

Stratton in Race to Stay, State Lake County Men

Continued from page 1

had been advanced against his candidate. It is even rumored that he will be a candidate in the winter, if the withdrawal of Senator Swift from the race, leaves the field to Padden.

The candidates are McFertry, Padden, and Stratton. McFertry and the two Democratic candidates for the three hours have been in the streets of the several districts—the country towns of Cook County, the western towns of Lake County, and the eastern towns of McHenry and Kane.

The field will be narrowed somewhat when the election is held.

It is the list of candidates that is causing the trouble, and the county is affected:

For President: The United States

REPUBLICAN
Frank L. Owsley, Oregon, III.

STATESMAN
United States
Frank J. Smith, Dwight

Democrat
John F. Fairbanks, Mount Vernon

Small, Kankakee

Lincoln, Governor
Thomas D. Smith, G.O.S. Kankakee
state, Clinton; Fred F. Steele, Chicago

Secretary of State
Earl R. Shuman, Chicago, Ill.

Attala, Senator
John W. McCormick, Chicago, Ill.

W. H. H. Miller
Champion, Charles R. Harlan, Chicago

DISTRICT OFFICERS
State Senate

REPUBLICAN—THIRTY-ONE
D. Smith, Northfield

Holley H. Smith, Highland Park

For Rep. in General Assembly
REPUBLICAN—SEVENTH

Lee H. Noyes, 15th Marine
avenue, Winnetka; William E. Propper,
P. W. Fisher, 14th Marine, Winnetka;

John C. Johnson, Park Ridge;

Samuel S. Rubin, 10th Marine,
West Ridge; Otto Biedenbach, Winnetka;

Samuel H. Rosen, 10th Marine,
Oak Park; John J. Murphy, Winnetka

REPUBLICAN—EIGHTH

John C. Johnson, Winnetka;

W. C. McHenry, Winnetka;

John J. Murphy, Winnetka;

Samuel S. Rubin, Winnetka;

REPUBLICAN—NINETEEN

John C. Johnson, Winnetka;

W. C. McHenry, Winnetka;

John J. Murphy, Winnetka;

Samuel S. Rubin, Winnetka

REPUBLICAN—TWENTY-ONE

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SUCCESS OF GENERAL MOTORS

With net earnings of more than \$25,000,000 for the year 1927, the General Motors Corporation has jumped decisively into a position of leadership over the world's industrial and railroad corporations. The earnings published Saturday represent a gain of \$40,000,000 over 1926.

Although earning of the United States Steel Corporation in 1926 were in excess of this figure, it should be remembered that profits, particularly in steel, were abnormal. General Motors is earning a sum greater than was ever before reported in the history of corporations. Alfred P. Sloan, the genius who heads the corporation, says that current conditions are entirely satisfactory, and that not only earnings, but sales of cars by the corporation to dealers, and by the dealers to the public as well, exceed those of any other period. Last year 1,564,577 cars were sold, an increase of 30 per cent over 1926.

For many years steel has been considered the fundamental industry, and in certain respects it will remain so. General Motors record, however, permits it to bid for the distinction in no uncertain terms. In the steel industry the United Steel Corporation stands out, there being no other single corporation even remotely comparable to it in size or influence. In the automobile field General Motors leads all other corporations, although there is at least one independent manufacturer, Henry Ford, who can offer competition to General Motors. Place Henry Ford and General Motors together, and the combination is much larger and more impressive than a combination of United States Steel and any other steel concern.

Since the United States has become a nation on wheels, it should occasion no surprise that an automobile manufacturing corporation has swept to such a dominating position in industry. General Motors success is due not only to its efficient central staff but also to the managers of its principal assembling plants who are invaluable machine in the gigantic General Motors machine.

A REPUBLICAN OPPORTUNITY

William J. Stratton of Ingleside is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Secretary of State. Since his appointment three weeks ago he has broken with the corrupt Small-Thompson machine and in consequence is entitled to the support of decent Republicans throughout the state.

Stratton should be an easy winner in the primary. He has shown himself to be a man of means. In his dominating influences of Springfield he has emerged unscathed and offers a candidacy as sound as his record is clear.

"We touch to the people of Illinois for his honesty, integrity and high character; we attest to his eminent qualifications for this office."

This is an extract from a recent endorsement of Mr. Stratton signed by such men as Edward D. Shurtliff of Marengo, Arthur E. Fisher of Rockford and Claire C. Edwards of Waukegan, Circuit judges of the seventeenth district. Little can be added to the statement.

Mr. Stratton served fourteen years as Lake county supervisor and was deputy state game warden under former Governor Frank O. Lowden. Governor Small, appreciating the man he possessed in him, later made him director of the state department of conservation, when that department was organized, a position which he filled with signal ability.

Mr. Stratton's candidacy offers Illinois Republicans an opportunity to present to the voters in November a man who is not one whom they will not have to apologize and one whom they will not be forced to defend.

A SYNTHETIC BABY

Little Harriet Kallen, 11 weeks old, seems destined to play an important role in the field of medicine. Her mother is a leading student and citholologist, the author of a volume in the interest of an increased knowledge of child psychology. Her father is particularly interested in her infantile manifestations of curiosity. Her mother specializes on Harriet's laughter. A professor of Columbia University records her serious emulations as a physics professor for her physiological aspects.

What a pity it all is! Possibly the study of Harriet Kallen will bring forth facts of more ordinary value to science, but what about the rights of the child? Babies have no easy life; anyway, The press is not to blame for this. It is the aunts, nieces and friends of the family a group of scientists armed with formidable recording instruments, who are spying on her every movement and imagination, what this tiny subject will have to undergo.

The experiment was decided upon to test the mother's theory that formation of a child's habits starts at birth, and that character is formed by the time it is two years old. If this is so, when character has been formed, can it be changed? It is the most important year of her life, when character matures at two years of age, will it be her own, or the synthetic monstrosity of a group of scientists, to whom she has been offered as a laboratory subject.

LIVE STOCK VALUES

The crop reporting board of the Department of Agriculture gives the value of all live stock on the farms and ranges of the United States on January 1, 1928, as \$5,595,222,000, or with \$5,078,418,000 on January 1, 1927. The value reported is the highest since 1923, when it was \$5,595,222,000, or approximately 10 per cent, was due principally to the increase in the value per head of cattle, which advanced much more than off, the decrease in numbers of cattle, and an increase in the value of hogs.

The number of hogs on January 1, 1928, was the lowest in forty years. There were only 15,15,400,000 a year ago, and the department finds that the number of hogs born during the year warrants the belief that farm hogs will be still fewer in number for some time to come.

On the other hand, it was found that the number of cattle on January 1, 1928, was 12,000,000,000, or 12,000,000,000 cattle, during 1927 increased 5 per cent. Males show a falling off in numbers during the year, the aggregate decline being 113,000 cattle.

Since as cattle, showed a marked up tendency in value as well as in numbers. There were 15,45,000,000 cattle on the farms and ranges as compared with 14,846,000 a year earlier. The total value of the flocks on January 1 of this year was \$45,222,000 compared with \$40,231,000 on January 1, 1927.

A DOG "PARADISE"

Mrs. Irene Castle McLaughlin of Chicago, according to a Chicago newspaper report, is to create a "dog paradise."

We doubt if the dog will like it. They probably will be pleased to see the boys around school houses and they probably will not shoot at especially when they are missed.

The dog is primarily a creature of affection, dependent much more for his happiness upon loving contact with humanity than on sheer or even food. Lacking the company of man, he is a dog a mere dog exists; and his existence is in the draft of the grazing animal, which demands a food and shelter, when he is in kennel or food and shelter, a herd. It is worse, in fact, for he has the capacity to mourn his loss, to be miserable if he has no master or mistress, companion, which the grazing animals lack.

TEST OF INSANITY

There has been much discussion of late regarding insanity and the commission of crime. It is a question understood by physicians who have made a careful study of insanity that insanity for the purpose of the law, hence if crime is committed by a man, it is on the sudden impulse of the moment. If there is deliberation or premeditation there is no insanity. The two are inconsistent, as is a pique only in cases never in law.

Two insane persons can not conspire together, for the want of capability of sustained thought or reasoning. There was the flaw in the Leopold and Loeb case, and the prosecuting attorney failed to stress it.

A MAN WHO CAN

By O. LAWRENCE HAWTHORNE

Let me be known as a man who can—As a man who is eager to try—I am not a man, though I do my best. But the spirit of do-it-for-me Will take me far in whatever game I chance to play in pursuit of fame.

Let me be ready for any test, Any problem that duty shall bring I am not a man, though I do my best. But defense of the status quo For him who knows that men do succeed Whose hearts are true to a noble creed.

Let me be willing to fight my way To the goal I have chosen to gain. The path may prove to be hard each day And my efforts may seem all in vain, But I know what it is to feel The ceaseless urge of a great ideal.

Let me so live that the world will see

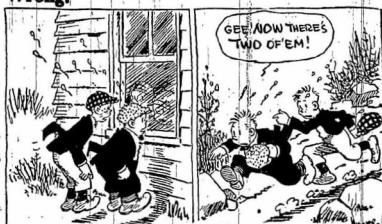
No sign of fear or despondency.

But high courage of heart and mind Consistent with a progressive plan, Let me be known as a man who can!

—With a smile, the boy said.

He was the first to speak again.

TUBBY



RALPH L. PECK

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