

Grain raising robs the soil

ver overfeed an idle horse

It is absolutely necessary our fertility on your farm.

Wheat and oats make on best general diets for fowls.

Comfortable shelter goes a lor way towards making dairying pay,

Cultivate vegetables and flowers hen the weather is hot and the soil

is not uncommon for a Bermuds grower to plant 15,000 bulbs at one

An old boot-leg makes an effective device for keeping botflies off horses

For aphis on aweet peas, use insect powder or tobacco dust, applying with a small bellows.

To secure a good brood cow, an even development is required from pig brood to full maturity.

Hay stacked in the open loses per cent. of its value by spoiling the sides and bottom.

Five or six pounds of corn are used by required to produce a pound pork in dry-lot feeding.

Celery delights in a low, rich, heavy, moist soil and is usually grown upon the same land year after year.

It does not pay to devote high-priced land, for long periods, to pasturage and the production of hay.

Time to get the mower in shape for the having season which is so rapidly approaching. Sharpen up the knives

Don't push the fat horse on hot days either in the fields or on road. Once overheated he loses half his value.

Prime fat lambs cannot be produced by alternate grass and grain. They must be pushed to lay on fat from start to finish,

The little chicks do best on corn read made of sour milk, sods and racked corn. They should be fed on omething clean,

Unlike other poultry, the turkey has ever been thoroughly domesticated, ut has remained practically a wild ird in its requiremnts.

posts of wood that lasts five years can be made to a by standing two, hours boiling creosote.

Late cabbage is a good crop

Let nine milkings pass fresh cow's milk

High quality of cream can be suced from clean, pure milk.

Better use is made of ground than f whole grain by the dairy cows.

Shage and alfalfa combined make the soundation for the best dairy ra-

The coming of the sile is developing ome new high records for high-priced sect.

Many practical hog raisers are now using artificial wallows, built of either cement or lumber

If winter dairying is to be the most profitable it must be plauned for def-initely in advance.

Any man who will strike a horse in the head should never be allowed to touch one again.

Keep the laying hens working. To do this feed them at daybreak and just before sundown.

Hogs follow the rows and tramp down less of the rape if it is drilled instead of broadcasted.

If you want a lasting cement use melted alum. It hardens at once and water does not affect it.

The poorer the cream the faster should be the speed of the churn slower where cream is rich. A man cannot work on boiled tur-nips alone: neither can a horse work on a diet of straw and fodder.

The best location for the warm weather chicks is in the orchard, and the trees also protect them from storms.

Forage crops added to the grain ra-tion cut the cost of pork making 20 to 30 per cent., says F. G. King. Pur-due station.

On an average Great Britain yields 30 bushels of wheat to the acre: New South Wales, 15; the United States, 12, and Russia, 8.

Young fruit trees that were planted in the autumn of last year, or in the spring of this year, should be ex-amined catefully.

Cowpeas sown in corn and the en-ire crop pastured down by hogs gives one of the very best returns that can be secured from farm land.

A few trees in the poultry yard are to be desired at this season, but if the yard is devoid of trees it is easy to arrange for artificial shade.

Breeding stock should never be saved from a litter of a vicious old brood sow which is always restless and chasing about the pasture.

Do not allow the stall where cow has to stand or lie to get fi It is not only uncomfortable for cow, but unhealthy for her and family that drinks her milk.

Never let young chickens perch il their breastbone can endure train, as crooked breastbone creases a fowl's market as well breeding value considerably.

are very little trouble it. Byray twice for peaches—first when you rauge, plenty of water the husk is about half off, with area feed. The little birds will agree the control of the contr

BEST BREEDS OF CATTLE FOR PRODUCING PROFITABLE BEEF

of Try to Mix the Breeds and for Best Results O ne Kind Should be Kept.—Shorthorn, Hereford and Aberdeen Angus Will Use Surplus Feed.to Good Advantage.



A Hereford Champion.

(By W. G. CHRIBBAN).

All cattle are divided into or fall into certain clauses acording to the work they do to best advantage. In other words, the disposition they make of the feed they consume over and above the amount needed for maintenance determines this class.

When we take into consideration when we can be considered in the consideration of the consideration when we can be considered in the consideration of the consideration of the consideration of the real meaning of beef cattles of cattle we mean those types of cattle which will use their surplus of feed to best advantage in the manufactrue of beef. Of this type we have I three prominent breeds: Shorthorn, Hereford and Aberdeen Angus. While the contraction of the cattle was a considerable of the cattle of the cattle was a considerable of the cattle of the cattle of the cattle



Aberdeen-Angus Champton.

i many have done and think that you can produce better steers by breeding together two breeds than pure-bred steers of either one. Just remember whenever you breed together two distincts breeds you are producing grades of both breeds and going down bill. Again, when you breed together two distincts breeds you are producing grades of both breeds and going down bill. Again, when you breed together two applications of the producing producing the produces and the commonly practiced. If you breed a Holstein cow, which produces a large quantity of milk but poor in butter fat, to a Jersey buil, a breed which produces A amail quantity of milk and rich in butter fat, you are very likely and most due to the produce of the producing of our own farm, convening the p

Aberdeen-Angus Champion.
these are the three leading beef of the property of t

DENMARK'S COW-**TESTING CLUBS**

Operative Associations Rapidly Increasing Stringent Rules for

co-operative cow testing

In this way skim, one-half skim, whole milk and cream may be put out by the same wagon at prices varying according to the quality without danger of the purchaser being defrauded. All this milk is of the same high fee must be provided for every eleven sallous of milk produced.

There are 1,100 co-operative and 300 private creamerles in Demmark. These manufacture over 200,000,000 pounds of butter a year, eighty per cent oil which is exported to Great Britain. In summer the milk is delivered twices day and in winder once.

for the provided of the feet of the same of the same

The co-operative cow testing associations of Demnark have rapidly increased to about 500 associations and the testing of the testing associations are also to be testing every three weeks. He weights the milk and keps an accurate record of the feed consumed, so the net profit per year of each individual cow can be accertained.

Two Copenhagen milk companies thandle over 100,000 pounds of milk a day, all of which is produced underweterinary inspection and in accordance with strict rules inid down by the companies thandle over inspection and in accordance with strict rules inid down by the companies. The produced underweterinary inspection and in accordance with strict rules inid down by the companies that the cooled and kept below 500 degrees. The companies of the cooled and kept below 500 degrees fashered the bottling plant to refuse the milk.

Then it is pasteurized at 150 degrees produced the cooled and kept below 500 degrees. The companies of the companies of the cooled and kept below 500 degrees fashered the cooled and kept below 500 degrees. The companies of the cooled and kept below 500 degrees fashered the cooled and kept below 500 degrees fashered the cooled and kept below 500 degrees. The companies of the companies of the companies of the cooled and kept below 500 degrees fashered the cooled and kept below 500 d



Full.)

Figure 1. The state of the state of

Doran—I neard a turnous data
pened to him, poor Mike!
Horan—Poor Mike, th' divvle!
Had a shtick av dinnamite in his
pocket whin he wor run over.

WHITE PIMPLES ON HEAD

WHITE PIMPLES ON HEAD

Ransom, III.—"The trouble started on our baby when he was only about two weeks old. Started like littles within primples, looked like an did seab was covered for a few months, then it went to his ear, shoulders, and his whole body. It seemed to come out thick and sticky on his head, while on the other parts of his body it was more like water coming out of the stin. He would careth until the erupt and gradually spread. The least little stir or rish would cause the sores to bleed, spread and itch. Never had a fall night's sleep, restless all night. The sores were horrid to look at. It lasted until he was about two and a half years old. Then we saw an ee half years old. Then we saw an ee half years old. Then we saw an ee half years old. Then we have all eight hod on so he could not scratch the stores. Then we washed it clean with Cultura Soap and Cultura Olntment. We put the Cultura Olntment was the contract of the same washed it clean with Cultura Soap and warm water get, Dec. 30, 1911.

Cutteura Soap and Ontiment sold throughout the world. Sampile of each free, with 32-p. Shis Book. Address post-card "Culturars. Dept. Is Boston."

Jolt to Roman

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a axe and sure frendey for infanta and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Castoria Signature of Castoria Castoria Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

To remove nicotine from the teeth, disinfect the mouth and purify the breath after smoking, Paxtine is a boon to all. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Tollet Co., Boston, Mass.

Way it Looked to Him. Mrs. Berham-Did she wear a plo

Cole's Carbolisaive
Relieves and cures tiching, torturing dissees of the skin and mecous membrane
superior Pile Cure. S and 50 cents, by
regging. Pile Cure ample we to J. W.
ole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Man may be made of clay, isn't always "as rich as mud."



EVENTIDE — Supp What shall it be? cooked maal? No! Too lo — too tedious to prepar Just phone the grocer for

Meats

They're delicious! Some Vienna sausage or sliced dried beef—some veal loaf or corned beef. They're so easy to serve. Ot, here's an ides—a Libby



lhittemores Shoe Polishes



A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY



