

BARRINGTON REVIEW

VOLUME 32, NUMBER 15

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1916

\$1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

MILK PRODUCERS

WIN THEIR FIGHT

Bowman Dairy Company Agrees to Pay Higher Prices Demanded by Farmers for Next Six Months

VICTORY CELEBRATED BY PARADE

Led by President Lagaschulte and Local Band Boys, Which Attracted Much Attention

Joblaint at winning their fight for better milk prices, the farmers of this vicinity made a demonstration in the village which was very interesting for so small a community.

About one hundred and fifty men whose main support is derived from their sale of milk lined up in pairs to parade the streets in company with the officers of the Barrington Milk Producers' association to celebrate to the people that the owners of the big bottling plants around Chicago had agreed, the night before, to pay a fair price of 14.50 per hundred pounds to the man who gets the hard and laborious part of providing milk for the public and who had shared little of the profit of handling milk.

Three new formed towns into a parade and marched, headed by the president, H. J. Lagaschulte, carrying a large American flag to the Bowman Dairy plant where the "line of peace" between the farmers and the big companies was typified in a hand shake between President Lagaschulte and Harry Prior, superintendent of the local Bowman Dairy company.

The high school band was in the parade and made the farmers march with quick steps to its lively music. Several employees of the local association who had been operating the separators in the old creamery building were dressed in their white working suits and supported a large sign which read: "The fight has been won."

Thanking Mr. Prior for what he has done.

Leaving the Bowman neighborhood, the milk men proceeded to their own property where cheers were given for the settlement in favor of the farmers of the week's strike against the big corporations. Several speeches were made by the men who have urged farmers to organize and work together for their own ends.

After marching through the village streets the "back boys of democracy" disbanded in the business district, feeling that they had made a "demon" showing of their feelings. They so appreciated the hand help that they took up a collection and presented the leader with \$17.

The creamery building on Williams street will be retained by the Milk Producers' association although the lower floor will be utilized by the present two apartments above are rented, so that there will be some revenue from the building.

Citizens of this vicinity made a substantial proof of their sympathy with the farmers' cause by contributing about \$700 to the purchase price of the former Heise dairy.

Hylon Hawley Dies in Wisconsin

Word has reached Barrington of the burial on Monday, April 3, of Hylon Hawley of Bruce, Wisconsin. He had been sick most all winter but few facts are known by relatives here concerning his illness and death. He is survived by a wife and small son, also by another son, Alvin Hawley, a former trainman out of Barrington.

Mr. Hawley and family left here about ten years ago. The first Mrs. Hawley, who was a native of the Appleton family of this village, was brought back here for burial a few years ago. The family owned the present property home which they occupied for several years and also the present Nightingale residence on West Main street.

Mr. Hawley was the son of Edward Hawley, one of the pioneer settlers of this vicinity and he was raised on his father's farm southwest of town on the Dundee road. He always followed the business of farming and dealing in cattle and lived for many years on his Chicago township farm, just north of the Howland farm. He was a relative of the many Hawley families of Barrington, also a cousin of Dr. Richardson and Miss Carole Klingens.

Unclaimed Letters

The following letters remain at the Barrington postoffice unclaimed for week ending March 30, 1916:

Mrs. William Weeks.
Miss Minnie Meyers.
Miss Mabel Reed.

President Newman's Christian Temperance Union.
O. W. Spurgeon, Postmaster.

DEFEAT HIGH SCHOOL PROPOSITION

Dundee and Part of Barrington Township Voted Out Better Educational Plan by Large Majority

The proposition to establish a Dundee township high school, taking in almost all of Barrington township, was defeated at the special election on Tuesday by 440 to 238. In spite of the fact that the only polling place provided was at the school house in West Dundee, the farmers of the affected part of Barrington township turned out in large numbers to vote against the organization of the district.

Although only ten days notice of the election was given, some very effective work was done under the general supervision of the Barrington township school trustees. Howard P. Castle was selected to conduct the fight. Meetings were held at the various district school houses last Saturday afternoon, which were addressed by H. J. Lagaschulte, G. W. Spurgeon, Robert Molyneux, J. L. McInters, A. W. Meyer and Mr. Castle, and circulars, entitled "Barrington's Side of the Township High School Question" were distributed through the villages of East Dundee, West Dundee and Caryville. The matter contained in these circulars was also printed in the Elgin Daily News. It is believed that when Dundee attempts to form a township high school district, she will be somewhat less ambitious with regard to the territory to be included.

Baptist Church Notes

A splendid program for Easter has been planned by the Sunday school and choir. Watch for it.

Arrest Lines leads the B. Y. P. U. next Sunday evening at 8:30, in place of Mrs. Walter Sears, who will lead the following Sunday.

The business meeting and social of the B. Y. P. U. will be held in the church parlor next Saturday evening, April 15, immediately after choir rehearsal. All are invited to attend.

The subject for next Sunday's morning sermon at 10:30 is "Palms." In the evening at 7:30 pictures relative to Jesus and Palm Sunday will be shown. Arrest Lines will sing the song "Palms."

Whole families and many strangers are seen in the church each Sunday, who have never been here before. The choir list is to be enlarged again to accommodate the increased number joining the robes choir.

The church was filled to the doors last Sunday evening. The American Indians and their history was presented by six or four pictures, and showed conclusively how much good the Sunday school offerings to missions were doing among the red men of our land.

Hugh Mattison is making a great improvement in the music of the choir and is a pronounced success as a director and soloist. C. H. Wheeler, pianist, will be present every Sunday to accompany Mrs. Cameron, pipe organist. The two instruments make a powerful blending.

Such a splendid interest has been created by the beautiful pictures shown in the church Sunday evenings that one man has offered to pay for each Sunday evening program throughout the year. Another has presented the church with enough money to pay for a number of Sunday evening pictures.

Miss Maude Hickey of Chicago will be at the church next Sunday morning and evening to sing five solos. Her voice is a mezzo-soprano of rare volume and culture, sympathetic and well-trained, graceful and clear. Her record in Dresden, Germany, in Bergen, Norway and in Chicago has been of the very best. She is a relative of the famous composer, Grieg, and a grandchild of Bishop Wilton of Norway. She is also a sister of Mrs. Andrew Eranger of Marionville, Mo.

St. Ann's Church Notes

A service was held in the church Wednesday morning in memory of Mrs. William Ryan who died on April 12, 1915.

An especial Lenten service was observed Wednesday evening with Benediction and Stations of the Cross.

Mrs. Frank Krieders of the William Howland farm, near Spring Lake, is the new and splendid soloist at the church. She sings at the Sunday morning mass and other Lenten services. The Krieders family lived at Algonquin for five years until recently.

Next Sunday is Palm Sunday and mass will be at 9:30 in the morning. The palms will be given to the congregation before the service in commemoration of the Lord's entrance into Jerusalem when palms were laid on the road in front of Him. Mrs. Krieders will sing the song "Palms."

Superintendent T. S. Smith

His Staff of Teachers

and the

Pupils of the Barrington Public Schools.

Invite you to the

Eighth Annual School Exhibit

Friday Afternoon and Evening

April 14, 1916

Cafeteria supper at five o'clock

Evening program—presenting two plays

\$15,000 HALL TO BE ERECTED

Joseph G. Catlow of West Main Street Answers the Crying Need of This Village by Building a Twentieth Century Hall—To Be a Cement Veneered Wood Structure

EXCAVATION FOR THIS NEW BUILDING TO BE STARTED NEXT WEEK

Main Floor To Be a Public Hall Containing About Seven Hundred Removable Seats—Upper Floor Will Be Devoted to Lodges—Basement as Dining Room Etc.

The crying need of Barrington is to the walls of the populace and will also be answered at once by Joseph G. Catlow, the sufferings caused in this village of west Main street. He has heard by the lack of a good public hall.

Mr. Catlow Will Build a Large Hall At Once—Hurrah For Mr. Catlow

Excavation for this new building will come home, it is thought, to manage the theatrical affairs of the hall. The basement will be arranged as a dining room with rest rooms and kitchen. John Brasel, son-in-law of Mr. Catlow, an architect and he will go with Mr. Catlow next week to several different towns to see similar buildings. There will be a 14 foot entrance and probably a mansard roof of slate or tile.

The cost will be about \$15,000 and offered to assist with money in a company, as suggested by friends, were accepted by Mr. Catlow, who wishes to manage the hall with his sons exclusively. This news seems "too good to be true," as all will agree who have tried to give entertainments in crowded quarters, annoyed by noise and poor seating.

The poor little village hall has earned its rest from public life as it was never built for any purpose but as a common council room for the village board, but it has been requisitioned for service many times of late years and since Scott's hall in the present. Land was made into two apartment houses.

Results of Presidential Primary

The Presidential primary Tuesday brought out only a small vote. In Barrington 33 votes were cast in precinct No. 1 and 48 in precinct No. 2, making a total of 81 in the two districts as follows: Republicans 66, Democratic 16; Progressive 3. The Republicans elected precinct committee men John C. Piaggio in precinct No. 1 and William Krutts in precinct No. 2. The democrats selected George M. Warner in precinct No. 1.

For President, Sherman received 59 votes, Wilson 15 and Roosevelt 1. In Cuba only 24 votes were cast, of which 19 were republican and 5 democratic.

For President, Sherman received 13 votes and Wilson 2. The republicans elected Miles T. Lamey as precinct committee man while the democrats failed to elect a committee man.

St. Paul's Church Notes

The morning service of Palm Sunday will be at ten o'clock and the church will be decorated with palms and flowers in honor of the day. Several children will also be confirmed at this service. They are Robert Miller, Fred Miller, Herman Haase, Henry Lavine, Edwin Miller, Walter Reese, Eleonora Berlin and John Dornwald.

On Good Friday, April 21, a communion service will take place at ten o'clock a. m.

Miss Frances Beth attended the concert in Chicago Tuesday evening given by the Choral society of the employees of Marshall Field's retail store.

INTERESTING LOCAL SCHOOL ITEMS

Brief Mention of Numerous Occurrences of the Week—Subscribed to by Both Teachers and Pupils

The pupils of the different rooms are all going to have an exhibit on April 14 of the work that they have been doing.

Room 1—The sand table is arranged to represent topography in Holland and is so pretty a sight that every one will want to see it. The pupils have made windmills of many colors and have done some other very good art work.

Room 2—In this room will be found a booklet for every child with all his best work in spelling, writing, language and arithmetic. The children have done work in clay and have made many things, some of which they have painted.

Room 3—The children have made maps of New England which are very good. There is a sheet with the different zones marked off, on each of which are pasted pictures of the animals that belong to this zone.

Room 4—Here you will see a very good exhibit of painting, relief and product maps, booklets and sewing.

Room 5—There is work shown in Room 5 representing every study. There are maps and stories for geography, picture study work for language, all the test papers above 90 per cent for the year, all of the spelling papers for the Fridays that were 100 during the year. The writing papers that have been sent to Mr. Faust and booklets of all the exercises for the year are also to be found in the exhibit. The arithmetic papers that have been 100 starting with January 1, are to be seen in Room 5.

Room 6—A very good exhibit of all its work for the year will be found in Room 6, including physical maps. Every bit of map work and drawing is free hand. The room is greatly beautified by the presence of growing flowers.

Room 7—The work in this room is put mostly into booklets on the corners of which are some very pretty designs. There are also some good paintings in this exhibit and when you see a number of Dutch scenes you will know this room has some true artists.

High School—This exhibit will be found in the former manual training room and the manual training exhibit will be found in the north east basement room.

The members of the Physics class spent their double period on Wednesday morning at the Public Service company's exhibition and Thursday at the telephone office.

On April 14, the six senior girls will read a farce to one act. Four lively school girls set out to have some fun, in which the principal of the school is not invited, but in which she unexpectedly takes part. They plan to entertain some boys who are to impersonate the principal and his wife, who are to call on one of the girls. The minister's wife, coming in just when the plan seems to be succeeding admirably, is treated most unceremoniously, before the mistake is discovered.

"The Narrow Door," a short morality play to be given as the first number on the program for the evening of the exhibit, April 14, embodies a plea for better conditions, physically, for the children born into the world. There are three personifications: Vita or Life, Hygeia or Health and Mors or Death, with groups of children. The rising curtain discovers Vita and Hygeia, seated on low benches upstairs. The thread of existence. On one side is the shrouded figure of Mors, silent and motionless, leaning on a great two edged sword.

The majority of answers received from the parents of the school children by Superintendent Smith in regard to the school yard gymnastic apparatus were favorable to its being extended. Few comments were received against allowing the pupils to play upon the various trapezes, swings, poles, slides, etc.

The Cook county final spelling contest was held in Chicago on last Saturday under supervision of County Superintendent of Schools Edward J. Tobin. The winners of the contest were entered, three from each of the five divisions. Christina Remmers of Bartlett won the honor as champion speller of the county and she has won nine perfect score badges in the last three years. Superintendent Smith of this school attended the contest and also Country Life Director Phillips.

NOTE—Rank of the grades will be found in Editorial column.

The attendance for the past month at the White school was \$8.2 per cent.

LODGE OCCASION IS

DULY CELEBRATED

Odd Fellows Have Open Installation and Luncheon Thursday Evening of Last Week

MANY FROM OUT-OF-TOWN ATTEND

Chicago Staff Gives Work at Installation in a Very Gratifying Manner—Local Lodge Is Growing

(BY C. H. MORRISON)

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows is not only the greatest secret fraternal order in the world in point of membership, but is also the most democratic. It appeals to all classes. Its objects are strictly humanitarian, viz: to relieve the distressed, visit the sick, protect the widow and educate the orphan. It wages no war on political parties nor religious beliefs—all are welcome to its fold. Its purpose is to unite all men in a common brotherhood for the benefit of the human family. Its homes for support of aged members and wives and support and education of orphans are found in every state of the union and in foreign lands; its expenditures for relief total millions.

Barrington boasts of a local lodge of this great order and one that has done a great deal to relieve distress, aid the fallen, and keep others from falling; one whose influence has always been and always must be on the side of any issue for the betterment of local government.

That Oddfellowship is respected in this village was demonstrated last Thursday evening when Masonic Hall was filled to overflowing by a most representative assembly of our citizens and guests from out-of-town, to witness the installation of officers of Barrington Lodge No. 856.

The impressive ceremonies were conducted by the staff of I Will Lodge, 111, of Chicago, in charge of Past Grand Claude D. Jordan, acting as Grand Master. The work of this renowned staff was perfect in every detail and highly commendable. The accompanist was C. L. Peterson, of Chicago, musician of I Will Lodge.

Elective officers—N. G. M. Feaght, V. G. Williams, Secretary; C. H. Morrison, Treasurer; William Gotschalk, Apollo—M. Nagatz, Warden; Charles Witt, Conductor; O. G. Williams, Chaplain; E. L. G. H. H. Powers, Committee; E. D. Proulx; R. S. N. G. Edward Hickey, Jr.; C. G. W. Page; R. S. V. G. H. P. Ash; L. A. V. G. O. C. M. M. M. R. S. S. Charles Hutchinson; L. A. A. L. Landner.

Following installation F. J. Alverston, Past Grand, presided and Past Grand was presented with a beautiful collar denoting his rank. The presentation speech and investment being made by Rev. W. J. Libberton, a Past Grand and pastor of the Barrington Methodist church.

Stable Gleanings, in a most and well given speech, thanked the staff and all present for the interest manifested and invited them to remain to Odd Fellows hall and conclude the evening's program.

Odd Fellows had presented an inviting appearance in its dress of bunting and chose flowers adorning its altar, but these in contrast with the handsome, well-groomed women who graced the occasion as guests and presided at the luncheon served cafeteria style, under management of Sisters LeVich.

Musical selections by Prof. Peterson, short talks by Mrs. Hill, Creighton and Wagon of Chicago and catchy anecdotes by Rev. Libberton, made the closing hours most pleasant.

The attendance numbered nearly one hundred and fifty and included visitors from Crystal Lake, Cary, Palatine and Chicago.

Interested in Cleaning Town

Mr. Miles T. Lamey,

Editor of Our Review.

This is real spring weather and a dandy time to clean up. We fully expect each property owner to do his share, to make our pleasant little village more attractive. What about the city dump—the disease breeder—the germ collector?

The property at the west end of South Hawley street on Cemetery street is the "spot," and a sore one, too. Every time one passes it is to go to our cemetery, they say it. Let some one take this up and dispose of this quick.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist Episcopal church met at the home of Mrs. Ernest Rieker, Jr., on Thursday afternoon and enjoyed a splendid time. They will be glad to look at and that almost spoiled it all.

M. L. Cor.,
Barrington, April 11, 1916.

The City of Numbered Days

By Francis Lynde

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SYNOPSIS.

Brouillard, chief engineer on the Niagara irrigation dam, goes out from camp to investigate a strange report of an automobile being camped at the canyon mouth. Brouillard meets Cortwright.

Which is the more guilty, the rich man who bribes one who needs money or the man who takes it? If trouble comes, the man who takes the money usually goes to prison. Should this rich bribe-giver be refused to spend just a few months behind the bars?

CHAPTER II—Continued.

"I was just telling Van Brice that his thundering big carriages would raise the neighbors' eyes. They'll wonder: 'You're one of the reclamation engineers? Great work the government is undertaking here. You are connected with it, aren't you?'"

Brouillard's nod was for the man, but his words were for the young woman whose beauty he had been quenching by the touring headlights. "Yes, I am in charge of it," he said.

"Hail," said the stout man, and then the exclamation was purely appreciative. "Chief engineer, eh? Fine, fine, fine! My name is Cortwright. I. Wesley Cortwright of Chicago. And yours is—"

Brouillard named himself in one word. Strangers usually found him bluntly unresponsive to anything like effusiveness, but he was fidgeting it. "I'm not," he said, "a very good person, but I'm a very good engineer."

If Mr. I. Wesley Cortwright's surprise on hearing the Brouillard surname was not genuine it was at least an excellent imitation.

"Well, well, you don't say so. Not of the Brouillards of Knox County, Indiana—must be, of course, you must be," "Yes," said Brouillard. "Our branch of the family settled near Vincennes, and my father was on the bench, when he wasn't in politics."

"What? Not Jingo Antonio? Why, my dear young man, do you know that I once had the pleasure of introducing your good father to my bank in Chicago? It was years ago, it is a time when he was interested in floating a bond issue for the reclamation of the land on the Wabash. And I think that away out in this hazy wilderness, a thousand miles from town, as you might say, I should meet his son!"

Brouillard laughed and held his hands to the pit of his stomach.

"The world isn't so very big when you come to surround property, Mr. Cortwright," he asserted.

"You are wondering what foot motion chased us away out here in the desert when we had a car camped at the canyon mouth? Well, it was the fact that we had a car camped at the canyon mouth, and we wanted to see the place where all the wonderful miracles were going to get themselves wrought out. How you got time to 'sit out'?"

Brouillard, as the son of the man who had been introduced to the Chicago money gods in his hour of need, could scarcely do less than to take the time. The project, he explained, contemplated the building of a high dam across the upper end of the canyon and the converting of the land into a great reservoir. From this reservoir a series of distributing canals would lead the water out upon the arid lands of the Buckskin and the minerals would be fact accomplished.

"Sure, sure," said the cheerful man, feeling in the pockets of his automobile coat for a cigar. At the match-striking instant he remembered a thing neglected. "By George! you'll have to pardon me, Mr. Brouillard; I've always forgotten the little social details. Let me present you to my daughter Genevieve. Gene, shake hands with the son of my good old friend, Judge Antonio Brouillard of Vincennes."

It was rather awkwardly done, and somehow Brouillard could not help fancying that Mr. Cortwright would have done it better. But when the quavering beauty stripped her gauntlets and gave him her hand, with a dazzling smile and a work of acknowledgment which was borrowed from her father's effusive vocabulary, he straightway fell into another pit of trifles and his earlier first impressions of Mr. I. Wesley Cortwright's character began to fade.

"I'm immensely interested," was Miss Cortwright's comment on the outlining of the reclamation project. "You mean to say that real farms will grow things growing on them can be made out of that frightful desert we drove over yesterday afternoon?"

Brouillard smiled and shrugged faintly.

"Oh, yes; the farms are already there. Nature made them, you know; she merely forgot to arrange for their water." He was going on to tell about the exhaustive experiments the department of agriculture experts had been making upon the Buckskin soils when the gentleman whose name had once figured upon countless thousands of laid packages cut in.

"Mr. Brouillard, how far is it up to where you are going to build your dam?"

"I'll be glad to show you the way. If you care to try," Brouillard offered, and the tentative invitation was promptly accepted.

"The thousands of viewpoints from the lower end of the canyon to the upper was effected without incident, save at its beginning, when the father would have called down to the young man who had walked before and was drying himself before the campfire. "Van Brice would care to go," the daughter hastened to say, and Brouillard, who felt it was to be able to pick out and identify the human element at long range, understood perfectly well the reason for the young woman's hasty intervention. One result of the successfully marketed laid packages was very plainly evident in the dissipated face and bandaged attitude of the market's son.

"Conversation lagged on the climb from the Buckskin level to that of the reservoir valley; but when they reached the plain tops of the anchored blueprints at the upper portal, Mr. Cortwright recovered his breath sufficiently to grasp his appreciation of the prospect and its possibilities.

"Well, you're right," said Mr. Brouillard, "it's practically all done for you! We've wheeled, taken in the level, mound-included valley with an appraisive eye-sweep. 'What will you do?—build your dam right here and take out your canal through the canyon? Is that the plan?'"

Brouillard nodded and went a little further into details showing how the land-arching barrier would be anchored into the top opposing mountain buttresses.

"And the structure itself—how high it is to be?"

"It will be about four feet above the spillway apron foot; concrete and cut that it be?"

"Then you are going to need Portland cement—a whole lot of it. Where will you get it? And how will you get it here?"

Brouillard smiled inwardly at the pork packer's suddenly awakened interest in the technical ways and means. His four years in the desert had taken him out of touch with a money-making world, and this momentary contact with one of its successful devotees was illuminating.

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"And the structure itself—how high it is to be?"

"It will be about four feet above the spillway apron foot; concrete and cut that it be?"

"Yes; there is coal, of a sort; good enough for the cement kilns. For power we shall utilize the river. There is another small canyon at the head of the valley where a temporary dam can be built, which will deliver power in the form of water, and the amount of power to run anything—an entire manufacturing city, if we had one."

"No chance for a man to get the this idea of a wedge in anywhere," he launched the money-maker despairingly. Then his eye lighted upon the graybeard drag of a solitary mine high up on the face of Mount Chigirango. "What's that up there?" he demanded.

"It is a mine," said Brouillard, showing Miss Cortwright how to adjust the holdings for the shorter distances. "Two men named Massingale, father and son, are working it. I'm told."

Then again to Miss Genevieve: "That is the cabin—on the trail a little to the right of the tunnel opening."

"I see it quite plainly," she returned. "Two people are just leaving it to ride down the path—a man and a woman."

"I think, though the woman—it is a woman—is riding on a man's saddle."

Brouillard's eyebrows went up in a little arch of surprise. Hardly the topographical engineer who had made all the preliminary surveys and had spent the better part of the former summer in the Niagara, had reported on the Massingales' father and son, his report had conveyed a hint of possible antagonism on the part of the mine owners to the government project. But there had been no mention of the Massingales' mine, eh? broke in the appraiser of values crisply.

"They showed us some specimens from that property when we were stopped over in Red Butte. It's rich—good and plenty rich—if they have the quantity. And somebody told me they had the quantity; too only it was too far from the railroad—couldn't freight it profitably over the Timan-yons."

"What class is it, one of many?" Brouillard said, taking refuge in the generalities.

But Mr. Cortwright was not to be easily diverted from the pointed parallel—the particular having to do with the pursuit of the market trail.

"I'm beginning to get my feet on bottom, Brouillard," he said, dropping the words. "I'm beginning to get my feet on bottom, Brouillard," he said, dropping the words. "I'm beginning to get my feet on bottom, Brouillard," he said, dropping the words.

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bodily beyond the curtaining places, they passed at a step from romance to the crude realities.

The realities were basing themselves upon the advent of two newcomers, riding down the Chigirango trail to the fort with had been the scene of the fish slaughtering; a suburban youth man in kouskin "chaps," flannel shirt and a flapping Stetson, and a girl whose face remained Brouillard of one of the Madonnas, whose game and painter he strove vainly to recall. Ten seconds further along the horses of the pair were seen cautiously at the automobile, and the young man under the flapping hat was telling Van Brice Cortwright what he thought of carriage fishermen in general, and of this present carriage fisherman in particular.

"Which the same, being translated into Buckskin English, hollers like this," he concluded. "Don't you tote 'em!"

"I see it quite plainly," she returned. "Two people are just leaving it to ride down the path—a man and a woman."

"I think, though the woman—it is a woman—is riding on a man's saddle."

Brouillard's eyebrows went up in a little arch of surprise. Hardly the topographical engineer who had made all the preliminary surveys and had spent the better part of the former summer in the Niagara, had reported on the Massingales' father and son, his report had conveyed a hint of possible antagonism on the part of the mine owners to the government project. But there had been no mention of the Massingales' mine, eh? broke in the appraiser of values crisply.

"They showed us some specimens from that property when we were stopped over in Red Butte. It's rich—good and plenty rich—if they have the quantity. And somebody told me they had the quantity; too only it was too far from the railroad—couldn't freight it profitably over the Timan-yons."

"What class is it, one of many?" Brouillard said, taking refuge in the generalities.

But Mr. Cortwright was not to be easily diverted from the pointed parallel—the particular having to do with the pursuit of the market trail.

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Christ's Death and Resurrection

By REV. JAMES M. GRAY, D.D.
Dean of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago

TEXT—Who was delivered for our offenses, and was raised again for our justification.—Romans 4:25.

One is so glad that the Son of God chose the budding springtime for his sacrifice on the cross, and his glorious triumph over death. There is a gladness in the time and the event that impresses upon the moment you think about it. Both speak of hope, and both breathe gladness in the heart of man.

"He was delivered for our offenses." How often we hear that word of that great inspired sentence! "He" is no mere man of whom this pronoun speaks, but the mighty Father of Eternity, the Prince of Peace, as Isaiah testifies, "Immanuel, which being interpreted, is God with us," as Matthew echoes. Oh, wonder of wonders, that the Eternal God, in the person of his Son, should have become incarnate of the Virgin Mary. It will take us all eternity to grasp the thought.

"Was delivered." Who delivered him? We think of Jesus, who betrayed him, of the Roman soldiers who arrested him, of the Jewish sanhedrin who persecuted him, of Pontius Pilate who illegally tried him, of the cruel executioners who nailed him to the cross. And yet it was the hand and the counsel of our Father that before determined it should be done, or else those wicked men had had no power. Far back in the councils of eternity God so loved us as to freely offer his Son on our behalf.

"For our offenses." We are born into a state of sin, but that is not all, for the moment we arrive at a point of moral consciousness, we actually transgress the law of God. "In many things we offend all," as the apostle of James says. "There is none righteous, no, not one," we are taught in Romans. Men do not like to hear this. They resent it, they hate it. But, Oh, what love, that "who were yet sinners Christ died for us!"

"Who were yet sinners Christ died for us!" How very much we hate to hear of man's sinfulness, are those who talk about divine love. But who can sound the depths of that love until he accepts the truth of the cross of Calvary. And it is that truth which this text presents most fully.

"And was raised again." The same one who died was the one who was raised. This truth must be maintained. We must hold with all the tenacity of faith to the bodily resurrection of our Lord and Savior. We must do this not because our peace depends upon it, but because the Bible teaches it, and because history proves it.

"He showed himself alive after his passion by many infallible proofs." Historic Christianity is a testimony to Christ's resurrection which cannot be accounted for unless he arose from the dead. The change of the day of rest and worship from the seventh to the first is another proof which meets and challenges the skeptic's doubts.

"For our justification." That word, "how" we should love it and praise God for it. "Deliver for our offenses," raised again for our justification. What kindness to the human race is in that word! How close it brings the heart of God to our hearts. What interest it should awake on our part to learn all we can about it from the Holy Scriptures.

And "justification" what does that mean? Sometimes when Christians think of salvation, they get so far that the thoughtfulness of sin; and indeed that were glorious enough even if it stopped there. But one might be forgiven for the past and still be very wretched for the present and the future. Justification therefore is a bigger word, and stands for a greater thing than simply forgiveness. The justified man is one who stands in God's sight free from the guilt, the penalty of all sin, past, present and to come. The reason of this is that his penalty has been paid, not by himself, but by another, whose resurrection from the dead is the proof of it.

That great in God's testimony, by the acceptance of the atoning sacrifice of his Son.

This is what the song calls "The Old Story." Those who know it and sing it, and who are listening to hear it like the rest, and no apology need be made to them for repeating it, especially at this season of the year.

There are others, however, who have heard it and whose hearts are hardened against it. One pitier thought they have cut away their only hope.

Let me lovingly urge them to yield, to step over the line today, to make this the acceptable time for their salvation. Oh, that the resurrection of the year might witness the awakening of faith, and hope, and life within them through receiving Jesus Christ as their Savior and Lord!

What will be the first step Brouillard takes to thwart the great efforts of Cortwright and his partner in their chicanery-grabbing scheme? Watch for developments in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

GIRL COULD NOT WORK

How She Was Relieved from Pain by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Taunton, Mass.—"I had pains in both sides and when my periods came I had to stay at home from work and suffer for a long time. One day a woman came to our house and asked in my suffering. Mother told her that I suffered every month and also said, 'Why don't you buy a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?'"

My mother bought it and she said, 'You see, so well that I worked all the month without staying at home a day. I am in good health now and have told of girls about it.'—Miss CLAUDE MOORE, 22 Russell Street, Taunton, Mass.

Thousands of girls suffer in silence every month rather than consult a physician. If girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a safe and pure remedy made from roots and herbs, much suffering might be avoided.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. (confidential) for free advice which will prove helpful.

Money talks, but it doesn't say half as much as the wife of a man who declines to give up.

Freckles

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Little Blemishes. There is no other so efficient method of removing them as the one we have here. It is a simple, safe, and effective method. It is a simple, safe, and effective method. It is a simple, safe, and effective method.

If you want anything done well, do it yourself. That is why most people laugh at their own jokes.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Doan's Kidney Pills. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

A woman's mind is nearly always on dress—what may explain the frequent changes of both.

It Never Came Back

Backache Sufferer! Thousands will tell you what wonderful relief they have had from Doan's Kidney Pills

BARRINGTON REVIEWESTABLISHED 1881
M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher

Published every Thursday afternoon at Barrington, Illinois, and entered as second-class matter at the Barrington postoffice.

Subscription price \$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

All copy for advertisement must be received before Friday noon to insure publication in that week's issue.

Care of thanks, resolutions of condolence and all notices of entertainment given for pecuniary benefit must be paid for.

All communications should be addressed to the BARRINGTON REVIEW, BARRINGTON, ILL.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1916

CLEAN UP YOUR PLACE

Every spring for many years the Review has suggested cleaning up the town by the removal of all rubbish. Yards and yards of weeds have been published on the subject of village cleanliness for beauty's sake and for health's sake.

Many times people took offense, and in answer to such suggestions only allowed their yards and vacant lots to be more strewn with tin cans, ashes, papers, brush, weeds, old utensils, old cars and wheels, etc., etc.

But nevertheless, the home pages has begun for a clean town. A vast improvement has taken place in the past few years. Many new houses with well kept yards have been established and dozens of yards have been improved with flowers, shrubs, neatly cut lawns and orderly pathways.

For one enemy made by our hammering away on the subject, ten have read and adopted the spirit of "cleaning up."

The woman's club now takes up the task and will be active in the work until we have no unsightly spots to mar our city beauty.

How strange it is that anyone should have to be asked to keep tidy property! Where is the pride of cleanliness?

We wish the greatest success to the club women. A village garbage wagon would be a great help in the work. Palatka has had one for several years. Many people do not remove rubbish because they do not want to hire a man to take it away.

ARE YOU A GENTLEMAN?

Why should anyone who wants to be refined, to be a gentleman, or to be ordinarily decent, allow himself to acquire the rude habit of misusing the name of God—or things many of his followers regard as sacred?

It is probable that the immense amount of profane language heard on streets and other public places is used more thoughtlessly than with evil intent, but a gentleman had ought to show regard enough for the feelings of others to restrain himself from an irregular habit.

Our fathers who founded this government laid down the principle that reverence for the God and religion are the very foundations of the social order.

Profanity and filthy language never did anybody any good; the use of either is a bad example before the young; and we know of nobody who can justify its vulgarities, but ought to be dropped from every gentleman's speech. Cursing, gesticulations, profanity and filthy allusions are not the marks of a gentleman.

The old Hebrew law forbidding the careless, idle or blasphemous use of the name of the Deity was founded upon a sound principle. Reverence for God and respect for fellowmen are necessary in preserving government and society.

RANK OF THE GRADES

The rank of the grades in attendance is as follows:

Rank	Room	Per Cent
1	Room	33.15
2	Room	31.45
3	Room	31.10
4	Room	30.75
5	Room	30.40
6	Room	30.05
7	Room	29.70
8	Room	29.35
9	Room	29.00
10	Room	28.65
11	Room	28.30
12	Room	27.95
13	Room	27.60
14	Room	27.25
15	Room	26.90
16	Room	26.55
17	Room	26.20
18	Room	25.85
19	Room	25.50
20	Room	25.15
21	Room	24.80
22	Room	24.45
23	Room	24.10
24	Room	23.75
25	Room	23.40
26	Room	23.05
27	Room	22.70
28	Room	22.35
29	Room	22.00
30	Room	21.65
31	Room	21.30
32	Room	20.95
33	Room	20.60
34	Room	20.25
35	Room	19.90
36	Room	19.55
37	Room	19.20
38	Room	18.85
39	Room	18.50
40	Room	18.15
41	Room	17.80
42	Room	17.45
43	Room	17.10
44	Room	16.75
45	Room	16.40
46	Room	16.05
47	Room	15.70
48	Room	15.35
49	Room	15.00
50	Room	14.65
51	Room	14.30
52	Room	13.95
53	Room	13.60
54	Room	13.25
55	Room	12.90
56	Room	12.55
57	Room	12.20
58	Room	11.85
59	Room	11.50
60	Room	11.15
61	Room	10.80
62	Room	10.45
63	Room	10.10
64	Room	9.75
65	Room	9.40
66	Room	9.05
67	Room	8.70
68	Room	8.35
69	Room	8.00
70	Room	7.65
71	Room	7.30
72	Room	6.95
73	Room	6.60
74	Room	6.25
75	Room	5.90
76	Room	5.55
77	Room	5.20
78	Room	4.85
79	Room	4.50
80	Room	4.15
81	Room	3.80
82	Room	3.45
83	Room	3.10
84	Room	2.75
85	Room	2.40
86	Room	2.05
87	Room	1.70
88	Room	1.35
89	Room	1.00
90	Room	0.65
91	Room	0.30
92	Room	0.00
93	Room	0.00
94	Room	0.00
95	Room	0.00
96	Room	0.00
97	Room	0.00
98	Room	0.00
99	Room	0.00
100	Room	0.00

Are You Envious?

Envy is the weakness of small nature. It is the people with cramped souls who feel that whatever others get in the way of admiration, jobs from their dues. It is the hardest thing in the world to weed out envy. To get rid of it, outgrow it.

Keep a Little in Stock

Patience and perseverance are such good things that it's a mistake to use your entire supply on your first game.

Qualified

"Edith is a beautiful skater, don't you think?" "Well, she skates beautifully, if that is what you mean!"

Business Notices

Advertisements in this column cost 10 cents per line, and are in the hands of the printer 10 days before publication. All other rates on application.

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WACOONDA.

Mrs. B. S. Hammond spent Tuesday in Chicago.

Paul Hicks was a visitor in Libertyville over Sunday.

J.W. Meyer and P. L. Carr were city visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gaiser spent Thursday in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Wells spent Sunday at Albert Buseley's.

Mrs. J. P. Black spent the past week with Chicago relatives.

Mrs. Henry Harris entertained relatives from McHenry Sunday.

Misses Eva and Laura Harris entertained the F. D. C. club Tuesday evening.

Henry Golding and Dennis Murphy are each erecting cottages on their properties near the lake.

Clyde Harris has gone to St. Charles to do some plumbing, he having recently learned that trade.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Turnbull spent the first of the week with Mrs. Nancy Cross at North Crystal Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sterbenz, who reside north of town, welcomed a baby girl to their home Friday, April 7.

H. S. Hammond spent the first two days of this week at West Side hospital, Chicago, but is home again much to the satisfaction of friends.

Mrs. Powers and daughter, Mrs. Cora Bage have moved from the Spencer house to the Kuebler house recently vacated by Prof. Lung and family.

Dr. Drake, Mrs. Net Sprocket, Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pratt of Chicago, and Mrs. George Block of Norwood Park attended the funeral of Robbin Judson, here, Tuesday.

KILLED WHILE AT PLAY

Little Robbin Judson, grandson of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Pratt, and eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Judson of Chicago, met instant death Saturday, April 8, in front of a truck team near his parent's home while engaged at marbles in the street with other children of his age.

The funeral and interment were held here Tuesday and a goodly gathering met the friends from Chicago and followed the hearse to the Methodist Episcopal church. Rev. Williams conducted the burial services and made an address filled with sympathy for the bereaved family.

Subscribe for the Review

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP

Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912.

Of the Barrington Review, published weekly at Barrington, Illinois, for April 1, 1916.

STATE OF ILLINOIS.

COUNTY OF COOK.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Miles T. Lamey, who having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the publisher of the Barrington Review and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in section 445, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publisher, Miles T. Lamey, Barrington, Illinois; Editor, Miles T. Lamey, Barrington, Illinois; Managing Editor, none; Business Manager, Miles T. Lamey, Barrington, Illinois.

2. That the owners are

Important News Events of the World Summarized

Mexican Revolt

Gen. Gabriel Gaviira, Carranza commander at Juarez, announced that the forces of the de facto government were in a position to take immediate control of the Villa situation if the American troops withdrew.

It has been officially reported at Mexico City from Queretaro that the Villistas have been badly defeated by government forces headed by Gen. Jose Caceres at Chihuahua, west of Chihuahua City. It was also reported that Villa is hiding at a ranch near Chihuahua.

The Mexican government has not given the American government permission to use Mexican railways for any purpose whatever, said Gen. Candido Aguirre, Mexican minister of foreign relations, at Queretaro, Mex.

Three United States citizens had one Spanish were killed by Mexican bandits nine miles south of Juarez, Sinaloa, Mex., according to a dispatch received at Tucson, Ariz., from Mazatlan.

Fifty persons, including women and children, were murdered by bandits between Torreon and Zacatecas on March 28, when the bandits wrecked the train on which they were riding, according to news received at San Antonio, Tex.

Domestic

A verdict in favor of the defendants in the Youngs' \$255,000 dam suit against Governor Hanna, other state officials, and several local bankers, was directed by Judge Keneshaw in the district court at Minn. N. D.

In a fire which destroyed the home of Homer Dieble at Detroit, Mich., Mrs. Dieble, twenty-two, and her children, Irma and Evelyn, were burned to death.

The big naval observation balloon which escaped and fell near Arroyo, Fla., was so badly cut up by squall hunters that it will have to be returned to the factory.

A large flour milling company announced that it would build a 3,000,000-bushel floor grain elevator in the railroad yards at Minneapolis, Minn., to supply the mills.

The street car strike at Toledo, O., was ended when the men were given an increase in wages of three cents an hour. They will not be permitted to wear union buttons and the union stop rule will prevail.

"Wild Bob" Burman of Detroit, Mich., Mechanician Eric Schreiner of Chicago, and Track Policeman W. H. Spoor, dead, and five spectators injured, three of whom may die, were made up the tragedy that would up the third annual road race at Corona, Cal.

A number of leading artists and cartoonists at New York professed their services to the government, free of cost, in drawing posters to awaken the country to the need for industrial preparedness.

The farmers won the milk war in Chicago and the consumers will be the victims. This was the gist of an announcement at the conclusion of negotiations between representatives of the distributors and producers. The producers will get 11 1/2¢ a hundred pounds.

An anarchist plot to assassinate the rulers of European countries was uncovered in Chicago by State's Attorney MacKay Hoyno, and another plot of a secret organization to assassinate J. P. Morgan has been discovered by federal agents, according to dispatches from San Francisco.

An official committee was organized to decide definitely the status of the Wisconsin delegates to the Republican national convention. Figures reported indicate that the conservatives, or Governor Phillips' friends, have elected eleven of the district delegates and the La Follette wing nine, with the Eleventh district still in doubt.

F. K. Jackson, former cashier of the Northwestern university at Evanston, Ill., who disappeared on November 12 with \$15,000 belonging to the university, surrendered to the police at Chicago. He was released on \$25,000 bail.

Warren G. Harding, United States senator from Ohio, was elected temporary chairman of the Republican national convention of June 7 by the delegates committee of the Republican national committee, in session at Chicago.

The bodies of Mrs. Hattie Crozier and her two daughters were recovered from an automobile that was engulfed in flood waters at Winona, Minn. The body of Ben Crozier's father had been recovered. The Croziers were residents of Glenview, Wis.

All mail from the United States entering Canada was opened in the Windsor, Canada, post office, read and then rescaled with a small sticker bearing the printed word "censored." The post office is tracking a spy.

Mrs. Irma Kilgallen Howard, daughter of Martin H. Kilgallen of Chicago, and the heroine of a tempestuous romance with Count Jacques von Mourik de Beaufort, shot herself to death in a hotel at Omaha, Neb. She was married only a month ago to Joseph E. Howard, Chicago playwright, actor and composer.

European War News

Flourish German attacks against the French position on La Motte Hamon (Dead Man's Hill) were renewed, and the Germans occupied 200 yards of an advanced trench. It was announced by the Paris war office in an official communiqué.

The British steamers Avon of 670 tons and the Adamant of 2,041 tons were the ships sent down to sea, as announced in London. The fate of their crews is unknown.

The German government announced at Berlin that no German submarine or warship was responsible for the explosion which damaged the British steamship Sussex.

The Russian army of invasion in Turkey is only 20 miles from Trebizond, according to a dispatch to Petrograd from Tiflis. The Russians are now advancing upon Sarum.

A Japanese naval commission arrived at Petrograd to co-operate with officials of the Russian admiralty.

Replying to inquiries made by the Dutch minister at Berlin, Germany has informed Holland that it would have been impossible for a German submarine to have torpedoed the German steamer Palmbaum, as no German vessel was near the vicinity where the Palmbaum sank.

An attempt to hold a nonconscript and peace meeting in Trafalgar square, London, was unceremoniously broken up by thousands of persons, who charged and dispersed the procession and tore up the banners and flags.

A successful attack by four German seaplanes on a Russian aviation station in Oesel island at the entrance to the Gulf of Riga is announced in an official statement issued at Berlin.

The great German drive west of the Meuse has at last, captured Bethincourt. The peak of the French salient which has been the object of the German attacks for nearly two weeks, was evacuated by the French after a big battle, according to the communiqué from Paris.

In the taking of Svetkayetz, near Tarnopol, the Russians captured 42 machine guns and 100,000 rounds of ammunition. Austrian attempts to retake the place were repulsed, according to a Petrograd dispatch.

The German losses before Verdun up to the present time have reached the huge total of 200,000 men, one of the greatest battle losses in the whole range of warfare, according to estimates made public at Paris from a semi-official source.

The Panhandle & Oriental line Simla has been sunk in the Mediterranean with the loss of 11 members of her crew. All were Asiatics.

Washington

Stated by the threats against the life of President Wilson, parried in White House letters, Chairman Webb of the house judiciary committee at Washington presented a bill which is to get immediate consideration, imposing a five-year presidential term for those making such threats.

The German note in response to inquiries of the American government regarding the channel steamer Sussex and the steamers Englishman, Manchester, Eagle Point and Derwindale was transmitted to the American embassy at Berlin, Germany denies responsibility for the sinking of the steamers.

Merced Nicholson, author of Indianapolis, soon will be named assistant secretary of war, it was stated in reliable official circles at Washington.

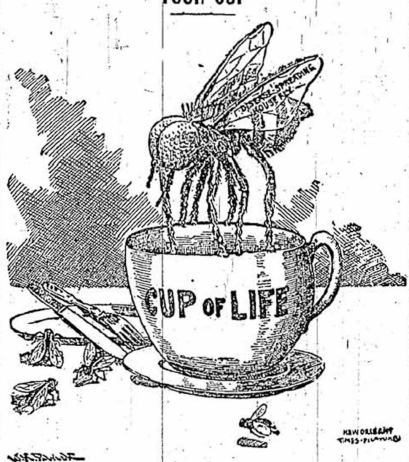
Without objection the senate at Washington adopted Senator Hoke Smith's bill providing for 75 hours of vocational training each month for enlisted men in the regular army.

The fortifications bill was reported favorably to the house at Washington. It carries direct appropriations of \$21,997,500 and authorizes the war department to enter into contracts amounting to \$12,300,000, a total of \$34,297,500.

The federal trade commission at Washington transmitted to congress a preliminary report on its investigation of the rise in the price of gasoline. The report draws no conclusions as to the cause of the increase of prices.

A letter written by Dr. E. B. Pratt, chief of the foreign and domestic commerce bureau at Washington, to Chairman Alexander of the house merchant marine committee considering the administration of shipping bills, calls attention to the harm to ocean freight rates and reviews the shipping situation.

YOUR CUP



FARMERS WIN STRIKE

MILK PRODUCERS GET RAISE IN PRICE AFTER PARLEY.

No Increase for Consumer—Dealers Agree to Keep Retail Rate at Eight Cents.

Chicago, April 8.—The farmers have won the milk war and the consumer will not be the victim. This was the gist of an announcement on Friday by Health Commissioner Robertson at the conclusion of negotiations between representatives of the distributors and producers.

The producers will get their price of 15¢ a hundred pounds, and the consumer will pay the old price of eight cents.

The quantity of the old price came from the officers of the Bowmont Dairy company, whose surrender ended the seven-hour parley.

It required a seven-hour conference to end the strike.

GERMANS TAKE BETHINCOURT

Paris Admits Retreat of Forces From Town Near Verdun—Big Gain for the Kaiser.

London, April 11.—The great German drive west of the Meuse has at last captured Bethincourt. The peak of the French salient which has been the object of the German attacks for nearly two weeks, was evacuated by the French after a big battle, according to the communiqué from Paris.

Hand-to-hand fighting in the communications trenches south of Douaumont village, where the chief French attacks have been launched for the past ten days, resulted in the capture of nearly 200 yards of the German trenches.

GERMAN SUBMARINE IS SUNK

Allied Warships Destroy U-Boat and Capture 48 Perish on British Ship.

Paris, April 8.—A German submarine was sunk by a squadron of French and British warships, the ministry of marine announced on Thursday. The crew of the submarine was captured.

The British steamer Zent, of 3,890 tons, has been torpedoed without warning west of Fastnet. Forty-eight members of its crew are missing and are supposed to have been drowned. Two men were killed, Captain Martin and nine of the crew have landed here.

11 LOST ON BRITISH LINER

Steamer Simla Torpedoed and Sunk in the Mediterranean—Danish Vessel Destroyed.

London, April 10.—The British steamer Simla has been torpedoed in the Mediterranean. Eleven members of the Asiatic crew were drowned. The rest were saved. The Simla belonged to the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship line.

Captured by a German torpedo boat of the Swedish steamer Vega is reported from Copenhagen.

Russa Near Trebizond.

Petrograd, April 11.—The Russian army of invasion in Turkey is only 20 miles from Trebizond, according to a dispatch from Tiflis on Saturday. The Russians are now advancing upon Sarum.

Bombs Cause Big Fires.

Rome (via London), April 11.—It has been learned that the bombardment by Italian dirigibles the night of April 11 caused serious fires in the great provision depots at Opicina, northeast of Trieste.

DEFENSE BILL O. K'D

REPORTED FAVORABLY BY HOUSE MILITARY COMMITTEE.

Authorizes War Department to Expend Total of \$34,297,500 on Coast Defenses.

Washington, April 8.—The fortifications bill—second of the big preparedness measures—was reported favorably by the house on Thursday. It carries direct appropriations of \$21,997,500 and authorizes the war department to enter into contracts amounting to \$12,300,000, a total of \$34,297,500, by far the largest bill of this sort ever brought before congress. Last year the bill carried about \$6,000,000. The outstanding features of the bill are these:

Huge increases in reserve ammunition for field, seacoast and siege cannon, based on European standards.

The expansion of anti-aircraft gun acquisition of the exclusive rights and installation of the Hammond radio-controlled torpedo.

Fortification of New York and Chesapeake bays with 16-inch guns. Fortification of Boston, San Francisco, Hawaii, and the Philippines with 12-inch guns, having a range of 30,000 yards.

Completion of the fortifications of Los Angeles and San Diego. Appropriation of \$1,000,000 to equip private plants with tools and machinery necessary to manufacture standard munitions for the army.

Changes in gun mounts, to give existing coast defense cannon greater range and accuracy.

The secret hearings of the committee disclosed that the European war has convinced army officers that the ammunition reserve, good for only two hours, was hopelessly inadequate. The bill provides \$10,700,000 for the purchase of shells for field and seacoast guns for the regular army. Last year this item was \$1,200,000.

Provision is made for the construction of an experimental 16-inch mobile mortar, and one 14-inch direct-fire gun mounted on a railroad car for the defense of fortified harbors.

Sixty-four antiaircraft guns are provided, ten of them for installation in Hawaii and the Philippines. The bill also provides \$150,000 for acquiring the exclusive rights of the radio-controlled torpedo perfected by John Hays Hammond, Jr., and installation of one unit, preferably at Fishers Island, N. Y.

NEWS FROM FAR AND NEAR

Amsterdam, April 8.—Leave is again being granted to employees of the Associated Press for request. This indicates that the crisis in Holland has passed.

Chicago, April 10.—Warren G. Harding, United States senator from Ohio, was elected on Friday temporary chairman of the Republican national convention on June 7 by the subcommittee of the Republican national committee.

Berlin, April 8, by wireless.—The German federal council has passed a measure that on May 1 all clocks shall be set back one hour. The measure was proposed for hygienic and economic reasons, as lengthening working time during daylight and decreasing the necessity for artificial light.

Executed for Murder.

Edmonton, Alta., April 12.—George E. Leek, colored, was hanged at Fort Saskatchewan last night for the murder of Noah H. Hooper, an aged United States pensioner, at Junkins, Alta., on October 6, 1914.

Twelve Burned in Plant Fire.

Pittsburgh, Pa., April 12.—Twelve men were burned at the Edgar Thompson plant with the loss of four lives. Thirty-six survivors, several of them women, have been landed at the small French promontory of Socca.

RUSS REPORT GAINS

NEW GROUND OCCUPIED IN CAUCASUS ADVANCE, ACCORDING TO PETROGRAD.

ALLIES' REQUEST IS REFUSED

Overseas News Agency Says Athens' Government Barred Passage of Troops of the Entente Powers Through Greek Territory.

Petrograd, via London, April 13.—The official communication issued here says:

"On the Dvina front there have been military duels. In the region of the Ibrakul bridgehead the Germans tried unsuccessfully to assume the offensive."

"In the region of Drinsk and southward in the Lake region the enemy artillery in many sectors manifested great activity."

"Caucasus front—Southwest of Eriwan our troops continue to occupy new ground."

Berlin, April 13 (by wireless).—An Overseas News agency report from Athens says that the Greek government has refused the request of the entente powers for permission to send troops through Greek territory from Corin to Saloniki. The reason given is that Corin is a disputed area.

London, April 13.—A Ruter dispatch from Athens says that the British and French ministers informed Premier Skoufoulidis that there were imperative needs to close the harbor, adding that the harbor traffic would be continued with the least possible difficulties.

The premier announced in energetic terms that Greece would protest against what he termed this new infringement of her sovereignty, the dispatch says.

KANSAS NAMES DELEGATES

Bitter Fight on Committee Men Ends in Selection of W. F. Sapp of Galena.

Hutchinson, Kan., April 13.—After a struggle that lasted until midnight Kansas Democrats, in their state convention here, were able to settle all differences and elect a national committee. The delegates, after a long session, voted on resolutions and on resolutions which expressed the sentiment of a majority of delegates present.

The contest for national committee developed into a bitter fight and many unpleasant scenes were witnessed by W. F. Sapp of Galena, the leading candidate, and J. W. Orr of Atchison were engaged in.

The four delegates at large are: Mrs. W. A. Harris of Lawrence, by acclamation; United States Senator W. Thompson, now of Kansas City, Kan.; A. A. Doerr of Larned and Judge A. M. Jackson of Winfield.

The presidential electors at large are: Frank L. Britton of Topeka and Judge W. T. McElrath of Wallingford. The resolutions as adopted praised President Wilson and lauded the work of his party in fulfilling the pledges made in 1912.

PRESIDENT PLEDGED AID

Oklahoma Convention Elects Delegates Indicted to Vote for His Renomination.

Oklahoma City, Okla., April 13.—Without a roll call and without a contest that was not settled outside the hall, Oklahoma Democrats in convention here on Tuesday elected delegates to the Democratic national convention instructed to vote for the renomination of President Wilson.

Thomas L. Wade of Marlow was chosen as national committeeman. The state's quota of presidential electors was named and a platform supporting without reserve the national and state administrations adopted.

\$40,000,000 BILL IS PASSED

Rivers and Harbors Appropriation Goes Through the House—Vote Is 210 to 133.

Washington, April 13.—The rivers and harbors appropriation bill, carrying \$40,000,000, was passed by the house by a vote of 210 to 133. The bill was not so settled outside the hall, Oklahoma Democrats in convention here on Tuesday elected delegates to the Democratic national convention instructed to vote for the renomination of President Wilson.

Prices of Glassware Boar. Pittsburgh, April 13.—The principal glass tableware manufacturers announced price increases, some factories advancing certain lines 10 to 15 per cent. No business will be taken for delivery after June 30 at these prices.

Torpedo Spanish Steamer.

Madrid, April 13.—The Spanish steamer San Sebastian has been sunk by a torpedo with the loss of four lives. Thirty-six survivors, several of them women, have been landed at the small French promontory of Socca.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open sluices of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise; splitting headaches, stuffiness in the nose, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, can, instead, both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.

We should drink, before breakfast, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gas, waste and acidity and gives you a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at your druggist or from this company, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way shortly—Adv.

Same Thing. "Can you play the lute?" "I can tell a good fish story."

TENDER SKINNED BABIES

With Rashes and Irritations Find Comfort in Cuticura. Trial Free.

Baby's tender skin requires mild, soothing properties such as are found in the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Cuticura Soap is so sweet, pure and cleansing and Cuticura Ointment so soothing and healing, especially when baby's skin is irritated and rashy. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Send everywhere—Adv.

Fine Resin From Desert Cactus. A high-grade resin, golden yellow and firm, and in solubility resembling Dammar resin, has been extracted from samples of dried desert cactus sent to the University of Washington chemistry department from the South West.

It was there that the discovery of how to extract resin from wood by using ammonia as a solvent was discovered. Ammonia, however, would not dissolve the resin and J. W. Orr of Atchison started a search for another solvent and found that denatured alcohol was the best.

The yield is about 50 per cent, and the cost will be less than that of extracting it from wood, as nearly all the alcohol can be recovered.

Poor Substitute. "Mamma, won't you buy me a little puppy dog?" "No, Ethel. You've got that little Aunt Mary gave you. Isn't that enough?"

"No, mamma. I don't like Kitty a bit. I tried to give her a bath this morning and she scratched me something awful."

From Different Viewpoint. "In so sorry to hear of your new gown," said Mrs. Groggell. "Everybody else says it is perfectly lovely."

"Oh, its reply for others to pay compliments," replied Groggell. "But I have to pay the bill."

HANDY HUSBAND. Knew How to Get Part of the Breakfast.

"I know one dish I can prepare for breakfast as well as any cook on earth," said my husband one morning when the cook was ill and he had volunteered to help get breakfast. He appeared with his dish and I discovered it was Grape-Nuts which, of course, was easy to make and was perfectly cooked at the factory. But it was a good illustration of the convenience of having Grape-Nuts about.

We took up Grape-Nuts immediately after returning from the five years' sojourn in a hot country. Our stomachs were in bad condition and we were in poor health generally.

In a day or two we liked Grape-Nuts better than any other kind of food on the table. We both gained steadily in health and strength, and this was caused by Grape-Nuts and Postum.

"A friend of ours had a similar experience. She was seriously ill with indigestion and could find nothing to eat that would not give her heartburn and palpitation, especially at night."

"She found that a small dish of Grape-Nuts with cream made her a satisfactory supper, and gave her comfortable night's rest."

In a short time she gained several pounds in weight."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. It shows interest.

MORE TROOPS TO AID IN CHASE AFTER VILLISTAS

Additional U. S. Soldiers Rushed
South Into Mexico From
Bass.

BANDITS ARE NEAR PERSHING

Mexicans Give General Report of Colonel Brown's Fight With Outlaws Near Bachajón—Raiders Stripped by Black Troopers

In the Field With General Pershing, April 11 (via wire) to Columbia, N. J.—General Pershing pushed forward 48 miles by automobile on Saturday and camped on Sunday outside of a small Mexican railroad station not far behind the advanced cavalry. It is the first time General Pershing's headquarters have been near a railroad since leaving Chihuahua City. Aviators who flew from Chihuahua City Friday are continuing their flights, forming the only link between this new advance headquarters and the bases in the rear.

Scouts say this town is full of Villistas, but the arrival of ammunition and troops caused no outward excitement, many Mexicans visiting the camp selling sugar, socks, pig-colored underwear, towels and telococo. The troopers are tired but well.

More Troops to Mexico. El Paso, Tex., April 11.—A civilian who arrived here on Saturday from Columbus reported that additional troops are being hurried south into Mexico from the base as rapidly as they can be provided with transportation and equipment.

Local officials in El Paso made representations to the military authorities and two infantry battalions were sent from Fort Bliss to act as escorts to the patrols who are on guard every night in the principal streets here. The police officials said they feared trouble with Mexicans in Juarez.

Wild Reports in Juarez. The one real basis for any apprehension here is that it is discernible to the fact that a number of Villistas and other representatives of the anti-American faction in Mexico are spreading the wildest kind of reports among the people and soldiers in Juarez in the hope of causing an outbreak.

Juarez is seething with wild stories of hostile activities. Americans and runners of great violence over the United States soldiers by Villa. The Carranza officials are doing their best to suppress these stories.

Americans Going Back. That the alarmists are not receiving much credence among the American residents here is evidenced by the fact that a number of the latter have already returned to Mexico and others are preparing to do so.

Two mining men, who had left the country after the Santa Fe bridge was made, left here for Chihuahua City. They said that while the situation was without danger, they did not believe it was sufficiently menacing to keep them from their business.

U. S. Airmen Stopped. San Antonio, April 11.—Cooperation to a limited extent by the Mexican military authorities in the case of the American punitive force in Mexico was indicated by their offer to General Pershing of the use of the telegraph and telephone lines.

The offer was made to the aviators who landed in Chihuahua last week and was reported by General Pershing to General Funston.

His report was sent from some part of the field whose location was withheld here. It did not pass over telegraph lines, but was transmitted by airplane and wireless radio to Columbus.

Shots Are Fired at Aviators. The drivers of the airplanes that visited Chihuahua said they had been treated courteously by General Pershing, commanding officer at Chihuahua, after it was demonstrated that they had come on a friendly mission, although before that fact was determined by the alarmed public a few stones had been thrown at them and a shot or two fired. No one was injured.

The present position of the advanced column was not made public, but it was known that cavalry columns under Colonels Brown and Dodd are driving south from San Antonio with all speed. Officers here had no information that either force had gone as far as Parral, but they held the receipt of such information would be no surprise.

General Pershing himself is moving south along the trail to Saltillo, personally directing so far as possible the pursuit of Villa and the adjoint of the mountain and plains adjacent to the trails being followed.

Talks With Herrera. Before leaving his headquarters on the San Gerónimo ranch north of Guerrero, General Pershing said General Lilia Herrera, the Carranza general whose defection was reported called upon him and that the two had discussed in a friendly manner the efforts being made by both governments to run down the common enemy.

New Clothes for Troops. Columbus, N. M., April 11.—American troops in the field in Mexico now will be equipped with new clothing to replace that torn to shreds to the straits of the campaign.

A shipment of shoes, hats, uniforms, sweaters and other wearing apparel, valued at \$100,000, was forwarded south along the American trail from the United States.

With the clothing went a shipment of approximately a quarter of a million dollars in Mexican gold and silver coin to be used in paying the wages of soldiers who while in foreign service, draw 20 per cent additional pay. The troops have been paid for the first time since leaving Chihuahua City.

SAYS CONDITIONS ARE REVOLTING

Renting Out Paupers Scored by Anna Hinrichsen.

MAKES WAR ON PRACTICE

It Would Be Hard to Imagine More Fearful Condition, State Investigator Says, Than Those in Pulaski County.

Springfield.—The state charitable commission has declared war on the practice of renting out paupers to the lowest bidder. Revolting conditions are all that should be expected under the circumstances, according to Miss Anna Hinrichsen, inspector of institutions for the commission.

Virtual slavery is the result for the unhappy inmates, she said, and she added, that it would be hard to imagine more fearful living conditions than those described in her report to the commission, on the Pulaski county almshouse, which report says in part:

"The cabin is a long, low building with a tattered porch which threatens to sag entirely away from the wall. The main floor is in the center of the house and from it two sides extend a hall the width of the house. Each hall has eight small bedrooms.

"The main room is the dining room and sitting room of the house. The paint is almost worn from the walls. A chimney is built in the center of the room and from it the plaster is falling. In this room sits all day an old negro woman, her clothes in rags. The color is disgusting. In this room the inmates eat their meals and in this room they must spend all their time in cold weather, for it is the only part of the building that is heated.

"The floor is perforated with rat holes. The walls are covered with the trails of vermin.

"The furniture is broken old chairs. The dining room table is covered with rags, brown cloth. The dishes were originally white, but now they are brown with age and chipping. The utensils, worn and battered, vary the monotony of the brown crockery."

"The water for drinking comes from an old lead bucket on the table. This bucket is dark and greasy on the outside. The water was black and a dark scum floated on its surface.

"Against the wall hangs a towel, the common towel of the house. It is used for both bodies and dishes. It has evidently hung long on the wall. It was black and greasy as if it had been used for cleaning an engine.

"The beds are dirty and in several of the rooms rummy sacks were used for bed clothes. Each bed is supplied with sheets and pillow cases but so dark was the color that it was necessary to pick up a case and examine it closely to learn the original color and texture. The caps and sheets were brown as the gummy sacks.

"There are three men and two women on one almshouse, more than one hundred years old. He is the man who sits all day in the sitting-dining room. Another negro is sixty-five years old, and in a weak condition. The one white man is partially blind and is a cripple. He is sixty years old, and was formerly a well-to-do business man of Houston, Tex.

"The two women, one black and one white, are sixty-five years old and feeble-minded.

"Overlooking all this filth and degradation is one clean, decent spot in the wretched place, is a large, new barn. The superintendent needed a place for farm stock and he gave the county pay the superintendent \$2.50 per week for each one. An additional \$5 is allowed for barn."

To Admit Mrs. Simpson. The state board of administration has voted to admit Mrs. Jerry Simpson, widow of the famous "Socks" Jerry Simpson, congressman from Kansas to the Soldiers and Sailors' Widows' home at Quincy. She is a resident of Kansas, but her husband served in an Illinois regiment in the Civil war.

Hospital for Lepers. An appropriation of \$20,000 will be expended for the state board of administration in arranging quarters at the Watertown state hospital for leprosy. The quarters will be occupied as soon as they are ready, by Miguel Vaccaro and his wife, who are now being cared for temporarily at the institution.

New Incorporations. Secretary of State Stevenson issued certificates of incorporation to the following: Pulling, Dimmer company, Chicago; capital stock increased from \$10,000 to \$20,000.

Piser (Underwriters) Casket company, Chicago; capital, \$2,500; incorporators, Robert Edelson, Jacob Herzitz, Belle Dorf.

Business Engineering Staff, Inc., Chicago; capital, \$2,500; incorporators, P. J. Lister, F. H. Deroove, W. N. Deroove.

General Pershing's Headquarters at Front, April 13, via Mexican telegraph to Juarez, Mex.—Recent reports have been received here by General Pershing that Francisco Villa is dead and buried. These reports are under investigation.

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SAYS CONDITIONS ARE REVOLTING

Renting Out Paupers Scored by Anna Hinrichsen.

MAKES WAR ON PRACTICE

It Would Be Hard to Imagine More Fearful Condition, State Investigator Says, Than Those in Pulaski County.

Springfield.—The state charitable commission has declared war on the practice of renting out paupers to the lowest bidder. Revolting conditions are all that should be expected under the circumstances, according to Miss Anna Hinrichsen, inspector of institutions for the commission.

Virtual slavery is the result for the unhappy inmates, she said, and she added, that it would be hard to imagine more fearful living conditions than those described in her report to the commission, on the Pulaski county almshouse, which report says in part:

"The cabin is a long, low building with a tattered porch which threatens to sag entirely away from the wall. The main floor is in the center of the house and from it two sides extend a hall the width of the house. Each hall has eight small bedrooms.

"The main room is the dining room and sitting room of the house. The paint is almost worn from the walls. A chimney is built in the center of the room and from it the plaster is falling. In this room sits all day an old negro woman, her clothes in rags. The color is disgusting. In this room the inmates eat their meals and in this room they must spend all their time in cold weather, for it is the only part of the building that is heated.

"The floor is perforated with rat holes. The walls are covered with the trails of vermin.

"The furniture is broken old chairs. The dining room table is covered with rags, brown cloth. The dishes were originally white, but now they are brown with age and chipping. The utensils, worn and battered, vary the monotony of the brown crockery."

"The water for drinking comes from an old lead bucket on the table. This bucket is dark and greasy on the outside. The water was black and a dark scum floated on its surface.

"Against the wall hangs a towel, the common towel of the house. It is used for both bodies and dishes. It has evidently hung long on the wall. It was black and greasy as if it had been used for cleaning an engine.

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No Cause for Alarm.

That citizens of Illinois are generally alarmed at the finding of several cases of leprosy within the state was the opinion expressed by Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, secretary of the state board of health.

"I venture to say there are at least one hundred persons at large within the state of Illinois afflicted with the dread malady."

"It is generally known among health officers of the state that these cases exist. In fact there are large numbers of lepers in all states, but no concerted action can be taken until the federal government erects a national leprosy to care for the cases."

There is no doubt that community health officers are more active in searching out these cases if there was such a national hospital.

"One case of leprosy," Doctor Drake said, "is no one one hundredth the danger to the community that there is in one case of tuberculosis."

None of these cases of leprosy in Illinois is actively contagious unless there is intimate relations for a long period of time between the leper and the subject.

Take the instance the case at Rock Island. The leper's wife and friends have been living with him for years, but none of them has contracted the disease to date.

This class is not subject to leprosy, and Illinoisans need have no fear that there will be an epidemic of this dread disease.

The Rock Island leper has been isolated in a cottage at the state hospital at Watertown. He will be kept there the rest of his life unless a national leprosy is erected.

Dates for Encampment. The dates for the encampment of the Illinois National Guard and Naval Reserve commands were announced by Adjut. Frank S. Dickson. Two camps will be maintained during the summer, one at Fort Sheridan and the other at Camp Lincoln. The encampment will begin July 16 at Fort Sheridan and August 20 at Camp Lincoln. The six battalions of the National Guard will go to Sparta, Wis., with the regulars, as will also the field hospital corps. The encampment of Chicago will go to the Rock Island leper camp at Watertown, Ill. The Naval Reserve will drill with the Atlantic fleet.

The regiments will go into camp at Fort Sheridan as follows: First regiment, July 16-23; Seventh Infantry, July 23-30; Second Infantry, July 30-August 6; Third Infantry, August 6-13; Fourth Infantry, August 13-20; Fifth Infantry, August 20-27; Sixth Infantry, August 27-September 3; Eighth Infantry, September 3-10.

Winter Wheat Damaged. Thirty-five per cent of the area sown to winter wheat in Illinois has been winter-killed, and the living wheat is only 65 per cent normal, according to the crop conditions in the state on April 11. In about 25 per cent of the area the wheat is in good condition, and the open winter caused the wheat to freeze out, the report states.

The report also says that the past two weeks have been very dry and spotted over the fields. Warm rains may greatly improve conditions before the next report, which will be issued probably on April 20.

Need Highway Engineers. The great amount of road work to be done in Illinois this spring and summer will make a large number of additional highway engineers absolutely necessary if all the work is to be completed by fall. Those who have passed the state examination for assistant highway engineer include Harry B. Semont, Danville; Charles H. Apple, Paris; Matthew J. Fleming, Chicago; George C. Locke, Peoria; George H. Baker, Paris; John Johnson, Utica; Herbert C. Petersen, Aurora; Otto P. Gerke, Moline.

Drya Clock Victory. One hundred and sixty-three saloons were banished from Illinois townships on Tuesday.

The drys claimed a big victory. Their most important conquests were the cities of Waukegan, where 46 saloons were driven out; Moline, where saloons were voted out; and Mount Pleasant, where 29 saloons were affected.

The wets won a big victory in the city of Bloomington, regaining this city from the drys by a narrow margin two years ago.

Ask Lower Rates. Two petitions for lower gas and electric rates were filed with the state utilities commission. One is by the city of Moline against the People's Power company, asking that gas and electric rates be reduced.

The other is by the Mount Vernon Gas, Light and Heating company, requesting reductions in gas, electric and heating rates.

NEWS OF THE STATE. Galesburg.—Students of Knox college have raised more than \$1,000 to ward a \$500,000 endowment. A memorial to the late George Fitch, founder of Peoria, is to be a part of the endowment.

Rock Island.—The body of Hill Cox, a Civil war veteran, was recovered from the Mississippi river after being in the water 26 hours. Cox was drowned when his rowboat capsized.

Announce Wage Increase. Boston, April 12.—The American Woolen company announced a 10 per cent increase in wages to take effect April 17. It was announced that most of the other New England woolen and cotton mills will take similar action.

\$2,000,000 for Tapestries. New York, April 12.—J. P. Morgan has sold the forty rare tapestries collected by his father for approximately \$2,000,000 to art dealers. The transaction represents the largest single sale of tapestries ever made.

"T. R." MEN VICTORS

Five Unpledged Delegates Break Sherman State.

FAVOR COLONEL OR HUGHES

Russel and Savage Believed Winners in the Twenty-first—Democrats Chose Wilson and Republicans Favor Sherman.

Chicago, April 12.—One thousand and twelve precincts out of 2,168 in Chicago for president gave:

Democrats.....43,396
Wilson.....43
Republicans.....32,670
Sherman.....4,570
Hughes.....344
Thompson.....62

It is almost certain that Senator L. V. Sherman will not come to the national Republican convention with a solid delegation instructed by the Republican state candidates from this district.

Andrew Russel, Jacksonville banker; who was formerly state treasurer, and Samuel O. Savage, of Tallula, were from the latest returns to have been selected as the delegates from the Twentieth congressional district. Homer J. Tice of Greenvale and Frank J. Heintz of Jacksonville were the Republican state candidates from this district.

In the early returns the two state breakers were running ahead more than four to one. This percentage has been reduced by later figures. Both Russel and Savage were candidates without preference, but it has been rumored in Chicago that they were for either Hughes or Roosevelt, although willing to give Senator Sherman a complimentary vote as a "favorite son."

In the Second congressional district the returns received indicate that Charles H. Sargent, city treasurer, will be a delegate to the national convention. He also was not invited to get in the running by the state breakers, although he is leading in a field of six candidates. Morton D. Hull and John Casselrope were selected by the Deheer-West combination. Clifford Ross, assistant corporation counsel, and T. Schmidt were the Thompson-Lundin contestants. Francis W. McNamara, an another unpledged candidate, Hull will be the colleague of Sargent in the convention unless later returns switch the results.

In the Sixth district another who probably will be put through the state John Siman, city clerk, is leading a field of seven candidates. His vote in the 28 precincts was 50 per cent in excess of the next highest man.

Mathias Wengler will probably be the other delegate from the Sixth district.

Of the Chicago candidates for delegate at large, Mayor Thompson is running at the bottom of the list, both in Cook county and downtown. However, he is almost certain to be elected. Governor Deneen also will be among those present as a delegate from his district.

On the Democratic side all of the delegates, both those at large and by districts, are pledged to President Wilson, with one exception. That exception is Robert E. Burke, who is on the Sullivan ticket. On him there is no string, but it is generally understood that he, too, will vote for Wilson.

For as names of the delegates to the Democratic convention are concerned, it makes little difference, because all are pledged to the president. The reason for popularity, Roger C. Sullivan appears to have about twice as many Democratic friends in the primary as Mr. Harrison.

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PROSPERITY IN WESTERN CANADA

800 Million Dollars in New Wealth Added in 1915.

Canada as a whole has enjoyed wonderful prosperity in 1915; from the products of the farm, the orchard and the centres of industry. No country wrote a brighter page in history in agricultural and industrial development during 1915 than Canada. Nearly a billion bushels of grain produced. Taxes in Western Canada average \$24 and will not exceed \$35 per quarter section, which includes all taxes. No taxes on improvements.

When Western Canada was faced with her enormous harvest last fall the military authorities decided that soldiers in Canada could give the Empire no better service than in harvesting the crops. For that reason leave of absence was given to soldiers who wished to work in the harvest fields, and their labor was an important factor in harvesting the crops successfully.

The necessity for increasing the agricultural production in command even more attention in 1916, and it is now announced that soldiers in Canada may obtain leave of absence from their military duties to be working for a certain length of time to enable them to plant the seed for the crops in every Province of the Dominion.

The fact that the Government is increasing the seedling and harvesting of Canada's crops as being of the first importance is perhaps the best evidence that conscription or any increase of taxes will not reduce the agricultural activity of Canada will never be considered by the authorities.

Due to the number who have enlisted for overseas service it has been found necessary to secure farm labor in the United States. It is hoped that this shortage can be secured—Advancement.

War Makes Geographers. The war has made geographers of us all. It is because it has also increased the Londoners' knowledge of London. Sir wounded officers, all Londoners, born and bred, in London, were offered a motor trip from their hospital the other day. They selected Hampton court as their objective, and only could find the party had seen it before. It is a common saying in London, that only the visitor really sees the city, and there is at all events an element of truth in the statement.

There is a certain middle-aged commercial man of high standing in London. A Londoner by birth and habit, he has lived in London for a long time, and has seen the Blue Mountains of Australia and the Victoria falls of Africa, has never been inside Hyde Park, Westminster or St. Paul's Cathedral.—Manchester Guardian.

Salts If Backache Or Kidneys Trouble You. Acting Right or Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You.

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidneys, you generally mean you have been eaten too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overloads the kidneys and in this effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and lousy. When your kidneys get sluggish and you must rely on your bladder to relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, stick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sour, your head is coated, and when the weather's bad you have rheumatic twinges. The uric is cloudy, full of sediment, channels of the body get clogged, and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will thank you. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, and to neutralize acids in this uric so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink.—Ad.

A Mature Apprehension. "When I was a boy my father forbade me to read dime novels."

"You saved a great deal of time."

"Maybe. And yet I have never done it resulted in saving up my appetite for sensational fiction till my time was rather more valuable."

Much More Refined. "Do you mean to say the finger of suspicion is pointed at Mrs. Gaudier?"

"Oh, dear no! This is never done in our set. But when the appears there is a perceptible lifting of eyebrows."

Theatrical managers and astronomers are always trying to discover new stars.

It always amuses a woman when she sees a man posing as a wise guy.

TRAILERS FOR ARMY TRUCKS

Capacity of Trains Operating in Mex. Doubled—Mule Teams Released for Duty.

Columbus, N. M.—The capacity of the army truck train operating between here and General Pershing's advance column was doubled with the arrival of trailers for "flat" trucks. This will practically relieve the flat trucks of the long haul and release them for service in the mountain districts.

The motor-truck trains have had no difficulty in getting the supplies to Casa Grande. The trouble is ahead, where the trails grow narrow and 200 pounds to a heavy load for a pack animal.

A consignment of 52 motorcars was received in Columbus to arm the poor citizens of Columbus. The guns, along with two knives, were sent by the chief of police at Kansas City. They had been taken from prisoners in the jail there.

CASTLE, WILLIAMS
LONG & CASTLE, Attorneys at Law. 805-817 National Life Building, 29 South La Salle street, Chicago.

HOWARD P. CASTLE, Evening Office at residence, Barrington. Telephone number 212-M.

R. L. PECK, Lawyer, Residence, Palatine, Illinois. Office: 1414 American Trust Building, Chicago. Telephone Central 595.

J. HOWARD FURBY, Dentist. Office hours: 8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m. Telephone 57-J. Office in Peter's building, Main street.

Latent Rapid Telegraphy. A French system of rapid telegraphy by which it is possible to read 40,000 words an hour, has worked successfully for distances of 900 miles in that country.

Carrier Pigeon Swift. Flying with a strong wind, the carrier pigeon covers 1,000 yards a minute.

Real Estate Transfers.

Estate of Kate W. Goodwin, deceased to Charles Wewitzer, lots 21, 37 and 38, Fair Oaks Sub. Lake Zurich, W. D. \$300.00.
 G. G. Martin and wife to Grace M. Regelin, lot 11 and alley east of lot 10, Pierce's Sub. Waukegan, W. D. \$100.00.

Card of Thanks.

The members of the Barrington Milk Producers' association and the farmers who united with them in their fight for better milk prices from the large bottling corporations hereby thank all people of the community who showed sympathy with the effort of the milk producers to share better profits. The men who contributed money, the teamsters who refused to work for the milk bottlers and everyone who gave help in any way are appreciated.

The Aches of House Cleaning.

The pains and soreness caused by brushes, over-exertion and straining during house cleaning time are pointed away by Sloan's Liniment. No need to suffer this season. Just apply Sloan's Liniment to the sore spots, rub only a little. In a short time the pain leaves, you rest comfortably and enjoy a refreshing day. One grateful user writes: "Sloan's Liniment is worth its weight in gold." Keep a bottle on hand, use it against all Soreness, Neuralgia and Bruiises. Kills pain. 25c at your Druggist.

Worth While Question.

Necessity the proper parent of an art so nearly allied to invention—Walter Scott.

LAKE ZURICH.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Däpmler has been very ill the past week.

Miss Rose Eichenman is now working at the Maple Leaf hotel.

Mr. Danielson of Palatine was a caller Monday in Lake Zurich.

Miss Myrtle Heller spent Saturday and Sunday at her home here.

Mrs. William Eichenman spent Sunday afternoon at Arlington Heights.

William Prehm, Jr., is now working at the Golf club for Fred Buesching.

Mrs. Philip Young is still on the sick list, not being able to get out of bed.

Percy Leonard of Barrington was a Lake Zurich caller one day this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ernst of Barrington visited at the home of Carl Ernst Sunday.

Misses Anna Frank, Mabel Heller and Mayme Hokenmeyer were Palatine callers Sunday.

Mrs. Anna Chilcott will be the guest of Mrs. Doris Blankensburg during the summer months.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Woodman of Chicago took a trip to Lake Zurich Sunday in their machine.

Mrs. E. A. Lamprecht has been visiting for several weeks with her mother, Mrs. E. Zoub.

Messrs. H. Heller, H. C. Meyer, A. Froelich and John Howe are on jury at Waukegan this week.

Miss Dorothy Fox of Chicago is spending a couple of weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clark.

Misses Lizzie Spanner and Clara Fischer attended the play "Experience" in Chicago Wednesday afternoon.

Ernest Goddick spent Saturday at his home here, he is working at Crystal Lake with the Telephone company.

Messrs. Henry Beckelman, George Mess, Robert Brothay and Walter Krueger visited friends at Lake Zurich Sunday.

Miss Justine Fox and Mrs. Frank Clark attended the high school play at Palatine Friday afternoon, Misses Eleanor and Julia Fox took part in the play.

Don't fail to attend the dance given under the auspices of the Lake Zurich commercial association, Easter Monday, April 25, at the Lake Shore pavilion.

Miss Rose Prehm returned home Sunday after spending a week in Chicago; she secured a position as telephone operator in the city and will go there to work.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schneider and daughter, Emma, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Buesching and family spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Schneider.

Village Election Notice. Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 18th day of April next, at the Village hall in the Village of Barrington, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, an Election will be held for the following Village Officers viz: Three Village Trustees.

Which election will be opened at 7 o'clock in the morning and will continue open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

Given under my hand at Barrington, the 31st day of March, A. D. 1916.

L. H. BENNETT, Village Clerk.

Good For Colds. Honey, Pine-Tar and Glycerine are recognized cold remedies in Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey these are combined with other cough medicine in a pleasant syrup. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey quickly stops your cough, checks your cold, soothes irritation of the throat. Excellent for young, adult and aged. It's one of the best cough syrups made. Formula on every bottle. You know just what you are taking and your doctor knows it's good for coughs and colds. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Only 25c at Druggists.

Annual Financial Statement of The Township Treasurer For Publication.

Township 43, Range 3, Lake County, Illinois, for the year ending April 3, 1916.

DISTRICT FUND—RECEIPTS
 Balance.....\$6182.96
 District Taxes.....7510.74
 Other Treasurers.....117.21
 Total.....\$13810.91

EXPENDITURES
 School Board and Business Offices.....\$39.00
 Teachers.....3665.00
 Interest on Teachers' Orders.....4.46
 Tuition of Transferred Pupils.....238.39
 Janitors, Fuel, Water, Light, Etc.....623.23
 Maintenance of Plant.....297.21
 Other Treasurers.....5283.37
 Total.....\$13810.94

DISTRICT FUND—RECEIPTS
 Interest.....\$297.50
 Total.....\$297.50

EXPENDITURES
 Incidental Expenses of Treasurer.....\$15.03
 Publishing Annual Statement.....5.84
 Compensation of Treasurer.....175.00
 Balance.....101.00

Total.....\$297.00
 Balance, April 5, 1915.....\$200.00
 Total.....\$200.00

Balance.....\$200.00
 Balance Total.....\$200.00
 I hereby certify that the foregoing statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. L. WATERMAN, Treasurer.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of April, 1916.
 MILEY T. LAMEY, Notary Public.

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 18th day of April, 1916, an election will be held at the School House in the Village of Barrington for the purpose of electing a President of the Board of Education to serve for one year, and two Members of the Board of Education to serve for three years, for Union District No. 4 in Cook and Lake Counties.

The polls will be open at 5 o'clock p. m. and close at 8 o'clock p. m.

Dated this 2nd day of April, 1916.

JOHN C. PLADGE, President of Board of Education.
 HOWARD P. CASTLE, Secretary of Board of Education.

Barrington Mercantile Co.

FARM TOOLS, Cement, Sand, Building Tile, Rock Phosphate and Ground Limestone. Our prices are right.

Barrington Mercantile Co.

How to Cure Coughs and Colds.

Keep out of Drafts. Avoid Exposure. Eat and Live Right and Take Dr. King's New Discovery.

Just the minute Dr. King's New Discovery touches the cold germs they begin to shiver and die. Your irritation ceases. The cough goes and you begin to get better. Dr. King's New Discovery is just laxative enough to expel the dead germs and poisonous secretions.

You catch cold because your system is below normal and finds itself unable to throw off the cold germs. To recover you should first take a remedy to kill the germs. Then be careful of your eating and drinking. Go to bed early and save your strength in every possible way. To kill the germs take Dr. King's New Discovery.

The ingredients in Dr. King's New Discovery make it an excellent cough and cold remedy. Don't endure the annoyance of coughs and colds. Don't keep on suffering. Don't take the risk of more serious illness. Take Dr. King's New Discovery. Watch your eating and drinking. You will find your cough and cold melt away and natural control and health return of speedy recovery. And that's the way.

LAMEY & CO.

DENATURED ALCOHOL

For use in Automobiles

Per gallon......75
 5 gallon lots, per gallon......70

All gasoline motors accumulate carbon, and its presence, indicated by misfiring, pre-ignition, pounding and engine knocking. Nearly all engine troubles are due to carbon deposits in some part of the engine. Carbon deposits decrease power and they increase consumption of fuel.

Alcohol insures increased power and saving of fuel and consequent saving in expense.

Directions: Pour about a quarter of a pint of Alcohol into the pet-cock of each cylinder and leave overnight. In the morning turn over motor, switch on ignition, open throttle wide and the loosened carbon and vapors will be blown out, leaving clean cylinders, clean pistons, clean valves and clean mufflers.

This treatment once a week means no carbon deposits in motor. Compare this with the old expensive way of taking down engine and removing carbon by mechanical means.

Best results are obtained if Alcohol is used at the end of the day's run, while motor is warm. The use of Alcohol does not entail draining of crank case, recolling, etc., as with other more expensive and less efficient carbon removers. Spark plugs are thoroughly cleaned by soaking them overnight in a cup of Alcohol.

To clean carburetors, pour about a half-pint of Alcohol directly into carburetor once a week.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Paints, Oils, Varnishes

Brushes, Enamels

Tile, Cement, Brick, Lime

Glazing Promptly Executed

LAMEY & CO.

C. F. HALL COMPANY
Cash Department Store

C. F. HALL CO. South wool suits, Norfolk styles \$2.29 \$3.45 \$3.75 36 in. silk drapery goods, dark colors.....25c
 Dundee and Elgin stores offer special values for this week.
Ladies' Dresses Stylish silk poplin gowns, new styles in black and leading colors. Very unusual values, now selling at.....\$8.00 \$7.29
"MADE CLOTHES" Ladies' cloaks, suits, waists, blouses and boys' suits, children's cloaks and dresses. Values which we are now showing we cannot hope (with the advance in price of all merchandise) to offer later.
CHILDREN'S CLOAK VALUES \$1.19 \$2.29 \$3.45
 Ladies' wear Cloaks—woolserges, misses' or ladies styles, in blues, blacks and colors.....\$2.29 \$3.45 to \$4.49
 All wool serge and poplin coats, leading styles for young or elderly people, strictly all-wool Norfolk also coats for stout figures.....\$5.75 \$10.45
BOYS' KNEE PANTS SUITS \$1.05 to \$5.00 Leaders in styles of blue serges.....\$4.50 36 in. wash curtain goods, you. See the suits.
EXTRA SIZE SUIT SALE Special for large men, 44 to 48 size suits, all in desirable dark shades, mostly worsteds.....\$11.00 \$13.50 \$16.00
SAVING SPECIALS Prices which must convince you. See the suits.
NOTICE: Ladies' Tailored Suit Values at our ELGIN Store. Millinery—moderately priced, DUNDEE Store.

TWO STORES: MAIN STREET, DUNDEE; MILWAUKEE AND RIVER STREETS (ONE BLOCK FROM FOUNTAIN SQUARE) ELGIN.

Delivery on 1 Hour's Notice

WHEN YOU WANT A CAR NOW YOU WANT IT IN A HURRY

WE STILL CAN DELIVER

1 OVERLAND SIX and 1 WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING CAR

ALSO FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

THE \$615.00 AND \$695.00 TOURING CARS AND ROADSTERS

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