

BARRINGTON REVIEW

ESTABLISHED 1885
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WALTER R. WINTERGARTH, Business Director and ForemanMEMBER
NATIONAL EDITORIAL
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TELEPHONE, BARRINGTON NO. 1

FOR MEN ONLY

Let us picture a neighborhood village having certain sections of the downtown public sidewalks roped off as congregating places for men, marked with signs reading "FOR MEN ONLY" and perhaps with a few arrows directing women pedestrians to detour to the other side of the street in order to get to their stores, meat markets, and other destinations.

In a sense there are a number of such places on the streets of Barrington, marked just that way in the minds of women who daily have to use the streets, according to complaints just frequently made. It is not necessary to locate often the women who pass such groups become the objects of glaring eyes by the loafers and (possibly they only imagine it) the subjects of censorious remarks that follow.

Many of the men who create this nuisance do not realize that they are doing so. Merchants will agree that it does not help their business by having large groups of men sitting or loitering around the entrances, and visitors do not get the picture of industry, progress and aggressiveness that every municipality wishes to portray. So men, let's give a little more consideration to the rights of womankind.

THE ARROWS OF TAXATION

A cartoonist recently pictured a figure representing the American taxpayer completely surrounded by arrows shot in his direction, each labeled "tax." Some of the arrows have penetrated his clothes, his lunch bucket, and his body, and he is obviously in imminent danger of a complete demise.

That is a very apt illustration of the plight of the individual at present. The arrows of taxation have never flown so swiftly or so thickly. They come from every point of the compass and they come in bunches.

It is interesting to make a list of all the taxes citizens living in one place or another are required to pay. But that takes up a lot of paper. The old, tested taxes, such as those on property, have been overshadowed by a multitude of new and experimental taxes. We pay them upon income, upon the gasoline or efficiency we use, upon the securities we own, upon the hat we buy or the beer we drink, upon the movie shows we go to and the clubs we join. Special tax after special tax is suggested and passed—and every article or service upon which it is inflicted is already paying other taxes either directly or indirectly.

Cities, counties, states and the federal government have been engaged in a spending spree ever since war-time. They have grown drunk upon it. In their eyes luxuries become necessities, and economy and efficiency are forgotten terms. They want more public money—and when the source from one supply runs dry, they simply tap a new one. And the arrows of taxation are shooting holes in pants and pocket-books.

CLOUD IN FARM RECOVERY

It is almost axiomatic that the farmer presents the toughest problem for any administration has to tackle. Even in good times the farm problem has been uppermost; in bad times it gets infinitely worse.

Present efforts to help the farmer depend mainly on price-fixing and production-allotting for farm products on a tremendous scale. All of it is designed to put money in the farmer's pocket. No department of agriculture brows are furrowed, because the opposite has occurred.

Between July 15 and August 15, there was a sharp decline in farm purchasing power. Where, on the former date, the index of farm ability to buy stood at 71 per cent on the latter date. The decline was caused by two factors—during the month the average farm price declined from 76 to 72, while the cost of things he buys rose from 107 to 112.

According to government and other experts, this is not a problem for the farmer alone to consider. It is their thesis that the decline in the purchasing power of 30,000,000 farm dwellers is directly responsible for factory unemployment in urban areas to the extent of 6,000,000. It has long been a debated question whether falling farm income caused a decline in city income, or whether the decline in city earnings caused the fall in farm receipts. Secretary Wallace firmly believes that the first is the case. According to him, ruinous agricultural prices plunged the country into depression four years ago. On that basis, there can be no recovery until farm income rises, and the 30,000,000 farm dwellers again provide a normal market for factory products.

EDITORIAL SHORTS

"Success is ninety per cent perspiration and ten per cent inspiration."—Thomas Alva Edison.

Intelligence is what you get from home. Common sense you must develop yourself. Learning is what you obtain in school. Knowledge is what the world hands you. Judgment comes only with years. Experience is a bitter medicine administered by life itself, and must be taken with a bit of civility. Success is a phantom often chased but seldom overtaken. Success or failure are a matter of opinion. Reputation is the golden scale. Contentment the final objective. Buckeye, Archibald, Ohio.

: Progress :

Wandering

From This to That

Detecting Counterfeit Money

The subject of prices—prices too high, prices too low, price cutters and price gougers—is serving to keep the public's attention aroused, both in agriculture and in industry. While control of manufactured goods prices is sought by the farm administration, the national recovery administration gives favorable consideration to a code of fair practice for the retail trader that contained in it powers to fix minimum prices. Under this tentative code, the principle of price control is recognized by providing that all goods must not be sold under the influence of price, plus 7½ per cent for food and other goods. There also is a provision that no manufacturer's retail price be sold at more than 21 per cent below the manufacturer's retail price printed on the package. These provisions are aimed at price cutting and low price selling in the stores that cater to the mass of the people's buyers. They hint at the end of bargain hunting days for the housewife and have a lot of strong objections from many large retailers.

The government is going to see the banks through, and the banks in turn have got to push out credit. There is a battle, in the present government "inflation" policy, expressed in the highest official policies. Whether or not it is to continue long, the government's policy is the subject of the nation's highest economic interest. President Roosevelt clearly indicated during the past week that he wants the bank to help him in his recovery program with credit—which is bank money—and not to have to finance those plans with printing press money, which is inflation as many people understand it. Money is so scarce that they can pay the higher wages called for by codes, and the higher prices for materials, that have come with General Johnson's industrial recovery program; and big in industrial recovery program; and big in their higher costs.

If credit is to be "pushed out," as the government now says that it must, then bankers must be assured that they will be protected, and they will want to know something about the future of the dollars that they are to loan. The government is taking a wide variety of measures to assure the bankers and to show them that it is not taking the advantage to join the present plan. Most important is the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, which had several hundred millions of dollars to lend to banks for re-lending to industry. Jesse H. Jones, head of the corporation, said that he would let banks have this money at 3 per cent, and they could lend it to business at 4 per cent, on condition that the money was used for pay rolls, or to buy needed materials. This would give the banks 2 per cent margin.

Beginning January 1, the federal government by guaranteeing a specified proportion of all deposits will insure completely the banks and banks approximately 18 out of every 20 bank deposits in the country. The insurance will be automatic and will cover those deposits in the 5700 federal reserve member banks. Plans are now being laid to bring in the non-member banks and their deposits will be completely insured. The depositors with \$2500 or less will be completely insured. The depositors with \$2500 or less will be completely insured. The depositors with \$2500 or less will be completely insured.

A balanced ordinary budget is possible during this fiscal year, Secretary of the Treasury William H. Woodin predicted September 15. He explained that he was referring to the budget exclusive of emergency expenditures. "Government receipts are larger than expenditures this far in the fiscal year," he said. "This is possible. A surplus is a possibility. If the eleventh amendment is repealed, as seems possible, that also will add to the government's income." Total receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, according to Woodin, were \$4,000,000,000. Ordinary and emergency expenditures together, however, total \$3,223,345,000 and exceed the revenue collections by \$776,655,000, according to Treasury records.

The states spent nearly a billion dollars on highways last year, the surface 25,000 miles of road, and the Bureau of Public Roads reported September 15 that the aggregate expenditure for 1932 amounted to \$805,450,000, of which \$285,000,000 was expended for construction and maintenance of highways, interest on bonds and notes, and miscellaneous expenses. These items represent the capital investment and current expenses on account of state highways.

Maintenance of the state systems, which include 320,000 miles of highways, gave employment to about 130,000 to 140,000 men throughout the year, according to the bureau.

Duties of Parents "Riggers"

The safe operation of parachutes carried on aircraft is the personal responsibility of the pilot and the United States, and of those who are in the aircraft. Their main task is to pack a parachute which has been used for several weeks, examine the harness for breaks or weak places, make any minor repairs that are required, and re-pack the parachute in the manner prescribed by the manufacturer and re-insure it in the pack that parachutes are required to be repacked every 100 days if they are being carried on flights in aircraft.

Lincoln Refused Offer

Of Elephants From Siam

Herds of elephants might be roving about rural and arboreal America, had President Lincoln accepted an offer by the king of Siam, disclosed in a document found in the state department, observes the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The king is wanted to send a gift to America several pairs of elephants, which he thought would thrive and multiply, to provide the country with another species of game and a powerful beast of burden. History does not record Lincoln's answer, but it may be assumed to have been a polite negative. So another tribute to Lincoln's wisdom and foresight is in order, when one considers what the king would have offered to America would have been.

For instance, the farmer would be worse off if he had to feed a herd of hungry pachyderms. Hunting would be a heavy industry rather than a sport, leading hunters, light artillery, derricks and trucks. The circus industry would be severely handicapped were its present major attraction a common herd of jackrabbits. The architecture of barns, stockyards and stock pens would have to be of a different scale, to provide for the care of any traffic in elephants. Lincoln may have feared the plague of elephants would have meant, but he thanked it and therefor he refused the offer.

The question of a name for the island in the West Indies which comprises the Dominican Republic and the Republic of Haiti—and which, with Independence, and Haiti, has been settled by the United States geographers. The board approved the name, Hispaniola.

U. S. O. K.'s Hispaniola as

Haitian Republic's Name

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For three centuries after the discovery of the island by Columbus, the name Hispaniola was widely used. In recent years the island was known by a number of other names. Santo Domingo, from the city of that name, was the name of the Dominican Republic, frequently has been used to designate the island. On all but one national bank note, the name of the island is used in designating the entire island.

The United States has experienced during recent years the worst of a drought, and the weather is now showing signs of a change. There is little probability that 1933, the year of the drought, will be repeated. The weather is now showing signs of a change. There is little probability that 1933, the year of the drought, will be repeated.

Wild Horse Suspicious

Precaution Is In Order

In the summer time wild horses go to drink around two o'clock each morning. Within half a mile of the spring, or water hole, the horses are single file, with a selected leader, and go down one of their trails in a long line. The animals are usually, for a wild horse has inherited from his prehistoric ancestors the fear of man and a nervous habit of his drinking places. While drinking, some are always on guard. They never all drink at the same time.

To protect themselves from flies they often roll in the sand and let it dry on their bodies, but this is not generally practiced among them. When quenching his thirst the wild horse will take a few swallows of water, then fling up his head and look about him to see if anything is trying to creep up and spring on him. When done drinking, he usually spits, and dashes away like a thunderbolt.

Wild horses do not always go to the same spring to drink. This is sort of an innate precaution observed by many wild animals. Hare drunks they all drink from the same stream, or lie near the water-hole till about four in the afternoon when they may go to a nearby feeding ground, and do not drink again till noon of the next day—our dumb animals.

The Alpha-Particle

The atom-smashing bullet of the scientists, an alpha particle, when they are in a little bunch of four protons, often tightly together, is one. One alpha particle composed of the nucleus of an atom of helium being the light gas with which the bags of dirigible balloons are filled. The alpha particle, heavier atoms contain usually several alpha particles. The alpha particle was the first to be used in the annihilation for the cosmic artillery corps for a very simple reason—it is the heaviest of all the particles that can be used in the entire cosmic universe.

ODD THINGS AND NEW—By Lane Bode

FALLING TWO MILES PER MINUTE!

PARACHUTE JUMPERS FALLING WITHOUT OPENING THEIR PARACHUTES FOR LONG DISTANCES REACH A 120 MILE PER HOUR SPEED.

THE WORLD INCREASE—

EVERY MORNING THERE ARE 500 EXTRA HUMAN BEINGS ON EARTH. APPROXIMATELY 100,000 PERISH AND 150,000 ARE BORN DAILY.

CORONA SIZE—

DURING THE RECENT ECLIPSE ONE STRAIGHT LINE IN THE SUN'S CORONA EXTENDED FOR 2 1/2 TIMES THE SUN'S DIAMETER.

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McHenry

Maroon and White

Appears in Good

Form in Practice

Team Defeats Elgin B. Grid-

ders in Pre-Season

Game Friday

The long looked

for arrival of Old Man Football

was scheduled for Saturday afternoon

when the R. H. S. Bronchos face Mc-

Henry in a double-header at the

North side park. To be sure football

has been much in evidence lately,

with the Bronchos drilling daily and a

practice game played with Elgin last

week but this week-end marks the

official opening of an attractive fall

season of football. The above game

is a pre-season game, the first of a

series of games to be played at Gar-

den on September 20.

The big Bronchos will have an ad-

verse contest with the Elgin team

Eight years from last year they are

available in Woodstock, east; Wil-

liams, and Morris, and St. Charles;

Kalamazoo, east; Alton, east; Wil-

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150 Local People in Auxiliary Play to Give Home Here

Continued from page 1

action. The play is a story of a boy who is a member of the auxiliary. The play is a story of a boy who is a member of the auxiliary. The play is a story of a boy who is a member of the auxiliary.

You're Wearing a Smile.

No radio broadcast would be complete without featuring the Hill Billies in their old time mountain songs and ballads. Such characters as St. Simkins, the hill-billy who can cut down the old pine tree. A real old time square dance with a fiddle in the background. Those taking part in the square dance are James Wilson, Harry Wiedenbeck, Gordon Shurt, and Alfred Topik. The high spot of the Hill Billies number is the pantomime of an old time melodrama.

Founder of St. Matthew's Church Guest Speaker at Annual Mission Festival

St. Matthew Lutheran church of Barrington is making preparations to celebrate its annual mission festival Sunday, Sept. 24 at 8:00 a.m. at the church.

Devotees of Bowling Sport in Organization Meeting Thursday Night

The quiet that has prevailed around Hough and Station streets will soon be broken by the rumbling and crashing of bowling balls at the Barrington Bowling League meeting.

Local Brevities

Mrs. F. W. Homuth of Ganssner farm underwent a major operation at the Frances Willard hospital Monday evening.

At Elmhurst Wednesday and Thursday

Several other members of the Woman's Union of the St. Paul church attended the meeting also.

Elephant Makes Fun

The elephant is said to be the only animal that makes a real fool of himself.

Village Trustees Consider Turbine Pump for Old Well

The principle and advantages of the turbine pump were heard by the village trustees who are considering the purchase of the old well pump.

QUALITY GROCERIES
PHONE 224

LANDWER'S
A HOME STORE RUN BY HOME FOLKS
Big General Store

W.N. LANDWER, Manager
209 to 213 Park Ave.—210 to 216 Station St.
Open Week Days Until 6 P. M.
Wednesdays Open Until 9 P. M.
Saturdays Until 9:30 P. M.

RED ARROW AUCTION NEXT WEEK
FRIDAY, SEPT. 29 AT 3:15 P. M.

HELPFUL SERVICE
We Deliver 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.

IGA

Phillips 66

Quick Starting
Gravity From 65.6 to 80.5

HOME OWNED STORE

ROYAL BLUE STORES
BEST QUALITY ALWAYS

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Domino or C & H
Sugar 5 lbs. 27¢

ROYAL BLUE STORES
BEST QUALITY ALWAYS

Special Friday and Saturday Only!
THIS WEEK, SEPT. 22 & 23

Switt's of Armour's Fine Quality

Smoked Butts Boneless 23c
HAMS, Switt's Circle (S) Brand, Finest Quality, 1 to 6 lb. average, per lb. 11c

Oranges Calif. Valencia Large Size, Doz. 33c

HEAD LETTUCE, 2 for 19c
DRY ONIONS, 3 lbs. 10c

Baking Powder Calumet 25c
Coffee Maxwell House 27c
1-pound can for

Butter Sunlight or Brookfield 2 lbs. 47c

Ivory Flakes Lg. Pkg. 2 for 39c

IVORY SNOW, 2 pkgs. 27c

Chocolate Baker's Premium 1/2-lb. package 20c

PAID ADVERTISEMENT
NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To all holders of Serial Gold Notes of the First National Securities Company of Barrington, Illinois, secured by deed of mortgage dated November 26, 1929:

Classified Advertisements
They Bring Results
Telephone 1

Butter CREAMERY ROLL 2 lbs. 49c
COFFEE Chase & Sanborn 1-lb. Dated can 27c

Fully Guaranteed for Cakes, Pies, Bread or Pastry

FLOUR ROYAL BLUE 5-LB. BAG 23c 1/2-BBL. 94c

Meat Department Specials

PICNIC HAMS, Circle "S", lb. 40c
SHRIMP STEAK, lb. 15c
SUMMER SAUSAGE, Soft, lb. 18c

JONES DAIRY FARM SAUSAGE

Northwest Conference
Officers to Be Elected at Meet Here Wednesday

Special Friday and Saturday Only!
THIS WEEK, SEPT. 22 & 23

Switt's of Armour's Fine Quality

Smoked Butts Boneless 23c
HAMS, Switt's Circle (S) Brand, Finest Quality, 1 to 6 lb. average, per lb. 11c

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They Bring Results
Telephone 1

FOR RENT

FIVE ROOM LOWER apartment for rent with sun parlor and glazed porch. Modern. Available Oct. 1. 122 E. Madison street, Tel. Barrington 304. Elders Glusko.

FOR SALE

GRAPES for sale. Bring your own basket. \$1 a bushel. Bellefont Farm, Tel. Barrington 158-R-1.

Old Monk Specials SEPTEMBER 21st to 28th

SALAD DRESSINGS

1 Pt. Mayonnaise 35c
1 Pt. Luncheon 35c
1 1/2-oz. Russian Dressing 25c
1 1/2-oz. Tartare Sauce 25c
1 1/2-oz. French Dressing 22c
TOTAL \$1.50

70th Anniversary
Climax of St. Paul Church Sunday

RAINBOW BREAD

WHITE RYE WHOLE WHEAT
SWEETISH RYE PACKAGE SANDWICH BUNS

Dry Goods & Variety Specials

Ladies' Jersey Bloomers, each 50c
Ladies' Extra Size Jersey Bloomers, each 50c
Suits, Sanitary Napkins, 3 pkgs. 50c
Curtain Scrim White or Ecru, per yard 15c
Ladies' Rayon Hose, sizes 9 to 10 1/2, per pair 25c
Ladies' Stiff Sole Bedroom Slippers, sizes 4 to 8, per pair 69c
Men's Bear Brand Socks, medium weight, 2 pairs 35c

FOR SALE

WATER LILY BULBS for sale. Pink and white. Fine for rock gardens. Tel. Barrington 65-W.

FOR SALE

GRAPES for sale. Bring your own basket. \$1 a bushel. Bellefont Farm, Tel. Barrington 158-R-1.

FOR SALE

GRAPES for sale. Bring your own basket. \$1 a bushel. Bellefont Farm, Tel. Barrington 158-R-1.

RAINBOW BREAD

Whole Wheat
Swedish Rye - Rye - White
Package Sandwich Buns

It Will Pay You to See Our Inside Specials
We Deliver Phone 615 Not a Chain Store
WE GUARANTEE EVERYTHING WE SELL
Stubbins & Emerick

70th Anniversary
Climax of St. Paul Church Sunday