

Barrington Review

M. T. LANEY, Ed. and Pub.
BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

NEWS OF A WEEK IN CONDENSED FORM

RECORD OF MOST IMPORTANT
EVENTS TOLD IN BRIEFEST
MANNER POSSIBLE.

AT HOME AND ABROAD

Happenings That Are Making History
—Information Gathered from All
Quarters of the Globe and—
Given in a Few Lines.

Washington

A charge that Wall Street and the big corporations are controlling the house "money trust" inquiry at Washington was made by Representative Lindbergh of Minnesota, Republican, in a resolution which would compel every member to disclose his business and corporation affiliations. Each member of the house would be required to file his own bank holdings and those of his family.

The commerce court in Washington held that the Interstate commerce commission was without jurisdiction to require the Baltimore & Ohio and Norfolk & Western railroads to construct and maintain electric connections in Ohio with the Cincinnati & Columbus Traction company, an electric line.

The Supreme court of the United States announced its refusal to reconsider its "patent monopoly" decision. In consequence renewed efforts will be made, it is understood, to have Congress amend the patent laws so as to limit the rights to use patents enjoyed by their owners.

Senator Marcus A. Smith of Arizona put himself and two other passengers in an elevator in the Ebbitt house in Washington in peril when he became angered at the elevator man and knocked him down.

Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith in his annual report to Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel urged federal supervision of great commercial combines as the most practical method of solving the trust problem.

The decision of the British miners' federation to order the men to resume work has brought intense relief to the country. The termination of the coal strike raises a ruinous siege of the nation's industries.

A delegation of Chicagoans, in Washington, urged President Taft to appoint Prof. J. H. Deas as successor to Dr. Harvey W. Wiley.

Because of the need of preparing for the opening of the Panama canal, the house, at Washington, agreed to put ahead the bill providing for the operation, government and sanitation of the canal and its zone.

Another bill designed to reduce the high cost of living was introduced in the house at Washington by Representative Doremus of Michigan, a Democrat. It places on the free list butter, eggs, potatoes, milk, lard and poultry.

Foreign

After a turbulent session the New Mexico lower house by a vote of 22 to 20 restored to membership Representative Lagorio, Trujillo, Montoya and Cordova, who were suspended when they were arrested several weeks ago on charges of having solicited a bribe.

Dr. Count von Podewils-Duermitz, Dr. von Borscht, lord mayor of Munich; Dr. Oscar von Miller and Dr. Walter Van Dyck, members of the royal commission appointed by Germany to study art, architecture, museums and libraries in the United States, have arrived in New York on the steamship America.

The conservative convention met in Havana, Cuba, to effect organization and approve a platform. It is a foregone conclusion that the convention will nominate Juan Mario Menocal, now secretary of justice, for the presidency.

Domestic

In a statement addressed to the people of Michigan, given out at Lansing, Gov. Chase B. Osborn announces he will not be a candidate for reelection.

President of United Nations and a number of business men have begun teaching English to foreigners at their boarding houses. The pupils, who are Americans, were taken to the school to go to night school, so the students decided to take the school to them.

Dr. James H. Hays, Frank, secretary, now, secretary and treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Teachers, announced that he would resign as president of the union, and that he would be succeeded by Dr. J. H. Hays.

New York police are trying to ascertain the identity of a woman suffering from mental strain who was found at the bedside of Louis G. Parma, director of a musical conservatory, after Parma had died.

Members of the Kansas Editorial association and their guests were entertained by the students and faculty of the University of Kansas at Lawrence.

The English grand lodge of Free Masons has declared that Jack Johnson, the pugilist, is not a member of the order as his initiation was illegal.

The Minnesota Woman Suffrage association have filed articles of incorporation, with the secretary of state at St. Paul. It is to be a central body of the suffrage movement in Minnesota.

Women will not vote in Chicago in 1912. For the first time in the history of Illinois the question of woman suffrage is to be decided by the voters in that city and the proposition to submit the question to a vote was defeated, two to one.

The jury in the \$100,000 slander suit of Miss Esther Meyer against Miss Marion Talbot, dean of women at the University of Chicago, awarded Miss Meyer \$2,500. Miss Meyer brought suit against Dean Talbot for slander and being ousted from the university of which she was a student.

Henry W. A. Page, a commission merchant and importer of liquors and cottons, was arrested in New York city on a federal warrant from the District of Columbia charging him with libeling Representative Henry D. Clayton of Alabama, chairman of the house committee on judiciary, and other members of congress.

Theodore Roosevelt, Republican, and Champ Clark, Democrat, swept Illinois in the state's first experience with a presidential preferential primary. Senator La Follette's vote was only about one-sixth that of ex-President Roosevelt.

Between 1,700 and 2,000 square miles, including more than 500,000 acres of rich farming land in north-east Arkansas in the St. Francis basin, are affected by a break in the main line of the levee system about fifty miles north of Memphis, near Golden Lake, Ark. Marked trees and Willows, Ark., are threatened. No loss of life has occurred so far as is known here. The damage will run into millions.

The Supreme court of the United States took up the case under review after long arguments. The case involves the validity of rates on distillery supplies from Ohio river points to sixteen inland cities.

A break in the levee at Helena, Ark., shot a flood of water 20 feet high into the town of Helena, Ark., completely depopulating the town and washing out even the strongest houses in the valley.

Mad. Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, U. S. A., commanding the eastern division of the army, will not return to Governor's Island to resume command of the division. That General Grant has suffered an almost complete breakdown in health is admitted by many of his army friends.

Three men with revolvers held up Harold Finkelstein, a jeweler, in his store in Williamsburg, N. Y., but were scared away. Finkelstein, however, captured one man.

In a long statement issued at New York, bitterly assailing President Macdonald's administration of affairs in Mexico and declaring that his tactics are slowly but surely wrecking the nation, the three special envoys sent by General Orozco, the leader of the Mexican revolution, to the United States, American public their side of the present trouble.

After eight hours of deliberation the jury who tried Mrs. Louise Verahy at Chicago for the murder of Richard T. Smith, a railroad conductor who boarded at her house and who died from arsenical poisoning in March, 1911, reported that they were hopelessly deadlocked, and they were discharged.

Federal Judge Angell at Detroit, Mich., signed an order appointing receivers for the Pere Marquette Railroad company to take over the road from Blair of Detroit, Douglas E. Waters of Grand Rapids, and Newman Erb of New York. The state denied the application of the railroad for a \$4,000,000 bond issue.

The government levee, a short distance below Hickman, Ky., on the Mississippi, broke, giving out at Lansing, Gov. Chase B. Osborn announces he will not be a candidate for reelection.

The first national drainage congress, called to advance a policy calling for federal aid in reclaiming the low lands of the south, opened in New Orleans.

Thirty passengers and the forty members of the crew of the steamer Ontario, from Baltimore to Boston, had a narrow escape from being burned to death or drowned when they started in the steamer's lifeboat.

KILL U. S. CITIZEN

AMERICAN SHOT TO DEATH BY
MEXICAN REBELS DESPITE
PROTESTS.

SLAIN UNDER 'LAW OF FLIGHT'

Insurance Ignore Pile in Man's Back
Half From Washington—Tried by
Court-Martial for Disabling Federal
Gun After Villa's Retreat.

El Paso, Tex.—Among the 144 Americans and other foreign refugees who returned from the battle-front districts around Parai was an American newspaper man, who brought news of the execution of Thomas Fountain of Los Cruces, N. M., by the rebels, after American residents had ineffectually sought a modification of his sentence and after what is believed to have been an appeal to the rebels from Washington had failed. Fountain was captain of a federal gun under Gen. Pancho Villa. When Villa retreated last Thursday night Fountain removed parts of the piece and concealed himself in a part of a private residence seldom visited.

The American was driven by thirst and hunger to reveal his presence on Sunday after 72 hours of self-imposed torture. He was armed with a revolver, but made no resistance.

On being compelled to show the rebels where he had secreted the missing parts of his rapid-fire, was tried by court-martial and condemned to death, apparently for having disabled the gun.

American Consul Letcher at Chihuahua sent to General Salazar what is believed to have been an appeal from Washington, in delivering the message to a messenger the consul remarked: "This is the last resort."

In Mexico they have recourse to what is known as the "law of flight" under which a prisoner who has been condemned, but where there exists a doubt as to the legality of the sentence, is allowed his freedom within certain limits.

The prisoner knows his fate is sealed. Even if he does not walk a step he feels that he will come from some unexpected quarter and the report will be made that he was shot while "in flight." It was thus in Fountain's case. He told the correspondent that there was no hope, but strode about the streets waiting for death.

When his body was brought in it contained four bullet wounds, made by shots fired from behind.

Washington—Consul Letcher at Chihuahua was instructed by the state department to make a preliminary demand on the rebels for the release of C. A. Heberley, an American consulting engineer, who has been held prisoner in Jimenez since April 1. This graphic communication is interrupted partly and it is believed possible the engineer has been released and is making his way into Chihuahua.

SPECKELS WILL FIGHT ENDS

Litigation by Sons and Heirs Over
Sugar Magnate's Millions Ended
by Court.

San Francisco.—Years of litigation over the millions left by the late Claus Speckels, sugar magnate, in which two sons, Claus A. and Rudolph Speckels, ended here when the supreme court sustained the validity of the elder Speckels' will.

Five million dollars was involved in the contest to make a preliminary demand on the rebels for the release of C. A. Heberley, an American consulting engineer, who has been held prisoner in Jimenez since April 1. This graphic communication is interrupted partly and it is believed possible the engineer has been released and is making his way into Chihuahua.

The decision of the supreme court reverses Collier's decision and leaves John D. and Adolph B. Speckels with the \$5,000,000 under control. They inherit only what their father gave them before his death.

CAIRO IS ALMOST NORMAL

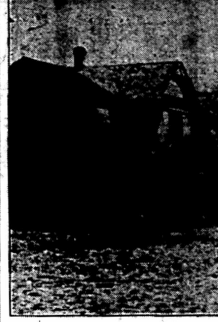
River Falling and Business in Illinois
City Has Again Been
Resumed.

Cairo, Ill.—The river marked 53.3 feet on the gauge here and is falling. The tide in and business has been resumed in Cairo.

Adm. Gen. Frank S. Dickson went to see what was needed in way of supplies for food and fuel for the army of the north, sent by the state. The government steamer Nokomis passed Cairo port loaded with supplies for the food and fuel for the army of the north, sent by the state.

None of the railroads will be able to resume their routes into Cairo before the end of the week.

HAVOC WROUGHT BY FLOOD



Photo, Copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.
Typical scene at Mount, Ill., near Cairo, showing residents making calls on neighbors through the medium of a row boat. The waters of the flood can be seen on a level with the porches of the houses.

PERISH IN BIG FLOOD

WATER CAUSES GREAT LOSS, MIS-
ERY AND WANT—THIRTY
KILLED.

DAMAGES RUN INTO MILLIONS

Thirty Thousand Homeless—Cairo
Leaves Severely Tested—Mail
Service Is Halting—Flooded District
Looted by Unprincipled Vandals.

Memphis, Tenn.—Thirty persons have been drowned, 30,000 persons are homeless, 3,000 square miles of country are inundated and there has been a financial loss of \$10,000,000 as a result of the two weeks' flood in the Mississippi valley.

The flood crest, rapidly going south, is leaving behind it a wake of desolation which will cost planters millions of dollars and leave thousands homeless. The last owners and renters are still desperately working to hold back the rushing river, but with scant success.

From six to ten feet of water floods the fertile St. Francis basin, the source of one-tenth of the entire cotton crop of the world. It will be days before this water will have run off, and days before the river will have lowered to a sufficient depth to allow the planters to rebuild their levees.

Interruption of the mail service is the latest problem which confronts the double battle of the valley and the government officials. From the Ohio river to the Rocky Mountains, as showing the greatest scope of this record flood, the mail service is being carried on through emergency channels, and in many districts no mail has been received since Tuesday last.

Cairo, Ill.—The Cairo levee was given a severe test. With the river standing at 54 feet, the highest stage reached, a severe windstorm set in and dashed the waters with great force against the levee. The water high in the levee embankment and severe strain and when inspected later were found to be substantial and intact.

Vandals have been looting houses in the flooded drainage district and Sheriff Fraser has put on a force of deputies with motor boats and skiffs to patrol the territory with instructions to shoot when necessary.

Memphis, Tenn.—The levee at Helena, Ark., breaking, shot a flood of water twenty feet deep into the valley town of Modoc, Ark., completely depopulating the town and washing out even the strongest houses in the valley. The great mass of water forced a lake, hounded in on three sides by the hills and fed from the fourth by the river.

The steamer Kate Adams was near Modoc when the levee broke and rescued those imperiled. A hundred or more panic-stricken negroes were taken from a government barge. Later motor launches rescued a number of farm hands from the roofs of cabins, from trees and peaks of knolls which were above the water.

The refugees, many of them almost naked when they reached the river boats. The boat captains and more fortunate sufferers directed clothing with the need.

Two Die in Auto Accident.
Philadelphia.—John Lewis Hoffman and Arthur L. Ryerson, Yale students, were killed in an automobile accident while speeding on the highway near the city of Philadelphia. The car was driven by Hoffman, who was killed instantly. Ryerson was killed a few days later.

Signs Child Labor Bill.
Washington.—The act of congress creating a bureau of child labor in the department of commerce and labor was signed here by President Taft. The new bureau will be headed by Dr. A. J. McKelvey, secretary for the southern states of the child labor commission.

Have Third Set of Ties.
New Castle, Pa.—Ties have arrived at the New Castle station for the third set of ties to be used in the construction of the new bridge over the river.

TROOPS GUARD MILLS

THREE COMPANIES PARADE
STREETS NEAR UTICA, N. Y.

Fear of Violence by Striking Textile
Workers Causes Sheriff to
Appeal for Militia.

Utica, N. Y.—Fearing violence on the part of foreigners and others who are out of the textile mills in the New York mills on a strike for increased pay and other concessions, Sheriff Becker called for the national guard to protect life and property, and three companies of militia are doing patrol duty in the streets and guarding the closed suburban mills.

The sheriff notified the local militia officers that the situation was beyond his control, and the Twenty-eighth and Forty-fourth companies of Utica and the Thirty-first Mohawk separate company were at once ordered to proceed to the village.

Their arrival in the place was a complete surprise to most of the 1,000 textile workers and their coming was greeted with wrathful mutterings. Colonel Hitchcock of Birmingham is in charge of the troops.

Several small riots occurred in various places, but these were quickly quelled. A dozen arrests were made, one woman being taken into custody because she hurled a pound of red pepper into the eyes of a deputy sheriff.

Pasaden, N. J.—The riot act was read from the steps of the Postmaster & Hoffman company mill at Garfield to a crowd of 400 strikers, and a sizable force of police and deputies soon cleared the streets.

TWO RECEIVERS ARE NAMED

D. W. Call and Otto H. Falk to Take
Over Alle-Chalmers Com-
pany's Affairs.

Milwaukee.—Receivers have been appointed for the Alle-Chalmers company by Judge A. L. Sanborn of the United States district court. The receivers are D. W. Call, president of the company, and Gen. Otto H. Falk of this city, as prominent manufacturer in the field of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association.

The appointments were made on the application of the First National and the Wisconsin banks of Chicago, the city, both creditors of the company, and W. W. Nichols of New York, a bondholder and stockholder.

TWO U. S. SOLDIERS HELD

Sergeant and Private Accused of Held-
ing Up Man Who Had Be-
friended Them.

Chicago.—Two soldiers of the United States army, one of them a sergeant and the other a private, were arrested charged with having robbed D. A. Caldwell, a tailor, of his watch, a diamond stickpin and a small sum of money, after he had given them food and shelter in his home.

The soldiers, Sergeant Harry Van Reed and Private Frank Connelley, the latter engaged to marry Miss Ada Kissel of Libertyville next Thursday night, were arraigned in Judge Caverly's court, but not having counsel their cases were continued.

Killed by Falling Glass.
Lincoln, Neb.—Sergeant, the three-year-old daughter of Joseph Kapp, was killed while at play when a gust of wind blew a pane of glass from a grocery window in front of which she was standing.

RASH ALL OVER BABY'S BODY

Itched So He Could Not Sleep
"On July 27, 1909, we left Boston for a trip to England and Ireland, taking baby with us. After being in Ireland a few days a nasty rash came out all over his body. We took him to a doctor who gave us medicine for him. The trouble started in the form of a rash and was all over his body, head and face, at different times. It irritated, and he would scratch it with all his might. The consequence was it developed into sores, and we were afraid it would leave daily scars on his face.

Itched So He Could Not Sleep

"When we reached England we took baby to another doctor, who said his condition was due to change of food and climate, and gave more medicine. The rash got no better, and it used to itch and burn at night so bad that the child could not sleep. He was completely covered with it at different times. It was at this time that my mother advised us to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using Cuticura Soap and Ointment for about nine months the places disappeared. There are not any scars, or other kind of disfigurement, and baby is completely cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We have no further trouble with baby's skin. Nothing stopped the rash, and allowed baby to sleep but Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Margaret Gunn, 19 Burrell St., Newbury, Mass., March 13, 1911.

"Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston.

Poor Fellow!
"He has never over his limbs." "You wouldn't if you had had your leg pulled as often as he has."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
THE LATEST REMEDY
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

The more a trust magnate wants the less the other fellow gets.

Backache is discouraging

Until You Get After The Cause
Nothing more discouraging than a constant backache. Lame when you awake. Painful when you bend or lift. It's hard to work, or to rest. You sleep poorly and next day in the same old story. That backache indicates bad kidneys and calls for some good kidney remedy. None so well recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills. Grateful acknowledgment is a convincing proof.

Here's Another "Happy Pills" Teller's Story

Mrs. O. W. Erwin, 308 Third St., Little Falls, Minn., writes: "My body became so bloated I had to gasp for breath. Kidney sections were in terrible condition and my back was agony. Life was one constant round of suffering and I thought death would be a relief. I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and am today a happy woman."

AT ALL DEALERS SOLELY BY
DOAN'S Kidney Pills

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Geniuine must bear Signature

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

DENEEN RENOMINATED

Chicago — Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt and Champ Clark of Missouri, speaker of the national house of representatives, are the choice of the Republican and Democratic voters of Illinois as expressed at the primary election held throughout the state on Tuesday.

Speaker Champ Clark was endorsed for the Democratic nomination for president by a majority of approximately 135,000. Mr. Clark carried Chicago by about 80,000 over Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey and more than held his own in New York.

Senator Shelby M. Cullom, continuously in public life for fifty-seven years, was retired as effectively as an advisory primary ballot can bring about that effect.

Since both Senator Cullom and Mr. Sherman repeatedly announced that they would abide by the result of the balloting, it is considered almost certain that the legislature will follow the expressed will of the people and elect Sherman to the senate.

Taft Beaten Three to One.
Ex-President Roosevelt carried nearly all of the counties in the state. He defeated President Taft by a vote of at least three to one from Galena to

Roosevelt carried Cook county by a plurality of approximately 30,000. Official returns from down state probably will swell his plurality to more than 140,000 votes.

Champer Clark, smothered Governor Wilson both in Cook county and throughout the state. The national speaker swept Chicago by a plurality over the New Jersey governor of close to 50,000 votes.

state, which probably will carry with it the instructions of the delegates at large to be named in the state convention at Peoria on April 19.

The New Jersey man developed some strength in some unexpected quarters, notably St. Clair county, which embraces East St. Louis, but lost Sangamon county, which includes Springfield, by 668. The only other

by 300; Ellingham, by 1,500; Henry, by 1 to 2; Kest, by nearly 2 to 1; Maccles, by 2 to 1; Maffins, which served the Mississippi, by 1,000; Milton, by 4 to 1; Munson, by 5 to 1; McLain, by 1,000; Mansard, by 200;

WILLIE TOMKIEWICK	4-JAMES T. McDERMOTT	6-NO CA
JOE GARTENSTEIN	5-ADOLPH KARATH	5-NO CA
AL T. MURRAY	6-JAMES McANDREW	6-J. W.
AL JULI	7-FRANK SUCHMAN	7-M. H.
ALIAM G. HENDELMANN	8-THOMAS GALLAGHER	8-JOHN
ED A. BRITTON	9-LINDSEY WYCK	9-EDWARD

1-CARL F. GAUGER
 2-CHARLES TOMPPER
 3-JOHN WILL
 4-OTTO C. CHRISTENSEN
 5-W. F. HOLM
 6-FRANK SCHIFFERDITZ

Mrs. Mary Robinson gave \$10 for the building and \$5,000 for the annual swimming pool.

Sold By Auction
—
James C. Stewart, Auctioneer
Jesse Street, N.Y.C.

ALAN & HERMANN.	THOMAS SALLAGHER.	JOHN NELSON.	M. V. NOLAN.
D. A. BRITTON.	LYNNING EVANS.	HERBERT W. LYON.	FRANK SCHIFFLECHT.
			FRANK M. A. TARDY.

Sold By Auction

1980

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS

RATES: 12¢ cents per inch. Minimum charge of two inches one month is made.

CASTLE, WILLIAMS LONG & CASTLE, Attorneys at Law. Office, Suite 420 Ashland Block. Telephone Central 5210. Chicago, Illinois.

HOWARD P. CASTLE, Office at residence, Barrington; Telephone number 112-M.

S. SPUNNER & BELL, Attorneys at Law. Office, Suite 420 Ashland Block. Telephone Central 5210. Chicago, Illinois.

G. W. SPUNNER, Residence, Barrington. Telephone 107-J.

R. L. PECK, Lawyer. Residence, Palatine, Illinois. Office: 1414 American Trust Building, Chicago. Telephone Central 595.

THE BARRINGTON BANK of Robertson, Plagge & Co. John Robertson, President; John C. Plagge, Vice President; A. L. Robertson, Cashier.

D. R. J. HOWARD FURBY, Dentist. Office hours: 8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m. Evenings by appointment. Phone 57-W. Groff Building.

D. R. C. O. VAN ARSDALE, OSTEOPATH Mondays, Fridays—2 a. m. to 6 p. m. BARRINGTON; Phone 38-R; Miller building, Main St.

Chicago address: 202 Trade Building, Cor. Wabash and Randolph Sts.

MILES T. LAMEY, Insurance and Notary Public. Insurance written against Fire, Lightning or Tornadoes. Companies represented by me have paid every loss in full and promptly, to the satisfaction of the assured. Telephone 51-R

Q You'll find many bargains listed each week by our advertisers. Get the habit of reading the ads; it will pay you.

PATENTS OVER 25 YEARS EXPERIENCE

BARRINGTON REVIEW

ESTABLISHED 1886
M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher
Published every Thursday afternoon at Barrington, Illinois, and entered as second-class matter at the Barrington postoffice.

Subscription price at \$5 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known upon application. All copy for advertisements must be received before Wednesday noon to insure publication in that week's issue.

Order of thanks, resolutions of condolence and all notices of entertainments given for pecuniary benefit must be paid for.

All communications should be addressed to the BARRINGTON REVIEW

Box 403 BARRINGTON, ILL.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1912

SIMPLICITY IN BUSINESS.

The prophets of the world think ahead of their generation. The money makers think with it.

The prophet is never understood. His ideas are dim and hazy to those who read or hear them. His warnings, which future centuries analyze and revere, fall on deaf ears while he is alive. He is complex and mysterious.

But the very life and soul of successful merchandizing is simplicity, and the business man who succeeds must be plain, emphatic and vigorous.

The page advertisement of the department store and the three-line want ad thrive most when they appeal to a want that is undebatable, a temporary need that a child can understand and respond to.

Business is a day-to-day affair, that deals mainly with physical desires or needs. It is not reformatory in its nature. It takes the world as it finds it, and responds quickly.

The way to succeed in business, according to Marshall Field, John Wanamaker and Abe Siskupsky, is to find what people want, and then sell it to them.

There are greater things in the world than making money—Several of them; but the very necessity of keeping alive, forces the prophet to make himself plain to some people, and thus the money standard itself helps to make the prophet effective by bringing him down to earth; and Beal takes tribute of Parnassus.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN FIGHT.

Already many papers are talking about swatting the fly. A policy of prevention of fly birth is better than a constant fight against the myriads of flies sure to be present later in the season. The hoards of mid-summer flies are not only annoying but, the doctors tell us, are almost the best known mediums for spreading disease. Prevent the mid-summer millions by destroying the early few.

Flies delight to find piles of rubbish, refuse, and manure for these are the places and this is the sort of material in which they lay their eggs. All material of this sort should be cleaned up before the first flies arrive and should be kept clean all summer. If any refuse, garbage or manure accumulates about the house, out-building or barn it is in this that the eggs are laid and the maggots hatch, and on this they feed. The accumulation of a few days helps to breed flies, and is it not cleaned up for three weeks a whole brood will have time to hatch, pupate, and develop into adult flies. Prevent the hatching of the usual breeding places and much more will be accomplished than by a campaign of "swatting" later.

WET OR DRY.

The local option question is again, and for the third time in the last four years, an issue in the village election to be held next Tuesday. We have had a good many years experience with a wet town and four years experience with a dry town—long enough to know which we like best. Long enough to know whether a dry town is financially better or worse; is religiously better or is morally better. By this time every voter should have it settled in his own mind. Should have a definite opinion of which is best for the village as a whole, and should not let personal desires, or prejudices, or weaknesses interfere with his duty to the town and to the residents of the town.

There should be no votes this year "just to try it." If you have not got

BARRINGTON MERCANTILE COMPANY

We Sell to Everybody

- Q Farm Implements; Deering Machines; Deering Twine. Plows, Harrows, Disk Planters; four different lines to select from. All set up on the floor for your inspection.
- Q We will furnish repair parts for any machine.
- Q We are always pleased to show you the articles even if you do not wish to buy just at the time.

the question settled in your own mind. Mr. Voter, don't vote. If you have, it is your duty to go to the polls and cast your vote as your conscience dictates.

Almost A Miracle.
One of the most startling changes ever seen in any man, according to W. B. Holshel, Clarendon, Texas, was effected years ago in his brother. "He had such a dreadful cough," he writes, "that all our family thought he was going into consumption, but he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery, and was completely cured by ten bottles. Now he is sound and well and weighs 218 pounds. For many years our family has used this wonderful remedy for coughs and colds with excellent results. It's quick, safe, reliable and guaranteed. Price 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at the Barrington Pharmacy."

Fashions Long Kept Up.
The British admiralty's annual order for black silk handkerchiefs for the navy, recently placed for \$9,000, led to inquiry, "why black?" It is said to be as mourning for Nelson's death at Trafalgar. Another instance of long-continued mourning is shown in the dark clothes officially worn by the Anglo-Baxon race; at the decease of the duke of Gloucester, Queen Anne's half-sister, the navy went into mourning and has never doffed this, though the lapse of the Stuart dynasty on the British throne was scarcely to be regretted. Doubtless the largest following of one fashion by men was after Alexander set the style of having the face clean-shaven; this was kept up by the Græco-Roman world for five hundred years.

Procrastination's Value.
Procrastination sometimes saves a man from making a fool of himself.—Florida Times-Union.

Don't overlook our "business notice" column. It's one of the most interesting departments in the paper.

Specimen Ballot

Village of Barrington, Election Tuesday, April 16, 1912, at the Village Hall, 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Walter Lageschulte
VILLAGE CLERK

REGULAR NOMINATION

FOR VILLAGE TRUSTEES (vote for three)

- ☐ JOHN C. PLAGGE
- ☐ HERMAN SCHWEMM
- ☐ EDWARD T. MARTIN

FOR VILLAGE CLERK

- ☐ WALTER LAGESCHULTE

PETITION NOMINATION

FOR VILLAGE TRUSTEES (vote for three)

- ☐
- ☐
- ☐

FOR VILLAGE CLERK

- ☐ JOSEPH D. ROBERTSON

Shall this village continue to be anti-saloon territory? YES NO

THE BARRINGTON CHOCOLATE SHOP

ICE CREAM, CANDIES, FRUITS, CIGARS, TOBACCO
Home made ice cream furnished for all social functions, \$1.00. Special price in lots of 15 gallons or over. Phone 15-J.

Stickney Gasoline Engines ARE THE BEST



Announcement
After thorough investigation and inspection of all Gasoline engines, we are positively convinced that the Stickney Gasoline Engine excels all others in its outside igniter, in its cooling system, in its automatic mixer, in its governor and valve motion, in the quality of material and workmanship and in the satisfaction it will give the operator.

We have samples at the store and want everyone to come and let us show that this engine is what we claim it to be—the simplest and most reliable engine ever made—an engine with over 15,000 satisfied users.

You need an engine and the time to learn what a Gasoline Engine (and especially a Stickney) will do is now. Come and let us explain and get one of the finest Gasoline Engine Catalogs ever published. We have only a few catalogs for free distribution.

Barrington Mercantile Co.
EXCLUSIVE AGENT
Barrington Mercantile Co. - Barrington, Ill.



Do You Want To Save Money
on that Manure Spreader, Silo Filler, Windmill and Gasoline Engine you're going to buy this Spring? Then get the best—the machines that wear the longest—cost the least for repairs—that are handled by the best dealers—and in short, the machines built right here at home in Northern Illinois—

The Appleton Quality Line

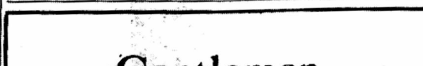
Now that you have a little spare time, come over and see us—let's get acquainted. We want to show you our magnificent factory and let you see how carefully we build our machines—what splendid material we use. We will show you the points that give our spreaders the longest life—the lightest draft—the best spreading—tell you why our silo fillers have greater capacity and use less power than any other machines rated at the same capacity—show you the features of construction that make it possible for us to insure our windmills for five years for \$2.50 against damage by tornados and cyclones or any other cause except misuse—prove to you that our engines deserve their name—Appleton.

You will want to see our huskers too, and find out all about them—possibly arrange to have one delivered through your dealer next fall.

We have some real bargains in spreaders we have taken in trade. They have been rebuilt and will give you the service of a new spreader at a fraction of the cost.

We want to send you some mighty interesting advertising matter and a beautiful four-color hanger which we are just getting out. Let us have your name today so that you will be sure to get one.

Appleton Manufacturing Co.
12 Island Avenue, Batavia, Illinois



Gentlemen

If you want a well made shirt—good quality—and a shirt that fits you try one of ours. We have a new and complete line of shirts, ties, caps, and other furnishings and they are something that you want.

Give us your order for a suit if you want good fit, quality and workmanship at a low price.

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing for Ladies and Gentlemen. All work called for and delivered. Phone 100-R

H. B. Banks & Co.

Men's Furnishings
Merchant Tailoring

EMIL FRANK

Ice Cream Parlor, Stationery,
School Books and Supplies,
Cigars and Tobaccos, Fruits,
Candies, Patent Medicines

LAKE ZURICH, ILLINOIS

If you wish to learn regarding installation of gas or of any gas appliance particularly the new Cottage Arc Light, or desire any information or require our services in connection with the use of gas, a postal or telephone message to

Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co.
1611 Be son Ave., EVANSTON, Tel. 89
Ashland Avenue, DES PLAINES, Tel. 10

will receive prompt attention or bring our representative to your door.

WATCH THIS SPACE
for the announcement of
the opening for the season of F. O.
Stone's Ice Cream Parlor.



Hot From the Oven

one of our rib roasts would tempt a stone image to eat. Its fragrance acts like a tonic. And once you get your teeth into it you'll stop eating only when you can eat no more.

Our Roast Beef

is good cold as well as hot. Fine for lunch on a tray and especially good for sandwiches. Try the beef and you'll know we could justify praise it more.

Alverson & Groff

AT THE CHICAGO THEATRES

MAJESTIC.

The headline feature at the Majestic theatre, Chicago, for the week of April 13 will be Ada Reeve, the greatest of the American music hall artists, who has created a remarkable record in the United States by the piquancy and artistic method of her work. Miss Reeve is dainty, refined and artistic in every particular, her songs being peculiar to herself and rendered in a manner quite different from the usual imported music hall singer. S. Miller Kent & Co. will play a unique comedy called "The Best Q. Q." It is full of humor and Mr. Kent is a recognized artist of the highest dramatic class. Pauline Welch and George M. Sayers, dancers and talkers will introduce their entertaining sketches; the six American dancers noted as the best dancing team in the world including that number of people, will appear, and J. C. Nugent with the assistance of Miss York will produce "The Squarer," a convulsing sketch set forth in a very humorous manner. The Aladdin, who are not Arabs but American athletes of extraordinary merit, will appear with their remarkable routine; Boynton & Meyers, two young ladies of exceptional talent on the piano, violin and in comic songs will also appear, and Laughlin's Wonders, comedy trained dogs will also be among those present on this remarkable bill.

CORT THEATRE.

T. E. Swift and sudden success that "Ready Money" has made at the Cort theatre, Chicago, and its continued popularity, stand it as one of the highlights of the year. The proposition that playwright Montgomery has advanced to prove that a young man may adventure into the realms of quick rich finance, make a sudden fortune and yet keep himself honest and his principals fresh and right, gives a healthy tone to the play. In "Ready Money" Stephen Baird finds his resources reduced to a last quarter. He is given fifty \$1000 bills with the strict understanding that these are simply to be shown and not to be spent. Exhibiting these changes his fortune and at the same time endures himself, his friends and his dances into a remarkable series of adventures. In the exploitation of this scheme, playwright Montgomery has aimed higher than the mere building of a merry play. His intent has been to teach a lesson in the value of suggestive force and what encouragement means to a man or woman. William Courtenay as Stephen Baird has made the success of his career, as has also Joseph Kilgour, as the brilliant counterfeiter, Jackson Ives. Each one of the supporting company deserves individual recognition. Ben Johnson, James Hendbury, Henry Miller, Jr., Scott Cooper, Leo Donnelly, Norman Tharp, Alfred A. Hease, George L. Tucker, Ivy Troutman, Ida Darling, Regine Connell and Geraldyn Fiers all together form one of the most remarkable comedy organizations seen upon the local stage this season.

Puts End To Bad Habit.

"Things never look bright to one with 'the blues.' Ten to one the trouble is a sluggish liver, filling the system with bilious poison, that Dr. King's New Life Pills would expel. Try them. Let the joy of better feelings end 'the blues.' Best for stomach, liver and kidneys. See Harrington Pharmacy."

Warned in Time.

A soft answer sometimes disarms. A story is told of a landlord on the North shore. A guest, seldom satisfied, came to him and said: "Mr. Smith,—that was not the landlord's name—"Mr. Smith, your coffee is rotten." The landlord shook him by the hand. "Thank you, sir; thank you. I haven't had my breakfast yet, and I'll skip the coffee this time. Much obliged."—Boston Herald.

His Need.

A Hiawatha, Kan., man told a young woman that he would marry if he could find a helpmate who would be willing to do all the washing and all the other hard work around the house. "What you want is a woman with a weak mind," said the girl.

Ineffective Good Manners.

We sometimes meet an original gentleman, who, if manners had not existed, would have invented them.—Enceros.



Every Cook

knows that even good cooking can't atone for bad meats. Why don't you order your meats here all the time and insure good meat every time? It doesn't cost any more. Call today.

Geo. J. Wenninger

QUENTIN'S CORNERS

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Sturm

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ebel and son departed for their home at Manteno Monday after a week's visit with friends and relatives in this vicinity. They are most pleased with their new home.

It is reported that L. Bockelman has sold his farm known as the Fritz Fisher place to Fred Feddeler.

We are sorry to learn that Jacob Sturm, Sr., is in poor health. This has been a severe winter for sick people.

John Witt was in Chicago on business Saturday.

Miss Lydia Quentin visited at home over Easter.

Willard Stockel was a Chicago business visitor Monday.

Postmaster H. K. Brockway of Harrington called on friends here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merrill Young were guests at the home of Fred Feddeler Easter.

District Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 30 day of April, A. D. 1912 an election will be held at the school house in district number four, County of Cook, State of Illinois, for the purpose of electing

One president of the board, one year Two members of the board, three years.

The polls of which election will open at 5 o'clock p. m. and close at 8 o'clock of the same day.

Dated this 8th day of April 1912. JOHN C. FLAGGER, President.

Attest: L. A. POWERS, Clerk.

LIFE VERSUS DEATH BREAD

Physician Claims Much for Preparation That He Ate and Was Renewed His Life.

"The physician had once been a dyspeptic, sour and morose; but his color was now ruddy and clear, his spirits light, and his health excellent. 'Death bread,' he said, 'laid me low for ten long and weary years. And life bread has made me my own buoyant, healthy, happy self again.'

"What do I mean by death bread? It is an ordinary bread. Why do I call it death bread? Because it is alive with putrefactive germs—because, by more than one authority, the yeast cells in it are said to be identical with the diseased cells of pus—and, therefore, are a poison.

"Yeast, in fact, is as unhealthy as its starchy small and musty, virus consistency would lead you to believe. It is a mass of living germs—and along with these are mingled putrefactive germs. Yeast is a very harmful thing. It makes bread a very harmful thing. All bread made with yeast is death bread.

"Life bread—that is what I eat. I make it myself. I take wheat of the finest quality, unground, and I roast it over a hot fire in a thick iron saucepan. The grains, an inch deep in the pan, are stirred continually. They pop, like popcorn, and, when all have popped—it is a matter of about ten minutes—my life bread is done.

"Each grain of this life bread I call a loaf, a miniature, delicious loaf, brown and crisp, that falls to powder on being bitten. Life bread must be kept in air-tight tin. It is the healthiest, the most nourishing, and the best-flavored bread in existence. But it must be confessed that the loaves are rather small."

Queensland's Sugar Industry. Queensland is one of the great sugar-producing states of Australia, and practically all of the sugar consumed in the Commonwealth is raised and refined in this state and in the northern part of New South Wales. The leading feature of the sugar industry is the number of small cane growers engaged in it, who now supply cane to the central mills of which they are proprietors.

Scripture Comforted Her. As to Scripture quotations, write a correspondent, many years ago there was living at Britton Hill an old woman, whom I knew well, and in conversation with a friend on the benefits to be derived from a knowledge of the Bible she made this remark: "I have often been comforted with that blessed Scripture, 'Taint heart never won fair lady.'"

Daily Thought.

To live our lives, to get out what is in us, to do our share of the world's work and live brotherly with our fellow-men—that is what we are here for. If riches are an incident of that course of life, they are a good incident.—Edward S. Martin.

Not Malicious.

Hewitt—Gruet isn't a malicious person. Jewitt—No; he's a well-meaning liar.

BARKER'S Cough Remedy
Is the medicine for COUGHS, COLDS and BRONCHITIS. FINE, ALL CURES.

Electric Bitters
Succeed where everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE
It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Wakefield Farm

Pure Bred, Registered Holstein-Friesian Bull
Born March 31, 1911

Come and see him. Price reasonable. Sired by a son of DeKol 2nd Butter Boy 3d who has more sons and daughters in advanced registry than any other bull. Dam, Tertje Soldene Tiona, in Wakefield Farm herd. Will be tested next time she freshens which will add to value of bull.

HARTWOOD FARMS

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS

PURE BRED HOLSTEIN BULL CALVES from heavy milkers. The milk production of your herd can be increased by raising calves from a GOOD PURE BRED BULL.

Come and see what we have or telephone.

E. K. MAGEE, SUPERINTENDENT
PHONE BARRINGTON 128-M-2

The Imported Percheron Stallion

Weight 2100 Pounds 25148 (43790)

CRILLON

COLOR AND DESCRIPTION: Black, long star, foaled May 1, 1898. Bred by M. Vallee, Commune of Marchemaisois, Department of Orne, France.

PEDIGREE: Sire—Bambin 21263 (41034) by Rustique (28646). Dam: Frivole (41307) by Daplomb (2239), 2nd dam, Infante (31851) by Courtomer 9766 (9725), 3rd dam, Pilotte (23780) by Selim (749).

CRILLON is licensed as Pure Bred No. A-5166. License renewed December 22, 1911. License expires December 22, 1912.

CRILLON will make the season as follows: Tuesdays and Fridays at George Wessel's (Kendall Farm) 5 miles northwest of Barrington, 1 mile northeast of Cuba, Telephone Barrington 134-W-2. Mondays and Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at Hawthorne West Farm (Dunning Farm) 3 miles southwest of Barrington. Season opens April 15, 1912.

TERMS: Single service \$8.00; season service \$12.00; to insure mare in foal \$15.00; to insure standing foal \$20.00. Special rate for two or more mares.

Due care will be taken but will not be responsible should any accidents occur. Parties disposing of mares before they are known to be in foal will be held for insurance money. Positively no Sunday service.

Hawthorne Farms Co.

Phone Barrington Residence 135-R-2
Stables 125-M-1

Barrington, Illinois

WHY PEOPLE GO TO CANADA

Those who are wondering why the number of Americans going to Canada year by year increases in the rates that it does, would not be so surprised were they to accompany one of the numerous "armies" that are being sent under the auspices of the Government from several of the states, and remain with the settlers until they get into the true homesteads, which, as stated by Speaker Champ Clark, in the U. S. senate the other day, comprises 300 acres of the most fertile soil and with remarkably easy settlement conditions. Then watch the results, whether it be on this free homestead of 300 acres or on land which he may purchase at from \$15. to \$20. per acre, fully as good as the \$100. and \$150. per acre land of his native state, and which his means will not permit him purchasing. On the part of the members of the U. S. Senate and Congress there is nothing but praise for Canada, Canadian laws and Canadian lands although the reasonable desire is shown in their remarks that they pass legislation, (which is very praiseworthy) that will make the land laws of the United States much easier.

It is the success of the American settler in Canada that attracts others, and when experiences such as the following are related to the friend "back home" it is a wonder that they pass legislation, (which is very praiseworthy) that will make the land laws of the United States much easier.

William Johnston, who formerly lived at Alexandria, Minn., settled in the Albany District near Battle River and in writing to one of the Canadian Government agents, located in the United States says: "We have had no failures of crop during our nine years in Canada. I threshed 1200 bushels of wheat and 1083 bushels of oats in 1911, off my 160 acres. This is a beautiful country. I keep six good work horses and milk several cows, getting good prices for butter and eggs. We get our coal for \$2.00 per ton at the mine, about one mile from the farm. Am about one and a half miles from a fine school. As for the cold weather it is much milder here than in Minnesota, where I lived for 21 years. Our well is 45 feet deep and we have fine water. Wild land is selling for \$18. to \$25. per acre. Improved farms are much higher. I am well satisfied with the country, and would not sell unless I got a big price, as we have all done well here."

Good reasons to account for the number going to Canada.

The woman who suffers in silence usually manages to make a lot of noise about it.

As we grow more sensitive we refuse drug salarials and take instead Nature's herb cure, Gaidfield Tea.

The more a man expects the more he will be surprised if he gets it.

Armorside
THE GREAT SUCCESS
REDUCER CORSET



AT CHICAGO
1235 N. WABASH AVE.
BROOKLYN-BOSSNY CO.
1235 WABASH AVE., NEW YORK

MEXICO If you want quick results without any harm to your health, take the famous "Mexican" medicine. It is the only medicine that will cure you of all your troubles. It is the only medicine that will cure you of all your troubles. It is the only medicine that will cure you of all your troubles.

FOR SALE
WESTERN CANADA FARM LANDS
The Government has set aside 300,000 acres of the best land in the West for sale. The land is in the best of condition and is well watered. The price is very low. The land is in the best of condition and is well watered. The price is very low.

Why Rent a Farm

There is no need to rent a farm. You can buy a farm for a very low price. The land is in the best of condition and is well watered. The price is very low. The land is in the best of condition and is well watered. The price is very low.

Why Rent a Farm
There is no need to rent a farm. You can buy a farm for a very low price. The land is in the best of condition and is well watered. The price is very low. The land is in the best of condition and is well watered. The price is very low.

WILEY ON HOODSERS

He Marks Southern Indiana the "Genius" Region.

TRACES DESCENT OF PEOPLE

Derived From Southern Appalachians, Whose Race of Mountaineers He Calls "Last Remnant of the Undeveloped" in Country.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, who recently resigned as the government's chief chemist, was born in Indiana. The doctor is very interested in the Hoosiers, but he is a little hard, perhaps, on native Indians who were born in the northern half of the state. He puts them in a "genius class" below the Hoosiers who were born nearer the Ohio river. Dr. Wiley has produced a map of Indiana on which he illustrates some of his views with respect to intellectual inferiority in the state. About where the old national road crosses from east to west he has drawn a red line, and across the territory south of this line he has written in bold letters the word "Genius." Across the north half of the state appears the words "Near Genius." As a consequence to two of his friends he has indicated what might be called a line extending northward from the genius belt so as to include Kin Hubbard, better known as "Abe Martin" and George Ade.

Of Fine Mountain Stock. Dr. Wiley exhibited this map of his own making the first time at a meeting of the Indiana Society of Washington this week. He used it as a basis for a most interesting talk, and he gave on the people of southern Indiana as he knew them thirty, forty and fifty years ago. He pointed out the fact that the state was settled almost exclusively by mountaineers from the Carolinas, Virginia and Tennessee. The men and women, he said, were perfect specimens of physical development. He traced to this stock many of the great men Indiana has turned out. The Indiana genius began to appear, he said, when this mountain stock began to mix with the people from the east and north. The mountain regions of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee, Doctor Wiley said, are still the homes of the rugged people of the type that settled southern Indiana and from which Indiana geniuses have sprung. He asserted that these mountaineers of the Carolinas, Virginia and Tennessee are misunderstood by most people. "They are not degenerates," he said. "On the contrary, they are the best human specimens to be found in this country today, and probably in the world. They have their peculiarities, due to their environment. Deprived of their own society and the clan to which they belong is the first thing that is taught them. They are thoroughly honest, and all deeply religious."

According to Doctor Wiley there are great possibilities in this race of mountaineers. He referred to it as the "last remnant of the undeveloped" in this country, and pointed out that if in some way education and culture could be brought to these people, results that would almost startle the world would be produced. Dr. Wiley said that while no one would attempt to defend the shooting down of a judge and other court officials by a gang of these mountaineers in southern Virginia near the North Carolina line, it was only fair to the men who participated in that crime to say that they are not degenerates, and are not bad citizens in the common sense of the term. "We of southern Indiana birth may not like to admit it," he said, "but the men who did that shooting in southern Virginia are of the stock from which we sprang. In taking the law into their own hands in defense of their clan, they were only living up to a principle that had been instilled into them and their forefathers."

Our Apache Wards. Secretary of War William B. Taft, in response to a request from Congress, has told the law-makers all about the Apache prisoners of war who are now on the Fort Huachuca reservation. There are 357 of the prisoners and 18 of the number are borne on the morning reports as scouts. Thirty of the Indians are known to have been engaged in hostilities against the United States or to have committed acts of violation against white citizens. Six of the Braves, now held in camp at Oklahoma, were on the war path with Geronimo and surrendered with that great chief in 1885.

The secretary in his report gives the names of the six Indians who were known to have been on the war path with Geronimo. After each name there is an annotation to tell of the peace and the conduct of the prisoner. It might be noted that they are all set down as being of fair report and none whose name is Christian, and he conversely, never has been a champion of heart and is reported as having been "very good for about a year."

Their Status Explained. The Indian advocate member of the senate made a memorandum to the secretary of war's report. He says: "The kind of Apache Indians who were established on the Huachuca reservation at Fort Huachuca in 1885 had been captured for many years prior to 1885 in acts of hostility against the people of the United States and were consequently by their capture."

to the military authorities near Fort Huachuca in 1885. Since that time, with a view to their protection, they were sent to San Antonio, Texas, where they remained for a time until some permanent arrangements could be made for their care and protection. They were finally located at Fort Marion, Fla., where they remained for a number of years. As Fort Marion was found to be an unsuitable place they were subsequently removed to Mount Vernon barracks, Ala.

"As the climate at Fort Marion and Mount Vernon barracks was quite different from that to which they had been accustomed in San Antonio, Arizona, and northern Mexico, disease from which they had theretofore been immune, crept in among them and upon full consideration of the situation by the secretary of war they were permanently established on the Fort Hill Military reservation in 1894.

"As these Indians had been engaged in the commission of hostile acts for a number of years they were regarded, at their surrender, as occupying the status of prisoners of war and were accordingly maintained as such. As the hostilities in which they had taken part have long ceased to exist, their temporary status as prisoners of war is terminated, and they have since been regarded as a band of dependent Indians held in custody of the United States and under the protection and control of the war department. This status, as to some of its essential incidents, continues to exist."

War Over Incarceration. In the midst of all the debate and bickering on the tariff and appropriate bills and all the tumult and shouting of politics Washington is finding time to have some excitement over a matter of interpretation marks and exclamation points. The burning issue is how the inscription on a small rock standing on the shore of the Potomac part shall be punctuated.

The controversy is over the celebrated reply of Jones to the inquiry of the Senate if he was ready to surrender. It will be recalled that the Bon Homme Richard was an unseaworthy old Indian merchantman when he was assigned to Jones by the French government, and her equipment was so outclassed by that of the Serapis that the only chance of the American commander was to fight at close range. So demoralized were affairs on the Bon Homme Richard that an under-officer lost his head and rendered the secure so of British prize takers, who ran to tear down the colors, and might have embarrassed the American commander still more had not Lieutenant Dale set them at work on the pumps to save their lives. Many of his guns had been silenced, the entire sides of his vessel were shot away and the ship was after when Jones was killed by Captain Patten with the demand, "Do you surrender?"

Question or Exclamation? In his own account of the battle Jones states that his reply was something to this effect: "I do not, but I intend to make you surrender." Lieutenant Dale, who also wrote an account of the battle, ascribed to Jones the more spirited reply: "Surrender! I have just begun to fight."

It is over this world-famous phrase that the battle rages. The contestants do not hesitate to substitute the words of Dale for those of Jones, for the phrase is more striking, but, in the opinion of the critics, the words of the inscription propose to weaken the retort by means of second rate punctuation. Ignoring the peculiar punch and force of the exclamation point as compared with the notation mark, he proposes that Jones' reply, Yankee-like, begin with a question, and then be would fire a second rhetorical burst by exploding an exclamation point at the end of the sentence.

Thus, waving aside the historical accuracy of the Jones quotation, it would stand thus: "Surrender? I have only begun to fight!"

Instead of this: "Surrender? I have only begun to fight!"

Not very much, to be sure, on which to start a feud, yet, on the other hand, enough to make things hum a little when one has nothing else to do. Little Doctor Johnson tore open the literary heavens of his time for less things than this, and even should the contest end disastrously, for somebody, the flow would be of tears rather than of blood.

Majority for Question Mark. The exclamation point agitators have put up their case to the authorities in charge and have been given informed that they do not win. The question mark appears to have a majority of the delegates, and there is no evidence to show that their convention was not regularly called under the approval of the national committee. The case can hardly be taken up to congress, for what congress does not know about punctuation will be supplied by the professional readers of the government printing office. Neither can the navy department take a hand, for it had a John Paul Jones memorial of its own, and one trouble at a time is enough.

Speaking of the Jones memorial at Annapolis, by the way, the inscription to be attached to that has been selected by a member of the staff. It avoids any competition in language by confining itself to a single virtue phrase which in a line gives the hero the only place among American naval heroes and at the same time credits him to the highest rank. It is this: "He was the first to give his own life for the United States and the world."

As the climate at Fort Marion and Mount Vernon barracks was quite different from that to which they had been accustomed in San Antonio, Arizona, and northern Mexico, disease from which they had theretofore been immune, crept in among them and upon full consideration of the situation by the secretary of war they were permanently established on the Fort Hill Military reservation in 1894.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

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For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Erysipelas, and Catarrh of the Eye.
SPORN MEDICAL CO., CHICAGO, ILL., U. S. A.

THEIR TROUBLES.
FOR HUBBY TO PONDER OVER
Innocent Answer of Quiet Little Wife Got Him Started on Train of Thought.

The husband and wife were on their way to the theater, when the husband began kicking because his wife took such a long time dressing.
"What delayed you this time?" he growled.
"Seeing the children to bed," she responded, quietly.
"What the nurse for?" snapped the man.
"The nurse is for our convenience—your and mine, especially mine," she answered. "But he certainly takes after you. He asked the same kind of a fool question just as I was kissing him good night."
"Fool question, eh? Well, what was it?"
"I asked him if he had said his prayers. And he said no. And I asked him if he didn't want God to take care of him during the night. He answered: 'What the nurse for?'"
For the remainder of the way the man pondered on this answer.

Why Should a Chicken Lay a Soft-Shell Egg?
Because, Wilke, the chicken don't know how to create a hard-shelled egg unless it has some food with lime in it.
So chicken-raisers often provide limestone gravel, broken oyster shells or some other form of lime.
Let the chicken wander free and it finds its own food and behaves sensibly.
Shut it up and feed stuff lacking lime and the eggs are soft-shelled.
Let's step from chickens to human beings.
Why is a child "backward" and why does a man or woman have nervous prostration or brain-lag? There may be a variety of reasons but one thing is certain.
If the food is deficient in Phosphate of Potash the gray matter in the nerve centres and brain cannot be rebuilt each day to make good the cells broken down by the activities of yesterday.
Phosphate of Potash is the most important element Nature demands to unite albumin and water to make gray matter.
Grape-Nuts food is heavy in Phosphate of Potash in a digestible form.
A chicken can't always select its own food, but a thoughtful man can select suitable food for his children, wife and himself.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts
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