by using the filthy weed. A guarantee in each box. Price \$1.00 per box, or three boxes for \$2.50, with guarantee to cure or money refunded. At all good Druggists or direct from us. Write for free booklet.

EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., - La Crosse, Wis.

ALABASTINE

THE ONLY DURABLE WALL COATING

Kalsomines are temporary, rot, rub off and scale.

SMALL POX and other disease germs are nurtured and diseases disseminated by wall paper.

ALABASTINE should be used in renovating and disinfecting all walls.

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GOLD STANDARD OIL CO., - Houston, Tex.

Has No EQUAL.

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16oz.

MANUFACTURED BY MAGNETIC STARCH MFG CO OMAHA, NEB.

Yellow, musty looking linen can be avoided by using Defiance Starch, which whitens the goods and makes them like new. Ask for the 16 oz package Defiance Starch. All other starches weigh 12 ounces.

Don't forget it—a better quality and one-third more of it.

THE STANDARD CATTLE COMPANY

Has 12,000 ACRES of the richest land in the West, and will receive applications from tenants desiring to lease land. We also want men with families to work in best fields. Correspond with STANDARD CATTLE COMPANY, Ames, Nebraska.

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3 Pieces, Full Size for 25 cents.
7 Pieces, Full Size for 80 cents.
Vocal or Instrumental. Write for List.

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WHILE ALL THE FALLS
Best Cough Syrup. Takes Effect. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
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WILLIAM PETERS.....JOHN ROBERTSON
WILLIAM GRUNAU.....J. H. HATJE
CLERK.....L. H. BENNETT
TREASURER.....A. L. ROBERTSON
POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH
ATTORNEY.....FRANK ROBERTSON
MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA
FIRE MARSHAL.....HENRY SCHROEDER

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

The "I told you so" people were out in large numbers Tuesday evening.

Never bet on your candidate until after the vote is counted. It's safer.

Rev. Mayhew will speak on the work of the Sunday school next Sunday morning.

Long words, like long dresses, frequently hide something wrong about the understanding.

Robert Nightingale has disposed of residence property on South Hawley street to H. A. Harnden.

The Barrington Store Fixture company has established an office in Chicago at 40 Dearborn street.

Many a merchant is dead, though he doesn't know it. His store is his tomb, and his sigh is his epitaph.

Superintendent Vernon of the plant at Chicago Highlands advertises for young men in this issue. Read it.

Your business machinery getting rusty, beginning to creak? The best lubricant known is oil of advertising.

Blessed is the man who can repeat the ten commandments after walking over some of the sidewalks in this village.

The weekly meeting of the Baptist Sunday school teachers will be held at the home of Mrs. Dodge, next Monday evening.

There was little excitement on West Main street Saturday night, indulged in by visitors from the adjoining settlement.

If Isaac runs after an offender the way he did for the office of constable, the poor devil will have little chance of escape.

The big sugar refinery at Waukegan has shut down for an indefinite period and 400 men are thrown out of employment.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Davlin will be pleased to learn of the safe arrival at their home of a 12-pound boy.

William Hall of Gilmer is a candidate for the office of sheriff of Lake county. He claims to have a good substantial following.

FOR SALE—Block No. 5, consisting of 4 lots and three houses, on Grove avenue, Barrington. Call on or address J. H. Collen, Crystal Lake.

The Deutschverein Easter ball given at Stott's hall Monday evening was a success in every particular. The attendance was large and enjoyment without limit.

Clean up your premises. Now is the time to make your property holdings look presentable. Don't rake off the lawn and let it go at that, but get right after the back yard.

William F. Hogan, assistant supervisor from East Deerfield, came close to being defeated Tuesday. The vote was Hogan 410; Fritsch 398. They are after William good and hard.

We wish to thank our neighbors and friends for the kindness and sympathy tendered us during our sad bereavement. T. J. EDWARDS.
Mrs. F. H. HOWE.

Rev. Altfield, a converted Jew, will deliver a lecture at the Methodist church on Wednesday evening, April 16, under the auspices of the Epworth League. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

Levi Higley has sold his handsome home on Lake street to George Spinner of Chicago, for a cash consideration of \$4,200. Mr. Spinner will remove here and make this his home.

WANTED—At the American Malleable Iron Works, Chicago Highlands, fifty young men from 16 to 20 years of age to learn the moulding trade. Apply in person to P. J. Vernon, superintendent at the works.

Petition candidates are growing more unpopular with the voters every year. When the caucus don't want you go' way back, sit down and wait until you are called. Then and only then will the voters be with you.

Engineer Will Thorp is confined to his home owing to an injury to his left leg sustained by falling into the turntable pit at Chicago avenue round house. His legion of friends hope he will soon be able to resume his run.

The Easter exercises given at the Baptist church Sunday evening attracted a large and appreciative audience. The Sunday school had charge of the program and the beautiful "Birthday of Hope," the musical offering, was rendered in a very pleasing manner.

The Lake County Republican convention has been called to meet at Libertyville, Saturday, April 26. The town of Cuba is entitled to six delegates. Primaries for selection of delegates will be held Friday, April 25.

Governor Yates has issued a proclamation designating Friday, April 25, as Arbor day. It is expected that this day will be set apart for the planting of trees, shrubs and flowers and for the decoration of private and public buildings.

W. L. Blanchard, former pastor of the Baptist church, has left the ministry and will pursue the study of law in connection with other literary work. It is said he will remain in our village until fall.

The Waukegan Register-Gazette wants a boy and advertises for him as follows: "Wanted—A bright boy about 16 years old at this office; good change to lean trade." What that hyphenated organ needs is a boy 10 years of age to read proof.

Wauconda people held a meeting Wednesday evening to further plans to aid the proposed electric railroad "headed our way." Everybody will be pleased when the trolley sings its merry song along the highways between here and our sister village.

At an Epworth League business meeting held at the home of Miss Grace Freeman Tuesday evening, March 25, Miss Hattie L. Tuttle, Miss Grace Freeman and Elmer Frye were chosen delegates to the convention to be held at St. Charles on April 25, 26 and 27.

From an exchange we learn the following: Be polite under all circumstances. It is the proper thing. Of all things, do not go where you are not invited. Therefore you should not enter a store where they do not advertise. Such places are private property and should not be invaded by the public unless a general invitation is given.

There is an individual going about this village corrupting the morals of the young boys by reciting vulgar tales and exhibiting obscene pictures. He hails from a neighboring town and it would be well for him to remain in his own bailiwick. Tar and feathers may cover him if he persists in his contemptible conduct.

Frank Just, of the Libertyville Independent, says: "Do I believe in hell as a place of future punishment? Well, I don't know. When I think of all the mean things other people have done to me, I'd give ten dollars and ninety-nine cents to know there is a hell; but when I think of all the mean things I have done to other people I'd give more than that to know for certain there is none."

Chicago Highlands will have a voice in Cuba township affairs next spring, and if the voting population increases as rapidly as predicted the voice will be a strong one. With 100 votes down there they could form most any kind of a combination and dictate the nominations. It is said over 40 votes will be polled from that settlement at the fall election and probably 100 next spring.

The Easter exercises at the Baptist church, Sunday evening, proved beautiful and attractive. It celebrated the Birthday of Hope. Miss Gladys Lines impersonated Hope, Miss Ida Hutchinson, Joy; Miss Grace Young as Grief, Hope and Joy were robed in white and Grief in black, which was discarded near the close of the program for one of white. The younger pupils of the Sunday school carried their parts well, and are deserving of much credit, especially little Pearl Wilmer who presented the bouquet of violets as the gift to Hope.

The Thursday club was entertained at the home of Mrs. Luella Ausin at Ravenswood, Thursday afternoon. An entertaining program was given which consisted of instrumental and vocal solos by Misses Ethel and Jessie Austin; recitations by Miss Gertrude Lutsch, and readings by Mesdames Minnie Hawley and Zoe Meyer. At the conclusion of the program a social time was enjoyed, after which a luncheon was served. Besides the club members Mrs. Austin had as guests Madames McCabe, Loomis, Miller and Gillett, and Misses Jessie Austin, Eva Castle and Gertrude Lutsch. The club will meet next Thursday at the home of Mrs. Thomas Dolan.

Old Settler at Rest.

Mrs. Emily Holbrook, one of the oldest settlers of Barrington, died at her home at Barrington Center March 31, and the age of 66 years and 1 week. Emily Hammond was born in Steuben county, N. Y., on March 24, 1836, and came west with her parents in October, 1840. She was married to Lucius M. Holbrook March 19, 1856, who died January 26, 1870. She had been an intense sufferer for many years, but was interested in every good work and an active Sunday school worker as long as her health would permit.

Deceased leaves one sister, Mrs. Chloe Peirce of Barrington and two nephews, Chas. A. Peirce of Tallapoosa, Ga., and E. H. Gould of Barrington.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Emma Jahnke visited friends in Chicago Sunday.

F. J. Hollister and wife were Chicago visitors Thursday.

Miss Frances Tiers of Chicago is the guest of Miss Lelia Lines.

D. H. Crouse and wife are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sadt.

Mrs. Clarence Wheeler of Chicago was among friends here Saturday.

W. L. Blanchard departed Thursday for Iowa to visit his wife and little ones.

I. B. Fox was at Palatine Monday doing field work for the Court of Honor.

Miss Julia Lamey of Chicago visited her sister Margaret at the old home Easter Sunday.

Miss Rose Lock returned from an extended visit with relatives at Marseilles, Thursday.

Pat Corkins is down south among the magnolia groves of Louisiana, and enjoying his visit.

Miss Nettie Lombard is now employed in the Chicago office of the Barrington Store Fixture Co.

Robert Nightingale moved with his family the first of the week to Elgin, where he has purchased a home.

Mrs. Jefferson Dockery of West Chicago has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Meyer, for some days past.

A. V. H. Kimberly and wife will return to their summer home here from their winter home at West Newton, Mass., May 1.

Edward N. Stees of Chicago, promoter of the proposed new railway line to connect Barrington and Wauconda, made this office a pleasant call Monday.

Ed B. Taylor of Aurora was here on Wednesday looking for a residence in which to house his family, who will remove here next month. Ed will work in Chicago.

Mrs. C. E. Churchill and daughter departed Thursday for their future home at Athens, Ill., where Mr. Churchill has located. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Churchill and daughter wish them success and happiness wherever they may roam.

BATTLE OF THE BALLOTS.

The Regular Tickets in Cuba and Barrington Townships Successful.

At the township elections held in the several towns in this section Tuesday, voters once more set the stamp of disapproval upon petition candidates. The result shows plainly that the people are satisfied to pin their faith to candidates who are chosen in regular caucus, and that is a sensible view of the matter. When a seeker after office allows his name to go before a regularly constituted primary and discovers that the majority of voters do not favor his candidacy, he should submit gracefully to majority rule. It has been demonstrated in both Barrington and Cuba townships the past two years, that the petition candidate is regarded as a sort of interloper and when voters get a chance to retire such candidate they do so.

The vote polled in Barrington and Cuba townships was most satisfactory to the candidates. The weather was raw and disagreeable but the voters were interested and gave the tickets substantial support.

Barrington Township.

The regular ticket made a clean sweep. The total number of votes polled was 285. The contest, if such it may be called, was for the offices of collector and highway commissioner. John Broemmekamp the regular nominee for collector was opposed by A. W. Landwer. Henry Brinker, the regular nominee for highway commissioner was opposed by Fred Homuth.

Following is the result:
A. H. Boehmer, supervisor, 267.
J. C. Plagge, assessor, 268.
Leroy Powers, town clerk, 264.
J. Broemmekamp, collector, 203.
A. W. Landwer, collector, 82.
John C. Brasel, constable, 256.
Henry Brinker, highway com., 206.
Fred Homuth, highway com., 72.
W. N. Miller, school trustee, 252.

Cuba Township.

The contest in this township was for the office of assessor. The fight made on Fred Kirschner in the caucus, where he won the regular nomination over F. L. Waterman, was carried to the polls. The campaign put up against Mr. Kirschner was rather spirited, and his opponents left no stone unturned to give their candidate a clear track. Some little, petty personalities were injected into the contest, but they did not carry weight with the voters who believe in placing men in office because of qualification. Again, the voters of this township believe in majority rule and display but little regard for the petition candidate.

I. B. Fox, the regular nominee for constable had no trouble in defeating

George Prouty, sr., who was a petition candidate. The total vote cast was 193, the largest polled at town election in several years, was divided as follows:

M. T. Lamey, supervisor, 146.
J. F. Gieske, town clerk, 144.
Fred Kirschner, assessor, 117.
F. L. Waterman, assessor, 72.
Henry Kirmse, collector, 145.
Geo. J. Hager, highway com., 144.
I. B. Fox, constable, 125.
Geo. Prouty, sr., constable, 51.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER

To be Considered at Annual Meeting of the Board of Education.

If there is one matter in which the people of Barrington are interested it is the welfare of the public schools. Anything pertaining to the prosperity and future convenience of our educational institution should have the careful attention of every citizen.

For years there has been an urgent necessity for larger school grounds and better buildings. Adjoining property has been coyed by the board for several years, but that body has not, until the present, seen its way clear to acquire it. Now the demand must be met. The population of the village is increasing and it is only a question of a short time when the present school building, which is inadequate and totally unfit for school purposes, must be replaced by a modern structure. More ground will be necessary.

The board has now under consideration the purchase of lots 44 and 45 in County Clerk's subdivision, known as the Frey and Nightingale properties on South Hawley street. The Nightingale property was recently acquired by H. A. Harnden, and he will dispose of the same. This additional ground is just what the board desires for a site adapted to their purposes.

April 19 the annual school meeting will be held and this important matter will come before the board, and it is hoped a petition will be presented empowering the board to purchase the property. It is an opportunity which our citizens cannot afford to overlook.

In this connection it may be stated that there is a demand for a primary school room on the north side of the village but that should in no way interfere with action as to the improvement of the central school grounds.

A Church Wedding.

Thursday evening St. Paul's Evangelical church was the scene of a pretty wedding. Surrounded by beautiful flowers, beneath the glare of incandescent lights, in the presence of an assembly which filled the edifice, Harry Frick and Amelia Pavelse were united in the bonds of matrimony by Rev. Alfred Menzel who read the impressive marriage ritual of the Lutheran faith.

The bride was gowned in white cashmere, natural flowers being the only ornaments, and carried bride's roses. The couple was unattended.

At the close of the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Frick entered the parsonage where they received the congratulations of relatives and their immediate friends, after which they repaired to Schaefer's hall where a party was tendered them, dancing and refreshments being part of the program.

Harry and his bride have the best wishes of hundreds of friends who know him to be a gentleman of worth and his chosen companion one who will prove a valued helpmate in the journey over the road of domestic trials and successes.

May their future be one of happiness and prosperity.

Pearl M. Edwards.

Death loves a shining mark. In the harvest that grim destroyer lays his sickle upon those whose life work has fairly begun with the same force as is spent upon those who have lived the allotted years. Indeed this messenger is no respecter of persons or conditions. Last Friday F. J. Edwards, agent of the E. J. & E. road at this station, was called upon to part with his dearest earthly treasure, his young wife Pearl. Her illness was of short duration and the severing of earthly ties sudden and unexpected. But 19 years of age she had just started on the roadway of happy womanhood, content with the love and protection of a kind and indulgent husband. She had resided here since last December and was highly esteemed by those with whom she associated. This bereavement is one in which the husband, so sorely afflicted, has the sympathy of every member of this community.

The body was taken to Waukegan, O., the birthplace of deceased, for interment.

FOR RENT—House containing ten rooms with good barn at 407 Cook st. Apply to A. D. Church, Barrington.

FOR SALE—Barred Plymouth Rock eggs, Cunningham strain, for setting. Price 2c each, straight. E. N. Gifford 1 1/2 miles south of Barrington.

REWARD—I will pay \$5.00 reward for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of parties distributing rubbish and scrap iron on my North Hawley street lots.

M. C. MCINTOSH.

THE HIGHER LIFE.

EDITED BY HACKNEY.

"Live and let live," is a maxim old,
But it has a selfish ring;
We of today ask the fair, pure gold,
And this is the song we sing;
A hand to all, and live and help live.
Sorrow and sin may be ours to share
As the days we thus employ.
But a helpful love can make it fair,
And sadness be turned to joy.
Thus traveling life's pathway rough,
We'll give
A hand to all, and live and help live.

Do not wait about doing anything until you can achieve a stroke of genius; fill in the waiting time with steady strokes of the ax or hammer.

You will never cure your brother of his errors by sneering at him. If he is ignorant he needs to be dealt with patiently. If he is willfully wrong, kindness and prayer will better suit his case.

Let us do our duty, and pray that we may do our duty here, now, today; not in dreamy sweetness, but in active energy; not in the green oasis of the future, but in the dusty desert of the present; not in the imaginations of elsewhere, but in the realities of now.

How many languages we may learn in this world if we are living in earnest; not only from books and men, but from everything around us; from bird songs, from the grasses at our feet, the trees that wave above us, from the hum of busy life; each is speaking in its own tongue. Let us heed the teaching.

When we are tempted to do wrong the only safe way is to turn back immediately, to decide for the right and refuse to argue the matter with our conscience a single moment. He who stops to argue over what he knows to be wrong gives temptation a chance to win the battle. It is not always possible to avoid being tempted, but it is always possible to resist and refuse to do evil.

Religious argument always awakens prejudice, pride and antagonism, than it brings opponents over to our way of thinking. Logic is combative; love is persuasive. It has no hobnails in its heels to bruise sensitive doubts.

When love goes wooing, it always puts on its best attire and uses its softest tones. Just as the sunbeam is a more powerful factor in nature than the cyclone, so persuasion is mightier than argument.

Children, as well as older people, too often makes remarks about others which they scarcely mean, or at least to not intend to be overheard. They pass unfavorable judgment upon behavior or dress without thought or purpose, simply because they have the chance. Such a practice is hurtful to the speaker and may occasion great pain to the object of the criticism. Let us speak kindly words of all; and to do this let us be in the habit of thinking kindly. In the instance here given thoughtless words caused a great deal of unhappiness.

How useless our lives seems to be sometimes. How we long for an opportunity to perform some great action. We become tired of the routine of home life, and imagine we would be far happier in other scenes. We think of life's great battle-field and wish to be heroes. We think of the good we might do if our lot had been cast in other scenes. We forget that the world bestows no title as noble as father, mother, sister or brother. In the sacred precincts of home we have many chances of heroism. The daily acts of self-denial for the good of a loved one, the gentle word of soothing for another's trouble, the care for the sick, may all seem as nothing; yet who can tell the good they may accomplish? Our slightest word may have an influence over another for good or evil. We are daily sowing the seed which will bring forth some sort of harvest. Well will it be for us if the harvest is one we will be proud to garner. If some one in that dear home can look back in after years, and, as he tenderly utters our name, say: "Her words and example prepared me for a life of usefulness; to her I owe my present happiness," we may well say: "I have not lived in vain."

White Wyandotte eggs for hatching \$1 per setting of 13 eggs. J. E. HEISE.

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Have on hand several carloads of cheap horses bought from various brewery companies. Will refund 1/4 railroad fare to out-of-town purchaser. Have your ticket agent give receipt.
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Take Milwaukee Avenue Cable Car.