

# THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 18. NO. 6.

BARRINGTON, ILL., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1903.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

## PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Events of Past, Present and Future  
of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A.  
G. Smith, Local Editor.

Dance in Knigges hall to-night.  
Mrs. Baldwin is recovering nicely  
from her illness.

Valentine social in the Methodist  
church to-night Friday.

Dr. C. W. Sowles entertained his  
mother from Wauconda Thursday.

A special meeting of the Court of  
Honor will be held Thursday night.

Ralph Sutherland started for his  
home in Boulder, Colorado last Tues-  
day.

Arthur Spalding has been the guest  
of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lytle the past  
week.

R. H. Lytle suffered a slight stroke  
of paralysis at his home in Liberty-  
ville last week.

John Biggs arrived from Paris,  
Missouri, Sunday to attend the fun-  
eral of Mrs. H. P. Williams.

Attorney Ralph L. Peck is now lo-  
cated in room 1001 Ashland block  
where he has opened an office by him-  
self.

The Ladies' Aid society will hold an  
important business meeting in the  
church parlors next Wednesday after-  
noon.

Mrs. Ann Schaeffer, who sustained  
a fracture of a limb recently, is recover-  
ing, but will probably never be able to  
walk again.

A special collection for the Bens-  
enville Orphans' Home will be taken at  
the Sunday morning service. J. C.  
Hoffmeister.

The Bachelor's Club entertained at  
the home of Miss Blanche Schirding  
last Wednesday evening and an en-  
joyable time was had.

There was a good crowd present at  
the six cent social last Friday night.  
The committee served a very nice lun-  
cheon and a social evening was en-  
joyed.

The Woodmen will meet in their  
hall to-morrow night and pass on  
about twenty more applications for  
membership. Delegates to the county  
camp will be elected.

Elmer Meston is working in the  
superintendent's office of the West-  
ern Union in Chicago and has gone to  
Des Plaines to live on account of bet-  
ter railroad service.

Mrs. Louis Bergman fell and broke  
her leg last Friday night while walk-  
ing in the yard. She is 80 years of age,  
has always been hearty and rugged  
and bids fair to entirely recover.

If the real coons can attract one  
hundred people we wonder how  
many will have to be turned away  
when the Woodmen give their min-  
strel show. It will be something  
great.

Those present from abroad at the  
funeral of Mrs. Williams were Mr. and  
Mrs. John Biggs of Paris, Mo., Owen  
C. Williams and son Howard from  
Oklahoma; Mesdames Henry, George  
and Edward Page, of Maplewood, Ill.;  
Mrs. Frank Crane of Chicago. The  
four last named were cousins of de-  
ceased.

The card club greatly surprised Miss  
Margaret Bergman with a "shower"  
party last Saturday night and the  
young lady was certainly "showered"  
as each guest brought a useful house-  
hold article which they expect she  
will make use of before many weeks  
are past. The young people had a  
most enjoyable time, even though the  
gentlemen were barred. A nice lun-  
cheon was served at a late hour which  
was handed as well as the opposite  
sex could have done.

The next entertainment in the  
course given by the Epworth League  
will be held on Monday night, Feb. 23  
when the Glazier Concert company  
will give an entertainment. The pro-  
gram will consist of vocal and in-  
strumental selections by the company.  
Every one of the company is an artist  
and they were guaranteed \$15 to come  
here. If people knew what this enter-  
tainment is they would need no urging  
to come. Take your family to hear it.

Mrs. Conrad Schroeder died at her  
home in Palatine, Saturday, Feb. 7,  
1903, after five days illness, death be-  
ing due to pneumonia. She contracted  
a cold while attending her mother's  
funeral two weeks ago and the disease  
rapidly developed. Deceased was born  
in Palatine and was a lady who had a

host of friends. She leaves a husband  
and three small children. The funeral  
was held from the German Lutheran  
church Wednesday, Rev. Droege-  
muller officiating.

Cole's Carbolisalve has been a favor-  
ite household remedy with us for  
many years", writes Capt. J. W. Par-  
tridge, Belfast, Me. "We have never  
seen anything that compares with it  
as a cure for burns, cuts, catarrh, weak  
and sore eyes, chilblains, sores and all  
itching diseases." Cole's is guaranteed.  
Keep a box handy. 25 and 50c. Sold  
by all druggists.

### Mystic Workers Organize.

Palatine lodge of the Mystic Work-  
ers of the World was organized in the  
Odd Fellows hall last Monday night  
with eighteen members. Edward  
Thies of Barrington organized the  
lodge and was assisted by Henry  
Meyer. The following officers were  
elected after which a nice light lun-  
cheon was tendered the officers by  
Edward Thies.

Prefect—P. H. Matthei.  
Moderator—Charles Paddock.  
Secretary—Stuart Paddock.  
Banker—Richard Bennett.  
Marshal—C. G. Shaddle.  
Warder—Tom Hart.  
Sentinel—Chas. Wendt Jr.  
Med. Examiner—Dr. M. F. Clausius.  
Directors—I. M. Kuebler, C. D.  
Taylor.

### PASSING OF A PIONEER.

Mrs. Lavina Thomas Williams of  
Palatine Gone Home.

Lavina Thomas Williams was born  
in Franklin county, New York, June  
15, 1816, and was the daughter of J.  
and Sallie Thomas. She departed this  
life at Palatine, February 6, 1903, aged  
86 years, 8 months and 5 days.

Lavina Thomas spent her girlhood  
days in Woodstock, Vermont, and at  
that place received a common school  
training. At the age of 16 she taught  
school to obtain means complete her  
education. She labored as a teacher  
for four years at a salary of \$1.25 per  
week including board. In 1843 she  
was married to Horace P. Williams.  
Immediately after marriage they came  
west and located on a farm in town of  
Schaumburg.

Mrs. Williams retained her interest  
in educational work and upon her ar-  
rival in Schaumburg opened her home  
to the community. School being held  
there for some time. Later, when the  
Plum Grove school house was erected,  
she paid for the nails used in its con-  
struction, by spinning stocking yarn.  
She resided on the farm until the  
death of her husband which occurred  
in 1881, when she moved to Chicago,  
and in 1886 she came to Palatine where  
she made her home until called to  
final rest.

Mrs. Williams was always a progres-  
sive, hard working woman and greatly  
assisted her husband in acquiring the  
homestead of 720 acres. Up to within  
a week of her death, Mrs. Williams'  
health was remarkably good, and she  
passed away peacefully. She was a  
member of the Methodist church  
which she joined in girlhood, and was  
a devout Christian. She was of a  
generous disposition and it was largely  
through her influence that her hus-  
band made donations for the founding  
of Jennings' seminary at Aurora and  
to the Northwestern university at  
Evanston.

Mrs. Williams raised a family of four  
children two of which—Mrs. Charles  
Yates and Mrs. Rea—preceded her to  
the better land. Mrs. John Biggs of  
Paris, Mo., and Owen C. Williams of  
Oklahoma, survive.

Funeral services were held in the  
Methodist church Tuesday afternoon  
conducted by Rev. D. J. Holmes. In-  
terment was in Hillside cemetery.

### Important to Justices.

It has been recently been decided by  
the appellate court that a justice of  
the peace has a right to demand his  
fees in advance, but that he cannot  
demand pay for a transcript for appeal  
before entering the appeal. He must,  
upon payment of 60 cents, approve  
the bond and enter the appeal. He  
does not, however, need to make the  
transcript till his fees are paid.

### To Cure a Cold in the Head.

Apply Cole's Carbolisalve in each nos-  
tril at night and your head will be  
clear in the morning. Guaranteed to  
cure catarrh and inflamed conditions  
of the mucous membrane. 25 and 50c.  
Sold by all druggists.

For Sale—\$2,500 buys house and 3  
lots known as the Peter's place corner  
Ela and Washington streets, if sold  
before March 15, 1903. Inquire of the  
owner, Geo. F. Mengerson, 387 So. Cal-  
ifornia Ave., Chicago, or Edward  
Peters, Barrington. 4t-4

## NEWS OF THE VICINITY

Items of Interest Collected by Our  
Reliable Correspondents.

Happenings at Pretty Villages  
Wauconda, and Lake Zurich

### WAUCONDA.

Dr. Schirding of Palatine was a vis-  
itor here Wednesday.

William Welch is reported seriously  
ill at present writing.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Raw-  
son Sunday morning, twins, a boy and  
girl.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Pratt,  
Sr. last Friday morning, a fine little  
baby girl.

J. J. Marshall, general agent for the  
Province Savings Life Insurance Co.,  
is spending a few weeks in our village.

G. C. Roberts and family moved in-  
to their new home on South Main  
street last week and the rooms which  
they vacated are now being occupied  
by Dr. L. E. Golding for his dental  
parlors.

Mrs. O'Neil and daughter, Miss  
Winifred, Martin Murray, and Misses  
Kittie Carroll and Nettie Murray of  
Chicago visited Saturday and Sunday  
with the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs.  
James Murray.

Miss Emma Welsh and pupils give a  
Valentine basket social at the Flint  
Creek school house this Saturday eve-  
ning. A fine program has been ar-  
ranged and the evenings pleasure will  
be concluded by a sale of baskets filled  
with good things to eat.

Leo Maiman was pleasantly surpris-  
ed last Wednesday evening by about  
25 of his young friends. Vocal and  
instrumental music and games was  
the order of the evening followed by a  
luncheon after which games were re-  
sumed and it was not until a late  
hour that the guests departed thank-  
ing the host for the pleasant evening  
spent.

The masque ball held at the Oak-  
land hall last Friday evening was at-  
tended by about 100 couple. The prize  
for the finest costume was awarded to  
Lilah Golding and the most comic  
costume to Winnie Pratt and Miss  
Priscilla Davlin and Lottie Dixon car-  
ried off the honors for the prize waltz,  
the lady only receiving a prize, which  
was a fine brooch pin. A fine time is  
reported by all.

Dr. Hobbs has now taken full con-  
trol of Dr. Dawson's practice in the  
village and vicinity. Dr. Hobbs was  
formerly located at Nunda and comes  
to our village highly recommended.  
Although we are loath to see Dr. Daw-  
son leave us we must congratulate  
ourselves upon getting such a good  
man to fill the vacancy. Dr. Dawson  
will go to Nunda soon to take charge  
of Dr. Blue's practice during the win-  
ter, Dr. Blue going to California and  
after that he has no definite plans.

### Rheumatism

Is caused by an acid which flows in  
the blood, and to cure it you must re-  
move the cause. Cole's bloodbinder  
does this effectually. It is the great-  
est maker of new, rich blood. It  
produces natural healthy action of  
the kidneys, liver and bowels and re-  
stores vigorous health to the system.  
If you have rheumatism take Blood-  
binder. It is guaranteed. \$1.00 a  
bottle. Sold by all druggists.

### LAKE ZURICH.

Henry Branding transacted busi-  
ness in Chicago Monday.

Jake Goldberg made a trip to Cris-  
tal Lake Wednesday.

Mrs. Fred Kuckuck of Joliet is vis-  
iting relatives here this week.

Sam Lipofsky of Barrington was a  
pleasant caller here Wednesday.

Ed. Beham of Nunda visited with  
friends here the first of the week.

Fred Holland and Henry Pepper  
were Barrington visitors Tuesday.

Dennison Huntington transacted  
business at the county seat Monday.

James and William Bruce of Joliet  
visited their brother Monday and  
Tuesday.

J. Spencer of Wauconda was here  
Wednesday looking after his real es-  
tate interests.

Mrs. Charles Givens and daughter  
Laura spent the forepart of the week  
visiting relatives in Chicago.

The Consumers company will build  
three cottages on their lots on the  
east side of the lake this spring for  
employees.

Our village dads should wake up

and put in some cross walks on the  
corners and extend the side walk to  
the lake across the inlet so we could  
get to it without walking in the mud.

Wm. Gurke, the tenant on the John  
Robertson farm, has purchased the  
Gerber farm of 100 acres situated  
about three quarters of a mile east of  
Zurich. He will work it in connection  
with the place he is on until next  
year.

The entertainment given by the  
pupils of our school under the direc-  
tion of the teacher Miss Mary Freund,  
on Saturday evening was a grand suc-  
cess. A fine program consisting of  
songs, recitations, dialogues and in-  
strumental music was rendered. The  
proceeds will be used for the purchase  
of books and other school necessities.

### GIVEN DAY OF REST.

C. & N.W. Ry. Freight Crews to Have  
Sundays at Home.

For the first time in the history of  
the Chicago & Northwestern railroad  
not a ton of "dead freight" was moved  
on that great transportation system  
last Sunday. Orders were issued by  
the management during the preceding  
week that the Sabbath day be changed  
from the busy day of the week into a  
day of rest, recreation and enjoyment  
for its army of employees.

The order issued by the superin-  
tendent was to confine the movement  
of freight on Sunday to the handling of  
live stock and perishable shipments,  
the sole exception being in favor of  
coal and fuel of all kinds and the  
necessary cars to keep the mines sup-  
plied. When the coal famine is past  
all "dead freight" will be barred on  
Sunday.

The superintendents are instructed  
to arrange matters so that the great-  
est possible number of engine and  
freight crews shall be at their home  
stations by Sunday morning. It is  
further provided that all switchmen  
and yard crews, except those necessary  
to move the perishable freight, shall  
be given their time between 7 a. m.  
and 7 p. m. on Sundays.

The changes are radical. It is the  
custom with railroads to make Sun-  
day a day for general cleaning up in  
freight matters. On that day all way  
freight crews, all available suburban  
passenger power and every available  
employee and equipment are pressed  
into service, with a view of getting  
all delayed freight to destination. In  
the past the railroad has known no  
Sunday except one of extra toil and  
hardship. The new order of things is  
hailed with joy by all employees from  
general manager to engine wiper. It  
is a move in the right direction.

### JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

To be held at Rockford Tomorrow  
Afternoon.

There should be "no politics" when  
it comes to the selection of the judi-  
ciary, but there always will be. In  
this, the 17th district, there is now in  
progress a vigorous contest for a ju-  
dicial position. Judge Fuller of Belvi-  
dere was elected to congress at the  
late election and his place on the  
bench of this circuit is now what sev-  
eral honorable gentlemen are after.

The choice of Lake county is Hon.  
Charles Whitney of Waukegan, and  
his numerous friends, outside, of pol-  
itics, hope the convention will name  
him.

Mr. Wright, of Belvidere, is the  
choice of Boone county, and it is said  
has many supporters in Winnebago  
county.

There is opposition to Judge Don-  
nelly in his home county, McHenry,  
but he will probably be renamed.

The Harvard Herald says: "Judge  
Frost will be given the unanimous  
support of Winnebago county, where  
he is deservedly popular, and has  
made a splendid record on the bench.  
Winnebago county will also be for  
Judge Donnelly and it is quite prob-  
able that Judges Frost and Donnelly  
will be nominated in the judicial con-  
vention by acclamation.

For the Fuller vacancy Messrs.  
Wright and Whitney will fight it out  
in the convention, unless Winnebago  
should go on record in favor of one in-  
stead of making a division of its dele-  
gation of one-half to each. The pres-  
ent outlook seems to warrant the  
statement that Winnebago will di-  
vide between these gentlemen.

Predictions are already being made  
that the coal strike commission will  
return a report adverse to the miners,  
and the attitude of some commis-  
sioners warrants the conjecture. For-  
tunately, the public has like-wise been  
weighing the testimony and the pub-  
lic likewise has an opinion to render.  
There may be a difference of opinion  
between the commission and the pub-  
lic, but in that case the commission  
will get the worst of it.

## Men's Fur Overcoats Cheap

Big Reduction  
Prices.

Mens'  
Fur Coats

\$10.00 12.50  
15.00 16.50  
\$18.00 22.00  
25.00 30.00

Big Reduction  
Men's and Boys'  
Clothing.



Reducing our Large Stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing means sacri-  
ficing of profits. We are now cutting prices on Men's Overcoats,  
Men's Suits and Boys' Clothing. Come quick and take advantage of  
these bargains.

Our Large and Selected Stock of General Merchandise  
is attracting the attention of economical purchasers. Prices on all  
lines are the very lowest, quality considered.

The Big Store.

A. W. MEYER & CO  
BARRINGTON.

Take up a Money Earning Accomplishment.

Shorthand

Does not require years to  
learn, but a few weeks.

OUR GUARANTEE:

Useful proficiency in 2 weeks; commercial proficiency 2 to 4 months.  
We teach personally and at home BY MAIL. Our correspon-  
dence course is the quickest and best in the United  
States. We secure positions; good paying ones,  
too, and furnish standard typewriter free

Write the PATERSON INSTITUTE,  
153-155 LA SALLE STREET,  
CHICAGO, ILL.

## "LON" GAS AND GASOLENE ENGINE.

The best Gas or Gasoline  
on the market. Guaranteed  
in every respect.

Prices the Lowest.

Simple Construction.

Made in all sizes from 2 to 12  
Horse Power.

Manufactured by

A. SCHAUBLE & CO.

BARRINGTON.

Dealers in

Shafting, Pulleys and

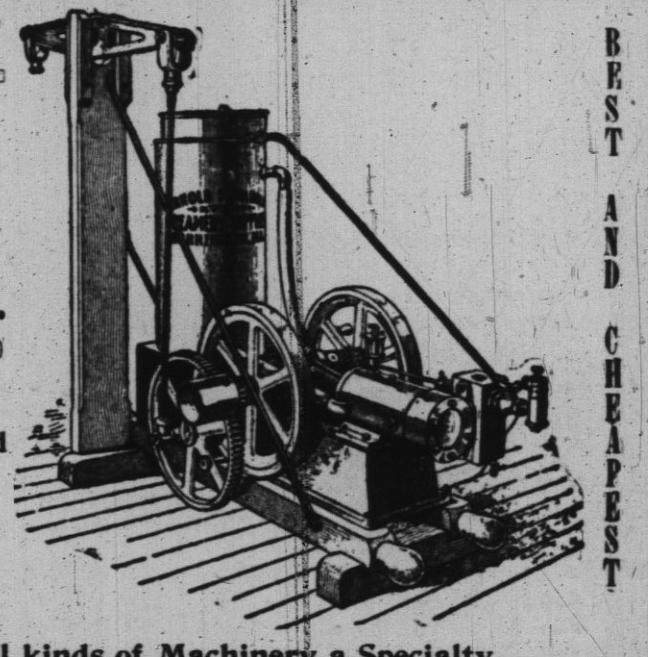
Belting.

Manufacturers of

Cisterns and Tanks

at lowest prices.

Repairing of all kinds of Machinery a Specialty.



## For Choicest Meats

Such as Beef, Mutton and Pork, you will find an assortment on  
the counter of this market that will tempt your appetite.

Fish and Poultry--The Best.

Vegetables and Oysters,

Are specialties in this market. There are several qualities of  
Vegetables offered. Here there is only one quality and that the Best.

Finest Fruits. Fancy Bakery Goods.

Colvin's Bread and Cakes. Complete line of Canned Goods.

ALVERSON & GROFF.



## NEWS OF THE WORLD

Industrial, Political, Domestic and Foreign  
Happenings of Minor Importance  
Told in Paragraphs.

Representative Lewis of Duluth introduced a bill in the Minnesota house providing for death sentence by electrocution instead of hanging.

As a result of a political quarrel Edward S. Garver, editor of the Grand City, Mo., Times, was assaulted and probably fatally injured by E. V. Stevens, a Democrat politician.

John S. McDonald of New Albany, a member of the Indiana reformatory board, refused to resign when asked to do so, and Governor Durbin summarily removed him.

Superintendent Brownson of the naval academy at Annapolis has accepted the promise of the third class to refrain from hazing and removed all restrictions upon the members.

The "regular" Republican members of the Delaware legislature are still holding out against Addicks and will continue to give their support to Ball and Dupont for the senate. There was no change in the senatorial ballots in that state and Oregon.

F. Seymour Barrington, alleged bogus English lord, sentenced at St. Louis, will sue his brother-in-law, James Cochran, for \$10,000 damages for assault.

Nathaniel Miller, the counterfeiter who was captured near Canton, O., a few days ago, pleaded guilty in the United States Circuit court and was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

Fire caused by the explosion of an automatic burner in the Pennsylvania railroad shops at Pitsburgh, Pa., destroyed the passenger car repair section and cabinet shop, entailing a loss of \$15,000 to the company.

Former Gov. Stanley of Kansas has telegraphed to Washington his acceptance of a place on the Dawes commission.

J. Frank Sims, proprietor of department stores at St. Cloud, Minn., and at Republic, Wash., has turned over his stocks of goods to a trustee, A. H. Lindeke, member of a well-known St. Paul wholesale firm. It is asserted the creditors will not lose much.

Thomas Prather, a bartender, shot and instantly killed McSparren, a pugilist, in front of a saloon in St. Joseph, Mo. McSparren was intoxicated and picked a quarrel. Prather shot and killed himself in his room soon after the shooting of McSparren.

Solomon Moskelson, an educated Russian, who had served five years in Siberia after getting into trouble through his socialistic ideas, committed suicide in New York city. His friends said he was not a nihilist, but had championed in Europe the cause of the class he was thrown among in this country.

The chain holding a huge ladle containing a mass of molten metal in a steel plant at Pueblo, Colo., broke and J. Kuplick, W. H. Hartman and John Lepich were killed.

It is expected that for economy of operation the Cleveland Union Stockyards Company and the Farmers' and Drivers' Stockyards Company of Cleveland will combine, with capital of \$800,000.

Negotiations for the purchase of the Western Military Academy of Alton, Ill., by the Michigan Military Academy of Orchard Lake, Mich., may be concluded in Chicago. The buildings of the Alton school burned down recently.

Frank Dellerman, former private in the Thirtieth United States Infantry, has been arrested at San Francisco on charge of having escaped from Alcatraz Island, where he was imprisoned for murder in the Philippines. He says he was discharged.

Extensive maneuvers for the torpedo fleet as well as several of the new submarine craft of the navy will take place off Newport, R. I., in the spring.

Cole Younger has complied with the condition imposed by the Minnesota board of pardons and filed a pledge with Governor Van Sant not to exhibit himself as an actor or participant in any exhibition.

According to a telegram from Kieff a widespread and well-organized seditious movement against the government and against capitalism has been discovered in south Russian labor circles, and it is rumored that three industrial areas will be placed under martial law.

Miles Johnson, colored, was hanged at Augusta, Ga., for assaulting a white woman.

Former Secretary of the Navy John D. Long is reported to show continued improvement at Boston, and hopes are now expressed of his complete recovery.

At Liberty, N. Y., the H. J. Series & Co.'s general store burned. The loss was \$50,000.

The vatican is contemplating placing the Catholic University of Laval, Quebec, under the jurisdiction of the congregation of studies, thereby removing it from the jurisdiction of the congregation of the propaganda, as was done Jan. 12 in the case of the Catholic university at Washington.

Col. G. R. Stormont has been appointed commandant of the Indiana Soldiers' home at Lafayette.

Charles F. Tenney, for many years connected with the postoffice service at Sioux City, Iowa, was arrested, charged with robbing the mails.

A light train caught a boarding gang on a high trestle on the Great Northern Railway near Camden, Wash. The workmen had posted warning flags, but the engine rushed down upon them. Arthur Sewell was crushed by the engine and killed.

William Hopper Young, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Pulitzer, was a sick man in the New York toms. He was so weak that he had to lie down. Warden Vandercarr said that Young was undoubtedly suffering from a nervous collapse.

The German bark Alsternixie, which went ashore at Astoria, Ore., is lying high and dry on Republic Spit, within the harbor. Captain Auchahagen says he was compelled to run his vessel head on to prevent a fatal disaster. It is possible the vessel can be edged back into deep water.

A tremendous snowslide at the "S" bridge on the Northern Pacific Railroad between Mullan and Borsley, Mont., destroyed seven bends of the trestle work and swept a freight train into the gulch. Every member of the freight crew was more or less injured, two probably fatally.

Augustus Ross committed suicide at Washington, Iowa, by shooting himself through the head. He was a veteran of the civil war and a schoolmate of General Lawton.

The wage conference of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association and the Great Lakes Towing company met at South Bend to fix a scale for the coming season.

While Ashley Pond, general counsel of the Michigan Central, was alighting from a car at Detroit, he fell and broke his leg. Owing to advanced age his recovery is likely to be slow.

Solon Philbrick, who was recently appointed by Gov. Yates to fill out the unexpired term of Judge Wright, was nominated for the bench by the Republicans of Champaign county.

J. K. Davidson & Co.'s elevator "A" at Parsons, Kan., was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$80,000; insurance, \$40,000.

The safe of W. Peterson's store at Bryant, Ind., was blown, when \$300 and jewelry were secured.

David Plunkett, aged 70, was shot twice in the back and mortally wounded by Daniel Skinner at Putchinson, Ky.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Ontario Malting company at Oswego, N. Y. Fully 100,000 bushels of grain were destroyed and the loss will aggregate \$100,000, covered by insurance.

Burglars entered Grace Episcopal church at Newark, N. J., and secured vestments valued at \$10,000. They tried to break into the safe, in which a costly chalice is kept, but were unable to open it.

The grand jury at Cleveland, O., returned an indictment against Thomas Doreen, a local Democratic politician, on the charge of having attempted to bribe election officers at the last election.

At a sale of live stock at Morning Sun, Iowa, thirty-eight hogs were sold for \$5,388, said to be the highest price ever paid in the United States.

The spike and part of the horseshoe department of the Tredegar Iron Works at Richmond, Va., were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

By the death of Epress Messenger Kelley at Terre Haute the list of those killed by the collision on the Vandalia is increased to three.

Santa Fe trainmen, in conference with officials of the road at Topeka, demand an increase in wages of 20 per cent, but a compromise on 15 per cent is expected.

In one of the daily riots incident to the strike of shoemakers at Boston, F. J. McQuade of Chicago, a nonunion workman, was seriously injured and was taken to a hospital.

Mrs. Kate Ginder, aged 65, of Webster City, Ia., has committed suicide by hanging. Despondency brought on by the death. She used a flynet fastened to a corn sheller.

State Insurance Commissioner Barry of Michigan has announced his decision not to interfere in the contest between the great camp of Macabees and the supreme tent of Macabees, rival fraternal organizations, which have their headquarters at Port Huron, Mich.

The South Carolina house of representatives has passed the bill, already passed by the senate, prohibiting child labor in textile manufacturing and mines. After May 1, 1903, the age limit is to be 10 years, for the year following 11 years and after May 1, 1905, 12 years.

The national convention of United Brewery Workers which has been considering the troubles of the brewers of Cincinnati, Covington and Newport has secured a final settlement of the long lockout which the union workers say cost their organization over \$180,000 the past year.

An entire business block at Scottsburg, Ind., was destroyed. The loss is about \$40,000.

D. M. Ryan of Kipton, O., who was indicted last October on a charge of offering a bribe of \$2 to John Rossman, a school trustee of Peru township, to purchase sets of an encyclopedia for use in the schools, has been arrested, taken to Norwalk and released on bail.

At the coal investigation at Topeka it developed that the average Kansas miner earns only \$350 per year.

Former Senator Frank J. Cannon lies critically ill at Salt Lake, where he underwent an operation for acute appendicitis.

The McKinnon Sash and Hardware company's factory at Buffalo was destroyed by fire at a loss of \$175,000, and four firemen were injured, one fatally, in a collision that delayed the apparatus until the flames gained such headway that they could not be controlled.

## VESSEL GOES ON CORAL REEFS

Steamer Madiana Is a Total Wreck Just Outside Hamilton, Bermuda.

## PARTY OF TOURISTS IS SAFE

Passengers Commend Officers for Their Bravery and Attention During the Trying Hours Before Relief Tugs Came to Their Aid.

Hamilton, Bermuda, cablegram: The steamer Madiana, Capt. Fraser, carrying a party of tourists to the West Indies, is a total wreck on the coral reefs, half a mile northeast of North Rock, just outside this harbor. The vessel carried nearly 100 passengers.

All were saved and part of the baggage and mail was secured before the vessel was finally abandoned.

The rescue of the passengers was difficult and dangerous, as the waves were washing over the ship when they were taken off in lifeboats to a tug, which stood off a mile from the ship, not daring to go nearer because of the coral reefs.

Compliment Officers. The passengers compliment the officers of the ship for the coolness they displayed, and the officers declare all the passengers behaved with great bravery. Some of the crew became excited at the first alarm, but were soon set to work by the officers.



Uncle Sam: "Oh, pshaw."

The boat was threading its way in the night through the narrow channel between the coral reefs which leads to Hamilton harbor when it struck a reef, one and a half miles northeast of North Neck. The officers say the light which indicates the channel for some reason could not be seen.

Rush on Deck. All the passengers were in their berths when the Madiana struck the rocks, but the shock of the impact awakened them, and they rushed on deck, the majority of them without attempting to dress. Considerable alarm, though not a panic, prevailed among the passengers when they found that the vessel was hard on the rocks, but the officers went among them and calmed them. They then gathered in the "social hall," many of them in their night clothing.

It was soon found that the steamer was fast on the rocks, which were tearing out its bottom. The water rushed in through the rents, put out the fires and surged through the halls and staterooms of the main deck. Those passengers who came out in pajamas and night gowns, fearing that the vessel would go down immediately, soon found that they could not return to the lower stateroom for clothing or valuables.

## Tugs to the Rescue.

When morning dawned the ship lay broadside to the wind, and the passengers huddled on the hurricane deck were drenched to the skin by the waves that swept the quivering vessel. All eyes were strained for the relief that they knew must come soon to avert a fearful loss of life.

Finally, between 9 and 10 o'clock, a tug was seen approaching. The wreck had been seen long before this but the fury of the sea prevented any attempt at communication with the vessel. Government and other tugs started out but dared not approach too closely to the reef on which the Madiana was pounding. For some time no communication with the Madiana was possible.

The tug Gladisfen stood about a mile off awaiting an opportunity to assist, but it was not until shortly after 11 o'clock that it became possible to

Donor's Name Made Public. Colorado Springs, Colo., dispatch: After withholding the information for about six years, President Slocum has just announced that the donor of Ticknor hall to Colorado college is Miss Elizabeth Cady of Wellesley, Mass.

Found Dead and Standing. Ann Arbor, Mich., special: Standing upright the body of Mrs. Julia E. Colgrove, a widow who lived alone, was discovered in her home. The body faced the back door and held an empty coal scuttle in one hand.

effect a rescue. The crew of the Madiana launched a boat, but it was dashed to pieces against the steamer's side.

All Are Saved. A second and more successful attempt was made a little later, and the women passengers were lowered by ropes into it and after much exertion it succeeded in reaching the Gladisfen. The Madiana's other lifeboats were then launched in succession and the remainder of the passengers and the captain and crew gained the salvage tug in safety.

By the prompt action of Engineer Nelson, the mails and the passengers' light baggage were taken out and brought in the last boats to the Gladisfen, which landed the passengers, crew, mails and baggage here.

## DROP IN INDIANA COAL PRICES

Easing of Demand From Chicago Buyers Reflected in Quotations.

Terre Haute, Ind., dispatch: The price of coal at the Indiana mines has fallen because of the slack bidding by Chicago buyers who have been in the field several weeks bidding against one another. The mild weather and better facilities have enabled the large consumers to get supplies sufficient to dispel the scare of a shut-down of industries. It is said that some buyers who two weeks ago were offering \$3 to \$4 have placed orders at \$2. The Indiana gas belt is about the only section that is making strenuous efforts to obtain large and quick shipments.

## OPPOSE LABOR BY CONVICTS

Labor Union and Broom Companies Sue Michigan Authorities. Detroit, Mich., dispatch: National

Broommakers' union, No. 2, the Whittier Broom Company and the Vanduian Company of Grand Rapids began suit in chancery here against Warden Alonzo Vincent of the state prison at Jackson, Governor Bliss and the members of the board of control of the prison. They ask that a contract recently made with the Illinois Broom Company of Chicago to hire out convicts at Jackson to manufacture brooms at 50 cents a day per convict be declared void as against the laws of Michigan. An injunction is asked restraining any carrying out of the contract.

Four men break out of jail. Prisoners at Jacksonville Lock Turnkey in and Secure Keys.

Jacksonville, Ill., dispatch: Four prisoners made their escape from the county jail here. The turnkey carried in some coal and thought he had all the prisoners locked in their cells. Two of them, however, were in the bathroom, and when he entered they rushed out, took the keys away from him, locked him in and took the keys with them. They then released two more prisoners and the four made their escape, leaving the turnkey locked in a cell. The prisoners who got away were William Ennis, Lucy Ennis, Harry Smith and Jeff Majors.

## WEST VIRGINIA TO SELL LIQUOR

Plan to Establish Dispensary on South Carolina Model.

Charleston, W. Va., dispatch: Senator Kidd of Gilmer county has introduced in the senate a bill establishing a state dispensary for the sale of alcoholic beverages and to control and regulate the same. The bill is practically the same as the South Carolina dispensary law. The rules were suspended and the bill was ordered to its second reading.

## King Returns to London.

London cablegram: The king and queen have returned to London from Windsor. They drove in an open carriage to Buckingham palace.

## Ship Given Up for Lost.

San Francisco, Cal., special: Reinforcement on the overdue American ship Florence has been advanced to 80 per cent. She is sixty-seven days out from Tacoma for Honolulu. She has practically been given up as lost.

## Jury Disagrees.

Minneapolis, Minn., dispatch: The jury in the case of John Copen, charged with compounding a felony, was unable to agree after having been out forty-five hours. This was one of the police corruption cases.

Coal Instead of Coin. The young people of Westchester, a suburb of New York, have formed what they call the Anti-Coal Trust Club. Their first public entertainment is about to be given and the price of admission has been fixed at one pound of anthracite coal, the patron not being restricted to that amount, of course, it being merely the minimum weight.

INSIST ON GETTING IT. Some grocers say they don't keep DeLancey Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz. in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because DeLancey contains 16 oz. for the same money. Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz. for same money? Then buy DeLancey Starch. Requires no cooking.

Slur on Rockefeller. An editor down in Pennsylvania refers to the Standard Oil Croesus as "John D. Rockybaptist."

No chromos or cheap premiums, but a better quality and one-third more of DeLancey Starch for the same price of other starches.

Children are unconscious philosophers. They refuse to pull to pieces their enjoyments to see what they are made of.—Henry W. Beecher.

MORE FLEXIBLE AND LASTING. Don't shake out or blow out; by using DeLancey starch you obtain better results than possible with any other brand and one-third more for same money.

It sometimes happens that a man is so reserved in his manners that they become rusty from disuse.

**ABOVE ALL THINGS WATCH YOUR STOMACH**

Nature Has Put Into Every Stomach

a liquid called the gastric juice, which in a healthy condition is capable of digesting the food and converting it into "chyme," which at length becomes good, rich blood. The least little ailment of the stomach affects this "gastric juice" and quickly leads to various serious sicknesses. These ailments may be easily avoided by taking regularly

**Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin**

80c and \$1.00 Bottles

**ALL DRUGGISTS**

SENT FREE: Sample bottle and an interesting book on stomach troubles.

**PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ills.**

## IT TAKES THE ACES

out of muscles and joints. Heals old sores. Takes inflammation out of burns and bruises. Stops any pain that a perfect liniment can stop.

## MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

for injuries or aches of MAN or BEAST.

**Bromo-Seltzer**

Promptly cures all

**Headaches**

**THE NORTHWESTERN LIFE and SAVINGS COMPANY of DES MOINES, IOWA.**

All policies required by law to be secured by deposit with the State Auditor of Iowa. Investment of funds limited by charter to loans on First Mortgages on Farms and on its own policies.

**FEATURES:**

- A Limited Expense Fund.
- Compulsory distribution of the earnings among its Policyholders.

**SECURITIES ON DEPOSIT WITH STATE AUDITOR.**

DATE	AMOUNT
DEC. 31, '96	\$27,447.00
DEC. 31, '97	\$36,720.00
DEC. 31, '98	\$119,612.00
DEC. 31, '99	\$277,238.00
DEC. 31, 1900	\$372,020.00
DEC. 31, 1901	\$695,879.35
DEC. 31, 1902	\$1,122,801.82
<b>TOTAL ADMITTED ASSETS,</b>	
<b>\$1,380,164.74</b>	

**AGENTS WANTED**—Reliable, energetic and experienced agents can trade their commission earnings by selling our ten-year endowment investment policies. Address or apply to THE HOME OFFICE, Fourth Floor, Observatory Bldg., Des Moines, Iowa.

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- D. F. WITTER, President.
- ARTHUR REYNOLDS, Vice-President.
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- E. H. IRWIN, Asst. Secretary.
- W. L. EATON, General Attorney.
- CHAS. FRIESTLY, M.D., Med. Director.



# ROUTINE WORK IN CONGRESS

Outline of Business Transacted  
by the Members of Both  
Houses.

WITH NATIONAL LAWMAKERS

Brief Summary of the Doings of the  
People's Servants in Session at  
Washington Cleverly Condensed by  
Special Correspondents.

Friday, Feb. 6.

The time in the senate was largely occupied by discussion of the isthmian canal question, the resolution introduced by Mr. Morgan calling on the Secretary of the Navy for correspondence regarding the military occupation of the bays of Panama and Colon being under debate in both open and secret session. A conference was agreed to on the general staff bill, and Messrs. Cockrell, Quarles and Foraker were appointed conferees. Bills were passed as follows: Senate bill amending the revised statutes so as to provide for the detail of retired officers of the army and navy to assist in military instruction in schools; Senate bill authorizing the President to reinstate Alexander G. Pendleton, Jr., as a cadet in the United States Military Academy; Senate bill incorporating in the District of Columbia the American Academy in Rome, the object being to establish and maintain an institution to promote the study and practice of the fine arts and to aid and stimulate the education and training of architects, painters, sculptors and other artists. The house amendments to the bill to expedite trials in cases under the Sherman anti-trust law was agreed to.

The day in the House was devoted to general debate on the anti-trust bill. Mr. Foss (Ill.) reported the naval appropriation bill.

Saturday, Feb. 7.

The statehood bill again claimed the greater share of the senate's attention. Mr. Kean continued but did not conclude his speech on that subject, and toward the close of the day there was a general debate on the allegation of the opposition to the bill that it does not contain sufficient safeguards against polygamy. A large number of bills to which there was no objection were passed during the day.

By a unanimous vote—245 to 0—the house passed the anti-trust bill. The closing chapter was devoid of excitement. For three hours the Democrats offered a series of amendments, but they either ruled out of order or voted down by a strict party vote. On only one vote were the political ranks broken. It was on an amendment offered by Mr. Thomas (Rep., Iowa) to make the filing of returns incumbent upon all corporations mandatory. On that amendment seven Republicans voted with the Democrats.

Sunday, Feb. 8.

The house of representatives held a memorial session to pay tribute to the memory of the late Senator William J. Sewall and of the late Representative Joshua S. Salmon of New Jersey. Mr. Parker of New Jersey presided. The eulogists of the two departed statesmen were Messrs. Gardner (Rep., N. J.), McClellan (Dem., N. Y.), Hull (Rep., Iowa), Steele (Rep., Ind.), Stewart (Rep., N. J.), Fowler (Rep., N. J.), Parker (Rep., N. J.), Flanagan (Dem., N. J.), Foster (Rep., Vt.), Gaff (Rep., Ill.), Williams (Dem., Miss.), Warner (Rep., Ill.), Banskell (Dem., Texas), Lloyd (Dem., Mo.), and Ball (Dem., Texas). Chairman Hepburn of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce laid before the house the report of the conferees on the department of commerce and labor bill, and it was ordered to be printed.

Monday, Feb. 9.

The Littlefield anti-trust bill was received by the senate from the house and referred to the committee on judiciary. The army appropriation bill was sent to conference. Mr. Carmack of Tennessee addressed the senate on the Rawlins resolution calling for the records of courts-martial of officers serving in the Philippines. The resolution went over, and the statehood bill was taken up. Mr. Kean of New Jersey speaking in opposition. He yielded to Messrs. Rawlins, Clay, Hale, Patterson and Elkins, who discussed the fitness of the people of New Mexico and Arizona for statehood and the influence of the Mormon church in politics.

The house spent practically the entire day upon two District of Columbia bills, one to authorize the government to advance \$5,000,000 to the district and the other to report on the union station bill. The former was defeated and the latter sent back to conference after a motion to recede from the amendment of the house to cut down the appropriations for the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio railroads from \$1,500,000 to \$1,000,000.

**Hurt in Collision.**  
Atlanta, Ga., special: Mrs. William Grant Dickson and the wealthy Mrs. Hugh Hagen, the widow of a rich physician, and both social leaders, were seriously injured in a collision between a trolley car and a carriage.

**Boy Shoots Playmate.**  
St. Louis, Mo., special: In a street fight Thomas J. Boyd, aged 13, shot Frank Billiski, aged 14. Billiski will probably die. Boyd is under arrest. He said he shot to scare and had no idea of hurting any one.

had been voted down. Mr. Richardson took exception to the presentation of the conference report on the department of commerce bill at Sunday's memorial session, contending that the action was void. The speaker ruled that it was regular, as it had been repeatedly held that Sunday could be made a legislative day. Mr. Richardson protested against the ruling as a dangerous precedent, and moved to correct the journal so as to strike out the action. Eleven Republicans voted with the Democrats for his motion, but it was defeated on a rising vote, 80 to 88. Mr. Richardson demanded the yeas and nays and the motion was carried, 116 to 101. Twenty Republicans voted with the Democrats. The conference report on the bill to increase the salaries of federal judges was agreed to.

Tuesday, Feb. 10.

The statehood bill again came up in the senate and Mr. Morgan of Alabama spoke on it for some time. In the course of his remarks he referred to bills regarding trusts, which, he said, have been kept back and will be kept back until it is too late for discussion regarding them. The time of the senate was being wasted on account of what he termed "a peaceful political blockade" on the statehood bill, when more important measures were awaiting action. Mr. Hanna presented the conference report on the Department of Commerce bill. The conference report on the general staff bill was agreed to. A number of other bills were passed.

The house adopted the conference report on the Department of Commerce bill by a vote of 251 to 10. One Republican (Mr. Littlefield) and nine Democrats voted against this action. Several Democrats took the position that the Nelson amendment to the bureau of corporations was a weak and ineffectual attempt to provide the machinery for corporation publicity. Mr. Mann (Ill.) on behalf of the Republicans, contended, on the contrary, that it was a better measure of publicity than had been presented in any other bill. The remainder of the day was devoted to the sundry civil appropriation bills. Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriation committee, gave notice that at the proper time he would move two amendments—one to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a three-story, 400-room office building for members, to be connected with the capital by a subway and to cost \$3,800,000, and the other an appropriation of \$2,500,000 to carry out the original plans for beautifying and enlarging the main wing of the capitol. The notable feature of the general debate on the bill was a speech by Mr. De Armond (Mo.) on the Hanna bill to pension ex-slaves. He spoke in a sarcastic vein, but the subject assumed a serious phase when Mr. Richardson (Tenn.) said that adventures in the South were using the bill to impose on ignorant, credulous negroes, and called on Mr. Cannon to give assurance that the passage of such a measure was not contemplated. This assurance Mr. Cannon gave.

Wednesday, Feb. 11.

Mr. Hanna called up the conference report on the department of commerce bill, and it was agreed to without debate. The bill now goes to the president. Mr. Morgan almost immediately after the opening of the session resumed his remarks on the statehood bill, but branched off on the subject of the proposed treaty with Colombia. He referred to the concordat of Pope Plus IX., which constituted a part of the organic law of Colombia, and said that the United States intended to put the heel of ignominious contempt upon it. He predicted a return of the hostilities between the old church party in Colombia and the Liberal party. Mr. Depew spoke in opposition to the statehood bill. The senate then went into executive session and ratified the Alaskan treaty. The commercial treaty with Greece was also discussed.

The house made fair progress with the sundry civil appropriation bill, covering eighty-six of the 150 pages of the bill. The amendments of which Mr. Cannon gave notice for the completion of the east front of the capitol, and the erection of an office building for members, were adopted. The cost of the building is to be \$3,100,000. Senate bills were passed to authorize the Pittsburg, Carnegie & Western Railroad Company to construct a bridge across the St. Francis river, Ar. to authorize the Memphis, Helena & Louisiana Railroad to construct a bridge across the St. Francis river, Arkansas. Mr. Grosvenor from the ways and means committee called up the bill reported by that committee to amend the Dingley act so as to admit free of duty domestic animals for breeding purposes. It was passed.

**Form \$2,000,000 Hat Company.**

Harrisburg, Pa., special: A charter has been issued to the Henry Roelofs company, Philadelphia, capital \$2,000,000, for the manufacture hats.

**Centenarian Dies in Fire.**

Columbus, O., special: Mrs. Frances Dabner, a colored woman, over 100 years old and an ex-slave, was burned to death in bed.

**Paralyzed by Football.**

New York dispatch: As the result of a scrimmage in a football game at the armory of the Third Gating battery of Brooklyn Quarterback Thomas J. Howlett is in a grave condition, suffering from paralysis of the spine.

**Deputies Kill Horse Thieves.**

Vinita, I. T., special: In a fierce battle between United States deputy marshals and a band of horse thieves at Bluejacket, I. T., two of the band were instantly killed and another surrendered to the officers.

# PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE

Measures Under Consideration  
in the Capitol at  
Springfield.

MILLER RULES OUT SHERMAN

Attempt to Have Appropriations Committee Instructed to Get Itemized Estimates of State Expenses Is Defeated by the Speaker.

Speaker Miller refused to let the house instruct its appropriations committee to exact from the heads of state institutions itemized estimates of their expenses. A resolution so instructing the appropriations committee was referred to that committee under the gavel. The would-be instructor, in other words, had its instructions sent to a subordinate body, so that it might say whether it would permit its superior body to impose instructions.

Former Speaker Sherman offered the resolution. The incident arose just before adjournment. Representative Trautmann had offered a resolution on the death of James E. Miller, a member of the twenty-first and twenty-second general assemblies.

Before it was acted on Mr. Sherman offered his resolution.

Mr. Sherman explained that the resolution, being in the nature of an instruction to the appropriations committee, could not consistently be referred to that committee, and therefore asked for an immediate vote on it.

Speaker Miller ruled him out of order, holding that Trautmann's resolution came first, although Trautmann explained that he had waived his rights in favor of Sherman and supposed the chair understood it. The speaker thrust both Trautmann's and Sherman's explanations aside, disregarding Sherman's appeal for the chair's decision and put the Trautmann resolution.

Sherman then repeated his request for unanimous consent for consideration of the resolution. Gus Nohe and one or two others yelled "Object" and Sherman moved a suspension of the rules. Speaker Miller gave him a stony glance, ignored his second appeal from the chair's decision, put a motion to refer the Sherman resolution to the appropriations committee and declared it carried. Sherman tried to give notice that he would move a reconsideration of the referring vote on the next legislative day, the speaker ruling that he had voted with the losing side, and for the purpose of making the reconsideration motion had tried to change his vote after the vote had been announced, although there had been no roll call or even a division by rising to determine on which side any member had voted.

**Ballot Bills Are Advanced.**

Senator Campbell's bills amending the Australian ballot law by permitting candidates for officers of courts of record to have their names printed on the ballot in more than one place, and permitting separate primaries for the nomination of candidates for the judicial election in June, were advanced to third reading. The former was amended so as to make it apply to counties having a population of 125,000 or more, and the latter was amended so as to give the executive or managing committee of a political party power to make the judiciary nominations, instead of holding a primary and a convention, when only candidates for the bench are to be nominated.

**State Law Library.**

Improvement of the state law library so as to make it worthy of Illinois and equal to the law libraries of other states is the object of a bill which has been prepared by Attorney General H. J. Hamlin at the suggestion of the justices of the Supreme court. The insufficiency of the state law library and the inconvenience attending consultation of books in it are well known to all lawyers who practice before the Supreme court at Springfield.

The library is inferior to the law library in Chicago. It is not as well equipped as the law library in St. Louis and it falls below the standard in many states. Many sets of reports are incomplete and many important works are absent.

To remedy these defects the bill prepared by Attorney General Hamlin carries an appropriation of \$5,000 to supply the works needed to make the reference department fairly complete, and also an annual appropriation of \$3,000 to pay for books to keep the library abreast of current requirements.

In addition to this, there will be asked in another bill an appropriation to extend the room in the state capitol now occupied by the law library so

**Sues for \$10,000.**

Chester S. McConnell has filed proceedings in the circuit court at Taylorville for \$10,000 damages against W. D. Coffman of May township. The plaintiff had his foot cut off several months ago by a reaper, which was in charge of Coffman.

**May Drill With Arms.**

The adjutant general of Illinois has given the Taylorville high school cadets permission to drill with arms, but without ammunition, until Dec. 31.

as to take in a large apartment occasionally used by the Appellate court. The addition of this extra room would give the library about 50 per cent more space than it now has, and would permit a rearrangement of the books by which they would be easily accessible.

There would be provided also light and ventilation, both of which are lacking under the existing plan.

**For Popular Elections.**

The senate, by a vote of 43 to 1, adopted the resolution offered by Senator Gardner favoring the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. The resolution, it is considered certain, will be adopted by the house.

The single vote against the resolution was cast by Senator Riley.

"It seems to me," he said, "that this resolution is altogether unwise and that the inexpediency of such a proposition is demonstrated by the history of this country ever since the adoption of the federal constitution. The United States senate has been a check at all times upon rash legislation proposed in the house of representatives; it has been a balance wheel for all legislation, whether it concerned agricultural constituencies or those which were marked largely by commercial enterprise.

"I am opposed to the principle contained in this resolution, not because it is so framed as to give the people the right of a direct voice in the selection of United States senators, but because in doing that it takes away the guarantee of a conservative, careful policy in the congress of the United States, if it is to preserve the interests of the entire community."

Senator Berry replied briefly to Senator Riley.

"Whatever may be my personal views in relation to the matter," said he, "the senator from Cook (Riley) has made some wonderfully good suggestions why this resolution ought to be adopted:

"If it is a fact, and it has been denied by our party, that the senate of the United States represents the corporations to the detriment of the agriculturists and the laboring men, then it is high time a change was made in the manner of selection of the members of that body."

"No man in this state is big enough to represent corporations and not big enough to represent the lowest laborer in America. I would never vote for any man for United States senator, representing my people, if I thought he was going to the United States senate to represent solely what the senator calls the higher branches of this country. The man who goes to the senate of the United States must be a man who is in touch with the common people of this country, rather than the aristocracy, so to speak."

Senator Fowler also spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution, and, in reply to a question by Senator Riley, said:

"Our country has shown that some of the weakest men have gotten into the United States senate by virtue of opening a barrel and paying their way into the senate."

**Local Option.**

The local option bill of the Anti-Saloon league of Illinois which has been introduced in the senate by Senator Parker, and is now known as the "Parker local option" bill, was given to the house by Representative Montellius, and the league is arranging for an active campaign to aid in its passage. Since the introduction of the bill in the senate a bitter campaign has been conducted under the supervision of the league to bring pressure to bear upon the senators. In the senate, the bill was assigned to the license committee and it is probable that similar disposition will be made of the measure in the house. Mr. Montellius is not a member of the license committee, but Mr. Stewart, the prohibition member, who will also champion the bill, is a member of that committee.

**Free Text Books.**

Representative Burgett is preparing a bill providing free text books in the public schools of the state. The bill will create a commission consisting of the state superintendent, the principals of the state normal schools and three women educators, to be selected by the other members of the commission. The commission will be empowered to designate the books to be used throughout the state and there must be uniformity of books in each Congressional district. Different systems may be used in different districts, but no locality can adopt a system which varies from that in force in the other localities within the boundaries of the district.

Under the proposed plan each school district is to pay for the books provided by the commission, but the bill will fix a maximum price for all publications and no more than this amount shall be paid. To provide the funds for the books the levy for school purposes will be increased one-half of 1 per cent.

**Capital Stock Assessment.**

Assessment of the capital stock of corporations, according to a rule fixed by law, is the object of a bill which has been prepared by Representative A. G. Murray of Springfield.

**May Establish Condensery.**

The establishment of a condensery is being agitated in Carlyle. A man who conducts one of the largest plants in the country met a number of leading citizens. He is desirous of establishing a number of branch plants. He was favorably impressed with the advantages presented by Carlyle and will return for the purpose of giving the matter further consideration. If the plant is established employment will be given to 100 persons.

# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

ZIONISTS OBJECT TO PIG MEAT

Consignment Sent Through Error Causes Trouble in Dowie's City.

There was excitement in Zion City when it was known that a consignment of swine flesh had accidentally reached that sacred city. A dozen hams sent to a Waukegan meat dealer had been unloaded at Zion City by mistake. A delegation of residents waited on Station Agent Patterson and asked for the hams, but were refused. They threatened him with violence, but he did not yield. As quickly as possible the meat was sent to Waukegan.

TRY TO SWINDLE MERCHANTS

Well-Dressed Strangers Fail to Work the Draft Game.

Two well dressed strangers, representing themselves to be agents for a circus, attempted to fleece some Cairo provision dealers by buying large quantities of meat and other provisions for the circus, presenting drafts in payment in excess of the amount of purchases and expecting to receive the change in cash. Their plan failed, but not before one firm sent out to Bridge Junction for delivery on the cars that were not there.

**Passengers in Peril.**

A side rod on Wabash engine No. 607, pulling a fast passenger train into Decatur out of St. Louis, broke as the train was passing over the Sangamon river bridge, near Decatur. The train was going at full speed when the accident occurred. Ends of ties were broken by the whirling steel beam and the fireman's side of the cab was wrecked. Engineer John Edwards applied the brakes, and with Fireman Fred Dolson, both clinging to the steps on the right side, awaiting developments. Fortunately the engine and coaches kept the rails and the train stopped at the opposite side of the river was reached. There were many passengers on the train, but few realized their peril.

**More Money for Postoffice.**

Representative Feely has introduced a bill in the house at Washington providing for an increase in the limit of the cost of the federal building at Oak Park to \$55,000. The omnibus public building bill passed last session placed the limit of cost of this building at \$35,000, but many complaints that the amount is inadequate and many requests praying for a large appropriation for this purpose have been received by Mr. Feely. In accordance with their spirit he introduced the bill, which he hopes to have incorporated in the public building bill which is to be passed this session.

**Survey New Coal Road.**

Surveyors employed by the Illinois Black Diamond railway company, recently incorporated with a capital of \$100,000 have surveyed the road will pass except two. These will be surveyed in the spring. Henry Dirks of Springfield, one of the directors of the road, will attend a meeting, to be held in St. Louis shortly, at which a part of the contracts for the construction will be let. The proposed road will start at Peoria and terminate at Harrisburg, passing through Springfield, Hillsboro, Greenville, Carlyle, Nashville and Marion, and will tap fine coal fields hitherto practically untouched.

**Fish Hatchery for Chicago.**

Chicago will have a fish culture station if a bill introduced by Representative Mann becomes a law. The bill provides for an appropriation of \$200,000 for the establishment of such a station. The plan is favored by anglers, fishermen and fish dealers in the neighborhood of Chicago, who complain that the fish in the lake and streams are rapidly becoming extinct. If Mr. Mann's bill is passed millions of fish will be hatched at the station at Chicago, from which point they will be distributed throughout the middle west for the stocking of the lakes and the rivers.

**New Bank at Marine.**

A new bank will be opened at Marine, in Madison county, at an early day. It will be financed by C. B. Mundy of Litchfield and capitalists of Marine.

**Raise Bonus for Road.**

The business men's committee now has subscribed very nearly \$200,000, the sum required to insure the building of interurban lines in and out of Quincy.

**Mail Carriers' Convention.**

The mail carriers of Quincy have commenced taking steps to insure the holding of the national mail carriers' convention here in 1905.

**Seeks Right of Way.**

H. R. Platt, attorney for Joseph Leiter, is in Benton trying to secure the right of way for his railroad from Benton to Zeigler. He says if the right of way is furnished him by the citizens of Franklin county the construction of the road will begin within ten days.

**Electric Light Ordinance.**

Mayor Shilling has signed the ordinance granting R. E. Pratt and others the right to establish an electric lighting plant in Decatur.

FOSTERBURG HAS OIL FEVER

Expert Reports That the Chances for Getting Rich Are Excellent.

Farmers in the vicinity of Fosterburg, east of Alton, think there are very favorable indications of the existence of oil under their farms, and so confident are they that they employed an expert in the oil business to make an inspection to investigate the advisability of sinking oil wells. The expert has reported, and advised the land owners to begin boring for oil. The favorable signs of the existence of oil under their farms which induced the farmers there to get the services of an expert are floating oil on the surface of water in creeks and an oily condition of the ground. There has been much excitement in the vicinity of Fosterburg over the prospects of oil, and since the expert made his report the land owners are feeling very confident that they will strike oil.

SAN JOSE SCALE IS WIPED OUT

Bureau of Entomology Announces Its Extermination in Clay County.

The Illinois bureau of entomology, through E. S. Little, assistant to State Entomologist Forbes, has just completed a thorough examination of the San Jose scale, which made it appear in the apple orchards of Clay county several years ago, and the investigation shows the pest practically exterminated. The Barbee, Tanner and Vickery orchards near Louisville, were infected, the pest being brought to the county by imported nursery stock. The state authorities give it as their opinion that the growers need not fear the further growth of the scale in Clay county. The orchard conditions generally are satisfactory for this season of the year, the trees are plentifully budded and buds in good condition.

**Eight-foot Coal Vein.**

The legal obstacle which retarded the work of the promoters of the coal mine, to be sunk two miles east of Buxton, or two miles west of Edwardsville, has been removed in the Probate court. The promoters wanted an option on the coal under the land owned by Peter Meyer. The owner is an insane person, therefore it was necessary to get an order from court. This has been obtained. The prospectors have found an eight-foot vein of coal, but two more holes will be bored before the shaft is put down. The project is being backed by one of the largest coal operators on the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad.

**Christian County Taxes.**

The amount of state tax to be collected in Christian county this year is \$29,909.56, distributed as follows: Assumption township, \$1,894.08; Bear Creek, \$1,017.87; Buckhart, \$2,204.11; Greenwood, \$954.57; Johnson, \$972.86; King, \$1,076.55; Locust, \$1,146.98; May, \$1,070.43; Mosquito, \$1,292.60; Mount Auburn, \$1,252.18; Pana, \$3,817.91; Prairiepton, \$966.43; Ricks, \$1,422.26; Rosemond, \$1,126.11; South Fork, \$2,003.14; Stonington, \$1,402.26; Taylorville, \$1,233.60.

**Adams County Democrats.**

At a meeting of the Adams county Democratic central committee Thomas S. Elliott of Payson was chosen chairman and C. H. Meyer of Quincy and Homer D. Hines of Quincy, respectively, treasurer and secretary. The treasurer reported \$300 cash on hand. It was voted to hold the judicial primaries on March 17, from 1 to 7 p. m. in Quincy, and from 1 to 5 p. m. in the country.

**Corporation Taxes.**

The railroads, telegraph and telephone companies in Christian county will pay a total tax of \$25,078.88, divided as follows: State \$2,035.52; county, \$4,834; town, \$707.02; road and bridge, \$2,309.72; courthouse, \$951.39; city and village, \$2,057.36; city bond, \$173.09; high school, \$757.67; district school, \$7,564.52; district road, \$848.05.

**Raid by City Constable.**

Constable Albert Coburn of Chicago headed a raid on the slot machines of Matteson. He was armed with the necessary warrants from Justice J. R. McDonnell. The machines were taken away in a sleigh. This was one of a series of raids being made in a number of the smaller Cook county towns.

**To Sink Coal Shaft.**

The coal mine meeting at Blue Mound awakened considerable enthusiasm. It was voted to proceed with the sinking of a shaft. W. H. Bean was chairman of the meeting, and L. R. Shilk secretary. The company will have a capital of \$75,000 to \$100,000. Various committees were appointed.

**Crawford County Farmers.**

The board of directors of the Crawford County Agricultural society elected the following officers for the ensuing year: W. A. Wood of Eaton, president; F. M. Burner of Robinson, vice president; Savilla Shipman of Harbinsville, general superintendent; C. V. Coulter of Oblong, secretary; H. W. Schwenke of Eaton, treasurer; A. H. Rhodes of Eaton, marshal; committee on grounds—H. A. Culver, F. M. Burner and A. J. Crum; committee on premium list—C. V. Coulter, Savilla Shipman and A. E. Newlin.



# The Barrington Review

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising Rates made known on application.

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1903

## Judicial Convention.

Republicans of the 17th Judicial Circuit comprising the counties of Boone, McHenry, Lake and Winnebago, are requested to select delegates to represent said counties in a Judicial Convention to be held at the Grand Army hall, in the city of Rockford, Illinois, at one o'clock p.m., on Saturday, February 14th, 1903, for the purpose of nominating three candidates for Judges of the Circuit Courts of the 17th Circuit to be voted for at the next regular election for judges of said courts, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such convention.

The basis of representation for the several counties forming said circuit will be one delegate for each three hundred votes and the major fraction thereof cast for President in the year 1900. Under that basis said counties will be entitled to delegates as follows: Boone.....11 Lake.....17 McHenry.....17 Winnebago.....27

CHARLES WHITNEY } Committee.  
R. W. WRIGHT }  
R. K. WELSH }

## Baltimore's New Primary Law.

The city of Baltimore has a new primary election law, the operation of which may be of interest to other communities seeking reforms in election methods. It will receive its first practical test at the municipal elections this spring, and some defects may be developed by this test, though the general plan of the law seems to be admirable. The principal features are these:

First.—The primaries of both parties are held on the same day and in the same voting booths.

Second.—The ballot used is prepared by public officials, contains the names of all candidates alphabetically arranged and is voted in secret.

Third.—Every citizen has a right to vote in the primaries of the party with which he prefers to be affiliated, the law expressly providing "that the statement of such party affiliation does not bind him to vote for the candidates of such party at any given election."

Apparently these provisions would do away with the abuses by which conscientious citizens are kept from voting in the primaries and corrupt ones are permitted to vote in them. The "floaters," as they are called, have still one vote, but they have no longer two or more, as the primaries of both parties are held together under the same safeguards as a regular election, and the citizen who is unwilling to do the bidding of party bosses can no longer be kept away from the primaries by a requirement that he must pledge himself to vote for all its nominees, however obnoxious to his moral sense.

Besides these provisions the new Baltimore law has another introducing the principle of direct primaries for the most important officer to be chosen at any election. If delegates to conventions are chosen, the name of the candidate they are pledged to support is printed above each list of delegates.

The traditional ground hog, when he came out the other day to disport himself in the open, could or could not have seen his shadow, according to the time and location of his observations. All of which indicates that we will have before the robins nest again more or less weather of various kinds, just as we always have between Candlemas day and corn planting time. Within the limits of our far flung thermometer line an American winter can put up a great variety of atmospheric conditions, over which neither the weather bureau nor the goosebone and woodchuck prophets have any considerable influence.

A Cleveland man was run over and badly injured the other day by two carriages in a wedding procession. As a rule weddings result disastrously to no one besides the persons married.

A Kokomo (Ind.) woman has had her husband arrested because he blackened her eyes when she refused to pray. Hers is muscular Christianity for you with a vengeance.

It would appear that some of the big gambling houses in New York get enough free advertising out of an occasional raid to fully offset its inconvenience.

After the smoke clears away and the financial disputes are settled Germany might do well to engage a few Venezuelan gunners to instruct its navy.

Kaiser Wilhelm is forty-four years old, but he is a good deal younger in some respects than his years would indicate.

With antikissing bills before the legislatures of Minnesota and Virginia, a bill taxing bachelors and spinsters introduced in the New York house of representatives and a ruling by a New York judge that elopement is punishable as disorderly conduct, the prospective lot of the unmarried would not appear to be an altogether happy one.

According to Secretary Root there are in the United States 10,853,396 men available for military duty. The chances are, however, that not more than 10,000,000 of them can hit the side of a barn with a shotgun.

The changes made in the national bankruptcy law in the passage by congress of the bill for its amendment are in the line of ameliorating the conditions of the bankrupt, though they do not apparently in any degree make it easier for dishonest debtors to defraud their creditors. The fees taxable under the amended law are reduced so as to make bankruptcy proceedings less expensive, and provision is made that bankruptcy indexes and dockets shall be open to public examination without charge.

A wise amendment is one prohibiting any person from getting rid of the payment of alimony or any debt of that kind under the bankruptcy act.

In interpreting the old law the federal supreme court held that a creditor could not prove his claim if he had received a payment on any debt against the debtor, provided the debtor's property was not equal to his debts. The payment might have been received innocently and in ignorance of the debtor's insolvency. That made no difference. It must be surrendered or the creditor could not prove an undisputed claim. The act as amended makes any payment made four months before the filing of the petition a preference, if the debtor was insolvent at the time. If the creditor had any reason to believe that it was intended as a preference he must surrender the property or its value.

Altogether the amendments will improve and strengthen the law and settle questions of long and troublesome dispute. The necessity of a federal bankruptcy code, operative in all the states of the Union, was long ago apparent, and thus amplified and perfected it should meet the conditions of business it is intended to cover with justice alike to the creditor and the insolvent debtor.

In view of the fact that there was no necessity for the blustering naval demonstration by Great Britain, Germany and Italy, it would appear that the powers which proceeded decently toward the collection of their claims against Venezuela should have an equal, if not preferential, standing as creditors.

Hon. Joe Chamberlain appears to be making a decided hit with the Boers in South Africa. This is doubtless because he has with him his talented and tactful American wife.

Sir Henry Maxim's declaration that the bank at Monte Carlo cannot be beaten is a maxim that some venturesome people would do well to accept without question.

As an answer to Governor Pennypacker's inaugural address Mr. Carnegie has just given \$5,000,000 more for scientific research by Scotchmen.

President Castro will doubtless expect Germany to pay for the broken glass when the final settlement is made.

Window glass in all sizes at Lamey & Co.'s.

## PROFIT

The matter of feed is of tremendous importance to the farmer. Wrong feeding is loss. Right feeding is profit.

The up-to-date farmer knows what to feed his cows to get the most milk, his pigs to get the most pork, his hens to get the most eggs. Science.

But how about the children? Are they fed according to science, a bone food if bones are soft and undeveloped, a flesh and muscle food if they are thin and weak and a blood food if there is anemia?

Scott's Emulsion is a mixed food; the Cod Liver Oil in it makes flesh, blood and muscle, the Lime and Soda make bone and brain. It is the standard scientific food for delicate children.



Send for free sample.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne CHEMISTS, 409 Pearl St., N. Y. 50c. and \$1. all druggists.

# Lincoln and the Soldiers

By GEORGE L. KILMER

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ALMOST to a man the soldiers who took up arms in 1861 were familiar with the type of manhood upon which the great war leader was modeled, the honest, large hearted, patient and indomitable yeoman. City life and country life were then closer together than in these times. At best the city man was only one generation removed from the countryman. So while the farm boy and the westerner claimed Lincoln as of their own stamp their city comrades were not a whit behind in personal appreciation and loyalty.

In the early days the campaign titles "Old Abe" and "Abe" Lincoln were caught up lightly, for the war was looked upon as part of the comedy of a heated political campaign to be quickly ended. But when, after some blood-letting, a poet coined the phrase, "We're coming, Father Abraham," he struck a cord which lay dormant in



"I THINK THAT IS ALL YOU DO PAY."

every soldier's heart, for it linked the man with the musket to the great head of the government in the relation of parent and son. The title Father Abraham was universally adopted in the same spirit as the camp nicknames "Uncle Billy" and "Pap" were fastened upon Sherman and Thomas. It wasn't levity, but filial respect seeking the simplest form of expression. Lincoln was the noble "father" of his boys, Sherman the good "uncle," Thomas the quiet, resourceful, everyday "pap" or "dad."

Every soldier who passed through Washington or was encamped near it sought a chance to shake hands with Father Abraham on reception days. Countless stories of these incidents, which stood out as events in the lives of the fortunate ones, became current in camp. Even though these handshakes grew to be commonplace and Lincoln a familiar figure around the nearby camps, men were proud to recall "the first time I saw Lincoln," or "the day I shook hands with Lincoln." After his assassination hundreds of thousands of boys in blue who had missed the opportunity or deferred it, purposely, till the day of expected victory, were filled with regret.

Lincoln's first acts of executive clemency and kindness in the cases where untrained recruits had been condemned to death created a Lincoln of camp tradition. Father Abraham stood between the soldier boy and injustice and wrong of every form. He could be appealed to. He was appealed to. If a soldier couldn't get a furlough through the army channels and thought he had a good claim, he wrote the president. If the soldier's letter failed in its mission, then the mother or sister or wife wrote and Lincoln ordered the furlough granted if the circumstances warranted it.

The heaviest cross the soldier at the front had to bear was the slow paymaster and the rascally quartermaster and army contractor. For all his ills he made some of these worth the victim of a "roast-ing," and if one of them came under the satire of the president the soldiers took sweet revenge by retelling the story in camp and writing it home to the folks and to the papers. One of the callers at the White House on a reception day in 1862, when the treasury was not clogged with a surplus, greenbacks not having been invented, brought to camp a story which made the boys forget their lean pocketbooks for a time. A paymaster was introduced to the president with great eclat, and while shaking the honest hand held out to him said: "I have no official business with you, Mr. President. I only called to pay my compliments."



"I USED TO BE GOOD ON THE CHOP."

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"Yes, I understand," responded Lincoln curtly, adding as he nodded toward several soldiers who were looking on, "from the complaints of these boys of mine I think it is all you do pay."

Whenever a rascally commissary, quartermaster or paymaster was dismissed the service the president got the credit for it in camp. He made no public professions of his good will to the boys and never praised them with eloquent harangues, but now and then he dropped a homely phrase which showed the place they held in his heart. One day there was an issue in the councils between the soldiers and their general. Lincoln sided with the man with the musket, and, when remonstrated with for risking giving offense to a prominent officer, he exclaimed, "But I can make a general any time with a stroke of the pen, and good soldiers are hard to get."

All through the war the soldiers disliked military frills and ceremony and for that reason took to Lincoln, the American ideal of democratic simplicity. Every story which was racy of the rail splitter president, especially if it related to the army, was eagerly caught up and made camp property. One day a German nobleman who had seen service in the fatherland appeared at the White House as an applicant for a commission. Lincoln liked the young fellow for his personal bearing solely and promised him an appointment. Being overjoyed at his good luck, the foreign sprig began to impress the president with his importance at home, saying that he belonged to one of the oldest noble houses in Europe. "Oh, never mind that," said Lincoln, with gravity in his look and tone. "It will not be a serious obstacle to your advancement in this country."

The soldiers in turn treated foreign officers sent among them in the same spirit. If they fought well, their old world records didn't count against them and on the other hand didn't do them any good.

After the army grew to vast proportions thousands of soldiers joined it and served without a close view of Father Abraham. Whenever he visited camp, only the few who were canted along the route or stationed near headquarters and the points he inspected saw anything of his personality. One day at the front he strolled out where the engineer corps was at work and watched the axmen chopping timber. After chatting genially with them for a few minutes he asked for an ax and, wielding it skillfully, remarked, "They do say I used to be good on the chop," then made the chips fly from a cut as smooth as polished wood. When Lincoln had left the spot with a pleasant word, the engineers cheered the feat, and this caused the story to spread over the camp, bringing Father Abraham a little nearer to the hearts of the rank and file of the army.

Next to a hand-shake with the president the soldiers, delighted most to stand in line when Lincoln reviewed the army. It was a good chance to study his personality, for he rode close to the ranks and looked the men in their faces. Lincoln never saw any army but the one that battled in LINCOLN REVIEWING THE ARMY AT ANTIETAM.

of the Potomac, and two of his most notable reviews of that body were at Antietam immediately after the great battle and on the Rappahannock soon after "Fighting Joe" Hooker assumed command. Both reviews took place at a crisis in war's fluctuations and in the temper of the army, and Lincoln's appearance just at the time had the effect of impressing his personality as commander in chief upon the minds of the troops above the immediate general in command. For a couple of weeks before the battle of Antietam he would have been a rash man who would openly champion the administration's way with the army. It had been withdrawn from the James river, McClellan had been deposed, and his successor, an untried westerner, had led the troops to disaster which ended in a retreat to the fortifications of Washington. Then McClellan had been recalled and had checked the Confederate invasion of Maryland, driving Lee and Stonewall Jackson across the Potomac. The feeling in the camp was that the army had suffered from too much meddling at the war department; that McClellan, left to himself, had won a brilliant triumph.

Lincoln came to the field and rode down the line, facing the men in their ragged and battle stained uniforms. Around and behind him were the generals resplendent in braid and glittering harness, but the president's somber black suit, his high silk hat, his strong, honest and serious face, singled him out as the head of the body politic, that creation from which the army had sprung. In a day it came and vanished, that mighty presence which swayed the destinies of nation and army alike, and for weeks following

## Bad Coughs

"I had a bad cough for six weeks and could find no relief until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Only one-fourth of the bottle cured me." L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption. Don't wait, but take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral just as soon as your cough begins. A few doses will cure you then.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

the apparition no word fell from the lips of the soldiers more softly and reverentially than the name of Lincoln.

Four months later the conditions and the review of Antietam were repeated on the banks of the Rappahannock. Again McClellan had been removed and his successor involved in the bloodiest disaster of the war, the Fredericksburg slaughter. Moreover, another untried commander had been placed at the head of the army, General Hooker. Hundreds of officers had resigned and prominent major generals had asked to be relieved from serving under Hooker in another Rappahannock campaign. Lincoln came and spent some days talking it over with the generals. Then the army was called out, and Lincoln rode down the line accompanied by his little son "Tad" riding a pony. A bitter spirit could quarrel with the president, off in Washington, but not with Father Abraham, right there at the front with his favorite boy, his heart already torn by fresh grief at the loss of "Tad's" baby playmate, Willie. Veterans have happily long since buried the war's controversies and quarrels, but whenever the subject of Lincoln's reviews of the army is called up at a G. A. R. campfire the comrade who can tell of "Tad" and his pony in the review at Falmouth is the hero of the hour.

As a military man the president never aroused the respect of the army and after the disasters of Second Bull Run and Fredericksburg, which, rightly or wrongly, were laid at his door, the idea of his interference was to the mass intolerable. He told Grant in so many words that he didn't profess to be a military man or to know how campaigns should be conducted and never wanted to interfere. He had done so at times under pressure from the people of the north and congress, but was certain his interference had been wrong in some cases, possibly in all. One story of his nagging the generals was told with great gusto by the critics of the army, which, if true, would have stamped Lincoln as a man of coarse fiber and vacillating mind. This was to the effect that at one time he wired McClellan to either "attack Richmond or give up the job." The truth is that the joke was upon the scared heads in Washington, Philadelphia and New York. The army was carrying out the actual campaign set by the war department and investing Richmond. Suddenly Stonewall Jackson swooped down upon the army of Banks in the Shenandoah valley and drove it to the Potomac. Washington got news that the Confederates were threatening Leesburg and the Manassas Gap railroad in front of Washington. Lincoln wired the particulars to McClellan, telling him how the three armies of Mc-

[Continued on Page 5.]

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THE

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Money spent for continuous advertising is well invested. Sporadic expenditure means waste every time. The tenth dollar that is spent for advertising makes the first dollar more valuable. Maybe the direct returns will be very slow in coming. It often happens that way, but they will come just the same, and there is no other way in which a business man can invest money so that it will bring so much profit.

Try it and Be Convinced

The only way that he can lose the benefit of his advertising is to stop. Even then he cannot lose it altogether, and for a long time after he has quit he will derive some trade from it. However, if he does a little bit and quits, and then advertises a little bit more and quits again he will find himself in the position of the man in the well, who climbed up one foot and dropped back two.

We do Job

Printing

In a way that pleases our patrons. Up-to-date methods.



# Reminiscences of Lincoln

By J. H. ROCKWELL

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THE following account of one of the most important events in Mr. Lincoln's history was procured from General Smith D. Atkins, the veteran editor and politician, who was present at the conference of Republican leaders in Freeport, Ill., just previous to the famous Lincoln-Douglas debate of Aug. 27, 1858:

"Abraham Lincoln was the grandest man of all the centuries. My personal acquaintance with him was very slight. I met him on two occasions only, the first time in 1856, when Mr. Lincoln came to Freeport with a party of ladies and gentlemen as the guests of the Illinois Central Railroad company, making a tour over the lines of that company. A telegram was received to have dinner prepared for the company at the Brewster House, and the news spread in Freeport, then a small village of some 3,000 or 4,000 people. I was introduced to Mr. Lincoln at the Brewster House, and his attention was attracted to a cane I carried with a head of polished Iowa birdseye marble, beautiful and curious.

"While I was talking Mr. Lincoln's little boy took possession of the cane. Dinner was announced, but he insisted on keeping the cane. I urged Mr. Lincoln to let him keep it as a present from me, but he replied, 'That would not be right,' and he patiently pleaded with the boy to give it to us and finally succeeded in securing the cane by giving the boy a dollar. Mr. Lincoln then went into the dining room, where the others of the party had been for some time seated at the table.

"The second and the last time that I met Mr. Lincoln was on Aug. 27, 1858. Mr. Lincoln came to Freeport at that time to engage in one of the series of joint debates with Stephen A. Douglas, a new interest in which has been recently created by Winston Churchill's novel, 'The Crisis.' My recollections of that day are vivid and never to be forgotten. I was then a young man practicing law in Freeport and was present in a room in the Brewster House in the forenoon of Aug. 27, 1858, with a number of others who were calling on Mr. Lincoln. Among them were E. B. Washburn, Owen Lovejoy, Norman H. Judd, Joseph Medill, James O. Churchill and John Wilson Shaffer. Of course there were others coming and going, but I especially remember the gentlemen named.

"The subject under discussion when I entered the room was the solemn manner of Mr. Lincoln's oratory in the first joint debate in Ottawa on Aug. 21, all present who engaged in the conversation urging Mr. Lincoln to drop his solemn style of argument and tell stories, as Tom Corwin of Ohio did, and catch the crowd. Mr. Lincoln appeared greatly amused and said very little, but after a short time he drew from his pocket a list of questions that he had carefully prepared and which he proposed to ask Douglas.

"The reading of those questions created a storm of opposition on the part of nearly every one present, especially Joseph Medill, who vehemently insisted that it would be a fatal mistake, especially the second one, 'Can the people of a United States territory in any lawful way, against the wish of any citizen of the United States, exclude slavery from its limits prior to the formation of a state constitution?' Mr. Medill, Mr. Washburn, Mr. Judd and others strenuously argued that Mr. Douglas would answer that under his doctrine of 'popular sovereignty' any territory could by unfriendly legislation exclude slavery, and Mr. Douglas would catch the crowd and beat Mr. Lincoln as candidate for United States senator from Illinois.

"Mr. Lincoln listened attentively and with wonderful patience while these arguments were being urged against the course he proposed to pursue, but at last slowly and deliberately replied in substance (and in his own words, as nearly as I can now remember them) as follows: 'Well, as to changing my style of argument, I will not do that; the subject is too solemn and important. That is settled. Now, as to the other point, I do not know how Mr. Douglas will answer. If he answers that the people of a territory cannot exclude slavery, I will beat him, but if he answers as you say he will and as I believe he will he may beat me for senator, but he will never be president of the United States.' According to my recollection, that closed the discussion upon these two points. Freeport had an enormous crowd that day. The people had come from all the surrounding counties, many driving down from Wisconsin. The joint debate took place at 2 o'clock in the afternoon on an open space nearly back of the Brewster House, where a platform had been erected for the occasion. George B. McClellan (afterward general), then

connected with the Illinois Central railroad, had provided Mr. Douglas with a special car, but Mr. Lincoln traveled in the ordinary day coaches.

"Judge Douglas was taken to the grounds in a fine carriage belonging to Samuel F. Taylor, liveryman, by Francis W. F. Brawley, then postmaster at Freeport. It was drawn by a splendid span of gray horses. It was the only fine carriage in any livery stable in Freeport at that time, and there was no way for the Republicans to match in splendor the equipage that took Judge Douglas to the grounds. They therefore sent for a farmer, John Wolf, living near Freeport, who had recently arrived from Pennsylvania, to bring his six horse team and Conestoga wagon, with its queer box high at each end, to take Mr. Lincoln to the debate.

"Mr. Lincoln strongly protested, but finally good naturedly yielded and stood alone in the wagon, the farmer riding



"His name's Lincoln—Abe Lincoln," the high wheel horse, as he had done in his long journey from Pennsylvania, and driving with a single rein. Mr. Lincoln was taken to the grounds amid the wildest applause.

"His equipage was in such strong contrast to that of Senator Douglas that every one, Democrats and Republicans, could not help laughing, and the vast crowd was filled with good nature.

"During the debate Mr. Lincoln did ask Judge Douglas the question that had been the subject of so much discussion at the Brewster House, and Mr. Douglas did answer as Mr. Medill and others said he would, and Mr. Douglas did beat Mr. Lincoln as a candidate for United States senator from Illinois.

"But in making that answer Mr. Douglas put himself in direct opposition to the decision of the supreme court of the United States in the Dred Scott case, and he so offended the Democrats of the south that they instantly denounced him, and that answer made by Mr. Douglas to Mr. Lincoln's question in Freeport on Aug. 27, 1858, split the Democratic national convention at Charleston in 1860 and made the election of Mr. Douglas as president impossible, as Mr. Lincoln had predicted. The popular opinion was and is that it made Mr. Lincoln so well known throughout the country as to result in his own nomination and election as president of the United States.

The men who personally knew Abraham Lincoln grow fewer each year, but there is none who during the time he grew into prominence saw more of him than Mr. J. O. Stewart of 1208 East Jefferson street, Springfield, Ill. In 1857 he was a photographer, and he says he distinctly remembers one day when he saw a big, tall, rawboned, cadaverous looking man crossing the street. The object of his interest—photographers are always looking for some odd specimen for their cameras—wore a sort of raglan coat, pantaloons that seemed to fit only in spots and a tall hat. The vast crowd was filled with good nature.

He had on a pair of short top boots, and negligence of dress or choice caused him to leave a trouser leg caught on the top of one of his boots. Mr. Stewart inquired who on earth that "gawk" could be, and his friend, Mr. George Sawyer, replied: "Well, you'd be surprised to hear that fellow talk. He is one of the brightest lawyers in Illinois. You ought to go over to the courthouse and hear him. His name's Lincoln—Abe Lincoln."

A little later Mr. Stewart did go and hear Mr. Lincoln, and he was very much impressed. An introduction resulted in an acquaintance which last during the president's life and carried with it memories of the president and his family that will never be forgotten.



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"Wine of Cardui is indeed a blessing to tired women. Having suffered for seven years with weakness and bearing-down pains, and having tried several doctors and different remedies with no success, your Wine of Cardui was the only thing which helped me, and eventually cured me. It seemed to build up the weak parts, strengthen the system and correct irregularities."

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For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

## WINE OF CARDUI

## LINCOLN AND THE SOLDIERS.

[Continued from Page 4.]

Dowell, Banks and Fremont would be disposed so as to protect the capital. Even then he feared the result and added, "I think the time is near when you must either attack Richmond or give up the job and come to the defense of Washington."

The immediate defense of Washington while the army was at a distance coping with the main enemy gave the president great concern and also an opportunity to exercise his military inclinations. At the time of Early's raid, in 1864, Lincoln went out to the point of danger with a column of fresh troops which Grant had sent up from Petersburg to strengthen the local garrison of clerks and convalescents. While watching the skirmishers in front of Fort Stevens, which Early attacked, Lincoln got within range and was urged by the generals to retire, and he did so only after considerable protest.

The capture of Richmond was the one great problem of Lincoln's incumbency. It became a bugbear, so often was it attempted under his manipulation without success. It was during a talk with Grant as to how he—Grant—would proceed that Lincoln confessed his military mistakes and want of experience. Grant refrained from laying bare his plans for the reason, as he declared, that while they looked hopeful they might fail, and he didn't wish to disappoint Lincoln, who had had the matter on his heart for three years.

After Grant laid siege to Petersburg and Richmond and Lincoln was candidate for a second term an admirer said to the president, "Nothing can defeat you but Grant's capture of Richmond and his nomination by the opposite party."

"Well," said Lincoln, "I feel very much like the man who said he didn't want to die particularly, but if he had got to die that was precisely the disease he'd like to die of."

At last the hour came for the final blow which was to decide once for all the fate of Richmond. Lincoln visited Grant's headquarters at City Point, on the James, miles in rear of the beleaguering lines. Grant requested him to remain there while he went in person to the front to direct the troops, the general promising to send the president frequent dispatches of the progress made by the advance. On the heels of the victory at Five Forks Grant wired the president to join him and received his call in a house in the captured city of Petersburg, Richmond having fallen a few hours before Lincoln arrived. After expressing his thanks to the army for the victory, Lincoln said, "Do you know, general, that I have had a sort of sneaking idea for some days that you intended to do something like this?"

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R. Collins, farmer, Seney, Iowa: "In two week's time I cured an old sore on a valuable colt, sore caused by cut on barb wire. I tried many remedies but the wound kept getting worse until I began use of Silver Salve. Before I used up half a box my colt was well."

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M. C. McIntosh, 420 Ashland Block, Chicago.  
STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss. Circuit Court of Lake County.  
March Term A. D. 1903.

Jacob - Zimmermann, Margaretta M. Starch and Clarence J. Fisher

vs.  
Mary Elizabeth Dornbusch, Henry W. Dornbusch, Theresa Zimmermann, Cosmo Zimmermann, Mary Zimmermann, Philip A. Starck, Miles T. Lamey, Administrator of the Estate of Guy M. Fisher, deceased, Rudolph Karsnick, Mary Regan, John Wagner, John Schaefer, Clarence J. Fisher, Sr., and Fisher.

Satisfactory affidavit that the defendants, Clarence J. Fisher, Sr., and — Fisher are not residents of the State of Illinois, so that process cannot be served upon them or either of them, having been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Court.

Notice is therefore given to the said Clarence J. Fisher, Sr., and — Fisher, defendants aforesaid, that the above complainants heretofore filed their Bill of Complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against the above named defendants, returnable on the first day of the term of the Circuit Court of Lake County, to be held at the Court House in Waukegan in said Lake County, on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1903, as is by law required. And afterwards Alias summons, issued out of said Court against the above named defendants, Clarence J. Fisher, Sr., and — Fisher, returnable on the first day of the term of the Circuit Court of Lake County, to be held at the Court House in Waukegan in said Lake County, on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1903, and is by law required, and which suit is still pending.

LEWIS O. BROCKWAY, Clerk.  
WAUKEGAN, Illinois, January 10th, A. D. 1903.

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Bound to Have His Kick.  
H. O. Havemeyer, who, it is reported, will retire from the presidency of the sugar trust on account of poor health, is at times extremely nervous, so that the least noise jars upon him. Mr. Havemeyer's butler, while serving dinner one evening not long ago, dropped a tray of crockery. A tremendous crash, of course, followed.  
"I suppose you have broken all the plates," said Mr. Havemeyer.  
"No, sir, not one, sir," replied the butler.  
"Then you have made all that noise for nothing, eh?" said the sugar magnate, testily.  
In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.  
A powder. Your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous and often cold and damp. If you have sweating, sore feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cents. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.  
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Up to date 318 statues of William I. of Germany, have been erected in German towns, at a total cost of about \$5,000,000.  
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.  
Some people forget too little; others too much.  
Tonsilline Cures Sore Throat.  
One-sided quarrels never last long.



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"I had an abscess in my side in the fallopian tube (the fallopian tube is a connection of the ovaries). I suffered untold misery and was so weak I could scarcely get around. The sharp burning pains low down in my side were terrible. My physician said there was no help for me unless I would go to the hospital and be operated on. I thought before that I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which, fortunately, I did, and it has made me a stout, healthy woman. My advice to all women who suffer with any kind of female trouble is to commence taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once."—Mrs. I. S. HOLLINGER, Stillville, Ohio.—\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.  
It would seem by this statement that women would save time and much sickness if they would get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and also write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helps. No other person can give such helpful advice as Mrs. Pinkham to women who are sick.

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**MRS. HAROLD STAGG.**  
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**CHAPTER VIII.**  
Emma rose and haughtily proceeded to lower one of the awnings a little.  
"I am so sorry; I can see you think me very ungrateful."  
"I suppose you have the right to throw away your opportunities if you choose to, just as no one could prevent you from throwing yourself overboard if you were so inclined; but, as I said to your uncle Phineas this morning, I have done my best. Before you resolve on anything foolish, however, I should advise you to consult with him. You may rest assured that your uncle Harold will not consent to your leaving this house, and I cannot believe that Prof. Baldwin has so little knowledge of the world as to sanction anything of the sort. You spoke of paying him a visit; why don't you write to him and tell him you will pass a few days with him?"  
"I should like to immensely. I will write to-day. I will talk matters over with him. I have talked with him already; he is sensible, Aunt Emma, and would be the last person, I know, to advise me to do anything that is foolish. It is not he that suggested my leaving you."  
"I did not suppose it was," said Emma, relieved, nevertheless, by the announcement. She had been thinking hard as to a plan for thwarting, without seeming to thwart this vagary of Eleanor's as she still chose to consider it; and, on the whole, a change of scene seemed the most feasible.  
The more Emma thought over this project, the better it pleased her, and she felt almost jubilant when Eleanor announced that she had received a letter from her uncle urging her to come as soon as possible. She abstained from further discussions of the points at issue, believing that to ignore what had been said and trust to Eleanor's common sense to reassert itself was the proper course to pursue, and she sent her off, a day or two later, with equanimity, although Owen Page's yacht was in the offing; for, as she said to herself, the child would be sure to be stiff and constrained were she to meet him in her present spirit, even if she were not absolutely repellent.  
Altogether Mrs. Stagg flattered herself that the situation was not nearly so serious as she had at one moment feared, and she even did not feel that it was necessary to complain to her husband of Eleanor's threatened exodus, so little did she doubt that her niece's mental aberration was merely temporary. He expressed some surprise that she should visit New York in the heat of summer, but Emma pointed out in such eloquent terms the loneliness of the professor, and the undoubted need in which his apartments stood of a dust-discerning housewife, that Harold made no demur.  
Prof. Baldwin's apartments were indeed in need of female scrutiny; at least any woman would have said so; though it must be confessed that the professor himself considered that he was lodged very satisfactorily. The first thing one noticed on entering his living-room, or den, as he called it, was a superabundant odor of tobacco, which, except when his pipe was out, was supplemented by a haze that produced the effect of a murky London fog and imparted an air of greater dinginess to the already dingy carpet and curtains and furniture. Eleanor came in upon the professor just as he had finished breakfast and had settled down in an easy chair for his first smoke. He bounded up from his seat with so much heartiness that he jogged violently the center-table on which the tray containing the remains of his breakfast was resting in the midst of books, geological specimens, maps, music-rolls and sundry smaller paraphernalia, all lying in perfect confusion and overflowing on to the piano.  
"Peach-blossom, is it you?"  
"Yes, Uncle Phin, here I am."  
"Well, well, this is too much luck for an old bachelor like me! This hand-bag isn't all, is it? Where are your other duds?"  
"Oh, they're coming. I've brought a trunk nearly as big as this room, Uncle Phin, so you must make up your mind to put up with me for a good long visit. This is your parlor, I suppose."  
Her eyes, as she spoke, made a circuit of the room and then rested for a moment inquiringly on a tall, modest-looking man who had risen at her entrance and was standing in the background with his pipe in his hand.  
"Yes, this is my parlor, also my breakfast room, my study, my library—in fact, everything except my bedroom, which is there," and the professor nodded toward a door on his right.  
The stranger bowed respectfully. Eleanor saw that he had large dark eyes and a pale, rather thin face, full of quiet determination. He wore a short fustian jacket which had seen a great deal of service, and which seemed rather small for his muscular looking figure. He bowed again and walked to the door.  
"Now do not work too hard," cried Uncle Phineas. "There is the rock that will bring you to grief if you do not have a care. How goes the great discovery?"  
"It is too soon yet to tell anything."  
"Not too soon to hope. Some day, Peach-blossom, we will storm his sky-

parlor and investigate for ourselves. These inventors have a way of hiding their light under a bushel for fear of somebody else discovering their discoveries before they are completed. I hate a suspicious nature."  
"My workshop is a very unattractive place for ladies," Struthers said, diffidently. "But if Miss Baldwin would like at any time to see it I shall be pleased to show her what there is to see."  
"Is your workshop in this house?" she asked, interestedly.  
"Yes, in the attic. Some day before you go you may like to see; the view from the roof is rather fine."  
"Who dares talk of her going? Aunt, young man, she is never to go; I shall keep her forever; and woe betide him—or her—or it, who dares to try to rob me of her," and the professor put his arm about her neck, caressingly.  
"Dear old Uncle Phin!" she said, laying her cheek against his, as the young man left the room.  
"A promising lad. I am becoming fond of him."  
"Who is he, uncle?"  
"I have told you nearly all I know. I found him in the house when I arrived. His father was killed in the war, his mother died three years ago, worn out with the struggle to earn a living for herself and boy, and just at the time when he was beginning to take the burden from her shoulders. But come, let me look at you. How stylish we are, to be sure, in our fine dress and bonnet!"  
"How unkind, when I had purposely chosen my plainest summer frock because I knew you hated fuss and feathers."  
"And pray, who has been enlightening you as to my tastes? But you are waiting to see your room. The lady who occupies it has gone to the seaside to recuperate. She is a music teacher."  
Thereupon he conducted Eleanor up another flight to the front of the house, where she found herself in a snug little room, plain but clean and refurbished. There were reminders of the previous occupant over the walls and mirror.  
**CHAPTER IX.**  
Christmas cards and painted texts and a water-color or two and family photographs and a canary in a cage hung from a chain in the window, which was caroling as she entered.  
"The landlady, Mrs. Todd, was going to remove the bird," said the professor, "but I told her that maybe you'd like it."  
"Oh, I should, very much."  
"Miss Strange—that's the music-teacher—wept because she couldn't take it with her for her month's holiday. Poor little lady! She leads a solitary life, I fancy. I don't mean you, you fat, yellow gormandizer," he added, thrusting his round face against the bars of the cage, "but your mistress. She toils while you warble and plume your fluffy bosom. That's the way of the world, however; there are wage-spinners and wage-spenders. Peach-blossom, you will find this room hot and maybe stuffy, I warn you; no sea breezes here. Such air as there is passes over broiling pavements; instead of an ocean view, you look out on tall tenements."  
While speaking he threw open the green blinds and let in a flood of glaring sun.  
"You cannot alarm me, Uncle Phin. I am neither sugar nor salt. I can see that I shall be perfectly comfortable and happy here."  
"Well, you know your way down to my den—excuse me, your parlor now—and when you are rested you will find me there, ready for anything from a picnic to a voyage in a balloon."  
"Don't talk to me of picnic; I have come to work, Uncle Phin. You must get out those socks. I intend to overhaul your entire wardrobe. While you work at your lectures I will darn and mend, and sew on buttons—and talk, for I want your advice."  
"Advice, eh? This sounds serious! Can it be that you have come to consult an old bachelor on the subject which he is supposed to be most ignorant of? I thought your aunt had a significant look when she assured me that you would not be allowed to throw yourself away. Have I guessed right?" he added, perceiving that Eleanor flushed and looked uncomfortable.  
"No, uncle, nothing of the sort. If you refer, as I suppose, to the possibility of my being married, I don't know what Aunt Emma may have said but I'm not interested in the matter at all."  
"It was I that suggested it to her, ha! ha! I told her that I envied the man who won you as a wife, and so I do, Peach-blossom."  
"But that is quite another thing from wishing me married, isn't it, Uncle Phin?"  
She spoke so beseechingly that the professor instinctively felt a desire to be rid of the subject. With all his predilection for his niece, he could not help remembering his profound conviction that women were strange creatures, and that he shrank habitually from any dealings with them that were likely to induce emotional display. He did not pretend to have divined the cause of Eleanor's discomposure, but he thought he perceived that she was distressed. So he assumed the shy, sphinx-like expression

**SISTERS OF CHARITY**  
RELY ON PE-RU-NA TO FIGHT  
**CATARRH, COUGHS, COLDS AND GRIP.**

**SISTER BEATRIX.**  
A letter recently received by Dr. Hartman from Sister Beatrix, 410 W. 30th street, New York, reads as follows:  
**Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:**  
Dear Sir:—"I cannot say too much in praise of Peruna. Eight bottles of it cured me of catarrh of the lungs of four years standing, and I would not have been without it for anything. It helped several Sisters of Coughs and colds and I have yet to find one case of catarrh that it does not cure."  
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In every country of the civilized world the Sisters of Charity are known. Not only do they minister to the spiritual and intellectual needs of the charges committed to their care, but they also minister to their bodily needs. With so many children to take care of and to protect from climate and disease, these wise and prudent sisters have found Peruna a never-failing safeguard.  
Dr. Hartman receives many letters from Catholic Sisters from all over the United States. A recommendation recently received from a Catholic institution in Detroit, Mich., reads as follows:  
**Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio:**  
Dear Sir:—"The young girl who used the Peruna was suffering from laryngitis, and loss of voice. The result of the treatment was most satisfactory. She found great relief, and after further use of the medicine we hope to be able to say she is entirely cured."—Sisters of Charity.

This young girl was under the care of the Sisters of Charity and used Peruna for catarrh of the throat, with good results as the above letter testifies.  
From a Catholic institution in Central Ohio comes the following recommendation from the Sister Superior.  
If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.  
Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

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**MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CURES CONSTIPATION**  
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Mull's Grape Tonic is made of pure crushed fruit juices and is sold under a positive guarantee.  
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51c size Compound Extract Sarsaparilla.....	65c	25c value Imported Tooth Brush.....	12c
50c value White Pine Expecto-rant.....	25c	50c value Compound Complexion Brush.....	23c
25c size Corn Solvent (cures corns).....	15c	50c value Bath Brush.....	27c
15c size Porter's Toothache Drops.....	10c	50c value Fountain Syringe (squirter).....	47c
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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS  
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Approves Protocol with Great Britain in Formal Note to Ambassador.

### ITALY WAITING FOR GERMANY

When the Convention With Berlin Has Been Approved the Third Ally Will Be Ready to Agree on Reasonable Terms.

Washington dispatch: Great Britain's protocol has been formally accepted by Mr. Bowen for Venezuela. The German and Italian conventions are still undergoing revision, but assurances are given in authoritative quarters that eventually they will be made to conform in all essential respects to that of the British ambassador. Mr. Bowen called at the embassy and personally signified his approval of the agreement to the ambassador. He then presented his formal note of acceptance, and it has been cabled to the London office.

**Waits on Germany.**  
It appears that the insertion in the German protocol of the provision for advance payment of the original \$340,000 demanded of President Castro in the German ultimatum was the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the German foreign office of certain steps in the negotiations here. Through the activity of the German minister, Baron Speck von Sternberg, this point is being cleared up.

The Italian ambassador's instructions are such that he can make little headway until he knows what is contained in the German protocol. He, however, has made a rough draft of his convention, and it will take only a short while after the completion of the German convention for Signor Caylor les Planches to put the finishing touches to his protocol.

**Bowen Is Satisfied.**  
Mr. Bowen has done everything possible to conclude the negotiations with dispatch in order that the blockade might be raised, and he expressed the belief that he was receiving in his effort the sincere support of all the negotiators. If a serious hitch should occur at the eleventh hour Mr. Bowen is confident that it will be through no fault of any one of the representatives of the allies here. Should the protocols of Germany and Italy, when presented to him, contain provisions not in line with those of the British, the negotiations must be prolonged until a satisfactory arrangement can be reached.

### THE LATEST MARKET REPORTS

**Wheat.**  
New York—No. 2 red, 81½c.  
Chicago—No. 2 red, 75½c.  
St. Louis—No. 2 red, 72½c.  
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, 69½c.  
Milwaukee—No. 1 northern, 79c.  
Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, 77½c.  
Duluth—No. 1 northern, 75c.

**Corn.**  
New York—No. 2, 50½c.  
Chicago—No. 2, 43½c.  
St. Louis—No. 2, 41c.  
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 39c.  
Peoria—No. 3, 40c.

**Oats.**  
New York—No. 2, 44c.  
Chicago—Standard, 34½c.  
St. Louis—No. 2, 34½c.  
Kansas City—No. 2 white, 34c.  
Milwaukee—Standard, 33½c.  
Cattle.

Chicago—\$1.50 to \$1.75 to \$5.50.  
St. Louis—\$2.20 to \$5.50.  
Buffalo—\$5.50 to \$8.75.  
Omaha—\$2 to \$7.05.

**Hogs.**  
Chicago—\$3 to \$6.97½c.  
Kansas City—\$5.75 to \$6.90.  
St. Louis—\$6.50 to \$6.95.  
Buffalo—\$5 to \$7.05.  
Omaha—\$6.20 to \$6.90.

**Sheep and Lambs.**  
Chicago—\$2.50 to \$6.25.  
Kansas City—\$3 to \$6.25.  
St. Louis—\$3.20 to \$6.25.  
Buffalo—\$2 to \$6.50.  
Omaha—\$1.75 to \$6.10.

**Delegates to Insurance Congress.**  
Berlin cablegram: The Imperial and Prussian governments attach importance to the fourth international insurance congress, which is to meet in New York next September. The empire has appointed Dr. Euckenadenhausen and Dr. Broecker as its representatives, and the Prussian government will send Dr. von Knobeldoeberitz.

**Lived Over a Century.**  
Philadelphia dispatch: Lewis Butler, a negro, is dead at the unusual age of 104 years. He was born free in York, Pa., and served as a volunteer in the civil war in the Forty-third United States colored troops. He was honorably discharged with the rank of sergeant.

**Prize for American Hymn.**  
New York dispatch: Tiffany & Co. have on exhibition the gold medal which the Society of the Cincinnati in Rhode Island will give to the composer of the best original air adaptable to the words of the hymn "America."

**Hungry Strikers Rob.**  
Barcelona cable: The supply of provisions having failed at Reus, where a general strike is in progress, the strikers have looted a number of shops, most of which are now closed.

### THE POLICE OF LONDON.

**They Keep Great Metropolis Comparatively Free From Crime.**  
The annual report of the chief of the metropolitan police of London sent to the home secretary is interesting reading. London has an area (exclusive of the city proper) of 683 square miles, being a radius of fifteen miles from Charing Cross. The London corporation and its police have control over the small area which includes the district of St. Paul's and the Bank of England. But for the large area outside London has a police force of 16,000 men, 60 per cent of whom are employed on night duty. The number of persons apprehended in the year 1901 was over 119,000, or 1,200 more than in 1900.

The police cost London \$6,980,000 for the year 1901, which is not regarded when it is remembered that felonies relating to property were over 17,000 in 1901, or 1,000 more than in the previous year. And yet, for all this mass of crime, London, or that part of it which the visitor sees, is as reputable and as crimeless and as safe as any rural village. The police find most of their work in the overcrowded districts, where poverty and public houses keep each other company.

**An Important Discovery.**  
Granton, Okla., Feb. 9th.—After ten years E. H. Gosney of Granton has at last found a cure for Kidney Trouble. Mr. Gosney suffered very severely with Kidney Complaint and some ten years ago made up his mind to find a cure if one was to be had.

He has tried and tried and experimented with every kidney medicine he could hear of. Although he was always disappointed he kept on trying till at last his perseverance was rewarded and he found a complete cure.

He is a well man to-day and explains it as follows:  
"Everything failed to cure me and I was growing worse and worse till I tried a new remedy called Dodd's Kidney Pills and I had not taken many of them before I knew that I had at last found the right thing. I am entirely cured and I cannot say too much for Dodd's Kidney Pills."

**Kissing by Proxy.**  
Mrs. Annis Ford Eastman, who succeeded the Rev. Thomas K. Beecher as pastor of the Park church, Elmira, N. Y., has had some curious experiences in her novel position, but acknowledges that the following incident almost caused her to laugh in a parishioner's face.

"At the conclusion of a sermon," says Mrs. Eastman, "an impulsive young woman hurried to the front of the church where I was talking with a little group; and anxiously inquired if she could kiss me. I was totally un-

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**Monument to French Prince.**  
Fifty-eight feet is the height of a colossal monument to the late Prince Henry of Orleans, which is to be erected on Cape St. Jacques, at the mouth of the Saigon river, French Cochinchina.

**Many School Children Are Sickly.**  
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

**No Danger from Comets.**  
No comet is likely to injure the earth, even if it does strike it, for Prof. Babenet has lately calculated that the substance of which comets are made is several million times lighter than air.

**Try One Package.**  
If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

**British Wives in Demand.**  
Australia could do with 300,000 British wives, Canada with 90,000 and the Cape with 30,000. There are said to be nearly 1,000,000 too many women in the British Isles.

**Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar.**  
The highest price 5c cigar to the dealer and the highest quality for the smoker. Always reliable.

**The way of the world is to make laws, but follow customs.**—Montaigne.

**Piso's Cure for Consumption** is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

**Cigars should be entered in a man's expense account as "losses by fire."**

**DO YOUR CLOTHES LOOK YELLOW?**  
Then use Defiance Starch. It will keep them white—16 oz. for 10 cents.

**You can't get on the sunny side by waiting for the world to turn round.**

**To Cure a Cold in One Day.**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 5c.

**Gossip may be idle, but it generally stirs up the entire neighborhood.**

**Dyeing is as easy as washing when PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are used.**  
Achievement is putting this and that together artistically.  
Tonsilline Cures Sore Throat.  
Prejudice is an illiterate vice.

## That Cry -- "Oh, My Back!"

The little missionary, Doan's Kidney Pills, "free trial," carries ease, rest, comfort. Most people need kidney help; they who choose Doan's get it—help that lasts.

DEERFIELD, IND.—"When I sent for the trial box of Doan's Kidney Pills I had been afflicted for two months with pain in my back so bad that I could not get from the house to the barn. It was called rheumatism. I could get no relief from the doctors. I began to improve on taking the sample and got two boxes at our druggist's, and, although 68 years of age, I am almost a new man. I was troubled a good deal with my water—had to get up four and five times a night. That trouble is over with and once more I can rest the night through. My backache is all gone, and I thank you ever so much for the wonderful medicine, Doan's Kidney Pills."  
—Jno. H. HUBER, President Ridgeville, Indiana, State Bank.

BELDING, MICH., Jan. 14, 1903.—"I received trial box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They did me lots of good. I can now go to bed and lie on my right side—the pain there is all gone, also the stomach distress and belching of gas is all stopped, with the use of two boxes."—Mrs. E. S. DEEM, R. F. D. No. 2, Reading, Mich.

FREE. CREATED FOR SICK KIDNEYS.



Please send me by mail, without charge, trial box Doan's Kidney Pills.  
Name.....  
Post-office.....  
State.....  
(Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.)

**210 Kinds for 16c.**  
It is a fact that Nature's seeds are found in more gardens and on more farms than any other in America. There is no reason for this. We own and operate over 5000 acres for the production of our choice seeds. In order to induce you to try them we make the following unprecedented offer:  
**For 16 Cents Postpaid**  
25 sorts wonderful onions,  
25 sorts delectable cabbages,  
25 sorts magnificent carrots,  
25 sorts perfect lettuce varieties,  
25 sorts luscious radishes,  
25 splendid best sorts.  
In all 210 kinds positively furnishing baskets of charming flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalogue telling all about Macaroni Wheat, Million Dollar Beans, Tomatoes, Potatoes, Spices, etc., all for only 16c. in stamps and no money.  
Order sent at but 60c. a pound.  
**JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.,**  
La Crosse, Wis.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**  
**MOLES, WARTS AND SOFT CORNS** removed or money refunded. By mail \$1. Yaskley Chemical Co., 622 E. St., Washington, D. C.  
When everything else fails write **PURCHASER'S AID CLUB**, 546 E. Fletcher St., Chicago. They can always help you. **STATE YOUR WANT.**  
**53 SUCCESSFUL SCHEMES** for making \$3 money. Any one with little or no capital can become independent. At sent postpaid for 25 cents. Prescott Bldg. Co., 235 East 11th St., New York City.  
**DOUGLASS' FILE-OIL** will positively cure any case of Piles. Treatment entirely new. No cure, no pay. Full information sent FREE. Box Remedy Co., 107 Clifton St., Cleveland, Ohio.

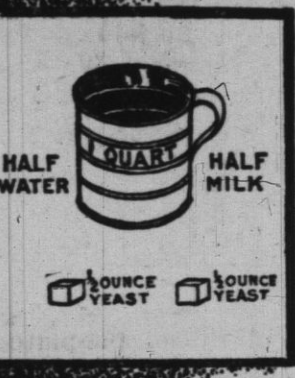
**LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT.**  
I hereby bequeath my life to the **Edna Tanning Co.**, to be located with the hair on, and made into a robe or coat, and returned to my beloved ones. As I have only one life I am very particular about it, and I wish that none but the said firm be allowed to suit me.  
Ask your dealer for Edna Tanning and Co. Write today for custom price list. Edna Tanning Co., Dubuque, Iowa. For Dressers, Fur Dyers, Furriers.  
**AGENTS.**  
**LADIES' Agents** wanted to sell an article indispensable to every lady. \$13 to \$25 weekly samples free. Catalogue free. Summit Specialty Co., Akron, Ohio.  
**AGENTS Wanted Everywhere.** Send 10 cents for Ideal Spoon Holder; hundreds of fine novelties. Large catalogue FREE. Write at once: don't wait. Faria Supply Co., 131 E. Adams St., Peoria, Ill.

**Eagle Claw Hand Fodder Fork**  
Only tool invented that handles food or team fodder successfully. Write and secure exclusive agency. Randleman & Sons, Des Moines, Iowa.  
It afflicted with **Thompson's Eye Water** save eyes, use!  
**W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 7, 1903.**  
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

## Here's a Recipe for Making Bread.



1. **WHEN** a well bred girl expects to wed, 'Tis well to remember that men like bread. We're going to show the steps to take, So she may learn good bread to make.



2. **FIRST**, mix a lukewarm quart, my daughter, One-half of milk and one-half of water; To this please add two cakes of yeast, Or the liquid kind if preferred in the least.



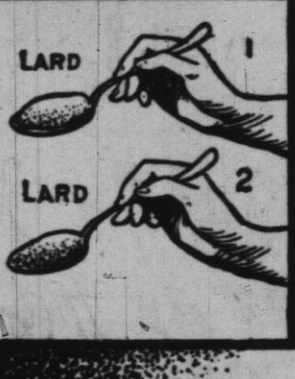
3. **NEXT** stir in a teaspoonful of nice clear salt, If this bread is n't good, it won't be our fault. Now add the sugar, table-spoonfuls three; Mix well together, for dissolved they must be.



4. **POUR** the whole mixture into an earthen bowl, A pan's just as good, if it hasn't a hole. It's the cook and the flour, not the bowl or the pan, That—"Makes the bread that makes the man."



5. **NOW** let the mixture stand a minute or two. You've other things of great importance to do. First sift the flour—use the finest in the land. Three quarts is the measure, "GOLD MEDAL" the brand.



6. **SOME** people like a little shortening power, If this is your choice, just add to the flour Two tablespoonfuls of lard, and jumble it about, Till the flour and lard are mixed without doubt.



7. **NEXT** stir the flour into the mixture that's stood Waiting to play its part, to make the bread good. Mix it up thoroughly, but not too thick; Some flours make bread that's more like a brick.



8. **NOW** grease well a bowl and put the dough in, Don't fill the bowl full, that would be a sin; For the dough is all right and it's going to rise, Till you will declare that it's twice the old size.



9. **BRUSH** the dough with melted butter, as the recipes say; Cover with a bread towel, set in a warm place to stay Two hours or more, to rise until light, When you see it grow, you'll know it's all right.



10. **AS** soon as it's light place again on the board; Knead it well this time. Here is knowledge to hoard. Now back in the bowl once more it must go, And set again to rise for an hour or so.



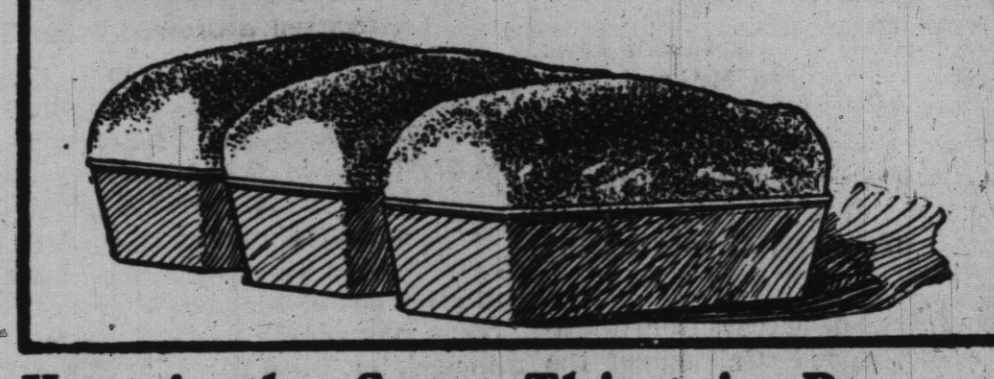
11. **FORM** the dough gently into loaves when light, And place it in bread pans greased just right. Shape each loaf you make to half fill the pan, This bread will be good enough for any young man.



12. **NEXT** let it rise to the level of pans—no more, Have the temperature right—don't set near a door. We must be careful about draughts; it is n't made to freeze, Keep the room good and warm—say 72 degrees.



13. **NOW** put in the oven,—it's ready to bake,— Keep uniform fire, great results are at stake. One hour more of waiting and you'll be repaid, By bread that is worthy "A Well Bred Maid."



## Here is the Same Thing in Prose. GOLD MEDAL FLOUR.

**BREAD RECIPE.**  
To one quart of lukewarm wetting—half water and half milk, or water alone—add two half-ounce compressed yeast cakes, or the usual quantity of liquid yeast, and stir until dissolved.  
Add one teaspoonful of salt and three tablespoonfuls of sugar and when well dissolved, stir in with wooden spoon, three quarts of well sifted flour, or until dough is sufficiently stiff to be turned from the mixing bowl to the moulding board in a mass.  
If shortening is desired add two tablespoonfuls lard.  
Knead this dough, adding if necessary from time to time, flour until it becomes smooth and elastic and ceases to stick to fingers or board. Do not make dough too stiff. Spring Wheat Flour needs a little more working than Winter Wheat Flour, and should be a little softer to make it rise properly.  
Put dough into well greased earthen bowl, brush lightly with melted butter or drippings, cover with towel and set in warm place, about 75 degrees, for two hours, or until light, then knead well and return to bowl, cover as before and set for another hour's rising or until light.  
When light, form gently into loaves or rolls, place in greased bread pans, brush with butter or drippings, cover again and let stand for one and one-half hours, then bake.

READ IT AGAIN

**WASHBURN-CROSBY'S**  
**GOLD MEDAL FLOUR**  
Makes the Finest Bread and is Best For Biscuits Also.



# BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY  
TRUSTEES:  
JOHN C. PLAGGE.....HENRY DONLEA  
WILLIAM PETERS.....JOHN ROBERTSON  
WILLIAM GRUNAU.....J. H. HATZEL  
CLERK.....L. H. BENNETT  
TREASURER.....L. K. BROCKWAY  
POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH  
ATTORNEY.....FRANK ROBERTSON  
MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1903.

Subscribe now and get the news.

Henry K. Brockway has been re-appointed postmaster at this village.

Have you paid your taxes? No use kicking. Like death, they must be met.

If you aspire to office this spring an announcement in this paper will assist you in getting before the people.

Slate makers are at work constructing a ticket to be voted at the village election. Slates are easily broken.

Revival services at Zion church this week have attracted good attendance and been productive of much good.

The Odd Fellows are preparing for their installation of officers to be held in April. It will be an invited affair.

Next Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 18, the Mission Circle of the W. R. C. will meet at the home of Mrs. Kate Gray.

Glazier Grand Concert Co. at M. E. church, Saturday evening, Feb. 21. A fine troop of white singers and lady reader.

Yesterday was Lincoln's birthday. The occasion was not observed by the Barrington schools although it is a public holiday.

A basket social will be given at the Lakeschulte school house, one and one half miles south of Barrington, Friday evening, February 20. A short program will be given commencing at 8 o'clock.

The coming event, looked forward to with pleasure, is the masque ball to be given by the Barrington Deutscher Verein, at the village hall, Friday evening, February 27. Don't forget the date.

Spring is surely on the way. There is no doubt about it. We are in receipt of an assortment of garden seeds from that grand old agriculturalist, Congressman George Edmund Foss who farms in Chicago.

John Alexander Dowie paid the Chicago & Northwestern railway company revenue to the extent of \$108,000 last year for freight and passenger traffic. Elijah the Two Times is solid with the Northwestern.

The jury list for the March term of the circuit court of Lake county has been drawn. J. F. Hollister is named as a member of the grand jury and Henry Berger of the petit jury. Thus Cuba township is represented.

The Barrington Y. M. C. A. has been holding a song service at the Methodist church each evening during the week past. Tomorrow night and all day Sunday the Wesley Praying Band—12 strong—will hold forth at that house of worship.

The Chicago Telephone company has printers at work on poles supporting the wires through this village. The Electric Light and Telegraph companies might add to the appearance of our village if they would follow in the wake of the Telephone company.

The Libertyville Independent says: "A baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Brenton, of Waukegan, this week, having two teeth and another just appearing. The Brentons at one time lived in Libertyville." That accounts, of course, for its having teeth.

According to dispatches from Chicago, Vice-president McCullough of the North-western states that the cut-off being built from Mayfair ostensibly to Lake Bluff, is to be used for through trains only to avoid delay because of the suburban traffic between Chicago and Lake Forest.

There are to be four trunk lines. Of the new Interstate Independent Telephone and Telegraph Co., according to reports from Springfield. One of the trunk lines is to run northwest from Elgin to Wisconsin. Barrington and Grayslake are among the towns on the proposed line.

The Eminent Ladies have changed the date of their second meeting in the month from the third Wednesday to third Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Under this arrangement their next meeting will be held Monday, February 16. It is hoped this change will enable nearly all the members to attend.

There are no nabobs in this vicinity who take any interest in coachmen or their strike in Philadelphia, but there are a number of well-informed gentlemen in this locality who have considerable interest in coach horses—and they would dispose of said interest at reasonable figures. Coach horses

come high, but "we've got to keep 'em," said one of the stockholders.

Lieutenant Governor Northcott of Illinois, says he does not think his health will justify his undertaking the duties of head consul of the Modern Woodmen of America for another term. Several states already have candidates in the field for the place, and an interesting contest is looked for. C. T. Heydecker of Waukegan is a strong candidate for the office and circumstances point to his being a leader in the field.

Tomorrow forenoon the Womans' Relief Corps will go to Barrington Center, having accepted the invitation extended by Mr. and Mrs. John Waterman and Mrs. Prouty to visit them. Mr. and Mrs. Waterman expect to move to Elgin in the near future and this visit of the Corps will probably be the last to be enjoyed in their hospitable home. Carriages will leave here at 9:30.

The ladies of the Dorcas society will give a luncheon and reception on Friday evening, Feb. 20th, in the parlors of the Baptist church. Luncheon will be served from 5:30 to 8 o'clock, and will be followed by toasts, responded to by a number of Barrington's prominent speakers. Luncheon 25 cents a plate. The affair is under the management of Mesdames M. C. McIntosh, A. L. Robertson, C. H. Kendall, A. Weichelt and M. T. Lamey.

There is a time in nearly every young man's life when he imagines he is really a warm member. When he grows older and by experience accumulates a store of good common horse sense, he views the same class of boys with disgust. He meditates on his past and wonders if he ever was such a confounded fool. A smart Alec is the most despicable mortal that ever drew breath, but the law forbids people killing him and we have to grin and bear his presence in the community.

The ordinances of the village have been revised and brought up to date by Attorney Redmond, approved by the trustees and are ready for the printer. They are voluminous, contain law on everything pertaining to village government and are warranted to allow of no misinterpretation. The ordinances are very nicely drawn and look well in manuscript, will make a neat book of 150 pages or more. If they are enforced (and that is what they were passed for) several radical changes in village government will be noticed.

"Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn." That is a true saying and is applicable to the other sex as well. All communities have representatives of that despicable class known as gossips, but it seems from the patronage given the grapevine telegraph, that this village is harboring more delegates of that race than it is entitled to. What the good Lord ever created such creatures, who delight into other people's affairs and lying like a race track tout, is a deep mystery. They are a disgrace to humanity. Shame on the woman who attacks the reputation of one of her sex. Low indeed is the man who resorts to dragging the name a brother human in the mire of untruth. One little, old striped polecat can perfume a 20-acre tract and then walk away unconcerned. In a like manner one long-tongued gossip can stir up a whole town and besmirch the fairest characters in it and walk away unharmed. The polecat don't know any better and is excusable. The gossip is inferior to the polecat.

### Attracted a Crowd.

The sixth masque ball given by the Barrington Social and Athletic club at Odd Fellows' hall, last Friday evening, proved the most enjoyable event of the winter season. The attendance was large and the number in costume exceeded those present at the fifth ball given last season.

Some masquerade parties are mismanaged, but when the B. S. & A. C. guarantee a good time, conducted strictly and properly, the public can rely that the guarantee will be carried out.

### Elected Delegates

At the meeting of Barrington camp M. W. A., held Tuesday evening, the following delegates were selected to attend the County Camp meeting to be held at Grayslake, April 1: Wm. Shales, M. T. Lamey, J. F. Hollister, Geo. J. Hager, D. F. Lamey and F. A. Cady.

Alternates are, H. K. Brockway, H. S. Meier, Henry Winkler, Dr. A. Weichelt, T. H. Creet and Aug. Roilmeyer. The camp has instructed its delegates to vote against any form of a reserve or emergency fund.

PRIVATE SALE—22 head large draft horses on the Helmerdinger farm 5 miles north west of Barrington and 3 miles south of Wauconda.

Saturday evening, February 21, at the M. E. church, the Glazier Grand Concert company, four talented singers, and reader. Epworth League entertainment; regular prices.

## PATRIOTIC ENTERTAINMENT

Given at the G. A. R. Hall by W. R. C. Wednesday Evening.

As entertainers the W. R. C. is seldom equaled and never excelled. At the Grand Army post hall, Wednesday evening, the ladies presented a program for the entertainment of their husbands, G. A. R. members and a few invited guests, which was a most enjoyable one. The program was of a patriotic character and was to commemorate the birthday anniversary of Abraham Lincoln and Wm. McKinley. The following program was given:

Song.....W. R. C.  
Essay.....Mrs. Emily Hawley  
Recitation.....Miss Robie Brockway  
Song.....L. H. Bennett  
Recitation.....Mrs. Gerlie Schwemm  
Reading.....Mrs. Emma Wool  
Song.....W. R. C.  
Recitation.....Mrs. Myrtle Bennett  
Essay.....Mrs. Ida Bennett  
Remarks.....Rev. Tuttle.

At the conclusion refreshments were served at small tables and sociability reigned supreme.

The next social will be held Wednesday evening February 25, at the home of C. P. Hawley.

The Review, \$1.50 per year.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Wm. Grunau is on the sick list. A. W. Meyer visited at Elgin the first of the week.

James Doran of Chicago is here on business this week.

James T. Jones of Chicago was here on business yesterday.

Henry Jarow of Welcome, Minn., is visiting friends here.

Andrew Grom of Courtland, Ill., is visiting with Charles Grom.

Jerome Kingsley is confined to his home on account of severe illness.

Mrs. Al. Horn of Harvard is visiting with her sister Mrs. P. A. Hawley.

Richard Earith has purchased a lot on the west side of Hough street from L. F. Elvidge.

W. J. Brandt, a stockman of Fennimore, Wis., visited with his uncle, W. H. Brandt, this week.

L. F. Schroeder attended the con-

vention of the hardware merchants held at Bloomington this week.

Misses Jane and Ann Maloney, with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tasker, visited with Dr. and Mrs. Weichelt, Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. H. Comstock and daughter, Miss Myrtle, have been visiting with Mrs. Luella Austin, in Chicago, the past two weeks.

Mrs. Louisa Bennett has returned from a pleasant visit with her son, Fred, at Woodstock, and is greatly improved in health. Mrs. Bennett has reopened her boarding house in the Lamey block.

John C. Plagge, who is a member of the board of directors of the Western Union college of the United Evangelical church, left for Le Mars, Iowa, Monday, to attend their annual meeting now being held in that city.

## NEWSY ITEMS

From the White School—Collected by Our Special Correspondent.

After an absence of some weeks due to a severe illness, Myrtle Leonard has resumed her school duties.

This afternoon a debate was held in the school room. The question discussed was, "Resolve, That boats are more useful than railroads." The affirmative side was supported by Gertrude Hager, Rose Kyser, and Ray Rieke, and the negative by Minnie Kyser, Vernon Hollister, and Raymond Kyser. Edna Hollister read a paper on current events which was very interesting.

Those who deserve special mention for perfect attendance during the month of January are Leopold Hawk, Edna, Lester, Vernon and Warren Hollister, Reuben and Raymond Rieke, and Fred Smith.

Six of our school-mates are about to leave our midst and join the forces of the Barringtonians. We are very sorry to bid farewell to Raymond, Minnie and Rose Kyser, Retta, Fannie and Cleo Grant.

Don't forget the pie social to be held Wednesday evening February 18, at the White school. Ladies put names on a slip of paper and paste same to the under side of the pie-plate to insure identification. We are pleased to announce that Fred Kirschner will act as auctioneer. Ladies who do not bring pies, an admission of 25c will be charged.

## "IS IT WICKED?"

To Dance, Sinful to Play Cards or to Attend Theatres.

This question has been argued by many and the answer has always been based upon the personal views of the party presenting the argument. It is well that we do not all entertain the same opinions on such matters.

At the Methodist church, Sunday evening, Rev. W. H. Tuttle discoursed on the above question, and if comment is a criterion to judge by, made "a hit"—that is planted a few warm shots where they took immediate effect.

Rev. Tuttle answered the questions from the standpoint of a disciple of the Methodist Episcopal faith, and any person familiar with the discipline of that church could expect that gentleman to do else than condemn such pastimes. Unlike an evangelist, who held forth in this village two years ago, Rev. Tuttle presented his argument untainted by personal abuse or offensive allusions.

The reverend gentleman is opposed to dancing, card playing and theatre going because, generally, they are carried to the extreme and lead to willful dissipation. Thousands outside the church hold to this view.

As to card playing, Rev. Tuttle is of the opinion that a contest for a booby prize is gambling, in definition of the word, as is a contest for a "pot" of silver dimes or quarters. That is difficult to consistently dispute. As to theatre going we do not believe that Rev. Tuttle intended to condemn the practice of attending good, moral entertainments, but directed his remonstrance against the cheap, "ten, twenty, thirty" exhibitions which are anything but instructive or elevating. Against the legitimate drama not a word can be said. Together with the pulpit and press the moral drama up-buils and educates.

Unlike some who have passed opinion on the discourse of Rev. Tuttle, we believe that gentleman pretty solidly intrenched in his position—as a minister of the gospel and outlining the duty of those professing Christianity. Members of church societies who advocate card playing and dancing when their church rules strictly prohibit the same, are not putting forth the proper example. To that class Rev. Tuttle's discourse was directed, and his idea of the definition of the word "hypocrite" is according to Webster.

## "YESSIR."

The Boy Failed to Respond and Pa Whacks Somebody Else.

Two weeks ago these columns contained a little story of the humorous kind. A friend of the writer said: "I'll bet you was visiting with Leroy Powers; he's always telling something like that."

Mr. Powers is a mighty companionable gentleman, and can entertain in a royal manna, and we doubt if any gentleman in this vicinity has at command such an assortment of really gift edge anecdotes as Leroy can furnish, but he has them copyrighted, so the gimlet story was not from his list and neither is the following.

There is a farmer residing on the Dundee road who has a son 15 or 16 years of age. The old gentleman was brought up in New England, and his parents were very strict in carrying out prescribed rules for government of the children.

Now the old man wanted his son to hustle out in the early hours of the morning and do the chores, but the young fellow (there's lots like him) generally took his own time about getting down stairs. When Pa called he would answer "yessir," and roll over for another nap.

One morning last week Pa called but the "yessir" was too faint for him to hear. It was still dark when the old gentleman quietly climbed the stairs, entered the boy's room, turned down the home-made bed quilts and with the end of a barrel stave administered a whack which caused the chastised one to howl.

It happened that the night before a young woman, who had come to do some sewing for the family, had been given the boy's room.

When Pa discovered what he had done he went out to the barn and what he said would not look well in print. The young lady is still living but says "that family will do their own sewing as far as I am concerned."

### For Highway Commissioner.

I desire to announce myself as a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner of the town of Cuba and solicit the support of the voters of the town at the caucus to be held in March.

CHARLES GROM.

### Announcement.

To the voters of Cuba township. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Collector at the coming Township election.

EDWARD W. RILEY.

Feb. 10, 1903,

Ohio furnishes another proof of the necessity of protection of men from designing women. A female over

there has been advertising in matrimonial papers and getting remittances to enable her to "come on and get married," when she has had a husband all the time. What protection has a poor confiding man from such base deception?

### Hall Co. Real Values.

Special lot of Ladies' flannellette wrappers worth from \$1 to 1.75, we offer at 98c, all sizes.

Men's fine, unlaundried shirts, all styles, each 25c. Fine assortment of Men's fine negligee shirts, worth from 50 to 75c each, we offer at 39c each—2 for 75c.

Ladies' high grade tailor made suits. Special lot of 50. See these at \$8.45 and \$9.65; remarkable values, all new, up-to-date styles.

Every jacket in the store cut in price. A good jacket can be obtained for \$2.73, 3.48, 4.49. All Men's overcoats marked down. Fine checked shirtings, woven stripes, only 5c yard. All linen laces now 3c and 5c per yard. Ladies' dressing sacks, special lot, all wool, at 49c, 59c. Baby jackets—wool goods—only 25c.

C. F. HALL CO., Dundee, Ill.

Take your orders for carpet weaving to Mrs. A. Beinlich.

MRS. FRANK BAUMAN.

For Sale—A large ten-room house, centrally located. Will exchange for other Barrington property or will sell for one-third cash, balance on long time.

M. C. McIntosh.

### Women and Jewels.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels—health—is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure-all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds and all bronchial troubles. You can get this reliable remedy at H. T. Abbott's. Price 25c. and 75c.

### Farm for Rent.

I will rent my 150 acre farm for cash. Located one mile north-east of Cary station, call on me at Dundee, Ill., or write me P. O. box 186, Dundee, Ill.

JOHN LEMKE.

### Pay your Taxes.

I will be at the Barrington Bank every Wednesday and Saturday to receive taxes of the town of Barrington.

JOHN BROEMMELKAMP,

Collector.

### Pay your Taxes.

I will be at the office of the Barrington Review Tuesday and Saturday of each week, after date, to receive taxes for the town of Cuba. I am obliged to make my returns to the county treasurer on March 10. The tax payers will do me a favor by calling and making payment before that date.

HENRY KIRMSE, Collector.

FOR RENT—The Regan farm three miles north of Barrington; 14 miles west of Lake Zurich 120 acres nine room house; large barn; three wells. Inquire of M. D. Regan, Barrington, Ill.

For Rent—The Felix Givens farm of 120 acres, four miles north of Barrington. Large house; good barn; good water in abundance.

M. C. McIntosh.

### Valentines.

Geo. C. Roberts & Co., Barrington, wish to announce that they have a very fine line of valentines in stock, at prices from 1 cent to \$1.50. An early selection will give you the benefit of the large assortment.

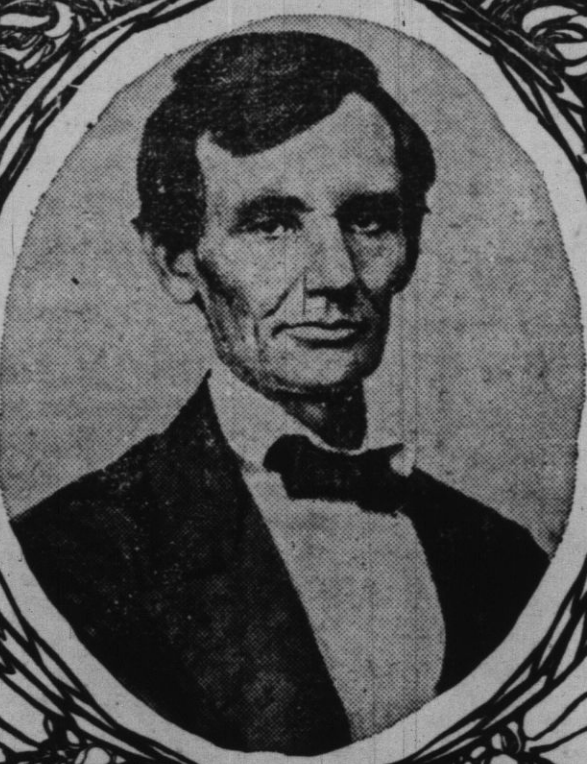
### Mothers Rely on It.

Nurses endorse it, children like it and it always cures. Cole's Cough Cure croup of its terrors, conquers the grip and thousands of wonderful cures of coughs, bronchitis, consumption and stubborn lung and throat troubles attest its merit. It cures in a way to stay cured. What it has done for others it will do for you. Guaranteed to satisfy. 25 and 50c bottles. Sold by all druggists.

## Liver Pills

That's what you need; something to cure your biliousness and give you a good digestion. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation and biliousness. Gently laxative.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use the BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., MADISON, N. H.



# LINCOLN

By MARY AUSTIN

Copyright, 1902, by Mary Austin

**R**UDE toil his thorns had cast.  
Keen grief and biting blast  
His sure soul knit to serve our keener need.  
It seemed the skies grew wide to give him room.  
The sound, deep rooted peasant soul in whom  
The sap of all old liberties was freed.

**E**ARTH bore him, and his will  
Was toward the earthborn still.  
But his no need to mind the rabble shout;  
It is for king, to spere and ape the part.  
A poised and constant needle was his heart.  
And toward our proper star he put the prow about.

**S**O did, and martyred passed.  
And in his dying cast  
A hyacinthine radiance on our skies,  
The warning and the warrant that the sun,  
Once his appointed arc in heaven is done,  
Prompt to the need of each new day will rise.




Photo of Lincoln by Courtesy S. S. McClure Co.