

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW.

VOL. 18. NO. 7.

BARRINGTON, ILL., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1903.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Events of Past, Present and Future of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

School entertainment to-night. A good top buggy for sale. Inquire of A. G. Smith.

James Moorhouse is seriously sick with pneumonia.

Chris Kublank has announced himself a candidate for collector.

The Methodist Sunday school has added a nice list of books to its library lately.

Several houses are to be built in the north end of the village the coming summer.

Miss Elnora Arps entertained a few friends at a Valentine party last Friday night.

Real estate is more active in Palatine in the past few months than it has been in years.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beutler of Chicago visited with the latter's parents here over Sunday.

Conrad Enkelking has purchased the Leseberg property west of his property on Chicago avenue.

Fred Hapke of Long Grove has purchased the barber shop of James Moorhouse and took possession Monday.

Henry Bruns has purchased the Herman Meyer property, where he now resides, for a consideration of \$1250.

Some people have given up the electric road because it failed to put in appearance the day after the franchise was given.

Henry Klehm of Arlington Heights was in town the first of the week getting considerable photograph work done at Mosser's studio.

The Woodmen gave the first degree to twenty-one new members at the regular meeting Saturday night and will give the balance of the work at the postponed meeting to be held on Thursday night of next week.

The Valentine social given by the Ladies Aid society in the Methodist church last Friday night was a success in every way. There was a very good attendance and a nice luncheon was served. The program was well rendered and the ladies cleared about \$22.

Frederick J. L. Hosstrich died at the home of his mother west of here last Saturday, death being due to pneumonia. The deceased was fifteen years of age and a source of great help to his widowed mother. The funeral was held Tuesday. Rev. J. Droegemuller of the Lutheran church officiating.

The Glazier Concert company will give an entertainment in the Methodist church on next Monday night. The company is composed of Cora Earle, contralto; Senor Gonzales, tenor; Samuel Burnett, basso; and Natalia Cones, soprano. The program will consist of solos, duets, trios, and readings. Every member of the company are professionals and a good guarantee was given to come here next Monday. Tickets 15 and 25c, reserved seats 35c.

Pay your Taxes.

I will be at the Palatine Bank on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday of each week until March 10 to collect the taxes for the town of Palatine for the year 1902. Barrington, Wednesday forenoons at Plagge's store. Christian Kublank, Collector.

Mundhenke-Bergman Nuptials.

A beautiful home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mundhenke last Wednesday night when their son Albert C. was united in marriage to Miss Margaret Bergman. At exactly eight o'clock the contracting parties with Misses Lydia Knigge and Alma Bergman as bridesmaids and Messrs. William Mundhenke and Harry Bergman groomsmen entered the room while Rose Kuebler played the wedding march, and entered the alcove in the parlor where they halted under a beautiful twining arch of evergreen and roses. Rev. J. C. Hoffmeister of St. Paul's church performed the ceremony. Only the families of the contracting parties and members of St. Paul's church choir were present. After the couple had received hearty congratulations from their many friends a sumptuous wedding feast was set after which merriment reigned throughout the home. The bride is the only daughter of Mr.

and Mrs. Henry Bergman of this place and a young lady of most excellent qualities who has a large circle of friends who admire her for her lady-like ways.

The groom is a young man of splendid habits and business energy. He holds a position with the Chicago & North-Western railway in Chicago. Both young people have grown up from childhood in this place and their many friends join us in wishing them a very happy and prosperous life.

Many costly and useful presents were presented to the couple, among them being a fine mantel clock from St. Paul's choir.

AN OLD SETTLER GONE.

Mrs. Timothy Dean Passes Away After a Short Illness.

Miss Hannah Trumbull was born in Florence, Oneida county, New York in 1839. When twelve years old she came west with her parents who settled in Palatine where she has resided with the exception of a few years residence in Chicago.

On November 11, 1860 she was married to Timothy Dean at Palatine and through the hardships of the early times she bravely met all disadvantages and was one among the few who are deserving of much credit for their struggle to make this section of the vast wilderness fit for habitation.

She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Milton Fosket of Palatine and Mrs. H. O. Swick of Marshalltown, Iowa and Charles Dean to revere her memory, beside the husband, who found her a loving and helpful companion for many years, two brothers and two sisters beside the father and mother have preceded her in death and she is the last member of her family.

Mrs. Dean was stricken with paralysis last Friday morning and she lay in apparent sleep until her death, which occurred Tuesday morning. The funeral took place at the home of her

NEWS OF THE VICINITY

Items of Interest Collected by Our Reliable Correspondents.

Find Perpetrator of Numerous Burglaries at Wauconda.

WAUCONDA.

Mr. and Mrs. Joy of Chicago were guests of Miss Jennie Green Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. Clithero and Sandy of Chicago were here last week looking after business interests of the late J. B. Overmeyer.

John Go'ding, who was at Bloomington, Ill., as a delegate from Lake county to the convention of supervisors, county clerks and county commissioners returned home Thursday.

The supposed perpetrator of the numerous burglaries which have occurred in our village during the past year has been at last apprehended and goods found in his possession. It was a man who had not been suspected until after the recent burglary committed in Golding Bros. store and proved to be Walter Van Natta, who has been working for Myron Oleott, where some of the goods were found in an oat bin. Mr. Oleott reported the find to the proper authorities and Constable Griswold with Deputy Sheriff Jenks caused his arrest at a late hour Tuesday night. Wednesday afternoon he was given a hearing before "Judge" Brooks and bound over to the grand jury under bonds of \$1,000.

The Basket social given by Miss Emma Welch and pupils at the Flint creek school Saturday evening was a grand success socially and financially. The school building was well filled. After the program, which was well rendered, E. W. Riley took the plat-

form and sold the baskets at auction. He certainly made the young fellows pay for the privilege of eating lunch with their "best" girls. There were 38 baskets all told and only two sold for less than \$1.00, the grand total amounting to \$62.75. The net proceeds were \$56.60. The directors presented Miss Welch with five dollars in currency and granted her a week's vacation, showing their appreciation of her diligent work.

LANGENHEIM.

The Review \$1.50 a year.

Oscar Elsner visited in Chicago last week.

Matt. Riley of Woodstock visited at E. W. Rileys Sunday.

John Gardner of Bloomingdale called on friends here last week.

B. Tremble has moved from the

place to the G. W. Johnson farm.

Miss Lizzie Riley of Elgin visited her parents from Thursday until Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Riley visited with Mrs. Robert Hudson at Wauconda Friday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Frick returned home last Saturday evening after a two weeks visit with relatives at Mar-selles Ill.

The basket social held at the Kelsey school was a grand success. A fine program consisting of songs, readings and dialogues was rendered and highly appreciated by the audience. After the program the baskets were sold to the highest bidder and the neat sum of \$38 was added to the school treasury. The teacher, Miss Nellie Donlea, deserves much credit for the able manner in which the evenings entertainment was carried out.

LAKE ZURICH.

John Scholz was a Chicago visitor Wednesday.

Jake Golberg and family have moved to Chicago.

J. H. Forbes transacted business in Chicago Monday.

Miss Edith Seip returned from Chicago Wednesday.

John Dixon is visiting relatives at Des Moines, Iowa.

Miss Bertha Holland is employed at the Golf club house.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Bruce were Chicago visitors Monday.

T. G. Fox left for Waldron, Ill., where he is employed by Harris & Foley.

Harry Geary and Charles Fisher of Wauconda were pleasant callers here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Gilfoy were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Givens Friday and Saturday of last week.

Kohl Bros., who have been conducting a general store here for a number of years, have decided to go into the real estate business in South Dakota. They have sold their stock to Charles Scholz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Scholz. During the past four years Mr. Scholz has been in the employ of Mandel Bros., Chicago, and is thoroughly competent to carry on the business. We wish him success.

CARPENTERSVILLE.

Special Woodmen meeting Thursday night.

Carl Dinton is ill at Stoughton, Wisconsin.

Miss Eva Reeves, who has been ill, is improving.

Dexter Brown of Cary was a visitor here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Miller were visitors here Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Tolvstad visited at Algonquin Sunday.

George Bailey left Friday for Louisville, Ky., where he has secured employment.

Miss Marian Weightman, who is a teacher in the Huntley schools, was home over Sunday.

Wm. House died in Arizona last Tuesday and we understand the body will be brought here for burial.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Harrison were at Crystal Lake over Sunday, the guests of the former's parents.

Miss Cora Sheeley was called to Elgin Saturday evening on account of the illness of Miss Maud Bollinger.

The Court of Honor has rented the Woodman hall for Saturday night when they will initiate a large number of candidates.

Mrs. D. Livingston is a guest of her sons, Will and Dick, in Chicago. From there she will go to Clinton, Ia., to visit her daughter, Mrs. May Pethy-bridge.

Miss Lawson was given a complete surprise Monday evening by her associate teachers at the home of Miss S. M. Eggleston. Light refreshments were served and a most enjoyable evening spent. Miss Hattie Mitchell of Millard, Wis., who is visiting with Miss Eggleston, was a guest of honor.

Mothers Rely on It.

Nurses endorse it, children like it and it always cures. Cole's Cough Cure robs croup of its terrors, conquers the grip and thousands of wonderful cures of coughs, bronchitis, consumption and stubborn lung and throat troubles attest its merit. It cures in a way to stay cured. What it has done for others it will do for you. Guaranteed to satisfy. 25 and 50c bottles. Sold by all druggists.

Special Discounts on Sewing Machines!



Next 30 Days.

A new sewing machine, list price \$40.00, we will offer at a price—ONLY \$20.00.

We guarantee this machine for Ten Years. If you want a good sewing machine at a cheap price come and get it.

The Standard Sewing Machine

The only Rotary Shuttle machine to buy. All dressmakers will recommend them as the Lightest Running and Fastest Sewing Machine manufactured. You make 3 stitches on a Standard to every 2 on other machines.

Prices, \$35.00 and \$40.00 Buy Now

Special Discount on Shoes!

We have decided to clear up all broken lines of Ladies' and Children's shoes and shall make Special Discounts for the next 30 days. New Shoes, Good Styles, Best Materials.

They will be Cut in Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c to \$1 a pair, just to make room for new stock. Now is your opportunity to secure good footwear at bargain prices. Come and purchase.

Do You Wear Queen Quality? Ladies' Fine Shoes.

\$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair. Best Goods.

Do You Wear the W. L. Douglas Men's Fine Shoes?

\$3.00 and \$3.50 a pair. Nothing better.

We sell them, and every pair is guaranteed. Clothe your feet now.

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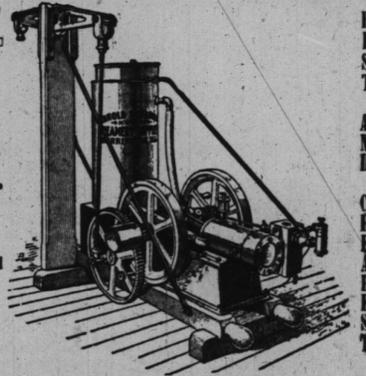
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For Choicest Meats

Such as Beef, Mutton and Pork, you will find an assortment on the counter of this market that will tempt your appetite.

Fish and Poultry--The Best.

Vegetables and Oysters,

Are specialties in this market. There are several qualities of Vegetables offered. Here there is only one quality and that the Best.

Finest Fruits. Fancy Bakery Goods.

Colvin's Bread and Cakes.

Complete line of Canned Goods.

ALVERSON & GROFF.



WASHINGTON, BY JOHN TRUMBULL.

THIS portrait of Washington "in his heroic military character," as the artist described it, was painted by John Trumbull in 1790 for the city of New York. It now hangs in the governor's room of the city hall, New York.

daughter to-day. Rev. D. J. Holmes of the Methodist church preaching the funeral sermon. The body was taken to Ivanhoe, Ill., where she was laid to rest in the family lot.

No Excuse For It.

The coal miners have secured an advance in wages for mining bituminous coal, and no doubt it will be made an excuse for continuing high prices of that fuel. It should be born in mind that the highest advance to the miner is only 10c a ton, and that, with this added, his total wages do not equal the duty of 67 cents levied by the Dingley tariff, and which has been suspended for one year. There will have to be something much more formidable produced to account for the maintenance of the prices now being charged for coal.

The Review \$1.50 a year.

NEWS OF THE WORLD

Industrial, Political, Domestic and Foreign Happenings of Minor Importance Told in Paragraphs.

David James of Muskegon, aged 76, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree for killing his son because of jealousy of the latter's attentions to his housekeeper.

Santa Fe officials at Topeka reported little chance of a settlement of the wage controversy with the conductors and trainmen, each side holding out for a difference in concession of 5 per cent.

Lord Charles Beresford announced at Woolwich that he had been offered and would accept the command of the channel squadron.

The Hamburg-American Company is organizing a new coasting service for China. The steamers will ply between Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Port Arthur, Chemulpo, New-Chwang and Canton.

The appointment of coadjutors to the archbishops of St. Louis and Cincinnati will be decided at a meeting of the congregation of the propaganda at Rome March 2. All the documents relating to the appointments have been received.

Consul Listoe and his wife have arrived at Copenhagen from Rotterdam on a visit to Minister Swenson. The latter gave a dinner in honor of Prince and Princess Waldemar of Denmark, the guests including many officials and notable men.

The strike of about 1,500 dock laborers employed by one of the contractors of the North German Lloyd Company at Bremerhaven on account of the dismissal of one of their comrades, has been ended by the reinstatement of the dismissed workman.

C. W. Smith, a colored waiter living in Chicago, was killed in a wreck on the Burlington near St. Joseph, Mo. A car left the track and rolled over. Two other men were slightly hurt.

The health department at Albion, Mich., has clashed with authorities of Albion college by issuing an order to restrain unvaccinated pupils from attending classes. Enforcement is prevented by an injunction.

To qualify for membership in a sorority girl students at Missouri university are required to stop passersby on the street and insist on polishing their shoes. Initiates must appear on streets in convict garb, and climb trees when they meet.

The Jamaica legislature has adopted a resolution authorizing the government to pay \$12,500 annually toward a subsidy for establishing a new fast, direct steamship service between Canada and Jamaica.

Employees of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Wheeling Company at Kingston disagreed with the management over new wage propositions and the Pettibone colliery was closed as a result. This is the first tie-up since settlement of the strike.

Representative Stapleton introduced in the Montana house a resolution to appropriate \$3,000 for the benefit of triplets born in Butte.

The "union" Republicans of Delaware refused the proposal of the "regulars" to end the senatorial deadlock by electing a senator from each faction. Addicks issued a statement that those who refused to vote for him will not be permitted to hold office in the state.

Cole Younger is home again, after twenty-seven years of exile. An exultantly and several young persons sourian, he crossed the state line. When he reached the little hamlet of Lee's Summit no one was on hand to greet him and he waded through the snow to a near-by hotel, where he was soon surrounded by eager listeners. Younger said that Frank James was not at Northfield, Minn. Younger is going to write a story of his career.

A large meteor struck the earth in the vicinity of Bingham, Utah. The collision with the earth caused windows to rattle and houses to tremble, while a sound like a mighty clap of thunder awakened the inhabitants. People thought there had been an earthquake.

George Cole, under arrest at Butte, Mont., has confessed that he was one of the men that held up a train at Homestake on the Burlington. Napoleon Savoy has been arrested at Anacosta and identified as the man who last October, held up a Northern Pacific train at Bearmouth, Mont., and killed Engineer O'Neill.

Sledge & Wells' large paper and Lur-Jap bag factory at Memphis was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$75,000; insurance, \$70,000.

The Detroit sulphite fiber works at Delray, Mich., burned. Loss is \$100,000, fully covered by insurance. The plant will be rebuilt at once.

Representative Lewis of Duluth introduced a bill in the Minnesota house providing for death sentence by electrocution instead of hanging.

J. R. Miller, with many aliases, who secured transportation from the Rock Island, the Wabash and the Great Western railways on forged checks, has been sentenced at Des Moines to eight years' imprisonment in the Iowa penitentiary. Miller is wanted at Sycamore, Ill., on a similar charge.

The famous Mueller case, involving title to valuable ore-bearing land on the Mesaba range, was decided in the district court at Duluth, Minn. The decision is by Judge Cant and is in favor of Kosmeri, the plaintiff and record owner in every point.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE

Measures Under Consideration in the Capitol at Springfield.

CONVICT LABOR IS THE THEME

Legislators Listen to Advocates of Various Measures and Then Select Joint Committee to Prepare Bill for Submission to House.

Convict labor and what to do with it were discussed at a meeting of the house committee on penal and reformatory institutions. Most of the members of the committee on labor and industrial affairs were present, and so were representatives of labor organizations, manufacturers and the Good Roads association.

Certain phases of the situation with regard to convict labor bills developed. One thing shown was that there is some jealousy as to who shall have the credit for any bill that may be passed. B. M. Chipperfield is chairman of the committee on penal and reformatory institutions; S. J. Drew is chairman of the committee of labor and industrial affairs. Bills regulating convict labor have been referred to each of these committees. Both Chipperfield and Drew have introduced bills. Both assert that they care not whose name may be on the bill that goes out, provided some satisfactory bill can be passed. Chipperfield's bill provides for employment of convicts in making articles for use by inmates in state institutions. Drew's bill would put them at work breaking stone for roads and building roads throughout the state.

A feature of the meeting was the speech made by Mr. Moore. He advocated employment of convicts in preparing road material and making roads in the state. He described the "chain-gang" system in vogue in Southern states and cited North Carolina and Texas as cases where the system works beautifully. He told how the convicts in those states are taken in gangs from place to place making roads; how many of them work while chained together, and how they sleep in the stockade with one leg locked to a heavy chain which encircles the convict camp or stockade. He urged the adoption of this system for Illinois. He told how cheaply hard roads can be made by convicts with the use of improved road-making machinery.

In his speech Mr. Moore said "false semi-religious sentiment" should not be considered in the settlement of the convict labor question. He said that 80 per cent of the boys sent out from reformatory return to a life of crime. Mr. Moore's statement is not borne out by statistics kept by reformatory officers. He seemed to take the position that "once a convict, always a convict."

David Ross, secretary of the state bureau of labor statistics, called attention to the danger of having a controversy as to which bill should pass. He said the proposition was defeated in 1885 because a number of bills on the subject were introduced, and their several authors refused to compromise.

After the speeches were over Mr. Wheeler moved that a committee of seven from the committee on penal and reformatory institutions be appointed to draft a committee bill. Mr. Trautmann moved to amend by having a like committee appointed by the committee on labor and industrial affairs.

Mr. McClenahan then proposed a joint meeting of the two committees, and this was agreed to.

The house committee on appropriations killed the Sherman resolution requiring superintendents of institutions and heads of departments to submit with their requests for appropriations itemized statements of the purposes to which the money is to be put by adopting a joint resolution on the same subject. The substitute, if it is adopted by the house, will in all probability meet with defeat in the senate.

The Juul Law Stands. The Juul law fixing valuation of property at one-fifth of cash value for taxing purposes will stand. The bill introduced by Mr. Bundy changing the assessable valuation to one-third was considered in the house committee on revenue, and it was decided to report it with the recommendation that it do not pass.

Darrow Takes the Oath. Clarence S. Darrow made his first appearance in the house. He was cheered as he passed down the aisle to take the oath of office. Mr. Darrow said to friends that his work in the legislature will be devoted to the passage of a municipal ownership bill and

Teachers May Federate. At the quarterly meeting of the Madison County Teachers' association, held in Edwardsville, a committee of five was appointed to consider and report upon the advisability of organizing a teachers' federation among the teachers of the county.

To Open New Mine. The Lumaghi Coal company will soon open another mine, one mile east of Collinsville. The company is now operating two mines in the vicinity.

a repeal of the "fellow servants" law and the enactment of a law similar to that in England.

Desert Sherman.

Mr. Sherman did not bring up his motion to reconsider the vote by which his resolution for an itemization of estimates for appropriations was sent to the committee on appropriations. Had Mr. Sherman brought up his motion to reconsider, he would have been given a roll call.

Just before the session began word was passed among the Sherman men and the Democrats that the Sherman motion would come up. The parliamentary situation seemed to indicate that Speaker Miller would rule Mr. Sherman's motion out of order, because Mr. Sherman had not changed his vote till after the vote on reference of his resolution had been announced; that Mr. Sherman would appeal from the decision of the chair, and the question would be on sustaining the motion.

It was soon found by the Sherman leaders that a number of the Sherman men would not vote against the Speaker on such a proposition. James P. Wilson and C. C. Johnson, the Democratic leaders, started to round up their followers to support Mr. Sherman. They were met by positive refusals from many Democrats. Nearly the entire Cook county Democratic delegation served notice on Wilson and Johnson that they would not vote against the Speaker.

Meanwhile the Republican steering committee had considered the matter in its meeting before the session, and decided to give Mr. Sherman a roll call on his motion or on whatever phase of the question the parliamentary situation might assume. Speaker Miller told a Sherman leader a roll call would be given.

When this was learned and the conditions among the Sherman men and the Democrats became known, and it was ascertained that on this proposition all the Democrats could not be relied on to join the Sherman men, the motion to reconsider was abandoned.

Bills Hit Corporations. Quite a bunch of bills addressed to various classes of corporations were introduced in the house. Some were new combinations of old ideas and others were the old familiar of session after session.

One bill introduced by Representative Carl Burgett prohibits blasts of cold air in certain parts of railroad cars, and demands that a "good old summer time" temperature be maintained.

Campbell Kills His Bills. Senator Campbell, by his own motion in the senate, decapitated his bills providing for the nomination of candidates for judges by political committees and placing the names of judicial candidates in more than one place on the ballot.

Senator Campbell moved that the enacting clause be stricken out, and this was done.

House Members Want Clerks.

A resolution allowing each House member a clerk, at a salary of \$500 for the session, will be introduced. The plan is to have the resolution referred to the committee on contingent expenses and reported favorably from the committee to the House, where an effort will be made to pass it. For some days a paper pledging those who signed it to vote for such a resolution has been in circulation among House members.

Hall for Mitchell.

In the House Mr. Chipperfield secured unanimous consent to offer a resolution granting the use of Representatives' hall to the United Mine Workers of America, for the purpose of giving a reception to John Mitchell, national president of the organization. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Committees Are Busy.

Most of the legislative work hereafter will be in the committees. The usual grist of bills will be introduced each day, but the important matters will be the consideration of bills in the various committees.

In the house the only prospect for anything out of the ordinary is the possibility that Mr. Sherman may call up his motion to reconsider the vote by which his resolution calling for an itemization of appropriation bills was sent to the committee on appropriations. Speaker Miller ruled that Mr. Sherman did not declare his change of vote to give him a right to move a reconsideration till after the result of the vote had been announced, and it was then too late. If the Speaker again rules this way Mr. Sherman may appeal from the chair.

Aid for Famine Sufferers.

Senator Lundberg offered a joint resolution in the Senate, which was unanimously adopted, calling upon Governor Yates to issue a proclamation in aid of the sufferers in northern Sweden and Finland. S. E. Erickson introduced a similar resolution in the House, but later the Senate resolution came over and was unanimously concurred in on motion of Mr. Sherman.

Quincy Teachers.

The Quincy teachers' association has elected David B. Rawlins, president; Pauline Pittman, treasurer; A. M. Simons, secretary; Elizabeth Welch, Ella Randall and Pauline Pittman, board of control.

Gets Eastern Pastor.

Rev. William L. Haines of Philadelphia has accepted the call to the Cairo Baptist church to become its pastor, and will begin his pastorate Sunday, March 8.

PANAMA TREATY TO BE PUSHED

Quay Gives Consent to Have Measure Take Precedence in the Senate.

WILL TRY TO TIRE MR. MORGAN

If Necessary to Wear Out the Opposition Continuous Sessions Will Be Held Until the Canal Pact is Finally Approved.

Washington dispatch: Under an agreement reached by the Republican senators in a conference held immediately after the adjournment of the Senate the Panama Canal treaty will be taken up at once and kept before the Senate until a vote is taken upon it.

Senator Allison of Iowa reported to the conference the views of the steering committee and Mr. Cullom made a formal motion that the treaty be given the right of way. Mr. Quay objected, stating that he would have to withhold his consent until some arrangement was made for a vote upon the omnibus statehood bill.

Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire endorsed Mr. Quay's position, but Senator Foraker of Ohio, who is a leader with Mr. Quay in the statehood fight, urged that the importance of the canal treaty made it imperative that action be taken upon it at this session.



Cupid—"President Roosevelt can't blame me; I'm doing the best I can." Chicago Record-Herald.

Mr. Quay finally acquiesced, with the statement that he would interpose no objection to the consideration of the canal treaty as long as there appeared any prospect of its ratification, but he gave notice that should it become evident that debate upon the treaty will be prolonged or that the treaty would be used to prevent the passage of the statehood bill he would demand the regular order.

Courtesy Toward Nations.

Senator Hoar made an argument to prove that the executive business of the Senate occupies a different plane from legislative business and that courtesy toward other nations demands that treaties should have preferential consideration at the hands of the Senate. This view was accepted generally by senators and was the view acted on. Some of the senators present afterward commented on it as likely to form a new departure and an important precedent in the Senate.

Under the arrangement the Republican senators will now proceed to force the opposition to the canal treaty. It consists almost solely of Senator Morgan of Alabama. It is now their purpose to keep the Senate in executive session upon the treaty. Should it become evident that the filibustering against the treaty will be continued the Senate will be kept in continuous session and Mr. Morgan will be "set" out.

Extends the Time.

The status of the Panama Canal treaty in the senate was discussed at the cabinet meeting. Some apprehension is expressed that the treaty may not be ratified at the present session owing to the opposition of Senator Morgan. The option the United States hold on the Panama Canal Company's property will expire on March 4. It is impossible, even if the treaty should be ratified by the senate at this session, to effect an exchange of ratifications until after the expiration of the

Brigham Young's Son is Dead.

Salt Lake, Utah, special: Phineas Howe Young, youngest son of Brigham Young and a prominent business man, died of heart disease. He was the son of Harriet Barney Young. A widow and three children survive.

Gets Life Sentence.

Caro, Mich., dispatch: John Bromfish, who shot and killed Leroy Lester after Lester had served an attachment on some machinery on Bromfish's farm, has been found guilty of murder and sentenced for life.

option. It is proposed, however, to enter into a contract with the Panama Canal Company by the terms of which the amount agreed upon shall be paid the company by this government on the exchange of ratifications between the United States and Colombia. That arrangement, it is regarded, will tide over the present emergency and keep alive the option.

DEFEAT NAVAL STATION.

Item Making Appropriation is Ruled Out in the House.

Washington special: Provision for a naval station on Lake Michigan was defeated in the house when the item appropriating \$250,000 for its establishment was reached in the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Fitzgerald of New York, Democrat, made a point of order against it on the ground that the appropriation was not authorized by existing law. Mr. Foss of Chicago, chairman of the committee having the bill in charge, made no effort to secure a favorable ruling, probably for the reason that it is proposed to place the station in his district. General Grosvenor of Ohio, member of the rules committee, and several Democrats opposed the appropriation, while Colonel Hepburn of Iowa, and Mr. Dayton of West Virginia fought to keep the item in the bill. It was evident from the beginning of the debate, however, that the combination formed by the delegations from Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania to defeat the location of the station upon Lake Michigan would be successful. The chair held the provision out of order. An effort will be made to have it replaced in the bill when it reaches the senate.

Regarding Isle of Pines. Washington dispatch: Representa-

WESTERN CANADA AROUSING GREAT INTEREST.

The Wonderful Fields of Wheat Attracting Thousands.

Until the last five or six years but little attention was given to that vast area of grain-producing land lying north of the 49th parallel, and immediately adjoining the northern boundaries of Minnesota and Dakota.

The Canadians themselves were aware of the wealth that lay there, but being unable to fully occupy it, they have asked the Americans to assist them in converting the land from its virgin state to one that will largely supplement the grain-producing area of the North American continent and the response has been most liberal.

During the year 1901 upwards of 20,000 from the United States went over to Canada, being induced to settle there by the reports that reached them of the success of those who had preceded them during the previous years. This 20,000 was increased to 30,000 during the year 1902, and it is fully expected that there will be fully 50,000 during the present year. The work of the immigration branch of the Canadian government is not now being directed towards giving information as to the advantages of settlement in Canada as it is extending an invitation to the Americans to follow those who have gone.

Those who have charge of the work point with considerable pride to the success of those who have been induced to take advantage of the offer of 160 acres of land free in Canada, and have no cause to hesitate in continuing the invitation. Many of those interested say there are no more free homesteads to be had in Canada, but the writer has most positive assurance from the Canadian government that there are thousands of such homesteads to be had, and in one of the districts now being opened up fully as good as the best, and it is probably the best.

The Canadian government has established agencies at St. Paul, Minn.; Omaha, Neb.; Kansas City, Mo.; Chicago, Ill.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Wausau, Wis.; Detroit, Sault Ste. Marie and Marquette, Mich.; Toledo, Ohio; Watertown, S. Dakota; Grand Forks, N. Dakota, and Great Falls, Mont., and the suggestion is made that by addressing any of these, who are authorized agents of the government, it will be to the advantage of the reader, who will be given the fullest and most authentic information regarding the results of mixed farming, dairying, ranching, and grain raising, and also supply information as to freight and passenger rates, etc.

To Retard Reform in China. The notorious Li-Luen-Ying has started a native paper in Peking, with the flowing name of Daily Imperial News. The empress dowager is the patron of this organ, and she has ordered all the officials to subscribe to the paper. The object of the journal is to retard reform.

California—Low Rates. Beginning February 15th, the M., K. & T. Ry. will sell Colonist Tickets to California at very low rates, viz.: St. Louis, \$30.00; Kansas City, \$25.00. Tourist Car through to San Francisco leaves St. Louis each Tuesday at 8:32 p. m. Ask any Katy Agent or address James Barker, Gen'l Pass Agent, M. K. & T. Ry., 202 Wainwright Building, St. Louis.

Didn't Want to Lose It. She—Your hair keeps on getting grayer. He—Well, I'm willing to tolerate the grayness if it only keeps on.

THE BEST RESULTS IN STARBORING can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

Even the peaceful traveler occasionally has a brush with the porter.

To St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The train of trains is the Pioneer Limited of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. It has no equal, and it runs over the Fast Mail route.

Leaves Union Passenger Station, Chicago, 6.30 o'clock every evening.

F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

Advertisement for the Illinois Central Railroad, featuring the text 'FINE SERVICE TO MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL' and 'NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO'. It includes a logo for the Illinois Central Railroad and mentions 'Via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines. A. H. HANSON, C. P. A., CHICAGO.'

MRS. HAROLD STAGG.

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CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

"Some of them go to one place and some to another for all their meals. There are several decent houses in the neighborhood where food is provided three times a day at so much a week. Our friend, Struthers, habitually patronizes one of them. It's the cheapest method, but as I have served my apprenticeship at it elsewhere, I have been in no hurry to make a selection; indeed, I have lately induced him to vary his cuisine by playing the Bohemian with me during the very hot weather. He was looking peaked and needed a change. So we breakfast in this room and lunch as you see, and we take our dinners—our meal of the day—at whatever restaurant happens to hit our fancy. We are great hands at discovering out-of-the-way little places where one can dine appetizingly for a mere song, and perhaps the next day we lie away to one of the beaches to enjoy the crowds and banquet in a large pavilion, to the music of a band."

"How delightful!" cried Eleanor. "And you must do the same now that I have come, and take me with you." Uncle Phineas smiled at her enthusiasm.

"It is a dog's life at the best, Peach-blossom," he said, with a sigh, draining his tankard. "A trifle more diverting than the other, perhaps, but a dog's life, at best. No, my ambition is to be able to settle down some day in a little house of my own, where I can have just what I want, as I want it and when I want it. I'm beginning to see my way to it, too. Queer fancy for an old bachelor to have, isn't it? And my only fear—ha! ha!—is that I shall be morally certain in time to marry my housekeeper!"

"But I shall be your housekeeper, and you can't marry me." "You!" he exclaimed, with gay incredulity. "By that time, you—he was going to say, 'will have a house of your own,' but he stopped embarrassed, fearful of introducing the dreaded subject."

"Oh, no, I sha'n't, Uncle Phin," she answered stoutly, divining his intention. "I know what you were going to say, and there isn't the slightest chance of it."

"Well, well," he responded, shyly, beginning to put away his papers, "one can never tell what a year will bring forth."

CHAPTER X.

He had finished his studies for the day, and he now proposed to Eleanor that she should accompany him on several errands which he had to do. They sallied forth together, and after visiting the institution with which he was connected and a library where he had to mouse among the shelves for a few minutes to consult authorities, they sauntered through various book-stores and picture galleries with which the professor was familiar.

It was nearly dinner time when they returned, and the professor expressed surprise at not finding Mr. Struthers in possession of his den. "Ah," he said on second thought, "he has feared to interrupt us. Good boy! He has thought we had many things to talk about. And so we have; but such modesty deserves its reward. Shall we invite him to join us, Eleanor?"

The professor went clambering up the necessary two flights, and after a few minutes reappeared with Mr. Struthers, who had doffed his fustian jacket for conventional attire.

"So you have had a good day, young man?" said Uncle Phineas.

"I have been trying some interesting experiments." "Only think of it, Peach-blossom, he keeps lightning on tap in his laboratory. We all live in constant fear that he will burn the house down. What sort of a fume is rampant today?" the professor added, sniffing the air. "One day he perfumes the atmosphere with sulphureted hydrogen, and the next Mrs. Todd is cooking salt fish in the basement. Chemist versus cook, and I don't know which is the worse."

Eleanor laughed, and said: "What is the special thing you are trying to discover, Mr. Struthers?"

"A mere bagatelle," interjected her uncle. "This audacious youth has the hardihood to maintain that it is only a matter of a few years—or months, is it?—when our steam engines will be run by electricity instead of steam, and he hopes to be the fortunate man to demonstrate that it can be done successfully. But if I once let him loose on his hobby there will be no dinner for us," he continued, with a bantering smile at the embarrassed youth, whose tongue his pleasantly had fettered. "I warrant now, Peach-blossom, that you have five minutes of prinking yet to do, and a woman's five minutes are always ten."

"I'll be right down, uncle," cried Eleanor, as she gathered up her belongings and ran up the stairs. Fifteen minutes later they were at table in a snug restaurant, one of the choicest, into which the professor conveyed them, bumptiously announcing to the electrician, whose eyes were dilating at such prodigality, that he had thrown economy to the winds.

"I am speaking it—speering it; and all on a woman's account. And there will be no headache to-morrow," he whispered, jubilantly, as he began to peruse the bill of fare with the manner of a man who meditates extravagance. "It will do you good, too, young man. A pretty face assists the imagination."

"I have realized that already," answered Struthers, whose visage, the moment after he had spoken, glowed from the unaccustomed use of compliment.

"A purée of green peas and soft-shell crabs, and a flet a la bordelaise to begin with," began the professor, reflectively, "and—and some champagne, of course."

"I'm afraid, uncle, if you go on at that rate, you will never have that little house," said Eleanor; "it will be a castle in Spain."

"Never you mind, young lady," he replied, drawing a fat, old-fashioned leather wallet from his pocket and tapping it significantly. "Everybody must have an occasional fling, and this is mine. If I become riotous it will be from joy at having you with me. Bring everything," he added to the waiter, "everything that is good; you will know. We want plenty, and the best, for we have lunched upon sandwiches."

The waiter smiled broadly, and bowed low. Doubtless he scented a fee in the professor's sportive manner and language, and he began to bustle diligently.

These infected likewise Eleanor and Mr. Struthers, who were soon chatting and laughing gayly, heedless of the hot atmosphere of the crowded restaurant. Trifling remarks and incidents convulsed them all, and there was scarcely a pause from the purée of green peas to the dish of rosy peaches that followed the raspberry ice cream.

"Coffee?" asked the waiter, in a confidential undertone.

The professor looked at his watch. "Now, young people, how are we to spend the evening? I have two suggestions to make; either we will go to the theater, in which case we had better take our coffee now, or we will adjourn to the 'roof park,' in which case, we will take it there. Which shall it be?"

"I fear," said Struthers, with a laugh, "that 'roof park' is scarcely intelligible to Miss Baldwin."

"It sounds very interesting," said Eleanor. "Let us go there by all means. It is too hot for the theater."

The two men exchanged glances of amusement.

"So be it," said the professor, "roof park it is;" and he called for the bill.

They retraced their steps to the boarding house, and while Mr. Struthers was fumbling in the lock with his door-key, Eleanor inquired why they had come back.

"We are going to the 'roof park,'" answered Uncle Phineas.

Mr. Struthers led the way upstairs, past Eleanor's story and the professor's story, and yet another story to the highest landing, which was illumined only by the moon streaming through the skylight. A short ladder-like flight of steps led up further to a sort of trap-door.

"Shall I get the banjo?" said Struthers, pausing on the lowest round.

"The idea of asking such a question," replied the professor. "Do we not always have the banjo?"

"You are one person, sir, and Miss Baldwin is another," said he, turning to open a door behind him just opposite the foot of the ladder.

"Is that his laboratory?" whispered Eleanor, as he disappeared inside.

"Yes, I say, young man, do you call this hospitality to leave us kicking our heels in the entry?" cried the professor, as he pushed in after him. "Here is a lady very anxious, I know, to inspect your mysteries."

Eleanor, following, found herself in a room that seemed a sort of cross between an apothecary's shop and a smithy. There were pestles and mortars and bottles of suspicious looking liquids arranged on a shelf around an alembic, a pair of bellows, and other chemical apparatus; and, most interesting of all, a network of wires extending from the green jars referred to across the room and into a smaller apartment, which was evidently the young man's chamber. Eleanor looked around her with astonished eyes.

"I wish you could tell me what some of these things mean," she said, as she scrutinized interestedly the rows of green jars in which the liquid bubbled around bits of submerged metal.

"That is a battery," he said.

"Would you like a shock?" asked her uncle.

"Above all things."

Mr. Struthers accordingly laid down the banjo, and, after adjusting various wires and implements, approached her shyly, and said:

"If you will hold this piece of wire in one hand, and this in the other, I will let the current on. Do not be afraid; it will not hurt you."

"Oh, how queer it feels!" she cried, an instant later.

"Shall I stop?" asked Mr. Struthers, solicitously.

"Oh, no; I rather like it. I—I—oh, how queer it is! Oh!—oh! I think that will do, Mr. Struthers. I—I can't let go!"

The cessation of the current, and the loosening of her grasp consequent upon it, cut short her words. Her uncle and Mr. Struthers were on the broad grin.

"It's the queerest feeling. It makes one feel as if small prickles were running through one. I'm very glad I tried it, though. Was it a big dose?"

"Oh, no. You can take more than

that with a little practice and thim's nothing of it."

"But, if he had a mind to, he could commit murder at the expense of unsuspecting friends," said her uncle. "See here."

Adjusting the apparatus with the deftness of one skilled in such matters, the professor bade Eleanor regard the point where the two ends of the wire had been brought in contact. Then, following a quick glance which he gave at Mr. Struthers, a white, sizzling flame leaped into being, which caused Eleanor to utter an exclamation of awe.

"How wonderful science is!" she murmured.

"Yes; but the full moon is still more wonderful, and we must not forget her. Come, my boy, pick up your banjo."

"Why, it smells as it does after a thunderstorm!" she exclaimed.

"It is the same element, tamed," Struthers answered, as he waited for Eleanor to follow her uncle out of the room.

The professor, after climbing the ladder, raised the trap-door and disappeared. A flood of moonlight greeted them.

"Shall I go first?" the young man asked.

"Oh, no; I can find my way. I am used to ladders, for I was brought up in the country. What a lovely night!" she added, as she stepped lightly from the last round over the sill of the trap-door.

CHAPTER XI.

Eleanor found herself on a graveled tin roof with chimney pots on every side, and a net-work of wires stretching like mammoth silver cobwebs hither and thither into sheeny space. Far off to the right and left a river glistened, whereon many lights moved and twinkled. High over head the moon rode in gorgeous tranquillity, sole mistress of a heaven unfecked by a single cloud.

"You have your wish; you are in Roof Park, my lady. Will you take your choice of seats?" said Uncle Phineas, with mock solemnity, indicating a couple of comfortable looking chairs and a hammock in front of them, which swung between two chimneys.

"The hammock for me, if no one else wants it," she said. "This is perfection; so cool, too; you can feel the breeze from the sea. Why do not more people do this? At least it is no longer very hot," she added, observing the smile on both their faces. She stretched herself out and drew the netting close around her, so that only her face peeped forth.

"Swing me, Uncle Phin."

The professor removed from his mouth the pipe he was about to light, and smilingly complied; while Mr. Struthers, dropping into one of the chairs began to finger lightly the strings of the banjo.

"He will sing for you if you ask him," said the professor.

"I do ask. I am very fond of singing, Mr. Struthers."

For a moment the young man hesitated; then, after a preliminary thrum or two, he sang in a sweet, strong voice. There was pathos in his tone before the finish, and when he had come to an end, and the instrument was at rest, the hammock still swayed and the smoker still smoked, and only the creak and the far off rumble of the city streets broke the silence. The professor, having set the swing a-flying by a couple of stronger twists of his fore-arm, composed himself in the other chair, to watch the cat die, as he said, which melancholy event took place just as the melody was brought to a close. Thereupon Eleanor sat up, and, grasping the netting on either side, pushed against the roof with her feet, and set herself in motion again.

(To be continued.)

SMALL COMFORT IN ANGELS.

Their Presence Made Darkness No Easier for the Youngster.

It was at a mother's meeting in a well-known Brooklyn church. The members of the circle were chatting as they waited for the chairman to call the meeting to order, and the following is one of the anecdotes that was told:

"Edith is the six-year-old daughter of a friend of mine. She is a lively child and quite capable of forming her own opinions and of sticking to them, and is the readiest child to pick up slang and other expressions not exactly suited for a little girl's vocabulary that I have even known. She has always since her babyhood been afraid of the dark, and her mother, in spite of fine theories to the contrary, has humored her little girl and allowed a light in her bedroom. Recently, however, my friend decided that Miss Edith was arriving at an age when reason should help her to overcome her fears.

"So, being a good, really pious mother, she talked to Edith and told her that God was always present, and that nothing could harm her in the dark."

"Night came, and bedtime. Edith was undressed, said her prayers, and climbed into her little snow-white nest. With the good-night kiss, her mother said: 'Now, dear, just think that the room is full of angels watching while you sleep.'"

"Turning out the gas she left the room. But being a loving, sympathetic mother, she stood for a while outside the door to see how Miss Edith would stand the ordeal."

"After some minutes of intense stillness she heard Edith say in a low voice:

"'Beau—tee—ful white angels all around!' And then, after a pause: 'But it beats the old Nick how afraid I am of those angels!'"

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

HONOR MEMORY OF ARMY NURSE

Monument to Mother Bickerdyke to Be Erected at Galesburg.

There will soon be presented to the legislature by Representative Wilfred Arnold of Galesburg a bill asking for an appropriation to build a \$20,000 monument to the memory of Mother Bickerdyke the famous Illinois nurse during the civil war. When the war broke out she was a resident of Galesburg, and she was early in the field. She gained wide renown for energy and devotion to the soldiers. She died last year in Kansas, where she had resided most of the time since the war, and where she was idolized by the soldiers. The remains were buried in the family lot at Galesburg. The monument movement was started several months ago, and has been given the co-operation of the Grand Army posts and Women's Relief corps of the state. It is under the auspices of the Mother Bickerdyke memorial association of Galesburg.

FORM A HIGH SCHOOL SOCIETY

Madison County Students to Compete in Oratory and Athletics.

The high schools of Madison county have formed an organization to be known as the Madison County High School Athletic and Oratorical association. It is proposed to have a meet once a year, when representatives from the various schools will compete for prizes in oratory and athletics. The first meet will be held in Alton on May 8. The high schools composing the association are those of Alton, Edwardsville, Collinsville, Highland, Granite City and Upper Alton.

Victims a Franchise.

Mayor N. E. Bosen of Edwardsville has returned the electric light franchise passed by the city council to the city clerk with his veto of the same, stating, among other reasons for his action, that the price to commercial patrons is too high. The ordinance was passed by a two-thirds vote of the council, and it is now a question as to whether the council will pass it over the mayor's veto.

Well Water is Impure.

The great amount of water in the ground, due to the rainy fall and winter, coupled with the fact that many Springfield wells have surface drainage, is responsible—is the belief of City Health Inspector Patterson—for the present prevalence of typhoid fever in the city. The inspector has tested the water in many wells and condemned it as impure. The city water supply continues pure.

To Greet John Mitchell.

When John Mitchell, national president of the United Mineworkers of America, arrives in Springfield to attend the state convention of that organization on Monday evening, Feb. 28, he will be greeted by a monster reception. The local federation of labor has charge of the affair, and it is likely that the workmen will meet their captain in the capitol building.

Drawing Teachers to Meet.

A committee was appointed at the Springfield teachers' institute to arrange for the meeting of the Western drawing teachers' association, which will convene there for a three days' session April 17. Two hundred teachers, in addition to 125 drawing superintendents, will represent the cities of the Mississippi valley at the meeting.

Historical Society.

The Alton Historical society was organized at a meeting of citizens in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. There was a large attendance at the meeting and much interest in the organization of the society was shown.

Provides for Sisters.

The will of Godfrey Small of Quincy leaves his sister, Eva Mueltenberger, his real estate in Hannibal, and the residue of his property to his other sister, Henrietta Kennedy.

To Raze Old Mill.

The Carbondale mill and elevator company has purchased the old Winfrey mill, one of Carbondale's landmarks, and will move the machinery and raze the building.

Carpenter's Scale.

The carpenters' union of Decatur will adopt a new scale of wages for the coming season. It will call for 30 cents an our and nine hours for a day's work.

Is Named for Cadet.

Walter Warder, Jr., son of Senator Walter Warder of Cairo has been nominated by Congressman George W. Smith for a West Point cadetship.

Fine for Bill Posting.

C. K. Warren of Chicago was fined \$5 and costs by a jury in Esquire Webb's court at Newton for violating the bill posting ordinance. An appeal was taken to the circuit court, where the validity of the ordinance will be tested.

No Rock Pile.

The Madison county board of supervisors has decided not to establish a county rock pile and prison in Alton for county prisoners who have pleaded guilty to petty offenses.

DESPERATE MAN GRABS PURSE

Negro Lacerates Girl's Finger to Secure Possession of Money.

While Mrs. E. A. Lenhardt and her 15-year-old daughter were on the way from their home at Alton to a grocery store they were stopped by a negro. The little girl carried a purse containing several dollars, and the chain of the purse was wound around the middle finger of her right hand. The negro grabbed the purse, and, after two or three vicious pulls, the chain broke, and he ran with the purse. The screams of the women attracted a crowd and pursuit was given, but the thief escaped. He, however, dropped the purse. The girl's finger was badly lacerated by the chain.

Strikes Match on Powder Keg.

Harvey Jourdan, while at work in Jourdan Bros' coal mine near Newton, was seriously injured on his face, neck, arms and hands by an explosion of powder. His lamp went out and he struck a match on what he thought to be an empty powder can lying in the passageway, but instead of being empty it contained about a gallon of blasting powder. The sulphur end of the match flew into the powder and a terrific explosion followed.

Favors Sod Road.

S. L. Croy, a mail carrier on rural route No. 2, out of Decatur, suggests that the government decree that a strip of sod ground 12 feet wide is provided along the public highway on all routes for the exclusive use of rural rigs in bad weather. Croy has two miles of a sod road which he covers in ten minutes, and immediately following is a black mud strip two miles long, requiring one and one-half hours to cover.

Saves Her Companion.

Little 12-year-old Christine Hotutz rescued a companion from drowning at Edwardsville. In company with other children, the little girls were playing on the brink of a pond covered with thin ice, when Louise Deach slipped and fell head first into the water, only her feet remaining above. Christine grabbed these, and, after a struggle, succeeded in pulling her out.

Rural Route Ruling.

Postmaster J. R. Smith of Taylorville has received a letter from the superintendent of rural free mail delivery at Washington, saying that rural carriers will not be permitted to carry mail on horseback. The letter further says that if the people of the community have not enough interest in the roads to keep them in good condition the service will be withdrawn.

Woman Sustains Burns.

Mrs. Charles Flynn of Cairo was severely burned, her clothing having caught fire as she opened a stove door. There was no one in the house at the time and she ran next door, where neighbors put out the flames and called a physician. Both hands and her back were frightfully burned, and it is feared that one of her hands will have to be amputated.

Seek to Economize.

Mayor Wakefield and the board of aldermen of Newton are seeking a plan by which to reduce the expense of running the municipal light and water plant. Expert engineers from a number of foreign companies will inspect the machinery now in use and submit bids for improvements to take the place of machinery now worn out or out of date.

Freight Wreck.

Engine 626 and four cars of freight train No. 82 on the Illinois Central ran off the track at Cairo Junction. Two cars turned over on their sides, and the wreck blocked the northbound track for several hours. The suburban train was slightly damaged in passing the wreck and Engineer Northcott had his hand injured.

Appeal for Library.

The Taylorville Ministerial association has sent a letter to Andrew Carnegie seconding the appeal of the city council for a public library building.

Finds Old Coin.

Josephine, daughter of Mr. Ralph Webb of Alton discovered a 1-cent piece bearing the date 1798 while she was at play in the yard.

Burns to Death.

The remains of Flora Simmons, who was burned to death at Quincy, were sent to her old home, in Cave-in-Rock, Hardin county, for burial.

Y. M. C. A. Anniversary.

Arrangements are being made to celebrate the first anniversary of the founding of the Y. M. C. A. in Charleston April 1.

Farmers' Delegates.

A. V. Schermerhorn of Kinmundy, J. B. Betts, Salem, and William Leckrone of Tonti have been selected as delegates from the Marion county farmers' institute to attend the annual round-up meeting to be held at Bloomington on February 24, 25 and 26.

Organize a Union.

The painters and paper hangers of Pana have organized with about twenty charter members. William Noe was elected temporary president and William H. Weymier secretary.

REMEMBER THE MAINE IN HAVANA

Four Hundred Americans Observe Anniversary of Ship's Destruction.

CUBAN VETERANS TAKE PART

Flotilla of Launches and Small Steamers Decorate the Wreck With Floral Emblems in Memory of the Men Who Lost Their Lives.

Havana cablegram: Four hundred Americans observed the fifth anniversary of the destruction of the Maine Sunday afternoon with speeches and memorial exercises. Bearing an American flag draped with crepe, a flotilla of launches and small steamers went out to the wreck and hung a wreath on the broken and twisted pieces of steel in memory of the men who lost their lives. Representatives of Cuban Veterans' association took part in the ceremony and brought the finest of the floral offerings.

The speakers left out all remarks that might cause animosity among the Spanish residents and confined their addresses to the fate of the victims.

Minister Stays Away.

The United States legation was not represented, Minister Squiers holding that any possibility of stirring up the feelings of the Spaniards ought to be avoided. The Cuban government officials finally decided not to attend, but a government launch accompanied the procession. United States Consul Rublee, Vice Consul Springer and some representatives of the United States army were present.

An indignation meeting of Americans to give public expression of their feeling against Mr. Squiers will be held in a few days. His conduct in remaining away is regarded as extremely unpatriotic.

American Launch Leads.

A United States quartermaster's launch led the way, followed by two small steamers loaded with Americans and numerous little craft. All about the harbor American and Cuban flags were flying at half mast. The dead march was played by the band of the United States artillery corps as the procession made its way to the Maine. After completing the decoration of the wreck the boats clustered around the quartermaster's launch, the awning deck of which was utilized as a platform.

After a prayer offered up by the Rev. Mr. McPherson, Gen. Nunez, the governor of Havana province, who is also the president of the Cuban Veterans' association, spoke in Spanish to the effect that the Cuban veterans would never permit such an occasion to pass without testifying their regard for those whom the Cubans were proud to regard as comrades.

Memorial Address.

Ernest Conant delivered the memorial address. He paid a tribute to the victims, but commended the mutual respect now existing between those who for a brief period fought each other, and in his references to the late Admiral Sampson the speaker especially eulogized the spanish admiral, Cervera.

Other speakers urged the co-operation of Cubans, Spaniards and Americans in working out Cuba's destiny. The ceremony concluded with the sounding of "taps."

THE LATEST MARKET REPORTS

Wheat.

New York—No. 2 red, 81½c.
Chicago—No. 2 red, 75½c.
St. Louis—No. 2 red, 71½c.
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, 68½c.
Milwaukee—No. 1 northern, 80½c.
Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, 76½c.
Duluth—No. 1 northern, 76c.

Corn.

New York—No. 2, 51½c.
Chicago—No. 2, 44½c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 41½c.
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 40c.
Peoria—No. 3, 41c.

Oats.

New York—No. 2, 45c.
Chicago—Standard, 36½c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 35½c.
Kansas City—No. 2 white, 34½c.
Milwaukee—Standard, 34¼c.

Cattle.

Chicago—\$1.50@5.45.
Kansas City—\$1.90@6.
St. Louis—\$2.25@5.90.
Buffalo—\$5.40@6.95.
Omaha—\$1.75@6.25.

Hogs.

Kansas City—\$5.85@7.05.
Kansas City—5.85@7.05.
St. Louis—\$6.40@7.
Buffalo—\$5@7.20.
Omaha—\$6.50@6.90.

Sheep and Lambs.

Chicago—\$2.50@6.60.
Kansas City—\$3@6.25.
St. Louis—\$4.10@6.40.
Buffalo—\$2.25@6.60.
Omaha—\$1.50@6.25.

Steamers Collide in the Azores, Ponta del Gada, Azores, cablegram: The steamer Ixia crashed into the steamer Vancouver as the latter was leaving port. The Vancouver had 200 passengers, mostly from Italian ports, and a wild panic ensued.

Seeks to Buy Arctic Vessel.

London cable: A New York traveler has requested the Italian government to purchase for him from the duke of the Abruzzi the latter's Arctic exploration vessel, Stella Polare.

Subscription \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising Rates made known on application.

M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1903

The Post Check System.

The postoffice committee of the lower house of congress has now under consideration the much discussed post check currency bill, and it is to be hoped that out of the investigation will evolve, if not this particular bill, a measure embracing substantially the same provisions. Before a subcommittee of the above named committee Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden the other day gave an opinion as to the necessity and probable working of the postal check system, giving it unqualified indorsement. He said:

The theory of the post check notes is that a man has them on hand in the current money which he carries in his pocket. There will be nothing else in the way of small bills. The money orders for sums of less than \$5 would probably be taken out of the money order system. Each man would have his own money order on hand if he had a one dollar bill or a two dollar bill or a five dollar bill which he might wish to transmit. All the money of those denominations would be in the form of post check notes and would pass current as money until converted into checks by indorsement. When indorsed, they are good only to the person named. These post check notes would constantly flow in and out of the treasury, and there would be no appreciable contraction.

No one can foresee what will arise in actual practice, but I am unable to see wherein the post check would not work with entire smoothness and without complications. There is nowhere near as much complication in working the post check as there is with the present money order system. The additional work that would be entailed upon the treasury department is not, to my mind, a serious or tenable objection.

From this succinct and comprehensive synopsis the workableness of the post check system seems apparent. It is admitted on all hands that the present postoffice money order system is complicated, cumbersome and inconvenient for both sender and receiver, while it is undoubtedly more expensive to the government than the proposed system would be. One of the heavy items of expense of the present plan is the accounting in Washington, which requires the employment of a large clerical force. As a matter of fact the government loses money by the system, as the fees do not nearly pay the cost in time of postmasters and clerks consumed in the issuance, payment and final accounting of the orders.

The demand for such a convenient and popular medium of currency exchange as that embodied in the pending post check bill is unequivocal and insistent, and the wonder is that so simple a reform in our postal facilities was not long ago adopted.

The Rhodes Scholarships.

The attention of educators of the country is just now directed toward devising plans for the selection of beneficiaries of the Oxford scholarships provided for by the munificent bequest of the late Cecil Rhodes. No doubt the conferences now in progress will adopt a scheme or different schemes that will be fairly acceptable. It is not plain whether it is required that only one plan shall be tried or whether different methods of selection may be employed in different sections. It may be that a method that will work well in the east and north may need modification to adapt it to conditions in the southern states or on the Pacific coast.

President Elliot of Harvard makes a recommendation in favor of sending boys direct from preparatory schools. The university presidents of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Maryland do not agree with him and suggest a scheme providing that candidates must be at least nineteen years old and not more than twenty-six and must have completed at least the second year of study in an American college. These conditions, they think, will secure a reasonable degree of maturity and such an experience of American education as will prevent a thorough weaning of the scholar from native influences. He will have been long enough in college to enable it to be known whether he meets the requirements of athletic prowess and popular personal traits on which Mr. Rhodes laid emphasis.

The letter carriers of Berlin, who are the poorest paid government employees in Germany, have been asking for more pay. To pacify them the emperor has graciously ordered that they shall be provided with shoulder straps. What do wages amount to compared with such honors? After this exhibition of royal favor the letter carriers would indeed be ungrateful to complain.

In two of the four desperate cases of blood poisoning in which it was employed in New York the formalin treatment was successful. If the new treatment reduces the death rate only one-half Dr. Barrows has still made a notable discovery.

As the sultan of Sulu has announced his intention to visit the St. Louis exposition before dying permanently, it must be concluded that he is very much alive, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

It is stated that Albert G. Burrage of Boston owes the start of his fortune of \$20,000,000, gained in eight years, to the reading of a news item in his local paper. Now is the time to subscribe!

Macedonia's Struggle For Liberty.

In view of the unrest in Macedonia and the threatened uprising in the early spring, there is timely interest in an article in the North American Review for February by Charles Johnson on "Macedonia's Struggle For Liberty." What Mr. Johnson calls "the Turk's administrative impotence" lies at the bottom of the Macedonian problem, and there seems little prospect of orderly conditions in this portion of the Balkans so long as it is ruled by the Mussulman.

While the Macedonian uprising last autumn was suppressed with all the sudden and tremendous energy latent in the Ottoman empire, there has since been much disorder, and within the last fortnight there have been reports of severe fighting between the revolutionists and the Turkish troops. The coming of spring, the appointed time for Balkan uprisings, is awaited with anxiety, which is reflected in the rumors of Russian and Austrian naval activity in the Mediterranean.

If in the promised revolt next spring, which is presaged by present disorders, the Macedonians are left to rebel alone, they will be quickly put down. If the Bulgarians, to whom they look for aid by reason of race affiliations, should give them overt assistance, the struggle would be longer, but the result the same; the "sick man of Europe" is probably a match for all the Balkan states combined. If, however, the great powers intervene to compel the release of this province from Ottoman rule, war would undoubtedly follow, and the map of southern Europe would be materially changed.

A free Macedonia would mean a regrouping of the Balkan states and a perilous shift of the balance of power in the Levant. It would mean practically the withdrawal of the Turk to Asia, for Macedonia contains half the territory and three-fourths of the population of Turkey in Europe. Were it to break away from the sultan his Adriatic provinces would be cut off, and the only vestiges of his European realm would be the city of Constantinople and the province tributary to it.

In this country there is little sympathy with the methods of the Macedonian revolutionary committee, which is here regarded as little better than an organized banditti, mainly responsible for the abduction of Miss Stone, the money for whose ransom was paid by Americans and apparently went to further revolutionary schemes. Despite this we should be glad to see the classic land of Philip and Alexander relieved from Turkish thraldom and restored to peace and tranquillity.

Chicago jurists seem to regard the eastern rate of \$37.50 for a stolen kiss as insufficient. Justice Doyle of that city having assessed a young man \$50 for browsing on a young lady's lips without a permit.

In any event the revolutionists can no doubt be depended on to prevent Venezuela from relapsing into a state of complete monotony.

The Review, \$1.50 per year.



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Washington as the Artists Saw Him

By WILSON MACDONALD, the Sculptor

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MANY centuries will come and go, empires will rise and fall, ere humanity will cease to take an interest in the life, history and individuality of George Washington. The children of the republic will be taught his history in the textbooks of our free schools, and with patriotic pride in later years they will study the life, character and virtues of the Father of His Country in the great works and volumes written by his countrymen. As the republic grows



WASHINGTON AT TWENTY-FIVE—ARTIST UNKNOWN.

greater and grander the philosopher will contemplate Washington's superior abilities, his noble counsel, his prudence and wisdom. The soldier will recount the story of his military achievements and his victories over the armies of the most powerful nation in the world. The patriot will dwell with rapture on his patriotism, his genius and his invincible courage. They will tell how, when the line of the Continentals wavered at Monmouth, he seized the battlefield and bore it to the forefront of the fight and drove the best soldiers of Europe from the field.

There seems to be some doubt and difference of opinion as to who painted the first likeness of Washington from life. It is a miniature and is still in existence. Some say that it was painted in Boston by Copley, but Rembrandt Peale, who painted Washington from life, declares that the first miniature was painted by his father, Charles Willson Peale. With this opinion we are inclined to agree. Charles Willson Peale was a very remarkable man. He could do a little of everything and a great deal of a great many things. He was the first painter to execute a life



STUDY OF WASHINGTON, 1772, BY CHARLES WILLSON PEALE.

size portrait of Washington. This, history informs us, was in the year 1772. Peale had just returned from Europe and was invited to Mount Vernon when Washington was forty years of age. He painted a three-quarter length portrait in the dress of a colonel of militia of the colony of Virginia. Washington wears a cocked hat and carries a gun slung over his shoulder. This portrait has been engraved very often and is familiar to all who take an interest in Washington's likenesses. Peale painted a bust portrait from the three-quarter length, which came into the possession of Charles S. Ogden and is supposed to be still in his family. Peale, besides being a skilled mechanic and the most renowned portrait painter then in America, was also a soldier in the Revolutionary army and led his company in action.

In 1777, when congress was sitting in Philadelphia, it ordered the artist to paint a full length portrait of Washington. Peale was then with his company at Valley Forge. The battles of Princeton and Monmouth were both fought before the portrait was finished, and the brave artist led his company in both battles. Washington was very friendly to Charles Willson Peale and sat for him when he could spare the time. He sat for the picture which congress had ordered and took great interest in it. It is a historical composition, with Washington in full uniform, his hand resting on a cannon. The picture was finished in Philadelphia in 1780, and, as is usual in such cases, the artist and his labors were forgotten. Congress adjourned without paying for the picture, and the artist never received a cent for his work. The picture was sent

to Europe for sale, but, not finding a purchaser there, was returned to this country and finally found its way to the Smithsonian institution. Charles Willson Peale's son claimed it, and it is now in Corcoran gallery, Washington. A reproduction of the picture was sold in 1855, when the Peale museum, in Baltimore, was disposed of at auction. It was bought by Mr. H. P. McKean and is still believed to be owned by him. There are in existence several full length portraits painted by Charles Willson Peale, evidently from life. One full length portrait is now owned by the Earl of Albemarle and is in the Keppeler family of Norfolk, England.

Among the great number of portraits painted by Peale from life one is now in Nassau hall, at Princeton, N. J., one was ordered by the state of Maryland to be placed in the hall of delegates at Annapolis, and another is in the gallery of Joseph Harrison, Philadelphia.

It is well known that Governor Harrison, the great-grandfather of our late president, Benjamin Harrison, ordered Charles Willson Peale to paint a full length portrait of Washington in the year 1782 to be sent to France to assist M. Houdon after he got the order from the state of Virginia to execute a marble statue of Washington. There is no account given anywhere that would lead to the conclusion that M. Houdon used the portrait as material in carving the Richmond statue. Houdon came to this country and got all the material he desired from the person of Washington. What became of this picture that was sent



WASHINGTON, BY JOSEPH WRIGHT.

to France nothing is known. It is now claimed that it has been brought back to this country by some party as yet unknown.

Charles Willson Peale lived to be a very old man, and there is no question that he painted Washington, from life many times and had more sittings than all other artists, and, furthermore, he made and sold a greater number of copies of his portraits than all the artists of his time. The last sitting that Washington gave the elder Peale was in Philadelphia in 1795. James Peale, a brother, and Rembrandt Peale, the son, were present, and all three had a splendid opportunity to do their best. The portrait of the elder Peale painted at that sitting is now in the Historical society museum of New York city.

To notice the great number of miniatures painted by the elder Peale and his brother James would exceed the limits of this article, but those interested in Washington miniature likenesses are referred to the great quarto of Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, which is now very rare, but may be found in the principal libraries. It would be strange indeed if there were not in Washington's time a number of would be artists who essayed to take likenesses of the great man. Some of these have been preserved by engravings, but when these indifferent productions are compared with those of Gilbert Stuart,



HOUDON'S BUST OF WASHINGTON. the elder Peale, his son Rembrandt and the Houdon bust their worth, except as relics, will be readily observed.

Joseph Wright comes next in the order of dates as a limner of Washington. He produced quite a number of portraits in oil and some in clay. These last were very poor. He was accorded sittings and painted the general and also Mrs. Washington at Mount Vernon. One of Wright's first portraits descended to Mrs. Annie Hopkinson

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Foggs of Philadelphia. It is claimed that the best oil portrait by Wright was for Mrs. Powell of Philadelphia, but there are others, one of which descended to John Hare Powell of Newport and is still in the family. These portraits are well spoken of by Henry T. Tuckerman in his critical review of the Washington portraits. Thomas Crawford, the sculptor of the Washington monument at Richmond, praises the fidelity of Wright's as to the actual dress worn by Washington at the time. Another portrait by Wright was purchased by Israel Thorndycke and presented by that gentleman to the Massachusetts Historical society. Wright's portraits surely are not good. They are severe, hard, literal maps of a man without the soul of Washington's personality, that peculiarity which belonged to him. Wright doubtless aimed to get the truth by cold imitation, but he had not the ability to reproduce the all important truth, the singular individuality of Washington in his best estate.

There was another portrait of Washington painted by this Quaker artist. It was ordered by Washington for an enthusiastic admirer, an old German marshal, Comte de Solms. That portrait is now in the fortress of Konigsstein.

There is still another portrait, a profile, by Wright. In 1861 it was discovered by Mrs. David Nichols in an old closet in Salem street, Boston, carefully wrapped, with the signature of her father on the wrapper. This picture was extensively published about the year 1862, but is not regarded with much interest.

Robert Edge Pine, an English artist of the school and times of Sir Joshua Reynolds, came to America and settled in Philadelphia in the year 1784. In the spring of that year he visited Mount Vernon and again in the spring of 1785. He painted two portraits of Washington, one for Francis Hopkinson. The



WASHINGTON, BY EDWARD SAVAGE.

other he retained, and this second portrait is now in possession of J. Carson Brevoort of Brooklyn. Pine corrected and repainted another portrait of Washington during the constitutional convention. This last picture by Pine is very ordinary, a tame map of the man. Washington himself had that opinion of the likeness, for he declined to sit for Pine again—indeed positively refused when asked to do so.

James Peale was a brother of Charles Willson Peale. As a miniature painter he succeeded fairly well. His one large oil painting on canvas of Washington, known as the Claypoole picture, is an ordinary three-quarter length. He painted a miniature of Washington, which is now owned by the Washington Grays of Philadelphia and was said to be a fair likeness at the time. Edward Savage was a man of artistic

[Continued on Page 5.]

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Washington as Artists Saw Him.

[Continued from Page 4.]

genius and versatility. He was born at Princeton, Mass., learned the trade of goldsmith, and after his marriage began painting and engraving. Savage lived for a number of years in Philadelphia. He painted Washington while a resident of that city several times. His first portrait was of cabinet size and is now in possession of his granddaughters at Fitchburg, Mass. The next one was life size, ordered by Harvard college, and now hangs in the Harvard collection. It was Savage who painted the picture now in the New England Museum and Gallery of Fine Arts known as the "Family Group at Mount Vernon." This Mount Vernon group was engraved by John Sartain. The Sartain impressions are now very rare and valuable.

Adolf Utric Wertmuller was a Swede and an accomplished artist. He came to America in 1794. He had been well known in Stockholm and Paris, and he moved in the highest and most artistic circles in Europe. His artistic representation of Washington has received great credit and has been enthusiastically praised by those who knew Washington. In comparison with the portraits of Wright and Pine it will always be preferred as a splendid rendering of Washington in his most agreeable mood. The drawing and modeling of the head are superb. Every part is most carefully painted and is certainly a lofty ideal of the man. The lifelike dignity and splendid presence are unmistakably presented. The artist took the picture to Europe and gave it to Mr. Cazenove of Switzerland. It was afterward purchased from the descendant of Mr. Cazenove and brought to America.

Wertmuller painted several other portraits of Washington, mostly cabinet size, one of which is owned by the widow of Dr. Bogert of New York. Another bust portrait was presented to Mrs. Lawrence Lewis. This last was sold to



RAMAGE'S PORTRAIT OF WASHINGTON, the United States and is in the custody of the secretary of the interior at Washington.

Christian Guilager came to America from Denmark. After spending a competence in improvidence this eccentric artist settled in Boston and painted a variety of pictures. He sketched Washington by stealth during the visit made to Boston in 1789. A number of citizens of Boston called on Washington and requested him to sit to Guilager for a portrait for their hall. Washington was about to leave the city and made this as an excuse for his refusal to sit. We find the following in Washington's diary: "Portsmouth N. H. Nov. 3 1789—sat for two hours to M— painter from Boston." Whether this M— was the eccentric Dane, Guilager, will probably never be known. The picture of this two hours, whoever painted it, must have had some merit or the great engraver William E. Marshall never would have wasted his valuable time making a line of engravings of it.

Archibald Robertson came to America from Aberdeen, Scotland, with an introduction from the Earl of Buchan to Washington which bore the request that Washington would sit to the bearer for his portrait. Robertson reached New York in October, 1791, and opened a studio and art school.

Mr. Robertson says, "Although accustomed to intercourse with those of the highest rank in my native country, I never experienced the same feelings as I did on my first introduction to the American hero." Robertson painted two miniatures, one of Washington and one of Mrs. Washington. These miniatures descended to Robertson's granddaughter, Mrs. C. W. Darling of Utica, N. Y., and Mrs. S. M. Mygatt of New York city. The miniatures are remarkable for their beauty and finish as works of art. Robertson painted a large portrait in oil for Lord Buchan, which is now in Dryburg Abbey, Scotland. It received the approval of Washington. Robertson painted, besides those mentioned, the following:

First.—A portrait on marble 9 by 12. This is said to be exquisite work, and is now owned by M. C. Crafts or her descendant or heirs.

Second.—A miniature on ivory which belongs to Mr. E. L. Rodgers of Baltimore. This contains hair of General and Mrs. Washington.

Third.—A miniature set with diamonds and pearls. This was inherited from Mrs. Martha Peters by her daughter, Mrs. Beverly Kennon.

Fourth.—A portrait from life in the year 1792. This portrait is now supposed to be at Dryburg Abbey, the seat of Earl Buchan.

John Trumbull, the artist was the

son of the war governor, Jonathan Trumbull of Connecticut, called by Washington "Brother Jonathan." John Trumbull was a soldier of the Revolution and became a distinguished historical painter. His pictures contain full lengths of Washington. No great attempt was ever made by Colonel

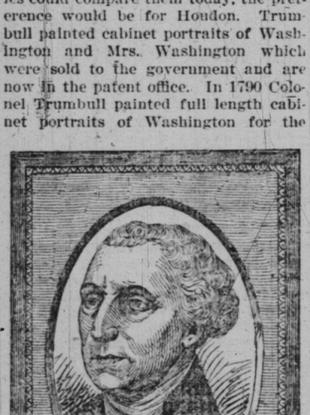


WASHINGTON, BY GILBERT STUART.

Trumbull to execute portraits. He made sketches of Washington while on his staff, which it is supposed he subsequently used in his historical compositions now in the rotunda of the capitol at Washington and at New Haven, Conn.

The portrait of Washington painted by Colonel Trumbull now in the city hall, New York city, was ordered by the municipal authorities, headed by the celebrated Richard Varick, then mayor.

The mayor and city council of Charleston, S. C., in 1791 gave Trumbull a commission to paint Washington. The artist chose to represent the general in a full length as he appeared on the battlefield of Trenton. When the picture was finished, it received the unqualified approval of Washington, and some critics even declared that it was superior to the statue of Houdon, but this opinion was rather premature, for the Houdon was not erected in Richmond until 1796, so that the comparison was hardly possible. If the same critics could compare them today, the preference would be for Houdon. Trumbull painted cabinet portraits of Washington and Mrs. Washington which were sold to the government and are now in the patent office. In 1790 Colonel Trumbull painted full length cabinet portraits of Washington for the



WASHINGTON, BY REMBRANDT PAEAL.

family at Mount Vernon. These were bequeathed by Martha Washington to her granddaughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Custis Law, and descended to Mrs. Law's grandson, Edmund Law Rogers of Baltimore.

Gilbert Stuart, the great American portrait painter, was born in Rhode Island in 1755. The name of no other painter is so often mentioned or so closely associated with the painted portraits of Washington as that of Gilbert



WASHINGTON, BY JAMES SHARPLESS.

Stuart. He may be justly ranked as a colorist with the most distinguished painters of ancient times, and his portraits are superior in colors to the best of our modern painters. It is not known how many portraits of Washington Stuart really did paint. There are sixty-one Washington portraits for which there is good authority for saying, "These are by Stuart." The number copied by other artists and claimed by their owners to be originals is very great, probably several hundred. Time only will determine the originals. Stuart's palette was a very simple one, and age will reveal the Stuarts. Those painted by other painters will change more or less.

The names of those who own the original heads by Stuart are well known and will be found in Miss Johnston's large quarto.

It is not the intention now to make note of the various artists who made or claimed to have painted portraits and made sketches of Washington. The names of a few may be mentioned: Pierre Eugene St. Memin, Switzerland; Miss De Hart, New Jersey; Rob-

ert Fulton, New York; Jacques Due Barbiere Welboure, France; William Dunlap, New Jersey; William Bischoff, England, Ireland; Robert Field, England. But few of these ever came to the notice of the public. Still most of them were painted during the life of Washington, but not from sittings.

Rembrandt Peale, one of the great artists who painted Washington from life, was born on the 22d of February, when Washington's army was suffering in the cheerless camp at Valley Forge and while his father was in the Revolutionary army. He became a favorite and a companion of Washington. He was a great painter, lecturer and writer and an accomplished gentleman. Rembrandt Peale; his father, Charles Wilson Peale; his uncle, James Peale, and his elder brother, Raphael Peale, were favored jointly by Washington with three sittings at Philadelphia in 1795. Raphael Peale made a profile from these sittings which came into the possession of H. H. Huston of Philadelphia, now deceased. The original that Rembrandt painted at that time, it is claimed, was sold to a gentleman in South Carolina. This original is now

in New York city in the possession of W. A. Cooper, 106 East Twenty-third street.

James Sharpless is known by his colored crayon cabinet portraits of Washington, nearly all profiles, which at the time they were executed were pronounced to have considerable merit. Some of the better ones are now owned by General G. W. C. Lee of Virginia. Another of these portraits is owned by Mrs. George R. Goldsborough, granddaughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Law. There are quite a number of the portraits by Sharpless extant, some of which are considered very good.

Eleanor Park Custis, the granddaughter of Martha Washington, was something of an artist. She made profiles from shadows on the wall at Mount Vernon of both Washington and Mrs. Washington and afterward cut silhouettes which harmonize well with the profiles of St. Memin.

Among the other painters who sketched Washington late in his life was an artist named Kimmelyne. P. A. Peticolas, it is said, painted Washington from life. John Taylor Johnston purchased the picture from a grandson of the painter, and at the Johnston sale in New York in 1876 it was purchased by F. C. Sayles of Pawtucket, R. I.

Charles de St. Memin, a refugee, came to America, probably in 1790, and made profiles of Washington, one of which must be a good likeness, at least one that we know. It is a strong and lifelike production, but whether or not from life is unknown.

In this article will be found an account of every important Washington portrait painted from life and also a great number that were not produced until after the death of Washington.

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Flue Candles, Fruit and up-to-date line of High Grade Cigars, Tobaccos, etc.
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A General Banking Business Transacted....
Interest Paid on Time Deposits.
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Represent five of the leading fire insurance companies of the world.
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FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS,
Oysters and Game in Season.
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Photographic Art Studio.
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OPEN THURSDAYS ONLY.
All kinds of photographs and old pictures copied to life-size in India ink, water color and crayon at prices to suit.
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OLD ALGONQUIN INDIAN'S BUFFET.
WANDRACK & CALCUTT,
23 Clark Street near Lake Street, CHICAGO.

TAKE YOUR WASHING TO THE.....
Barrington Steam Laundry.
Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
Only First-class Work Done.
J. F. GIESKE, Proprietor,
Opp. Grunau's barber shop.

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Druggist and Pharmacist.....
A full line of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Stationery. Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day and night.
PALATINE, ILL.

Make a Start in Life.
Get a Business Education.
Book-keeping, Penmanship, Business Forms, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Arithmetic, Stenography, Typewriting by the 'Touch' System etc. Up-to-date methods. The largest and best equipped commercial school. 28 years under same management. Experienced teachers. Thorough instruction.
Students received at any time. For Prospectus address
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Best for Business **Best for Residence**
5c a day **3 1/2c a day**
It's the perfect service that reaches everywhere—that's why it's the greatest service—the best for you.
CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO
GALIFORNIA...
Through first class and tourist sleeping cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year.
Five Personally Conducted Excursions EVERY WEEK.
Lowest Rates, Shortest Time on the Road, Finest Scenery, Variable Routes.
You can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars on fast trains through to the coast. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest agent.
Chicago & North-Western Railway

WE HAVE THE OIL BURNER
You want the stock in a company that can make such burners at a big profit.
Send your order for 200 shares of this stock at 60 cts. a share. The Burner will be shipped Free of any expense.
Any Child can Fit it in Your Cook Stove.
Why do we make this Offer?
Because we must raise money to install a plant to fill the orders,
All checks payable to
The L. E. Walters Investment Co.,
Fiscal Agents for The Universal Oil Burner Company,
206 Continental Bank Bldg. St. Louis, Mo.

Mackay Obituary Notice.
A newspaper clipping agency in New York has compiled twenty albums containing published obituaries of the late John W. Mackay. The labor of gathering and placing in album form was begun last July. There are 5,480 clippings to each set, covering 1,536 pages of Irish linen leaves, 10x12 inches. This is the largest collection of material ever gathered concerning the death of a private individual, and the kindly expression of the press of the country was unanimous. Four sets of books were ordered, one for Mrs. Mackay, the second to Clarence Mackay, one to the Postal Telegraph company and one to the Commercial Cable company.

\$100 Reward \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Was Healthfully Occupied.
When Wesley was about three years old a friend who had not seen him for some time greeted him with:
"Well, Wesley, what have you been doing since I saw you last?"
"Been growin'," was the rather unexpected answer.—Chicago Little Chronicle.

Passion Play for America.
Dr. Wolfgang Goetz of New York has received a translation of the Oberammergau Passion play, and an organization is to be incorporated to be known as the Passion Play Society of America.

Bathing the Baby.
Young mothers naturally feel anxious about the baby's bath. It is best to begin at six weeks to put the little one in water, first folding a soft towel in the bottom of the basin. Use only Ivory Soap, as many of the highly colored and perfumed soaps are very injurious to the tender skin of an infant. E. R. Parker.

When you do fall into the paragon of publicity you will probably be credited with more than you really deserve. Ergo, "Fall in, advertise."

Don't you know that Defiance Starch besides being absolutely superior to any other, is put up 16 ounces in package and sells at same price as 12-ounce packages of other kinds?

There's nothing you can add or take away from a plain, frank, honest man; he is a finished, composite epitome of every human excellence.

If you don't get the biggest and best, it's your own fault. Defiance Starch is for sale everywhere and there is positively nothing to equal it in quality or quantity.

India's Long Line of Governors.
Lord Curzon is the twenty-seventh governor of India.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK
The next morning I feel bright and new and my complexion is better.
My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs and is prepared or used as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or "LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE."
All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Dr. E. Woodard, Le Roy, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.
WESTERN CANADA
is attracting more attention than any other district in the world.
"The Granary of the World." "The Land of Sunshine." The Mining Feasible Grounds for Stock Area under crop in 1908 . . . 1,987,330 acres.
Yield 1908 . . . 117,928,794 bushels.
Abundance of Water; Fuel plentiful; Building Material Cheap; Good Grass for pasture and hay; a fertile soil; a sufficient rainfall and a climate giving an assured and adequate season of growth.

HOMESTEAD LANDS OF 160 ACRES FREE, the only charge for which is \$10 for making entry. Close to Churches, Schools, etc. Building lots in all settled districts. Send for Atlas and other literature to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. Broughton, 420 Quincy Building, Chicago, J. O. Duncan, Room 4, Big Four Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind., or T. O. Currie, Callahan Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis., the authorized Canadian Government Agents, who will supply you with certificate giving you reduced railway rates, etc.

FOR SALE—Substantial brick manufacturing plant on railroad, building 30,000 sq. ft., Illinois coal property and coal lands, 150 acres Illinois fruit farm, near Stone, 100 acre manufacturing site on two railroads, 125 acre Illinois dairy farm, Sangamon Co. Three 7-room stone and brick (bath) gas, guarantee 6165 net, small cash payments, balance time. Loans effected promptly, low rate. Investments for non-residents; correspondence solicited. EDWIN A. WILSON, Springfield, Ill.

FOR SALE As assessed valuation, \$20,000; liberal terms arranged for payment. 5,200 acres on Merced River, San Joaquin Valley, Merced Co., Cal., 45 miles southeast of Yosemite Valley. No feeding stock necessary, no snow or ice; water abundant. One of the finest combined stock, grain, fruit, alfalfa and vegetable farms in California. Address: W. Knox, Merced, Cal.; J. White, Mertham, Los Angeles, Cal.; John Blake, Fairdale, Ill.

FERTILE FARMS CHEAP
In east central North Dakota, the state of bonanza crops. Near R. R.'s, towns, schools, cheap fuel, good water; soil remarkably fertile; grows all crops; ready for plow; 66 to 800 acres. May terms. Write for particulars. Good terms for colony farmers.
NORTH STAR REALTY CO.,
603 Bank of Commerce, MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.

50,000 ACRES
CHOICE ALFALFA LAND. A never failing crop on Platte River bottom, Nebraska, \$10 to \$20 per acre; also remarkably fertile; grows all crops; ready for plow; 66 to 800 acres. May terms. Write for particulars. Good terms for colony farmers.
AGNUS BOYSEN, 172 WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, ILL.

ROUTINE WORK IN CONGRESS

Outline of Business Transacted by the Members of Both Houses.

WITH NATIONAL LAWMAKERS

Brief Summary of the Doings of the People's Servants in Session at Washington Cleverly Condensed by Special Correspondents.

Friday, Feb. 13.

An immense crowd was attracted to the senate to hear the invocation of General William Booth, founder and commander in chief of the Salvation Army. Mr. Gallinger offered an amendment to the District of Columbia appropriation bill repealing the law fixing the charges for the use of telephones in the District of Columbia. After a long debate the amendment went out on a point of order by Mr. Heitfeld. The bill was then passed. The resolution of Mr. Morgan calling for the correspondence of naval officers regarding the military occupation of the bays of Panama and Colon, was agreed to. When the statehood bill came up Mr. Depew attacked the Mormon church, because, he said, he believed its members still cling to the practice of polygamy. Mr. Rawlins replied, saying that if the Mormons were not interfered with, they would work out their own destiny.

The Elkins bill to prohibit rebate to shippers was passed in the house by a vote of 241 to 6, those voting in the negative being Democrats. The remainder of the session was devoted to the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was practically completed. No effort was made to pass it, as there was no quorum present, and notice was given that a record vote would be demanded on an amendment to increase by \$30,000 the \$154,000 appropriation for the site of a military post at Indianapolis. The amendment was adopted in committee of the whole by a vote of 44 to 27. An amendment was adopted to appropriate \$10,000 for additional land for the site of the government sanitarium for disabled volunteer soldiers at Hot Springs, S. D.

Saturday, Feb. 14.

The senate agreed, without discussion to the amendments made to the Elkins anti-rebate bill by the house. This completes congressional action upon the bill, and it now goes to the President. Mr. Quay gave notice that beginning next Monday he would ask the senate to take up the statehood bill each day immediately after the conclusion of the routine morning business. He then introduced a resolution, which under the rules went over for a day, declaring: "House bill 17,743, to enable the people of Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico to form constitutions and state governments and be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original states, has been under discussion in the senate since the 10th day of December last, and must fail unless voted upon at an early date, it is the sense of the senate that a date and hour prior to the 2d of March next should be fixed for a final vote upon the bill and all amendments that are pending or may be offered thereto." Mr. Quay then asked to have the statehood bill taken up, and when this request was complied with he gave way to Mr. Stewart to bring up the Indian appropriations. The late Representatives Russell of Connecticut, Salmon of New Jersey, Cummings of New York and Crump of Michigan were the subjects of eulogies.

Without preliminary business the house went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. The amendment adopted to appropriate \$30,000 to add to the proceeds of the sale of the arsenal at Indianapolis (\$154,000) for the purchase of 1,800 acres near that city for an army post was again the subject of debate. Mr. Simms (Tenn.) said the land proposed to be purchased at \$100 an acre was assessed for taxes at \$30 an acre. Mr. Steele (Ind.) gave it as his opinion that the land was worth \$100 an acre. Mr. Richardson's amendment to prohibit the use of illustrations in bureau reports, except with the approval of heads of departments, was offered in a modified form, so as to escape a point of order, and adopted. When the bill was reported to House Mr. Zenor (Ind.) demanded a separate vote upon the Indianapolis military post amendment. The amendment was adopted, 125 to 85. The bill was then passed and the house proceeded to pass 325 private pension bills.

Monday, Feb. 16.
There was no debate on the statehood bill in the senate. The Indian appropriation bill and the Philippine currency bill both were passed. Mr. Vest, while the Indian bill was up, called attention to a point of order which had been made against one of

Limited Train Is Ditched.
Salt Lake, Utah, special: The Overland Limited train on the Southern Pacific was ditched near Winnemucca, Nev. The officials say the wreck was not a serious one. Only one passenger, a woman, they say, was injured.

Stops Work on Battleship.
Seattle special: A strike for higher wages and shorter hours on the part of fifty union machinists employed by the shipbuilding firm of Moran Bros. stops work on the United States battleship Nebraska.

its provisions on the ground that it was new legislation. The senate, he said, had passed the Philippine government bill as a rider to the army appropriation bill, and yet ruled other provisions out. All rules, he said, were violated when a majority was in favor of any measure. Mr. Morgan spoke on a question of privilege regarding the dispatch which recently appeared in the public prints purporting to be signed by the Colombian minister to Mexico, Senor Rafael Reyes, in which Senor Reyes took exception to an alleged statement by Mr. Morgan in the senate that the Colombian president had sold out and abdicated for \$1,000,000. Mr. Morgan declared that there was a betrayal of the senate in the matter of what transpires at executive sessions, and that Senor Reyes had violated a principle of diplomacy when he obtained information surreptitiously from persons false to their trust.

The house disposed of a number of bills under suspension of the rules, defeating two. The most important measure passed was the senate bill to amend the railroad safety appliance law. A special order was adopted which practically will make the Fowler currency bill a continuing order for the remainder of the session, not, however, to interfere with conference reports, appropriation bills, and other privileged matters.

Tuesday, Feb. 17.

The senate agreed to the conference report on the army appropriation bill. Discussion of the statehood bill was resumed, and Mr. Depew continued his remarks in opposition to it. Toward the end of the session Mr. Teller declared that himself and the country had been insulted by some of Mr. Depew's references to the unequal representation in the senate. Mr. Hoar, from the committee on judiciary, reported the Littlefield anti-trust bill as amended. Mr. Platt (Conn.) of the committee stated that it was not a unanimous report, and that he was opposed to the measure. A house bill was passed granting a pension of \$30 per month to the widow of the late Representative John N. W. Rumble of Iowa, who was a captain of volunteers in the civil war. The usual resolution providing for the reading in the senate on Monday, Feb. 23, of Washington's farewell address, was adopted, and the president pro tempore designated Mr. Dubois of Idaho as the reader. The Carmack resolution, directing the committee on Philippines to visit the islands to investigate conditions, was referred to the committee on Philippines, on a ye and nay vote, 37 to 24.

The house began consideration of the naval appropriation bill under the operation of a rule which made the new legislation relative to the increase of the personnel of the navy and for the increase of the naval academy in order. The general debate on the bill was without special feature. The paragraph in the bill providing \$250,000 for a naval station on the great lakes went out on a point of order. After the reading of the journal Mr. Cooper (Texas) called attention to the fact that through an error in the record a bill relating to an appropriation in the river and harbor bill for Sabine Pass technically repealed the river and harbor bill. As the matter was somewhat complicated it was allowed to go over. On completing thirty of the sixty-five pages of the naval appropriation bill the committee rose. The senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill were disagreed to, and the bill sent to conference.

Wednesday, Feb. 18.

There was lively debate in the senate over Senator Quay's resolution declaring it to be the sense of the senate that there should be a vote on the statehood bill before the adjournment of congress. To this proposition Senator McComas re-offered senator Platt's cloture resolution, introduced two years ago, and a motion was made to refer the whole proposition to the committee on rules. This was pending when the senate went into executive session.

The house, by a majority of 2 to 1, rejected the conference report on the army appropriation bill, because of its provisions for the retirement of civil war officers at an advanced grade, and permitting officers to deposit money with the government at 3 per cent interest. The house emphatically voted against both propositions, and sent the bill back to conference. The proceedings on the conference report were enlivened by a sharp personal clash between Mr. Hull of Iowa and Mr. Slayden of Texas. The remainder of the day was devoted to the naval appropriation bill. Slow progress was made, only twenty pages being covered. An appropriation of \$100,000 for the expenses incident to the occupation of the new naval station the government is to acquire from Cuba was placed in the bill at the request of the navy department.

Eat Poisoned Fish.
Washington dispatch: News has reached the navy department from Tutuila, Samoan islands, that on Jan. 14 fifteen of the crew of the gunboat Wheeling were poisoned by eating fish caught over the ship's side. No cases proved fatal.

Breaks Neck Chasing Pupil.
Cumberland, Md., dispatch: Miss Ora Montgomery, 23 years old, a school teacher in Western Port, slipped and fell while running after a recalcitrant pupil. Her neck was broken in her fall down the stairway.

Colorado Will Protect Game.
Denver, Colo., dispatch: The fish, forestry and game committee of the state has decided for a closed season for four years on deer and for six years on mountain sheep, elk, antelope and other big game.

A VENERABLE PASTOR CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

The Oldest Man in America Attributes His Long Life and Good Health to Pe-ru-na.

Mr. Isaac Brock, of McLennan county, Texas, has attained the great age of 114 years. He is an ardent friend of Peruna and speaks of it in the following terms. Mr. Brock says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have he ought to have found out a great many things by experience. I think I have done so.

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper remedy for ailments due directly to the effects of the climate.

"For 114 years I have withstood the changeable climate of the United States. During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds, catarrh and diarrhoea. I had always supposed these affections to be different diseases. For the last ten or fifteen years I have been reading Dr. Hartman's books and have learned from them one thing in particular: That these affections are the same and that they are properly called catarrh.

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peruna, I have found it to be the best, if not the only reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my stand-by for many years and I attribute my good health and my extreme old age to this remedy.

"It exactly meets all my requirements. I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine. I believe it to be especially valuable to old people, although I have no doubt it is just as good for the young."

—Isaac Brock.

A New Man at 79.

Major Frank O'Mahoney, West Side, Hannibal, Mo., writes:

"I am professionally a newspaper correspondent, now 79 years old. I have watched the growing power of the Peruna plant from its incipency in the little log cabin, through its gradations of success up to its present establishment in Columbus, Ohio, and I conclude that merit brings its full reward.

"Up to a few years ago I felt no need to test its medicinal potency, but lately when my system needed it, your Peruna relieved me of many catarrhal troubles. Some two years ago I weighed 210 pounds, but fell away down to 168 pounds, and besides loss of flesh I was subject to stomach troubles, indigestion, loss of appetite, insomnia, night sweats, and a foreboding of getting my entire system out of order. During some months I gave Peruna a fair trial, and it rejuvenated my whole system. I feel thankful therefore, for although 79 years old I feel like a young man."

—Major Frank O'Mahoney.

In old age the mucous membrane become thickened and partly lose their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances.

Peruna corrects all this by its specific

THE LANGUAGE OF FLOWERS.

Sentiments Conveyed by Various Varieties of the Rose.

In the language of flowers the rose means love; Austrian rose, thou art all that is lovely; bridal rose, happy love; Burgundy rose, unconscious beauty; cabbage rose, ambassador of love; Campion rose, only deserve my love; Carolina rose, love is dangerous; China rose, beauty always new; Christmas rose, tranquillize my anxiety; daily rose, the smile I aspire to; damask rose, brilliant complexion; deep red rose, bashful shame; dog rose, pleasure and pain; Guelder rose, winter, age; hundred-leaved rose, pride; Japan rose, beauty is your only attraction; maiden blush rose, if you love me you will find it out; Monticello rose, grace; musk rose, capricious beauty; musk rose cluster, charming; single rose, simplicity; thornless rose, early attachment; unique rose, call me not beautiful; white rose, I am worthy of you; white rose withered, transient impressions; yellow rose, decrease of love and jealousy; York and Lancaster rose, war; full blown rose placed over two buds, secrecy; white and red rose together, unity; crown of rose, reward of virtue; red rosebud, girlhood; moss rosebud, confession of love.

New Cure for Lame Back.

Rutledge, Minn., Feb. 16th.—Mr. E. C. Getchell of this place relates a happy experience which will be read with interest by all those who have a similar trouble.

It appears that last winter Mr. Getchell was seized with a lameness and soreness in his back which grew worse and worse till at last it became very bad and made it very difficult for him to get about at all.

After a time he heard of a new remedy for backache which some of his friends and neighbors said had cured them, and he determined to try it. The name of the remedy is Dodd's Kidney Pills and Mr. Getchell has proven that it is a sure cure. He says:

"I used two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills according to directions, and my lame back was entirely cured and I am all O. K. again. Dodd's Kidney Pills are as good as represented."

This remedy is very popular here, and has worked some remarkable cures of Backache and Kidney Trouble.

A woman never feels absolutely sure that her husband has loose habits until he comes home tight.

England's Most Profitable Crop. Hay is the most profitable crop in England.

DEFIANCE STARCH should be in every household, none so good, besides 4 oz. more for 10 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

Don't cry over spilled milk—be glad it is not cream.

operation on all the mucous membranes of the body.

One bottle will convince any one. Once used and Peruna becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.

Mr. Samuel Saunders of Blythedale, Mo., writes: "My disease was catarrh of the urethra and bladder. I got a bottle of Pe-ru-na and began taking it, and in a few days I was relieved and could sleep and rest all night. I think that Pe-ru-na is a valuable remedy. I had tried other very highly recommended medicines, but they did me no good. My physician told me that I could not expect to be cured of my trouble, as I was getting to be an old man (57 years). I feel very thankful for what Pe-ru-na has done for me."

In a later letter Mr. Saunders says:

"I am still of the same mind with regard to your Pe-ru-na medicine."



Strong and Vigorous at the Age of Eighty-eight.
Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes:

"In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much effected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with severe rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I cannot speak too highly of Peruna, and now when 88 years old can say it has invigorated my whole system. I cannot but think, dear Doctor, that you must feel very thankful to the all loving Father that you have been permitted to live, and by your skill be a blessing as you have been to suffering humanity."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

Mrs. F. E. Little, Tolona, Ill., writes: "I can recommend Peruna as a good medicine for chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels. I have been troubled severely with it for over a year, and all the distressing symptoms of catarrh of the stomach and bowels have disappeared. I will recommend it to all as a rare remedy. I am so well I am contemplating a trip to Yellow Stone Park this coming season. How is that for one 71 years old?"

In a later letter she says: "I am only too thankful to you for your kind advice and for the good health that I am enjoying wholly from the use of your Peruna. Have been out to the Yellow Stone National Park and many other places of the west, and shall always thank you for your generosity."—Mrs. F. E. Little.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

As miles test the horse, so years test a remedy.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Buy it now. has been curing everything that a good, honest penetrating liniment can cure for the past 60 years.

USE WASHBURN-CROSBY'S GOLD MEDAL FLOUR MAKES THE BREAD, THAT MAKES THE MAN.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. A Sure Relief for Asthma. Sold by all Druggists, or by mail, 50 cents. Charlestown, Mass.

WANTED: Responsible parties to solicit best Liberal commissions paid. We accept deposits from \$50.00 upwards. Dividends paid monthly. We have over ten thousand depositors who have nearly \$5,000,000.00 on deposit at the present date. We paid over 75¢ to depositors in dividends last year. The Globe Loan & Investment Co., 830 Canal St., New Orleans, La.

MONEY FOR YOU: Increase your income, get a fortune free. Two good money makers that every family needs, sent complete for \$25. Handsome profits made for few cents outlay. Money and labor really saved in every home. Grand opportunity to obtain a fortune; hundreds of cash prizes given free. First prize is \$10,000.00. A present useful in home, farm, office or shop, included by mentioning this paper. Remember a fortune can be obtained free which you cannot afford to miss. The money order brings you everything. Guaranteed genuine, honest, and legitimate or your money refunded. Address H. BABER, Saint Edward St., Montreal, Quebec.

IF YOU HAD A NECK As Long as This Fellow, and had

SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN

TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.

50c and 10c. All Druggists. THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, O.

LAND Washington and Idaho; productive soil, delightful climate, choice farms. Will allow \$50.00 railway fare if you buy. Write George Jackson Co., Spokane, Wash.

LOWA FARMS \$4 PER ACRE. CASH BALANCE. (CROP TILLAGE) SPECIAL OFFER.

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KIDDER'S PASTILLES. A Sure Relief for Asthma. Sold by all Druggists, or by mail, 50 cents. Charlestown, Mass.

WANTED: Responsible parties to solicit best Liberal commissions paid. We accept deposits from \$50.00 upwards. Dividends paid monthly. We have over ten thousand depositors who have nearly \$5,000,000.00 on deposit at the present date. We paid over 75¢ to depositors in dividends last year. The Globe Loan & Investment Co., 830 Canal St., New Orleans, La.

MONEY FOR YOU: Increase your income, get a fortune free. Two good money makers that every family needs, sent complete for \$25. Handsome profits made for few cents outlay. Money and labor really saved in every home. Grand opportunity to obtain a fortune; hundreds of cash prizes given free. First prize is \$10,000.00. A present useful in home, farm, office or shop, included by mentioning this paper. Remember a fortune can be obtained free which you cannot afford to miss. The money order brings you everything. Guaranteed genuine, honest, and legitimate or your money refunded. Address H. BABER, Saint Edward St., Montreal, Quebec.

IF YOU HAD A NECK As Long as This Fellow, and had

SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN

TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.

50c and 10c. All Druggists. THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, O.

LAND Washington and Idaho; productive soil, delightful climate, choice farms. Will allow \$50.00 railway fare if you buy. Write George Jackson Co., Spokane, Wash.

LOWA FARMS \$4 PER ACRE. CASH BALANCE. (CROP TILLAGE) SPECIAL OFFER.

\$20 A WEEK Straight salary and expenses to men with right to introduce our Pottery Mixture in country year's contract weekly pay \$4.00 direct from Monarch Mfg. Co., Box 1163, Springfield, Ill.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS treatment FREE. Dr. E. E. GREEN, 902 N. St., Atlanta, Ga.

DOG HAD THE ADVANTAGE.

Stood Higher in the Community Than Did Mr. McCarthy.

Dan McCarthy's long-cherished ambition has been to possess a liquor license. He wanted to be proprietor of a swell saloon in Washington and to have his name spelled out in electric lights over the door. Every year he appeared before the District with much fervor the reasons why he should be granted the privilege of dispensing malt and spirituous liquors. But the first year he applied he was unceremoniously turned down, and was so undiplomatic as to express his opinion of the commissioners on every occasion. These opinions were handed down to each succeeding Board of Commissioners, so that Dan became firmly established in the list of ineligible. It made him very sore.

He was telling his friend Jerry Sullivan about his troubles, when along came Pat Casey, at whose heels closely followed Benny, a crinkly tailed bulldog. Dan looked intently at

the dog and philosophically remarked:

"Benny, I guess you stand better in the community than I do, after all."

Whereupon Jerry Sullivan observed with characteristic Irish quickness:

"Dan, you're dead right. The dog kin get a license, an' dat's more than you kin do."—New York Times.

Saved.

The traveler in Ireland will do well when he engages a jaunting car, to make sure of the step to which, in mounting, he must trust his weight. The carman does not help him to mount.

A gentleman once said to the driver he had engaged:

"I am afraid that step is loose."

The man took hold of it and shook it.

"Ah, sure," said he, "it's too strong, it is! What are ye afraid of?"

At that instant it came off in his hand.

But he turned to his fare with the sunniest of smiles. "Well, sure," said he, "didn't I save yer honor from a broken leg?"

STORY SIMPLY TOLD

FACTS OF WASHINGTON'S LIFE, FOR THE LITTLE ONES.

His Courtship and Marriage to the Beautiful Martha Custis—How They Danced the Stately Minuet, in the Days of Long Ago.

So full of grace they stately stepped, And courted in the minuet; Rare old brocades, with silken swish, Brush'd 'gainst the velvet waistcoats rich. And powdered wigs with rolls and puffs, Kept company with high neck ruffs. Then cavalier and stately dame, Led off in dance of courtly fame, With steps so slow, and bows so low, This minuet of long ago.

Perhaps I should continue in rhyme, as I began, for the story I am going to tell you is so like a beautiful poem in the sweetness of character of Martha Washington and the perfect happiness the first President of our country knew with his charming wife. But as this is for little people, it should begin, of course with once upon a time, long time ago.

Well, many years ago there lived a very beautiful young widow, Martha Custis, in a palace called the "White House" on the banks of a little river in Virginia near Williamsburg. It was such a fine, grand house, all shaded with trees, that it must have been something like the mansion in the story of "Jack and the Beanstalk," only this is a real, true story about the wife of the first President of the United States.

Her home was called the "White House" because it was pure white, and built nearly all of stone and marble, but Mrs. Custis didn't think when she lived there that she was going to be a President's wife, and that the name of the home of future Presidents' wives would be the same as her house by the riverside, the White House!

Here she lived with her two little children, a boy of 6 years old and a little girl of 4. Their papa was dead, but they had a Grandpa Dandridge, who loved them dearly and was very kind indeed to the little children and their mamma.

Mrs. Custis used to romp and play hide and seek in the big, old mansion with her little son and daughter, and then she would tell them long stories and talk to them of their dear, dead papa. At these times she would feel very lonely, indeed, and after his death she never went any place for three years.

But one time she was invited to dinner at a neighbor's house and to attend a ball afterwards. It was a Mr. Chamberlayne, a Virginia country gentleman, who was going to have the party, and as he had known Mrs. Custis since she was a little girl, he felt so sorry for her loneliness and begged her to come. At last she consented to go, and there she met Mr. Washington, who was a dear friend of Mr. Chamberlayne.

When they were introduced Washington wasn't in such a hurry to go on to Fort Duquesne, where he had started, for he liked to talk to Mrs. Custis, and sat next her at the dinner table. She was never so pretty before, and looked like a young lady and wore her hair rolled back, just like in these times. Her cheeks were rosy and she wasn't very tall, but weighed, I guess, nearly as much as Washington, for he was tall and thin.

After the dinner party came the ball, and all the neighbors for miles around danced at Mr. Chamberlayne's. It was a grand affair and must have been almost as pretty as the one Cinderella attended. Indeed, it was similar in one respect, for Martha Custis was the belle of the ball, and if she didn't wear glass slippers she had tiny embroidered satin ones and stepped like a fairy with a prince, for she danced the minuet with George Washington. I am not so sure that he moved around so gracefully as his pretty partner, but he pleased her very much, for his steps were slow, and his bows were low as the minuet went on. They liked each other very much, and when a servant brought the young soldier's horse to the door he didn't want to leave till Mrs. Custis told him he could visit her at her "white house."

So they were married after the war ended. The wedding was at her house, on Jan. 6, 1759, and nearly everybody in Virginia was invited, and the house was full of company for a week.

After the wedding ceremony was over there was a big dinner, followed by a ball finer than Mr. Chamberlayne's, and George Washington and his bride stepped very happily indeed as leaders again of the minuet down the great ballroom, which was on the top floor of the bride's beautiful house.

She had a fine wedding dress of white flowered satin, with gold threads in it, and slippers with jeweled buckles.

For three months Gen. and Mrs. Washington lived at her home, then they moved to Mount Vernon, on the Potomac river. This was Washington's home, for he was rich, too, and owned the largest house in Virginia.

George Washington always loved his wife's two children, and afterward her grandchildren as much as if they were his own. When Washington died, December, 1799, Congress was going to erect a monument to him at Washington, and asked Mrs. Washington's consent to have the body removed. In reply she said: "Taught by the great example which I have so long had before me, never to oppose my private wishes to the public will, I must consent to the request made by Congress."

But the monument was not erected, and two years later she died and was buried beside him at Mount Vernon, where every year visitors read this on her tomb:

"Martha, consort of Washington, died May 21, 1801, aged 71 years."—Amy M. Bradshaw in Boston Herald.

BAD BACKS.

Bad backs are found in every household.

A bad back is a back that's lame, weak or aching.

Most backache pains come from kidney derangements and should be promptly attended to.

Reach the cause of backache by relieving the kidneys and curing their ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys only and cure the dangers of urinary and bladder disorders, from common inflammation, to Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's disease.

Case No. 49,321—Mr. W. H. Hammer, well-known builder, residing at 125 N. Hinde street, Washington C. H., Ohio, says: "I am glad to endorse a remedy which possesses such inestimable value as Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me of inflammation of the bladder which had caused me much annoyance and anxiety because of the frequency and severity of the attacks. I have advised others to take Doan's Kidney Pills and I know they will not be disappointed in the results."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Hammer will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

Anxious Inquiry. "Weeds," remarked the old bachelor, "sometimes produce lovely flowers."

"And do you think," queried the young widow, anxiously, "that there is any probability of my weeds producing orange blossoms?"

Snow takes the shine out of a shoe and ice sometimes takes it out of the man who wears the shoe.

To Thaw Frozen Pipes.

Some electricians at Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, are making a good business by thawing frozen pipes. They carry about a large battery on a sleigh, call at afflicted houses, and run a strong current through the offending portion of the pipe. The apparatus has never been known to fail, and the water begins to flow again very quickly.

Double Your Income.

By securing agency in your city for the Northwestern and Life Savings Co., of Des Moines, Iowa. It is a strong company. Write them to-day.

The difference between a fanatic and a crank is that the latter may listen to reason if properly clubbed.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package, 10 cents. One-third more starch for same money.

Some people leave the latchstring hanging out because latchstrings are cheaper than doorknobs.

Perfectly simple and simply perfect is dyeing with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Heroic measures are always sure things. If they do not cure they kill.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDELEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Wise is the fool who knows enough to keep it to himself.

It usually turns out that a mystery is merely a humbug.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

Some delusions are pleasing as well as harmless.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A cheerful thought is always up to date.

An Ideal Woman's Medicine.



So says Mrs. Josie Irwin, of 325 So. College St., Nashville, Tenn., of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Never in the history of medicine has the demand for one particular remedy for female diseases equalled that attained by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and never during the lifetime of this wonderful medicine has the demand for it been so great as it is to-day.

From the Atlantic to the Pacific, and throughout the length and breadth of this great continent come the glad tidings of woman's sufferings relieved by it, and thousands upon thousands of letters are pouring in from grateful women saying that it will and positively does cure the worst forms of female complaints.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are puzzled about their health to write her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Such correspondence is seen by women only, and no charge is made.

START A STEAM LAUNDRY

Write us. Paradox Machinery Co., 181 E. Division St., Chicago.

OKLAHOMA

THE WESTERN INVESTMENT CO., EL RENO, OKLAHOMA TER.

BEAUTY AND PURITY

Ancient and Modern Ideas on the Subject. Time and Disease the Effacing Agents of Beauty. What Has Science Done to Restore the Lily and the Rose?

Socrates called beauty a short-lived tyranny, Plato a privilege of nature, Theocritus a delightful prejudice, Theophrastus a silent cheat, Carneades a solitary kingdom, Homer a glorious gift of nature, Ovid a favor of the gods. Aristotle affirmed that beauty was better than all the letters of the alphabet, and yet none of these distinguished authorities has left us even a hint of how beauty is to be perpetuated, or the ravages of age and disease defied. Time soon blights the lily and the rose into the pallor of age, disease dots the fair face with cutaneous disfigurements and crimson the Roman nose with unsightly flushes, moth, if not rust, corrupts the glory of eyes, teeth, and lips yet beautiful by defacing the complexion, and fills the sensitive soul with agony unexpressed.

If such be the unhappy condition of one afflicted with slight skin blemishes, what must be the feelings of those in whom torturing humors have for years run riot, covering the skin with scales and sores and charging the blood with poisonous elements to become a part of the system until death? It is vain to attempt to portray such suffering. Death in many cases might be considered a blessing. The blood and fluids seem to be impregnated with a fiery element which, when discharged through the pores upon the surface of the body, inflames and burns until, in his efforts for relief, the patient tears the skin with his nails, and not until the blood flows does sufficient relief come to cause him to desist.

Thus do complexional defects merge into torturing disease, and piqued vanity give place to real suffering. A little wart on the nose or cheek grows to the all-devouring lupus, a patch of tetter on the palm of the hand or on the limbs suddenly envelops the body in its fiery embrace, a bruise on the leg expands into a gnawing ulcer, which reaches out its fangs to the sufferer's heart in every paroxysm of pain, a small kernel in the neck multiplies into a dozen, which eat away the vitality, great pearl-like scales grow from little rash-like inflammations in such abundance as to pass credulity; and so on may we depict the sufferings to which poor human nature is subject, all of which involve great mental distress because of personal disfigurements.

If there were not another external disease known as eczema alone would be a sufficient affliction on mankind. It pervades all classes, and descends impartially through generations. While some are constantly enveloped in it, others have it confined to small patches in the ears, on the scalp, on the breast, on the palms of the hands, on the limbs, etc., but everywhere its distinctive feature is a small watery blister, which discharges an acrid fluid, causing heat, inflammation, and intense itching. Ring-worm, tetter, scalled head, dandruff, belong to this scaly and itching order of diseases. Psoriasis, our modern leprosy, with its mother-of-pearl scale, situated on a reddened base, which bleeds upon the removal of the scale, is to be dreaded and avoided, as of old. Impetigo, barber's itch, erysipelas, and a score of minor disorders make up in part the catalogue of external diseases of the skin. Thus far we have made no allusion to those affections which are manifestly impurities of the blood, viz.: swelling of the glands of the throat, ulcers on the neck and limbs, tumors, abscesses, and mercurial poisons, with loss of hair, because the whole list can be comprehended in the one word scrofula.

It is in the treatment of torturing, disfiguring humors and affections of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, that the Cuticura remedies have achieved their greatest success. Original in composition, scientifically compounded, absolutely pure, unchangeable in any climate, always ready, and agreeable to the most delicate and sensitive, they present to young and old the most successful curative of modern times. This will be considered strong language by those acquainted with the character and obstinacy of blood and skin humors but it is justified by innumerable successes where all the remedies and methods in vogue have failed to cure, and, in many cases, to relieve, even.

The Cuticura treatment is at once agreeable, speedy, economical, and comprehensive. Bathe the affected parts freely with hot water and Cuticura soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without a hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment

to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and, lastly, take Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood. This treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humors, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of torturing, disfiguring humors, eczemas, rashes, and inflammations, from infancy to age, when all other remedies and the best physicians fail. The remedies constituting the Cuticura system will repay an individual scrutiny of their remarkable properties.

Cuticura Soap contains in a modified form the medicinal properties of Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest and sweetest of emollients, combined with the most delicate and refreshing of flower odors. It purifies and invigorates the pores of the skin, and imparts activity to the oil glands and tubes, thus furnishing an outlet for unwholesome matter, which if retained would cause pimples, blackheads, rashes, oily, mothy skin, and other complexional disfigurements, as well as scalp affections and irritations, falling hair, and baby rashes. Its gentle and continuous action on the natural lubricators of the skin keeps the latter transparent, soft, flexible, and healthy. Hence its constant use, assisted by an occasional use of Cuticura Ointment, realizes the fairest complexion, the softest, whitest hands, and the most luxuriant, glossy hair within the domain of the most advanced scientific knowledge to supply.

Cuticura Ointment is the most successful external curative for torturing, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, including loss of hair, in proof of which a single anointing with it, preceded by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap, and followed in the severest cases by a full dose of Cuticura Resolvent, is sufficient to afford immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, and scaly humors, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure when all other remedies fail. It is especially so in the treatment of infants and children, cleansing, soothing, and healing the most distressing of infantile humors, and preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair.

Cuticura Ointment possesses, at the same time, the charm of satisfying the simple wants of the toilet of all ages, in caring for the skin, scalp, hair, and hands far more effectually, agreeably, and economically than the most expensive of toilet emollients, while free from every ingredient of a doubtful or dangerous character. Its "One Night Treatment of the Hands," or "Single Treatment of the Hair," or use after athletics, cycling, golf, tennis, riding, sparring, or any sport, each in connection with the use of Cuticura Soap, is sufficient evidence of this.

Of all remedies for the purification of the blood and circulating fluids, none approaches in specific medical action Cuticura Resolvent. It neutralizes and resolves away (hence its name) scrofulous, inherited, and other humors in the blood, which give rise to swellings of the glands, pains in the bones, and torturing, disfiguring eruptions of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair.

Cuticura Resolvent extends its purifying influence by means of the pores to the surface of the skin, allaying irritation, inflammation, itching, and burning, and soothing and healing. Hence its success in the treatment of distressing humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, which fail to be permanently cured by external remedies alone.

The grandest testimonial that can be offered Cuticura remedies is their world-wide sale, due to the personal recommendations of those who have used them. It is difficult to realize the mighty growth of the business done under this name. From a small beginning in the simplest form, against prejudice and opposition, against moiled hosts, countless rivals, and trade indifference, Cuticura remedies have become the greatest curatives of their time, and, in fact, of all time, for nowhere in the history of medicine is to be found another approaching them in popularity and sale. In every climate and with every people they have met with the same reception. The confines of the earth are the only limits to their growth. They have conquered the world.

To the test of popular judgment all things mundane must finally come. The civilized world has rendered its verdict in favor of Cuticura.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Gently;
Acts Pleasantly;
Acts Beneficially;
Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. New York, N.Y.
For sale by all druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL

FOR RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, EARACHE, CUTS, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, SORE THROAT, DIPHTHERIA, SORES, ULCERS, AND ALL PAIN, SORENESS, LAMENESS, SWELLING AND INFLAMMATION SOON.

GREGORY'S SEEDS

For 60 years the standard for reliability. Always the best. New catalogue free. J. J. H. Gregory & Son, Merchants, Mass.

LEWIS' SINGLE STRAIGHT CIGAR

THE BEST QUALITY ALWAYS RELIABLE

The Triangular Non-Dilution CREAM SEPARATOR produces 50% more cream than old process. No jet, chemicals, crocks, pasteurized, complicated machinery or power. One operation strains, separates and ventilates milk. Makes money on each cow. Simple, inexpensive, indestructible. Has every merit of the higher priced separators and many original features. Write for descriptive circulars and special offers to agents and farmers. Terms, 75¢ free.

MERCANTILE SYNDICATE, Dept. 7, Kansas City, Mo.

FREE TO WOMEN!

To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send today; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE H. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass., 214 Columbus Ave.

GREEN RAPE

Costs 25 cents per TON!

Greatest, Cheapest Food on Earth for Sheep, Swine, Cattle, etc.

Will be worth \$100 to you to read what Salzer's catalog says about rape.

Billion Dollar Grass will positively make you rich! 12 tons of hay and lots of pasture per acre, or also Bromus, Paspalum, Sorghum, Mowseed, wheat, etc., for sale, 45¢ per bushel, per acre, 2000 Century Oats, 25¢ bushel, per acre and Trefoil, 100¢ bushel, per acre. Green Fodder per acre.

For this Notice and 10¢ we will big catalog and 10 Farm Start Notices, fully worth \$10 to you a start.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, NO. 8, 1903.
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Eagle Claw Hand Fodder Fork

Only tool invented that handles bound or loose fodder successfully. Write and secure exclusive agency. Handieman & Sons, Des Moines, Iowa.

BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY
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MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1903.

If she had to stand on her head, we know she'd get it somehow. These lines are already read. Now, we'll wager I do to a laughing. If she gets the least kind of a show, but you see she'll find out anyhow. It's something she ought not to know. If there's anything wrong with a woman, subscribe now and get the news.

Dance tonight at Odd Fellows hall. The Lenten season begins Wednesday the 25th.

James McKay will occupy a flat in the Lageschulte building after March 1.

This section has experienced the most severe weather of winter during the past week.

Rudolph Staak and family have removed to Chicago where they will reside in the future.

The John Schoppe farm, containing 97 1/2 acres, has been sold to August Pahlke for \$46 per acre.

A Starck piano is to be placed in Masonic-Woodmen hall by the several societies holding meetings there.

When a man begins to go down hill he meets a lot of people standing by the wayside with their noses turned up.

Tuesday morning we experienced the coldest weather of the winter, the mercury registering 16 degrees below zero.

F. J. Alverson has purchased the house and lot he occupies in the Parker sub-division of William Dawson. Consideration \$2,000.

A Basket Social will be given at the Deer Grove school, Monday evening, February 23. A talking machine will be a feature of the program.

Coming event, the third annual masque ball of the Barrington Deutscher Verein, at the village hall, next Friday evening February 27.

A costumer from Chicago will be in attendance at the Deutscher Verein masque ball next Friday evening and furnish costumes at reasonable rental.

Taxes are coming in slowly, as is usually the case at first, people as a rule preferring to wait until near the limit before separating from their money.

Some of the finest vocal music you ever heard will be rendered by the Glazier Grand Concert Co., at the M. E. church, Saturday evening. Prices, 15, 25 and 35 cents.

Lounsbury Lodge A. F. & A. M., and the Woodmen will hold their next card party at their hall, Monday evening, February 23. Members are privileged to invite their friends.

In a railway station in Minnesota is the following placard over the clock: "This is a clock; it is running; it is Chicago time; it is right; it is set at ten o'clock. Now keep your mouth shut."

"How a man can be just with God," will be explained at the morning service in the M. E. church, next Sunday. "Treasures that can not be stole," will be presented in the evening. The public is invited.

The Pie Social, announced to be held at the White school last Wednesday evening, was postponed, on account of cold weather, until next Wednesday evening. Go and buy a pie like Ma used to make.

The postoffice at Zion City has been advanced to the second class and the prospects are good for the office to become one of the first class in the near future. It is said that free delivery will soon be established.

Mabel Schaefer was tendered a surprise party Monday evening by about thirty of her schoolmates. The evening was pleasantly spent by the little folk in games and other amusements. Refreshments were served.

Barrington Lodge No. 420, Mystic Workers, have changed their regular meeting nights from the second and fourth Wednesday of each month to the second and fourth Saturday. The next meeting will be held Saturday evening, Feb. 28.

February began on Sunday and each day of the week thus occurs four times during the month of twenty-eight days. According to statistics this has happened only 15 times during the last 132 years and in the next fifty years will occur only five times.

August Reese, of the firm of Reese, Lemke & Co., Dundee, has purchased

the stock held by other members of the company and is now the sole proprietor. Mr. Reese is well known here and his many friends wish him a continued successful business career.

The song service held by the Wesley Praying Band of Chicago, at the M. E. church, Saturday evening and Sunday attracted large sized audiences. The sincerity of these business-men-evangelists is deep and awakens great religious fervor among their hearers.

In looking over one of our exchanges we find that the editor hopes, is glad, is pained, is pleased, is delighted, has regret and has heartfelt sorrow. No one could stand such a combination but the country editor, who generally has an elastic conscience and an India rubber stomach.

The Estate of D. H. Hager is erecting new buildings at their brick yards in Dundee which will be used for the manufacture of machine brick of different varieties. At present this kind of brick is being manufactured by the firm at Gilberts, but the increased demand necessitates enlarging the facilities.

The White Feather Indians and National Athletic club of Chicago give their first annual masque ball at Castle pavilion, Fox River grove, near Cary, Saturday evening, Feb. 21. Suitable prizes will be awarded. A Chicago orchestra will furnish music and a good time is assured. Tickets 50 cents.

The Press club of Chicago are holding a three days' "Kirmess" which opened at the club rooms, 106 Madison street, Thursday and will conclude tomorrow night. Music, diverting performances bazaar and scientific wonders will furnish amusement. A party of young people from here expect to attend tomorrow evening.

At a social the other evening a number of conundrums were being passed around. One was, "What is the difference between a man who dyed sleep and the editor of a weekly paper?" A young lady won the first prize by giving the following answer: "One is a lamb dyer, and the other is just an editor."

The pupils of the Honey Lake school, under the direction of the teacher, Miss Lillah Golding, will give a pound social at the school house on Saturday evening February 28. A fine program has been arranged for the occasion and everything to insure a good time is promised. Those who do not bring "pounds" will be charged 10c admission.

Last week an item in these columns stated that "Lincoln's birthday is a public holiday." An inquirer asks if we are not mistaken. No, we are not. Not only is the 12th of February a legal holiday in Illinois, but it is also so named in eight other states. It is not recognized as a school holiday, outside the larger cities of this state but it ought to be.

Miss Myrtle Burtis was tendered a pleasant surprise party at her home east of here last Friday evening in honor of her nineteenth birthday. Music and games formed the pastime of the evening and at 10:30 a fine luncheon was served after which games were again resumed. At a late hour the guests departed wishing their hostess many happy returns of the day.

Additional Telephone Lines.
The Chicago Telephone company, controlling the branch lines now in course of construction in this section, lines from this station, construction to be started as soon as weather will permit. One line will be run west and has decided to extend the farmer's then to Barrington Center where connection will be made with the main line to Dundee. Another line will be built directly south from Hough and Limits street five miles.

The Barrington exchange now has 65 telephones on the board and the number will be increased by 25 when the lines mentioned are built.

Public Sales.
Wm. Schultz will sell at auction, on the S. R. Kirby farm four and one-half miles west of Barrington, on Thursday, Feb. 26, 5 work horses, farm tools, a fine lot of grain and some household furniture.

At public auction Tuesday Feb. 24, John Krich will sell on the J. W. Seymour farm 5 miles south-west of Barrington, 7 work horses, 7 two-year old heifers, 7 yearlings, also a lot of farm machinery and 30 ton of hay.

Unclaimed Letters.
The following is a list of unclaimed letters remaining in the post office at Barrington, Feb. 20, 1903:
Miss Hulda Diekmann, Lizzie Redmer, John Hane and Nitaler & Cones.
H. K. BROCKWAY, P. M.

Saturday evening, February 21, at the M. E. church, the Glazier Grand Concert company, four talented singers, and reader, Epworth League entertainment; regular prices

If you aspire to office this spring an announcement in this paper will assist you in getting before the people.

THE SPRING ELECTION.

Not Much Interest Manifested as Yet—Awaiting the Caucuses.

The local political pot has begun to simmer. It will boil a few days before the nominating conventions are held, and, if current opinion is to be relied upon, there'll be something 'doin' before the tickets—village and township—are made up.

In this village and the townships of Barrington and Cuba, local elections generally cause but little interest—in fact the act of choosing officials is not given the attention it should have at the hands of the voters. At times a friendly rivalry crops out between aspirants for honors, but such a thing as a "hot contest" is seldom indulged in. There is a disposition on the part of many to remain away from the primaries, and let a coterie name the ticket. Then the stayaways assemble in the village forum, chuck pennies in the slot machine, secure cigars and howl about "machine rule." There is a whole lot of consistency in that way of doing.

The better way is to attend the primaries, take a hand in affairs or forever hold your peace. There is any amount of surface talk—individual opinion of what ought to be done; who ought to be given charge of public affairs.

During the past year the board of trustees has met the demand of an element of our community and put upon the village ordinance book two or more laws relative to the restriction of the sale of liquors—a prohibitory Sunday opening clause and the 10 o'clock closing resolution. As a natural consequence the action has caused comment favorable and unfavorable.

It is now advocated by many that the proper way to place the people of the village on record regarding the liquor traffic is to make a straight out and out issue of license or no license at the coming election, thus removing the responsibility from the board of trustees. It is said that a movement is now on foot to present this matter to the village convention.

There is no doubt but what the proposed question is a prominent one; no doubt that the board of trustees is censured for doing what it believes to be right; no doubt that many of our people, both prohibition and anti-prohibition are dissatisfied with the present state of affairs. Such being the case it seems that the proper way to settle the matter is to place the voters on record.

As to candidates, there are those who know—or think they know—just how the village government ought to be conducted. Of course they wouldn't know so much about it after they had served a term—but they are willing.

The officers to be elected this spring are president, clerk and trustees to succeed John Robertson, William Grunau and William Peters.

PERSONAL MENTION.

John Homuth visited at Joliet Friday.

L. F. Schroeder was at Aurora Saturday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Marshall visited in Chicago Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Thorp visited friends in Chicago Thursday.

Frank Homuth will leave for his home at Aitkin, Minn., March 1st.

Dr. W. F. Holstein of Chicago was a guest of Dr. A. Weichelt Sunday.

H. H. Church visited his brother, J. C. Church, in Chicago, Wednesday.

J. R. Moore is taking a short respite from work and visiting in Chicago.

Mrs. Dr. DeWitt of Hampshire, Ill., is visiting at the home of F. E. Smith.

Miss Rose Lock left Monday for a visit with relatives at Marseilles, Ill.

F. O. Willmarth of Chicago was here on business Monday and Tuesday.

R. A. Shaw of South Haven, Mich., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Kenyon.

Miss Mary Schaefer attended a Valentine party at Chicago last Friday evening.

W. F. Gelhaus of Hubbard, Iowa, visited with his cousin, A. W. Meyer, Wednesday.

Mrs. Nelson Cady, of South Dakota, who formerly lived here, is visiting with friends here.

Charles Fletcher of Chicago visited with his mother, Mrs. E. M. Fletcher the first of the week.

Mrs. A. Hawley and daughter of Elgin are visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Seibert.

Miss Anna Schultz, of Marseilles, Ill., is employed at Butzow's during the absence of Miss Lock.

Eman Opatny, manager of the Fox River picnic grounds near Cary, was here on business, Tuesday.

Miss Antoniette Kenyon of South Haven, Mich., visited with her brother, Charles Kenyon, Sunday.

Mrs. Minnie McKay and son An-

drew of Algonquin, visited at the home of her son, James McKay, last Friday.

Mrs. Mathilda Schumacker, Mrs. August Jahn and daughters, Misses Mary and Caroline, visited in Chicago Monday.

Misses Annie and Martha Schaefer and Howard Duerr of Elgin are visiting with their cousins, Misses Emma and Mabel Schaefer.

Mrs. Kate Ganong, who met with a severe accident more than a month ago, is rapidly improving and is able to be about her home.

I. B. Fox, deputy organizer of the Court of Honor, has been in Boone county the past two weeks in the interest of the society. He returned home Wednesday on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever in that section.

Charles R. Kenyon, who has been employed by the American Malleable Company as traveling salesman, has resigned his position and established business for himself as founders' agent. His office is in the Monadnock building, Chicago.

Wm. Gieske, who has been employed at the Barrington steam laundry, will leave for Manchester, Mich., March 1, for a visit with relatives. From there he will go to Los Angeles, California, where he will engage in the laundry business. David Watson will take his place in the laundry here.

Getting Rich Quick.

Probably the most startling feature of the revelations regarding the "get-rich-quick" concern is the showing made in regard to the number and character of the victims. Those who "invested" in such concerns were confined to no particular class, says the Daily News. Men and women, city residents and country people, small salaried clerks and fairly well established business men, doctors, lawyers and even bank officers seem to have found the prospect of immediate enrichment too alluring to be resisted. Caution, good judgement, intelligent understanding of the possibilities of gain in legitimate enterprises are qualities which no doubt many of the investors possess in the ordinary transactions of life, but that did not suffice to protect the victims against temptation.

Hall's February Sale.

Our prices are always low, and when we cut these prices, buyers should take advantage of the offers. Mens canvas coats, with fur collars, now \$1.29. Ladies long, stylish, all wool coats, now \$4.98. Mens fine overcoats, now \$3.73 and \$4.98. Wool pants sale, 98c, \$1.29 and \$1.69 per pair. Infants wool jackets and cloaks, 98 and 25 cents. Mens entire suits, made of heavy denim, 49 cents. Misses fine wool jackets, \$2.73. Mens unlaundried white shirts 25 cents. Boys suits, sizes 7 to 14, special lot of heavy goods at \$1.29. Reduced prices on guaranteed fur coats. Fine linen laces, not cotton, 3 and 5 cents a yard. Ladies new style 1903 tailor made suits, silk lined, at \$8.65. Mens nobby all wool suits, serge lined and well made, \$6.50 and \$7.75. Fine flounce cut flannelette wrappers 69 cents. C. F. Hall Co., Dundee, Ills.

To Cure a Cold in the Head.

Apply Cole's Carbolisolve in each nostril at night and your head will be clear in the morning. Guaranteed to cure catarrh and inflamed conditions of the mucous membrane. 25 and 50c. Sold by all druggists.

Just listen to Brother Walsh of the Harvard Herald. He says: "No one ever saw finer mid-winter weather. February thus far is making an excellent record and there is little inclination to go south or to California when we have such delightful weather here at home." Walsh is said to have five bushels of hard coal in storage. No wonder he can write items like that.

The educational campaign which has been in progress for nearly a year among the Modern Woodmen for an increase in the rates has now entered upon the final stage, as the lodges have voted at meetings this month, for delegates to the county camps. Little else is considered but the question of rates, and the contest will shape the action of the head camp meeting at Indianapolis this summer.

Cole's Carbolisolve has been a favorite household remedy with us for many years", writes Capt. J. W. Partridge, Belfast, Me. "We have never seen anything that compares with it as a cure for burns, cuts, catarrh, weak and sore eyes, chilblains, sores and all itching diseases." Cole's is guaranteed. Keep a box handy. 25 and 50c. Sold by all druggists.

FOR RENT—The Regan farm three miles north of Barrington; 1 1/2 miles west of Lake Zurich 120 acres nine room house; large barn; three wells. Inquire of M. D. Regan, Barrington, Ill.

Lard oil in quantities to suit at Lamey & Company's.

Thumped the Editor.

The freedom of the press was attacked at Highwood, Friday evening, when a committee of six angry citizens of the home of the Czar, waited upon Mr. Salyards, who attempts to publish a weekly sheet named the Highwood Independent. Salyards received a good thumping and a portion of his outfit was wrecked.

For a year past, since the defeat of Wm. F. Hogan for re-election to the office of mayor of the incorporation known as Highwood and Fort Sheridan, the Independent has persisted in publishing abusive articles relative to Mayor Gibbs and his following. He went beyond the limit. The treatment given Salyards was what a publisher deserves who uses his publication for such base purposes. Thank goodness the Highwood Independent is not recognized as a newspaper by the fraternity in Lake county.

We have a number of after dinner orators in this village, some people speak of them as "prominent speakers." They may have achieved prominence. That however is a question. Not so very long ago a "society function" or as the common people term it a social was held at the home of one of our 1300. There was a short program and a number of salads, salted peanuts and ham sandwiches. One of those gentlemen who make it a plan never to miss a sociable, was called upon to "say something." As he arose a round of applause greeted him. He said. This reception reminds me of the little boy whose mother stepped to the door and called "Willie, Willie!" After several calls the boy poked his head around the corner of the house and said: "Do you want me, ma, or are you just hollerin'?" Some of our "prominent ones" doubt their audiences—and well they may.

Rheumatism

Is caused by an acid which flows in the blood, and to cure it you must remove the cause. Cole's bludbiller does this effectually. It is the greatest maker of new, rich blood. It produces natural healthy action of the kidneys, liver and bowels and restores vigorous health to the system. If you have rheumatism take Bludbiller. It is guaranteed. \$1.00 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Stolen Nuggets.

It is proposed to enlarge Fort Sheridan so as to take in Highwood. Perhaps the government wants to keep its soldiers at home evenings and has noticed that most of them slip off down to the saloon town every night.

We learn via Philadelphia that Congressman Hopkins, who has been elected to the senate from Illinois to succeed Senator Mason, was practically elected by the people, thus making a case of popular election of senators without a constitutional amendment." The intelligence is as gratifying as surprising.

Usual activity in stealing coal is reported from all directions. And, likewise usual activity in robbing consumers by coal operators, railroads, and dealers. The coal industry is a great distributing center of criminal influences at present.

Brain-Food Nonsense.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for the brain, another for the muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a portion of the body, but it will sustain every other part. Yet, however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aids digestion, stimulates the liver to the healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get this reliable remedy at H. T. Abbot's. Price 25c. and 75c.

FOR RENT—House on Williams st., owned by the Zimmerman estate. Apply at this office.

PRIVATE SALE—22 head large draft horses on the Heimerdinger farm 5 miles north west of Barrington and 3 miles south of Wauconda.

For Sale—\$2,500 buys house and 3 lots known as the Peter's place corner Ela and Washington streets, if sold before March 15, 1903. Inquire of the owner, Geo. F. Mengerson, 387 So. California Ave., Chicago, or Edward Peters, Barrington. 4t-4

LOST—Between the residence of Dr. Weichelt and Ela and Chestnut street a fine table cloth, chrysanthemum pattern. Finder please return to Mrs. A. Weichelt.

Farm for Rent.
I will rent my 150 acre farm for cash. Located one mile north-east of Cary station, call on me at Dundee, Ill., or write me P. O. box 186, Dundee, Ill. JOHN LEMKE.

For Collector.

I desire to announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector for the town of Barrington and solicit the support of the voters at the caucus to be held in March.
A. R. SMITH.

For Highway Commissioner.

I desire to announce myself as a candidate for the office of Highway Commissioner of the town of Cuba and solicit the support of the voters of the town at the caucus to be held in March.
CHARLES GROM.

Announcement.

To the voters of Cuba township. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Collector at the coming Township election.
EDWARD W. RILEY.
Feb. 10, 1903.

Pay your Taxes.

I will be at the Barrington Bank every Wednesday and Saturday to receive taxes of the town of Barrington.
JOHN BROEMMELKAMP,
Collector.

Pay your Taxes.

I will be at the office of the Barrington Review Tuesday and Saturday of each week, after date, to receive taxes for the town of Cuba. I am obliged to make my returns to the county treasurer on March 10. The tax payers will do me a favor by calling and making payment before that date.
HENRY KIRKSE, Collector.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Methodist Episcopal.
Rev. W. H. Tuttle, Pastor. Services held each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45.

Baptist.
Rev. J. C. Garth, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

Salem Evangelical.
Rev. J. G. Fidler, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 9:15 o'clock.

Zion Evangelical.
Rev. Wm. Klingbeil, Pastor. Services each Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10 o'clock.

St. Ann's Catholic.
Rev. Father Quinn, Pastor. Regular service the first Sunday and third Saturday in each month. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran.
Rev. Alfred Menzel, Pastor. Services each Sabbath morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:30.

SAVED HIS HORSES.

Farmer Hurries His Spring Work and Another Cures Barb Wire Cut on Colt.

R. Collins, farmer, Seney, Iowa: "In two week's time I cured an old sore on a valuable colt, sore caused by cut on barb wire. I tried many remedies but the wound kept getting worse until I began use of Silver Salve. Before I used up half a box my colt was well." Jacob Barth, Scotland, S. D.: "My horses all had sore shoulders this spring. I began using Silver Salve and healed their shoulders while working them on a breaking plow."

Silver Salve is a staple remedy sold by leading dealers. It is the most rapid healer known. If your dealer does not have it send 35 cts. in stamps to Diehl Chemical Co., LeMars, Iowa. They are the manufacturers and will send you a big box, postage paid. Mention this paper. 4-9 5t.

The Review

Prints The News

Window glass in all sizes at Lamey & Co.'s.

Later departure from Chicago for Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., via the North-Western Line. The Through Sleeping Cars for Manistique and Sault Ste. Marie, which have been leaving Chicago at 8:00 p. m. daily except Sunday, now leave at 10:30 p. m. daily except Saturday, thus affording connection with trains arriving in Chicago at a late hour. The only through sleeping car line between Chicago and "The Soo." For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

For Rent—The Felix Givens farm of 120 acres, four miles north of Barrington. Large house; good barn; good water in abundance.
5-tf M. C. McIntosh.

Sick Headache?

Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.
25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** for the whiskers. 25 cts. of Buckinghams, 95 N. C. Hall & Co., Boston, U. S.