Barrington Review.

M. T. LAMEY, Ed. and Pub.

BARRINGTON, - ILLINOIS.

When a woman won't she won't—and the reason she won't is because.

The use of snake venom is increasing in the practice of medicine, and its price is soaring upward rapidly.

An Englishman has discovered a new illuminating gas. Perhaps it will throw some light upon those English jokes.

Prof. Redlich of Vienna university, who has accepted an invitation to lecture at Harvard next spring, will not speak in Austrian.

At present the 'anias, if we mistake not, hold the record for fast ocean travel, but the 'ics have aspirations in the same direction.

A story is told of a Connecticut rooster that chews tobacco and tries to expectorate like a man. Evidently the nature fakers are dying hard.

If Peary is so certain he could find the pole for $25,000, he ought to have no trouble at all in mortgaging his subsequent lecture trip for the money.

The French academy, when full, contains 40 "immortals." Two of them, Ludovic Halevy and Francois Coppee, have lately proved their mortality by dying.

We congratulate San Francisco on having a new date. Until now it has been "since the earthquake." Hereafter it will be "since the coming of the fleet."

Thousands of years hence, when scientists are looking for relics of prehistoric man, probably they will come across several ancient automobiles in Siberia.

Persons whose incomes do not keep pace with their aspirations will be glad to learn that it is quite correct now to wear topazes, if they prefer them to diamonds.

Woman suffrage in Finland is said by a male scientist to have increased insanity in that country. We expect to see this statement mildly disputed, not to say laid out stiff and cold.

A celebrated doctor says that the sun is not bad for blondes, as has been reported. Did the doctor never see a blonde complexion that had carelessly been left out in the sun?

The Kalamazoo man who was struck by lightning three times must prove a great source of encouragement to those politicians who have held their lightning rods for a long time without getting results.

Germany thinks it is entitled to a two-cent postage with the United States if Great Britain is. The cost of transmitting letters written in German is no greater than that of sending messages expressed in shorter words.

At last Homer has met his only real rival. The "seven cities" which claimed the blind bard are outnumbered by the municipalities which claim the author of "Casey at the Bat." The love for really great poetry has not declined.

American men, according to a disaffected continental husband of an American girl, are slaves to their wives' slightest whims. As yet, however, we have heard of no movement for the emancipation of down-trodden American men. The trouble with them is that they glory in their slavery.

Those new words that have been written to fit the tune of "Dixie" represent a total waste of time and labor on the part of the author, as might have been expected. Nobody wants them. Does anybody suppose that a new version of "Home, Sweet Home," ever could supplant the commonplace but immortal song known by that name?

Leon Delagrange, the French aeroplanist, who has just driven his flying machine more than six miles at Rome, while the king and queen of Italy looked on, says that his machine now needs only a few minor improvements to solve the problem of dirigible flight. We have an idea that he will find that making these few minor improvements is like putting on the finishing touches to make a perfect poem.

When the question of relinquishing to Turkey some forts on the Midian coast was under discussion, the late Lord Salisbury wrote to Lord Cromer privately: "I would not be too much impressed by what the soldiers tell you about the strategic importance of these places. It is their way. If they were allowed full scope, they would insist on the importance of garrisoning the moon, in order to protect us from Mars." This was written before the beginning of the more or less profitable current discussion as to the habitability of the next outside neighbor of the earth.

Long ago Defoe reminded his countrymen, in "The True-Born Englishman," that the Englishman is compounded of many races. The compound is more complex in this country than in any other, and we have high hopes of the mixture. In a Wisconsin town, named Roosevelt, which is Dutch, officers elected were—if reporters and telegraphers erred not—Strzelewicz, Cichocki, Szalaj, Zakosewicz, Swetlik, Teviaw, Kedziorski, Perzanowski, Orsechowski, Lemanski and Walter Tyler. Possibly, suggests Youth's Companion, Tyler is a misprint for Tylov

PEARY OFF FOR THE POLE

STEAMER ROOSEVELT LEAVES NEW YORK.

Commander Will Join Her at Cape Breton and Proceed North with High Hopes of Success.

New York.—With the Peary Arctic club's pennant fluttering from her main truck and the Stars and Stripes at her mizzen, the Arctic exploration steamer Roosevelt left her pier at East Twenty-fourth street Monday, carrying Commander Robert E. Peary, who is to head another expedition in quest of the north pole.

The Roosevelt, accompanied by a government tug, proceeded to near City Island, where she anchored for the night to permit the adjustment of her compasses. Tuesday she went to Oyster Bay where President Roosevelt boarded her to bid good-by to her commander and crew. The Roosevelt then headed for Sydney, Cape Breton, where she will stop to coal.

Before the ship left Monday Commander Peary said:

"I have done too much work in the Arctic regions to believe that I can make the pole without strenuous work. I am not foolish enough to say

Robert E. Peary.

that I am going to do or die, but I am certainly going to put into this trip every bit of energy—mental, moral and physical—that I have in order to succeed in my undertaking. I know my path will be hedged in by many trials and undoubtedly many disappointments, but I feel confident as my ship leaves New York that if I do not reach the pole, at least I will carry the American flag further north than it has been carried by any previous explorer. Unless unforeseen circumstances intervene, within the next year I hope to plant the Star and Stripes at the pole."

Among those who will go as assistants to Peary are Donald McMillan of Maine, a graduate of Bowdoin college; George Borup of Yale university; Dr. J. W. Kensall of New Kensington, Pa., the surgeon of the party, and Prof. Ross G. Marvin of Cornell university. Mr. Marvin was with Peary on his last expedition.

ANNA AND HELIE WEDDED.

Mme. Gould Becomes Wife of Prince De Sagan.

London.—Mme. Anna Gould and Prince Helie de Sagan were married at a registry office in Henrietta street, off Covent Garden, Tuesday. A subsequent ceremony was conducted at the French Protestant church on Soho square.

The civil ceremony was simple. Outside of Prince Helie, Mme. Gould, the witnesses and the officials, no one was present. A great crowd, consisting largely of porters from the Covent Garden market, and employes of the publishing houses in the vicinity, assembled in the street outside. Prince Helie produced a copy of the notice filed with the registrar, establishing his two weeks' residence in the district, and the registrar granted his license.

Dallas Woman is Murdered.

Hot Springs, Ark.—The dead body of Mrs. Ada Reichars of Dallas, Tex., was found in her apartments here Tuesday, she having been murdered. The body was found after neighbors had cared for her two boys over night. Another child, a girl seven years of age, is missing, and is supposed to have been kidnaped by the murderer.

Funeral of Admiral Thomas.

Del Monte, Cal. — With the rites of Episcopal church funeral services over the remains of Rear Admiral C. M. Thomas (retired) who died here Friday night, were held Sunday. There were many naval and army officers present and Del Monte chapel was buried in floral pieces sent from San Francisco and other points.

Mexican Oil Fields Burning.

Washington.—The United States consul at Tampico, Mex., has reported that the oil fields between Tampico, on the Gulf of Mexico, and Tuxpan are burning and that the blaze is visible for a hundred miles on the gulf.

Bishop Potter on Way to Recovery.

Cooperstown, N. Y.—Notwithstanding the intense heat, Bishop Henry C. Potter continued to improve Tuesday, and there is every reason to believe that he will recover now that the crisis of his malady has passed.

DUNN NAMES BRYAN

FITNESS OF NEBRASKA'S GIFTED SON IS ACCLAIMED.

PEOPLE KNOW AND TRUST HIM

Orator Declares Western Statesman is the Man Above All Others Eminently Worthy of the Party's Leadership.

Denver, Col.—The Hon. Ignatius J. Dunn, on behalf of Nebraska, urged the claims of William Jennings Bryan as the party's logical candidate for the presidency, before the Democratic national convention, in the following speech:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: Crises arise in the life of nations which endanger their institutions and, at times, imperil the advance of civilization.

Every people that has left its impress upon history has faced such crises. In most instances, where grave dangers have threatened the safety of the state, some great character, some master mind has been found, produced as it were by the conditions themselves, with capacity to direct aright the energies of the people. This was true of the ancient world; it has been true of the modern world; it is true of this republic. We have such a crisis to meet to-day. The favor-seeking corporations have gradually strengthened their hold upon the government until they now menace popular institutions.

The question is, whether this government shall be restored to the control of the people and be administered in the interest of all, or whether it shall remain an instrument in the hands of the few for levying tribute upon all the rest.

In his special message to congress last winter, President Roosevelt declared, substantially, that certain wealthy men who have become enormously rich by oppressing the wage earner, defrauding the public and practicing all forms of iniquity, have banded together, and by the unlimited use of money, endeavor to secure freedom from restraint and to overthrow and discredit all who honestly administer the law.

That the methods by which these men have acquired their great fortunes can only be justified by a system of morality that would permit every form of criminality, every form of violence, corruption and fraud.

For many years, and especially during the last 12 years, these very men have been in control of the Republican party; they have financed every campaign of that party for a quarter of a century. These exploiters of the people, whom the president has so scathingly denounced, have given their enthusiastic support to the Republican candidates and policies. They laid their hands upon the trust funds of insurance companies and other corporations and turned the plunder over to the Republican committee. The money thus filched from the innocent and helpless, to purchase Republican victory, has not been repaid.

And where do we find these men to-day? Where are the "swollen fortunes" of which we have heard so much? Just where we would expect to find them—supporting the Republican ticket and furnishing the sinews of war for the Republican committee as usual.

Republican Party Arraigned.

The platform adopted by the late convention shows what the Republican party in truth represents. In framing the platform every genuine reform which the president has advocated was scorned and repudiated. The Wisconsin delegation asked that one or two reform planks be placed in the platform, and for its pains was denounced as Democratic. The convention by a vote of eight to one refused to approve those policies which the president for four years has been urging upon his party. The mask of hypocrisy has been torn from the face of those who pretend to favor the reforms advocated by the president, and it is now apparent why the "system" admires Taft and hates the senator from Wisconsin. When compelled to choose between an appeal to the conscience of the nation in defense of its platform and candidates, on the one hand, and the millions that the special interests may be dependent upon to contribute on the other, that convention rejected the people and continued its alliance with Mammon.

If the charges made by the president are true—and they are true—we are indeed face to face with a situation as grave as any in our history. How shall it be met? The good sense, patriotism and united action of the people alone can remedy present evils.

Democrats Must Furnish Leader.

To wage a successful fight we must have a leader. The Republican party, dominated by the seekers of special privileges, cannot furnish him. Republicans who really desire reform are powerless; the efforts of the president have been futile.

The Democratic party must furnish the leader which present conditions demand, and he must be a man known to be free from the influences that control the Republican party. He must be a man of superior intellect, sound judgment, positive convictions and moral courage—one who will meet the forces of plutocracy with the naked sword of truth—one who knows no surrender. He must have a genius for statecraft; he must be a man of wide experience in public affairs; he must have ability to formulate policies and courage to defend them.

But above all, he must have faith in the people. He must not only believe in the right of the people to govern, but in their capacity to do so. And he must be a man whom the people know and trust.

The Democratic party has many distinguished men who might be chosen as our standard bearer; but it has one man who above all others possesses the necessary qualifications and is eminently fitted for this leadership.

Bryan's Fitness Shown.

He is a man whose nomination will leave no doubt as to where our party stands on every public question. His genius for statecraft is shown by the constructive work he has done in proposing reforms, and by the ability with which he has fortified his position. But we may go farther.

A few months since, he visited the principal nations of the world. He came in contact with the leading minds of Christendom, and the world abroad recognized his greatness and paid him that tribute justly due to men of high attainments.

In the most distinguished peace convention that has assembled in recent years, he proposed a plan which, if adopted, would prove more effective than any arbitration treaty that has yet been made, and by his influence he secured its approval by the representatives of the 26 leading nations there assembled.

Is he thoroughly informed regarding the issues of this campaign? Read his speeches and his writings, which for nearly 20 years have been a part of the political literature of the nation. Is he sincere, brave and determined? Even his political opponents now admit that he is.

I have had a close personal and political acquaintance with this man, whose name Nebraska presents, since he entered political life. I can testify from observation as to his political conduct before he was known to fame. He was honest, brave and unyielding then; he is honest, brave and unyielding now.

Honesty Unquestioned.

Honesty is inherent in him. He was an honest lawyer before he entered politics. He was honest in his political methods before his statesmanship was recognized by the nation; and he has been honest throughout his political career.

His convictions have been his political creed. He has impressed these convictions upon others, not by dictation, but by arguments addressed to the judgment and the consciences.

Believing in the ultimate triumph of the right, he has never examined questions from the standpoint of expediency. He has never inquired whether a political principle was popular; it has been sufficient for him to believe that it was right.

He has been a consistent champion of the reserved rights of the states. He favored the election of senators by direct vote before the house of representatives ever acted favorably upon the subject. He championed tariff reform when the west was the hotbed of protection.

He favored an income tax before the income tax law was written. He attacked the trusts when Republican leaders were denying that any trusts existed. He advocated railroad regulation before the crusade against rebates and discrimination began.

Leader in Wise Reform.

He has always been the friend of labor, and was among the first to urge conciliation between labor and capital. He began to oppose government by injunction more than a decade ago. He announced his opposition to imperialism before any other man of prominence had expressed himself on the subject, and without waiting to see whether it would be popular.

When a Wall street panic burst upon us a few months ago, he promptly proposed as a remedy, the guarantee of bank deposits, and so popular has this plan become that it is to-day a national issue and supported by the masses of the people. He has long advocated legislation which will secure publicity as to campaign contributions.

He believes in peace—in universal Christian peace. He believes the destiny of nations should be determined not by wars but by applying the principles of justice and humanity.

Though these principles have met with uncompromising opposition from the special interests, he has remained true to the cause of the people. With clear vision and with unfaltering trust, seeing and knowing the truth, he has never lost faith in its final victory.

Superb Courage Proved.

Through years of unparalleled political warfare, his loyalty to his ideals and to his fellow men has been abundantly shown. His refusal to surrender, though subjected to abuse, denunciation and vindictive opposition such as few public men in all history have been compelled to withstand, is ample proof of his superb courage.

His career proves that successful leadership is determined by the success or failure of great principles rather than by election to high office.

We have met to plan the campaign and to commission the commander under whom the masses will enlist. We are not here in response to the voice of expediency; neither political bosses nor corporate masters sent us here. We are here at the summons of the rank and file of that political organization which is the special defender of the rights of the common people.

We are here representing all that is best in the traditions of our party; we feel again that the spirit that animated the Democracy in the days of Jefferson and Jackson.

The voters have spoken, and we assemble to give expression to their will. The voice for the third time calls Nebraska's favorite son to be the standard bearer of his party in this gigantic contest.

Since time began no greater tribute was ever paid to any man by a free people. He is recognized to-day as the most representative citizen of the nation, the peer of any living man.

Friends and foes have learned that he was shaped in that heroic mold in which the world's great patriots, statesmen and leaders have been cast.

Strong in People's Affection.

First nominated when ten years younger than any other presidential candidate ever chosen by a prominent party; living in a state 500 miles farther west than that in which any president has ever lived, he has grown in the affections of the people as the years have passed.

Speaking and writing freely on all subjects, his heart has had no secrets and his friends have increased in numbers and in confidence.

Without an organization to urge his claims; without a campaign fund to circulate literature in his behalf; without patronage to bribe a single voter; without a predatory corporation to coerce its employes into his support; without a subsidized newspaper to influence the public mind; he has won a signal victory at the primaries and has become the free choice of the militant Democracy of the nation.

Forming in one unbroken phalanx, extending from Massachusetts to California, and from Michigan to the everglades, the yeomanry of the party have volunteered their services to make him the party candidate; and they will not lay down their arms until they have made him the nation's chief executive.

Nebraska's Democracy, which saw in him, when a young man, the signs of promise, places in nomination as the standard bearer of our party the man who in the thrilling days of '96 and 1900 bore the battle-scarred banner of Democracy with fame as unsullied and fidelity as spotless as the crusaders of old. Nebraska presents his name because Nebraska claims his dwelling place, and proudly enrolls him among her citizens; but his home is in the hearts of the people.

I obey the command of my state and the mandate of the Democracy of the nation, when I offer the name of America's great Commoner, Nebraska's gifted son, William Jennings Bryan.

Many Second Nomination.

Speeches seconding the nomination of Mr. Bryan were made by Gov. Robert B. Glenn of North Carolina, Gov Claude A. Swanson of Virginia, Augustus Thomas and the Hon. James T. Heflin.

LIKE THE OLD MINING CAMPS.

Women Are at a Premium in the Panama Canal Zone.

One place in this world where women seem to be at a premium is in the canal zone. The women employed in the zone are very few in proportion to the men. Of a total in excess of 4,500 employes of the government, 207 are women. Their salary is about what the average man makes here in our cities, or in actual figures they make $73.90 a month. It is not that the government prefers men employes to women, but the expense of quartering women would be so much more expensive than arranging for men that the latter are employed instead. Many of the women are employed as stenographers, telegraphers, copyists, timekeepers and clerks, although the great majority of them are either teachers or nurses. The chief woman clerk receives a salary of $175, whereas the lowest salary is $25 to a matron. The majority of the women are wives to the men working on the isthmus, and are provided with married quarters. It is only in a very few instances that women who apply for positions in the zone are accepted. If they are not accepted as wage earners, however, they are making a good record for being accepted as wives. Girls who go to the zone to visit brothers and uncles seldom return to the United States. There is such a scarcity of wives in the isthmus that almost every girl who goes to the zone marries an ambitious young man down there. She has her innings in one way if not in another.

A Quick Grower.

William M. Mauss, Chicago's industrial commissioner, recently visited New York, and with great success pointed out to the New Yorkers Chicago's many advantages as an industrial center.

Praising his great city at a dinner, Mr. Mauss smiled and said: "Indeed, the quick growth of Chicago is as remarkable as that of Tin Can.

"A native praised Tin Can to a tenderfoot.

"'Only six years old,' he said, 'and the finest young town in the west.'

"'Tin Can the finest young town in the west? Nonsense!' said the tenderfoot. 'I don't like it at all.'

"'You don't?' exclaimed the native, astonished. 'When were you there?'

"'Last week.'

"'Ah,' said the native, 'but you ought to see the place now.'"

The Rub.

"My!" exclaimed little Billy, as he gazed at the lithograph, "I'd like to be a giraffe. Just think how easily he could 'rubber' over the baseball fence."

"That's all right," replied Tommy, "but there is another time when you wouldn't want to have a neck like a giraffe."

"When is that?"

"Why, in the mornings when your ma begins to scrub your neck with soap and water."

Sure!

"It is easier to be good than great," remarked the elder.

"Yes," rejoined Ally, wisely, "one has less opposition."—Half-Holiday.

HEALTH BRINGS HAPPINESS.

Invalid Once, a Happy Woman Now.

Mrs. C. R. Shelton, Pleasant Street, Covington, Tenn., says: "Once I seemed a helpless invalid, but now I enjoy the best of health. Kidney disease brought me down terribly. Rheumatic aches and pains made every move painful. The secretions were disordered and my head ached to distraction. I was in a bad condition, but medicines failed to help. I lost ground daily until I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me at once and soon made me strong and well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SOMEWHAT SUSPICIOUS.

Of course, it may be all right—still, you don't feel inclined to eat sausages when you find your butcher has removed to a shop next door to the Home for Lost Dogs, do you?

A Cold Lunch.

The pupils of a distinguished professor of zoology, a man well known for his eccentricities, noted one day two tidy parcels lying on their instructor's desk as they passed out at the noon hour. On their return to the laboratory for the afternoon lecture they saw but one. This the professor took carefully up in his hand as he opened his lecture.

"In the study of vertebrata we have taken the frog as a type. Let us now examine the gastrocnemius muscle of this dessected specimen."

So saying the professor untied the string of his neat parcel and disclosed to view a ham sandwich and a boiled egg.

"But I have eaten my lunch," said the learned man bewilderedly.—Lippincott's.

INVESTORS.

Send us $5.00 and we will send you 50 shares of full paid and non-assessable stock, (par value $1.00) in a mining company who have some first class mining properties. This is not a large block to hold, but the company wants your co-operation to help develop their properties and make the stock valuable, you can increase your holdings when you are satisfied that the proposition is legitimate, as they will accept this offer are guaranteed 1,000 shares at 10 cents per share if taken within 60 days from date of purchase, after that the price will be 15 cents and will be advanced from time to time until the stock will be at par. Only a small block will be sold on this plan. Prospectus and full particulars send with certificate. CHAPMAN & THARP, Fiscal Agents, 220 Central Block, Pueblo, Colo.

Case of Shocking Neglect.

Friend—What has become of Celestine, your maid?

Mrs. Snobiots—I had to discharge her. She had no consideration for Fido.

Friend—Why, I always thought she took the most tender care of the pet.

Mrs. Snobiots—So did I till I found she was using her own comb on him without first sterilizing it.

Why He Kicked.

Stella—My dance refused to let me take charge of a booth at the church fair last week.

Mabel—What were you going to sell?

Stella—Kisses at a quarter apiece.

Try Murine Eye Remedy

For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. All Druggists Sell Murine at 50cts. The 48 Page Book in each Pkg. is worth Dollars in every home. Ask your Druggist. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

It's surprising how brave the average man is when there isn't any real danger in sight.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

No man on earth is rich enough to enjoy paying taxes.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Being bitten by a toothless dog must be a soft snap.

Truth and Quality

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing. Accordingly, it is not claimed that Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is the only remedy of known value, but one of many reasons why it is the best of personal and family laxatives is the fact that it cleanses, sweetens and relieves the internal organs on which it acts without any debilitating after effects and without having to increase the quantity from time to time.

It acts pleasantly and naturally and truly as a laxative, and its component parts are known to and approved by physicians, as it is free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always purchase the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.