

MRS. SABRIA HASTINGS

Died Monday Night at 11 o'clock

at Her Residence on
Hough St.

Mrs. Sabria Hastings died Monday night at eleven o'clock at her home on Hough street next door to the residence of Mrs. Ida Bennett. Her death was preceded by hours of apparent suffering although she was unconscious. Her great age of ninety-four years had seemed such a light burden that it was believed she would live to reach one hundred years at least, for the remarkable strength of mind and body shown by her suggested years to come of life. On Wednesday the lady became unconscious and did not again arise. Two weeks ago she began to feel weaker but was not ill and was about the house.

The unusual abilities of this elderly woman were very marked. Every faculty was retained, especially a clear strong eye-sight and active memory. Her love of reading was her greatest pleasure and she passed long hours reading good literature. Her thoughts and words were deeply religious and by reading various religious periodicals she kept in touch with affairs of the Church world.

It is said that she was a student of the Bible such as is not generally found out of the ministry and that it is known that she has completely perused the good book many times. Her faith was that of the Methodist persuasion and from girlhood she attended Methodist churches.

During her long years of life she had accomplished much good for others, being of a charitable and instructive disposition. Her friendship was appreciated by all to whom it was extended and many Barrington friends and neighbors will long remember the kindly old lady who was always cheerful, smiling and resigned to what life offered her of its good things and its sorrows.

Miss Sabria E. Martin was born in Salem, New York, April 16, 1812. Her childhood was passed in the east and on August 11, 1831 when eighteen years old she was married to Charles Hastings. In 1849 they came west and settled in Little Port which is now Waukegan, Illinois. They lived in Milburn and at Sand Lake in Lake County. In 1861 the family came to Barrington, owning and occupying the farm two miles west of town near Randall's lake owned now by William Gieske. Eight children were born of whom three died in infancy and two are now living, Charles Hastings of Chicago and Mrs. Lizzie Nelson of West Plains, Missouri.

Nineteen years ago they purchased the present home in Barrington and moved here. Mr. Hastings died December 22, 1891 and Mrs. Hastings remained in the home, living most of the time alone preferring her books for company. When asked at times if she would like someone to live with her she would reply, "I am not alone. God is always with me." Over the past two years a young woman companion was with her owing to her age and desire of relatives not to leave her so alone.

Mrs. Hastings is survived by four generations and has living eight grandchildren, fifteen great-grandchildren, and two great-great-grandchildren. There is also living a half brother, Phineas Martin, in Utica, New York.

The funeral was held Thursday afternoon at the home with the Rev. F. N. Lapham in charge. Burial was in Evergreen Cemetery. Those relatives who attended from away were Charles Hastings, son of Mrs. Nelson; daughter, Mrs. Roth, Mrs. J. Erickson and Charles Hastings of Chicago, grandchildren; John Paulsen and wife, James Paulsen and wife, of Chicago, great-grandchildren.

Shall We Publish Scandals?
Perhaps we are making a mistake. The Review has always tried to keep family troubles, scandals and sorrows from its columns. But apparently what is needed is a "yellow sheet," full of muck-raking and exposure. Well, if we are started to publish scandal we could print two editions a week. There are a few you know.

FOR SALE—Gasoline stove. Two burners and oven, all in good condition. Fine for summer kitchen or cottage. Price, \$5.00. Mrs. M. T. Lamey.

PALATINE

Roy Bennett spent a few days at home this week.

Mrs. C. E. Julian is entertaining her niece from Indianapolis.

The W. F. M. S. met with Mrs. E. F. Baker Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Marion Redges of Elgin is visiting Mrs. Richard Bennett.

Miss Vera Marshall of Irving Park is visiting Miss Alta Bennett.

Mrs. McCauldin is entertaining her sister and family from Chicago.

Miss Bertha Schaumacker spent Sunday with friends at Lake Zurich.

Miss Fern Johnson of Evanston spent this week at the home of C. D. Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Ernst of Chicago spent a few days with C. Wienske and family.

C. E. Dean left Monday for Pekin, Ill. where he has horses entered in the races.

Mrs. Fuller of Kankakee spent a few days recently with her sister Mrs. Burlingame.

Mrs. Froelich and Miss Pauline Clausen returned from their Eastern trip Saturday.

Miss Irene Kuebler of Chicago is visiting her cousins, Misses Rose and Emmeline Kuebler.

Miss Selma Torgler returned Tuesday having spent two weeks with relatives at Milwaukee.

Mrs. D. J. Holmes and Alice arrived here Wednesday afternoon. They are stopping with Mrs. Van Horn.

Joe Williams of Racine spent Sunday at C. H. Selpe. His wife and baby returned home with him Monday.

Don't forget the Old Settlers' picnic Sunday. The Palatines and Chicago Bloomer Girls play ball at two o'clock.

The Concordia will give an Ice Cream social between Scholoppe and Zimmers stores next Tuesday night for the benefit of the Lincoln Park Sanitarium. Be sure and come and help the ladies.

Mrs. Herman Linneman was struck by a pulley while driving a team for a hay rack last Thursday and as a result Dr. Halstead of Chicago removed three bone fragments from the brain. She is doing nicely and hopes for her recovery are entertained.

Henry Hineberg, an old resident of Palatine, died Sunday of typhoid fever, aged 75 yrs. 3 mo. 12 days. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon at the Lutheran church with burial in the German cemetery. He leaves a wife three sons and two daughters.

Thursday Aug. 15th the L. Y. C. will give a picnic to some children from Chicago at Mrs. J. Myers Grove. The girls are calling on the townspeople to assist in furnishing the lunch and the means of getting to the Grove. All are cordially invited to join in the day's pleasure.

Miss Anna Senne, daughter of Henry Senne, and Robert Doll of Chicago were quietly married, at five o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents by Rev. Droege-mueller. The bride was prettily dressed in white net and carried white roses. She entered on the arm of the groom and they were attended by Miss Mollie Senne and John Senne. Only the immediate relatives were present. The bride is a young lady of lovely disposition who is admired by all her acquaintances. So quietly were preparations made that only a few knew of her intended marriage.

Remember This.
Men should remember that women can't always be smiling who have to cook the dinner, answer the bell half a dozen times and get rid of a neighbor who has just dropped in, tend to a sick baby, tie up the cut finger of a 5-year-old, tie up the head of a 6-year-old on skates and get an 8-year-old ready for school, say anything of sweeping, cleaning, etc. A woman with all these to contend with may claim it a privilege to look and feel a little tired sometimes, and a word of sympathy would not be too much to expect from the man who during the honeymoon wouldn't let her carry as much as a sunshade.

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Ike Walton's Prayer

By JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY



LAKE ZURICH

Dance Saturday evening, August 10, in Oak Park pavilion.

Use White Swan Flour. Get the same at A. W. Meyer's.

Louis Selp transferred business in Chicago Monday.

Get your canned goods at A. W. Meyer's, just put in new stock.

Miss Lena Lucie has returned home after a two weeks visit in Cary.

Mr. and Mrs. William Blockman took an auto ride to Elgin Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Pickle.

Edward Groth and Miss Katy Brown of Jefferson Park spent Saturday and Sunday at the Schaeffer home.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Peter's church will give an ice-cream social in the village hall, Saturday evening, the 15th of August. A quilt will be raffled off. Everybody come and have a good time.

The Limit of Life.
The most eminent medical scientists are unanimous in the conclusion that the generally accepted limitation of human life is many years below the actual limit possible with the advanced knowledge of which the race is now possessed. The critical period, that determines the duration seems to be between 50 and 60; the proper care of the body during this decade cannot be too strongly urged; carelessness then being fatal to longevity. Nature's best help after 50 is Electric Bitters, the scientific medicine that revitalizes every organ of the body. Guaranteed by the Harrington Pharmacy. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Endorsed By The County.
"The most popular remedy in Otsego County, and the best friend of my family," writes Wm M. Dietz, editor and publisher of the Otsego Journal, Gilbertsville, N. Y., is Dr. King's New Discovery. It has proved to be an infallible cure for coughs and colds, making short work of the worst of them. We always keep a bottle in the house. I believe it to be the most valuable prescription known for Lung and Throat diseases." Guaranteed to never disappoint the taker, by Harrington Pharmacy. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

To Young People.
Insist upon having a telephone in your home. Your parents may not realize its utility for order. Your happiness is at stake. Insist! Five cents per day. Chicago Telephone Company.

Buy your paints, oils, varnishes, brushes, etc., of LAMEY & COMPANY.

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Board Meeting.

August 5th, 1907.
Board met in regular session with President G. W. Spillner in the chair and all members present.

The regular routine business was transacted.

The matter of underground wires was after discussion left with the Village Attorney for final action.

Communication from A. W. Meyer read. Clerk was instructed to explain matters to Mr. Meyer.

Triangular piece of land at the corner of Cook and State streets was purchased from Mrs. Henry Scott for street purposes. Consideration \$25.00.

An opinion on the drain shop law regarding shades was read by Village Attorney.

The tax levy ordinance was passed. Carrying \$5000. Meeting adjourned. L. H. BENSERT, CLERK.

"Everybody Should Know."
says C. G. Hays, a prominent business man of Bluff, Mo., that Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the quickest and surest healing salve ever applied to a sore, burn or wound, or to case of piles. Use it and you know what I'm talking about." Guaranteed by the Harrington Pharmacy. 25c

Wet and Dreary.
With a telephone in your home you defy "blue" weather and enjoy the peace and pleasure of a contented life. When tired or discouraged you may sit down and talk to a distant friend or relative without effort. Regardless of your finances, we have a rate for your purse. Chicago Telephone Company.

Home Sunshine.
Your home will be brightened by a telephone. It gives you power to talk to friends, relatives or business houses. Get a telephone even if you have no other modern conveniences in your home. Five cents per day. Chicago Telephone Company.

Wait for Miss Emmert, the optician.
If you want an especially good pair of glasses for your eyes. She will be at the office of Dr. Richardson Thursday, August 8th. Eyes examined free whether or not glasses are purchased.

"Regular as the Sun"
is an expression as old as the race. No doubt the rising and setting of the sun is the most regular performance in the universe, unless it is the action of the liver and bowels when regulated with Dr. King's New Life Pills. Guaranteed by the Harrington Pharmacy. 25c.

Worse Than Before.
A man with that peculiar agonizing expression which indicates some came bouncing through the gate at the Broad street station not long ago and caught the rear platform of the through express for the south just as it began to gather headway. He leaped into the car and dropped into a seat.

"Oh, Lord!" he groaned, and commenced tugging at a shoe. "You'll have to excuse me," he continued to the rightful occupant of that particular seat, "but I've just got to get those tight shoes off. I just had time to rush into a store on my way to the station and get another pair—didn't have time to try them on, but I wear only seven, and I told the clerk I wanted ten. I wanted to make sure they would be large enough."

By this time two glaring white socks were exposed to view. With a sigh of relief the man hurried the despised tight shoes out of the car window and reached for the box containing the new ones.

"Great Scott!" he gasped as he viewed his purchase. "That idiot has given me ten, children's size!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Wolf Pix.
A story is related in Bailey's Magazine of a rector of a parish not far from Oxford, who as he was walking across some fields heard the cry of hounds. The pack ran into an adjacent field, and presently a fox came toward the clergyman and trotted along by his side as a dog would do.

The huntsman, looking about, saw nothing but the rector and what seemed to be his dog. As soon as he was walking clear of the fox gave a whist of his brush and disappeared through the hedgehog.

—St. James Gazette.

A London doctor, lecturing, said it was useless to tell a dyspeptic woman not to drink tea. The only thing to do was to give her some laxative stuff in a bottle to be taken every three hours, with strict instructions that she was not to have any tea for four hours before or after each dose.

CHAUTAUQUA MEETING

Held Here This Week. An

Account of Programs

Given.

A small village and lake in western New York state are both named Chautauqua, presumably so called by the Indians. Years ago this locality was chosen by an assembly of evangelists and educators who met there annually during the summer season to enjoy a course of lectures, add studies on many subjects, religious and educational. Gradually the idea of meetings of this nature were adopted in other towns and literary circles were formed, meeting generally during the winter months for study and debate.

These organizations were called Chautauqua circles and existed in many towns. Barrington at one time had an interesting and flourishing circle with Mrs. Fred Lines as president and promoter.

Today Chautauqua meetings are held in numerous states in the summer and there is a Chautauqua Association with headquarters in the large cities who hire the best of talent to travel in successive engagements to the different towns routed for the summer, and a great many places, large and small, arrange to have a week's Chautauqua gathering, generally in a tent with music and amusement as well as instruction.

Owing to the steady growth of the temperance movement in this country, the Association has adopted the principles of the Prohibition party as its own, and are endeavoring to instill their belief in the curse of drink into the minds of the young people, particularly. All the lectures and many songs were interspersed with pointed remarks against the liquor traffic and its results statistically.

On Tuesday afternoon the meetings opened to continue until Sunday night when the churches will unite in union services in the tent. The Tuesday entertainers were the Rev. John H. Hooten and Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hooten. Rev. Hooten was a cold, dry lecturer whose racial characteristics of humor, expression and gesture were found very amusing by his listeners. He spoke mainly of his experiences in life and so mingled tragedy and comedy in his talk that one's impressions were a little confused. But he was a great favorite and his jokes are still being repeated among the town. The Suffins lecturer whose racial characteristics of humor, expression and gesture were found very amusing by his listeners. He spoke mainly of his experiences in life and so mingled tragedy and comedy in his talk that one's impressions were a little confused. But he was a great favorite and his jokes are still being repeated among the town.

Wednesday's program was given by two very fine artists, James H. Barkley, a famous organist, and a play model who with wonderfully quick touches of color produced on paper good pictures illustrating the poem he was reciting or the lecture he was giving. He dealt in part with the salmon question. J. Lester Harkness was perhaps the finest, baritone singer ever heard here. It is seldom that such a powerful voice as his is full of such sweet melody and touching tones. He is only twenty-two years of age but is a musical success now with a brilliant future. His vocal studies have been under good instructors and he is now attending Chicago Musical College where he won a free scholarship. He has appeared in leading roles in grand opera at the Auditorium in Chicago many times and last year won a diamond medal, singing against contestants from all parts of the world.

Thursday meetings were lectures by Eugene W. Chafin, L. L. B., of Chicago, lawyer, orator and temperance worker and Prof. A. M. Thatcher, of Boston. Mr. Chafin has spoken here before and is so thoroughly well liked in his work and for his personality that he will be ever welcome here. His clear arguments, his proof of his statements and his sincerity were convincing, even to non-sympathizers. If all temperance workers were as broad minded, kind, well-informed and generous as Mr. Chafin, the cause would have more followers. There is nothing of the Pharisee and the "Oh Lord I am better than he" spirit about this good man. His heart is big enough to receive all sinners, love them and help them, instead of "knocking." Prof. Thatcher was recalled many times for his funny songs and mannerisms and his deep bass tones were powerful.

Clarence D. Maston is the superintendent of the meetings. He is one of (Continued on page 5)

Barrington Review.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.
BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

It is better to lose your cash than your character.

China and Japan together produce 115,000 tons of silk annually.

Every lack of the human skin contains 2,000 perspiration pores.

The strike fever has hit Sweden, and many workmen are said to be rumpling their yoke.

A young plant is 75 per cent. water and the remainder carbon, which it has taken from the air.

Admiral Yamamoto thinks we are nice people, but he is going home through Canada instead of by way of San Francisco.

In the population of New York City there are 789,000 persons of German parentage, 728,000 of Irish, 250,000 of Russian and 212,000 of Italian.

A Florida farmer is said to have cleared \$1,000 in one acre of cabbage this spring. Perhaps he sold it for clear Havana Key West goods.

Arnold Daly says that Bernard Shaw is "intoxicated with words and delirious with ink." We thought that Arnold Daly was one of Shaw's exponents.

It has been discovered that Noah Webster wrote the dictionary with almost no assistance, but that in his old age he had helped his wife use many of the words.

"Matrimony as a profession" is not a bad idea. And the divorce lawyers should be broken of the habit of persuading people that it is for amateurs only.

A railroad president announces that his road is out of politics and done with lobbying. Well, naturally, when you come to think of it, there doesn't seem to be anything left to fight for.

The Washington preacher who says that heaven is in the star Alcyon now comes forward and says that it is built up with brick houses. Hell is probably made up of three-room flats.

Peter Cooper Hewitt is going to take from New York to London in 30 hours. When a host of that sort runs into an iceberg the monster of the deep will know that something hit it.

The Maryland farmer who discovered that his hired man was the head of a large business concern in Philadelphia was not necessarily surprised. Hired men have such a way of knowing how the universe should be run that the average man who comes in contact with them often wonders if they are not captains of industry out for a quiet vacation.

In a railroad collision a congressman turned a double back somewhat over two seats and escaped without serious injury. A little thing like a railroad smash-up is no embarrassment to many congressmen. They are accustomed to adjusting themselves to the sudden and violent changes that are constantly occurring in congressional districts.

Charles Dudley Warner advised every one to be born "in a little red farm house with a stone wall around it." We are not sure that we enter as much of the stone wall, and we enter a decided exception to the color of the house, but we do endorse the sentiment. The records show that farmers' sons are those most likely to succeed in business and professional life. Health, vigor, self-reliance, ambition and the habit of work give them their advantages in the race for success.

Money orders to the enormous amount of 448,000 were issued by the New York post office last year. Three millions of this amount went abroad, mainly sent by immigrants to their families. As money orders are commonly for comparatively small sums, as compared to traffic through banks, this total shows the wide dissemination of prosperity. It is not, after all, remarks the Indianapolis News, the few great fortunes of which we hear so much that form the wealth of the country.

How delicate are the instruments which record earthquake shocks may be judged by the reports, which came along simultaneously from many sources, of the recent slight disturbance in Ecuador. From Havana comes the report that the seismograph this morning registered an earthquake 14,000 miles distant, the waves propagating from southwest to northeast. The indications are that the center of the disturbance was located beneath the waters of the Pacific near Central America. From other far distant points came similar reports long before the news came of the actual location of the earthquake.

A London publisher is bringing out a Dickens dictionary for the purpose of making his writings more intelligible to the general public. Her father used to be able to read Dickens understandingly. Is such a work needed less than a generation after the author's death?

An English critic is shocked because we have bone buttons on our clothes. At this season of the year, with our wives away, most of us are lucky to have buttons of any kind on our clothes.

FIGHT TO BE RENEWED

FURTHER ACTION AGAINST OIL TRUST PROMISED.

EARNINGS OF COMBINE

Smith Report Shows Net Dividends in 24 Years Were \$790,000,000 on an Investment of Only \$75,000,000.

Chicago. — War upon the Standard Oil company and other law-breaking corporations reopened Monday with renewed vigor and promises of even more drastic and sensational action by the government in its attack against the trusts.

While District Attorney Sims and his assistants are preparing for possible criminal action against the oil monopoly's officials when the special grand jury investigates the rebate charges against the Chicago & Alton railroad, indications came from other sources throughout the country of new attacks in the courts by the government and individual states.

Significance was seen by observers of the government's policy Monday in the startling report of Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, to President Roosevelt, in which the questionable methods of the oil trust in boosting the price of its products are strongly denounced.

Government to Act. Closely following the exhortation of the trust by Judge Taft, Monday in closing the corporation \$25,340,000, the report came as another indication of the government's purpose to reveal the true character of the trust upon which to base further prosecution.

President Roosevelt's trust-smashing "big stick" is seen behind the federal activity, is the comment of Chicago attorneys, and the troubles of the monopoly, it is believed, will increase as the time draws near for the expiration of the president's term of office.

Dividends Are Enormous. Commissioner Smith in his report declared that the Standard Oil company has acquired its enormous power by "unfair competition and methods economically and morally unjustifiable," and gives staggering figures to prove that it has raised the price of oil without cause. He shows that its net earnings from 1882 to 1906 have been \$790,000,000 upon an investment of \$75,000,000, and that \$551,922,934 have been paid in dividends in that period.

Early Decision Expected. It is believed in government circles that an early hearing of the appeal from Judge Taft's decision is certain. The United States court of appeals, which first will consider it, holds sessions in October, January and April. It is the opinion of government attorneys that the case will reach the court in time for a hearing in January, if the oil company chooses to seek a writ of superseades rather than appeal direct to the Supreme court on a question of the constitutionality of the Elkins law. In the former court it is thought the case might reach the Supreme court at the October term in 1908. Being a criminal case, it could take precedence on the court docket.

The constitution of the United States provides that no punishment shall be "cruel and unusual," and this is expected to be the basis of the appeal from the \$25,340,000 fine.

Wait and See, Says Rogers. New York. — A telegram from H. H. Rogers, the active head of the Standard Oil company, dated from his summer home at Palm Beach, Fla., is published here in which Mr. Rogers says of the Chicago decision:

"I have only an incomplete report of the Chicago decision, but Mr. Moffett's statement is absolutely correct as to facts. Fair-minded and honorable men will decide as to the logic and the law as the case progresses."

The Moffett statement referred to was issued by James A. Moffett, president of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, on Saturday, and gives the news of the Standard Oil company on the decision.

CHAPLAIN JONES INDICTED.

Accused of Grand Larceny While He Is Being Court-martialed.

Norfolk, Va. — While his trial by naval court-martial on charges of alleged scandalous conduct destructive of good morals, the Reverend Father Chaplain Harry W. Jones was indicted by the Norfolk city grand jury on Saturday, charged with grand larceny. A. S. J. Gammon, of the Citizens Bank of Norfolk, presented three checks dated respectively July 26, 27 and 30, 1906, drawn on the Mechanics National bank, Schermerhorn branch, New York, for \$100,000, \$100,000 and \$100,000, all having been returned protested and marked "not sufficient funds."

Mother and Daughters Drown. Durango, Colo. — The Frisco Marquette and two daughters, both under 12 years of age, were drowned Sunday at a ford in the San Juan river near Arboles by the overturning of their wagon.

Killed By Bursting Fly-Wheel. Youngstown, O. — One man was instantly killed and six others seriously injured by the bursting of a 30-ton fly-wheel at the works of the Youngstown Iron & Steel Roofing company Monday.

BIG CONTEST IN MILWAUKEE

TO ENJOIN ERECTION OF CITY ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT.

Papers Prepared in Suit Brought by Business Men's Association. Money Needed Elsewhere.

Milwaukee. — Citizens who believe the city needs to spend \$1,000,000 to build a bridge, viaducts and schools have prepared papers in a suit to enjoin the city from erecting the proposed million dollar electric light plant to compete with the present private corporation.

To erect the city light plant as proposed will mean an indefinite deferring of the other improvements, as the city is now too near its bond limit to build both the light plant and the bridges, viaducts and schools. T. J. Neasey is making the injunction, which is supported by all the three city business men's associations.

When the Socialists began their agitation for a municipal light plant here, there was considerable public sentiment in favor of the plant. Now only the Socialists favor the plant. The city controller has announced that owing to the city's financial condition he will not counteract contracts for the plant. The Socialists element which favors the plant is strong, however, holding the balance of power in the city council, and the injunction will mean a bitter fight to last for months. The papers will be served Monday.

TRY TO WRECK LIMITED.

Pennsylvania Train Strikes Obstruction, But Escapes Disaster.

Pittsburg, Pa. — An attempt was made to wreck the New York-Chicago limited express on the Pennsylvania railroad at a point just outside of Allegheny. Splice bars had been nailed to a tie and rested on each end of the rails on track No. 4. But the enormous weight of the engine prevented derailment, and the only effect was a jolt to the passengers.

Railroad detectives have been working on the case since, but have been unable to obtain a clue to those responsible for the outrage. It is the opinion of the officials that the attempt was made either by former employees or by men familiar with the working of the road, as the spot selected was the safest, being under the signal bridge, and the manner in which the splice bars were placed indicated that those who drove the bolts were familiar with this kind of work.

TAKEN FROM "HOLY JUMPERS."

Iowa Girl Convert Is Ordered Returned to Her Home.

Waukegan, Wis. — Olga Lundell, the 17-year-old Sea City, Ia., girl, who has been a member of the "Holy Jumpers" sect at the Fountain house in this city for several months past, and whose mother came here to secure her release, was Friday evening, on the order of Court Commissioner Hennick, given in custody of the sheriff of Waukegan county, who was ordered to return her to her home, despite the fact that she testified on the stand that she desired to remain with the "Jumpers," that being "the Lord's will."

The courtroom was crowded to suffocation and the order of the court was received with great shouts of approval by the citizens who heard the verdict.

TROLLEY SMASHES MOTOR CAR.

Three Well Known Young New Yorkers Are Seriously Injured.

New York. — Three well known young men were frightfully, if not fatally, injured Sunday when their automobile was struck by a trolley car, and after being shoved along for a distance of 30 feet, was smashed to fragments against an elevated railroad pillar.

The victims are Swift Tarbell, son of Gage E. Tarbell, who was formerly a vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society; Edward L. Woodson and William Catlings.

Forty Passengers Drowned.

Angers, France. — Forty passengers in a trolley car and the engineer of the train were drowned Sunday afternoon in a railroad accident three miles southeast of this town. The locomotive of a crowded local train struck the trolley car entering the bridge over the river at Les Ponts-de-Ce. The stone railing gave way and the engine plunged into the river 10 feet below, dragging down with it the trolley car and the baggage and third class car. Fortunately no other cars went into the water.

Three Women Are Killed. Jackson, Mich. — Three women were killed and two other persons were injured when a suburban trolley car, New York city automobile here Friday night. The dead and injured all belong to this city.

Whites and Blacks in Battle. New York. — The fatal element among the whites and blacks in the vicinity of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth street and Fifth avenue, lined up according to their racial prejudices again Sunday to settle a baseball dispute, and when the argument was ended 50 persons required medical treatment and of that number two will die. Probably 5,000 persons took part in the fighting, but the 300 policemen who dispersed the mob after every one was fought out got only nine prisoners.

THE BUNKER



It Is Now Mr. Rockefeller's Turn to Play.

CRIME CARNIVAL CONTINUES

NEW CASES OF BRUTAL ASSAULTS REPORTED.

Women and Children the Victims — One Man Severely Beaten by Crowd.

New York. — One of the most brutal of recent crimes against women and children was charged Monday against Luca Fonta, who was locked up at New Brighton, Staten Island, accused of assaulting Antonette Taluci, the two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pasquale Taluci, of New Brighton.

Fonta and Taluci are both laborers employed at the King plaster mills in New Brighton, and Fonta boarded with the Talucis. Fonta was left with the little child Monday afternoon while Mrs. Taluci went shopping. The mother had not gone far from the house when the child's screams brought her back.

When she saw Mrs. Taluci Fonta rushed from the house, Mrs. Taluci following him. Her cries brought out the neighbors and soon a mob was following the fleeing Italian down the street. The pursuers soon overtook the man and he was knocked to the ground, where he was severely beaten and kicked by men and women until a policeman appeared and with a club and revolver fought off the crowd.

Angelina Condelli, a six-year-old child, was found terribly bruised in a thicket near the village of Lincolnville, Staten Island, Monday afternoon. She had been attacked by an unknown man.

John Ambrosio, an Italian laborer, was arrested in Brooklyn Monday afternoon on a charge of attempted assault on two little girls, and Daniel Lalo and Frank P. Body were arraigned on similar charges.

Peppy Police Commissioner O'Keefe, who is in charge of the police department during the absence of Commissioner Bingham, asked the mayor and the board of estimates and appropriations for funds to employ an additional 500 policemen.

WON'T FIGHT LOW FARE LAW.

Pere Marquette to Accept the New Michigan Statute.

Detroit, Mich. — F. W. Stevens, general solicitor for the Pere Marquette railroad, has sent a letter to C. L. Glasgow, state commissioner of railroads, announcing in behalf of Receiver Harmon and the road's stockholders that the Pere Marquette will not contest the recently enacted two-cent fare law. The law goes into effect September 22.

Mr. Stevens says in his letter that the desire to abide by the public sentiment in Michigan in favor of a two-cent rate outweighs the "well-grounded belief of the management that such a rate is unreasonably low in Michigan, where applied practically to all roads without reference to passenger earnings or territory reached."

Chicago Has \$100,000 Fire. Chicago. — Fire supposed to have originated by spontaneous combustion destroyed the plant on the Merchants company, West Lake street and Willow avenue, Monday evening. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The building, which was valued at \$40,000, was partly insured. The contents, valued at \$60,000, consisted of advertising signs and lithographing work partly completed.

Dead of a Jealous Man. Lincoln, Neb. — Joseph Kandel, a Havelock machinist, Monday afternoon shot and probably fatally wounded Mrs. Elsie Parsons at her home in northeast Lincoln, where he committed suicide. Jealousy is supposed to have led to the shooting.

Hitman, A. Has Bad Fire. Albia, Ia. — The plant of the Littleman Supply company, at Littleman, Ia., and seven other business buildings were burned Monday. The total loss is \$50,000.

THE NATIONAL ZOO

INSTITUTION OF IMPORTANCE AT THE CAPITAL.

Here Are Collected Fine Specimens of Animals Gathered from All Parts of the World — Place Like Natural Park.

Not long ago Ras Makonnen, governor of Harar province, Abyssinia, after the manner of old-world potentates, presented to the United States a rare species of zebra. With the zebra came the lion and later a pair of ostriches was shipped from the same source. From Sir Reginald Wingate, the successor to Lord Kitchener as governor-general of Sudan, there has come another lion, and from the governors of states in Brazil, such as the governor of Para and the governor of Amazonas, the United States has accepted a number of South American animals. Within a few days, Mr. Nelson of the department of agriculture shipped to Washington two Mexican tiger cats and a number of rare forest birds, the gift of Carlos H. Jover of Campeche, Mexico.

The international courtesies exchanged, it is not generally known what becomes of these animals. The future of the lion, the tiger, the ostrich in one way or another, through consular or department agents, come into the possession of the United States government is not usually followed up. To what do they go, given, and how do they pass the rest of their lives?

Twenty years ago they would have been turned over to some private menagerie or housed in crude wooden structures back of the Smithsonian institution in Washington, where zoologists and biologists could study them at their own risk. Perhaps the daily sight of these temporary structures had something to do with the purpose the late Dr. S. O. Langley, secretary of the institution, took steps to carry out at that time. The result was the Smithsonian National Zoological Park.

It was not an easy task to convince legislators why they should pay to "have the Nebraska elk and Florida alligators cooped up." In 1890, however, a bill was finally passed through congress to establish a zoological park for the "advancement of science and the instruction and recreation of the people," and also as a haven of refuge where those "native animals that were threatened with extinction might live and perpetuate their species in peace."

The bill allotted \$200,000 for the purchase of land and building. The few animals caged back of the Smithsonian were removed to the new quarters, and the administration of the national zoo became a branch of the institution's work.

Now 187 acres of hilly, woody land two miles from the center of Washington is the final home of nearly every beast that comes into the possession of the United States government. There is no law making it the only duty of the nation to keep but as a matter of fact, very few are sent elsewhere.

An idea of Secretary Langley, when he founded the zoo, was to furnish for the animals a natural home as nearly like their natural homes as possible. The idea was a new one at the time. The few menageries in this country had been built on a scale to imitate any such plan. He opposed any too evident artificiality in the architecture of the grounds. He wished the national zoo to be a natural park in every good sense of the word.

The large acreage helped him in this course, for our zoological gardens are two and a half times as large as the celebrated Tiergarten at Berlin and four times as large as the zoo in London.

Since the national zoo was founded over 2,000 animals have been housed here and during the last few years the collection has averaged about 1,200 birds and beasts at a time.

Apples and Peanuts for Lunch.

Former Senator Francis M. Cockrell of Missouri, now a member of the Interstate Commerce commission, has regained his health sufficiently to partake of his usual noonday lunch—two apples and a sack of peanuts, which during his thirty years' official residence in Washington, most of the time as United States senator, were his only diet for the noonday meal.

Sensor Cockrell says he believes there is more sustenance in a sack of peanuts than in a pound of beefsteak and that they are easier to get. Last winter when he was stricken with illness his physician ordered him to drop apples and peanuts for a while. It was a hard task.

Recently when he was advised that he could resume his favorite bill of fare he was happier than a boy with his first pair of red top boots.

White Paint for the White House. The annual cleaning of the White House is under way, and a lot of white paint is now at work on the structure, and pretty much all of the four months the President is absent will be utilized in renovating and cleaning the exterior of the old building.

The walls of the White House were not painted last year. The experiment of washing with a highly recommended preparation was made. This method was successful, as the wash seems to have cracked the paint and left the walls in bad shape generally wherever it was applied. After these walls have been properly treated with a liberal treatment of good old-fashioned paint will be used, and the White House again will appear in its gleaming dress of pure white.—Washington Post.

The CASTLE OF LIES

BY ARTHUR HENRY VESSEY
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CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

An immense man stood stiffly at the window awaiting us. His bearing was slowly, as was his attire. The spectacles and the puffing face, unnaturally pale, suggested the habits of the student. But the eyes, small, crafty, and very bright, instantly corrected my first impression, and left me baffled and vaguely distrustful. It was the man whose reflection I had seen in the pier-glass.

"Ah, my cousin at last! Georges, this is Mr. Haddon, an American. He comes to the chateau at Alterhoffen as our guest."

It was impossible to doubt that he had spied on me with Madame de Varier's consent. But I was certain that he heard of my consent to go to Alterhoffen with positive assurance. I was not blind to the significant look that passed between them: the eyes of Madame de Varier dilating in triumph and defiance; Dr. Starva equally defiant and subtle.

Evidently there was discord in the camp. Dr. Starva did not welcome the spy that had consented to walk into the web. Well, so should the better. A little discord might prove useful. "Madam is an admirable hostess," Dr. Starva said slowly in French. "But if the guest is to be quite happy he must be content to amuse himself as madam wishes."

The words were almost a threat. I looked with repulsion at this pale, fabby, shuffling giant. It would be well to be on my guard against him. He might be dangerous. But half the battle was won in realizing this. Madame de Varier met his bold sally, insolently careless.

"A diner, messieurs," she cried gayly, and took my arm, leaving the huge Dr. Starva to follow.

CHAPTER XII.

Trachery.

Three hours later Dr. Starva and myself were on the little steambot en route for Vitnaux, a journey of an hour. I had met him at the quay; he was alone. Madame de Varier, he coolly informed me, had taken an earlier boat. I was not to see her until next morning.

Frankly, I scarcely liked that. I could have wished for a more congenial companion. However, I was embarked on an adventure; and must take things as they came. It was to be a game of give and take. I was liberally permitting myself to be their tool for the moment; I was to serve their purpose. My wages for the service were to be the opportunity of finding Sir Mortimer Brett. Until I had penetrated the mystery of his disappearance I would be as clay in their hands. Perhaps it might be necessary to be their partner for the nonce in their intrigues. They might wonder at my docility or gullibility, but they should not question it. That was the delicate task I must bend myself to for the present.

We had seated ourselves well forward and were quite alone, for at this late hour the boat carried few passengers. The wind coming from the snow-capped peaks was piercing. I shivered, but rather from excitement than from the chilly air. Already the lights of Vitnaux could be seen dimly through the thick mist.

Dr. Starva, rolling a huge cigar in the corner of his loose, sensual, regarded me fixedly under shaggy eyebrows.

"It is cold. We must have some cognac." Without asking for my assent he summoned a waiter.

Even in so trivial a matter as the appropriateness of refreshments his tone was more a command than an invitation. The cognac would be welcome enough, but one less observing than myself might notice the leader's alacrity with which he welcomed the excuse for the liquor.

"Do you know what it is to have a headache?" he asked, and, fumbling clumsily in his waistcoat pocket, he produced a tiny packet.

"No," I said, yawning, and watching him idly.

"Ah, you are fortunate. This little packet is a great benefactor to me. We are close to Vitnaux. Through the trees there you can get a glimpse of the hotel we are to stop at."

He pointed at a building a quarter of a mile distant from the landing stage we were fast approaching, holding in mid-air the packet of powder preparatory to placing it on his tongue.

I looked where he pointed; there was not much to see; the mist enveloped everything. The boy approached with the cognac.

My elbows on the table, I fingered curiously the little glass packet in front of me, while that of Dr. Starva was being filled. As I tipped it toward me I caught a glimpse of a white powder in the bottom of my glass. Dr. Starva's head was bowed; there was no looking at him. But I did not move a muscle. I lifted my eye slowly. Dr. Starva's great head was tipped back. The packet, empty of its powder, of course, was placed at

his lips. But his red-like eyes were watching me narrowly.

I had need to think and act quickly. The powder was a narcotic to deaden my senses. That must be prevented at any cost; and yet he must think that I had taken the drug.

He had called my attention to the hotel while he cleverly slipped the powder into the glass. I ought not to be less adroit.

As the waiter passed around the table his decenter in hand, I thrust out my leg and tripped him up neatly. He fell against Dr. Starva, the decenter still held carefully aloft.

In that moment of confusion I emptied the contents of my glass into my handkerchief. When Starva, furious and perhaps suspicious, pushed the man fiercely from him and looked at me, I was laughing heartily at his mishap, the handkerchief in one hand, the other holding out the glass for the brandy, the fingers closing over it to hide it from his view.

"Sante!" he cried boisterously, and drained the contents of his glass at a gulp. I followed his example, and in spite of the powerful liquor, I tasted (or fancied I tasted) the drops of the bitter drug.

"Pah!" I cried in disgust, and was careful to hand the glass to the waiter instead of placing it on the table. "I have tasted better brandy than that in my life."

The expression of disgust promptly assured him that I had really drunk his lips.

"The words were almost a threat. I looked with repulsion at this pale, fabby, shuffling giant. It would be well to be on my guard against him. He might be dangerous. But half the battle was won in realizing this."

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loft, and his antics so extraordinary. When I left the carriage presently, severely the driver must see the change in my attire, and have his suspicions—unless he were in Dr. Starva's confidence!

And this fact did not escape me: The bell did not signal me, as it must have done had it been Dr. Starva's.

Then if it were not his own—in an instant I had guessed something of his game.

CHAPTER XIII.

It Masquerade Unwillingly.

I must have been after midnight when the carriage drew up under the porte-cochere of the hotel. Dr. Starva alighted and met the concierge at the vestibule. I heard little of what was said; first, but the surprise of the concierge was evident. He tossed his arms about, and burst into excited protest. Presently (and I could see that Starva was annoyed at the action) he came to the door of the carriage and peered within. I sat huddled up in the corner, apparently asleep.

"He is very ill—his Excellency!" cried the concierge in French.

"Is that so?" I sternly replied. Starva in the same language. "That is not his Excellency, Imbecille. This is only a tourist, a Mr. Haddon. You understand," he repeatedly stammered, shaking the concierge by the lapel of his gorgeous coat, "that is only a tourist."

The fellow looked at Dr. Starva, bewildered.

"Mala, mala, mala!" he stammered in expostulation, pointing at me. "Appearances are sometimes treacherous," said Starva grimly, and added with marked carelessness, "Is Madame de Varier arrived?"

"An hour ago," muttered the man, his round eyes still staring at me.

"Then do you think, fool, that this Excellency would come to this hotel at midnight, and at the hour that she arrives? Are there no tongues to talk? Are there no eyes to pry? If Mr. Haddon," he emphasized the name—"prefers to be nursed by a

corridor, was deserted at this late hour. We met no one.

Arriving at the suite of rooms allotted to us, the concierge was summarily dismissed. But before he left us the servant insisted on whispering to Dr. Starva these words, which no doubt startled him as much as they did me.

"The sister of his Excellency is in the hotel. Shall I tell her that?" Dr. Starva clutched the shoulder of his informant, and held him in a fierce, vicious grip.

"Three times stubborn fool!" he growled, "what concern is it to Mr. Haddon that the sister of Sir Mortimer Brett is at this hotel? Certainly not my business!"

He thrust his spectacled, pallid face close to that of the trembling servant. Then releasing him suddenly, he pushed him without the little condescending rubbing his shoulder. "Imbecille!" he cried, "this is no necessary violence. He stepped out into the corridor, and I guessed that he had smoothed the injured vanity of a goaded official with more of the critic notes."

He had scarcely entered the room again before he admitted Madame de Varier, and again the key was turned.

"Look, look no time in vain talk or any assertion that she does not know Holtman. It is the general opinion here that the trial will not be held until November."

W. C. T. U. PROSECUTES MAYOR.

Carlyle Executive Charged With Palpable Neglect of Duty.

Carlyle.—The members of the local W. C. T. U. have filed a complaint against Mayor Berger, charging him with palpable neglect of duty because he has failed to compel saloons to close on Sunday.

A woman object of the organization has also filed suit for \$5,000 against the saloonkeepers in the city, who also against the owners of the property, for selling liquor to her husband, contrary to written notice.

BRYAN AMONG SPEAKERS.

Program in Preparation for Chautauque at Mechanicsburg.

Mechanicsburg.—The eleventh annual central Illinois chautauque will be held here August 15-25. The program includes some of the most prominent men of the present day.

Among the speakers are: William J. Bryan, Gov. J. Frank Hanley, of Indiana; Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin; Father Dalry, Doctor Willett, Doctor Hughes, Hon. J. J. Brown, Congressman from Scott, Walt Holcomb and Arthur Peak.

Asks Soldiers to Guard Roosevelt.

Calico.—A meeting of citizens was held in Calico last night for the purpose of organizing a committee to guard President Roosevelt when he visits this city October 3. Mayor George Parsons, John S. Alsthorpe, president of the board of trade, and E. A. Smith, president of the Commercial club, were appointed a committee to have full charge. An effort will be made to have the Fourth regiment of the Illinois National guard and the Dr. Hille battery in Calico on the above date.

Hobson Speaks at Pana.

Pana.—Capt. Richard P. Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, delivered his lecture, "America, the Mistress of the Seas," before a large audience at the fair grounds south of Pana. A banquet was held in Capt. Hobson's honor at the St. James hotel shortly after his arrival, which was tendered him by the Chautauque association.

Alleged Raters Are Freed.

Glrand.—The four Girard young men, Roland Hughes, Harry Young, John Ploughman and Charles Van Kinkle, who were arrested on a charge of looting the Chautauque assembly, because they expressed their antipathy to W. E. McClannahan, a negro horse trainer, have been discharged by Justice Barnett, of Carlinville.

Yates and Crawford Hold Honors.

Dixon.—Ex-Gov. Richard Yates and Capt. Jack Crawford divided honors at the late Chautauque assembly. The talk of ex-Gov. Yates was free from politics. He was introduced by A. C. Bardwell, who is the choice of the senatorial committee for senator to fill the unexpired term of the late Charles H. Hughes.

Densen to Address Veterans.

Bullington.—The One Hundredth Illinois Volunteer Infantry will hold its annual reunion here August 21 and 22. Among the speakers who will address the veterans during the two days are Gov. Charles H. Densen, Col. A. C. Matthews, Pittsfield, commander Illinois G. A. R.; Hon. Owen Scott and others.

Boy Dies of Rabies.

Danville.—George Davis, a 12-year-old boy of this city, died a most horrible death here as the result of having been bitten by a mad dog a month ago.

Misling Man Found Demented.

Kewanee.—Henry Coates, of Galva, who mysteriously disappeared a week ago, was given out as having been found in a new position here, was found in a demented condition, wandering in the fields two miles west of Buda.

Illik Must Hang.

Chicago.—Herman Illik, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary Vraz and charged with causing the deaths of four other members of her family, must hang on October 11, unless the supreme court intervenes.

Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns

MAGILLS RELEASED ON BAIL.

Opinion is General That Trial Will Go Over Until November.

Clinton.—Fred Magill has been released on \$5,000 bond, his mother, Mrs. Emily S. Magill, and uncle, Fred DeLand, being his sureties. Paye Graham Magill was released on bond in the same amount, her father, W. W. Graham; her uncle, Dr. S. A. Graham; William Ogley and Ed Deboele, signing for her. Margaret met them at the jail as they returned from trial. Nothing can be learned here about the letter said to be in possession of a Walter Holtman of Colorado Springs. Paye denies the existence of such a letter and asserts that she does not know Holtman. It is the general opinion here that the trial will not be held until November.

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Kewanee.—Henry Coates, of Galva, who mysteriously disappeared a week ago, was given out as having been found in a new position here, was found in a demented condition, wandering in the fields two miles west of Buda.

Illik Must Hang.

Chicago.—Herman Illik, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary Vraz and charged with causing the deaths of four other members of her family, must hang on October 11, unless the supreme court intervenes.

COUNTY CLAIMS BACK TAXES.

Large Sum Said to Be Due from Estate of John Warner.

Clinton.—Vespasian Warner, executor of the estate of John Warner, has started an injunction suit against R. E. Campbell, county clerk of De Witt county to restrain him from collecting alleged back taxes from the estate. It is claimed property to the value of \$300,000 was not assessed in 1903; \$400,000 was added in 1904 and in 1905 \$500,000 was shipped. The taxes on this missing the ten per cent. indemnity would make \$33,000 now due the county.

Judge Philbrick last year refused to issue a temporary injunction during the matter should go before the circuit court and as the board of referees has recommended that the taxes be collected the case is being argued before Judge Cochran in the circuit court.

BOARD OF TRADE VICTORIOUS.

Chicago Body Wins Fight Against Elevator Combine.

Chicago.—The board of trade has gained a decisive victory in its campaign against the elevator combine, against the so-called elevator "combine," when Judge Orrin N. Carter, of the supreme court upheld the injunction which the board secured to restrain public warehouses from withdrawing from the public grain storage business, and thus leaving grain dealers without ample storage room.

By this decision the ruling made by Judge Honore a few weeks ago is reversed, and the injunction forcing the board of trade will remain in force until the case can be reviewed by the supreme court next October.

Points to Suicide Compact.

Kankakee.—Mary Chayer, a little girl picking blackberries near Gougar's grove, five miles east of Kankakee, found floating in the Kankakee river a bottle containing a note that gives evidence of a suicide compact at Kankakee, Ill. The following note was found in the bottle, written on wrapping paper: "Mr. and Mrs. Frank Yerger committed suicide this sixteenth day of June, 1907, in the hospital at Kankakee, Ill. I am sorry Mrs. C. T. Yerger at Gilman, Ill."

Young Man Beheaded by Violent.

THE REVIEW

Entered as Second-Class Matter
U. S. LAMMY, Editor and Publisher.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1907

(Continued from First Page)

seven dead managers of the work in Illinois.

The attendance has been fairly good. More would be welcome, especially men, as mostly women and girls are attending. Today is Woman's Day with Mrs. M. G. Tonger of California as speaker and a young ladies' quartette as singers.

Gems In Verse

OLD FAVORITES.

NIAGARA.

THE thoughtless are strange that
I should be so fond of thee,
While I look upward to thee,
I would know
As if God would tell them from his
And how his low upon those awful founts
And how he looks down upon those
Who dwell in fumes for his Saviors
Who
"The sound of many waters," and had
The flood to chronicle the ages back
And notch his centuries in the eternal
rolls.
Deep gulfs into deep—and what are we
That but the creatures of that vast sub-
limes?
Oh, what are all the notes that ever tumbled
From your vast trumpet by thy thunder-
ing side.
Yes, what is all the riot man can make
In his short life to thee unceasing roar?
And yet, bold beholder, what art thou to
him.
Who drowns the world and heeds the
waters far
Above his loftiest mountains? A light
That breaks and whispers of his Maker's
might!
—John G. C. Brainerd.

ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.

AMONG Egypt, Egypt, Egypt,
Take the crown of life like fast,
And the dark Phoenician shadows
Gather on the evening light.
Let thine arm, O queen, extend me;
Hush thy voice and low thine ear:
Listen to the great heart secrets
Thou and thou alone must hear.
Though my scarred and veteran legions
Bare their spears high to move
And my wrecked and broken galleys
Brew dark Antony's fatal shore,
Though no glittering sword surrounds me
Prompt to do the deed that will,
I must perish like a Roman—
Die the great triumvir's death.
Let not Caesar's sword mine mine
Mark the lion that must die,
"Was no woman's arm that foiled him,
"Was his own that struck the blow.
He, who, who, who, who, who, who,
Turned aside from glory's ray—
He, who, who, who, who, who, who,
Maddly there, I sold away.
Should the base plebeian rabble
Dare assail my name at Rome,
Where the noble spirit of old
Weeps within her adored home,
Back her; say the gods have witness.
Alas, alas, alas, alas, alas, alas,
That her blood, with mine commingled,
Yet shall mount the throne of kings.
And for thee, star-eyed Egyptian,
Glorious sorrows of the Nile
Light the path of Syrian heroes
With the splendors of thy smile.
Give the Caesar's crown and arches,
Let his blood the laurel twine;
I can reign the senate's trustee,
Triumphant in love the mine.
I am dying, Egypt, dying,
Hark! The insulting woman's cry,
They are coming. Quick my falchion:
Let them from my side die.
Ah, no more amid the battle
Shall my heart exult alone,
I am and Oursie guard well!
—Cleopatra, Rome, farewell!

WOMAN'S DOWER.

Oh all that breathe the air of heaven
Some boon of strength has nature given.
In forming the majestic bull
She fenced with wreathed horns
his skill.
A hoof of strength she lent the steed
And winged the timorous hare with speed.
She gave the lion claws of steel
And o'er the ocean's crystal mirror
Caught the unnumbered seals
To trace their blood path alone.
While for the umbrage of the grove
She plumed the warbling world of love.

The Standard Foreign Crop.

Alfalfa is the standard foreign crop of the Great Basin area, as it is of the entire western United States. Among the people of Utah it is known universally as lucerne, the name under which it was first brought into the eastern states and which is derived from the common European name for the plant. This name was probably carried westward to Utah by the early pioneers, who never accepted the California name alfalfa, which has been derived through the Spanish from an Arabic word signifying "the best fodder."—Carl R. Scholfield.

Two Failures.

Honely Man—I failed for beauty.
Sarcastic Man—You remind me of a friend of mine who married for money.
Honely Man—How's that? Sarcastic Man—He didn't get it.—Chicago News.

Returned.

"Yes, this tower goes back to William the Conqueror."
"What's the matter? Isn't it satisfactory?"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Where it Ought to Be.

Cardinal Manning once while in Rome sent to a sculptor to make an expert in phonology, and during one of the sittings they fell to discussing the sculptor's hobby. "Tell me, then," said Cardinal Manning at last, "where is the seat of conscience?" The sculptor strode across the studio and, indicating a spot on the cardinal's head, "That's where it ought to be," he grimly said.—London Belman.

The Rescue

By C. AUSTIN JOHNSON.

(Copyright, 1907, by C. Austin Johnson.)

SO you would like to hear how I, a poor sailor, chance to marry a pretty wife, possessed of thousands and without exception mistress of the finest estate in Santos? Well, come out on the piazza. I have a fine view of the bay there, and I have to listen to the roar of the surf. I remember me of old times, you know. Light a fresh cigar. You have nothing like them in the states, I can assure you of that. Add now for my yarn.

Many years ago I was chief mate on board of a down east boat engaged in the South American trade. The captain was good enough at heart, but he did have a gold dollar so much that his passion of avarice at times warped the better and prevailing instincts of his nature.

I was young, careless and free, without a soul living I could claim as kin, not as happy in my lone state as you may well imagine. I had but little responsibility on my shoulders, the skipper taking entire control, even to details.

We were to the southward of the line, outward bound, and upon the eternal night in question, which was truly an era in my life, I had the first watch. The wind was light and the ocean calm as though asleep.

We had all our light tides set to was the gentle breeze, running through the water over three knots an hour. Absorbed in my own thoughts and reveries, I was leaning idly over the railing watching the bubbles and phosphorescent light playing about the restless water when a touch on my arm from the man at the wheel brought me to myself.

"What do you call that, sir?" he inquired, pointing over the quarter. I gazed in the direction pointed out by the man and, to my intense surprise, saw a bright light, not unlike a ball of fire, which threw a lurid, tremulous light across the dark waters.

"It can't be the moon, sir," said the seaman, with an inquiring look. "The moon being in a quarter bearing south-southwest? No; that is some craft on fire as sure as my name is John Watkins, and I'll raise one on the captain at once."

In another instant I was rapping in to gentle manner at the skipper's stateroom, who turned out in a hurry. "What's what is the matter?" he stammered, rubbing his eyes. "Is there a squall coming?"

"No, sir; it's as pretty a night as I ever saw. But, Captain Thompson, there is a vessel on fire to leeward of us and I will, if you say so, run down to her assistance."

"I'll be on deck in a moment. Don't be in a hurry. Don't like to run the vessel off her course—prolongs her voyage."

And, leaving the sleepy skipper grumbling to himself, I regained the deck. In a few moments the old fellow was by my side.

"It will cost money to take all hands off your craft and feed them till we make a port."

"True, sir; but is human life to be reckoned or valued by money? In all

in ten minutes I had the toughest craft she was too. A bag of biscuits with a bucket of water, was stowed away in the stern sheets, and, bidding the lads to give way with a will, we shoved off from the side of the old brig. I saw the best form of Captain Thompson peering down upon me for a moment, but the next instant the boat rose on the bosom of a swell, and that was the last I ever saw of my old skipper.

The brig quickly faded from sight, hid by a thin mist of haze which had suddenly arisen, and, in fact, I was conscious of a strange change in the appearance of the weather. The vessel had entirely disappeared from the firmament, hid behind the gray veil which had so mysteriously arisen, and now down on the horizon I noted a dark bank of clouds. The heat was intense, the steam rising with the perspiration from their streaming brows as they labored at their oars. Not a breath of air disturbed the glassy surface. All nature appeared to be hushed into a terrible calm.

I must confess I felt rather apprehensive as I glanced about the horizon and looked back in the direction where the "kicker" the old brig must be, rolling and pitching idly on the long swell, which every moment was increasing. But my fears and apprehensions were soon banished from my mind by matters of more attractive interest.

As we neared the burning craft, I read the name of La Vega in letters of gold on the huge stern. The lighted by the burning sails and the great ship glowed ample power for me to form my conclusions.

The ship was a standard. The empty decks and dangling tails told their own story plain enough to a seaman's eye.

The burning wreck had been deserted. Shooting under the broad, heavy counter, we caught at the high waters of the mizzen channels, and directing two men to remain in the boat, I started on deck, followed by the other two seamen.

The ship had evidently been on fire some time, the flames having full control of the forward portion. The topgallant forecastle was a sea of fire, and the masts were already tottering. I knew there was no time to lose. The smoke was dense and stifling, but as yet did not affect the extreme after portion of the vessel. The decks were strewn with remnants of provisions, half open cases and articles of clothing, but no trace of a human being could be seen.

Diving down into the main cabin, which was half filled with black twigs, I took a hasty glance at the rich hangings, appointments and ornamentation, surprised me, showing that the unfortunate ship had been designed to carry passengers. I saw sharp, shooting glances of writhing flames from aloft penetrated through the broad skylight, tingling every object with a deadly glare.

From stateroom to stateroom I hurried, but found them all empty until I came to the after one. There I experienced some difficulty in opening the door, the smoke every moment becoming more dense and respiration more difficult. Exerting my strength, the work was done, revealing a confused mass of white drapery lying on the stateroom floor.

I rushed about the place, with apprehension, and, stooping, I soon ascertained that it was a woman.

Pacing my hand over her breast, I felt it throb, and without further delay I rushed back with her in my arms. Through the companionway I staggered, with a strange dizziness in my head, gasping for breath, but still retaining my grasp on her. I had saved her. The fresh air revived me, and the pain left my head, so that I was enabled to pay proper attention to the woman who lay helpless in my arms.

Then, for the first time, I looked at the face of my burden, and by the bright light of the wreck I discovered she was both young and handsome. At that moment the mainmast went crashing over the side, sinking with her in the black water. A shower of clinders and sparks, a column of roaring flames, shot on high, followed by the excited shouts of the men, who had leaped, panic stricken, into the boat, urging me to follow.

Clasping the lady with my left arm, I used my right in gliding down the ship's side. The men's oars were poised as I gave the word and the next instant we were clear of the vessel, which was now wrapped in flames from stem to stern.

Dashing some water into the lady's face, I began to clasp her hands. The treatment, though rough, had the desired effect. She opened her eyes, closed them again as if the awakening was painful, but in a few moments was fully herself. In a few words I told her how she had been saved and assured her that in a short time she would be in safety on board the brig.

In return she told me that her father was the Senor Jose Gonzales of Santos, the wealthiest planter in the country. She had been on a visit to Spain, where her father had a large number of relations and had taken passage for home in the Spanish ship.

The ill fated vessel, by some means to her unknown, had caught fire during the night. A panic ensued, and, overcome by terror, she faltered and nearly lost her life. In the excitement and alarm which followed, her absence was overlooked, and when the boats shoved off from the ship the Senorita Maria Gonzales was left unconscious in her stateroom to perish.

It was not the fact of the brig being invisible that caused me uneasiness, but the startling knowledge that a great convulsion of the elements was about to burst upon us.

The dark bank I had at first noticed low down on the horizon had risen rapidly until the entire heavens were obscured. The atmosphere had grown dense, and the darkness was simply intense, relieved only by the now distant, hazy, white, occasionally threw out a beam of light.

A strange, indefinable, rushing sound pervaded the air, a slight ripple ruffled the stagnant waters, a cold shiver ran through my veins, while under the black, frowning clouds I saw a white light rapidly rushing upon us.

Longer and longer grew the seconds. The ground at our feet began to vibrate. With a wail of my hand I motioned the seamen to pull the boat round so

as to bear before the oncoming peril. The shriek of the tempest drowned my voice. The oars were dashed from the sailors' hands, while they in terror threw themselves down in the bottom of the boat.

On my back I felt terror Marie cling to me, while with all my strength and skill I managed to keep the boat dead before the gale.

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SHORTHAND.

The Quality That Appears to Be Lacking in All Systems.

The fatality of all systems of shorthand is that what seems easy to the eye of filial piety may be terribly difficult to the cold gaze of a stranger. Of the innumerable systems of shorthand that were the vogue a century ago how many survive today? Not a London writer. Fame and fortune still await the man or woman who can invent a system that it applied to the reader as effectively as to the original writer. Perhaps if we were to discover the lost shorthand writing of the ancient Romans we might find ourselves on the road toward a solution of the problem.

For the Romans were an affectionate people with shorthand. Did not Seneca, speaking of Calpurnia, express surprise that an emperor of so many powerful traits should nevertheless be an incoherent in shorthand, and did not Titus Vespasianus pride himself on his facility in the use of stenographic shorthand for his amusement? Reason was of the fact that he had the rediscovers of the art in England toward the end of the sixteenth century the curious Perya would not have been moved to write his diary.

VENEZUELA.

Beauty of the Country and the Impression It Leaves.

The beauty of the country is the first and the most striking impression. To catch glimpses at every turn in the valleys of cloudy peaks, or when on the mountain side to see through the hazy air valley after valley between the very hills, to breathe the pure air, to know that summer is almost perpetual—is only half a man who does not for a moment forget the needs of civilization in the intoxication of primitive nature. The loveliness of Venezuela is something different from that of the Andean ranges farther west and south. It is a more tropical, and the mountains do not rise the height in which the senses are stifled by grandeur, nor is there found so near the equator that ruggedness or gloom of solenitude which is one feature of the Rockies. It is a beauty of more human type, which can be enjoyed most when we know that man has his abode there. The Andes, the Alps or the Rockies are bold and austere. They need no life. Life is not sought for them. But such contrasts and changes are constantly presented to the eye in these softened landscapes are more exquisite when seen is portending about on the surface trying to imagine that he is some real importance on the earth.—Reader Magazine.

"If a fact," said Towne, "that my life is able to dress on comparatively little money."

"What?" exclaimed Maryat. "Oh, come now, what do you mean by 'comparatively little'?"

"I mean on little compared with what she thinks she ought to have."—Catholic Standard and Times.

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Inferior Cuts of Meat.

The so called inferior cuts of meat are taken from those portions of the animal which are most constantly in motion during the life; hence they are tough and stout of fiber, so far as nutrition goes, however, they are to be preferred to the very tender portions (such as beef tenderloin, which contains a smaller percentage of body muscle material). While necessary to give them an entirely different treatment to make them palatable when served. Long cooking at a somewhat low heat is needed to give tenderness and impart flavor.—London Mail.

Bridget Whist.

"There've you been this evening?" asked O'Toole of O'Toole. "Sure, I've been playing Bridget whist. 'Tis a fete game, it is."

"Bridget whist?" "An' how do you play that?"

"Oh! sit in the kitchen wid' Bridget and ate pie an' cake an' chicken, and then Bridget plays the whist comin' in says 'Whist' an' O'hild in the pantry."—Short Stories.

The Neck of the Bottle.

On the neck of a wine bottle a ridge can usually be seen. This ridge has a purpose to serve. It is not made merely to create the neck of the bottle. When the bottle is opened and its contents have to be poured into a glass the ridge is adjusted to the top of the glass, so that the wine cannot trickle down the side of the bottle and then on to the tablecloth.—London Telegraph.

The Ashanti Army.

The Ashanti army is the male part of the Ashanti nation. Every man was can keep up on the march is obliged to serve, and after an expedition has set out the women sweep the streets and beat any man whom they discover skulking at home. In battle the generals occupy the rear to cut down any one who may try to run away. If the battle goes against them the generals commit suicide.

Timely Counsel.

"Be keefer of them city ways," said the old man to the youth who was leaving home. "If you've got to get out over the top, let it be by one of them big red devil automobiles that kin afford to pay your damages enough to buy New a plainer an' help me take the most care of the male. Don't let no cheap cheap knock you out on my telegraph pole full on you. Go in fer big things while you sit in the way of 'em."—Atlanta Constitution.

Butchers in Burma.

All butchers in Burma are Indian born. No Burman will kill a cow or a bullock or sell meat. There is no law against such practice, but no respectable native will kill for food, sport or revenge. Fowl and fish are indeed sacrificed for eating purposes, but every one despises the fisherman. He is a sort of outcast, and the slaying of fowl is done reluctantly.—Washington Gazette.

The science of algebra is said to have been the invention of Mohammed of Buzana about 850 A. D. The science was introduced into Spain by the Moors. The first treatise on the subject in any European language is believed to have been that by Luca Pacioli, which was written in 1494.

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 Barrington, Illinois.

Barrington Local Happenings Told in Short Paragraphs

Mrs. Tuttle, the nurse, has gone to Chicago for a month.

Work has begun on the new Deckery house on Garfield street.

Wilkes Wilmer and family are now living in their home on Liberty street.

Miss Margaret Slavin of St. Louis has been visiting Mrs. P. O. Wilmarth.

Mrs. W. Lewis and children of Chicago are visiting her sister, Mrs. Arthur Weichelt.

Mrs. and Mrs. George Hager and son, Irving visited relatives of Mrs. Hager in Algonquin Sunday.

Robert Nightengale of Chicago visited a few days this week at his brother's, George Nightengale.

George Froelich is planning to attend the State University at Champaign this coming school year.

Mrs. Lea Blocks of Tampa Bay, Florida, is here to visit a month with her brother-in-law, E. M. Blocks.

Willard Abbott went to Houston, Illinois, Monday, to visit relatives, and has now gone to Seattle, Wash.

Mrs. and Mrs. Sam Gleason are now occupying their new home on west Main street just outside the village limits.

Mrs. and Mrs. John Brockway and children of Western Springs were here over Sunday at the home of M. A. Brockway.

Mrs. and Mrs. Ray Cannon and son went Monday to the Robertson farm north west of Lake Zurich to remain until Saturday.

John Taylor and family of Chicago have rented the hotel house on Station street. Mr. Taylor is a North-western engineer.

Mrs. and Mrs. Wm. Cannon, George Otis and a Miss Schroeder of Chicago took dinner at the Morton House, Algonquin, Sunday.

Too many people deny themselves the comforts of life in order to pile up an estate for a bunch of dissatisfied heirs to fight over.

The Baptist church morning theme "The Meaning of Suffering," Evening, "The Cross of Christ."

JAMES H. GARNER, PASTOR.

Some people are anxious to read of the doings of all their acquaintances in the Review, but O so few of their own names and affairs appear in print.

Mrs. and Mrs. Edward Kirby will move next week from the Carlow house on Chestnut street to the lower flat in the Fryer house on west Main street.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dorothy McCoy of Chicago to William Kirby of Barrington. The wedding will take place in Chicago next Wednesday.

Guests at the Thorpe home from from Sunday to Wednesday were Mr. Thorpe's father, William Thorpe, his brother, Charles Thorpe with wife and daughter, all of Chicago.

What seems very important to you, may, from a newspaper standpoint, be a very trivial affair. A paper is for the big public and not for the interests of one particular social set or organization.

Guests at Mrs. Benton's this week were John Waterman of Elgin and her cousin, Mrs. Duncan, of Chamberlain, South Dakota. Mrs. Duncan has not visited Barrington since leaving here thirty-five years ago.

About twenty men from here went to the ball game at Des Plaines Sunday between the Des Plaines Stars and the Chicago Cubs (colored) of Chicago. Score 10 to 3. Des Plaines won.

Nash of the Ball club team here pitched.

The regular Sunday morning service and Sunday school of the Methodist church will be held in the church basement next Sunday on account of the repairs that are going on in the upper room. The evening service will be a union service in the Chautauque tent.

It doesn't hurt our feelings to tell us that there is no news in the paper at times. If nothing occurs, shall we manufacture untrue news? We are in touch at all times with every neighborhood for miles around and are pretty well able to state that "thus and so," is so or not.

The ball game last Saturday afternoon between the Oak Park Maroons and the Y. M. C. A. team looked like defeat for the latter until the ninth inning when the score stood 7 to 5 in favor of the city team. Then, the pitcher from away got rattled and the Y. M. C. A. won the game by the score of 8 to 7.

Mrs. Myrtle Plagge visited at Synterton, Illinois, last week.

Camp meetings will begin this year here, next Friday, August 16th.

Miss Louise Lage of Chicago is visiting Miss Rose Holoff for two weeks.

Miss Anna McCarthy of Chicago is visiting at the Dunlea home this week.

Miss Lydia Berghman of Chicago is visiting the John Mizer's family this week.

Emmett Stenger of Naperville visited his relatives, the Plagues, here Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Harrower of Chicago is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Myers.

Mrs. George Stiefenhofer, son, and daughter are visiting in Winemac and Loganport, Indiana.

Miss Grace Palmer went to Chicago Wednesday to visit relatives and friends for several weeks.

Mrs. Edward Solt and children of Van Wert, Ohio, are here visiting Mrs. Henry Dunlea and relatives.

FOR RENT—Lamsey house on Franklin street recently vacated by Wilkes Wilmer. Phone 322. MISS M. LAMBY.

Chas. Lytle dropped an air compressor on his foot Tuesday and will be on crutches for a time from the injury.

The wood-work in the Methodist church assembly room is being refinished and the appearance is greatly improved.

The Cook County W. C. T. U. has accepted an invitation to picnic with the Lake County W. C. T. U. at Waukegan today.

Mrs. and Mrs. James Clark of Chicago spent Friday and Saturday with Mrs. Sarah Benton. Mrs. Clark was formerly a teacher here.

Mrs. William Thorpe and Mrs. Emil Ficke will entertain the Thursday club next week Wednesday with a picnic on the Ficke lawn.

Dennis Schroeder and William Gruau have gone in the Thorpe auto to the Algonquin race. A party has also gone in the Schaubert auto.

The Barrington Baseball club will play the Cubs at Waukegan Sunday. Nash and O'Donnell will be the pitchers and Gable will catch.

The Lake County Agricultural Society will complete final arrangements for the annual fair at Libertyville to be held the first week in September.

The gravel contract bid for Cuba township was secured Tuesday at the township clerk's office by John Janke for \$110 a yard. There were two other bids.

On Thursday Mrs. Charles Otis, Misses Deulah Otis and Nancy Jencks, Mrs. and Mrs. H. K. Brockway and Thomas Crest went to South Haven across the lake.

The annual Lake County Teachers' Institute will be held in the high school rooms of the Central school, Waukegan, August 26 to 30th. The list of lectures will be given by well known educators.

"Every little bit helps," so when you feel like roasting employees of this office because news is scarce, just get down any news items that you know yourself and drop them in the Review box near Hawley's store.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Simmons are, we regret to report, preparing to remove from Barrington about the 17th to Plymouth, Hancock county, Illinois, where a fine opening in dental work has been given the doctor. Plymouth is about the size of Barrington and is on the C. & B. Q. railroad, some eighteen miles east of the Mississippi.

When you feel cheated because the Review contains little news some dull week, why not make a little news yourself by having a runaway, breaking your leg, robbing your neighbor or beating your wife? We would be glad to fully report the occurrence.

The Rev. James H. Garner of Chicago has been called to the pastorate of the Baptist church here and will occupy the pulpit Sunday morning for the first time as the church pastor. He will continue his studies at the Chicago University and reside in the city.

Miss Mabel Wagner who entered the Baptist Training School for Nurses in Chicago in June on three months trial was accepted as a student last Friday and has the right to wear the nurse's stripes. By her perseverance and general ability her term of probation was shortened.

James Hutchinson has gone to Waukegan for a month.

Ice-cream social at A. H. Boehmer's Monday night, August 16th.

Miss Ella Haas is visiting Chicago friends and relatives this week.

Miss Emma Schaefer left Wednesday to visit relatives in Springfield, Illinois.

Miss Georgia Topping went to Dixon, Illinois, Wednesday to visit friends for two weeks.

People from Chicago are boarding for a time at Fred Blenhow's on east Main street.

August Wassow of Chicago visited Saturday and Sunday with Otto Stanger.

Mrs. August Meyer has been quite ill this week with an attack of neuralgia.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Thiels are rejoicing over the arrival of a son Wednesday morning.

Irving Hollister's baggage-man at the depot while Clarence Page is away on a vacation.

Mrs. Wm. Shearer left Tuesday to visit two weeks at her father's home in La Crosse, Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. Knoff of Chicago were here over Sunday at the Rasmussen home on south Hawley street.

Clarence Page left Tuesday for Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada with a party of land buyers. He will be gone about ten days.

The big automobile meet and hill climbing contest at Algonquin was postponed from August first until today on account of an unfinished bridge at the foot of the south hill.

George Winchell and family of Chicago have rented the Richardson house known as the Fletcher home. Mr. Winchell is connected with the Stearns Chemical company works near the E. J. and E. tower.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Frost of Cary was buried Monday at Palatine. Mrs. Blocks from here was in charge of the funeral. The Frost family formerly lived on the Solt farm northwest of town.

Walter Homuth has decided to leave the Barrington laundry on account of failing health and will work with Reese Moore of the gas company.

Edward Miller returned home Sunday evening from a week's stay in Dixon, Illinois, and a short trip to Clinton, Iowa.

Miss Caroline Schoppe of Chicago visited her sister, Mrs. J. H. Hatje, a part of the week. Master Paul and Miss Elsa Bartholomew of Chicago were also guests at the Hatje home.

The Mission Band of the Salem church will give an ice-cream social on the lawn at the home of A. H. Boehmer, Lake street, Monday evening, August 12th. The Barrington Band will play.

Robert Comstock purchased this week for \$600, the livery business of Charles Janke and the Janke home on the corner of Grove avenue and Station streets. Mr. Comstock took possession of the livery on Thursday and the family will occupy their new home October first. Part of the deal was an exchange of real estate.

Liquor dealers are undesirable citizens from the viewpoint of fraternal societies. The Saloon Order of Foresters is the latest organization to place a ban on saloon owners and the white-jacketed dispensers of alcoholic drinks. The action was taken in the national convention of the body in St. Paul this week. Only one lodge, the Eagles, admit saloon keepers to membership.

What's in a Name?
 Perhaps you may have heard of the celebrated rhyme which reads: "If you call a rose by any other name, it will still smell as sweet." It is in the word "Mesopotamia." It was in the sound. Some words have individuality of their own. You cannot twist "Mesopotamia" to mean anything but a sleepy, sun-kissed land. You could not, for instance, endow those soft vowel sounds with the rugged quality of some unmitigable word. Raskatchew!

Raskatchew! Spoken as though it came always from the full ridged chest of a tall red man, this in the dark, the Jew, spoken as though with the exhalation of lungs full of rugged northern air. What word in the glossary of rivers surpasses this in the virility of its sheer sound? It reeks of kasha and dried white fish and smoked breasts of wild geese and service berry and pemmican. You cannot avoid seeing dog sledges, or help hearing the lunk of wildfowl, or refrain from noting the blown breath of men running in the cold, when you hear the mere name, wild, mysterious, of this river, one of the trails of the young men—Emerson Hough in Outing Magazine.

Sleep on a Hard Bed.
 No matter how comfortable a soft bed and large, soft pillows may be, they are not healthy. Women especially would do well to avoid them, for they assist materially in injuring the physical appearance. When the body sinks down in a soft bed a considerable portion of the vital force of proper ventilation, and circulation is interfered with. A hard bed will make the flesh firm and the figure graceful.

C. F. HALL CO.
 CASH DEPARTMENT
 1019-21 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BLDG.
 DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

Special August Sales.

Test our ability as bargain drivers by seeing the extraordinary values we are now offering.

Ladies' complete suits The Some of the greatest values we have ever offered.

Over 200 Ladies' Summer Suits in climates laws and fancy cottons, waists and skirts beautifully lace, embroidery trimmed. These handsome suits in whites of colors worth up to \$2.50 now on sale at The Lot 2, 100 high grade fancy lawn suits, \$3.00 to \$5.00 make in elegant styles, white or colors. Choice \$1.75

Boys' School Suits.

\$5.00 Suits—heavy wool materials of best makes. 2 pairs of pants with each suit. Our price on the entire suit \$3.00

Traveling men's samples over 100 suits in boys' 2 piece School suits, good quality, dark versatile colors. Sale prices \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 \$2.00

Sale of Dress Skirts.

Over 200 Skirts to close out at from 1 to 1 regular prices.

Lot 1. Over 100 Ladies' and Misses' Skirts in black, grey, blue, etc., worth up to \$2.50. Choice now \$1.49

Lot 2. Ladies' fine quality dress Skirts, stylish makes, in light colors. Sale price \$1.38

Bargains of the Week.

Ladies' Umbrella knit Drawers 10c

Boys' over shirts, light colored percale 10c

Ladies' embroidered front Shirtdress, clearance sale at 49c, 2 for 75c

Girls' all wool jackets, early fall sale, Choice 10c

Men's 2 piece Summer Suits, all wool goods, stylish, new and up-to-date, \$4.95, \$5.50. Fancy VEST FREE with every suit.

10c Sale. Choice of over 200 elegant lawn waists.

Ladies' black or tan Hose 10c

Ladies' ribbed top black hose 10c

Best Thread 5c

Men's heavy calf Work Shoes, solid good \$1.95 \$2.10

Early Fall Suits for Ladies' now on sale.

The fact that our business is growing larger every year is the best proof we can give of the fact that we do just as we claim and that people find it pay to trade with C. F. Hall.

TRACE 518 AND SHOW ROAD TRIP TICKET AND WE REFUND YOUR CAR FARE. Minor Tickets or Motor Tickets if you drive.

He Reclaimed His Jewels.
 One day while Rabbi Meir was away from home teaching at college his two children were suddenly taken ill and died. When on returning he inquired about them his wife, Beruria, first gave him an evasive answer and then, leading the conversation to another topic, related to him how a man who had left some jewels in her care had come back to reclaim them. "Am I to give them back?" she asked. "How can you put such a question?" said he. "Of course you are to return them to the owner." Beruria then took her husband into the chamber where the two children were lying, and pointing to them, while her tears were overflowing and her heart was nearly breaking, she courageously said, "The owner has come today and reclaimed these jewels in our trust."—From the Talmud.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
 TRADE MARKS
 DESIGNS
 COPYRIGHTS & C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free. We advise patentable cases. Patents secured for others. Patents secured for others. Patents secured for others.

Scientific American.
 375 N. 4th St., New York

Cramps

cause women some of their most excruciatingly painful hours. Mrs. Lula Berry, of Farmington, Ark., writes: "I suffered with terrible cramps every month, and would sometimes lose consciousness for 4 to 9 hours. On a friend's advice I took

WINE OF CARDUI

WOMAN'S RELIEF
 and as a result am now relieved of all my pains, and am doing all my household work." No matter what symptoms your female trouble may cause, the most reliable, scientific remedy for them, is Cardui. Try it. At all Druggists. 50c

Sundaes, Chop Suey, Buffaloes Ice Cream

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Collin's Bros.
 is the best. If you have tried it you know. If not, try it, and you will be convinced. Our rich flavors combined with Collin's Brothers ice cream make the most delicious SUNDAYS you can buy.

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 You will find here, fresh and inviting, every sort of baked things worth eating, and at fair prices.

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"IDEAL GASOLINE ENGINE"
 For pumping and other light work. We will insure a low price on this powerful little engine for quick sale.
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 Has removed to his new residence, corner Lake and Hough street, North of the school.
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 1 to 2 P. M.
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Money to Loan
 Money to loan, on approved real estate security, in large or small amounts.
Don H. Miller, Libertyville

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

The Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Interviewing the American Missionaries and Reporting on a Fully Documented, Authoritative and Non-Partisan Basis.

PICTURESQUE OLD KOREA IS NOW "GETTING RELIGION."

Pyeong Yang, Korea.—To the traveler in Korea, Pyeong, the second city in the empire, is notable as a boat-shaped city where the people are afraid to dig wells lest they should sink the city; and as the ancient capital of the nation where Kaja who was Korea's Peter the Great, ruled the time King David was on the throne of Israel and Kaja's grave and Kaja's wall are still preserved. To the religious world, Pyeong Yang is known as the center of the most remarkable missionary work now under way anywhere on the earth.

Within 16 years a Christian community of 4,000 persons, that is doubling itself annually, has been built up and in the surrounding country the number amounts to more than 25,000. As an instance of the way in which the church grows may be mentioned the fact that the mother church of Pyeong Yang has swarmed three times within four years and yet retains a membership of 814 communicants and 334 catechumens. The church, which seats 1,200 persons in its floor—of course there are no pews or chairs—is crowded every Sunday. The attendance at the mid-week prayer meeting ranges from more than 700 to 1,300 or 1,500. The smallest of the congregations which have gone out from Central church numbers more than 150 members; the largest twice that many.

Where Religion Has Introduced Baths. All of these congregations are entirely self-supporting, and they maintain several religious enterprises, such as day schools, orphanages and a book store and library. They have established a school for the blind, and have

Bible and followed the Scripture reading. The address was listened to with all the intensity and responsiveness that any speaker could desire. At its close the leaders and many of the other men crowded to the platform to speak with their beloved "Moksa," or pastor. It struck me that this Korean missionary, and many of his associates, have a work and an opportunity which the best preacher in America might covet.

How American Doctors Fit the Orient. One of the first facts about the missionary community here which strikes a visitor is the harmony and cooperation existing between the two missions. The missionaries are the only white people in Pyeong Yang, except one French tradesman and a French priest. Their social solidarity is as marked as the unity of their labors.

The three hospitals are run as one, although maintaining, in some respects, their separate identity. The largest is the Presbyterian hospital, conducted by Dr. J. H. Wells, and ministering to about 10,000 patients a year. Dr. E. D. Follwell, at the Methodist hospital, treats about 9,000, and Dr. Hall, whose work is entirely for women, about 4,000 patients a year. Jointly, the two men doctors are training 23 students, who not only pay for their instruction, and for the privilege of working in the hospital, but are also required to do evangelistic work among the patients. One notable characteristic of these hospitals, which are almost entirely self-supporting, is the adaptation to the Korean style of living. While they have wards containing beds, most of their patients sleep on the floor, as in their own homes.

A Missionary Home at Pyeong Yang, Korea.

made the beginnings of an insane asylum, both the first of their kind in Korea. More significant than any of these orphanages of the church, in the public bath house run by the Christians; for badly as it needs religion, Korea needs soap and water. I ask no further proof of the genuineness of the conversion of these people than the fact of this bath house, with its four bath tubs and two shower baths—the latter made by up-turned and perforated Standard oil cans. The full meaning of this institution can be appreciated only by one who has traveled in Korea.

The three pioneers of this Pyeong Yang work are still here, and still young men. They arrived 18 years ago. Rev. Dr. B. A. Moffett, Rev. Graham Lee and Dr. J. H. Wells, of the northern Presbyterian board. They chanced to be men of large vision and statesmanlike mold, and so they laid broad foundations upon which the present phenomenal enterprises have been rising. Following them at intervals came 17 other missionaries of the same denomination. Prior to the Presbyterian settlement, Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Hall, medical missionaries of the Northern Methodist church, were already in Pyeong Yang, but at the death of Dr. Hall in 1894 the Methodists withdrew for a time, but later they re-established and now have missionaries in the field, and two thriving churches in the city proper, as well as their country work. I found Mrs. Noble, wife of a Methodist missionary, teaching the bible one week day morning to a class of more than a hundred women and girls, who had come from the country for that purpose. Mrs. Hall, who is a physician, has since returned and conducts a hospital for women, which, however, burned down a few weeks ago.

An Extraordinary Prayer Meeting. What may safely be called the most remarkable midweek prayer meeting in the world is that which I attended in the big church in Pyeong Yang. The congregation was divided into halves by wooden partitions at the angle of the L. One side is reserved for women and the other for men. The church is utterly devoid of furniture, except rough benches and a floor. Into it they gathered on this Wednesday evening no less than 1,200 persons, men and boys, women and children, all seated upon the floor. The congregation was quiet and reverent. At prayer they all bowed forward, with their heads to the ground. Missionary Lee led the music with a coronet, and the people sang lustily. Everybody carried a

shop than any other industrial school I recall.

The manager of this industrial school is Rev. Graham Lee, who seems to be a practical mechanic. In addition to running the industrial school he is the pastor of the largest church in Korea, and has charge of 40 country churches besides the city.

Like Story-Book Missions. This suggests the country work that centers in Pyeong Yang, and one peculiar phase of Korean missions. The church here is self-supporting. No churches spring up almost in a night, without ever having seen a missionary. The Korean Christians are trained to do personal work. Everyone is expected to be an evangelist. Thus it comes to pass, that by the telling of the news from mouth to mouth, the number of believers spreads with greater rapidity than the missionary can follow. It seems literally true here that the missionary cannot keep up with the work, much less lead it.

A few days ago Dr. Wells and Dr. Shirokoro went to Wiju, a city north of here, which has been a hotbed of dispatches. En route they looked in upon some country congregations. The first night, in a little village of about 1,200 inhabitants, they found a prayer meeting under way—the regular weekly service, with no less than 700 persons present. This, be it remembered, was in a village where no missionary resided, and where no white man visits ofteners than a year or so.

The next night they came, as unexpectedly as before, upon another village prayer meeting, with 600 persons in attendance. In these villages, as in many others round about the villages, Christians and non-Christians, are in the habit of gathering in the church for morning prayers, before going out to the fields for work.

It seems as if religion has become the very life of these people. It is certainly their supreme interest and pleasure. They build their own churches, with their own hands. Indeed, the Christian communities throughout Korea probably come as near communism, in their simplicity and fraternity and cooperation, as anything known in this present day. One Man Baptizes More Than a Thousand.

From Wiju I hear a story that matches the famous incident of the delegation of Indians to St. Louis, years ago, to seek somebody to go back with them to teach them the white man's book. The Wiju Christians have built themselves a commodious church and have now established an academy or higher school. Among them, however, nobody qualified to conduct the latter. So at the annual meeting of the Presbyterian mission a delegation was sent down from Wiju to Seoul to plead for a missionary. The people agreed not only to give him the best of welcome, but also to pay all his expenses, but also to provide his salary as well. Yet they were sent back with their request denied. There are not enough missionaries to go around.

Here in Korea there is no hunting up of people for the church; the people are clamoring to come in. During the mission year just ended, one man in the region, Rev. C. E. Kearns, baptized 1,100 Koreans. Yet it is not made easy for a Korean to become a Christian. Careful always lest men and women should desire to enter the church from unworthy motives, every applicant is obliged to become a catechumen for at least one year. Then he must pass a rigid examination as to his character and his knowledge of Christian truth. The missionaries impose what they say is the New Testament standard of conduct upon the people. Every Christian is required to be a total abstainer, to refrain from all forms of gambling, to observe Sunday strictly, and to have a clean conscience. An offending member is promptly disciplined.

The Magistrate's Conscience. When it is considered that these people are just emerging from the raw heathenism and devil worship which prevails around them, these standards seem the more remarkable. The Korean Christians here go far ahead of their fellows in America in the "big church" of Pyeong Yang. Most of the members have formed an anti-tobacco society, for the Koreans, men and women, are confirmed smokers. These people give the money they thus save to the church, and two catechumens are so supported.

No distinction is made among classes. In a village near here the magistrate, who is the chief resident official, is just as strict with respect to the percentage of gifts and with respect to the activity of the ordinary members of the churches. Christianity in Korea is far ahead of Christianity in America. Certainly, for the time being, open-hearted, child-like Christianity I have never seen anything to equal these Koreans. Their manner, their words and their work irresistibly suggest the church of the apostolic age. (Copyright, by Joseph E. Dowling.)

Bunyan's Primitive Flute. The most curious story of John Bunyan's life in Bedford jail is this: To pass away his gloomy hours he took a leg out of his stool and with his knife fashioned it into a flute. This keeps repeating, saying, "I will call to find the cause of the trouble, when he heard them coming he would always replace the leg in the stool, and they never discovered how the music had been produced."

MONDAY UNIVERSAL WASH DAY.

Recognized as Such Over Almost All the World.

Why does nearly all the civilized world wash clothes on Monday? What has Monday to do with washing? It was originally the moon's day and was sacred to the queen of night. I read in a schoolboy's history that the Pilgrims landed on Monday and the good women immediately set about washing the clothes that had been soiled on the trip over. We might judge from that alleged fact that no washing was done aboard ship, yet the fact is that the necessary work of sanitation and blessedness is out at sea where there is plenty of water and nearly always a drying wind.

The voyage of the little Mayflower lasted 83 days, I believe, and was as we can now reckon the landing was made at Plymouth Rock on a Monday, though some historians insist on Friday. It must have been a wet and sizzly year on arrival, with 102 passengers and crew going over two months without washing their linen. Lined? What did they wear in 1620? Can you realize how big was the Mayflower? miserably the bark of 160 tons (Capt. John Smith) or 150 tons (according to Bradford).

THE NEW YORK LIFE'S PROGRAM.

Economy, Publicity and the Paramount Interest of Policyholders.

President Kingsley, of the New York Life Insurance Company, says, in an address to the policyholders, that his plan of administration involves these points:

"First: Strict economy; second, the widest, fairest and fullest publicity; third, the continuance of the New York Life as a world-wide institution; fourth, such an amount of new business under the law as we can secure while practicing intelligent economy, and enforcing the idea that the interest of the policy-holder is paramount."

The Advantage of Reading. "Bless pardon, sir," said the weary hobo as he stood in the farmhouse door, "but might I sleep in your barn tonight? I haven't had a roof over my head for ten days."

"Congratulations," said the kindly farmer. "I have a splendid idea. I have just read in one of my ten-cent magazines that it is not too much to say that to the delicate, high-strung, easily-knocked-up individual the advantages of sleeping in the open air are enormous. Pallid cheeks take on a ruddy hue, colds are unknown, nerves are forgotten, and irritability becomes a phase of the past. A small plot and a little perseverance are the only means of securing the result is assured. You are very welcome to the use of my potato patch, and my sky is at your disposal."—Judge.

All in Cold Storage.

An Oregon attorney, representing a client whose title to a certain cold storage plant was under fire, closed an able argument before the Oregon supreme court recently with the following bit of pathos: "Your honor, I have just read in one of my ten-cent magazines that it is not too much to say that to the delicate, high-strung, easily-knocked-up individual the advantages of sleeping in the open air are enormous. Pallid cheeks take on a ruddy hue, colds are unknown, nerves are forgotten, and irritability becomes a phase of the past. A small plot and a little perseverance are the only means of securing the result is assured. You are very welcome to the use of my potato patch, and my sky is at your disposal."—Law Notes.

The Sad Sea.

The thin, pale man in the large bathing suit, standing knee-deep in the water, sighed. "Why," we asked, "are you so sad?" "Alas," he answered, "the sea is the grave of my first wife."

SOAKED IN COFFEE.

Until Too Stiff to Bend Over.

"When I drank coffee I often had sick headaches, nervousness and biliousness much of the time, but when I went to visit a friend I got in the habit of drinking Postum. "I gave up coffee entirely and the result has been that I have been entirely relieved of all my stomach and nervous troubles."

"My mother was just the same way. We all drink Postum now, and without come in the house for 3 years, we are all well."

"A neighbor of mine, a great coffee drinker, was troubled with pains in her side for years and was an invalid. She was not able to do her work and could not eat meat, clothes or do anything at all where she would have to bend forward. If she tried to do a little hard work she would get such pains that she would have to lie down for days."

\$29,240,000 FINE IMPOSED ON STANDARD OIL COMPANY

JUDGE LANDIS INFLECTS RECORD PUNISHMENT ON TRUST FOR ACCEPTING REBATES — ORDERED WIDE PROBE INTO CONSPIRACY CHARGES.

DETAILS OF THE FIGHT.

Indictments voted Aug. 28, 1908
Original number of counts 4,628
Counts in the trial 1,008
Counts not sustained 441
Counts held of verdict 1,482
Trial began March 4, 1907
Trial ended April 14, 1907
Fines assessed August 3, 1907
Rebates involved \$29,240,000
Witnesses for government 143
Witnesses for defense 7
Words in the record 1,500,000
Cost to government (estimated) \$200,000
Cost of defense (estimated) \$100,000
Fines assessed \$29,240,000
Company earnings in 3 years involved \$199,800,000
Indictments still pending have 1
Possible fines under these, \$123,000,000
"Conspiracy" grand jury called Aug. 3, 1907

FEATURES OF THE DECISION.

The man who thus deliberately violates this law wounds society more deeply than does he who counterfeits the coin or steals letters from the mail.

The only way for them (rivals of the Standard Oil company) to stay in the oil business would be for them to adopt the practice of this defendant and procure the great public power of railway companies to be secretly perverted in their interest. Under no other possible theory could they hope to survive.

Waiving the question of the studied incoherence of this language (regarding the "mob"), in so far as it may be aimed at the present occupant of the bench, the court can, of course, only leave to the discretion of the Standard Oil company the wisdom and propriety of a \$100,000,000 corporation gratuitously inaugurating agitation about the "mob."

The court is not impressed by the doleful predictions of counsel for the defense as to the hardships upon the honest shipping public to be anticipated from the enforcement of this rule. The honest man who tenders a commodity for transportation by railway company will not be fraudulently misled by that company into allowing it to haul his property for less than the law authorizes it to collect.

Under the doctrine insisted upon by the defendant the railway company might give the Standard Oil company a low transportation rate and by contract obligate itself to withhold the

Chicago. The Standard Oil company Saturday received the most terrific blow in its history, and almost certainly was served with notice that more serious trouble was in store for it.

Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, in the United States district court, fined the company \$29,240,000, the extreme limit of the penalty fixed for the acceptance of illegal rebates under the conviction of last April. This fine is by far the largest ever assessed in any case in the history of jurisprudence. It was accompanied by a scathing criticism of the oil trust's methods.

Then the judge instantly called for a special grand jury for August 14 to follow up the same violations of law from the standpoint of conspiracy between the Standard Oil, the Alton road and the head officials of both.



JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.
(Head of Oil Trust Hit by Fine of \$29,240,000.)

This charge, if proved, may land some of the railroad and oil officers in jail.

The trust's lawyers served notice that the infliction of the fine will be contested to the court of last resort. This means two steps: An appeal to the circuit court of appeals and thence to the federal supreme court.

The judge gave the defendants 60 days in which to file a bill of exceptions. This was after three formal and quick "no contest" motions had been made by Attorney Merrill Starr, representing the defense as senior counsel, during the absence of John S. Miller, who is in Europe.

One motion was to set aside the court's judgment, and another an arrest of judgment, and a third to vacate the judgment, setting up the grounds that the court's action was in violation of section 5 of the federal constitution, which is directed against the imposition of excessive fines.

The case upon which the judge assessed the huge fine was brought upon indictments containing 1,452 counts, charging the acceptance of rebates amounting to \$22,000,000 from the Chicago & Alton railroad on shipments of 6,000 cars of oil from Whiting, Ill., to East St. Louis.

Jail Also May Be in Sight. The surprising finale of the day came when the judge issued his call for a special grand jury and directed District Attorney Sims to proceed at once against the Alton railroad and to direct an investigation of the individuals—Standard Oil and Alton officials—who were parties to the scheme by which the Standard Oil company of Indiana secured the transportation of its products at less than one-third the legal rate.

Men in Danger of Indictments. The men who may be deemed to be in danger of such indictment are: J. A. Moffett, president of the Standard Oil company of Indiana.

W. P. Cowan, vice president of the Standard Oil company of Indiana.

H. E. Fox, has been estimated the Standard Oil company and traffic manager for the Standard Oil company of New Jersey.

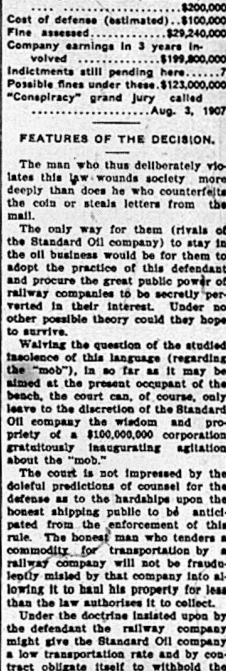
C. Bogardus, traffic manager for the Standard Oil company of Indiana.

S. M. Felton, president Chicago & Alton railroad company.

Joseph W. Blash, traffic manager for Chicago & Alton.

Charles H. Davis, general freight agent for the Chicago & Alton.

Charles H. Davis, former auditor for the Chicago & Alton.



JUDGE KENESAW M. LANDIS.
(Federal Jurist Who Imposed Big Fine on Standard Oil.)

same rate from the very man the taking of whose property by condemnation rendered possible the construction of the road. A more abhorrent heresy could not be conceived.

It is the defendant's position that its offense was wholly technical; that nobody has been injured because there was no other shipper of oil, and that, therefore, the punishment, if any, should be a modest fine.

But the government, on the other hand, is a dissonant case as a reason why such course should go unpunished.

Trainsmen Go on Strike. Denver, Colo.—In consequence of the failure of the negotiations for an adjustment of a difference between striking Denver switchmen, who demand an increase of two cents an hour in their wages, and the Colorado & Southern Railway company, Grand

Maline Potato Crop in Parity. Rangor, Me.—The great potato crop of Aracook county of Indiana, estimated this season at 15,000,000 bushels, is menaced by the continual wet weather. Although the land planted this year is about 5,000 acres larger than last year, it has been estimated the harvest will not equal last year's record crop by almost 3,000,000 bushels. As Aracook county is the largest potato growing district in the world, the condition of the crop there is one of the greatest factors in determining the market price.

TIED BACKS.

The kidneys have a great work to do in keeping the blood pure. When they fail, it causes backache, headache, dizziness, languor and distressing urinary troubles. Keep the kidneys healthy and all these sufferings will be saved. Mrs. S.A. Moore, proprietor of a restaurant at Waterbury, Mo., says: "Before using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered everything from kidney troubles for a year and a half. I had pain in the back and head, and almost constant pain in the joints and felt weary all the time. A few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills brought great relief, and I kept on taking them until in a short time I was cured. I think Doan's Kidney Pills are wonderful."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

Close Confinement.

The new photograph had just arrived, and in her husband's absence, Mrs. Jones thought she would give her portrait a treat, so she set the machine working on a record of "In Old Madrid," sung by Mr. Jones in his best style.

At the very first bar Polly opened her eyes in surprise. She was sitting and fro in deep and speechless wonder.

She was evidently thinking deeply, and her excitement was intense. She looked at her head one side, with an expression that indicated interested conjecture, and irritation at not arriving at a satisfactory conclusion. As the song finished, an idea dawned upon her.

"Well," said Mrs. Jones with pride, "what do you think of that, Polly?" Then the first found words: "Great Scott!" she shrieked. "You've got the old man boxed up this time."

The Tall Tale Voice.

"If you want to tell whether or not the man you are talking to is telling the truth don't look him in the eyes," said a Denver bank teller to some friends. "It is the voice, when you don't look at the eyes, that tells you whether the other fellow is telling the truth or not. The system frequently in the bank. A man will come in to tell us some business tale. We look at his feet or his hands or his knees, but never in his eyes. If he's telling the truth, his voice will be firm and straightforward, and the absence of your gaze in his eyes will not affect it. But if he's lying he'll be confused by your gaze, and his voice will tremble; he'll be nervous and his throat. You may rest assured then that he's strutting you."

Long Time to Sweep.

Everything, even a magnificent church, must be regarded from the point of view of the beholder. A London paper says that two young girls who acted as if they might be enjoying a holiday from domestic service, were observed walking down the steps of St. Paul's Cathedral. Under the great dome of the cathedral, they stood and gazed around her with an air of such wonder that a spectator might well suppose that she was awestruck by her solemn surroundings. But when she spoke the two young girls, who had been so long in the street, "Oh, Sarah," she exclaimed, "wouldn't this place take a long time to sweep?"

Concerning His Business.

A Boston lawyer, who brought his wit from his native Dublin, while cross-examining the plaintiff in a divorce trial, brought forth the following:

"You wish to divorce this woman because she drinks?"
"Yes, sir."
"Do you drink yourself?"
"That's my business!"—angrily.
Whereupon the unmoved lawyer asked:
"Have you any other business?"—Everybody's.

Brains are Built

from certain kinds of

FOOD

Try Grape-Nuts

"America has become a land of nervous emotionalists, largely owing to our sins against the dietetic health laws of nature."

"Only outdoor exercise in a cold climate would enable vigorous individuals to digest the winds forced upon alimentary organs enfeebled by sedentary occupations," wrote Dr. Felix Oswald.

Brain workers must have different food than laborers, because brain work uses up parts of the brain and nerve centers, while physical labor uses up other parts of the body.

Grape-Nuts, a food for brain workers, prepared by scientific food makers, is a pure, natural food made from selected parts of field grains known to contain the natural phosphate of potash and other elements required by the system in rebuilding and repairing the brain and nerve centers. This food is skillfully cooked at the factory and is ready to be served instantly with cream. At all first-class grocers and made by the Postum Co., at Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little health class, "The Road to Wellville," in page. "There's a Reason."

CASABLANCA SHELLED

MOORISH CITY IS BOMBARDED BY FRENCH CRUISERS.

MANY MOORS ARE SLAIN

They Fire Upon Landing Party and Are Bayoneted and Shot Down—Frenchmen Are Wounded.

Tangier—Casablanca, on the Moroccan coast, has been bombarded by French cruisers, the Moors are reported to have been shot down in large numbers, and the town, since last Saturday night, has been practically in the possession of landing parties from French and Spanish cruisers.

The first shots were fired by the Moors. The Frenchmen responded with a bayonet charge and the bombardment of the native quarter with machine shells. The Frenchmen had six men wounded, but no killed. No European residents were hurt.

News of the fighting at Casablanca was brought here by the steamer Anale. On Saturday night the French naval officer in command informed the Moorish authorities that he was going to land a force for the protection of the French consul. Authorization to do so was given. The force went ashore this morning at daybreak. The Frenchmen were no sooner on the beach than they were fired upon by Moorish soldiers, and in this first encounter the French force suffered all its casualties.

The Frenchmen fought their way to their consulate, and then signaled the cruiser Gallie to bombard the native quarter. The Gallie at once opened upon the Moors. She was joined at 11 o'clock by the French cruiser Du Chayla, and both vessels fired until 2,000 rounds of ammunition had been expended. This fire is said to have been disastrous.

The batteries on a fort at the mouth of the harbor fired on one of the French cruisers, but were quickly silenced and reduced.

A second French landing party went ashore and joined the first party at the consulate. A third party, from the Spanish cruiser Don Alvaro de Bazan, was landed and occupied the Spanish consulate. The European quarter of Casablanca was not damaged.

MINISTER GIVES UP HIS LIFE.

Attempts to Save Drowning Man and Both Perish.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Rev. Edward McConnell, of Absecon, N. J., and Claude Friendship, a real estate agent of Philadelphia, were drowned Tuesday opposite Dog's Island, near Brigantine. The two men were on a small sailboat in company with two other men and while the boat was making a tack to the windward the boom swung around and hit Friendship on the head, knocking him overboard. He could not swim and cried for help.

Mr. McConnell, who could swim, leaped after the sinking man. Friendship grabbed him about the neck and both sank. The two men were out in a small boat. The bodies without success and returned with the news of the double drowning. Friendship was the son of the president of the Realty company of Philadelphia.

FOUR KILLED IN WRECK.

Pennsylvania Passenger Train Side-swiped by Runaway Coal Car.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Four persons were killed and 26 injured in a railroad wreck Tuesday on the Buffalo and Allegheny division of the Pennsylvania railroad at Kelly, about 35 miles from this city. The wrecked train was the Titusville express, which left Titusville, Pa., for this city at 7:10 in the morning.

At 11:30 while passing through Kelly the train was side-swiped by a gondola coal car and the engine, tender, baggage and express cars with the three day coaches were derailed.

The dead are: Mrs. Alois Huff and male infant, of Johnstown, Pa.; M. B. Irwin, of Oakmont, Pa., engineer of the passenger train, and George Cochran, of Hilmersburg, Pa.

Venezuela to Pay Belgium.

Caracas, via Willemstad, Curacao. Venezuela advised Belgium Wednesday, July 11, that in recognition of the principle of arbitration she would pay the disputed claims of Belgian creditors, amounting to \$2,000,000, in conformity with the decision of the Hague tribunal. This act on the part of the government strengthens President Castro in his refusal to reopen the matter of the five American claims against Venezuela, which already have been arbitrated. The national congress adjourned today after having abolished the cattle shipping monopoly.

New York Couple Kill Seives. Naples—A Mr. and Mrs. Buckingham, who came from New York, committed suicide by taking poison at Castellamare Tuesday. The reason for the act was that they had sustained serious gambling losses at Monte Carlo.

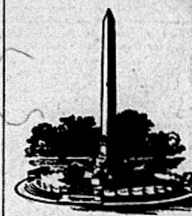
St. Gaudens' Body Cremated. Cambridge, Mass.—The body of Augustus Saint Gaudens, the sculptor, who died at Cornish, N. H., on Saturday, was cremated at Mount Auburn in accordance with his wish.

A golden bit makes none the better horse.

M'KINLEY MONUMENT

To Be Dedicated in Buffalo Sept. 5. Former Residents Invited.

The beautiful white marble shaft erected by the state of New York in Niagara Square, Buffalo, N. Y., to the memory of President McKinley, is to be formally dedicated Thursday, Sept. 5, and the great will be the central feature of Buffalo's Old Home Week, Sept. 1 to 7. Former residents of Buffalo and the public at large are cordially invited to attend the dedication.



The McKinley monument was planned and executed under the direction of a prominent Buffalo citizen, and cost of \$150,000. Gov. Charles E. Hughes, with his military staff, will take part in the ceremonies and President Roosevelt and former President Grover Cleveland have been invited to attend and speak. Military parades will be a feature of the occasion.

Always in the Way. Recently a country doctor, who was locally noted for his brusqueness and intractability, was driving along a narrow lane, or "bowen," when his passage was effectively barred by an old woman, who was returning from the bog leading an ass whose panniers were filled with peats. The woman, in a last, or "bowen," when his passage was effectively barred by an old woman, who was returning from the bog leading an ass whose panniers were filled with peats. The woman, in a last, or "bowen," when his passage was effectively barred by an old woman, who was returning from the bog leading an ass whose panniers were filled with peats.

"Faugh!" he exclaimed, with a snort of disgust. "Women and asses are always in the way." "I'm glad you have the manners to put yourself last," said the old woman, calmly. The doctor drove on without another word.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Does Not Always Pay.

First Tramp—After all, it pays to be polite, partner.

Second Tramp—Not always. The other day I was acting deaf and dumb when a man gave me sixpence. I says: "Thank you sir," and he had me arrested.—Titt-Hits.

Important to Mothers.

Removes curiously every form of CASTORIA, and cures croup, whooping cough, and all that.

See the Signature of Dr. H. H. Thomas.

In Use For Over 50 Years. The Kid You Have Always Bought.

Making a Good Start. Doctor—Madam, your husband must have absolute rest.

Madam—Well, doctor, he won't listen to me.

Doctor—A very good beginning, madam—a very good beginning—Stray Stories.

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch, each package containing one-third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.

Passive. JIII—Did you say he has horse sense?

JIII—No; why, he hasn't even got mule sense. I never knew him to kick in his life!—Yonkers Statesman.

It's Cures While You Walk. Allen's Foot-Powder is a certain cure for hot, sweating, itching, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Approaching Nature. Some men think they can't "get next to nature," properly without taking along two quarts of whisky and a box of cigars.—Judge.

Defiance Starch is the latest invention in that line and an improvement on all other makes; it is more economical, does better work, takes less time. Get it from any grocer.

Try It and See. Funny, isn't it? It makes all the difference in the world whether you call a girl a vision or a sight.

Does Your Head Ache? If so, get a box of Krause's Headache Cures of your Druggist.

Norman Leitch Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

If a man occasionally tells a woman how much he likes her, he will be forgiven most of the other lies he tells her.

Lewis' Single Binder Clear has a rich binder dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A golden bit makes none the better horse.

THE PARABLE HE LIKED.

Darkey Would Have Had Trouble Picking It from Sacred Book.

An old darkey, anxious to be a minister, went to be ordained. He was questioned thus: "Can you write?" "No, sah!" "Read?" "No, sah!" How do you know about the Bible?" "Ma piece reads it to me!" "Know about the Ten Commandments?" "No, sah!" "The Twenty-third Psalm?" "Nabber heard of him, sah!" "Know the Beatitudes?" "No, sah!" "Well, what part of the Bible do you like best?" "Parables, sah!" "Can you give us one?" "Deed, yes, sah!" "Let us have it, then." "Once w'en the queen of Sheba was gwine down to Jerusalem she fell among thieves. First they passed her by on de oddan side den dey come ova'n an' dey say unto her, 'Pro down Jesabel!' but she wouldn't let her down; and again dey say unto her, 'Pro down Jesabel!' but she wouldn't let her down; and again dey say unto her for de first and last time, 'Pro down Jesabel to ax yo so mo', 'Pro down Jesabel!' and dey let her down for 'de third time and 7, till de remains were 'leven bakets; and I say unto yo', whose wife was 'de at de resurrection?'—Bystander.

FEARFUL BURNING SORES.

Boy in Misery 12 Years—Eczema in Rough Scales, Itching and Inflammation—Cured by Cuticura.

"Cuticura has put a stop to twelve years of misery I passed with my son. As an infant I noticed on his body a red spot and treated same with different remedies for about five years, but when the spot began to get larger I put him under the care of doctors. Under their treatment the disease spread to four different parts of his body. During the day it would get rough and form like scales. At night it would be cracked, inflamed and badly swollen, with terrible burning and itching. My mother told me that my son's eczema was incurable, and gave it up. I decided to give Cuticura a trial. When I had used the first box of Cuticura ointment there was a great improvement and by the time I had used the second set of Cuticura Remedies my child was cured. He is now twelve years old, and his skin is as fine and smooth as silk. Michael Steinman, 7 Summer Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 16, 1905."

Quicker Idea of Enjoyment. Dr. J. L. Severance writes in the Vegetarian Magazine:

"I am often reminded of a clinic case brought before the class when I was in medical college in 1858. The man had great rheumatism, both the small and large joints being immovable, and his suffering was severe. Dr. R. T. Trail, professor of theory and practice, was explaining to us the importance of a very strict and abstemious diet. The poor fellow tried vainly to turn his head, and grunted out: 'I can't go that; I want to enjoy life while I live.'"

Starck, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starck shoes put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of soothing ingredients, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Of Course. "What makes you so absent minded?" "Well, I stopped to think one day."

"Yes?" "And my thoughts ran on and on—"

"Well?" "And I haven't caught up with 'em yet!"—Cleveland Leader.

To prevent that tired feeling on ironing day—Use Defiance Starch—saves time and labor and gives no annoyance, will not stick to the iron. The big 16 oz. package for 10c, at your grocer's.

When a man first makes a fool of himself he gets an awful jolt—but he soon gets used to it.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy any of the books or pamphlets in this column should send their orders to the publishers, J. B. Lippincott & Co., 215 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A CHANCE TO DOUBLE A FORTUNE! 1,000,000 acres of land with all improvements at \$100,000.00. The land is in the State of Texas, and is one of the best in the country. It is a chance to double a fortune. For full particulars, send for a copy of our book, "How to Buy Land in Texas." Address: J. B. Lippincott & Co., 215 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TEXAS LANDS. Agents wanted. Send for a copy of our book, "How to Buy Land in Texas." Address: J. B. Lippincott & Co., 215 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE FARMS. 100 acres of land with all improvements at \$100,000.00. The land is in the State of Texas, and is one of the best in the country. It is a chance to double a fortune. For full particulars, send for a copy of our book, "How to Buy Land in Texas." Address: J. B. Lippincott & Co., 215 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The extraordinary popularity of the white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

For Better or Worse. A census-taker made his rounds in an isolated village. He gave one of his official papers to a woman that she might fill in the required answers. One of the questions, instead of reading "Married or single," had it "Condition as to marriage." The woman filled in the answer thus:

"Awful hard up before. Wum after."

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. For Free Trial Bottle and Treatise, Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 231 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

If he has a large family to support, a man can't afford to have any other extravagant habits.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigars. Get them from your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It's easy to dress a profitable business in the garb of respectability.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children, soothes, cures colic, teething, diarrhoea, whooping cough, croup, measles, scarlet fever, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Johnson: "Round numbers" are always false.

Thompson's Eye Water. Increase Your Business. Your ads. inserted in any one of our papers will be read by thousands of people. Address: J. B. Lippincott & Co., 215 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

See a bottle. A. N. K.—A (1907-32) 2190.



MRS. A. M. HAGEMANN

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from simple native roots and herbs. For more than thirty years it has been helping women to regulate their functions perfectly and overcome pain. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing for child birth and the Change of Life.

Mrs. A. M. Hagemann, of Bay Shore, L. I., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I suffered from a displacement, cramps, and painful functions so that I had to lie down or sit still most of the time. That I am able to attend to my duties, I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and see what relief it will give them."

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female illness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice. She is the Mrs. Pinkham who has been advising sick women free of charge for more than twenty years, and before that she assisted her mother-in-law Lydia E. Pinkham in advising. Therefore she is especially well qualified to guide sick women back to health.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES

THE WORLD'S FAMOUS

\$25,000

THE DOUGLAS SHOE

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SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Dizziness, Indigestion and The Nervous Stomach. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coat on the Tongue, Pain in the Side. TORRID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Truly Wonderful.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Face-Smile Signature.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

DAISY FLY KILLER

PIT & PITLESS SCALERS.

INCREASE Your Business.

Thompson's Eye Water.

See a bottle. A. N. K.—A (1907-32) 2190.

ALL WOMEN SUFFER

from the same physical disturbances, and the nature of their duties. In many cases, quickly drift them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, organic troubles, nervousness, falling and displacement, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of the monthly flow, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of the monthly flow, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of the monthly flow.

Women everywhere should remember that the medicine that holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female ills is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from simple native roots and herbs. For more than thirty years it has been helping women to regulate their functions perfectly and overcome pain. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing for child birth and the Change of Life.

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Alverson & Groff

In the hot weather
you can please the
family with fruits
and vegetables
bought at our mar-
ket.

Alverson & Groff

PHONE 463.
BARRINGTON, ILL.

GAS

Brightest, Best and Cheapest.
Quickest, Cleanest and Most
Convenient. Now is the time
to order Gas Ranges and House
Piping. Lowest Rates, Cash or
Payments.

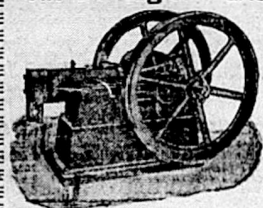
Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co.

Drop postal or Telephone.

Evansville 12 or Park Ridge 12

**LIGHT
FUEL**

"The Barrington" GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINE



The Latest Improved and
Best Gas or Gasoline En-
gine on the market.

Simple Construction.
Guaranteed.
Lowest Prices.

Made in all sizes from 2 to
Horse Power, by

A. SCHAUBLE & CO.

Barrington, Illinois.

Manufacturers of

Shafing, Pulleys and Belting, Cisterns and Tanks.
Repairing of All Kinds Machinery a Specialty.

The **REVIEW**, a Home
Newspaper. \$1.50 a Year.

GOOD SUITS \$15 to \$18
PANTS \$4 to \$5

Perfectly tailored clothes that FIT WELL, LOOK WELL, WEAR
at no more than you will pay for good ready-made. See in and see
my samples.

Special Attention Paid to Repairing and Cleaning Ladies and
Gent's Garments.

MATH PECAK, Merchant Tailor
Barrington - Illinois

W. H. GORMAN MARKET

"THE PLACE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY"

My Specials:-

High Grade Meats and Poultry.
The Fresh Green Vegetables of
Spring.

My line of Canned Goods the
finest that can be produced.

Prompt Delivery

Telephone No. 424

FOR VETERINARY ART

School To Be Established Under
Direction of the University
of Illinois.

LOCATED NEAR STOCK YARD

New Law Which is Calculated to Im-
prove Inspection and Protect
Shipper and the
Public.

Springfield, Aug. 6.—A state veter-
inary college under the direction of the
University of Illinois is to be estab-
lished in Chicago. The Forty-fifth
general assembly, on recommendation
of Governor Deeney, made an appro-
priation of \$30,000 to the University
of Illinois for the maintenance of this
college. Prominent business men in
Chicago have subscribed \$250,000 for
buildings and the Union Stock Yard
& Transit Company has donated a big
building site, fronting east in flat-
tied street at 43d street. The work
of this college has been outlined by
President Edmund J. James and the
trustees of the university in an in-
formation as follows:

First—The preparation of men for
the practice of the profession of veteri-
nary surgeon.

Second—The preparation of candi-
dates for the position of meat in-
spector in this and other states.

Third—Scientific research and in-
vestigation into the problems of nutrition,
human and animal, and problems con-
nected with the preparation of market
and meat products.

The formal organization of the col-
lege will be undertaken by the trust-
ees of the University of Illinois with-
in a short time, the donation of money
for the building and a site having
placed the responsibility upon the
state of perfecting the organization.
In making an appropriation for the
maintenance of the college, the legisla-
ture placed the stamp of legislative
approval upon the Governor's recom-
mendation and provided for this new
department. The packing interests
of Illinois in Chicago, East St. Louis
and other cities are second to none
in the world, so the organization of
the college will prove of international
interest and of immense value to
the people of the State of Illinois.

Improves Inspection Law.
Besides making this appropriation
for the new veterinary college, the
Forty-fifth General Assembly passed
improved inspection laws, recom-
mended by the governor, and gave to Illi-
nois inspection laws that are second
to none in the United States. The
enforcement of these laws devolves
upon the state board of live stock
commissioners—A. W. Sale, P. R. Ha-
ner and H. J. Beers—and their state
veterinarian, Dr. J. M. Wright of
Chicago. The board has begun the
new work in an energetic way and
the new law promises to be univer-
sally effective.

The new law provides that the board
of live stock commissioners, at its
discretion, may make, or cause to be
made by the state veterinarian, his as-
sistants, or duly authorized live stock
inspectors in the employ of the state,
an examination of any animal intend-
ed for human food which it is suspect-
ed may be afflicted with any conta-
gious or infectious disease, or any dis-
ease which would render the carcass
of said animal unfit for human food.
Upon examination, if the carcass is
found to be unwholesome or unfit for
human food, the same shall be labeled
by the examiner "Inspected and con-
demned." The law provides a penalty
of \$100 or a jail sentence not exceed-
ing one year, for failure to comply
with the provisions of the law.

The legislature also passed an
amendment to the act providing for
transportation of live stock. This
amendment provides that no railroad
or other common carrier in the trans-
portation of animals shall allow the
same to be confined in any car more
than thirty-six consecutive hours un-
less delayed by storm or accident,
when they shall be fed and watered
as soon after the expiration of such
time as may be reasonably done.
When unloaded, they shall be properly
fed, watered and sheltered during
such rest by the owner, consignee or
person in charge of the same, and in
case of their default, then by the rail-
road company transporting them; and
such company shall have a lien
upon the animals until the same is
paid. A penalty of \$3, nor more than
\$200 is provided for violation of the
law.

It is everywhere conceded that meat
packing animals suffering from certain
diseases should not be allowed to go
into the general food supply. At the
same time there are many instances
where the owners and stock agents,
when the animal is alive, bear no
really close relation to the wholesom-
ness of the meat after slaughter.
Nevertheless, common prudence de-
mands that great caution be observed
and that the consumption of the car-
cass be permitted only after the closest
post-mortem examination by thor-
oughly competent men.

Prevent Shipper and Public.
Under the old methods the protec-
tion was not sufficient by any means.
Sometimes animals which should
have been "tagged" got away alto-
gether and others which had been
"tagged" slipped to the shipper a
mere fraction of their real value. No
one was particularly blame for this.
The law was not adequate. Now under
the new law protection is nearer prac-
tice for consumer, producer and

shipper. As it is at present adminis-
tered this law really constitutes the
live stock commissioners the guardians
of the shipper's interests and he gets
what is coming to him. The consumer
gets clean, wholesome meat to eat and
the producer profits in similar mea-
sure.

It is an accepted maxim that most
men would like to do what is right.
The ideal law is the one which points
the way to rectitude in dealing, pro-
vides for the spread of education and
enables the authorities to lay upon
the wrongdoer a hand heavy enough
to far him so effectively that he is
willing to cease his dangerous prac-
tices. At the same time this law must
protect. The new law makes inspection
law of Illinois fit this bill.

Gives Value to Owner.

Transformation into food of some
sort is the ultimate destiny of all
meat-making animals—the steer, the
cow, the hog, the sheep, for instance.
When their time comes they must be
used. All have some value—some-
where. They may not be good for
human food, but their hides make ex-
cellent leather, the bones good knife
handles, the soft parts of the carcass
good fertilizer and so forth, for all
of which the producer or shipper
should have full value. And this is
the way the new law now works. If,
let us say, a steer or a cow is con-
demned for food, a number is given
to the animal by which it is after-
wards known. This beast then is un-
der the sole care of the state veteri-
narian or his inspectors and a com-
plete history of it may afterwards be
traced through the official records
which are public property and subject
to investigation by any citizen of the
state.

Properly "tagged" the animal is
slaughtered and dressed. A right ex-
amination of the carcass and, if neces-
sary, then made and if the meat is
fit for human food, the carcass is
passed, in which case the shipper gets
full pay. If, on the other hand, on
post-mortem examination, the carcass
should be condemned as unfit for hu-
man food, it is tanked and an account
rendered to the commissioners for the
hide and other products of value. A
modest nominal charge of 97 cents is
made for slaughtering and the yard-
age dues must be paid. These are de-
ducted from the total value of the non-
edible products of the animal and the
carcass gets the balance. Thus un-
der the present administration, the
state is in touch with the entire trans-
action from start to finish and stands
good to the consumer for every cent—
less the insignificant charges noted—
which is included in the market value
of the products of the carcass.

Trace Disease to Origin.

This, to use a trite phrase, is inspec-
tion, which inspects, which is in line
with the law of the state, and which
grants protection which protects. Sup-
pose a notoriously badly diseased con-
signment of stock from some point
in the state should be condemned. Un-
der this new law the state veteri-
narian has ample power to follow it back
to the point of origin and there take
such measures as will insure a more
or less general house-cleaning. This
makes for the improvement of the
common health of the commonwealth's
farm animals and for the elimination
and prevention of disease.

Taking advantage of these large
powers a campaign of education has
been inaugurated which will enable
farmers and feeders to see for them-
selves and start the cleaning-up pro-
cess on their own account. Just as
quickly as it may be done with the
present facilities and means at hand—
and it is proposed to enlarge them
whenever it may be done—this very
necessary education will be carried to
the four corners of the state.

In selecting a man to fill the re-
sponsible post of state veterinarian,
Governor Deeney canvassed the claims
of the graduate practitioners in the
state with a view to choosing the
one of recognized merit and honor in
the profession. Under the state veteri-
narian there are 35 assistant state
veterinarians and 15 state agents. The
assistant state veterinarians must be
graduates of recognized veterinary col-
leges, but not necessarily so with the
agents.

No farmer wants diseased animals
about his place if he can help it. He
can learn much along this line that
will be of material benefit to him by
enlisting the aid of the state veteri-
narian or his assistants. If animals
are condemned he will get full value
for their products under this wise law.

Diseases Watched by Board.

The diseases that give the board the
most trouble are glanders among
horses, Texas or tick fever and scabies
among cattle and sheep. While re-
ports of cases of glanders come from
various parts of the state, the large
majority of these cases are found in
Cook county. The disease is consid-
ered incurable and is readily communi-
cated from one animal to another.
When an animal is found to be afflic-
ted with glanders, the owner is notified
and the premises placed in quarantine.
If the owner of the animal is willing
to have it killed and will agree to a
valuation, not exceeding \$100, this
board will issue a voucher for one-
third of its appraised value. This sum
is paid only after proofs have been
furnished that the animal has been
killed and the carcass burned, buried
or tanned and premises disinfected.
If the owner refuses to agree to this,
the premises are quarantined and he
is not allowed to use the diseased ani-
mal on a public highway or permit
any other animal to be exposed. The
board also has made stringent rules
in dealing with all diseases affecting
cattle and sheep and is endeavoring to
prevent their spread. These diseases
have not developed to any extent in
Illinois and the board has had little
difficulty in maintaining control over
them.

New Stock Dress Goods

We bought some special values in spring and summer dress
goods. Pretty Organzaes, Lawns, White Goods and Linens that
rang in price from 10c per yd. up to 30c. We also picked up some
good values in figured dress goods at prices of 30c per yd. up.
You will find our store gives you a choice selection and is the
place to buy dress goods.

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We sell good bed room carpets at 25c per yard. Other patterns
in cotton and wool carpets 45, 50, 55, 60, 65 cents per yard. Mat-
ting 20, 25, 28, 30 cents.
Window Shades for any size windows.

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than other flour.

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