

BEAUTY IN THE YARD

How Back Premises May Be Improved at Small Expense.

There is a progressive little town in Indiana that has been greatly improved during the past three years by the work of its woman's improvement association. Each week this society holds a meeting at some member's residence, and plans are discussed for the betterment of the town. Just now there is a crusade against back yards that are not properly cared for, and this is a matter that every society working for town improvement should take up. At a meeting of the Indiana association recently a speaker offered some suggestions for the improvement of back yards that should be of value to our communities. She said:

"So far we have accomplished wonders, but we must make our citizens realize more fully that they must all bear a hand in the work of town betterment, especially giving more attention to home adornment. It is an easy matter to beautify a street if all the residents would take a little interest in the work. In many places shrubs and vines may be placed in courtyards; bare walls may be covered with creeping vines, flowers and foliage plants in boxes and pots may be set on piazzas, stoops and window sills.

"While most of the front yards in this town are well cared for since our agitation of the matter last year, the back yards are a disgrace. No care whatever being given them. If we wish to impress visitors with the fact that there is no better or cleaner town to locate in than ours, then we must wake up and insist that the citizen bear a hand in this matter. Most back yards are used as a convenient place for storing refuse. The owners simply ignore them. It is queer that so many can't or won't realize that the back yards can be made very pleasant spots. With just a little adornment one could make a mighty comfortable place for the family to spend its evening, and think how it would improve the appearance of the town!

"Given a small back yard can be beautified at small expense and trouble, and if you can interest the children in this beautiful work they will accomplish wonders after a good start is made. If there is an old barn or shed that is an eyesore, it can be made prettiness by vines. Morning glories grow thick and fast, and if these are planted beside the barn they will eventually envelop it and hide its unsightliness.

"In beautifying the back yard you can't pay too much attention to the proper preparation of the soil. Dig the garden deeply and break all the large lumps. If the soil is sandy or otherwise poor, put in a good coat of well rotted manure and make the surface smooth and even. A garden should not be attempted with the idea of planting the ordinary annuals if the yard is much shaded by adjoining buildings and trees. But many plants are fit for shady places. For instance, in the border now asters, nasturtiums, petunias, mignonette, candytuft, chrysanthemums, geraniums, sweet peas, and if you space permits, introduce a few of the following, scattered along in clumps of six or more—blue lack, spurge, jessamine, German iris, columbine, ageratum, geraniums, verbenas, heliotrope, dahlias, gladioluses and clematis.

"The solemnest and Canterbury bells, may apple, spigdwort, bleeding heart, violets and columbines are among the best wild flowers. Then the ferns may be relied upon as good shade loving plants. Native nasturtium does well in thoroughly drained places. And there are cultivated flowers that like the best places where they are protected from the sun's rays. Forget-me-nots, little lobelias, forget-me-nots, six inches high and the improved varieties of the cardinal flower, the Queen Victoria, are among them. Be sure to have the shady places well drained and have plenty of light, rich soil."

Presto Change

From longing hope, to glad fruition; from anticipation, to realization; from earnest effort, to success! The much enjoyed entertainment of the G. A. R. Post on April 26th, was another illustration of Mrs. Spenser's ability as an organizer and drillmaster for such purposes.

The Post desires to express warmest thanks to the Ladies' Cadet Band for the very efficient music which added so much to the enjoyable occasion. Also to Miss Carrie E. Kingsley for that sweet Toccata, "The Bell," so charmingly rendered. And to all of the children and young ladies who performed their respective parts so nicely. And lastly, though not least, for a wholesome, liberal patronage by the public.

H. H. HUBBARD, Commander.

Entertainment

An entertainment will be given for the benefit of the V. M. C. A. base ball team at the Odd Fellows' hall, Tuesday evening, May 7th, 1907, consisting of two laughable farces "Out in the Streets" and "My Lord in Livery." The players are being instructed by Mrs. Mae Lane Spenser and the play commences at eight o'clock with admission of twenty-five and thirty-five cents. Reserved seat tickets are on sale at Schroeder's hardware store.

NEWS OF WAUCONDA

Earthquake or haunted stone pile? Mrs. Nina Pratt visited Chicago relatives Sunday.

H. C. Schenck of Chicago spent Sunday with relatives.

Mrs. H. E. Malm and Miss Sarah Geary spent Monday in Chicago.

We regret to say that L. E. Burdick's condition is not improved this week.

A fine new line of postals just received at the Wauconda Pharmacy.

Mrs. A. D. Parsons has returned from a week's visit with Chicago friends.

Columbia camp was occupied for the first time this season last Saturday and Sunday.

The Misses Agnes and Ethel Murray were Chicago visitors from Friday to Sunday.

Henry Schaefer and Mrs. H. and Miss Agnes Geary visited at Long Grove Sunday.

Miss Belle Taggart who has been seriously ill for sometime is gaining steadily.

Miss Helene Hingel of Irving Park, is the guest of Miss Corina Brown this week.

H. C. Hill of Waukegan called on relatives and friends here Saturday and Sunday.

A. Z. Webster has gone to the Soldier's Home at Danville, Ill., where he will reside.

Mrs. James H. Hammond and H. C. Kent visited Chicago relatives the first of this week.

Miss Lisle Houghton of Libertyville, is spending the week at the home of her brother, Phily.

Messrs E. W. Brooks and M. S. Ford have returned from Waukegan where they were doing jury duty.

Mrs. C. Hutchinson and son James, of Barrington, are spending the week at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. V. E. Davlin.

We welcome the resumption of our two mails a day system which took effect Wednesday, May, 1st. It will continue so until November 1st.

Dead—Tuesday, April 30th, at her home in Lake Delancey, Mrs. Joe Miller (nee Geary). The obituary of both deaths will appear in our next issue.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Pater and son Otis, have returned from Ros Common, Mich., whither they went about three weeks ago, intending to locate permanently.

Four of the Basely boys, viz: Tracy and Richard of Des Plaines and Ole and Joe of Woodstock spent Sunday at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Basely.

If you are considering buying a piano or organ call on or address H. Malm and Son, Wauconda. They will give you the best values for the amount invested.

Rev. W. H. Pierce of Chicago, was in our village Saturday completing plans for the erection of three new residences on his property on the east side of N. Main street.

Miss Kathryn Nicholls wishes to thank all who assisted in making her basket school such a grand success. About \$53. were the total receipts, which gives the school \$50. as net proceeds.

On Thursday, April 26th, Dennis McCarthy, Sr., died. The funeral was held Saturday from Transfiguration Catholic church, Rev. Father Wolfe reading the mass. Burial was made in the Catholic cemetery.

Miss Alice Poole who has been teaching in the West during the past two years has been engaged to return here and assume charge of the Primary department of our schools during the school year 1907-08. While we regret the departure of Miss Ethel Diers

Catching Butterflies.

To catch butterflies you must reach out after them. As a rule you won't catch many in your hand. You must use a net. It is the net that scoops them in.

A hand reach in catching butterflies is no better than a handbill in catching business. It is the net that counts.

The net is the newspaper. This reaches out to all the people and scoops them in. Experience of several generations has shown that the newspaper is the best business bringer.

Take, for instance, this paper. (Most people take it.) An announcement in this paper goes into the homes of the people whom you must reach if you get the business you are after.

There is, indeed, a very much larger net that scoops in the butterflies. It is stretched out not only over this community, but over every similar community in the land. It is the mail order net, made up of big catalogues and of advertisements in periodicals which are circulated broadcast to catch the unwary.

To prevent that great net—which is really an octopus with a thousand tentacles—from catching your trade away from you, wisdom suggests that you use your home net—the local newspaper.

Usually a word to the wise is sufficient.

If you want to keep your patronage or build it up, you must compete with the butterfly catchers from the outside.

The Dollar is the Butterfly. It has green wings, and is attractive to merchants in the big cities just as it is attractive to you.

If you would catch these pretty butterflies that are circulating around home, you must use the net that circulates around home.

Could anything be plainer?



GOOD ENTERTAINMENT. DEATH FROM HEART TROUBLE

G. A. R. Have Good Crowd.

Take in About Thirty Dollars

The G. A. R. benefit entertainment Tuesday evening attracted a crowd that nearly filled Odd Fellows hall and those who patronized the affair were glad that they did so as the program offered good numbers. Mrs. Mae Lane Spenser had originated the entertainment and by careful and patient drilling had instructed the children until they gave their parts very nicely and without embarrassment.

The Young Ladies' Cadet band donated their services and played five splendid selections. Miss Carrie Kingsley sweetly sang an old song for the sake of the old soldiers. "Ben Bolt," with Miss Alta Powers accompanying; H. H. Hubbard, post commander, recited with such patriotism as only a veteran can show. "The Old Flag," a flag drill was given by about 24 young girls who in white gowns, marched around the hall and entered the stage in ribbon formed pretty figures, poses and military movements; a little force was played in which about eight girls and several boys gave a humorous glimpse of home life.

About thirty dollars were the door receipts of which some eighteen will assist the G. A. R. in its Decoration day expenses.

Adjudication Notice.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of John Landwer deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of July next, 1907 when and where all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

HENRY H. LANDWER, Executor. Waukegan, April 22nd, 1907.

George Beahler Passes Peacefully

Away on Tuesday Night.

After an illness which began March 18th, George Beahler of Washington street died Tuesday night, May 1st at 11:20 o'clock. He had been unconscious since Sunday and passed peacefully away without regaining his senses. For six weeks he had been a sufferer from heart trouble and had sustained four attacks of paralysis of the heart after each of which he would rally somewhat and be able to sit up.

Mr. Beahler and family moved to town March first from a farm on the Lake Zurich road. He was well and widely known in this vicinity having lived around here for many years and all knew him as a man of kindly whose life was full of useful and honest acts. The family mourn deeply the loss of a loved father whose memory will be dearer because of his goodness to them.

George Beahler was born in Germany at Baden-on-the-Rhine, February 18, 1840. When about 25 years old he came to America and has since lived near Schaumburg, Palatine and Barrington. On February 25, 1878 he was married at Schaumburg, to Mrs. Beredrich Koenigler who was born in Schallbe, Germany and came to this country about 40 years ago. She was the mother of four children and to them were born three. They soon moved to Barrington and resided near Hollister's corners for two years, then went to the old Hamilton farm where they remained sixteen years. Besides the widow, the remaining family are Miss Emma Beahler who lives at home, George of Long Grove and August of Diamond Lake; also four step-children who are Theodore Koenigler of Rockford, Fred of Dundee, Garrett, who lives west of town and Mrs. William Schumacher who lives near Wauconda.

The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at one o'clock at the house and at one thirty at St. Paul's church where Rev. Stanger will conduct the service.

Mrs. Chester Killed.

Mrs. Mate L. Chester, grand secretary of the Order Eastern Star and president of the Columbus Relief Corps of Chicago, who was killed in Peoria last Saturday afternoon by falling down an elevator shaft in a hotel building, was very well known by the local Eastern Star whose organization she perfected here several years ago when she became a dear friend to many ladies of the lodge. The funeral was held Tuesday at the Medinah Temple. Mrs. Chester was to have officiated at an Eastern Star meeting in Palatine this Friday night.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

L. and H. Schoppa are serving on jury.

Memorial meeting Monday evening, May 13th.

Mrs. Cooper of Lake Forest visited here last week.

Kenneth Smith is visiting at C. E. Julian's this week.

Stuart Padock was in Milwaukee on business this week.

Miss Ruby Adams of Chicago visited friends here Wednesday.

Frank Olms of South Elgin visited with relatives here Wednesday.

Erwald Clausius has returned from Buffalo to make his home here.

Miss Martha Foote of Kennilworth visited Mrs. M. R. Reynolds this week.

Mrs. G. H. Arps attended the funeral of Mrs. Chester Tuesday in Chicago.

Mrs. W. L. Hicks and daughter, Miss Mildred, have returned from Florida.

G. H. Arps attended a meeting of the Odd Fellows at Cary Saturday evening.

J. J. Barbour, asst. state's attorney, has been secured to make the speech memorial day.

Mrs. J. H. Schirling and G. H. Arps visited Mrs. Pierce at the hospital Wednesday.

Miss Clara Taylor returned to her duties as school teacher this week after two weeks sickness.

Misses Selma Torgler and Addie Filbert give their pupils a recital Friday evening of this week.

Ben Jacoby and family, have moved to Edison Park. Richard Bennett has moved into the Daniels place.

The ball game Sunday was a good game from start to finish. The result was 3 to 6 favor of Palatine.

Mrs. F. Wright was called to Belvidere Saturday because of her mother getting badly hurt by a fall.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Smyser and Mrs. G. Schultz are at Twin Lakes this week where Mr. Smyser is building a summer cottage.

Sutherland W. R. C. was entertained by the Bel-Palates Corps Monday afternoon. About fourteen ladies attended and all report a fine time even if it did rain in the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Putnam are the happy parents of a son, born Friday, April 26th. Mr. Putnam says he will be a fine assistant at the green house.

The Dance.

Success again gratified the Base ball club at their dance Saturday evening in the town hall which was filled with dancers and spectators. Many people came to enjoy the fine music played by Harden's orchestra of Elgin and the dancers showed a keen pleasure in the many numbers played. Young people from Chicago and towns near were there.

The hall was decorated in arrangement with flags and bunting.

The May dance will be an affair that will be largely attended as the committee are planning several new features. The entire party of dancers will take part in the winding of a maypole and other extra amusements will be offered. The date is Saturday, May 11th.

W. C. T. U.

The Spring Institute of the Cook County Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held May 9th and 10th in the First M. E. Church, corner Clark & Washington Streets. Morning, afternoon and evening sessions. Prominent speakers will be present and take part.

Thursday evening the 9th will be Young People's night. Judge Samuel R. Artman, of LaSalle, Indiana, is coming to Chicago to give the address on Friday evening, May 10th, subject "The Legal Status of the Saloon."

All are cordially invited to attend.

VILLAGE BOARD ORGANIZED

Old Board Finishes its Business

and New Members are

Installed.

The board of trustees met at the village hall Monday evening to finish up the work of the old board and for the purpose of organizing. President Lamey presided and all members were present with the exception of Trustee Willmarth.

The treasurer's report for the month of April and annual statement, which was reported as correct by an auditing committee composed of President Lamey and Trustee Plagge were read and approved. Police Magistrate Arnett C. Lines made his semi-annual report showing fines collected by him to be six dollars.

The election expense bills and salaries of members of the board were allowed.

The board of local improvements reported that W. B. Ewing had completed the work of extension of water mains on Main street and that the cost of same was \$1,546.78; also that S. J. Palmer had finished the work on extension on Station and Cook streets and the amount due to him was \$2,807.04 and recommended payment of same. The report of the board was received and confirmed and the President and clerk directed to issue bonds to the amount due Ewing and Palmer.

There was some iron pipe left on the two jobs and the question of purchasing same from contractors was referred to committee on Fire and Water. President Lamey made a short address, thanking the board for the many courtesies extended to him by them, and also gave brief review of work accomplished in the past few years. At this point President-elect George W. Spomer in a short address presented Mr. Lamey with a gold headed cane as a gift from the board and friends. It was a complete surprise and all Lamey could do was to thank them for the remembrance which he prizes highly. The board then adjourned sine die.

The new board convened immediately after with President Spomer in the chair; the other new members are Trustees George J. Hager and Henry J. Lageschulte.

Applications for dump shop licenses of George W. Spomer, J. H. Forbes, Paul Miller and John Schlupp were received together with bonds required. The applications and bonds were accepted and approved and the President and Clerk directed to issue licenses on payment of \$500.

The board will meet in regular session next Monday evening when President Spomer will announce the standing committees and appointments will then be made.

Seized By Sheriff.

Friday evening of last week Sheriff Griffin of Waukegan took possession of the Hill-Jahnke property on Main street, which has been in litigation for several years past. Mr. Hill was evicted from the premises and the property turned over to Charles Jahnke under an order of court.

The property was purchased by Mr. Jahnke at a sheriff's sale to satisfy judgment filed up at the time Mr. Hill's wife secured a divorce from him some twelve years ago. Mr. Jahnke paid \$1,000 at that time and supposed he had clear title to the property.

Mr. Hill held possession under his homestead rights and was sustained by the higher courts, but waived the right when he gave a Charlotte Strobach a warranty deed to the property some time ago to secure a loan made from her. Mr. Jahnke secured a quit claim deed from Mrs. Strobach on payment of \$500, which the court held entitled him to possession of the premises in dispute.

80th Anniversary.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows, No. 560, to the number of thirty-five members with fifteen ladies of the Rebecca lodge, marched in a body last Sunday evening to St. Paul's church to listen to an address delivered by Rev. Stanger in commemoration of the 80th anniversary of the lodge. The church was decorated in tissue paper streamers and ornaments in red, white and blue, the lodge colors, and the choir sang music especially arranged for the occasion.

Rev. Stanger dwelt in his talk on the grand old order, its history, its charity work for old folks and children, its benefits and principles. The lecture pleased the audience and the appreciation of Rev. Stanger's knowledge and abilities.

Barrington Review.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.
BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

Ambassador White and his son are the tallest members of the diplomatic corps in Paris.

It is sometimes difficult in Central America to tell where one war ends and the next begins.

Vienna dressmakers have won a strike for higher wages. We know who will foot the bills.

Japanese may land in Canada, which has no impassable barrier separating it from the United States.

Two men have invented great fuel savers within the last few days, but so far no one has come forward with a self-running lawn mower.

Hetty Green merely observes of current large philanthropic gifts by rich people that they are "none of her business." Not in her line, in fact.

The Mikado and the crown prince of Japan are each having an album made of photographs of all the military and naval officers killed in the war with Russia.

The story about Mr. Fairbanks' "hanging to a strap" in a New York elevated train is an obvious fake. One can't hang to a thing one has to stoop to reach.

The unpleasant thing about it is that under recent weather conditions public opinion practically compels you to go off or admit that you are really younger than you look.

Roumania is rebelling and rioting because Russia did. Which goes again to show that nations are merely aggregations of individuals, and that their foundation is human nature.

President Bonilla, who, when last heard from, was fleeing, is to give battle again to his enemy. Evidently he believes in the maxim that he who fights and runs away will live to fight another day.

Of course, a college education costs a good deal more now than formerly, but just think how much oftener and for how much less reason the collegians get their pictures in the papers nowadays.

Admiral Dewey is preparing to move out of the house that was presented to him by a grateful people. Evidently the admiral has no more presidential ambitions and is sensible enough to do as he pleases.

A Minneapolis man spanked his wife, after she had kicked him out of bed, and was sentenced to five days in the workhouse. How, asks the Buffalo Express, can women be given more rights when men have no rights at all?

In estimating the probable detriment to the railroad business involved in the hostility of American legislatures, says the President's Journal, it should be remembered that most of the proposed statutes will never be passed.

Whales weighing hundreds of tons sometimes rise slowly and deliberately out of the water until they appear to be dancing on the surface and then sink slowly back. As has been seen to occur over a small boat without touching—an estimated leap of 20 feet above the water.

Nathaniel W. Voorhees, father of ex-Gov. Foster M. Voorhees of New Jersey, was a delegate to the national convention of 1860, which nominated Lincoln for the presidency. Mr. Voorhees, who is now nearly 60 years old, believes that he and United States Senator Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois are the only surviving members of that historic gathering.

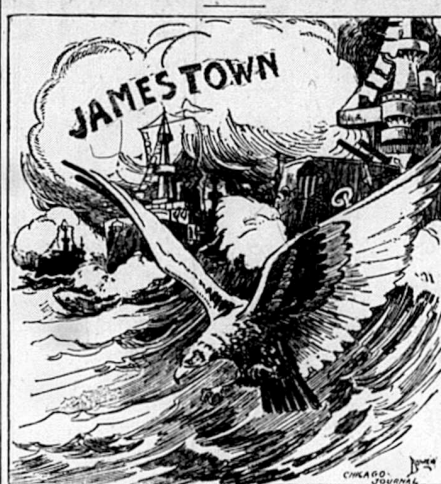
President Roosevelt reads a greater number of daily newspapers at present than he was ever known to read before. If anything, he scans their news pages with more avidity than their editorial pages. The old custom of some member of his office force clipping from the daily papers merely such articles as he judged of the interest of the president has been abolished, at least temporarily, and now every paper, whole, is laid before him immediately upon its delivery to the White House.

Close elections are not uncommon in any representative government, but it is not often that one constituency is so closely divided for so long a time as the parliamentary division of North Tyrone, in Ireland. In the last five elections, beginning with 1892, the total number of votes cast has varied less than 400. The largest majority at any election was 91, says Youth's Companion. Once it was 55 and once 41. Nine was the majority of the Liberal candidate in 1896, and seven of his successor at the by-election in March of this year.

A society has been formed in California to promote ideal marriages. But unfortunately for its success the members will first have to secure perfect husbands and faultless wives, and here again the old, old obstacle to Utopian schemes bob up in the shape of original sin and human nature.

The report that John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was seen walking through Tarrytown with a bundle of steaks under his arm, oughtn't to create any excitement. Why, a man of his income could afford to walk through town with a bundle of steaks under his arm.

THE AMERICAN EAGLE INDORSES THE PEACE CONFERENCE.



BINGER HERMANN ACQUITTED

FREED OF CHARGE OF DESTROYING PUBLIC RECORDS.

Long Trial of Ex-Congressman and Former Commissioner of Land Office Ended.

Washington. — Binger Hermann, former congressman from Oregon, and former commissioner of the general land office, was acquitted of the charge of destroying public records by the verdict of a jury rendered at 12:40 o'clock Saturday. The trial had progressed for 12 weeks, and the jury deliberated 21 hours before reaching a verdict.

Nothing was heard from the jury room after the jury retired at 3:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, until 11 o'clock Saturday, when word came that it was desired that Justice Stanford repeat his charge to them. This request was granted after brief argument of counsel, and the next hour and a half was occupied in rereading the charge, after which Justice Stanford, who, at ten o'clock Friday night



had sent word to the jury room that it would be better at that time to drop consideration of the case and get some sleep, advised that the jury proceed to their luncheon before endeavoring to reach an agreement. The jury, however, disregarded this admonition, and within ten minutes after its second retirement appeared with the verdict of "not guilty."

There was immediately a general scene of congratulation in the court room. Mr. Hermann expressed his thanks to each juror, and to his counsel. United States Attorney Baker and many others in the court room congratulated the defendant.

ARRESTS IN RISK INQUIRY.

Manager and Watchers for Policy Holders Accused of Conspiracy.

New York. — Sensational results have quickly followed the inquiry by the district attorney's office into the recent election of directors of the New York Life Insurance company. George R. Scruggs, manager of the international policyholders' committee, which inspired the present investigation, making grave charges against those who conducted the election, was himself placed under arrest at Albany Tuesday night, charged with conspiracy. On the same charge Charles Stitt and C. F. Carrington were arrested in New York. They were watchers for the policyholders. It is charged that they caused the counting of defective, altered and forged ballots. Earlier on Tuesday Jacob Frank, a New York Life Insurance agent, was arrested charged with forgery in the third degree.

To Drive Oil Trust from Ohio. Findlay, O.—George H. Phelps Tuesday afternoon filed a suit in the common pleas court against the Standard Oil company, its subsidiary companies and directors of the companies asking that they be enjoined from doing business in the state of Ohio.

Great Baku Strike Ended. Baku.—The Baku oil strike is ended. Most of the shipping companies granted a ten per cent. increase in wages and other concessions, which the strikers accepted.

U. OF C. GETS \$2,000,000 GIFT.

Rockefeller Presents School with Midway Plaisance Land.

Chicago. — Land valued at \$2,000,000 has been given by John D. Rockefeller to the University of Chicago. Announcement of the gift caused rejoicing on the part of the student body and faculty of the institution.

The newly acquired property is a strip of land along the Midway Plaisance from Madison avenue to Cottage Grove avenue. Although bought at a cost of about \$1,500,000 it is valued at \$2,000,000 at the present time, according to Wallace Hookman, business agent of the university, and constitutes Mr. Rockefeller's richest gift of realty to the university. The property is 200 feet deep.

The new property will ultimately be used for the William R. Harper memorial library, the proposed schools of medicine and engineering, a new ball park and a general athletic field, which will be used in addition to Marshall field. According to President Harry Pratt Judson the land will suffice for the needs of the school for a generation.

By the present donation the total of Mr. Rockefeller's gifts to the university is brought to \$21,316,922.

PACKERS MUST PAY FINES.

Federal Court of Appeals Upholds Conviction for Rebating.

St. Paul, Minn.—Judge Sanborn Monday filed the opinion of the United States circuit court of appeals, which he had written, affirming the judgment of the United States district court for the western district of Missouri against the packers for accepting concessions of 12 cents a hundred pounds from the portion of the established rate for the transportation of provisions on through bills of lading from Kansas City to Christiania and other points in foreign countries. Judges Hook and Adams concur in the opinion.

The lower court imposed a penalty of \$15,000 on each of the indicted firms, and these fines have been affirmed. The defendants in the case involved in the decision are Armour & Co., Swift & Co., and the Cudahy Packing company.

MAYOR SCHMITZ "SQUEALS."

Makes Partial Confession, Hoping for Reduced Sentence.

San Francisco. — Late Sunday night Mayor David J. Schmitz admitted that he had secured immunity from punishment, or at least concessions in the form of a reduced sentence, has made a partial confession of his guilt of the charges of graft.

Detective Burns admitted that Schmitz had made a statement which sheds new and important light on the operation of the graft trust, but would not give out the details. He said: "Schmitz has made a partial confession in relation to the trolley deal and other matters. The negotiations for this statement were carried on with a high official of the city. Schmitz has admitted that previous to the granting of the trolley franchise he and other city officials reached an understanding with President Calhoun."

Noted Pathfinder Dead.

Denver, Col.—David J. Cook, a noted pathfinder and detective, died suddenly here Monday of heart disease, aged 60 years. He was born in Laporte county, Ind.

Pioneer Lake Captain Dead.

Marine City, Mich.—Capt. George H. Cottrell, one of the pioneer captains on the great lakes, died at his home here Tuesday, aged 90 years, after an illness of one week. Capt. Cottrell began sailing the lakes in 1836.

Baptist Elder Is Dev.

Parkersburg, W. Va.—Rev. J. D. Simmons, the city editor of the Baptist Banner, who was stricken with apoplexy on Sunday, died Tuesday. He was one of the best known ministers in West Virginia.

FAIR OPEN TO WORLD

PRESIDENT IS CHIEF FIGURE IN JAMESTOWN CEREMONY.

QUELLS INCIPENT PANIC

Reviews the International War Fleets, Makes a Vigorous Address and Presses the Gold Button.

Norfolk, Va.—President Roosevelt, the diplomatic, naval and military representatives of 37 of the nations of the world, and the governors of 60 of the states, participated Friday in the opening exercises of the Jamestown Tercentennial exposition.

From the firing of a sunrise salute of 300 guns by the United States army, through the picturesque review of the international fleet of war vessels anchored in Hampton Roads, through the ceremonies of dedication at which the president spoke, and down to a late hour at night, when the chief executive was aboard the naval yacht Sybil to spend the night in the lower bay, the day was crowded with notable incidents.

Not the least impressive of the day's events was the action of the president in assuming command of the situation in front of the crowded grandstand from which he spoke, when a panic seized the surging throng of spectators. Pressed against the guard ropes by thousands of eager persons in the rear of the gathering, who were forcing their way forward, the safety of life and limb of those who had the more favored positions was endangered. With the agility of a school-boy, the president jumped upon the table which has been placed in the speakers' balcony, and, with his arms outstretched to the men of Virginia to live up to their traditions of gallantry and cease the crowding which was threatening the lives of the women and children, he commanded the crowd to heed the president's warning at once.

Some of the president's remarks—noticeably when he touched upon the subject of the recent peace congress in New York—were addressed to the representatives of the many nations of the world; others were emphasized to the soldiers and sailors who took part in the review. The president's program, and other thoughts to which he gave utterance were directed toward the general public. There were constant outbursts of applause and cheering. The president's remarks were made to the gallantry of the men who fought in the civil war—beneath the banners of the north or the cross-banded flag of the confederacy—was the cheering and the applause unintermitted.

The military encamped about the exposition grounds began the day's ceremonies with the firing of the three-hundred salute. From thereafter from across the waters of Hampton Roads came the boom of ship cannon, signaling the beginning of the review by the president of the most formidable fleet of international battleships and cruisers the world has witnessed in many years.

On board the tiny cruiser yacht Mayflower, the president, with a few especially invited guests, was greeted first by a roar of 21 guns from each of the vessels, foreign and American. Then, as he steamed along the lane of the visiting men of war, he was saluted individually and in turn by the battleship and cruiser at anchor in the roads. The marine picture, viewed from shore by thousands and from the decks of excursion and pleasure craft by almost as many more, was at once imposing and impressive.

When his yacht had anchored in the very midst of the naval vessels, the president received on board the foreign fleet and the flag officers of the home squadron. The ceremonies of dedication were brief, the features being the addresses of President Roosevelt, the exposition and President Roosevelt. The latter, at the conclusion of his address, pressed the gold button, which formally marked the opening of the commemorative day. Then followed an informal luncheon to the president and 40 other guests in the Auditorium or administration building. The repeat ended, the president repeated again to the throng, which he reviewed a parade of United States soldiers and sailors.

Leiter Wins Explosion Suit.

Boston. — The jury here returned a verdict of acquittal in the case of the people against Zeigler Coal company, charged with employing mine examiners without certificates of competency. The case grew out of an informal luncheon to the president and 40 other guests in the Auditorium or administration building. The repeat ended, the president repeated again to the throng, which he reviewed a parade of United States soldiers and sailors.

Fails to Die; Sues Rope Maker.

Rochester, N. Y.—William Wheeler of Norwood, has sued Rufus Wheeler for \$200 damages, alleging that a rope which he bought of Wheeler with which to hang himself broke under his weight.

Flour for Starving Chinese.

San Francisco.—The government transport Buford, sailed for the coast Tuesday for Chinkiang with 4,000,000 pounds of American flour on board for the famine sufferers in northeastern China.

MINERS ARE FOUND ALIVE

TWO RESCUERS REACH THEM THROUGH THE WATER.

Seven Men, Imprisoned Since Friday Noon, Too Weak to Bring Out Until Mine is Drained.

Johnstown, Pa.—After being entombed since last Friday noon in the Berwind White Coal company mine No. 28, at Foustwell, near here, the seven miners who were shut off from the world by a sudden rush of water caused by the breaking of a wall of an abandoned mine, were rescued at ten o'clock Tuesday night.

The men were greatly exhausted. Owing to their weakened condition it was decided not to bring them out until after the mine had been drained. Never in the history of the mining region has such a joyous scene been witnessed as when the unfortunate men were reached. Hundreds of people, who gathered about watching the work of rescue, cheered, laughed and cried.

The men were reached at ten o'clock by Stiney Rodon and Charles Ream, who made a dash through 50 feet of water-filled heading.

Over an hour elapsed before either man was heard from, and then Ream came swimming back through the heading, bringing the first news from the imprisoned seven. The effort had nearly exhausted Ream. He reported that the seven men were alive and all in good shape, but that until more pumping was done the passage to the place where they had taken refuge was impossible to those who could not swim.

Ream and his comrade carried to the imprisoned men simply a flask of brandy and a little water. He reported that Mike Bolya, since the breaking of the walls between the abandoned workings, had been in charge of the movements of his comrades.

When stock was taken of the available supply of provisions it was found that three baskets were of rats' half-eaten. The scanty store of rations lasted until Monday morning, since when the men had nothing to eat. During the whole time the seven imprisoned men had gone without water, fearing to drink the water from the abandoned workings.

Ream stated that at the place where the men had sought refuge there had been a supply of ties left for track laying purposes. With these Bolya and his comrades had built a platform upon which they sought refuge and when found there they were not only high but dry.

CABRERA HAS A CLOSE CALL.

Mine is Exploded Under the President of Guatemala.

Guatemala City, Guatemala.—Estrada Cabrera, president of Guatemala, narrowly escaped assassination Monday. He left his private residence for his customary drive, accompanied by his staff. While passing along Avenida, a bomb exploded at first supposed to have been caused by a bomb, occurred, killing the horses attached to the presidential carriage, wounding the coachman and injuring several staff officers, including Gen. Orellana, the chief of staff.

Examination showed that the explosion had been caused not by a bomb, but by a mine. The conspirators dug a tunnel from the city of houses rented by a man named Rafael Rodi, placed explosives under the roadway and connected them by wire with a battery in Rodi's house and from there to the mine. Many suspects have been arrested.

SHEEP CAMP DYNAMITED.

Seven Hundred Animals Perish in a Fire in Cheyenne, Wyo.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—An explosion of dynamite at John Lind's sheep camp, Trapper Creek, Big Horn county, Sunday night, killed 500 sheep and completely destroyed camp wagons and other possessions of the camp. The story of the outrage was told by a boy who said that a band of masked men raided the camp and after blinding him securely arranged for the work of destruction.

JUDGES OF CONTEST HAZED.

Tied to Trees by Displeased Freshmen of Shurtleff College.

Upper Alton, Ill.—Having decided in favor of the sophomores in an oratorical contest at Shurtleff college Thursday night, which decision was displeasing to the freshmen, Prof. M. M. Mogan, of St. Louis, and E. M. Dwyer, general advertising agent for the Missouri Pacific system, two of the three judges, were seized by the freshmen, tied to trees on the campus and left helpless until morning.

Coldest April in 26 Years.

Washington.—The month ending Tuesday was the coldest April in the last 26 years and within a degree of the coldest April ever experienced, according to the weather bureau.

Montenegrins Are in Revolt.

Vienna.—Dispatches received here Monday night report the outbreak of a revolt and a grave political crisis in Montenegro. Armed companies are marching on Cetinje and serious street fights have occurred at Podgoritz.

John C. Schwartz Is Dead.

Cincinnati.—The C. Schwartz, former county attorney, prosecuting attorney for two terms and at one time prominent in Republican politics in this city, died at his home here Monday from consumption.

DONE IN A HURRY

GREAT RAILROAD STUNT OF THE LONG AGO.

Man Who Helped to "Narrow" the Grand Trunk Line Tells How the Work Was Pushed to its Completion.

Uncle Ame Bryant of Bryant's Pond, Me., took part in a railroad stunt back in '72, which makes one realize that the much abused railroads have accomplished some big things in 35 years.

Uncle Ame helped, as he says, to "narrow" the Grand Trunk. It may



surprise some folks to know that the Grand Trunk was originally built to a five foot gauge.

The result was endless trouble, both when the Grand Trunk cars were sent over other lines or strange cars were to be run on the Grand Trunk. Cars had to be specially constructed to meet the contingency, with loose wheels on one side so that they could be set over to fit whatever gauge might come their way.

These loose wheels were fastened with metal pins which were forever working loose and causing all manner of smashups. Traffic suffered, delays ensued and the system was eventually found to be impracticable. Something had to be done about it.

Finally the wise ones got their heads together and agreed that the track would have to be narrowed. It would be too expensive to change while the herculean task was being accomplished. The wise ones talked and talked and finally hit upon a plan, Uncle Ame helped carry out that plan.

"Word came to us 'long in the spring of '72 that the old railroad was a-goin' to be narrowed," he said to a reporter. "That was good news, mister. The wide gauge was no end of a bother, what with transferring freight and passengers, wheels comin' off perpetual, an' trains runnin' into 'tch ditch. So we was glad to hear the standard gauge was a-comin' 'spite of all the trouble and expense, you bet."

"First thing we had to do, 'y see, was to unsnipe one rail all along the inside, leavin' just three spikes to hold her."

"At four a. m. we was all ready on the depot platform. Pretty soon along comes an engine and some flat cars to take us to our new positions. Mine was furthest from the depot."

"There you be," says the conductor, lettin' us off. "Now you wait right here until you see two trains pass with signs on the back car; then get busy."

"Purty soon we heard a whistle an' along comes the east-bound, makin' things lively. 'Twa't a great while before we heard number two kiltin' along 't'her way. By she whizzed in a cloud of smoke an' cinders. Stick 'em out from the back platform we see s'en 't'her 't'wa goin' west."

"Now jump, boys! I holiered, an' they jumped some, I tell ye!"

"They certainly did make them spikes fly! One man held a gauge, two was armed with drawbars an' the rest had sledge hammers an' spikes. Those with the bars run along pullin' out the three spikes that held each rail, others slipped the rail over to the gauge an' the rest spiked down to every other tie."

Coaches for Honeymooners.

The young folk whose springtime fancies are turned toward matrimony and honeymooners will rejoice to hear that the Midland Railroad company has its fatherly eye on them, and hence a "honeymooners' carriage" has been introduced into the service of the railway. Says the Dundee (Scotland) Advertiser. Happily, the carriage is not to attract the unmerciful curiosity of other passengers. It is meant, on the couple principle, and it holds two persons—and no more! These two-seat compartments will enable honeymooners to obtain the advantage of a reserved compartment at the price of two tickets. The new compartment is in the middle of the new composite coaches which have just been built; they are linked up by a side corridor with the other compartments of the coach. At present these carriages are known in cold official language as "Composite corridor coaches."



THE ELUC

By DAVID GRAHAM PHILLIPS, Author of 'THE COAST' and 'THE ELUC'.

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CHAPTER XXVI—Continued.

"Possibly," said I, with no disposition to combat views based on I knew not what painful experience. "But I don't care for the sort of liking—from a woman, or from a dog."

"It's the only kind you'll get," he retorted, he, trying to control his agitation. "I'm an old man. I know human nature—that's why I live alone. You'll take that kind of liking, or do without."

"Then I'll do without," said I. "Give her an income, and she'll go. I see it all. You've flattered her vanity by showing your love for her—that's the way with women. They go crazy about themselves, and forget all about the man. Give her an income and she'll go."

"I doubt it," said I. "And you would, if you knew her. But, even so, I shall lose her in any event. For, unless she is made independent, she'll certainly go with the last of the little money she has, the remnant of a small legacy."

The old man argued with me, the more vigorously, I suspect, because he found me resolute. When he could think of no new way of turning his case—his case against Anita—he said: "You are a fool, young man—that's clear. I wonder such a fool was ever able to get together as much property as report credits you with. But—you're the kind of fool I like."

"Then—you'll indulge my folly?" said I, smiling.

He threw up his arms in a gesture of mock despair. "If you will have it so," he replied. "I am curious about this niece of mine. I want to see her. I want to see the woman who can resist you."

"Her mind and her heart are closed against me," said I. "And it is my own fault—I closed them."

"Put her out of your head," he advised. "No woman is worth a serious man's while."

"I have few wants, few purposes," said I. "But those few I pursue to the end. Even though she were not worth while, even though I wholly lost hope, still I don't give her up. I couldn't—that's my nature. But she is worth while. And I could see her, slim and graceful, the curves in her face and figure that made my heart leap, the smile shown upon her petal-like skin, the mystery of the soul lurking from her eyes."

After we had arranged the business—or, rather, arranged to have it arranged through our lawyers—he walked down to the pier with me. At the gangway he gave me another searching look from head to foot—but vastly different from the inspection with which our interview had begun. "You are a devilish handsome young fellow," said he. "Your pictures don't do you justice. And I shouldn't have believed any man could overcome in one brief sitting such a prejudice as I had against you. On second thought, I don't care to see her. She must be even below the average."

"Or far above it," I suggested.

"I suppose I'll have to ask her over to visit me," he went on. "A fine hypocrite I'll feel."

"You can make it one of the conditions of your gift that she is not to thank you or speak of it," said I. "I fear your face would betray us, if she ever did."

"An excellent idea!" he exclaimed. Then, as he shook hands with me in farewell: "You will win her yet—if you care to."

As I stepped up the Strand, I was tempted to put in at Dawn Hill's harbor. Through my glass I could see Anita and Alva and several others, men and women, having tea on the lawn under a red and white awning. I could see her dress—a violet suit with a big violet hat to match. I knew that costume. Like everything else, it was beautiful in its simplicity, and most becoming to her. I could see her face, could almost make out its expression—did I see, or did I imagine, a cruel contrast to what I always saw when she knew I was looking?

I gazed until the trees hid lawn and gay awning, and that lively company and her. In my bitterness I was full of resentment against her, full of self-pity. I quite forgot, for that moment, her side of the story.

XXVII.

BLACKLOCK SEES A LIGHT

I was next day, I think, that I met Mowbray Langdon and his brother Tom in the entrance of the Textile Building. Mowbray was back only a week from his summer abroad; but Tom I had seen and talked to every day, often several times in the day, as he went to and fro about his "respectable" dirty work for the Roebuck-Langdon clique. He was one of their most frequently used stoop-pigeons, directors in banks and insurance companies whose funds they staked in their big gambling operations, they taking almost all the profits and the deposits and policy holders taking almost all the risk. It had never once occurred to me to have any feel-

since. "A sore subject with all the Langdons," thought I. "It must be very sore, indeed, to make a man who is all manners, neglect them."

"I am strong and secure," said I to myself as I strode through the wonderful canyon of Broadway, whose walls are those mighty palaces of finance and commerce from which business men have been ousted by "magnate" "captains of industry." I must use my strength. How could I better use it than by flustering these vultures on their roosts, and perhaps bringing down a bird or two?

I decided, however, that it was better to wait until they had stopped rattling their beaks and claws on my shell in futile attack. "Meanwhile," I reasoned carefully, "I can be getting good and ready."

Their first move, after my little talk with Langdon, was intended as a mortal blow to my credit. Melville requested me to withdraw my account from the National Industrial Bank; and the fact that this huge and powerful institution had thus branded me was slyly given to the financial reporters of the newspapers. Far and wide it was published; and the public was expected to believe that this was one more and drastic measure in the "campaign of the honorable men of finance to clean the Augean Stables of Wall Street." My daily letter to investors next morning led off with this paragraph: "The first notice I had taken publicly of their attacks on me."

"In the effort to discredit the only remaining uncontrolled source of financial truth, the big bandits have ordered my accounts out of their chief gambling-house. I have transferred the accounts to the Discount and Deposit National, where Leonidas Thornley stands guard against the new order that seeks to make business a synonym for crime."

Thornley was of the type that was dominant in our commercial life before the "financiers" came—just as song birds were common in our trees

But I believe evil of no man. When he has been convicted, I see the mitigating circumstances."

How Thornley did stand by me! And for no reason except that it was as necessary for him to be fair and just as to breathe. I shall not say he resisted the attempts to compel him to desert me—he simply made no impression on him. I remember when Roebuck himself, a large stockholder in the bank, left cover far enough personally to urge him to throw me over, he replied steadfastly:

"If Mr. Blacklock is guilty of circulating false stories against commercial enterprises, as his enemies allege, the penal code can be used to stop him. But as I say, I stand by the head of this bank, no man shall use it for personal vengeance. It is a chartered public institution, and all have equal rights to its facilities. I would lend money to my worst enemy if he came for it with the proper security. I would refuse my best friend, if he could not give security. The funds of a bank are a trust fund, and I am bound to protect them. I employed to the best advantage. If you wish other principles to prevail here, you must get another president."

That settled it. No one appreciated more fully than did Roebuck that character is as indispensable in its place as is craft where the situation demands craft—and is far harder to get.

I shall not relate in detail that campaign which I failed not so much because I was strong as because I was weak. Perhaps, if Roebuck and I had been alone, I might have succeeded. They would not have let me separate him from his bank, even when I showed up his surface; they would not have neglected to follow up advantages, would not have persisted in lines of attack that created public sympathy to me. They could not have so crudely exploited my conventional marriage and my financial relations with old Elmer. But they dared not go near the battle field; they had to trust to agents whom their orders and suggestions reached by the most roundabout ways; and they were busier with their enterprises that involved immediate and great gain or loss of money.

When Galloway died, they learned that the Coal stocks with which they thought I was loaded down were part of his estate. They satisfied themselves that I was in fact as impregnable as I had seemed. They reversed tactics; Roebuck tried to make it up with me. "If he wants to see me," was my invariable answer to the intimations of his emissaries, "let him come to my office. Just as I would go to his, if I wished to see him."

"He is a big man—a dangerous big man," cautioned Joe.

"Big—yes. But strong only against his own kind," replied I. "One mouse can make a whole herd of elephants squeal for mercy."

"It isn't prudent, it isn't prudent," persisted Joe.

"It is not," replied I. "Thank God, I'm at last in the position I've been toiling to achieve. I don't have to be prudent. I can say and do what I please, without fear of the consequences. I can freely indulge in the luxury of being a man. That's costly, Joe, but it's worth all it could cost."

Joe didn't understand me—he rarely did. "I'm a hen. You're an eagle," said he.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

A HOUSEWARMING.

Joe's daughter, staying on and on at Dawn Hill, was chief lieutenant, if not principal, in my conspiracy to drift Anita day by day further and further into the routine of the new life. Yet neither of us had shown by word or look that a thorough understanding existed between my part was to be unobtrusive, friendly, neither indifferent nor eager, and I held to it by taking care never to be left alone with Anita; Alva's part was to be herself simple and natural and smiling, full of life and laughter, mocking at those moods that betray us into the absurdity of taking ourselves too seriously.

I was getting ready a new house in town as a surprise to Anita, and I took Alva into my plot. "I wish Anita's part of the house to be exactly to her liking," said I. "Can't you set her no dreaming about what kind of place she would like to live in, what she would like to open her eyes on in the morning, what surroundings she'd like to dress in and read in, and all that?"

Alva had no difficulty in carrying out the suggestions. And by harassing Westlake incessantly, I succeeded in realizing her report of Anita's dream of the shade of the draperies and the silk that covered the walls. By pushing the work, I got the house done just as Alva was warning me that she could not remain longer at Dawn Hill, but was to go home and get ready for her wedding. When I went down to arrange with her the details of the surprise, who should meet me at the station but Anita herself. I took one glance at her serious face and, much disconcerted, seated myself beside her in the little trap. Instead of following the usual route to the house she turned her horse into the hayrack road.

"Several days ago," she began, as the bend hid the station, "I got a letter from some lawyers, saying that an uncle of mine had given me a large sum of money—a very large sum. I have been inquiring about it, and said it is mine absolutely."

(To be Continued.)

The Effect of the Aeroplane on War

By W. T. STEAD, London Journalist.

It is not probable that the chief use of the aeroplane in warfare will be to fight other aeroplanes, but rather to drop high explosives upon ships and fortresses. If the airship can be navigated with as much certainty as ships can be steered and propelled at sea, there seems to be some reason to fear that it will within a short space of time convert the navies of the world into scrap iron. Half a dozen aeroplanes floating in midair over battleships at anchor in a roadstead or a harbor would be able to drop bombs charged with high explosives on the decks of the floating fortresses. They would get the range, so to speak, for their aerial torpedoes by dropping hand grenades, and then a single well placed projectile might put the greatest warship out of action. The peril of the Dreadnought from the submarine is as nothing to the danger from this overhead bombardment. For the submarine is not worth much on the high seas, and ships in docks or inclosed harbors are safe from its attack. To aeroplanes ships in docks would be more exposed than if they were lying outside in the open.

It may be that the sovereignty of the sea, which secures England's immunity from invasion, may be destroyed by bolts from the blue. In that case, as we no longer should be able to rely upon our fleets to defend our shores, the advocates of universal military service would have everything their own way.

It is probable that the use of the aeroplane may entirely revolutionize the art of war. For example, the defense of fortresses would become almost impossible if the besiegers could at any hour of the day or night with comparative impunity drop huge shells charged with high explosives in the heart of the citadel or rain down Greek fire upon the enemies' arsenals and ship yards. All fortified places are constructed on the assumption that no attack will be made from them from above.

Therefore it is by no means improbable that the forthcoming conference at The Hague may find itself occupied with a subject which has no place on the official programme. The question will arise, if a new weapon of warfare has been discovered which renders existing methods obsolete, shall we attempt to prevent its use, or shall we be driven to admit that war itself has become practically impossible? In other words, has the aeroplane brought us face to face with the situation to which the discovery of Vril brought the nations in Lytton's "The Coming Race"?

Systematics in Religion

By REV. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, D.D.

Nature has her beauty through the emphasis of that system and method which the poet indicates are the source of his inspiration and ardor. For life means system and order; death means confusion and chaos. The toad-stool, that is irregular in its time and method of growth, and the apples of Sodom, stuffed with soot and ashes, represent the disregard of systematic growth. The harvests are, indeed, "the lyric thoughts of God, falling from His almighty solitude," yet they fall at stated periods. The seasons are the notes flying forth from the strings of Nature's lyre as God's solemn hands wander over the possibilities of beauty, yet these notes have their ordained intervals. David's prayer and song, rising at morning and noon and evening, do but repeat Nature's plan and method.

If in Nature's realm system has perfected our flowers and fruits, the history of our great writers tells us that in the realm of literature systematic toil has polished our most perfect poems and perfected all great philosophies. Drudgery hath gifts to bestow beyond the wealth of earth's most famous instructors. Were we to search out the secret of earth's greatest writers we would find that these votaries have, like David, lingered morning, noon and night in the temple of art, of eloquence or of sweet song. It has been affirmed that in the realm of eloquence man must wait the coming of his nobler moods, that the greatest artists are born, not trained; that the highest eloquence represents certain critical and unexpected moments that of necessity can neither be anticipated nor prepared for. But fortunately the history of our orators is not hidden, and it tells of no orator or statesman whose supreme gifts have not represented systematic practice. For material riches without begin with meditation and the enrichment and culture of the soul within, and each hero and saint of the spiritual life has said with David: "Evening and morning and noon will I pray." When the multitudes cease to flow into the sanctuary to bathe themselves in God's divine ether, to wash the grime from the soul's garments, to sharpen the dulled instruments of the spirit, that moment the bloom and beauty will begin to pass from our arts, our literature, our music, our laws, and the very springs of civilization will dry up. The soul is in its highest mood only when it enters regularly and systematically into the sanctuary, and there, through arduous worship, strengthens that golden cord that binds it to the throne of love.

Rules for Perennial Youth

By DR. COHEN, Noted London Specialist.

What man or woman, growing old, would not give a fortune for the renewal of youth? With a little care they might have kept it for ten or a dozen years longer, but its value was not realized until too late.

Up to the age of 23 or 25 in the case of men, and 18 or 20 in the case of women, the framework of the body is being formed and the diet should be generous. After the thirtieth year has been passed it is no longer necessary to eat to make more tissues, but only to preserve equilibrium of weight and strength. Yet at that time eating is a pleasure highly appreciated. Therefore, most men and women eat too much, and this is the time of life when indiscretions in diet produce disease with especial frequency.

Do not eat heavy suppers. Drink little or no alcohol. Avoid rich meats and pastry. Do not grow fat by eating too much. Fat people seldom reach a good old age. The youthful old man is lean. Lessen your food continually as you grow older. Overeating produces all the diseases that make one old. Underfeeding shortens life. Just enough and a trifle over is the ideal.

THE REVIEW

Entered as Second-Class Matter

W. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1907.

Supervisor's Report.

State of Illinois,
County of Lake.

Town of Cuba.

Office of Town Supervisor.

The following is a statement by M. T. Lamey, Supervisor of the Town of Cuba, in the County and State aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 28th day of March 1907, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purpose expended, during said fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said M. T. Lamey, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received, and the sources from which received, and the amount expended, and purposes for which expended, as set forth in said statement.

M. T. LAMEY,
Supervisor.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 26th day of March, 1907.

A. L. ROBERTSON,
Notary Public.

FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

Amount of balance on hand at close of last preceding year.

Town fund..... \$23.67

Balance on hand in dog tax fund..... 318.84

L. C. Price, delinquent town tax..... 122.62

Henry Gieske, town tax..... 281.97

Henry Gieske, dog tax..... 108.76

Total..... 1125.66

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR PURPOSES EXPENDED.

C. Heimerdinger, Judge of election..... 5.00

F. H. Plagge, Clerk of election..... 5.00

F. J. Alverton, Clerk of election..... 5.00

E. F. Schaefer, Clerk of election..... 5.00

Fred Kirschner, Judge of election..... 5.00

M. T. Lamey, Judge of election..... 5.00

Barrington Post G. A. R. appropriation..... 25.00

Fred Kirschner, Assessor..... 150.00

Henry Rieke, Commissioner of Highways..... 34.00

J. W. Adams, Commissioner of Highways..... 14.00

William Padlock, Commissioner of Highways..... 14.00

E. J. Alverton, auditing..... 1.50

E. F. Harnsen, auditing..... 1.50

M. T. Lamey, auditing..... 1.50

F. H. Plagge, services town clerk..... 25.00

Herman Hacker, cutting thistles..... 28.50

Martin Tosney, cutting thistles..... 1.00

Dave Stewart, cutting thistles..... 1.50

E. W. Riley, services thistle commissioner..... 15.00

Margaret Lamey, rent for election..... 7.00

E. F. Harnsen, auditing..... 1.50

F. J. Alverton, auditing..... 1.50

M. T. Lamey, services supervisor and auditing..... 16.50

Fred Kirschner, Judge primary election..... 2.00

G. Heimerdinger, Judge primary election..... 2.00

M. T. Lamey, Judge primary election..... 2.00

E. F. Schaefer, Clerk primary election..... 2.00

F. H. Plagge, Clerk of primary election..... 2.00

Wm. Padlock, services commissioner of highways..... 14.00

J. W. Adams, services commissioner of highways..... 14.00

Henry Rieke, services commissioner of highways..... 14.00

F. H. Plagge, services town clerk..... 25.00

Barrington Review, printing and publishing..... 55.13

Herman Hacker, cutting thistles..... 10.00

E. W. Riley, services thistle commissioner..... 12.50

J. V. Courtney, sheep killed..... 21.00

Charles Davlin, sheep killed..... 10.00

Patrick Courtney, sheep killed..... 50.00

Total..... 640.53

Leaving balance in hands of supervisor..... 485.13

RECAPITULATION

Amount on hand at last report..... 318.84

Received since last report..... 108.76

Total..... 427.60

Paid out since last report..... 81.00

Transferred to town tax..... 46.40

Total..... 127.40

Balance on hand..... 300.00

TOWN TAX

Amount on hand last report..... 203.67

Received since last report..... 404.39

Transferred from dog tax fund..... 46.40

Total..... 744.96

Paid out since last report..... 559.53

Balance on hand..... 185.43

School Treasurer's Report.

State of Illinois,
Cook and Lake Counties, 188.

Township No. 42, Range 9, East of the third P. M.

Office of Township Treasurer.

The following is a statement by John L. Meiners, Township Treasurer of School District Number four, in the Counties and State aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the first day of April, 1907, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purpose expended, during said fiscal year ending as aforesaid.

The said John L. Meiners, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received, and the sources from which received, and the amount expended, and purposes for which expended, as set forth in said statement.

JOHN L. MEINERS,
Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 9th day of April, 1907.

JOHN C. PLAGGE,
Notary Public.

FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

Amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year commencing the 1st day of April, 1906..... \$ 145.32

April 3, Township appropriation..... 150.28

May 12, F. L. Waterman, treasurer Cuba 1905 school tax..... 1,051.83

June 1, E. J. Berghorn, treasurer Elia 1905 school tax..... 100.62

Aug. 18, Treasurer Cook county, railroad and delinquent taxes..... 600.00

Sept. 25, F. L. Waterman, treasurer Cuba railroad and delinquent taxes..... 882.73

Oct. 3, Township appropriation..... 29.25

Nov. 18, Treasurer Cook county, railroad and delinquent taxes..... 87.55

Dec. 1, E. J. Berghorn, treasurer Elia railroad and delinquent taxes..... 44.72

1907..... 5.00

Jan. 1, Sale of old seats..... 5.00

Feb. 1, J. C. Brasel, collector Barrington township, 1906 school taxes..... 4,532.28

Feb. 29, F. L. Waterman, treasurer Cuba 1906 school taxes..... 1,986.72

Feb. 29, Secretary Board of Education, tuition..... 387.94

Total received..... 10,944.08

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR PURPOSES EXPENDED.

School books stationery and supplies..... 312.56

Labor, teaming etc..... 132.03

Fuel..... 226.20

Balance on heating contract..... 500.00

Furniture and fixtures..... 106.25

Cement side walks..... 502.58

Engineering, superintending and grading of school grounds..... 475.64

Interest on bonds eighteen months..... 1,116.75

Window shades and fixtures..... 281.58

School maps..... 90.00

Water tax..... 27.12

Electric light and fixtures..... 31.85

Legal services..... 15.00

Secretary's salary and postage..... 36.22

Taking census..... 10.00

Janitor's service..... 506.50

Teachers salaries..... 5,019.02

Total..... 10,933.42

RECAPITULATION

Total amount received..... 10,944.08

Total amount expended..... 10,933.42

Leaving balance on hand..... 610.66

Wonderful Eczema Cure.

"Our little boy had eczema for five years," writes N. A. Adams, Henrietta, Pa. "Two of our home doctors said the case was hopeless, his lungs being affected. We then employed other doctors but no benefit resulted. By chance we read of Electric Bitters, bought a bottle and soon noticed improvement. We continued this medicine until several bottles were used when our boy was completely cured. Best of all blood medicines and body building health tonics. Guaranteed at Barrington Pharmacy, 50c.

Avoid Colds.

Spring brings cold rains; rains cause wet feet; wet feet encourage colds; colds produce doctors' bills. Avoid rains, wet feet, colds and doctors' bills by ordering a telephone. It will save you cool. CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Good Payments Valuable.

Of course it costs money to incur a payment, but there is no village or town which should not incur the expense of putting at least its main street in the best order. Such an improvement adds to the value of every piece of real estate within the limits.

C. F. HALL CO.
CASH DEPARTMENT STORE
DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

Handy for the Feet.

We have on hand but made to go on the feet, 62 different kinds of Hosiery. They are for both sexes and all ages—from the cradle to the grave. They are of different prices, according to the quality and size, but all are low priced, if you stop to consider how good they are. Here are a few of them:

Women's Ribbed Top Hose, 40 gauge, finest quality, per pair..... 1c
Men's fine quality, "fancy" Striped Hose..... 10c
Boys' and Girls' Heavy Ribbed Hose 10c
Tan Hose for Men, Women, or Children..... 10c
Tan Hose for Men or Women, seamless..... 10c
Women's Bronson Brown Lace Hose 10c
Men's Imported Black Hose..... 25c

Misses' Coats.

Sample garments, just purchased in New York City. Sizes 12 to 18. Grey Plaid Effects, trimmed with silk braid and green velvet collar \$4.00
Tan Coat, with green velvet collar and silk braid trimmings..... \$3.49
Plain Red Coats, with black velvet collar, a style much worn this season..... \$3.98
Coats in fashionable light plaids..... \$3.15

Misses' Skirts.

Received on the day I write this advertisement. Lengths are from 35 to 39 inches.
Blacks, Browns and Greys, in mixed goods..... \$1.98
Plain Blacks, Plaided Skirts, well made and trimmed..... \$1.29
Plain Greys' Plaided Skirts, trimmed with trimming buttons..... \$2.98

Men's Odd Coats.

All sizes. Various styles: double millinery, etc., etc. Wool, Worsted, and Corduroys. Bought in New York last week by G. C. Hall. We claim that in many cases the materials are worth more than the prices we ask for these coats..... \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98

49c Men's Fancy Shirts. 49c.

A full line of sizes in a variety of styles: all white shirts with plaided bosoms, white with colored bosoms, light or dark fancy patterns, etc., etc.

Millinery.

Our millinery department offers customers an opportunity to purchase hats as stylish as they can buy anywhere else, at prices which we believe to be lower than they will find anywhere else.

Misses' Suits.

Misses' satin lined Suits, sizes 14 to 18; dark tulle, greens, and blues, in plaid effects; trimmed with silk braid and velvet collar. Price \$7.98

Explanations.

An "Introduction Ticket" is secured by trading \$5.00 at one time and entitles you to 20c worth of goods in our 5 & 10 Cent Dept.

A "Horse Ticket," secured on the same terms, entitles you to the stabling and feeding of your team at any livery stable in Dundee.

A Dinner Ticket, secured on the same terms, entitles you to a dinner at any hotel or restaurant in Dundee.

Full particulars concerning all our offers to customers. Run out of town sent on request.

TRADE 10c AND SHOW ROUND TRIP TICKET AND WE REFUND YOUR CAR FARE. Dinner Tickets or Horse Tickets if you drive.

Subscribe for THE REVIEW.



DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS CURES ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES

SAVED HER SON'S LIFE

My son Rex was taken down a year ago with lung trouble. We doctor some months without improvement. Then I began giving Dr. King's New Discovery, and I soon noticed a change for the better. I kept this treatment up for a few weeks and now my son is perfectly well and works every day.

MRS. SAMP. RIPPEE, Ava, Mo.

50c AND \$1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

The BARRINGTON PHARMACY.

My Best Friend.

Alexander Benton, who lives on Rural Route 1, Fort Edward, N. Y., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is my best earthly friend. It cured me of asthma six years ago. It has also performed a wonderful cure of incipient consumption for my son's wife. The first bottle ended the terrible cough, and this accomplished, the other symptoms left one by one, until she was perfectly well. Dr. King's New Discovery's power over coughs and colds is simply marvelous." No other remedy has ever equalled it. Fully guaranteed by the Barrington Pharmacy. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Human Ant Eaters.

There is a Chinaman in New York who has a sign over his door that reads, "Strange Food Eaters." What to eat says that he sells a hundred of the funny little gray biscuits that he keeps with him for other odd stock every month at \$2.50 each. The biscuits are made from the dried and compressed bodies of African white ants, and there are people who can eat them without saying "light."

A Strange Tail.

Because of the effect from the tail of the comet, prognosticators assert that a hot summer is in prospect. Nothing so pleasing as a telephone in hot weather. You remain in your home or office and talk with friends without exertion. We have space for any nurse. CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Dancing.

Learn to dance, not so much for the sake of dancing as for coming into a room and presenting yourself genteelly and gracefully. Women, whom you ought to endeavor to please, cannot forgive a vulgar and awkward air and posture.—Chesterfield.

A Narrow Escape.

G. W. Cloyd, a merchant of Plunk, Mo., had a narrow escape four years ago, when he ran a jimson bar into his thumb. He says: "The doctor wanted to amputate it but I would not consent. I bought a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve and that cured the dangerous wound." 25c at Barrington Pharmacy.

The largest prayer meeting in the world is said to be held outside the great mosque of Delhi every Friday morning. There are from 3,000 to 4,000 persons at each service, and the audience is composed entirely of men, women not being allowed inside the sacred inclosure.

More Than a Regiment.

Sixteen hundred residents in cities and towns near Chicago ordered telephones during March. Does this fact appeal to you? Do you need more proof of the value of the service? Why not order NOW? CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Pumice stone is a mineral substance. It is produced by the solidification of the foam, or spume, on liquid lava. The spume being made by the escape of steam. The word pumice is derived from pumex, a Latin word akin to spume, or foam.—New York American.

Don't Pay Alimony.

to be divorced from your appendix. There will be no occasion for it if you keep your bowels regular with Dr. King's New Life Pills. Their action is so gentle that the appendix never has cause to make the least complaint. Guaranteed by Barrington Pharmacy. 25c. Try them.

Highway Commissioner's Report.

State of Illinois,
County of Lake.
Town of Cuba.
Office of Treasurer of Commissioners of Highways.

The following is a statement by Henry Rieke, Treasurer of the Commissioners of Highways of the Town of Cuba, in the County and State aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended, and for what purposes expended, during the fiscal year, ending on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1907, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year; the amount of public funds received, and from what sources received, and for what purposes expended, during the fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said Henry Rieke, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received, and from what sources received, and the amount expended, and purposes for which expended, as set forth in said statement.

HENRY RIEKE,
Treasurer of Commissioners of Highways.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 26th day of April, 1907.

FRANK J. ALVERSON,
Justice of the Peace.

FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

Amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year, commencing the first day of May 1906..... \$388.75

L. C. Price, delinquent road and bridge tax..... 280.67

L. C. Price, delinquent road and bridge tax..... 177.19

L. C. Price, delinquent road and bridge tax..... 6.48

Henry Rieke, town collector road and bridge tax..... 1199.94

Total received..... 2262.03

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR PURPOSES EXPENDED.

John Daily, use of right of way for highway purposes..... 30.00

George Stiefenhofer, repairs..... 2.75

John Beardon, willows..... 6.00

Wm. Padlock, road labor and material..... 227.15

Charles Grom, road labor..... 21.93

Lageschulte & Co., lumber..... 182.39

L. F. Schroeder, nails..... 6.38

J. W. Adams, road labor..... 224.66

J. F. Hollister, road labor..... 33.94

J. F. Hollister, bridge work..... 41.76

Plagge & Co., lumber..... 26.98

J. Daily, road labor..... 145.82

J. Daily, road labor..... 93.75

A. J. Cornwell, road labor..... 42.25

Henry Rieke, road labor..... 279.50

Henry Rieke, bridge work..... 76.38

August Haak, labor and lumber..... 3.00

Wm. Leonard, road labor..... 5.00

P. Martin, road labor..... 28.00

C. C. Stannett, road labor..... 50.00

Martin Tosney, road labor..... 3.15

Time of year when nature and men alike put on new garb and brighten up a bit. Speaking of

what are you going to do about yours? I make bright, snappy suits in all the latest weaves and patterns. Come in and let me show you my new Spring and Summer samples.

Math. Pecak Merchant Tailor
Barrington, Illinois

The kind you ought to use and when you ought to have it, that is: when you need it. We have contracted the habit of pleasing our customers by giving them not only Artistic Work, but by giving it to them when promised.

[illegible]

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary Work. A First-Hand Account of the Conditions and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and Photographs.

THE RELIGIOUS ROMANCE OF TRANSFORMED HAWAII

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.) Honolulu, T. H. — As a paradise of natural beauty, Hawaii is of interest to the tourists; but to the student of religious, social and political questions its greatest importance lies in the swiftness of its transition from a savage community, bound by the practice of human sacrifice and the allied and greater curse of the taboo, into a self-governing, orderly and prosperous community, admitted to the sisterhood of the American union within 15 years after the time it began to emerge from rank barbarism.

A Complete Product of Missions. As a widely-heralded, completed product of missions Hawaii has long been advertised by missionary workers. It has been said, time without number, that this is one of the few places on the globe where the missionaries finished their task, leaving to support and direct themselves as a Christian nation, the people whom, little more than a generation before,

covered, Capt. Cook, were populated by a race of remote Aryan origin, who in the sixth century before had been driven north from the Samoan islands over thousands of miles of sea, in canoes of their own making. As late as the thirteenth century they maintained the religion, mostly warlike, with the help of the southern Polynesian archipelago. They never practiced cannibalism, though human sacrifice was one of their religious rites. They were a race of unusual vigor, longevity and comeliness. Their skill in handicraft is attested by the marvelous feather cloaks once worn by Hawaiian royalty, and now the almost priceless possession of a few museums.

Such was the stock from which came the 14-year-old boy, bearing the euphonious name of Obokiah, who, in 1809, was found weeping on the doorsteps of Yale college. He had fled from Hawaii, having seen his parents slain before his eyes in a civil war, and had made his way to America in one of the New England

products and occupants all belonged to the chiefs and the king. A system of taboo safeguarded the power of these; it was taboo and death for a common man to let his shadow fall upon a chief, or to stand where the king's bathing water was carried by, or his name mentioned in song. It was taboo for a woman to eat with her husband. It was taboo and death for a man to enter his canoe on any day named as sacred by the priest. So ran the endless system of oppressions, despite which the race continued hardy and numerous, and against which the nation arose who, in the missionary ship Thaddeus was en route to the islands. Ripe for a new religion, having spurned the old, the natives gave eager welcome to the missionaries. The king and the chiefs were the first pupils, reverting the common experience, which is that Christianity works from the bottom upward. Within three months the king is said to have been able to read English, and the New England devotion to education spurred the missionaries on, so that within two years the native speech had been reduced to writing and a spelling book printed. It was within four years the chiefs formed a council to recognize the Christian Sabbath, and to adopt the Ten Commandments as the basis of government. They also prohibited the practice of native women's swimming out to view incoming ships for immoral purposes.

Shaping a Nation's Future. Extraordinary success attended the efforts of the missionaries. That generation of Hawaiians was practically conquered by them. Great revivals arose all over the group; hundreds and even thousands were baptized in a day; on one occasion Titus Cuan baptized 1,700 natives, sprinkling them with a brush. Not all, however, were ever. Churches and schools were established. The first of the former was a grass building, like the native huts. It was shortly replaced by another of similar construction, but of 4,000 persons. When it burned, the present structure, on plain New England lines, was built by devoted converts, who quarried and carried the volcanic stones and drove into the sea for the coral with which to make lime. In this Kawaiahao church, which is now one of the sights of the city, many Hawaiian kings and queens worshipped.

As to education, it is enough to say that all the schools and academies and colleges on the islands, had their origin with the churches. Conspicuous among these is the venerable Oahu college, which, in its Bishop museum, perpetuates the memory of the last of the royal line of Kamehameha the Great. Punahou college enrolls the students of the best families of Hawaii. Of high grade were the educational institutions established by the missionaries that Californians used to send their children to Honolulu to be educated. English is now the only language taught to the children of the polyglot people, and the percentage of illiteracy on the islands is said to be lower than in some parts of New England. Nothing is more marked about the present-day religion of the Hawaiians than the prominence given to education. Industrial schools, kindergartens and night schools are too common to enumerate. Seminars for young women, theological schools, and what may be styled "academies" as well as the night schools, are, one or all, a department of the work of almost every religious agency to be found here, including the Buddhists. Naturally, the printing press has been used from the beginning, and the oldest English periodical west of the Rockies is "The Friend," which is still published by the Hawaiian board, the local successor to the American board.

Savage Turned Missionary. The Kanakas, once missionary objects, are now missionary givers. They support mission work among their own people, and for 47 years have been generous givers to missionary work on the Gilbert Islands, and elsewhere in Polynesia. At least 50 native Hawaiians have gone out as missionaries. There are now 75 ordained, native ministers on the islands. The theological seminary for natives, the Methodist institute, is just now expanding, so as to include in one organization the board's three schools, which begin the new era with an enrollment of more than 300 students.

The benefits to Hawaii from the missionary invasion may be summarized as follows: The naked savage was clothed. A reign of law and justice was established. People ceased to be mere vessels of a king; and the lands, instead of being entirely to the rulers, were apportioned among the inhabitants. Self-government was instituted. The Hawaiian tongue was reduced to writing, and a system of education was introduced, which to day compares favorably with that of the mainland. The very land itself, bare of vegetation, was made to bloom with the verdant beauty which evokes envy from the best cultivated lands of a traveler. A people without music, of whom it was said so late as 1841, that "their efforts to sing illustrated piety rather than melody," have become famous all over the world for their music. The decline of the race has been arrested. Homes have been evolved where there was little worthy of that name. The Hawaiians have been created within a race to whom it was not instinctive. Seventy thousand natives have been enrolled in the membership of Christian churches. A people who, less than a century ago, were benighted objects of Christian benevolence, have themselves freely sent and carried the gospel to other islands. In a word, a future state of the American Union has been made out of the Sandwich islands.

The Romance of the South Seas. Things had been in a bad way in the Hawaiian islands. Civil war had for centuries been the rule, until Kamehameha the Great, a sort of dusky Napoleon, had consolidated the islands under one rule. Vice at its worst was common and open. Two-thirds of all the children born, it is estimated, were killed in infancy and human sacrifice was an essential part of the religious system. Stealing was a fine art; even kings and chiefs kept servants for the express purpose of committing theft. Gambling went by wholesale. When food was plentiful, the native would gorge himself six or seven times a day, even in the night to eat. At other times he would eat but once a day, or go hungry altogether. "Science they had none; no written language, nor the least conception of any mode of communicating thought but by oral speech."

Government was oppressive; lands, they had found naked savages. For in 1863 the American board formally withdrew from the Hawaiian islands, which it had entered in 1820.



THE OLD KAWAIAHAO CHURCH, WHERE MANY KINGS AND QUEENS WORSHIPPED.

Are the Missionaries Grafters? There, broadly stated, is one side of the situation. On the other hand, it has been charged, by innumerable persons and publications, that while the missionaries to Hawaii pointed the blighted native to manors in the skies they at the same time quietly took possession of the native's earthly real estate. That the whole island, even since it has become a territory, is the private craft of the missionaries and their sons is an accusation familiar to almost everybody.

Hawaiians Still Worshipping Devils. Even more serious, to my mind, was the charge made by Prof. William T. Brigham, director of the famous Bishop Museum of Polynesian objects, in Honolulu. Prof. Brigham has spent a lifetime in the study of South Sea life, history, manners and customs. He declared to me that the work of the Christianization and civilization of the Hawaiian people has been altogether superficial, and that, if the whites were to move out tomorrow the native would be found restoring his old altars and worship the very next day.

As proof of this he said that he had recently found a native judge in one of the Honolulu courts—I think he said a United States court—worshipping at an old native altar in one of the remote parts of the island of Oahu. Within a stone's throw of the Bishop museum, where we were talking, was a broken down altar, which, at the time of the political overthrow in 1893, was reestablished, along with a somewhat general recrudescence of idolatry throughout the islands. Within three months, he further said, in the city of Honolulu itself, a native priest had fallen dead while conducting heathen rites before the altar. The worshippers, fearful that the devil would catch them also, quickly bundled up the appliances of idol worship and carried them to Prof. Brigham, for they said, he would know what to do with the devil better than any other man of their acquaintance.

Obokiah and the Haystack. Before setting down the conclusions of a first-hand investigation, of religious and social conditions on these islands (which investigation has included interviews with thoroughly informed representatives of all parties, and a study of a great mass of documentary evidence, available only here) it is necessary to tell the story of Obokiah, and of the islands as the missionaries found them.

The Sandwich Islands, as the Hawaiian group were named by their dis-

Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

KILLED IN ELEVATOR SHAFT.

Mrs. Mattie Chester, of Chicago, Meets Death at Peoria.

Peoria.—Mrs. Mattie Chester, of Chicago, grand secretary-treasurer of the Eastern Star of Illinois, was killed by falling down the elevator shaft at the Mayer hotel. Mrs. Chester left her room on the third floor of the building, and from all that it is possible to learn she must have walked into the shaft, thinking she was stepping into the elevator. She fell three stories, striking on her back on the concrete floor. The coroner's jury placed the blame for the accident on David Mayer, proprietor of the hotel.

TWINS' BODIES IN RIVER.

Elgin Fishermen Pulls in Box Containing Corpses of Infants.

Elgin.—The bodies of twins, a boy and girl, were found in the Fox river near the insane hospital pumping station. Stephen Bross, who was fishing, on pulling in his line found a paste-board box containing the bodies attached to the hook. County Physician Vail examined the bodies. He said they had been in the river several days, and apparently the infants were only a few hours old at the time of death. There were no marks upon the box or blanket in which the bodies were wrapped.

Youthful Office Holder.

Norris City.—In the recent township election held in this city, Roy Clippinger was elected collector of taxes of Indian Creek township by a



Roy Clippinger.

good majority. His election makes him the youngest office holder in this county and probably the youngest tax collector in this or any other state. Mr. Clippinger is but 21 years old.

Travelers Elect Officers.

Peoria.—At the annual convention of the Illinois division of the Travelers' Protective association held during the last week, the following officers were elected: President, Albert Elmer, Champaign; vice president, Wm. Gopen, Bloomington; J. Zinner, Belleville; and O. L. Wilson, Aurora; secretary-treasurer, W. W. Welch, Peoria; directors, Ernest S. Jones, Springfield; William O. Bell, Frank Loucks, Peoria. The next convention will be entertained by Champaign and Urbana.

Telegraph Wires Are Cut.

Chicago.—Telegraph wires on the Chicago & Northwestern railway have been cut several times during the last week. The wires along the Illinois Central have also been cut. All the railways have men watching the wires. The mischief is believed to have been done by an escaped lunatic who has been arrested several times for a similar offense in Iowa and Illinois.

New Bank Is Started.

Carlinville.—A number of business men of Roodhouse and Greene county have started a national bank at that place. It is to be known as the First National Bank of Roodhouse and will have a capital of \$50,000. It has taken over the business of the People's bank which was established in 1899, and of which Charles T. Bates was cashier and one of the founders.

Gives Land to Eight Children.

Pana.—R. M. White died, dividing lands valued at \$125,000 equally among his eight children. A few years ago, Mr. White gave his children \$5,000 each. He still has large land holdings, which will go to his children at his death.

Burns 300 Tons of Hay.

Ramsey.—The large hay barn of Fred Morrison, at Bayle City, containing 300 tons of hay, a hay press, wagon and other machinery, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss, \$5,000, is fairly well covered by insurance.

Mrs. Shannon Set Free.

Edwardsville.—Mrs. Lucy T. Shannon, acquitted after a stormy debate of the jury, of the charge of murder for killing her husband, Leonard Shannon, December 31 last, left the Madison county jail a free woman.

PEORIANS SUFFER LOSS.

Fire Starting in Old Storage House Does Big Damage.

Peoria.—Fire which broke out in the storage house of W. H. Shuford & company, formerly the old Grove distillery, did damage estimated at \$75,000 and threatened to wipe out the lower part of the city. Before the flames were under control the barrel warehouse and malt house of the old Grove plant had been wiped out and 200 cattle belonging to Nelson, Morris & company, of Chicago, had been burned to death. In addition a tenement house at 1317 South Washington street was destroyed and several private residences were burned to the ground.

LEITER'S COMPANY NOT GUILTY.

Jury at Benton, Ill., Acquits Wealthy Mine Owner.

Benton.—The jury returned a verdict of acquittal in the case of the people against the Zeigler Coal company, charged with employing mine examiners without certificates of competency. The case grew out of the explosion in the Zeigler mine two years ago. The motion of Joseph Leiter for a new trial in the case of his character, in which he was convicted in February, was today overruled and the case taken to the appellate court on appeal. This is the last of prosecutions instituted against Mr. Leiter and his company as a result of the explosion.

WILL OPPOSE A PARDON.

Peoria Retail Merchants' Association Wants Doughty Punished.

Peoria.—At their seventh annual meeting attended by over 100 members, the Peoria Retail Merchants' association passed the following resolution without a dissenting vote: "Be it resolved, That this association stand a written protest, both to Gov. Deneen and the board of pardons, state of Illinois requesting that Newton C. Doughty (who is serving time in Joliet for crime committed in the city of Peoria) be not pardoned or paroled, but be allowed to serve the time for which he is sentenced—14 years."

Illinois Methodists to Celebrate. Belleville.—Methodists of Illinois celebrate at Shiloh, near Belleville, Ill., in August next the establishment of the first Methodist church in the city, the first Protestant church in the state, Shiloh church.

The late Peter Cartwright in his writings mentions Joseph Ogile as the earliest laborer for Methodism in Illinois territory, and as his labors for this cause began in June, 1787. It is proper to fix the birth of Methodism in Illinois at this date. At intervals after that he called his neighbors to his house for religious service held by the Rev. Joseph Leifard, the first Methodist minister in Illinois. This was the first Methodist class formed in the state.

Trust Fund to Uplift Drunkards.

La Salle.—Leaving nothing to his son or daughter, and providing that the widow receive the income to the trust fund at her death, George B. Schlenk, a Belvidere brewer, left practically his entire estate to the Salvation army, to be used to reclaim the widows of soldiers and sailors, only the income from her share, the will ordering that the principal be not touched. The estate amounts to about \$15,000.

Rich Gift to University.

Chicago.—President Harper's plans for a University of Chicago campus site would cost the land, the Midway side of the Midway place were brought to a consummation when John D. Rockefeller gave to the university the strip of land on the south side of the Midway, running the entire length from Madison avenue to Cottage Grove avenue. The tract is valued at approximately \$2,000,000.

Asks Recount of Close Vote.

Kewanee.—The Citizens' Labor party, by its central committee, filed petitions in the Henry county circuit court for a recount of the ballots cast in the city election of April 16, when its candidate for mayor, William T. Pierce, was defeated by the citizens' party candidate, Samuel Bradbury, by 12 majority. There were 3,000 votes cast.

Old Soldier Killed at Peoria.

Peoria.—John Reeves, an old soldier and for many years a resident of Canton, was killed by east-bound passenger train No. 4, T. P. & W. one mile after the bridge at Breeds station, Fulton county.

Two Crushed Under Depot.

Windsor.—While workmen were moving the Wabash depot at Strasburg, Jacks under the building gave way, killing it crushed to death. Another was fatally injured.

Blow at Village Saloons.

Spring Valley.—The council of the village of Lacon after a stormy debate raised the liquor license from \$100 to \$1,000 per annum. The increase will put two-thirds of the saloons out of business.

ADVICE TO RHEUMATICS

Noted Physician Tells How to Prevent and Cure Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

(By Geo. Edmund Flood, M. D.) If you would avoid Rheumatism and Kidney and Bladder Troubles, be moderate in the consumption of heavy rich foods, substitute as far as possible soups, broths, fresh milk and drink water—lots of water. Take plenty of time to eat, and don't eat after you have had enough, even if it does taste good. If your work is confining take a moderate amount of exercise each day in the open air.

Of course, neither diet, water, rest nor exercise will cure these afflictions. I advise them as preventives only. For the benefit of the readers of this article who are now afflicted with Rheumatism, Kidney, Bladder or Urinary trouble, and desire to be cured quickly, I give below, complete in every detail, the famous prescription which has made me so successful in the treatment of these diseases. It is the most certain cure for these diseases that I have ever used. It is pleasant to take. It is not expensive, it can be filled by any druggist, and I believe it is the greatest protection for Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Trouble ever written. It is also a valuable spring tonic and blood purifier. If you are a sufferer, save this, take it to your druggist and have it filled, or get some ingredients and mix them at home.

Fluid Extract Cascara Aromatic, 1/4 ounce.
Concentrated Barkola Compound, 1 ounce.

Fluid Extract Prickly Ash Bark, 1/2 drachm.
Aromatic Elixir, 4 ounces.

Adult dose, one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime; children, one-fourth to one-half teaspoonful after meals.

After you are cured follow the advice I have given you in regard to diet, exercise and water, and you will not need the services of a physician again for these ailments.

Order papers are privileged to copy.

One Way.

A revered gentleman was addressing a Sunday school class not long ago, and was trying to enforce the doctrine that when people's hearts were sinning they needed regulating. Taking out his watch, and holding it up, he said:

"Now, here's my watch; suppose it doesn't keep good time—now goes too fast, and now too slow—what shall I do with it?"

"Sell it," promptly replied a boy.—Harper's Magazine.

It is a pity to be ill! Take Garfield Tea, the laxative excellently suited to the needs of men, women and children; it is made wholly of natural vegetable matter, eradicates disease, overcomes constipation, brings God Health.

The archdiocese of Cologne, Germany, is the largest in the world, with a Catholic population of more than 2,000,000.

Nature makes occupation a necessity to us; society makes it a duty; habit may make it a pleasure.—Cæciliæ.

EVEN DISCOURAGED

TRY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR YOUR RHEUMATISM.

The Pills Have Cured the Disease in Almost Every Form and Even in Advanced Stages.

Rheumatism is a painful inflammation of the muscles or of the coverings of the joints, and is sometimes accompanied by swelling. The pain is sharp and shooting and does not confine itself to any one part of the body, but after setting in one joint or muscle for a time, leaves it and passes on to another. The most dangerous tendency of the disease is to attack the heart. External applications may give relief from pain for a time but the disease cannot be cured until the blood is purified. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for this purpose as their action is directly on the blood, making it rich, red and pure. When the blood is pure there can be no rheumatism.

Mrs. Ellen A. Russell, of South Goff St., Auburn, Me., says: "I had been sick for fifteen years from impure blood, brought on by overwork. My heart was weak and my hands colorless. I was troubled with indigestion and vomiting spells, which came on every few months. I had no appetite and used to have awful fainting spells when I was alone at my work. I frequently felt numb all over. My head ached continuously for five years."

"About two years ago I began to feel rheumatism in my joints, which became so lame I could hardly walk. My joints were swollen and painful. I had been recommended to me by a friend, after I had failed to get well from the doctor's treatment. When I began taking the pills, the rheumatism was at its worst. I had taken only a few boxes, when the swelling stopped and the pain afterward I felt the pain in my joints becoming less and less, until there was none at all. The stiffness was gone and I have never had any return of the rheumatism."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured many cases of nervous and general debility, indigestion, nervous headache, neuritis and even partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. Send for a box of the blood and nerves they are unequalled.

A pamphlet on "Diseases of the Blood" will be sent to our best customers free on request to anyone interested.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

GAS Brightest, Best and Cheapest
Quickest, Cleanest and Most
Convenient. Now is the time
to order Gas Ranges and House
Piping. Lowest Rates. Cash or
Payments.

LIGHT FUEL

Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co.
Evansville 93 or Park Ridge 12

We Furnish the Table

Meats, Vegetables, Canned Goods

BOUGHT AT OUR ATTRACTIVE MARKET IN THE
NEW GROFF BUILDING ARE FRESH AND PURE.

CALL AT THE NEW LOCATION

WE ARE READY FOR BUSINESS AND INVITE INSPECTION.

Fancy Apples and Oranges

Alverson & Groff PHONE 483
BARRINGTON, ILL.

**DO YOU WANT A PRACTICAL
MOTOR CAR**

THE RELIABLE DAYTON
here illustrated, meets your all
requirements. Motor, 20 H. P., 2400 R. P. M.,
4000 lbs. and 4000 lbs. included. No
repairs. Dependable. Free
inspection. Full descriptive catalog
sent on request.

Ed. Thies, AGENT
Barrington, Illinois.

PAINT!

You can find many uses for it at
spring house cleaning time. We sell
Heath & Milligan's FAMILY PREPARED
PAINT. LAMEY & CO.

**"The Barrington" GAS AND
GASOLINE ENGINE**

The Latest Improved and
Best Gas or Gasoline En-
gine on the market.

Simple Construction.
Guaranteed.
Lowest Prices.

Available in all sizes from 2 to
Horse Power, by
A. SCHAUBLE & CO.
Barrington, Illinois.

Manufacturers of
Shafing, Pulleys and Belting, Cisterns and Tanks
Repairing of All Kinds of Machinery a Specialty.

IT PROVES IT'S WORTH

The HOLSMAN Automobile

PERFECT IN CONSTRUCTION, CHEAP IN PRICE and COST OF OPERATING

When you see the HOLSMAN machine it will make you its friend at once
for these reasons:

1. Solid tires, admitting of no punctures.
2. Air cooled. No water to contend with, or broken jackets which occur in frosty weather.
3. No live axles.
4. No transmission gears.
5. No drive gears.
6. No speed gears, in fact, not any gears to contend with. No clutches. The machine rides as easy as the best made carriage and is controlled by two simple hand levers. Is started, guided, stopped, speeded, reversed and fully controlled by these two simple levers.

Should you have a breakdown, repairs are quickly secured. However, the chances of a breakdown are slim in a Holman.

Write me for catalog and descriptive matter.

J. W. Burkitt, Arlington Heights, Ill.

N. B. I'll be pleased to give you a spin in my car and show you the advantages of a Holman. It won't cost you anything. I also have the agency for the Holman Shuttle Standard Sewing Machine, the best thing in this line on the market. Let the ladies come in my place and let me show them.

CUBA TOWNSHIP

Miss Mabel Hall has been on the sick list.

Spencer Brothers have been improving their house at Honey Lake.

Mr. Lemper and family, of Gilmer, visited at W. F. Hall's Sunday.

The Bennett school is preparing for an entertainment and basket social.

Mr. and Mrs. William Kuhlman, of Chicago, visited home folks over Sunday.

Miss Clara Gruber is visiting her sister, Mrs. Henry Pepper, of Barrington.

Mrs. Peterson and son, of Chicago, are now occupying the old Jay Bennett farm.

Miss Eve Peterson and brother, of Chicago, spent Sunday with their mother.

Mr. and Mrs. William Overhise of Chicago were guests Sunday at Edward Horn's.

Frederic Summerfield of Dundee, called Sunday at his father's home west of the White School.

William Blue of Chicago visited at Woodside farm Sunday. He has had the good luck to have been promoted.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Roloff, of Nunda, visited friends and relatives around Flint creek for a few days this week.

Look out for a surprise! You may be the next one to whose home the neighbors will come unexpectedly some evening.

Ray Littlejohn of southern Illinois visited Monday to Wednesday with his brother, Carl Littlejohn, teacher of the Kelsey school.

Several of our young people attended the social at the Hubbard School. It was a success financially. The baskets sold for \$53.

Assessor Riley has about finished canvassing the Cuba portion of Barrington village and is now interviewing Cuba farmers.

Friday afternoon, Arbor day, was spent at our school by the pupils in tree planting and decorating the grounds with flower beds.

The work on straightening the county line road near Randall's lake is in progress and when finished will be an improvement long desired.

A party of thirty five guests, happily surprised Mrs. August Mavis last Friday evening and remained until a late hour enjoying games and jokes and refreshments.

W. Norman Liddy, a representative of a state organization for promoting Sunday schools, visited in recent days to establish a part of the week with a view to establishing a Union Sunday school.

The basket social at the Flint Creek school this Friday evening will be a social pleasure that you should not miss. Miss Lella Glynn, the teacher, has arranged a nice program and asks all ladies to bring baskets. All men know what is expected of them.

A Cuba township farmer's wife is so successful in the chicken business that she gathers about 50 dozen eggs a week which, alas, she must take to Lake's corners, instead of Barrington, because she finds a better market for them. At the corners she is given fifteen cents a dozen with the privilege of taking cash and not trailing out the amount due her, while she says that in Barrington she cannot sell to such advantage and cannot obtain ready money.

On Monday April 23, 1907, Charles William Finn, aged 62 years died at his home on the Givens farm, about three miles south of Wauconda. N. Y. March 8, 1842, and was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. John Finn. When the war of the Rebellion broke out, he enlisted in the 1st N. Y. Infantry, and was engaged in several severe conflicts, during one of which he received a dangerous wound, which finally was in a great measure responsible for his death. At the end of three years of gallant service in behalf of his country he was given an honorable discharge and immediately set out to seek employment. Railroad work appealed to him and he worked himself up to a conductor's position in the employ of the Pennsylvania R. Co., which position he held until 1880, when he retired. He was married in 1892 to Mrs. Lucinda Louie. By a previous marriage was born one son, James Robert, who survives with the widow and two brothers and two sisters of the deceased to mourn his loss. The funeral was held from the Wauconda M. E. church, Rev. Ball officiating. Interment was made in Wauconda cemetery, Wauconda Post, G. A. R. having charge at the grave.

BARRINGTON TOWNSHIP

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Berlin last week.

The Board of Highway Commissioners were out inspecting the township roads Thursday.

There was no school in District No. 9 during the week, as the teacher, Miss Cross, was on the sick list.

E. Blake and B. Moore were recent visitors in Chicago.

George Bauman made a business trip to Chicago Thursday.

Miss Emma Lee, formerly a teacher of the Lageschulte school, visited at Fred Lageschulte's Thursday and Friday, and George Hanson and family of Barrington Center were there Sunday.

Mrs. Henry Baker died Monday, April 22nd, at a hospital in Elgin, from apoplectic and bronchial troubles from which she was ill during the last year. The funeral was held Thursday, April 25th, from the Hooser grave Lutheran church and the remains were interred in the cemetery in the rear of the church.

Boy Domenico, son of M. Domenico, a resident of Barrington fourteen years ago, died at his home in Chicago, April 19th, aged about twenty-one years. The young man was an artist by profession and a youth of good qualities who gave prospect of a long life to come, but during a short illness was cut down, as the grass before the sickle, so to see we should be ready at all times to meet the grim visitor known as Death from whose land no one ever returned. He leaves to mourn his loss a father and mother, four sisters and numerous relatives. The funeral was held at a Catholic church in Chicago to which he belonged and his remains were laid to rest in Waldheim cemetery followed by a large concourse of people who deplore the sad end of one so young.

Chicago Boys' Club.

L. B. Trowbridge of Chicago spoke last Sunday afternoon at the Y. M. C. A. His subject was "The Work Being Done Among the Street Waifs of Chicago by the Chicago Boys' Club." This institution is located at 292 State Street, Chicago, with branches at 104 State Street and 185 Gault Court. Its purpose is to train the neglected children of the slums for citizenship and usefulness. It is nonsectarian, but evangelical. Luther Ladin Mills is its president and N. H. Parsons of Rockford, Ill. one of its directors. The club has been in operation for six years and now enrolls a membership of 1,741 boys and girls of the club. Mr. Trowbridge is in town for a number of days this week securing funds for the support of the club. Anyone wishing to visit the school will be welcome at any time. Annual Exhibition Day is on May 16th, to this the public is invited. This is a cause which commends itself warmly to all. It is supported entirely by voluntary contributions. We bespeak for this cause a liberal support from the people of the community.

Elect Officers.

The monthly business meeting of the Epworth League was held at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Laplante on Monday evening, April 22nd. The chief business was the election of the following officers: president, Miss Grace Freeman; 1st vice pres., Miss Hattie Frye; 2nd vice pres., Miss Gertrude Hager; 3rd vice pres., Frank Dohmeyer; 4th vice pres., Miss Hazel Holmes; secretary, Miss Mildred Elfrink; treasurer, Robert Cole; organist, Miss Louise Rieker. The business over a pleasant social hour followed, the next meeting to be held at Miss Emma Pomroy's, May 8.

Park Association Meets.

The Barrington Park Association met at the village hall Wednesday evening and heard the report of committee appointed to ascertain the cost of making the proposed improvements around the Northwestern depot. They reported that the probable cost would be \$200. H. J. Lageschulte, John L. Meiners and Mrs. D. H. Richardson were appointed as a committee to solicit funds to carry on the work.

First Installment Now Due.

I have received the assessment roll for special assessments Nos. 2 and 3 for the cost of extension of water mains on Station and Cook streets. The first installment is now due and payable at my office. Anyone desiring may pay his entire assessment. Interest will be added at the rate of five per cent from April 22nd, 1907.

No More Butterine.

The Elgin Butter company say that butter is getting down to earth once more, where people of ordinary means can again eat butter. The increase in the make has been very light on account of the cold, backward spring, but the extremely high prices are now slowly over with. Price quoted in tub lots is 28 cents per pound.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The water tax for sprinkling of lawns was due on May 1st. All parties wishing to use water for this purpose are hereby notified not to use it for the above purpose until the rent is paid as they are liable to a fine for so doing.

WM. GRUNAU, Village Collector

New Stock Dress Goods

We bought some special values in spring and summer dress goods. Pretty Organzaes, Lawns, White Goods and Linens that range in price from 10c per yd. upward. We also picked up some good values in figured dress goods at prices of 30c per yd. up. You will find our store gives you a choice selection and is the place to buy dress goods.

Corsets

Every lady should wear our Paris new model Corsets. \$1.00 and \$1.25 a pair.
New stock spring and summer Underwear.

Come to Us
We sell
Talking Machines
so it makes
it easy to buy one.

Wall Paper

A big lot of new Wall Paper at special prices for this sale. 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14c per roll upwards.

Carpets

We sell good best room carpets at 25c per yard. Other patterns in cotton and wool carpets 45, 50, 55, 60, 65 cents per yard. Matting 25, 35, 45, 55 cents.
Window Shades for any size window.

Best Store Gasoline 10c per gal. Good Dural Butter 25c per pound. Occident Flour is the best flour. Just a little better than other flour.

DANIEL F. LAMEY BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

WE INVITE YOU

To break the record at our new up-to-date BOWLING ALLEY.

Bowling is a high class sport. Let your boys patronize our alley for exercise and amusement.

HOURS for LADIES—Any afternoon excepting Saturday.

OUR BARBER SHOP

Is equipped with all improvements. Sanitary Tools. Speedy Work.

THIES BROTHERS,
GROFF BUILDING BARRINGTON

Up-to-date Millinery Store

All the leading Styles and Shapes of Spring and Summer hats. A fine line of Lace, Silks, Chiffons, Straw and Braids. Ribbons, Feathers and Ornaments. Ladies own material made up to suit.

Call and inspect my stock

Miss Hettie R. Jukes

Opposite Depot 'Phone 272 Barrington, Ill.

W. H. GORMAN MARKET

"THE PLACE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY"

My Specials:-

High Grade Meats and Poultry.
The Fresh Green Vegetables of Spring.
My line of Canned Goods the finest that can be produced.

Prompt Delivery Telephone No. 424

Modern Woodmen Pay Promptly.

I wish to acknowledge receipt of check for three thousand dollars from the Modern Woodmen of America in payment of the amount due me as beneficiary under a policy held by my late husband in said organization. I also wish to thank the Neighbors of Barrington camp for the many kindnesses shown me during the illness of my husband, and speak these words for your noble society.

MRS. MARY ROHLMEDER.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

yet we are fortunate to secure so competent a successor.

A little ad. in the Review will find your lost articles, rent your home, and help you in many ways.

The new Village Board held its first