





## GOVERNOR DUNNE SEES INSPECTOR

State Factory Official Confers  
With Chief Executive.

### WILL ENFORCE ALL THE LAWS

Oscar F. Nelson Has Long Talk With  
His Chief Regarding Policy and  
Also Sees the Acting Secretary of State.

Springfield—Following a conference with Governor Dunne, Oscar F. Nelson of Chicago, chief state factory inspector, made it plain yesterday that the policy of his office and requiring that the law would be more stringently enforced in the future than it had been in the past.

In a conference with acting secretary of the state board of health, Amos Sawyer, Mr. Nelson discussed the subject of occupational diseases and the safety aspects of his decision was reached to send out blanks to the manufacturers of Illinois, for the purpose of placing employers of labor on record regarding safety appliances and whether or not such factories is to be classed among those which comply with the provisions of the occupational disease laws of the state. It is the plan to have the state board of health keep a monthly check on these statements from the manufacturers.

"We have but twenty-eight inspectors," Mr. Nelson said, "and every one is kept so忙 with other responsibilities in the state that the number is hopelessly inadequate. New York has a hundred inspectors regularly employed and the department may add more as they are needed during the canning season, and the like. But we intend to do the best we can with what we have to enforce the Illinois laws."

"We are studying the situation and preparing for the great task before us," Mr. Nelson said. "We are charged with the important duty of seeing that life is protected and we wish to be as thorough as possible with our limited facilities."

Mr. Nelson succeeded Edgar T. Davies, who was factory inspector under the past administration.

"We expect to let the factory owners that they must obey laws which are framed for the purpose of protecting life of employees. If they do not obey the laws they will have to take the consequences."

"We are not after our pound of flesh, however. If a factory owner arrested for violation of the safety appliance or the occupational disease act shows a willingness to comply in the future, we shall give him a chance. All we want is compliance with the law."

#### U. of I. Buys a Large Farm.

President Edmund J. James of the University of Illinois has announced that the trustees of the university have purchased an estate of 325 acres at a cost of \$255,000 for the purpose of enlarging and developing the horticultural interests of the university.

This will make a provision for horticultural, including forestry, and will purpose considerably any similar work done abroad.

"More intensive methods of cultivation must be adopted," says President James' announcement. "The systematic cultivation of forest trees, the development of the whole department of horticulture, which is one of the great industries of the state of Illinois, and the adequate development of fruit growing and market gardening call for more systematic and comprehensive attention to this subject than they have ever before received in the state of Illinois, and the provision of this additional land will enable the University of Illinois to undertake the development of this interest on an added scale."

#### Laws Work Plans Discussed.

The plans for the work of the state rivers and lake commission were discussed by Chairman Arthur Charles of Carlin and Walter A. Shaw at a meeting held in the office of Governor Dunne.

It is expected that the minority member of the commission will be named by the governor within a few days, in order that the commission may go ahead with the work and complete the same before the end of the summer months. The enlarged commission will be also discussed at the meeting of the commission, as the body now has the power over all waterways in the state and their decision must be appealed direct to the circuit courts of the state.

The recent general assembly appropriated \$250,000 for the improvement of the levees at Cairo, \$40,000 for Shawneetown and \$20,000 for Mounds.

#### Game Commissioner Appointed.

C. J. Dittmar of Freeport, the lost member of the fish and game conservation commission, was appointed to the cabin of the state game commission and setting right to work. He explained his failure to arrive Tuesday when the commission was organized and received Governor Dunne's message, by declaring he had not received the official commission. The commission agrees to name a number of deputy fish and game wardens whose applications have been approved.

#### O'Connell Is Coming.

Gossip in circles close to the state administration relative to state patronage, and particularly concerning minority interests, about which so much interest is centered, was quieted a little by the failure of William L. O'Connell of Chicago, the governor's political advisor, to arrive. Mr. O'Connell announced, will be here later.

In the absence of official announcement of any sort, the dopestans banished themselves with speculations. Prominent among the rumors of the day was the report that Edwin R. Wright, president of the State Federation of Labor, a leader in Chicago labor circles and a friend of former Governor Dunne, is a member of the minority which recently created an industrial board, which was established with the enactment of the new workers' compensation act by the last general assembly. Wright is said to have been recommended by labor organizations and to have had, in addition to the endorsement of former Governor Peter C. St. John and United States Senator Y. T. Sherman of this city the place of state board of pardons.

The new compensation act succeeds the old law which was repealed. The only new feature is the creation of the industrial board, which will have its enforcement in hand.

The new compensation act includes the gossip that former Governor Richard Yates, who has for months been connected with rumors of minority appointments is to have the minority place on the state board of pardons.

The governor will name the members of the board within the next five \$10,000 a year, is not likely at the present time. Official statements are wanting, though it is said on good authority that the personnel of the important board will not be settled for some time to come.

#### Corn Crop to Be Light.

The corn crop of Illinois would not be over 40 per cent. of a seasonable average unless there are general heavy rains all over the state within the next week, was the prediction made by James K. Dickerson, secretary of the state board of agriculture, made on the strength of the report from correspondents all over the state. While these reports have not been completed, enough has been gathered from them to warrant the belief, says Secretary Dickerson, that the crop in northern Illinois even with the heavy rains, which are said to have been the cause of the crop failure in the state, has been damaged at least 25 per cent.

The damage to the crop in southern Illinois is estimated by Mr. Dickerson at 25 per cent. and in central Illinois at 35 to 40 per cent.

He thinks that in central Illinois there are no reported rains within the last few days, but the crop in that portion of the state will not be over 25 per cent. of a seasonable average.

There has not been enough moisture to fill the grain of the stalk, owing to the continuous dry weather, and when the corn is born it is bad, also. Even with rains, in some localities it is ruined to such an extent that the farmers will cut it and feed it for fodder to the stock."

#### Much Speaking Talent.

A very imposing array of speaking talent has been secured by the committee in charge of the arrangements for the old settlers' meeting at Champaign with the speaking program will be an interesting series of athletic contests and exhibits of every kind for the entertainment of the large crowds which are expected to attend the annual reunion.

James E. Rhodes of Springfield will deliver an address. Judge James H. Matheny, father of the present bearer of the name, made the first old settlers' speech that was ever delivered in Sangamon county.

Those who can arrange to reach the grounds of the fair for the opening exercises and head this year will be fortunate. The oratory of the afternoon will be opened by Judge W. E. Sampson whose powers along this line are well known to need extended comment. The next speaker will be Leslie Crow, who is a young settler.

The doors of the old settler gatherings before and has always gathered with credit.

Bes F. Caldwell will be the last speaker of the day and the mere announcement that he is a speaker will draw the audience, and all they have heard what he has to say. Those who attend the old settlers' meeting will be presented with a treat that is not often had. Music and singing will intercede the speakers.

#### Convict Makes Escape.

James A. Hudson, a negro convict from Chicago, who had been in the penitentiary at Joliet one year, pried a board from the stockade around his prison quarry and escaped. He was at large an hour before his absence was discovered, no clue to his whereabouts has been obtained. Hudson was serving a 25 year sentence on a serious charge.

#### Judge Creighton in Washington.

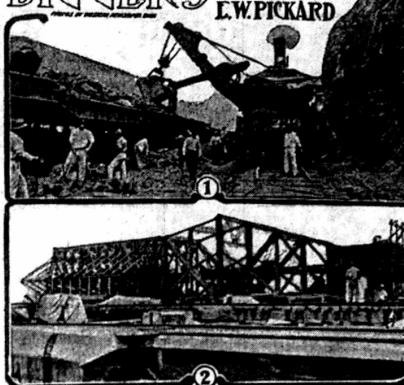
Judge James A. Creighton of this city in Washington, the game conservation commission, arrived yesterday to take the bench of the United States circuit of appeals at Chicago, caused by the resignation of Judge Peter S. Grosscup. Judge Creighton has been several times elicted to the bench in Sangamon county and several of the other circuits, and has been chosen to sit in the circuit of Illinois. The commission agreed to name a number of deputy fish and game wardens whose applications have been approved.

#### Game Commissioner Appointed.

C. J. Dittmar of Freeport, the lost member of the fish and game conservation commission, was appointed to the cabin of the state game commission and setting right to work. He explained his failure to arrive Tuesday when the commission was organized and received Governor Dunne's message, by declaring he had not received the official commission. The commission agrees to name a number of deputy fish and game wardens whose applications have been approved.

## The REAL CANAL DIGGERS

BY E.W. PICKARD



Cut. 2—One of the Great Emergency Dams Device to Protect the Locks.

Colon, C. Z.—What of the men who have done the actual digging of the Panama canal? Who are they, whence have they come, how do they live?

We all have read a lot about Colonel Goethals, Colonel Sibert, Colonel Gaillard, Colonel Hodges, Colonel Gorgas and a few others of the men who hold the "big jobs." We know that their immediate subordinates are also emerging into the limelight and dooms from the top. But what do we know about the men who handle the pick and shovel who work the steam pick, who load the borings with dynamite, who help to fill up and empty the interminable drift trains?

With the very beginning of the canal's attempt to solve the Panama labor problem bobbed up as serious, especially in view of the horribly insanitary conditions on the Isthmus. White laborers succumbed rapidly to yellow fever and malaria and it was found that only negroes could withstand even fairly well the disease and the climate.

When Uncle Sam took hold of the big job he had the benefit of the experience of the French in this as in other respects, and though he tried a few experiments in the labor field he did not succeed. It was soon determined that the actual digging must be done by negroes.

When Uncle Sam took hold of the big job he had the benefit of the experience of the French in this as in other respects, and though he tried a few experiments in the labor field he did not succeed. It was soon determined that the actual digging must be done by negroes.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

Two things these negroes are extremely fond of—religion and rum.

And both are rather disastrous to many of them. The insane asylum whose buildings straggle up one slope of Ancon hill is full of them, and there is no room for more.

## BARRINGTON REVIEW

ESTABLISHED 1888  
MILES T. LAMEY, PUBLISHER  
L. B. PADDOK, EDITOR.

Published every Thursday afternoon at Barrington, Illinois, and entered as second-class matter at the Barrington postoffice.

Subscription price \$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known upon application. All copy of advertisements must be received before the 15th of each month to insure publication in that week's issue.

Carry the thanks of the editor and all the readers of the Review for pecuniary benefit must be paid.

All communications should be addressed to the

**BARRINGTON REVIEW**

TELEPHONE 811-4 BARRINGTON, ILL.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 14, 1913

**Ornaments Last Longer.**  
Ornaments last longer than anything else that man makes. There are brooches and necklaces in museums more than 40 centuries old. Monuments, perhaps, stand second, and houses third. The life of furniture is shorter, with the exception of little furniture in England which dates back to the year 1500. Pictures last longer than furniture, and there are paintings still in fair condition which have weathered six centuries of life.

**Good Fertilizer for Ferns.**  
Nitrate of soda dissolved in water should be given to ferns that are small or weak, but do not make the proportion of dilution too strong or the dose of one ounce to the gallon, but large plants, and those of vigorous growth should be watered with a solution in proportion of one-half an ounce of nitrate to the gallon. Apply about every ten days. Soot and salt are also good.

**Talleyrand and Josephine.**  
Talleyrand, the notorious French statesman, friend of Napoleon and ambassador at the English court, was descended from a military family, but an accident, when one year old, rendered him a cripple for life. His cunning cleverness, political penetration, adroit intrigues, and ingenious subterfuges were vehemently opposed by the emperor's wife, Josephine, who energetically denounced him as a "curse upon France."

**Joyfulness Out of Place.**  
"Your mistake was in misundertaking your country," said Mr. Flawden, to a man and woman found dancing in the street and charged with disorderly conduct at Marlybone. "This is not a country where people can afford to be joyful. You must cultivate a spirit of melancholy if you want to be safe. Go away and be as sad as you can!"—London *Tit-Bits*.

**Worry May Cause Death.**  
Medical science has recently explained how worry commits its murderers. It has reached the conclusion that in many instances of what have been regarded as lunacy, and from which the victim finally died, the case has simply been one of acute worry. Instead of the person dying of mental breakdown, he has worried himself to death.

**Pelagra Due to Flint in Water.**  
Professor S. S. Almquist of the University of Rome has announced the discovery that pelagra is due to the water of the affected districts, which contains colloidal solutions of flint. The disease can be prevented by adding carbonated chalk to the water.

**The "Alleged Gentleman."**  
This quaint notice was recently posted in a Cardin club. "If the alleged gentleman who took those brushes from Mr. —'s coat, come in again, with paint, powder, without the assistance of the master hand he is gravely mistaken and therefore may as well return them to their rightful owner."—Fall Mall *Gazette*.

**Stage's Loss Literature's Gain.**  
England's censorship of the drama caused Fielding to turn from playwright to novel writing. Fielding began his literary career as a dramatist, and by 1741 had written three plays, brought about the establishment of a company in 1737, the bill being introduced by Walpole, one of Fielding's victims. With playwriting thus barred to him, he turned his attention to the novel.

**Chinese Settlement in Paris.**  
Paris now has a Chinese settlement, which is both law-breaking and picturesque. The first families arrived a year ago, and now consist of about fifty Chinese in five rooms. They are mostly engaged in making toys, which the women and children sell throughout the city.

**Related Profession.**  
Considering the fact that human beings have always been perfectly lovely about showing other people how to do their work, the marvel is that the new profession of scientific management didn't break out sooner.—The Cynic, in American Magazine.

**Declaration of Independence.**  
"Dear Sir, I see you are having some clothes made for your people. 'Yes,' it is the latest fad." "Well, I serve notices right here that I don't button any dogs down the back."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

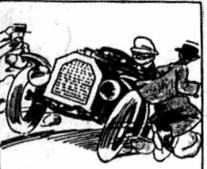
**Seeking to Improve Telephone.**  
Because the microphone of a telephone transmitter becomes more sensitive in rarefied air, German electricians are trying to make a practical application of the phenomenon.

## THE ONLOOKER

BY HENRY HOWLAND

## A BUSTED LOCHINVAR

Oh, young Lochinvar had found gold in the west,  
Through the wide border his car was the best.  
He ran like the wind, setting speed laws at night,  
He ran down old people and never was caught.  
He was seen at policemen who watched for his car,  
And children were crippled by young Lochinvar.



He stayed not for bump and he swerved not for stone,  
He galloped like a demon and he slipped all alone.  
He made mothers weep, he ran over the blind,  
He left a long streak of smoke streaming behind.  
He shot over the scene like a red shooting star,  
Oh, the terrible scorcher was young Lochinvar.



Where the streets were most crowded he passed with a whiz,  
And the goggles he wore covered most of his visage.  
He but did a screw or a nut or a bolt fell out of its place; with a sickening jerk he dropped beneath the warped frame of his car,  
And nobody wept for young Lochinvar.

Changed.  
"Since her husband has made a fortune she doesn't seem to be the same woman she was."

"I know it. She always says 'has gotten' now."

Poet's Lot a Hard One.  
The lives of poets in this callous world have never been characterized by misery and now a New York man is charged with a modern and most ingenious cruelty to an unfortunate bard. He advertised for poems, offering to set them to music and charging the author \$21. But most poets would prefer to be "published" before being set to music.—Springfield Republican.

Archie's Great Desert.  
In Arabia it seems that there is a tract of land unexplored which is nearly five times as large as Great Britain. Probably there is no more desolate waste to be found in the entire globe than that which is called "the desert of the vines." Not a single river is estimated to flow throughout its entire 400,000 square miles.

Suffered Eczema Fifty Years—Now Well.

Seems a long time to endure the well burning, itching, smarting, skin-disease known as "eczema." Seems good to realize, also, that DR. HOBSON'S ECZEMA OINTMENT has proved a perfect cure.

Dr. D. L. Kenney writes: "I cannot sufficiently express my thanks to you for your Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. It has cured my tetter, which has troubled me for many years."

All drugs, or by mail 50¢.

PFISTER CHEMICAL CO.  
St. Louis, Mo. Philadelphia, Pa.

In Company.

In mixed company, among acquaintances and strangers, it is a favor to learn something from all. Be swift to hear; be cautious of your tongue, lest you betray your ignorance and perhaps offend some who are present.—Isaac Watts.

Unpleasant Task Laid on Him.

The farmer's son came home looking as if he had been through a tortuous path. His father inquired the cause. The son replied: "It's that darn correspondence school again. I got a letter from the sophomores telling me to have myself."

Bachelor's Blunder.

"It wasn't for car fare and lunch," says a bachelor, "a woman wouldn't have any need to go when she goes shopping." But every married man knows better.—Chicago News.

Pessimistic.

The best luck any man can have is never to have been born; but that seldom happens to anyone.

After Her.

"Darling," said the count, "I have loved you from the moment I first fixed my eyes upon you."

"It was the kind of you to say so," replied the daughter, the American millionaire, "but I am compelled to inform you that I wouldn't give ten cents to become a countess."

"Well, please don't engage yourself to anybody else until I can communicate with my brother, who is a major. We must get you into our family somehow."

Would Take All the Profit.

"I see," said the manager, "that your stage directions provide for the breaking of a real egg in the second act."

"Yes," replied the ambitious young director. "It will add a touch of realism."

"It may add realism all right, but if you expect to draw any royalties from the piece you'd better cut out the egg."

To Be Taken into Account.

"You seem to be pretty well pleased with yourself. What's happened?" Began hitting it right in the stock market?"

"No, my doctor has ordered me to go to Europe for my health."

"That doesn't strike me as a thing that should make a man step high and bulge with self-satisfaction."

"But, think of the compliment there is in such an order."

WHTY?

THE OPTIMIST.

Why worry if the day is wet?

Why complain if the wind blows stiff?

Within the vale the wind is faintly struggling upward still.

THE PERMITTIST.

Why smile because the day is bright?

Why hope because you're out of jail?

Why know that you're in the right?

May not step on a rusty nail?"

Just Wondered.

"Mrs. Wapaley is such a quaint person," said the lady. "Never seems to have anything to say. Yet her husband seems to think the world of her."

"Does he?" replied Mr. Wapaley. "I wonder why?"

Blip!

Humpy Dumpy sat on the wall,

Up in the air about eighty-six feet;

Humpy got hit by a high foul ball,

And wished he had paid for a grandstand seat.

Skepticism.

"Pa, what is a skeptic?"

"A man who will not eat chicken salad because he believes it is sinful to butcher calves."

Poet's Lot a Hard One.

The lives of poets in this callous world have never been characterized by misery and now a New York man is charged with a modern and most ingenious cruelty to an unfortunate bard. He advertised for poems, offering to set them to music and charging the author \$21. But most poets would prefer to be "published" before being set to music.—Springfield Republican.

Changed.

"Since her husband has made a fortune she doesn't seem to be the same woman she was."

"I know it. She always says 'has gotten' now."

GRUELS FOR THE INVALID.

For those who have the care of the

"What shall I prepare for the

"Great gruel, a concoction of

"Gruel, a concoction of

&lt;p

**HARTWOOD FARMS**  
H. STILLSON HART  
BARRINGTON, ILL.  
E. K. MAGEE, SUPT.

## Cord Wood, Pole Wood and Posts for sale

Come and see what we have or telephone

Phone Barrington 91-W

*It will pay you to watch this ad for our weekly specials.*

**Harlequin Jellies and  
Cream Wafers with Lemon  
Wintergreen and Mint flavors**

*Prescriptions Accurately  
Compounded.*

**Cameron's Pharmacy**

W. J. Cameron, P. C.  
Groff Building, Barrington

*When the children are  
sick let us  
supply the  
medicine*



If you have remedies for the children right in the house it will save you many a sleepy, but sleepless, midnight floor walk, and many a dark two a. m. trip to our drug store. Before baby becomes sick ask your doctor how to prevent illness and save yourself the midnight floor walks. In giving medicines to your tender children you want to know that they are pure and fresh. We will not supply you with any other kind. Prescriptions carefully compounded.

**Barrington Pharmacy**

V. D. Hawley, R. P.

## SUITS FOR BOYS

In order to keep our tailoring department busy during the dull summer season now upon us; we are going to offer exceptional bargains in

**Boys Knee-Trouser Tailor-Made Suits until September 1**

We will guarantee a perfect fit and the best of fabrics in boys' suits at

**\$8.00 to \$15.00**

The cost is a few dollars more, probably, than a ready-made could be bought for, but they will outwear several ready-made suits and are so constructed that they can be let out if he out-grows them before he out-wears them. You are buying a boy's suit, not a woman's, and it is not worth attempting to make a profit on them—just keeping busy. It's economy to buy them and wise to buy them now for this offer is good for only one month.

Our Money-Back Guarantee Protects You.

**H. B. BANKS & CO.**

MERCHANT TAILORING

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

## Brief Personal Items

### ABOUT THE VISITOR AND VISITED

Mrs. M. E. Bennett of Miami, Florida, is visiting with her father, A. S. Henderson.

Mrs. C. A. Hollister of Waukegan visited with her son, J. F. Hollister, Saturday.

Miss Lucile Robertson is visiting with her aunt, Mrs. H. H. Roberts, at Maywood.

Miss Rose Kampert visited her sister, Mrs. D. K. Sprague, at Crystal Lake last Saturday.

L. A. Powers returned Friday from Mudlawn Springs, Indiana, where he had spent two weeks.

William Manzer and family, who resided here in the Peck building, left yesterday for Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Lytle and son Charles attended the funeral of Mrs. George Wilson at Palatine yesterday.

Miss Cordelia Beth enjoyed a week's visit at the home of Miss Eleanor Gravois of Chicago, returning home Monday.

Henry Lapp, salesman for the American Type Founders company, (Chicago), is spending a two weeks vacation at the home of A. G. Gieseke.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hydeirich of Chicago have taken rooms in the Lamey building. Mr. Hydeirich will work at the Vickery kennels.

Mrs. Belle Fowler of Detroit, Michigan, and the Misses Frances White of Chicago, and Jackson of Oak Park are guests at the H. H. Hubbard home.

Miss Florence Jahnke and Curtis Jahnke departed Saturday for Maryville, Missouri, where they will visit for two weeks with their aunt, Mrs. John White.

Miss Tony Seizer of Piqua, Ohio

### SHORT LOCAL ITEMS.

Dennis Schroeder sold a Ford runabout yesterday to Elmer Reese.

Miss Dorothy Weichelt was presented with a Stark piano by her parents last Saturday.

Miss Margaret Laney will entertain the ladies of St. Ann's Sewing circle tomorrow afternoon.

The Royal Neighbors held their first meeting in their new hall in the Lamey building on Tuesday evening.

E. F. Wlechelt has found his blacksmith patronage increasing to such an extent that he has been obliged to employ a second helper.

Herman Gieseke advertises his house and lot for sale at auction next Saturday afternoon. He expects to move to Elgin within a short time.

A Chicago marriage license was issued Monday to John J. Bennett, 45, and Carrie M. Bremen, 29. They gave their addresses as Barrington.

The young ladies' club of the Elgin church had a delightful outing near McHenry, closing with an evening's boating on the river, Saturday.

The Master Horseshoers association will hold its annual picnic at Lake Geneva, Wisconsin, next Saturday. All of the blacksmiths shops in the village will be closed on that day.

The local Odd Fellows will celebrate the eleventh anniversary of that lodge in Barrington this evening. Members from the lodges at Avocaunda, Palatine, Cary and Elgin are expected to be present.

Lowell Bennett has disposed of his daily and Sunday paper route to William Skinner, who took possession August 1. George Adams, son of Otto Adams, now has charge of the evening paper route.

The young ladies' Sunday school class, under the leadership of J. L.

who had been visiting here at the home of her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Volmer, returned to her home Monday.

Mrs. John Cowden and daughter Miss Pearl returned to their home in Elgin Tuesday after a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Prountz and other friends in this village.

Professor Walter R. Myers of Miami University, Oxford, Ohio, is spending a few days in Barrington, visiting at the home of his wife's parents, Rev. and Mrs. O. F. Mattison.

Barrington Court of Honor No 373 is listed in the official paper of the organization as one of the large camps having no suspensions on assessment number six. John C. Magie is the local recorder.

Mrs. Marie Brunton of Winfield, Kansas, was a visitor yesterday at the Ray Cannon home. Mrs. Brunton is a sister of Fred Clark, the manager of the Pittsburgh National league baseball team.

Miss Rose Kampert, chief operator for the Chicago Telephone company, is enjoying a two week's vacation, commencing last Monday. Miss Elsie Haage is filling her position at the local telephone exchange.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Burnham, t.e. (formerly Miss Helen Otto), are on their way home from Europe, where they spent their honeymoon. They will be at home at 422 Greenwood avenue, Elgin.

Edward Thies, contract agent for the Public Service company, returned home from Joliet Saturday where he and seven other company men have been in a four week's campaign in securing new contracts for wiring residences and secured the largest number of contracts.

Meliners, expect to take a trip "on the waters" next Saturday as their outing. Mr. Meliners has chartered a large boat for the purpose.

R. R. Hammon received a large oil burner, stationary engine Friday which he will use in pumping the water from an artificial lake which he is constructing. It is his plan to pump the water from the lake and then then it.

Howard Castle will leave tomorrow night for a camping and fishing trip in the Lac du Flambeau Indian reservation in northern Wisconsin. Others of the party are L. J. Pierson and son and P. G. Beach of Chicago and A. L. Castle of Elgin.

Frederick Kirschner attended a meeting of a committee of the Lake County board of supervisors Monday to investigate the Lake county tuberculosis institute. There is talk of the county purchasing this sanatorium.

The Omega Vitas base-ball games have been drawing crowds sufficient to warrant them in continuing the games and Manager Stone has cancelled all games for the remainder of the season. The club expects, however, to play one or two more games this year.

On Saturday evening August 17, the young people of the Epworth league of the Methodist church will have on sale ice cream and cake at the vacant lot just west of the Kingsley residence. The public is invited. Cake and ice cream will sell for 15 cents. Attend and enjoy a good time.

A gang of track workers for the Chicago & Northern railway company are at work raising the tracks through this village and repairing the crossings. They plan to fill in between the main and side tracks with gravel instead of repairing the planks and will leave the crossing much more level and smoother to drive over than it has been lately.

## The Spanish Jack Kentucky Pride

Is in the stud at  
Hawthorne West Farm

This jack sired more prize-winning stock in the state of Indiana than any other jack

For dates and terms call  
Phone 135-R-2

## Hawthorne Farms Co.

## M. Brunsfeld & Sons Asphaltum Ready Roofing Co.

A roofing that out-wears and costs less than shingles.

Before putting on your roof let us give you an estimate free.

### ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Main Office  
4349 North ave., Chicago

Address C. F. Gross, Local Agent,  
Barrington, Illinois

If you wish to learn regarding installation of gas or of any gas appliance particularly the new Cottage Arc Light, or desire any information or require our services in connection with the use of gas, a postal or telephone message will receive prompt attention or bring our representative to your door.

## Public Service Co. of Northern Illinois

Successors to

## Northwestern Gas Light & Coke Co.

## Barrington Mercantile Co.

**FARM TOOLS,  
Cement, Sand,  
Building Tile,  
Rock Phosphate  
and Ground  
Limestone. Our  
prices are right.**

## Barrington Mercantile Co.

### THE BARRINGTON CHOCOLATE SHOP

ICE CREAM, CANDIES, FRUITS, CIGARS, TOBACCO

Home made ice cream furnished for all social functions, \$1.00. Special price in lots of ten gallons or over. Phone 39-R

### “61” FLOOR VARNISH

Gives a hard, shiny coating—elastic too  
LAMEY & CO., BARRINGTON

## Review Ads Pay



## IN THE FATHERLAND

INTERESTING BITS OF NEWS  
FROM THE GREAT GERMAN  
EMPIRE.

## WHAT'S DOING IN OLD HOME

Summary of the Most Important Happenings in the Land of the Kaiser  
—Timely Items for the German Readers.

Karl Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, claimed before the retreating last spring that army officers had been duly connected with the Krupp Manufacturing company. His charges are now bearing fruit in the army. A court-martial has taken up the matter. Four officers of the ordnance department were brought before the judges. The charges are: treason, the betrayal of military secrets, the acceptance of bribes, and insubordination. The accused, although admitting the communication of secret information to the Krupps, protested that they believed there were no secrets between the German government and the Krupps. The accused officers were the first to be called to the witness stand. They admitted that the information betrayed to them by the Krupps represented the highest importance if it had reached foreign powers. The early testimony indicated that the accused had acted rather out of good fellowship to Krupps' representatives than on account of the comparatively small sums received by them, and nothing new or particularly sensational was evoked during their examination.

The Socialists of Germany complain that they have a "gray year." The increase in the membership for the past year was only 12,745, of whom more than 10,000 were women. Fifteen districts report an actual decrease of membership. The drop in the circulation of the newspaper is still more striking. Even the Vorwärts lost 8,000 subscribers during the year.

Although Germany has not yet taken an active part in regard to the question of participation in the Pan-American exposition in San Francisco in 1915, the opinion is freely expressed in official circles that the German empire will not be represented there. The British government's decision not to participate settles also the action of Germany as the only factor which might have induced the German government to bring pressure to bear on unwilling business men to exhibit in the most unfavorable position with Great Britain. Business men in the majority of cases declare themselves tired of the expense connected with frequent expositions. There is a disposition partly to attribute the sentiment against the exposition to the failure of the San Francisco interests to make any effort to create interest in the American show. It is declared that there was very little information available and that the commission, headed by Dr. May, Hammond and K. P. of San Francisco, which came last spring to invite the German government's participation, was very vague as to details and plans and was not specific regarding the information wanted by the German manufacturers, some of whom declare that the commission could not answer simple questions in regard to the probable cost of transportation of exhibits from docks of San Francisco to the exposition grounds. The American opinion is also held that the commission made a very poor impression by not being better posted and being unable to furnish the information wanted which tended to intensify the indifferent attitude already prevailing in Germany. The German government will not announce any decision until Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador at Washington, arrives.

The selection of Prof. Paul Shorey of the University of Chicago as chairman of the program for next year has caused considerable ill feeling in German university circles. Professor Shorey recently wrote an article in which he accused the Germans of ignorance, one-sidedness and conceit, while the methods of the English and French were highly praised. The chances are that he will meet with a cool reception upon his arrival in Germany.

Justice James W. Gerard of New York, who has been tendered the post of ambassador to Germany by President Wilson after spending several days in a vain search for new quarters for the embassy, is much discouraged at the outlook. Justice Gerard has selected all the available houses in Berlin and said that when he succeeded in finding a place adapted to the requirements of himself, his family and the embassy, he was seriously considering declining the post.

Dortmund.—The German aviator, Besser, when the motor of his airplane developed a defect during a flight here, plunged with his machine into a canal in order to avoid a collision with a great crowd of spectators at the aerodrome. Besser was saved.

The late sculptor Kowarzik of Frankfurt am Main, willed \$20,000 to German sculptors and artists in Germany and Austria, and Switzerland, and when his widow is dead another \$250,000 shall be devoted to the same purpose.

## SWEET CLOVER TALK

## Prominent Farmer Advocates the Use of the Legume.

Eight Reasons Given Why It Is Superior to Others in Crop Rotation for Restoring Soil Fertility.

By H. A. M'KEEEN, Secretary Illinois Farmers' Institute.

"In view of the fact that until within the past few years most farmers in Illinois regarded the sweet clover plant as a noxious weed, a letter on the subject from W. M. Budlong of the Illinois State Department of Agriculture will be of interest to farmers throughout the state. Mr. Budlong says:

"Having read the Farmers' Institute bulletins with a great deal of interest, I know you are doing a good work. The following is one subject which I consider of considerable importance which you have not mentioned—namely, the value of sweet clover in the rotation of crops.

"For all inoculation preparatory to raising alfalfa and to restore a run-down soil to a fertile state, no crop can equal sweet clover. There are many thousands of acres of land in Illinois so low in fertility that the immediate attempt to raise alfalfa or most any legume on them would be a failure, but when sown to sweet clover will yield an abundant harvest of hay, besides materially enriching the soil by its deep root system.

"Most farmers are not aware that sweet clover is a cut-and-carry crop during the season is nearly as tender and palatable as alfalfa hay. I have seen herds of cattle leave a good blue grass pasture for a sweet clover pasture.

Experience of Two Men.

"Thomas Richardson of Davis Junction, Ill., sowed sweet clover with his oats a year ago last spring, and after the oats were out and the cattle were allowed access to the sweet clover in the stubble, his yield of milk doubled and the cream more than doubled as evidenced by his cows' record. Another incident is that wild sweet clover, the superlative feeding qualities of sweet clover. His horses, which were reduced in flesh and run down from the summer's work, gained in weight remarkably fast after feeding on sweet clover.

"Frank Coverdale of Delmar, Iowa, has 200 acres in sweet clover and has been raising it for 15 years, found the pasture lands of Iowa would be increased four-fold in feeding value if they were seeded with sweet clover to go with blue grass.

"In my investigations of sweet clover, I find that all vegetation grows considerably more luxuriantly when grown in close proximity to sweet clover as that their roots intermingled, as the sweet clover roots evidently supply nitrogen to other plants. Crops following a two-year rotation, with sweet clover will gain in feed from 25 to 50 per cent.

"The tap roots of the sweet clover extend into the ground several feet and when they decay leave holes where water readily flows, moistening the ground to a considerable depth. These decayed roots are at the same time a good nitrogen fertilizer. "I believe it is a mistake to try to raise alfalfa on run down farm land. If sweet clover were grown for two years and the land then seeded to alfalfa, failure would be reduced to a minimum, as the ground would be inoculated and enriched by so doing.

Eight Reasons Enumerated.

"I will enumerate a number of the qualities of the sweet clover is superior to other legumes:

"1. It will produce more hay on a given soil than red clover, alsike or mammoth clover.

"2. It will grow on many soils too poor to raise alfalfa or red clover successfully.

"3. It is the only clover except white clover that will stand pasturing with cattle and horses.

"4. It will add more nitrogen to the soil than other legumes.

"5. It will thrive with less lime in the soil than most other legumes, although it will not grow when the soil is too acid.

"6. It will not bloat stock whether fed wet or dry.

"7. It has no plant disease; and it will thrive and combat weeds or grasses at the same time.

"8. In pastures during a drought, sweet clover will green and grow, while other clovers and grasses have practically dried up."

We believe a thorough discussion of this subject would be profitable and the experiences of others will be given through this service from time to time.

## ADVICE ON POULTRY RAISING

Boys Are Told How They May Make a Success of That Business.

1. Select a half dozen or a dozen well-bred hens of any good egg-laying strain.

2. Write a written history of the breed chosen, and give the points of excellence of the breed.

State why the breed was chosen.

IL Build (or equip one already built) a poultry house of good design to be used in this project. One would not desire a small house than 8x10 feet.

One hundred hens may be housed in a building 20x20 feet. Fence of a run and keep the chickens of this project separate from others that may be about the place.

Draw a plan of your house, show-

ing all details of construction and equipment.

Write all notes explaining the construction, equipment, costs, and points of excellence of the house you provide.

Provide a dry floor, upon which straw and chaff may be placed, also keep a constant supply of clean, fresh water. Have a hopper of simple construction to hold the dry mash food for the chickens, also a small box for oyster shells or other grit. Provide nests in darkened places, and roosting poles apart from the feeding and resting portions of the house.

III. Consult authorities on the feeding and care of poultry, and begin the feeding and care of your pen, giving every detail your best thought, judgment and effort.

Keep accurate records of all feeds, their costs, nutritive ratio, amounts, etc.

Keep records of all eggs produced and their value at market prices.

The following are some good laying ratios for hens:

I. Grain. II. Dry Mash.  
10 lbs corn 5 lbs bran.  
10 lbs wheat 5 lbs shorts.  
5 lbs oats 3 1/2 lbs meat scraps.

Place the grain in the straw on the feeding floor, and the mash in a hopper. The time to feed of the grain will depend on the size of the pen, and the number of hens.

She has found that canning by the French method is a great help by canning in this way the house is kept cool, fuel is saved and she is free from the fear of water boiling away.

Clean and prepare the vegetables as all canning.

Select beets of uniform size and leave in the cooler three and one-half hours.

Cauliflower should be separated into its flowerets and well washed to remove dirt.

Leave in the cooler three and one-half hours.

Apples should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Turnips should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Onions should be washed and

peeled, then cut into small pieces and boil in a pan.

Carrots should be washed and

